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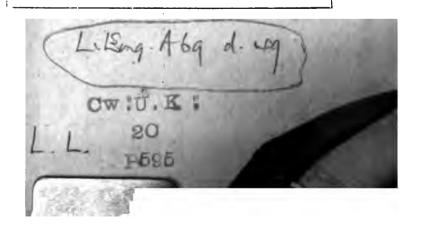
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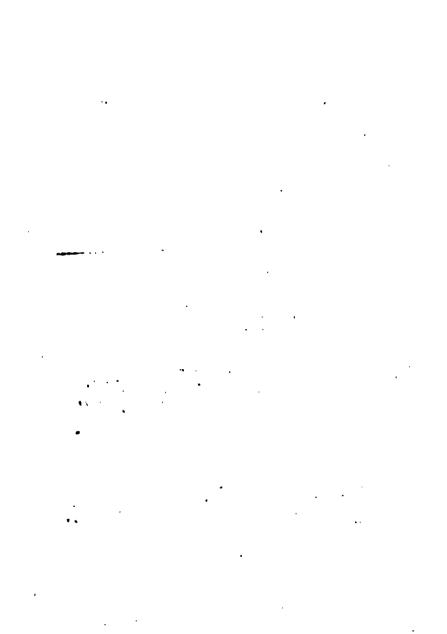
Statutes at Large,

FROM THE

Fifth to the Ninth Year of King George I.

BY

DANBY PICKERING, of GRAY'S INN, Efq.





THE

Statutes at Large,

FROM THE 9291

Fifth to the Ninth Year of King George I.

To which is prefixed,

A TABLE containing the TITLES of all the STATUTES during that Period.

VOL. XIV.

By DANBY PICKERING, of Gray's-Inn, Esq;
Reader of the Law Lecture to that Honourable Society.

CAMBRIDGE,

Printed by JOSEPH BENTHAM, Printer to the UNIVERSITY; for CHARLES BATHURST, at the Cross-Keys, opposite St. Dunstan's Church in Fleet-Street, London. 1765.

CUM PRIVILEGIO.



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Containing the Titles of all such Acts as are extant in print, from the Fifth to the Ninth Year of King GEORGE I.

Anno 5 Georgii I.

Cap. 1. POR granting to his Majesty an aid by a land-tax to be raised in Great Britain, for the service of the year 1719.

Cap. 2. For continuing the duties on malt, mum, cyder, and perry, for the service of the year 1719. and for enlarging the time for entring at the exchequer such assignments of reversionary annuities as are therein mentioned; and for better securing the duties on hides and

fkins, vellom, and parchment.

Cap. 3. For applying certain overplus monies, and further fums, to be raifed, as well by way of a lottery, as by loans, towards paying off and cancelling exchequer bills, and for leffening the prefent great charge in relation to those bills; and for circulating and exchanging for ready money the residue of the same bills for the future.

Cap. 4. For strengthening the protestant interest in these kingdoms.

Cap. 5. For punishing mutiny and desertion, and for the better payment of the army, and their quarters.

Cap. 6. For quieting and establishing corporations.

Cap. 7. For continuing an act made in the twelfth year of the reign of her late majesty Queen Anne, intituled, An act for encouraging the tobacco trade.

Cap. 8. For the more effectual relief of such wives and children, as are left by their husbands, and parents, upon the charge of the parish.

Yoz. XIV.

Cap. 9. For continuing certain duties upon coals and culm, and for establishing certain funds to raise money, as well to proceed in the building of new churches, as also to compleat the supply granted to his Majesty, and to reserve the overplus monies of the said duties for the disposition of parliament; and for more effectual suppressing private lotteries.

Cap. 10. For enlarging the time granted by two acts of parliament, for repairs of the piers of *Bridlington*, alias *Burlington*; and for making the faid acts more effectual.

Cap. 11. Against clandestine running of uncustomed goods; and for the more effectual preventing of frauds relating to the customs.

Cap. 12. For making more effectual the feveral acts past for repairing and amending the highways of this kingdom.

Cap. 13. For the amendment of writs of error; and for the further preventing the arresting or reversing of judgments after verdict.

Cap. 14. To continue the commissioners, appointed to examine, state and determine the debts due to the army; and to examine and state the demands of several foreign princes and states for subsidies during the late war.

Cap. 15. For making more effectual an act of the third and fourth years of the reign of King William and Queen Mary, intituled, An act for the more effectual discovery and punishment of deer-stealers.

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ferries in that part of Great Britain

called Scotland.

Cap. 31. For enlarging the time granted by an act of the ninth and tenth years of King William, for cleaning and making navigable the channel from the Hythe at Col-

ing the faid act more effectual.

Cap. 32. For relief of such sufferers of the islands of Nevis and St. Christopher's, as have settled in either of those islands, and made due proof of such settlement before the twenty sifth day of December 1712.

chester to Wivenhoe; and for mak-

Private Alls.

Anno 5 Georgii I.

- 1. An act for repairing the roads from the top of Stoken-Church hill to Enflow Bridge, and the road leading from Wheatley Bridge through the city of Oxon by Begbrooke, to New Woodflock in the county of Oxon (except the mile-way on each fide the city) and to disable all commissioners or trustees appointed for repairing of any highways or roads, to have any place of profit arising out of the toll for repairing such
- highways or roads.

 2. An act for repairing the roads from Beconsfield in the county of Bucks, to Stoken-Church in the county of Oxon.
- 3. An act to render more effectual the agreements that have been made between Thomas Holles duke of Newcastle, Henry Pelham, esq; Edward Lord Harley, and the lady Henrietta his wife, William Vane and Gilbert Vane, esquires, sons of Christopher Lord Bernard, or any of them, in relation to the will and estate of John late duke of Newcastle; and for settling the same in such manner as may be agreeable to the intent of the said agreements; and for other purposes therein mentioned.
- 4. An act to yest the see and inherit-

ance of the capital messuage called Halifax House in St. James's Square, in the parish of St. James, Westminser, and the castle and manor of Fotheringhay in the county of Northampton, in trustees, to be sold together with a term of five hundred years devised by William late lord marquis of Halifax to his executors, in trust, for the better performance of his will.

- G. An act for relief of Sir Nicholas Tempest, baronet, touching an estate demised to him by William late lord Widdrington and lady Jane his late wife, many years before the attainder of the said late lord Widdrington.
- An act to enable William Granvill, esq; to take upon him the surname of Glanvill, instead of his surname of Evelyn, pursuant to the will of William Glanvill, esq; deceased.
 An act to enable William Puliney,
- 7. An act to enable William Pultney, esq; and the persons in remainder after him, to make leases of the houses and ground therein mentioned, and to rectify some mistakes in two leases from King Charles the Second to Sir William Pulteney, and from King William the Third to John Pulteney, esq;
 8. An act for vesting certain lands
- 8. An act for vesting certain lands and tenements in the county of Somerset, the estate of Thomas fett, esq; in trustees, to be sold; and with the money arising thereby, to purchase other lands of the like value, to be settled to the same uses.
- 9. An act for vesting in John Porrett, gent. and his heirs, part of the estate of Thomas Davison, esq; at Stranton, Seaton, Carew and Thory Thewles in the county of Durham, freed from the uses and trusts of the said Thomas Davison's marriage settlement, and to settle other lands of better value to the same uses.
- 10. An act for fale of feveral manors, lands, tenements and hereditaments

of the right honourable Thomas' earl of Westmorland in the county of Kent, and with the monies arising by such sale to purchase other lands in or near the county of

Northampton, to be settled to the same uses.

11. An act for vesting an estate late of Francis Phelips, esq; in Barking in the county of Essex, in trustees, to be sold for the purposes therein

mentioned.

12. An act to enable Thomas Willoughby, esq; and the persons in remainder after him, to make a jointure.

13. An act to enable Catherine Paul, an infant, to transfer the trust therein mentioned, as if she were

of the age of one and twenty years.

14. An act for confirming an agreement between the mayor and commonalty and citizens of the city of London, governors of the possessions, revenues and goods of the hospitals of Edward King of England the Sixth, of Christ, Bridewell

and St. Thomas the Apostle, and the governors of the schools founded by Erasmus Smith, esq;

15. An act for sale of part of the estate of Robert Barnwell, esq; and for purchasing other lands to be settled

to the same uses, as the estate to be fold is settled.

16. An act for fale of the estate of Nathaniel Long late of London merchant, deceased, for payment of his debts, and for applying the residue according to the direction of his will.

in: An act to naturalize Peter Sejourne, Samuel Dufresnay, and Peter Lucas.

18. An act for naturalizing Lodowick Christian Sprogell.

19. An act for making the town and township of Sunderland a distinct parish from the parish of Bishap Wearmouth in the county of Durbam.

20. An act for vesting the manors of Askie, Catterton, and other lands in the county of York, and county of the city of York, part of the estate of Philip duke of Wharton, in trustees, to be sold or mortgaged for the purposes therein mentioned.

21. An act to enable the lords commissioners of the treasury, or lord high treasurer for the time being, to compound with Jasper Cullum for the debts he stands engaged for to the crown on account of Richard Lee, Thomas Corbin, Heneage Robinson and John Fox, for the

duties on tobacco.

22. An act to enable the lords commissioners of the treasury, or lord high treasurer for the time being, to compound with Robert IVemes for the debt due from him to his Majesty, in relation to the duties on salt.

23. An act to enable Robert Packer, esq; and Mary his wife, Winch-combe Howard Packer, (their son a minor) Henrietta Winchcombe, and Thomas Skerret, esq; and dame Elizabeth Winchcombe his wife, to enter their respective claims before the commissioners and trustees for determining claims upon the forseited estates, and to impower the said commissioners and trustees to hear and determine the said claims.

24. An act for the relief of Edward Clent, efq; executor of lieutenant colonel Thomas Clent, for an army debenture lost in the pay-office.

debenture lost in the pay-office.

25. An act to naturalize Peter Lamp de Hame, and Charlotte Whetstone.

Anno 6 Georgii I.

Cap. 1. For granting to his Majesty an aid by a land-tax to be raised in Great Britain, for the service of the year 1720.

Cap. 2. For continuing the duties on malt, mum, cyder and perry, for the fervice of the year 1720, and for enabling the lords commission-

ers of his Majesty's treasury to call in fuch exchequer-bills as are to be cancelled and discharged with money appointed for that purpose.

Cap. 3. For punishing mutiny and desertion, and for the better payment of the army and their quarters.

Cap. 4. For enabling the South-Sea company to increase their present capital stock and fund, by redeeming fuch publick debts and incumbrances as are therein mentioned; and for raising money to be applied for lessening several of the publick debts and incumbrances; and for calling in the present exchequerbills remaining uncancelled; and for making forth new bills in lieu thereof, to be circulated and exchanged upon demand at or near the exchequer.

Cap. 5. For the better fecuring the dependency of the kingdom of Ire-land upon the crown of Great Bri-

Cap. 6. For preventing the carriage of excessive loads of meal, malt, bricks and coals, within ten miles of the cities of London and Westminster.

Cap. 7. For laying a duty of two pennies Scots, or one fixth part of a penny sterling, upon every pint of ale or beer that shall be vended or fold within the town of Montrofe, and privileges thereof, supplying the said town with fresh water, and for other purposes therein mentioned.

Cap. 8. For laying a duty of two pennies Scots, or one fixth part of a penny sterling, upon every Scots pint of beer or ale vended or fold within the town of Bruntissand and liberties thereof, for increasing the publick revenue of the faid town, and for other purposes therein mentioned.

Cap. 9. For laying a duty of two pennies Scots, or one fixth part of a penny sterling, upon every Scots pint of beer and ale that shall be vended or fold within the town of Pittenweem and liberties thereof, for repairing the harbour there, and for maintaining other publick works of the faid town.

Cap. 10. For making forth new exchequer-bills, not exceeding one million, at a certain interest; and for lending the same to the South-Sea company at an higher interest, upon security of repaying the same and such high interest into the exchequer, for uses to which the fund for lessening the publick debts (called the finking fund) is applicable; and for circulating and exchanging upon demand the faid bills at or

near the exchequer.

Cap. 11. For laying a duty upon wrought plate; and for applying money arising for the clear produce (by sale of the forfeited estates) towards answering his Majesty's supply; and for taking off the drawbacks upon hops exported for Ireland; and for payment of annuities, to be purchased after the rate of four pounds per centum per an-num at the exchequer, redeemable by parliament; and for appropriating supplies granted in this seffion of parliament; and to prevent counterfeiting receipts and warrants of the officers of the South-Sea company; and for explaining a late act concerning foreign falt cellared and locked up before the four and twentieth day of June 1719; and to give a further time for paying duties on certain apprentices indentures; and for relief of Thomas Vernon, esq; in relation to a parcel of fenna imported in the year 1716.

Cap. 12. For preventing of frauds and abuses in the allowances on damaged wines, and for lengthening the time for the drawbacks on

the exportation of wines.

Cap **a** 3

Cap 13. For ascertaining the breadths, and preventing frauds and abuses in manufacturing serges, pladings and fingrums, and for regulating the manufactures of stockings, in that part of Great Britain called Scotland.

Cap. 14. For prohibiting the importation of raw filk and mohair yarn of the product or manufacture of Afia, from any ports or places in the Streights or Levant seas, except such ports and places as are within the dominions of the Grand Seignier.

Cap. 15. To repeal fo much of the act, intituled, An act for preventing frauds, and regulating abuses in his Majesty's customs, passed in the thirteenth and sourteenth years of King Charles the Second, as relates to the prohibiting the importation of deal-boards and fir-timber from Germany.

Cap. 16. To explain and amend an

act passed in the first year of his Majesty's reign, intituled, An act to encourage the planting of timbertrees, fruit-trees, and other trees, for ernament, shelter or profit, and for the better preservation of the same, and for the preventing the burning of swoods, and for the better preservation of the fences of such woods.

Cap. 17. For appointing commissioners to examine, state and determine the debts due to the army; and to examine and state demands of seyeral foreign princes and states for

fubfidies during the late war.

Cap. 18. For better fecuring certain powers and privileges intended to be granted by his Majeily by two charters, for affurance of ships and merchandizes at fea, and for lending money upon bottomry; and for restraining several extravagant and unwarrantable practices therein mentioned.

Cap. 19. For making perpetual for much of an act made in the tenth

year of the reign of Queen Anne, for the reviving and continuing several acts therein mentioned, as relates to the building and repairing county gaols; and also an act of the eleventh and twelfth years of the reign of King William the Third, for the more effectual suppression of piracy; and for making more effectual the act of the thirteenth year of the reign of King Charles the Second, intituled, An act for establishing articles and orders for the regulating and better government of his Majesty's ships of war and forces by sea.

forces by fea.

Cap. 20. For continuing the acts formerly made for repairing the highways in the county of Hertford therein mentioned, and for making the faid acts more effectual.

Cap. 21. For preventing frauds and abuses in the publick revenues of excise, customs, stamp-duties, post-office, and house-money.

Cap. 22. For relief of infolvent debtors, and for the more easy discharge of bankrupts out of execution, after their certificates allowed.

Cap. 23. For the further preventing robbery, burglary, and other felonies, and for the more effectual transportation of felons.

Cap. 24. For better explaining the nature of conveyances to be made to the purchasers of the forseited estates by the commissioners and trustees acting in Scotland; and for preventing difficulties in determining claims on the said estates; and to enable the judges in Ireland to examine witnesses relating to claims on forseited estates there; and for enabling such corporations as shall purchase any of the said estates, to grant annuities, not exceeding the yearly value of the said estates; and for relieving the widow and daughters of the late Sir Donald Macdonald.

Cap.

Cap. 25. For repairing the roads from Stevenidge in the county of Hertford, to Bigglefwade in the county of Bedford.

Cap. 26. For enlarging the term granted by an act in the fourth year of his Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for repairing the highway, leading from the Stones-End in Kentstreet to the Lime-Kilns in East-Greenwich near Black Heath, and to Lewisham church, being the Tunbridge road in the county of Kent; and for repairing and amending the highways and roads leading from Westminster ferry in the parish of Lambeth in the county of Surrey, to New-Cross in the parish of Dept-ford in the county of Kent; and for enlarging the term granted by act passed in the fourth year of his Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for amending the roads from the city of London to the town of East-Grinstead in the county of Sussex, and to Sutton and Kingston in the county of Surrey; and for explaining and amending the same act.

Cap. 27. For making the river Darwent in the county of Derby navigable.

Cap. 28. For making the river Douglas, alias Asland, navigable from the river Ribble to Wigan in the county palatine of Lancaster.

Cap. 29. For preserving and improv-

Cap. 29. For preferving and improving the navigation of the river Oufe in the county of Huntingdon.

Cap. 30. For making the river Idle navigable, from East-Retford in the county of Nattingham, to Bawtry-Wharf in the county of York.

Private Atts.

Anno 6 Georgii I.

the manors of Orton and affuring the manors of Orton and Bottle-Bridge, and other premisses in the county of Huntingdon, to the several uses mentioned in the will of Marguret late duches of Newcastle,

and for other purposes therein mentioned.

2. An act for vesting part of the estate of Thomas earl of Hadinton, in trustees, to be sold, and with the monies arising thereby, to purchase other lands of the like value to be settled to the same uses.

3. An act to enable Anne Walker, alias Baughs, a minor, the wife of Thomas Folliot Walker, gent. to fell and convey unto the right honourable William Conolly, efq; and his heirs, her share and proportion of several manors, lands, tenements and hereditaments in the kingdom of Ircland, devised to her by the last will of Thomas late Lord Folliot, deceased; and for other purposes therein mentioned.

4. An act for confirming a partition made between the right honourable George lord Carbery, baron of Carbery in the kingdom of Ireland, and Henry O-Brien, esq; of certain manors, lands and hereditaments in the several counties of Northampton and Rutland.

5. An act for inclosing the common, commonly called Baltonfbury common, in the parishes of Baltonfbury and Bradley in the county of Somerset.

6. An act to enable Thomas Dove, equator raise two thousand pounds upon his estate at Upton, Sutton, Aylestworth and Castor, and to make sale of his estate at Heathencoate in the county of Northampton, for discharging incumbrances upon the said estates, raising of portions for his brother and sister, and payment of his father's and his own debts.

7. An act for inclosing the heath or common, commonly called Grat-wood Heath in the parish of Eccle-shall in the county of Stafford.

8. An act to enable the leffees and farmers of Daniel Whithy, doctor in divinity, and prebendary of the prebend.

prebend of Teington Regis, in the cathedral church of the bleffed lady Mary the virgin, of Sarum, and of all succeeding prebendaries of the said prebend for the time being,

to make leases of the copyhold lands of the several manors of Preston, alias Prestown, and Churchland, alias the Parson's Land, in the county of Devon.

o. An act for making the townships of Shipston and Tidmington a distinct parish from the parish of Tredington in the county and diocese of Worcester, and for dividing the rectory of the said parish of Treding-

ton into three parts.

10. An act for supplying the defects in, and better performance of the

will of Edmund Dunch, esq; deceased.

11. An act for discharging certain estates in the counties of Lincoln and Warwick, of and from the

uses and limitations contained in the marriage-settlement of Sir William Keyte, baronet, and settling other lands in the county of Glou-

other lands in the county of Gloucefler, of greater value to the same uses.

Sir John Hales and Sir Christopher Hales, baronets, deceased, in trustees, to be sold, for raising money for the paying and discharging the

for the paying and discharging the debts and incumbrances charged thereupon, and affecting the same, and for other purposes therein mentioned.

.x3. An act for falc of part of the estate of Sir John Chichester, baronet, for the purposes therein mentioned

for the purposes therein mentioned.

14. An act to enable Elizabeth Gomeldon, widow, and her trustees, to
enter their respective claims before

meldon, widow, and her trustees, to enter their respective claims before the commissioners and trustees of the forfeited estates, and to impower the said commissioners and trustees to hear and determine the same.

rick, an infant, to perform certain articles of agreement entered into by Anne his mother, fince deceased, to whom he is heir.

16. An act to enable trustees to sell part of the estate of John Sundford, esq; deceased, for the payment of his debts and legacies, and for other purposes therein mentioned.

17. An act for fale of the estate of William Pembroke, late of Ports-mouth-Dock, deceased, situate at North-Mims in the county of Hertford, for the purposes therein men-

tioned.

18. An act for vesting the estate of John Pendarves, late of Roserow in the county of Cornwall, esq; deceased, in new trustees, to and for the same uses, intents and purposes, as are mentioned in his will.

19. An act to enable John Rosier, esq; and his issue, to change their surnames from Rosier to Reynolds.
20. An act for the naturalization of

20. An act for the naturalization of Mary Sophia Charlotte, viscounters Howe, wife of Scroop lord viscount Howe of the kingdom of Ireland.
21. An act for naturalizing Gerard Van Neck.

22. An act for naturalizing Bennet Erasmus Hopser.
23. An act for naturalizing John Backer and George Kruger.

24. An act for naturalizing Samuel Gampert.

25. Act for naturalizing Cornelius

Probability of House de Porten

Backer and Henry de Putter.

26. An act for naturalizing Francis
Van Hemert, John Van Hemert,
Frederick Morgan, and Henry Nicholas Sander.

27. An act for naturalizing John Henry Grutzman.
28. An act for vesting the estate late

of Gilbert Nicholletts, esq; deceased, in trustees for payment of his debts and sisters portions, and for making a provision for his widow and child.

29. An

29. An act for annexing the late duke of Shrewsbury's estate to the earldom of Shrewsbury, and confirming Gilbert earl of Shrewfbury's fettlement in order thereto, and for

other purposes therein mentioned. 30. An act for exchanging of several small parcels of land in the parish and manor of Fulham, belonging to the bishoprick of London, for other

lands of greater value, to Charles earl of Peterborough and Monmouth, and his heirs.

31. An act to enable any corporations within the university of Cambridge, or any other persons, to sell and convey any messuages and ground to the said university, for enlarg-

ing their publick library.
32. An act for rebuilding the parish church of Saint Martin in the Fields in the city of Westminster, at the charge of the inhabitants of the said

parish.

33. An act for fale of part of the e-ftate of fir Coppleston Warwick Bampfylde, baronet, and for fettling ano-

ther citate of greater value to the same uses.

34. An act to enable fir James Lum-ley, baronet, to settle a competent jointure, and for other purpoles

therein mentioned. 35. An act for naturalizing Philip Germain and George Hollmans.

36. An act for naturalizing George Angell.

Anno 7 Georgii I.

Cap. 1. For restraining the sub-governor, deputy-governor, directors, treasurer or cashier, deputy-cashier, and accountant of the South-Sea company, from going out of this kingdom for the space of one year, and until the end of the then next fession of parliament; and for discovering their estates and effects; and for preventing the transporting or alienating the same.

Cap, 2. To disable the present sub-

deputy-governor and governor, directors of the South-Sea company, at, from and after the respective times for electing a fub-governor, deputy-governor and new directors of the faid company, to take, hold or enjoy any office, place or employment in the faid company, or in the East-India company, or bank of England, and from voting upon elections in the faid company.

Cap. 3. For repealing an act made in the ninth year of the reign of her late majesty Queen Anne, intituled, An act to oblige ships coming from places infected, more effectually to perform their quarentine; and for pre-venting the plague being brought from foreign parts into Great Bri-tain or Ireland, or the isles of Guernfey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark or Man; and to hinder the spreading of infection.

Cap. 4. For granting an aid to his Majesty by a land-tax to be raised in Great Britain, for the service of

the year 1721.

Cap. 5. To enable the South-Sea company to ingraft part of their capital stock and fund, into the stock and fund of the bank of England, and another part thereof into the stock and fund of the East-India company; and for giving further time for payments to be made by the faid South-Sea company, to the use of the publick.

Cap 6. For punishing mutiny and desertion, and for the better pay-

ment of the army and their quarters. Cap. 7. To preferve and encourage the woollen and filk manufactures of this kingdom; and for more effectual employing the poor, by prohibiting the use and wear of all printed, painted, stained or died callicoes, in apparel, housholdstuff, furniture or otherwise, after the twenty fifth day of December 1722. (except as therein is excepted.)

Cap. 8. For enlarging the time for making

making the river Kennet navigable from Reading to Newbury in the county of Berks.

Cap. 9. For the better preservation of the harbour of Rys in the county of Sussex.

Cap. 10. For making the river Weaver navigable from Fredsham-Bridge to Winsford-Bridge in the county of Chester.

Cap. 11. For finishing and adorning the new chapel, called Saint George's chapel, in Great Yarmouth in the county of Norfolk, and for enlightening the streets of the said town, by a duty or imposition on coals, culm and cinders, to be landed and consumed there.

Cap. 12. For imploying the manufacturers, and incouraging the confumption of raw filk and mohair yarn, by prohibiting the wearing of buttons and button-holes made

of cloth, ferge, or other stuffs.

Cap. 13. For regulating the journeymen taylors within the weekly bills of mortality.

Cap. 14. For continuing the duties granted by several acts made in the fixth and tenth years of her late Majesty's reign for repairing the harbour and key of Watchett, in the county of Somerset.

Cap. 15. Formaking the rivers Mercy and Irwell navigable from Liverpeole to Manchester, in the county palatine of Lancaster.

Cap. 16. For the better preserving and keeping in repair the piers of the town and port of Whithy in the county of York, and for explaining and making more effectual the several acts passed for lengthening and repairing the piers of Bridlington, alias Burlington, in the said

county.

Cap. 17. For making navigable the river Dane, from Northwich, where it joins the river Weaver, to the falling in of Wheeleck-Brook; and

Wheelock-Brook up to Wheelock-Bridge in the county of Chefter.

Cap. 18. For enlarging the term granted by an act passed in the tenth year of the reign of her late majesty Queen Anne, intituled, An act for repairing the road from Highgate Gate-house in the county of Middlesex, to Barnet Blockhouse in the county of Hertford; and for repairing the road leading from the Bear-Inn in Hadley to the sign of the Angel in Ensield chase in the said county of Middlesex.

Cap. 19. For continuing an act made in the fixth year of the reign of her late majesty Queen Anne, intituled, An act for repairing and enlarging the highways between the top of Kings-down-Hill and the city of Bath; and also several highways leading to and through the said city; and for cleansing, paving and lightning the streets, and regulating the chairmen there; and for explaining and making the said act more effectual.

Cap. 20. For continuing the duties on malt, mum, cyder and perry, to raise money by way of a lottery, for the service of the year 1721, and for transferring the deficiency of a late malt-act to the land-tax for the faid year; and for disposing certain overplus money to proper objects of charity; and for giving further time to clerks and apprentices to pay duties omitted to be paid for their indentures and contracts; and touching small quantities of cyder exported; and for relief of captain John Perry, concerning Dagenham Breach; and touching lost bills, tickets or orders; and concerning the duty of small pieces of plate; and to enable the undertakers for raising Thames water in York-Buildings, to fell annuities by way of a lottery; and for fatisfying a debt, which was charged on the late duty on hops; and for appropriating

priating the monies granted in this festion of parliament.

Cap. 21. For the further preventing his Majesty's subjects from trading to the East-Indies under foreign commissions; and for encouraging and further securing the lawful trade thereto; and for further regulating the pilots of Dover, Deal and the isse of Thanet.

Cap. 22. For enabling Charles earl of Arran to purchase the forseited effate of James Butler, late duke of Ormonde; and for granting relief to William late lord Widdrington; and for enlarging the time for determining claims upon the forseited estates; and for enabling the commissioners for the said forseited estates to certify into the exchequer, all such estates as they have sound to be given to popish or superstitious uses.

Cap. 23. For repairing the feveral roads leading from the town of Ledbury in the county of Hereford, to the several places therein mentioned,

Cap. 24. For repairing the road from Wendover to the town of Bucking-bam in the county of Bucks.

Cap. 25. For laying a duty of two pennies Scots, or one fixth part of a penny sterling, upon every Scots pint of ale or beer that shall be brewed for sale, vended or tapped within the town of Sedburgh, and privileges thereof, for paying the publick debts of the said town, and for supplying the same with fresh water, and for other purposes therein mentioned.

Cap. 26. For repairing the road from Saint Giles's Pound to Kilbourne-Bridge, in the county of Middlesex.

Bridge, in the county of Middle fex. Cap. 27. For raising a sum not exceeding five hundred thousand pounds, by charging annuities at the rate of five pounds per centum per annum upon the civil list revenues, till redeemed by the crown; and for enabling his Majesty, his

heirs or fuccessors, (by causing such a deduction to be made as therein is mentioned) to make good to the civil list the payments which shall have been made upon the said annuities; and for borrowing money upon certain lottery-tickets; and for discharging the corporations for assurances of part of the money which they were obliged to pay to his Majesty; and for making good a desciency to the East-India company.

Cap. 28. For raising money upon the estates of the late sub-governor, deputy-governor, directors, cashier, deputy-cashier and accountant of the South-Sea company, and of John Aislabie esq; and likewise of James Craggs senior esq; deceased, towards making good the great loss and damage lultained by the faid company; and for disabling such of the faid persons as are living, to hold any office or place of trust under the crown, or to fit or vote in parliament for the future; and for other purposes in the faid act expressed. Cap. 29. For the King's most graci-

ous, general and free pardon.

Cap. 30. For appointing commissioners to examine, state, and determine the debts due to the army.

Cap. 31. For explaining and making more effectual the feveral acts concerning bankrunts.

cerning bankrupts.

Cap. 32. To explain and amend the act of the twelfth year of her late Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for repairing the highway or read from the stones-ind in the parish of St. Leonard Shoreditch in the county of Middlesex, to the furthermost part of the northern road in the parish of Ensield in the same county, next to the parish of Cheshunt in the county of Hertford.

Private Alis.

Anno 7 Georgii I.

1. An act for naturalizing John Robethon, and George Robethon his fon.

2. An

- An act to naturalize Joachim Peterssen, Henry Muilman, Benedict Coep, and John Henry Ott.
 An act to enclose the common
- 3. An act to enclose the common field of Lightherne, and a common called Lightherne-Heath, in the
- county of Warwick.

 4. An act for draining, improving, and inclosing the common called
- Stokesby-Common in the parish of Stokesby in the county of Norfolk.

 5. An act to enable the right honourable Heneage earl of Aylessord, to sell certain estates of leasehold and inheritance in the county of Kent,
 - comprized in his marriage-settlement; and to purchase another estate in the county of Leicester of
- better value, to be lettled to the same uses.

 6. An act for the naturalization of
- Isabella countes of Denbigh, wife of William earl of Denbigh.
 7. An act for naturalizing John Hart-
- s. An act for naturalizing Gilbert de Flines, Christian Friederick Zincke,
- Flines, Christian Friederick Zincke, and others.

 9. An act to enable the right honourable Thomas lord Parker, Baron of Macelessield, lord high chancellor of
- Great Britain, John Sutton clerk, Edward Ayres and Sarah his wife, and Matthew Hawes and Sarah his wife, for and on the behalf of themfelves, and of their infant children, to make several exchanges of lands
- and tenements, and to perform feveral agreements touching the fame.

 10. An act to vest the see and inheritance of divers messivages, lands, and hereditaments of William late
 - and hereditaments of William late marquis of Hailifax in trustees, to be fold together with a term of five hundred years by him devised to his

executors in trust, for the better

performance of his will.

11. An act for fettling the estates of Richard late earl Rivers deceased, pursuant to an agreement made between Frederick earl of Richford and

- Beffy counters of Rochford his wife, James Barry earl of Barrymore in the kingdom of Ireland, and lady Penelope Barry his daughter, and John now earl Rivers, subject to the payment of the debts and le-
- remaining unpaid; and for other purposes in the said act mentioned. 12. An act for sale of part of the e-

gacies of the faid late earl Rivers,

- ftate of the right honourable Rebert lord Remney in the county of Nerfelk, and for fettling other lands, of greater value in the county of Kent.
- greater value in the county of Kent, already purchased, to the same uses.

 13. An act to enable any corporations within the university of Oxford, or any other persons, to sell and con-
- in the said university, for building a library, pursuant to the will of John Radcliffe, doctor in physick; and for impowering any collèges in the said university, to sell or convey any ground or houses to each other, for the purposes therein men-

veyany messuages and ground with-

- tioned.

 14. An act to vest the estate of sir Charles Carteret, bart. deceased, in trustees, for payment of his debts, and for settling the remainder to the
- trustees, for payment of his debts, and for settling the remainder to the same uses in his will.

 15. An act to enable his Majesty to grant the inheritance of certain e-
- states therein mentioned, held by lease from the crown, which have been long in the family of sir William Pultency deceased, in which more than one hundred years are yet to come, to trustees, upon a full consideration to be paid for the same, as shall be valued by proper officers of the crown, to the end the same, may be settled according to the uses directed in the will of the said sir William Pul-
- teney.

 16. An act for vesting in trustees a moiety of divers manors and lands in Essex, belonging to Thomas Paget esq; and Mary his wife, to enable

them to convey the same according to articles for sale thereof.

17. An act to enable Herbert Perrot Packington eq; only fon of fir John Packington baronet, to acknowledge fines, and suffer recoveries, while he is under the age of one and twenty years

ty years.

18. An act for vesting certain lands and tenements in the county of Gloucester, the estate of Henry Harrington gent. in trustees, to be sold, and with the money arising thereby to purchase other lands of greater yearly value, to be settled to the same uses as the estate to be sold is settled, and for other purposes therein mentioned.

19. An act to enable Harry Bridges esq; to sell the manors of Ilebrewers in the county of Samerset, for payment of his daughter's portion, and legacies charged thereupon.

20. An act for discharging certain eftates in the counties of Norfolk and Suffolk, of and from the uses and limitations contained in the marriage-settlement of Thomas de Grey esq; and for settling other estates in

the said counties to the same uses.

21. An act to enable James Clavering junior, esq, to make sale of his estate at Tanfield in the county of Durham, freed from the uses and trusts in the said James Clavering's, marriage-settlement, and to settle his estate at Hall-Hill in the said

county, to the same uses.

22. An act for vesting the manors of Burnells, alias Risson, and certain lands in Norfolk, part of the estate of Jonas Rolfe, gent. and Lucy his wife, in trustees, to be sold for discharging the incumbrances thereon, and for other purposes therein mentioned.

23. An act to enable Robert Paynter eqq; to fell the manors of Tuydal and East-Court in the county of Kent; and to settle other lands of greater value to the same or the like uses. 24. An act for fale of the estate of John, late earl of Kildare deceased, in the county of Limerick within the kingdom of Ireland, for payment of the charges and incumbrances thereon, and for other purposes therein mentioned.

25. An act for discharging part of the estate of Richard Cambridge esq; in the county of Gloucester, from the uses and limitations contained in his marriage-settlement; and for settling another estate in the same county of better value, to the same uses.

26. An act for inclosing the heath or common called Broad-Heath, in the parishes of Ellen-Hall, Seighford and Ronton, in the county of Stafford.

27. An act for naturalizing James Masse and Jacob Stolk.

28. An act for naturalizing John de Neusuille.

29. An act for confirming the manor of Latham, and divers lands in the county of Lancaster, to Richard Waring, Bryan Fairfax and Thomas Assurs else else to the trusts to which the same are now liable, and discharged of a certain clause in letters patents of King Charles the first, for reconveying the reversion in secto the crown.

30. An act for vesting part of the estate late of Anthony Lechmere esq; deceased, in trustees, to be sold for payment of his debts.

31. An act for sale of the estate of the manor of Radwell, and other the estate of Robert Bell esq; and Richard Bell his son, in Radwel and Norton in the county of Hertford; and for purchasing other lands to be settled to the same uses.

32. An act for sale of the estate late of Richard Gwyn gent. in the county of Brecon, for payment of debts, and for the settling an estate in the county of Carmarthen, to certain purposes therein mentioned.

33. An act for sale of part of the e-

state of Edward Nedham, gent. in the county of Leacester, for payment of debts charged thereupon; and for other purposes therein mentioned.

34. An act for naturalizing John Frederick Jales.

Anno 7 Georgii I. Seff. 2.

For making several provisions to reftore the publick credit, which suffers by the frauds and mismanagements of the late directors of the South-Sea company, and others.

Private Att.

An act for naturalizing James Loftan.

Anno 8 Georgii I.

Cap. 1. For granting an aid to his Majesty by a land-tax to be raised in Great Britain, for the service of the year 1722.

Cap. 2. For continuing the duties on

male, mum, cyder and perry, to raise money by way of a lottery, for the service of the year 1722, and for transferring the desiciencies of a late male-act to the land-tax for the said year, and for giving time for inserting the money given with apprentices in their indentures, and touching. Iost bills, tickets or orders; and for exchanging the tickets in the exchequer for certificates; and for suppressing lotteries, denominated sales, and other private lotteries; and for enlarging the time for the accountant general of the bank of England, to return duplicates of annuities into the exchequer.

Cap. 3. For punishing mutiny and defertion, and for the better payment of the army and their quarters.

Cap. 4. For taking off the duty upon all falt used in the curing of red herrings and laying a proporti-

herrings and laying a proportionable duty upon all red herrings confumed at home only; and for afcertaining the customs and excise payable for the sugar-houses in Scotland; and for making an allowance for falt loft in any harbour or river of this realm; and for the better fecuring the duties on falt delivered in Scotland.

Cap. 5. To explain and amend the act passed in the third year of his present Majesty's reign, for repairing the highway from several places therein mentioned, leading towards Highgate Gate-House and Hampsead, in the county of Middlesex.

Cap. 6. For granting the people cal-

led Quakers, such forms of affirmation or declaration, as may remove the difficulties which many of them lie under.

Cap. 7. For laying a duty of two pennies Scots, or one fixth part of a penny sterling, upon every Scots pint of ale or beer that shall be brewed for sale, vended, or tapped within the town of Elgins, and privileges thereof, for paying the publick debts of the said town, and for other the purposes therein mentioned.

Cap. 8. To enable his Majesty effectually to prohibit commerce (for the space of one year) with any country that is or shall be insected with the plague; and for shortning the continuance of an act passed in the seventh year of his Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for repealing an act made in the ninth year of her late majesty Queen Anne, intituled, An act to oblige ships coming from places infested, more effectually to perform their quarentine; and for the better preventing the plague being brought from foreign parts into Great Britain or Ireland, or isles of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark or Man; and to hinder the spreading of infection.

Cap. 9. For continuing an act passed in the tenth year of the reign of her late Majesty, intituled, An act for repairing the highway between a certain place called Kilburn-Bridge, in

the county of Middlesex, and Sparrows-Herne in the county of Hertford; and for making the said act more effectual.

Cap. 10. For repealing such clauses in the act passed in the seventh year of his Majesty's reign (relating to quarentine and the plague) as give power to remove persons from their habitations, or to make lines about

places infected. Cap. 11. For restoring and rebuilding the haven and piers of Bridpert, in the county of Derfet; and for ma-

king a fluice there.

Cap. 12. Giving further encouragement for the importation of naval stores; and for other purposes therein mentioned.

Cap. 13. Fortheamending the highways leading from Brampton-Bridge, near Church-Brampton, in the county of Northampton, through the parish of Thernby, to a bridge called Welford-Bridge, in the parish of Welford in the said county; and also the great post-road from a place called Mer-ter-Pit-Hill, in the parish of Pisford in the faid county, through the towns and parishes of Brixworth, Lampert, Maidwell, Kelmarfb, and Oxenden Magna, to a bridge called Chain-Bridge, leading into Market-Harberough in the county of Leicester.

Cap. 14. For making the river Eden navigable to Bank-End in the county of Cumberland.

. 15. For encouragement of the Cap filk manufactures of this kingdom; and for taking off several duties on merchandizes exported; and for reducing the duties upon beaver skins, pepper, mace, cloves, and nutmegs imported; and for the importation of all furs of the product of the Bridom only; and that the two corporations of affurance, on any fuits brought on their policies, shall be liable only to fingle damages and costs of fuit.

Cap. 16. For taking off the duty upon all falt used in the curing and making of white herrings, and instead thereof laying a proportionable duty upon all white herrings confumed at home only; and for making an allowance for tobacco exported from Scotland, in the time therein mentioned; and for giving farther relief to the refiners of rockfalt.

Cap. 17. For more equal paying and better collecting certain small sums therein mentioned, for relief of ship wrecked mariners, and distressed persons (his Majesty's subjects) in the kingdom of Portugal; and for other pious and charitable purpoles usually contributed to by the mer-

chants trading to Portugal.

Cap. 18. To prevent the clandestine running of goods, and the danger of infection thereby; and to pre-vent ships breaking their quaren-tine; and to subject copper ore, of the production of the British plantations, to such regulations, as other enumerated commodities of the like production are subject. Cap. 19. For the better recovery of

the penalties inflicted upon persons

who destroy the game.

Cap. 20. For paying off and cancel-ling one million of exchequer-bills, and to give ease to the South-Sea company, in respect of its present obligation to circulate or contribute towards circulating exchequer-bills; and to give further time to that company for repayment of one million, which was lent to them; and for iffuing a further fum in new exchequer-bills, towards his Majefty's fupply, to be discharged and cancelled, when the said company shall repay the million, owing by them; and that the exchequer-bills, which are to continue, may be circulated at easy and moderate rates

and for appropriating the supplies granted to his Majesty in this session of parliament; and for relief of the fufferers at Nevis and Saint Chriftophers, by an invasion of the French in the late war, and for laying a further duty on apples imported; and for ascertaining the duties on pictures imported.

Cap. 21. To enable the South-Sca company to dispose of the effects in their hands by way of lottery or subscription, or to sell part of their fund or annuity payable at the exchequer, in order to pay the debts of the faid company; and for relief of such, who were intended to have the benefit of a late act touching payment of ten per centum therein mentioned.

Cap. 22. To prevent the mischiefs by forging powers to transfer such stocks, or to receive such annuities or dividends as are therein mentioned, or by fraudulently personating the true owners thereof; and to rectify the mistakes of the late managers for taking subscriptions for increasing the capital stock of the South-Sea company, and in the inftruments founded thereupon.

Cap. 23. For prolonging the times for hearing and determining claims before the trustees, in whom the estates of the late South-Sea directors, and of John Aislabie esq; and likewise of Tames Craggs esq; deceased, are veited; and for other purposes therein mentioned.

Cap. 24. For the more effectual sup-

pressing of piracy.

Cap. 25. For supplying some desects in the statute of the twenty third of King Henry the eighth, intituled, An act for obligations to be taken by two chief justices, the mayor of the staple, and the recorder of London; and for letting down the time of figning judgments in the principa-lity of Wales, and counties palatine. Cap. 26. For better supplying the city and liberties of Westminster, and

parts adjacent, with water. Cap. 27. For the better preventing abules committed in weighing and packing of butter in the city of York. Cap. 28. For supplying the records

of the commissary court of Aber-deen, burnt or lost in the late fire there.

Cap. 29. For preventing delays in the execution of the trust reposed in the governors of the hospital of King James, founded in the Charter-House, at the charges of Thomas Sutton esq; for the benefit of the said hospital

Cap. 30. For repairing the highways from the stones-end at Whitechapel church, in the county of Middlesex, to Shenfield, and to the furthermost part of the parish of Woodford, leading to the town of Epping in the

county of Esfex.

Cap. 31. To vest the ground, wharf and key, called Wool-Key, in the parish of All Saints Barking, in the city of London, with the buildings and warehouses thereupon, in trustees for his Majesty, his heirs and successors for ever, subject to an agreement made on his Majesty's behalf, with the wardens and assistants of the free-school in Seveneake, in the county of Kent.

Private Acts.

Anno 8 Georgii I.

1. An act for naturalizing Detelef Von de Thienen, and Melusine baroness of Schoulenburgh.

2. An act for naturalizing Jeanne Coltee du Carel, and others

An act for naturalizing Auguste Tebuteau, Joseph Murat, and others. 4. An act to vest two fourth parts of

a fee-farm rent of eighty two pounds eight shillings and two pence, iffuing out of the manor of Kingfwood in the county of Wilts (of which two fourth parts the lord viscount Harcourt is feifed in fee) in truftees,

to the like uses as a messuage and lands called Johnson's Farm, in the parishes of Stanton Harcourt and Southley, or one of them, in the county of Oxen, were devised by dame Elizabeth Harcourt, widow, deceased, and in lieu thereof for vesting the said premisses, called Johnson's Farm, in the said lord viscount Harcourt and his heirs.

5. An act to enable the mayor, burgeffes, and commonalty of the city of *Briffol*, to build an exchange there for the conveniency of the merchants and traders of that city.

6. An act for sale of part of sir John Wentworth's estate, towards raising part of the sum of ten thousand pounds for the purposes therein mentioned.

7. An act for vesting part of the estate of sir Ralph Milbanke, bart, in trustees, to be sold for performing his father's will, and an agreement made with his brother and sisters.

8. An act for uniting and consolidating the parish-churches of Stypud, alias Steeple, and Tyneham within the isle of Purbeck, in the county of Dorset.

9. An act to enable Elizabeth and Margaret Newton, infants, during their minority (with confent of truflees) to grant and fill up leases of part of the estate late of John Newton esg: their father, deceased.

ton esq; their father, deceased.

10. An act for vesting the estate late of James Price of Pilleth, in the county of Radner, esq; deceased in trustees, to be sold for payment of several portions, and legacies charged thereon.

11. An act to impower the commissioners and trustees for the forseited estates, to give such relief to Hugh Wallace of Inglestoun, esq; and Hugh Wallace his son, in relation to their part in an heritable bond and Vol. XIV.

enfeoffment upon the estate of James late earl of Linlithgow, attainted of high treason, as they have given to other claimants upon the said bond.

12. An act for naturalizing Samuel Palmer.

13. An act for naturalizing Lucas, Steinman, Paul Kruger, and Henry Boon.

 An act for naturalizing Christopher Schele.

15. An act to explain and amend an act made in the second year of the reign of her late majesty Queen Anne, intituled, An act for sale of part of the estate of Henry lord viscount Dillon, in the kingdom of Ireland, and for settling an equivalent in other part of his estate on the viscountess his wise, for her jointure; and to make a provision for Bridget viscountess Dillon, wife of Richard, now lord viscount Dillon.

 An act for inclosing Glassoury commons, in the county of Sqmerset.

17. An act for vesting in trustees the reversion, freehold and inheritance of part of the estate late of sir William Davie bart. deceased, (expectant on a term of sive hundred years) to be sold for payment of his daughters portions, and legacies.

18. An act to enable his Majesty to make such provisions, as is therein mentioned, for the children of fames Macdonald deceased, out of the estate of the late sir Donald Macdonald, their uncle, which was forseited to his Majesty for high treason.

19. An act for naturalizing Agatha Drummond.

20. An act for naturalizing James Girardot, and Paul Amfink.

21. An act to naturalize John Blydefleyn.

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TATUTES at Large, &c.

Inno Regni GEORGII I. Regis Magnæ Britanniæ, Franciæ & Hiberniæ, quinto.

T the parliament begun and bolden at Westminster the seventeenth day of March, Anno comini one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, the first year of the reign of our sovereign Lord corge, by the grace of God, of Great Britain, rance, and Ireland, King, defender of the faith, c. and from thence continued by several prorogations the eleventh day of November, one thousand seven andred and eighteen, being the fourth session of this resent parliament.

CAP. I.

'n act for granting to bis Majesty an aid by a land tax to be raised in Great Britain, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and nineteen.

XXIII. A ND whereas the sum of one hundred thirty nine How the defithousand nine hundred sifty eight pounds six shillings ciency of
ut two pence, was paid by the treasurer of his Majesty's navy to the 110,3121. 17 %.
outh Sea company, out of money provided for the service of his 4d. 3q. sor
lajesty's navy for the year one thousand seven hundred and eighteen, to the treasury
unds of six hundred and eight thousand pounds per annum, payable shall be made
the said company, or the arrearages thereof, until the twenty-good.

urth day of June one thousand seven hundred and eighteen inclusive: and whereas a sum not exceeding twenty nine thousand six hunred forty sive pounds eight shillings and nine pence farthing, by an att
the fourth year of his Majesty's reign, was appropriated for or 4 Geo. 1. C. 3.

wards enabling the treasurer of the navy to make good the payments,
hich in the half year ending on the twenty sourch day of June one
vusand seven hundred and eighteen might be demanded of him, purant to any former act or acts of parliament for compleating the said
ads of six hundred eight thousand pounds per annum, payable to
e said company; and the said sum of twenty nine thousand six huned forty sive pounds eight shillings and nine pence farthing, hath
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B been

been issued to the said treasurer, and paid or directed to be paid accordingly, so that so much of the said desciency as still remains to be made good to the treasurer of his Majesty's navy, doth amount to one bundred at mitbouland three hundred and twelve pounds seventeen shillings and sour pence three ferthings: and whereas some doubts have been made in the construction of certain clauses in an act of parliages. That in default of supplying such desciency in the manner thereby prescribed, the same should be made goed out of the general yearly sund of seven hundred twenty four thousand eight hundred forty nine pounds for shillings and sen pence one sight peace of a penny, a Geo. 1. c. 9, by another act of the third year of his Majesty's reign, established forty nine pounds for shillings and sen pence one sight peace of a penny, a Geo. 1. c. 9, by another act of the third year of his Majesty's raign, established in intended; to be established, as by the said several acts (relation being thereunito respectively had) may more fully appear: now for obviating all doubts concerning the refunding of the said sum of one bundred ten thousand three hundred and twelve pounds seventeen shillings and sour pence three farthings, to the treasurer of his Majesty's navy, it is hereby declared and enacted by the authority aforesaid. That the said desciency amounting to one bundred ten thousand three hundred and twelve pounds, seventeen shillings, and four pence three farthings, shall and may be supplied and made good to the treasurer of his Majesty's navy, upon account, for the service of the navy and victualling thereof, by or out of the general yearly fund of seven hundred twenty four thousand eight hundred forty nine pounds, six shillings and ten pence, one fifth part of a penny before mentioned, or out of money to be raised at the exchequer for purchasing an annuity or annuities, after a rate not exceeding sive pounds ser centum per annum, for the said seneral yearly fund, and be payable and transferrable, until the redempt

and for registring and payment of such annuity or annuities in respect thereof, to the said treasurer of his Majesty's navy, of the treasurer thereof for the time being, accordingly; any former law, statute, provision, or other matter and thing whatsoever to the contrary notwithstanding.

CAP. II.

An alt for continuing the duties on malt, mum, cyder and perry, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and nineteen; and for enlarging the time for entring at the Exchequer such assignments of reversionary annuities as are therein mentioned; and for better securing the duties on hides and skins, vellum and parchment.

NIII. A ND whereas by an act of parliament made and passed in 4 & 5 W.& M.

A the fourth year of the reign of King William and Queen c. 3.

Mary, of glorious memory, for granting certain rates and duties of excise, for securing certain recompenees and advantages to such as should advance the sum of one million towards carrying on the then war against France: it was enacted, That it should and might be lawful for any contributor, his executors, administrators or assigns, by any writing under band and seal, or by his last will in writing, to assign with any one or more started, or by his last will in writing, to assign one or more started or of shores of the sund therein memtioned to any person or more started were made in the office of the outsition of the receipt, within the space of two months after such assignment or will, the party was and is to bring an affidavit of the execution thereof to be filed, as is therein specified: and whereas in pursuance of any 8 to W. 3. act of parli ment made in the ninith year of his said late Majesty's c. 24.

reign for enlarging the time for purchasing certain estates or interests in the annuities therein mentioned, several reversionary tallies were sign for enlarging the time for purchasing certain estates or interests sin the name of Richard then earl of Ranclagh of the kingdom of Ireland, and by him issued out on such sites as in and by the said and were directed; but some doubt arising whether the offiguments made by the said earl on the back of the said orders were according to the seleventh year of his said late Majesty's reign enacted, That all c. 3. soft. 12.

the eleventh year of his said late Majesty's reign enacted, That all c. 3. soft. 12.

the eleventh year of his said late Majesty's reign enacted, That all c. 3. soft. 12.

the eleventh year of his said late Majesty's reign enacted, and all ather assignments, whether endorsed or other weif, made by virtue of and subject, as in the said recited assorted, That all c. 3. soft. 12.

for as an entry or memorandum of

time limited by the said former act) be good and valid in the law: now to the end that all persons who now are, or at any time hereaster shall or may be possessed of or interested in any of the faid tallies and orders, may have and be invested in a good and lawful title to the same; it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all and every the said endorsed assignments, made or to be made in pursuance of and subsequent to any the faid affignments of the faid late earl (whether such subsequent affignment be or shall be made by writing the name or names of the respective assignor or assignors on the backside of the said orders, or otherwise) shall be as good and effectual in the law, as if each and every such subsequent assignment had been executed in every particular in the manner prescribed by the act first above-mentioned, relating to the said tallies and orders; and that an entry or memorandum of every such subsequent asfignment (touching which no entry or memorandum hath al-ready been made pursuant to the said former act) shall and may be made in the said office of the receipt, so as an affidavit be produced to the auditor of the receipt of his Majesty's exchequer, that the name or names of the respective assignor or asfignors set to every such subsequent assignment so to be entred, is the proper hand-writing of every such assignor respectively, as the person making such assistant assistant assistant person the person making such assistant thousand seven hundred and eighteen, be brought to be entred at the said office within two months after the said fifth day of December one thousand seven hundred and eighteen, and so as every such subsequent assignment to be made after the said fifth day of December one thousand seven hundred and eighteen, be brought to be entred in the said office within two months after making the same respectively; anything in the said former acts, or any of them, contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Commissioners for the duty on leather may order new stamps as occasion shall require.

IX. And for preventing the counterfeiting of any stamp or stamps, seal or seals which have been or shall be appointed to be used, to denote the charging of the duties, or of the additional duties, which by several acts, the one made in the ninth, and the other in the tenth years of the reign of her late majesty Queen Anne, are set and imposed upon hides and skins, and 9 Ann. c. 11. pieces of hides and skins and upon vellom and parchment, tan-ao Ann. c. 19. ned, tawed, dressed or made: be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the commissioners which for the time being are or shall be appointed for the receipt, government and management of the said duties, or additional duties, arising in England or Wales, or town of Berwick upon Tweed, or the major part of them, and also the commissioners which for the time being are or shall be appointed for the receipt, government and management of the said duties, or additional duties, arising in that part of Great Britain called Scotland, shall respectively have full power and authority, and hereby are respectively impowered and authority and being when and so often as there are authorized, from time to time, when and so often as they respectively

spectively shall see occasion, to direct, cause and procure new stamps or seals to be made for the marking and stamping of all such hides and tkins, and of pieces of hides and tkins, and of vellom and parchment, as thall respectively be tanned, tawed, dressed or made, either in England or Wales, or town of Berwick upon Tweed, or in that part of Great Britain called Scotland, and to be made use of for the respective purposes before mentioned, in the lieu and seed of first states. the lieu and stead of such other stamps, marks or seals, as before the respective time and times of providing and appointing fuch new ones, shall respectively have been used for the purposes before mentioned; and that such new stamps and seals so to be provided, as aforesaid, from the respective time and times when they respectively shall be so, as aforesaid, ordered to be used for the respective purposes aforesaid, shall respectively be and are hereby declared to be the legal and authentick stamps and seals respectively, to be made use of for the respective purposes before mentioned; and that the counterfeiting or forging Penalty for any stamp or seal, to resemble any stamp or seal, which in pur-counterfeiting suarce of this act shall be so, as aforesaid, directed or ordered, stamps, or the counterfeiting or resembling of the impression of any such stamps, seal or seals of directed or ordered, as aforesaid, on any hide or seals of any seals of any hide or seals of any seal or seals of any hide or seals of any seals of a on any hide or skin, or piece of any hide or skin, or on any vellom or parchment, whereby to defraud his said Majesty, his heirs or successors, of any of the duties imposed or charged by the faid acts, or either of them, or the uttering, vending or felling any hide or skin or any piece of any hide or skin, or any vellow or parchment, with such counterfeit mark or impression thereupon, knowing such mark or impression to be counterfeited, shall render and make the offender and offenders therein fubject and liable to the like penalties, forfeitures and pains of death, as is and are mentioned and expressed in the said act made in the faid ninth year of the reign of her faid late majesty Queen 9 Ann. c. zz.

X. And for the better ascertaining the said duties, and for preventing the carrying on of frauds between the officers for the faid duties and the traders and dealers in the manufactures and goods charged with the faid duties; and to the intent that hides and fkins and pieces of hides and fkins, and vellom and parchand skins and pieces of hides and skins, and vellom and parchment, after they have been weighed, and taken an account of by the officers for the said duties, may again be weighed and taken account of by the supervisors and surveyors for the said duties: be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the tenth day of January one thousand seven hundred and After to Janesighteen, all tanners, tawers and dressers of hides and pieces of 1718, tanners, hides and skins, and all makers of vellom and parchment, shall from time to time keep all such hides and skins and pieces of acc. not stamphister and skins, vellom and parchment, which have not been ed by the officers. hides and skins, vellom and parchment, which have not been ed by the offi-duly stamped by the officers for the said duties, separate and a cers separate, part from all other hides and skins and pieces of hides and skins, to be weighed vellom, and parchment, which have been duly stamped by the visors, sec. officers for the said duties; and shall also from time to time keep

B 3

all fuch hides and skins and pieces of hides and skins, and vellom and parchment, as from time to time shall have been last stamped by the officers for the said duties, separate and apart from all other hides and skins and pieces of hides and skins, vellost and parchment, which at any time or times before shall have been stamped by the officers for the said duties, during the respective times herein after mentioned, (that is to say) within the limits of the weekly bills of mortality by the space of awenty four hours next after such stamping thereof by the said officers; and in other places out of the limits of the said weekly bills, by the space of two days next after such stamping thereof, unless the same shall respectively sooner have been weighed and taken account of by the respective surveyors or supervisors for the said duties, on pain to forseit for every offence therein the fum of ten pounds.

Penalty 101.

CAP. III.

An all for applying certain overplus monies, and further fums to be raised, as well by way of a lottery, as by loans, towards paying off and cancelling exchequer bills, and for lessening the present great charge in relation to those bills; and for circulating and exchanging for ready money the residue of the same bills for the future.

Recital of the MAY it please your most excellent Majesty, Whereas by an act of 3 Geo. 1. c. 8. Of parliament of the third year of your Majesty's reign, infarther provi-tituled, An act for redeeming several funds of the governor and fions concerning company of the bank of England, pursuant to former provisoes the fundigrant of redemption; and for securing to them several new sunds and d by this all allowances redeemable by parliament; and for obliging them to advance further sums not exceeding two millions sive hundred 4. & ro. advance further tums not exceeding two minimum are installed as feeding two minimum as shall be found as Geo. 1. C. 3. necessary to be employed in lessening the national debts and installed as for continuing certain provisions formerly cumbrances; and for continuing certain provisions formerly made for the expences of his Majesty's civil government; and for payment of annuities formerly purchased at the rate of five pounds per centum; and for other purposes in this act mentioned, the said governor and company of the bank of England, and their successors, for circulating certain bills, commonly called exchequer bills, therein mentioned, amounting to two millions five hundred fixty one thousand and twenty five pounds or thereabouts, in principal money, and for exchanging the same for ready money on demand, are entitled to an annuity or yearly sum of seventy six thousand eight hundred and thirty pounds fifteen shillings (being an allowance after the fit of these pounds per centum per annum, computed upon the faid sum of two millions five bundred sixty one thousand and twenty five pounds) subject nevertheless to a provise of redemption in that contained, upon such notice as is thereby prescribed; which annuity or yearly allowance is by the same ast charged upon and made payable out of the menies grifen or to grife at the receipt of the exchequer, of or for certain par-

ticular duties on bouses, and of or for several other duties and revenues, called the aggregate fund in that act, and in former acts relating to the faid fund more particularly mentioned and described in the order and course, and with such presence as is thereby directed; and by the act first above-mentioned it is enacted and declared. That as well the said particular duties on houses, and the duties, revenues and incomes composing the said aggregate such, and all other duties which there is the said aggregate such as the said aggregate and the said aggregate said. were settled for payment of a former yearly sum of one hundred and six thousand five hundred and one pounds thirteen shillings and five pence, and the interest and allowances relating to former exchequer bills therein mentioned, should be continued, but be disposable to and for the several and respective uses and purposes appointed by that ast and subject to the several provisoes of redemption therein contained; and that all the monies of the said duties, revenues and incomes, which should or ought to be brought into the receipt of the exchequer (except the neceffary charges for raising, collecting, levying, issuing, paying and atcounting for the same) should be and are thereby appropriated, and should be issued and applied to and for the payment and satisfaction of several yearly and other sums in the said act particularly expression, in their due course and with such preserences as are thereby appointed; amongst which payments an express provision is made for payment of the said amounty or allowance of seventy six thousand eight hundred and thirty pounds fifteen spillings per annum, and for answering all demands of interest due and to be due upon the said exchequer bills as is therein mentioned. And by the same act it was declared and exchequer That the excess or surplus which, at the end of every or any quarter of a year (reckning the quarters to end at the usual seast-days) should or night be produced by the said several rates, duties, revenues and incomes thereby appropriated, and should remain in the exchequer (over and above the money then due or demandable for or upon the several annuities, allowances and other payments therein before-mentioned, or any arrears of the some) should attend the disposition of parliament, and be applied according to all or alls of parliament in that behalf, and not otherwise. And it was thereby declared and enacted, That any vote or resolution of the house of commons, signified by the speaker of the said house in writing, and delivered at the publick office of the said governor and company, should be deemed and adjudged to be a faid governor and company, should be deemed and adjudged to be a sufficient notice within the words and meaning of the said all for redoeming the said annuity or allowance of seventy-six thousand eight hundred and thirty pounds sistem shillings per annum, as by the same all, relation being thereunto had (amongst many other matters and things therein contained) may more sully appear. And whereas by Recital of another all of parliament of the said third year of your Mujesty's the act of reign, intituled, An act for redeeming the yearly fund of the 3 Geo. 1. C. 9. Senth Sea company, being after the rate of six pounds per centum per annum, and settling on the said company a yearly fund after the rate of six pounds per centum per annum, redeemable after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, redeemable by parliament; and to raise for an annuity or annuities at five pounds per centum per annum any fum not exceeding two millions, to be employed in lessening the national debts and incumbrances; and for making the said new yearly fund and annuities to be B 4

hereafter redeemable in the time and manner thereby prescribed, several other subsidies, impositions, duties, revenues and proportional parts of duties and revenues therein mentioned, or thereby referred unto, were continued for the several and respective uses and purposes in that act. And it was thereby enacted, That all the monies thereof which should or ought to be brought into the exchequer for those purposes (except the necessary charges of raising, collecting, levying, issuing and accounting for the same; and except such part thereof, as by any former all or alls of parliament was applicable to the repayment of loans then remaining unsatisfied, and to pay the interest of the same should be iffued and applicable to the repayment of the nearly and other same in the same plied to and for the payment of the yearly and other sums in the same all particularly expressed, in their due method and order, and subject to such redemption as are thereby prescribed. And by the same all it was provided and enacted, That if at any time at the end of any quarter of a year (reckoning the quarters to end the usual feasts) there should be an excess or surplus of the monies brought into the exchequer of the said subsidies, impositions, duties, revenues and proportional parts, and such excess or surplus should remain there, over and above the money then or before that time grown due, by or in pursuance of that ass, as is therein mentioned, then such excess or surplus should from time to time attend the disposition of parliament, and be applied according to ass or ass of parliament, and not otherwise, as by the ass last mentioned (relation being thereunto bad) may also more sully appear. And subcreas by another ass of parliament of the said third

Recital of the appear. And whereas by another all of parliament of the faid third aft for redeeming several of your Majesty's reign, instituted, An act for redeeming the deeming several lotteries, and revenues which were settled to pay off principal and interest on the orders made forth on sour lottery acts passed in 3 Geo. 1. C. 7. the ninth and tenth years of her late Majesty's reign, and for advanced to the payons of the late Majesty's reign, and for advanced to the payons of the late Majesty's reign, and for advanced to the payons of the late Majesty's reign. redeeming certain annuities payable on orders out of the hereditary excise, according to a former act in that behalf; and for establishing a general yearly fund, not only for the future payment of annuities at several rates, to be payable and transfer-rable at the bank of *England*, and redeemable by parliament, but also to raise monies for such proprietors of the said orders as shall chuse to be paid their principal and arrears of interest in ready money; and for making good fuch other deficiencies and payments as in this act are mentioned; and for taking off the duties on linsced imported, and British linen exported, several other customs, substitutes, impositions, additional impositions, rates, duties, additional rates and duties, proportional parts of duties, revenues, and weekly and other payments out of duties and revenues therein specified, or thereby referred unto, were continued for the purpose in that all: and it was thereby enacted, That yearly and every year, rectoning the still year to begin from the scale of Saint Wishoul the reckening the first year to begin from the feast of Saint Michael the archangel one thousand seven bundred and seventeen, and from thence-forth for ever (subject nevertheless to such provises and power of redemption as are in that act contained) the full sum of seven bundred twenty four thousand eight hundred forty nine pounds six shillings ten pence and one sist hart of a penny per annum, by or out of the monies arising of or for the said customs, subsidies, impositions, rates, addi-

al duties, proportional parts, weekly and other payments by appropriated and directed to be brought, from time to time, exchequer, in case the same should extend to the said sum of indred twenty four thousand eight hundred forty nine pounds ngs ten pence and one fifth part of a penny, should be comput-eckoned to be a general fund; and in case all the monies so into the exchequer of or for the said customs, subsidies, imporates, duties, additional duties, proportional parts, weekly er payments, should not amount to soven hundred twenty four l eight hundred forty nine pounds fix shillings ten pence and one rt of a penny per annum, then the monies so arising, so far ame would extend, should be part of the said general yearly seven hundred twenty four thousand eight hundred forty nine ix shillings ten pence and one fifth part of a penny per annum, towards the answering and paying all the annuities and pay
that all charged or chargeable thersupon; and in case all the y that act appointed or appropriated, as aforesaid, should at or times appear to be so desicient or low in the produce of the to times appear to be so described or low in the produce of the sthat within any one year to be reckoned, as aforesaid, the vies so arising in the exchequer, of or for all the said customs, impositions, rates, duties, additional duties, proportional weekly and other payments, should not amount to so much as undred twenty four thousand eight hundred forty nine pounds ngs ten pence and one sifth part of a penny, that then and so and in every such case, so much as should be wanting to make aid general fund or sum of seven hundred twenty four thoubt bundred forty nine pounds six shillings ten pence and one rt of a penny, for every or any such year, should be supplied rt of a penny, for every or any fuch year, should be supplied to good, from time to time, by or out of the first aid or supply to ted in parliament next after such desiciency should appear, and rom time to time be transferred thereunto, as soon as the same e granted: and it was thereby enacted, That the excess or sure granted: and it was thereby enacted, I but the excels or fur-which at the end of every or any quarter of a year (reckoning rters to end at the four most usual feast days) should or might weed by the customs, subsidies, impositions, additional and other proportional parts of duties, and by the said weekly and other ts, by that all appropriated or charged to make good the said yearly sund of seven hundred twenty sour thousand eight I sorty nine pounds six shillings ten pence and one sifth part of over and above so much as shall be sufficient to make good the , over and above so much as shall be sufficient to make good the and so much of the said general yearly fund as at the end of weer of a year shall remain in the receipt of the exchequer, d above all the monies then due or payable, to discharge the second nauities and other payments by that all directed to be satisfied the same, and all arrears thereof (if any such were) should from time to time attend the disposition of parliament and be according to all or alls of parliament, and not otherwise.
the all last recited, it was further declared and enalted, I bat 3 Geo. 1. c. 7. menies to arise from time to time, as well of or for the excess lus by virtue of the said ast made for redeeming the funds of cruer and company of the bank of England, and of or for

the faid excess or surplus by virtue of the said act made for redeeming the sunds of the said governor and company of merchants of Great Britain trading to the South Seas and other parts of America, and for encouraging the siftery; as also of and for the said excess or surplus of the said duties and revenues by the said other act of the third year of your Majesty's reign, appropriated to make good the said general yearly fund as aforesaid, and the overplus monies of the same general yearly fund thoreby established, or intended to be established as

third year of your Majely's reign, appropriated to make good the faid general yearly fund as aforefaid, and the overplus monies of the same general yearly fund as aforefaid, and the everplus monies of the same general yearly fund thereby established, or intended to be established as aforescial, should be appropriated, reserved and employed to and for the discharging the principal and interest of such national debts and incumbrances as were contracted before the twenty sight day of Deceander one thousand some over provided for by acts of parliament, in such manner and form, and were provided for by acts of parliament, in such manner and for more other use, intent or purpose whatsoever, as by the acts of and for none other use, intent or purpose whatsoever, as by the acts of and for none other use, intent or purpose whatsoever, as by the acts of hundred thousand pounds, in the said such any likewise more fully appear. And whereas the said sum, not exceeding two millions or any part thereof, was not advanced by the said governor and company of the bank of England, or called for or required by the said and incomes, called the aggregate sund, are not tharged or chargeable with any amunity or other payment whatsoever in respect of the same, by the said surf, recised act or otherwise howestever; and the said sum, not exceeding two millions, mentioned in the said act relating to the company, or called for or required by the commissioners of your mainty or other payment whatsoever in respect of the same, by withe of the said att relating to that company or otherwise boundary, or other payment whatsoever in respect of the said sum, by wither of the said att relating to that company or otherwise boundary, or other payment whatsoever in respect of the said such same, by wither of the said att relating to that company or otherwise boundary, or other payment whatsoever in respect of the said such same, by wither of the said att relating to the same should a such same respect to the said of the same payment to the said such s three pounds per centum per annum, and by the faid growing interest

of one penny per centum per diem, amount in the whole to one hundred and fifteen thousand seven hundred seventy nine pounds thirteen foillings and four pence per annum, or thereabouts, except so much thereof as is saved and may be abated for bills, from time to time, in the exchequer or in the hands of receivers or collectors of any taxes, aids or revenues payable to your Majesty; and it being apparently just and necessary with regard to the publick, that the said present cost and expence, and the said national debts and incumbrances be lessened as far as conveniently may be, We your Majesty's said dutiful and loyal sub-jests, for that end and purpose have resolved, That the surplus mojeels, for that end and purpose have resolved, That the surplus monies berein after particularly directed and appointed, and a surther sum not exceeding five hundred thousand pounds, to be raised by way of a lottery, and another surther sum, not exceeding sive bundred and twenty thousand pounds, to be raised by way of loan, be applied towards paying off the principal and interest borne upon the said bills, and for cancelling the bills whereof the principal and interest shall be so paid off; and that so many of the said exchequer bills as shall remain undischarged and uncancelled by or with the money so to be applied, shall be circulated and exchanged in the manner bereaster in this ast appointed in that behalf: now we your Majeity's said dutiful and loval subjects the commons of Great Britain faid dutiful and loyal subjects the commons of Great Britain in parliament affembled, for the better and effectual accomplishment of their desires and intentions in the premisses, and that your Majesty and your subjects may be eased of the burden of the said national debts and incumbrances as fast as is confistent with honour and justice, do most humbly pray your Majesty, That it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by authority of the same,

That the sum of one hundred ninety six thousand sour hundred The several forty sour pounds eighteen shillings three pence half penny, of the aggre-which remained in the exchequer at Michaelmas one thousand gate sund, &c. seven hundred and eighteen for the overplus of the said partie to be applied cular duties on houses and other duties and revenues compre- towards rehended in the said fund, commonly called the aggregate fund, deeming exappointed to be reserved for disposition of parliament as aforesaid, being over and above the excess of the civil list fund for three years, ended at the same seast day; and that all the over-plus monies of the civil list fund for three years ended at Micheelmas one thousand seven hundred and eighteen, which overplus is also appointed to be reserved for disposition of parliament as aforesaid; and the sum of nineteen thousand five hundred feventy seven pounds and ten shillings, which remained in the exchequer at Michaelmas one thousand seven hundred and eighteen, for the furplus or overplus of the fund, commonly called the fund of the South Sea company, appointed to be referved for dis-position of parliament as aforesaid; and the sum of one hundred pinety thousand four hundred thirty fix pounds fifteen shillings e-Jeven pence and nine twentieth parts of a penny, being the excels or surplus for the year ended at Michaelmas one thousand seven hundred.

hundred and eighteen, upon the yearly fund of seven hundred twenty four thousand eight hundred forty nine pounds six shillings ten pence and one sisth part of a penny, commonly called the general fund, likewise appointed, as aforesaid, to be reserved for the disposition of parliament (over and above the sum of one hundred and thirty thousand pounds, which is hereafter in and by this act directed to be reserved towards making good the half yearly payment on the annuities charged on the said general fund for the half year ending at Christmas one thousand seven hundred and eighteen) and all the excess or overplus monies, which within and for the half year to end at Lady-day one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, shall arise upon the several rates, duties, revenues and incomes, commonly called the aggregate fund, the South Sea company's fund, and the general fund before mentioned, every or any of them, which by the second side acts of the third year of his Majesty's reign, were severally reserved and intended to be reserved, for disposition of parliament, shall by some and wirtue of this act he applied to form

faid acts of the third year of his Majesty's reign, were severally reserved and intended to be reserved, for disposition of parliament, shall by force and virtue of this act, be applied (so far as the monies of all the said several surplusses, excesses or overplusses will extend) towards redeeming the said annuity or allowance of seventy six thousand eight hundred and thirty pounds sisteen shillings per annum, and to and for the satisfying and discharging so much as the same will extend to satisfy and discharge of the principal monies contained in the said exchequer bills, and the interest due or to be due upon the same, according to the direction and true meaning of this act herein after specified.

Money shall be issued for payment of the half yearly annuities charged on the general sund. Money to be issued to satisfy the annuities for one quarter, to end at Lady day 1719. Afterwards those annuities to be paid half yearly. Treasury at Lady day 1719, to cause all the surplusses for that half year to be computed. After Lady day 1719, 200001. yearly to be the fund for answering the annuities of 41. per centum, to the contributors in this lottery. Till redemption by parliament. Any persons may be contributors. Times of payment. Fortunate tickets to be printed. Forging or counterseiting tickets selony. Managers to enter fortunate tickets in a book, and transmit it into the exchequer; and a duplicate to the cashier of the bank, &c. Persons named in the said book entitled to an annuity of 41. per centum, for their respective principal sums, payable half yearly. First payment at Mich. 1719. Guardians may contribute for infants. Annuities tax-free. Redeemed 13 Geo. 1. C. 3.

WXII. And to the end all the annual and other payments, which by the faid first recited act were charged upon the said duties, revenues and incomes, called the aggregate fund (other than and except such payments, as from and after Lady-day one thousand seven hundred and nineteen might incur for or upon the said allowance of seventy six thousand eight hundred and thirty pound sifteen shillings per annum, hereby intended to be redeemed, and other than and except such other sums of money and payments as are already satisfied and discharged, or are by this act intended to be reduced or saved to the publick) may, together with the said yearly fund, not exceeding twenty thousand pounds per annum, be well and sufficiently secured, and

may respectively obtain their due course of payment, with such preserences as by the said former act, and this present act, are appointed in that behalf; it is hereby further enacted and de-clared by the authority aforesaid, That all the said particular The duties of duties on houses, and all the said other rates, duties, revenues the aggregate and incomes, which by the said first recited act of the third year fund continuand mediues, which by the iaid nrit recited act of the third year fund continuous his Majesty's reign were settled for answering the respective of sorewer. payments therein mentioned (all which are by this act denominated to be the aggregate fund, as aforesaid) and every of them, are and shall be continued, and be paid and payable to his Majesty, his heirs and successors for ever, and shall be raised, levied, collected and brought into the exchange of Factorial levied, collected and brought into the exchequer of England, by and according to such rules, methods and directions, and with such drawbacks, repayments and allowances, and under such penalties, forfeitures and disabilities, as are prescribed in and by the respective act and acts of parliament now in force, or any articles, clauses, matters or things therein contained, or thereby referred unto, for raising, levying or bringing in the same, as fully and effectually as if the same acts, articles, clauses, matters and things, and every of them, were repeated and reenacted in the body of this present act; nevertheless all the monies arising thereby into the said receipt of exchequer, from and after the feast of the annunciation of the blessed Virgin Mary one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, and all the monies then remaining in the faid receipt, of the same rates, duties, revenues and incomes, shall be disposeable to and for the several and respective uses and purposes by this or the said first recited act appointed or intended (other than and except, as aforefaid) and subject to the several provisoes of redemption herein con-Redeemable tained; any former law, statute, provision, restriction, clause by parliaments or clauses, matters or things whatsoever to the contrary notwithflanding.

withflanding.

All the monies to be entred in a book. The aggregate fund appropriated. Penalty on officers misapplying the monies. How the monies shall be issued and applied to the bank, &c. 120,000 l. for his Majesty during life. Proviso for the deficiencies of 116,573 l. 12 s. Deficiencies to be made good by parliament. The annuities of 88,751 l. 7 s. and 10d. half penny, and 100,000 l. per annum payable to the bank, redeemable. On fix months notice to the bank, and repayment, annuities to cease. After redeemption of the several annuities, aggregate fund to be redeemed. See 13 Geo. 1. c. 3. sect. 1. Till the lottery annuities are redeemed, bank to employ a chief cashier and accountant general. This annuity a personal estate. The principal monies of these annuities to be deemed a capital stock, and assignable. No stamp duty on transfers, &c. No fee for paying these annuities. The powers of 3 Geo. 1. c. 3. continued. The surplustes of the aggregate sund, &c. made liable to satisfy the loans hereafter mentioned. Further loan for discharging exchequer bills. Treassurg every quarter to enter in a book a just account of the several surplustes for the preceding quarters. Another book for entry of orders of loan to be survey, &c. No see for registring, or undue preference. Tallies dated the same day, no undue preference. Orders assignable. All the monies of the several funds arisen before 25 March 1719. to be applied towards paying off and cancelling exchequer bills. Notice to be applied towards paying off and cancelling exchequer bills. Notice to be applied to wards paying off and cancelling exchequer bills. Notice to be

the time. On oath before a baron of the Exchequer, of bills being lost, &c. Treasury to pay the same. After 25 March 1719, the annuity after the rate of 31. per centum, shall cease, and the bank not obliged to circulate exchequer bills. The residue of the bills to be circulated by such persons as the treasury shall appoint. Treasury to allow a salary for the same. Treasury to contract with persons for circulating. Treasury to take subscriptions from such persons as will advance money for circulating exchequer bills. Contract to be in writing, and registred in the auditor of the receipts and clerk of the pells offices. No samps on such contracts. Such persons not disabled from being members of parliament. Persons circulating the bills, and contractors, to keep an office in London or Westminister, Retusing to exchange the bills for ready money may be sued, &c. Treasury to iffue out money for discharging exchequer bills, &c. Exchequer bills, to be current in the revenue, &c. Receivers and collectors to give ready money for exchaquer bills, &c. Exchequer bills paid or lent into the exchequer; officers to cause tallies to be levied for the same. Receivers to allow the interest on exchequer bills. No interest on bills in receivers hands or in the exchequer. How it shall be known, how long time the bills have been in receivers hands, &c. Such bills may be re-issued the interest they pay on exchequer bills. Receivers to be taxes to keep books for entry. Exchequer bills filled up by indorfements, new bills to be issued in lieu of them. Forging such bills, selony. No interest to be paid to any lesser sum than one penny. Treasury to issue bersons for circulating, &c. Exp. 13 Geo. 1. c. 3.

LXVI. Provided also. and it is hereby enacted and declared

The overplus money at the end of every quarter to be eserved for

LXVI. Provided also, and it is hereby enacted and declared by the authority aforesaid, That all the monies, which at the end of every or any quarter of a year shall or may be produced for the respective surplusses, excelles, or overplus monies of the discharging said several funds, commonly called the aggregate fund, and the national debts fund of the South Sea company, and of the said duties and rebefore 25 Dec. venues charged with the faid general yearly fund of feven hundred twenty four thousand eight hundred forty nine pounds fix shillings and ten pence and one fifth part of a penny, as also the excess or overplus of the fame general yearly fund, when and as often as any such surplusses, excesses or overplus monies shall be over and above the monies at the end of every such quarter respectively due or demandable, to be first paid or reserved for payment out of the same, by virtue of this and the said recited acts, or any of them) shall be appropriated, reserved and applied, to and for the further discharging the principal and interest of such national debts and incumbrances as were incurred before the twenty fifth day of December one thousand seven hundred and fixteen, and are declared to be national debts, and were provided for by act or acts of parliament, in such manner and form as shall be directed or appointed by any future act or acts of parliament to be discharged therewith, or out of the same, and to or for none other use, intent or purpose whatso-

If provision be made by parliament in lawful coin to pay off principal and interest on exchequer bills, then such bills to be cancelled, &c. If the sum of 520,000 s. be not lent by 1 May 1719, then so much of the surplusses to be applied towards cancelling exchequer bills. EXP.

CAP. IV.

for strengthning the protestant interest in these kingdoms.

the reign of the late Queen Anne, intituled, An act for g the protestant religion, by better securing the church ad, as by law established; and for confirming the toleanted to protestant dissenters by an act, intituled, An act ting their Majestics protestant subjects, dissenting from the England, from the penalties of certain laws, and for supset defects thereof; and for the further securing the proceession, by requiring the practicers of the law in North take the oaths, and subscribe the declaration therein at and whereas part of the said act, as also another act or mentioned, have been found to be inconvenient; be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and advice and consent of the lords spiritual and tempocommons, in parliament assembled, and by the of the same, That the said recited act passed in the Part of the act or of the late Queen Anne, from the beginning thereof so Ann. c. 2. words; And it is hereby surther enasted and declared by the act of 12 Ann. asserbesiad, That the teleration granted to protestant dissenters, stat. 2. c. 7. one act made in the twelfth year of the reign of the late repealed.

Inne, intituled, An act to prevent the growth of schissing the further security of the churches of England and Ireland, a stabilished, shall be and are hereby repealed, annulled e void.

ovided always, and be it enacted by the authority afore-Mayor,&c.reat if any mayor, bailiff or other magistrate, in that part forting to any Britain called England, the dominion of Wales, or the conventicle Berwick upon Tweed, or the isles of Jersey or Guernsey, signs of his of-wingly or wilfully resort to, or be present at any pub-fice, disabled ting for religious worship other than of the church of to hold any as by law established, in the gown or other peculiar hapublick office. ttended with the ensign or ensigns of or belonging to office, that every such mayor, bailiff or other magineing thereof convicted by due course of law, shall be to hold such office or offices, employment or employing shall be adjudged incapable to bear any publick ofmployment whatsoever within that part of Great Britain ngland, the dominion of Wales, and town of Berwick weed, or isles of Jersey and Guernsey.

CAP. V.

punishing mutiny and desertion, and for the better payment of the army and-their quarters. EXP.

CAP.

CAP. VI.

An act for quieting and establishing corporations.

13 Car. 2.

WHEREAS by all made in the thirteenth year of King Charles the Second, intituled, An act for the well governing and regulating of corporations, it is, amongst other things enacted, That every person or persons, who from and after the expiration of the commissions in the said act mentioned, should be placed, elected, or chosen, in or to any the offices or places of mayors, recorders, bailiffs, town clerks, common council men, or to any office or offices of magistracy, or places or trusts, or other imployment relating to or concerning the government of civils, corporations and horoughs, and cinquecerning the government of cities, corporations and boroughs, and cinque-ports and their members, and other port towns, bould at the Jame time when the oath for the due execution of the faid places and offices respectively should be administred, take the following oath, viz.

The oath in the recited act. A. B. do declare and believe, That it is not lawful, upon any presence whatsoever, to take arms against the King; and that I do abhor that traiterous position of taking arms by his authority against his person, or against those that are commissioned by him.

So help me God.

And subscribe the following declaration, viz.

The declaration.

I. B. do declare, That I hold that there lies no obligation upon me, or any other person, from the oath commonly called, The solemn league and covenant; and that the same was in itself an unlawful oath, and imposed upon the subjects of this realm against the known laws and liberties of this kingdom.

13 Car. 2. fat. 2. c. 1.

And that in default thereof every such placing, election and choice should be void; and whereas the taking the said oath, and subscribing the said declaration, have for several years last past been generally omitted, and questions have of late arisen, Whether the said statute made in the said thirteenth year of King Charles the Second, as to the said oath and declaration, be yet in force: therefore for avoiding of all such questions for the suture, and for the establishing the peace and quiet of corporations, be it declared and enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the

in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the Members of corporations are confirmed in their offices, fons that were required by the said declaration, shall be and are the said oath, or subscribes the said declaration, shall be and are the same of the said oath, or subscribes the said declaration, shall be and are savents then the said declaration. though they faid oath, or subscribe the said declaration, shall be and are have not taken hereby confirmed in their several and respective offices and the said oath and declaration.

The said oath places, notwithstanding their omission to take the said oath, or subscribe the said declaration, and shall be indemnified, freed and discharged of and from all incapacities, disabilities, for said and appearance arising from such amission, and none of their tures and penalties arising from such omission, and none of their acts shall be questioned or avoided for or by reason of the same;

fied, &cc.

all fuch acts shall be and are hereby declared and enbe as good and effectual, as if all and every such perpersons had taken the said oath, and subscribed the said ion, according to the direction of the said act. nd be it also further enacted by the authority aforesaid, the recited act much of the said statute as requires the taking of the as requires 1, and subscribing the said declaration, shall be and is the ta repealed; and that neither the faid oath or declaration the faid oath, required for the future. And whereas by the said recited ast made in the thirteenth 13 Car. 2. state. King Charles the Second, it is enacted, That no person or 2. c. 1, ball be placed, elected, or chosen, in or to any of the offices relating to or concerning the government of any city, corporating ough, cinque-port and their members, and other port-towns, ther offices in the said recited att mentioned or expressed, I not have, within one year next before such election or choice, facrament of the Lord's supper, according to the rites of b of England, and that in default thereof every such placing, and choice, shall be void; be it further enacted by the au-Members of forestald, That all and every the now member and members of corporation, within this kingdom, and all and every who have iny corporation within this kingdom, and all and every &c. who have not persons now in actual possession of any office, that take the sacrauired by the faid above recited act to take the facrament ment, as enord's supper according to the rites of the church of joined by the within one year next before his election or choice into faid act, shall ce, shall be and are hereby confirmed in their several continue in tee, that be and all heleby continued in their reversi continue in ective offices and places, notwithstanding their omission offices, and be he facrament of the Lord's supper as aforesaid, and freed from all indemnified, freed and discharged, of and from all in-incapacities, s, disabilities, forfeitures and penalties arising from such from such ; and that none of their acts, nor the acts not yet omission.

of any who have been members of any corporation. aal possession of such offices, shall be questioned or a-or or by reason of such omission; but that all such acts and are hereby declared and enacted to be as good and as if all and every such person and persons had taken ment of the Lord's supper in manner as aforesaid; nor person or persons, who shall be hereafter placed, elected n, in or to any the offices aforesaid, be removed by the ion, or otherwise prosecuted for or by reason of such; nor shall any incapacity, disability, forfeiture or perincurred by reason of the same, unless such person be red, or such prosecution be commenced, within six after such person's being placed or elected into his reoffice, as aforesaid, and that in case of a prosecution : be carried on without wilful delay.

XIV. C CAP.

CAP. VII.

An all for continuing an all made in the twelfth year of the reign of ber late majesty Queen Anne, intituled, An act for encouraging the tobacco trade.

Ann. Rat. 20 WHEREAS on all was made in the twelfth year of the reign of her late majesty Queen Anne, intituled, An act for the encouraging the tobacco trade, to continue for the space of five years, to commence from the first day of June one thousand seven hundred and sourceen, and from thence to the end of the then next session of parliament, which act is near expiring: and whereas the said act hath been sound to be very beneficial to the said trade, and of good use for the purposes thereby designed: be it therefore enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That the said recited act made in the twelfth year of her faid late Majesty's reign concerning tobacco, and all and every the rules, directions, powers, penalties, discounts, allowances, clauses, matters and things therein contained, shall by first of this act be continued, and be in full force, during first time as the refer thing during the time as the refer things and the same than the refer things. fuch time as the respective duties on tobacco shall respectively continue; any law, statute, matter or thing to the contrary notwithstanding.

and thall he continued as long as the duties on tobacco conti-

CAP. VIII.

An all for the more effectual relief of such wives and children, as are left by their bushands and parents, upon the charge of the parish.

of abode into other counties or places, and sometimes out of the kingdom, some men leaving their wives, a child or children, and some mothers run or go away, leaving a child or children, upon the charge of the parish or place where such child or children was or were born, or last legally settled, although such persons have some estates, which should ease the parish of their charge, in whole or in part: may it please your Majesty therefore that it may be enacted, churchwar, and be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by dens, &c. may and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temby warrant poral and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and dens, &c. may and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and tember by warrant from two justices, seize the goods, &c. of for the churchwardens or overseers of the poor of such parish of parents, who leave their wives and wives and whitese wars of the parents of the peace, to take and seize so much of the annual rents and receive so much of the annual rents and receive so wives and children upon chattels, and receive so much of the annual rents and profits of the parish. the lands and tenements of such husband, father or mother, the lands and tenements of such husband, father or mother, as such two justices of the peace, as aforesaid, shall order or direct, for or towards the discharge of the parish or place where

fuch wife, child or children are left, for the bringing up and providing for such wise, child or children; which warrant or order being confirmed at the next quarter sessions, it shall be ed at quarter-lawful for the justices of such quarter sessions to make an order sessions; who for the churchwardens or overseers for the poor of such parish may make an or place, to dispose of such goods and chattels by sale, or other-order for sale, wise, or so much of them, for the purposes aforesaid, as the court shall think sit, and to receive the rents and profits, or so much of them as shall be ordered by the sessions as aforesaid.

much of them as shall be ordered by the sessions, as aforesaid, of his or her lands and tenements, for the purposes aforesaid.

II. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Churchwarchurchwardens and overseers aforesaid shall be accountable to dens, &c. to the justices at the quarter sessions for all such money as they, or able to justice any of them, shall receive by virtue of this act.

able to justices

CAP. IX.

An att for continuing certain duties upon coals and culm, and for establishing certain funds to raise money, as well to proceed in the building of new churches, as also to compleat the supply granted to his Majesty; and to reserve the overplus monies of the said duties for the disposition of parliament; and for more effectual suppressing private

MOST gracious Sovereign, Whereas by an act of parliament 9 Ann. c. 22. made and passed in the ninth year of her late Majesty's reign, 10 Ann. c. 11. intituled, An act for granting to her Majesty several duties upon and 1 Geo. 1. coals, for building fifty new churches in and about the cities of See 1 Geo. 21. London and Westmisser, and suburbs thereof, and other purposes stat. 2.c. 8. s. therein mentioned, it was enacted, That for all sorts of coals and culm, Provisions are which from and after the sourceenth day of May one thousand seven subcide from and after the sourceenth day of May one thousand seven subcide some thousand seven hundred and twentieth day of Septem—from this act by ber one thousand seven hundred and twenty four, should be imported of Geo. 1. c. 19. and brought into the port of the city of London, or the river of 1.41, & Thames within the liberty of the said city, upon the same river, 13Geo. 1. c. 21. there should be paid to her Majesty her heirs and successor by way of imposition thereupon (over and besides all other impositions and daties) according to the rates therein after mentioned, that is to say, from and after the said sourteenth day of May one thousand seven bundred and sixteen, and before the nine and twentieth day of September one thousand seven hundred and sixteen, for all such sorts of ceals and culm as 'are usually sold by the chalder, for every chalder thereof, containing their fix bushels Winchester measure, the sum of two shillings; and for such sort of coals as are sold by the tun, for every tun thereof, containing twenty hundred weight, the sum of two shillings; and from and after the eight and twentieth day of September one thousand seven hundred and sixteen, and before the eight and twentieth day of September one thousand seven hundred and sixteen, and before the eight and twentieth day of September one thousand seven hundred and sixteen, and before the eight and twentieth day of September one thousand seven hundred and sixteen, and before the eight and twentieth day of September one thousand seven hundred and sixteen, and before the eight and twentieth day of September one thousand seven hundred and twentieth day of September one thousand seven hundred and twentieth day of September one thousand seven hundred and twentieth say of September one thousand seven hundred and twen London and Westminster, and suburbs thereof, and other purposes stat. 2. c. 8. s.

2. C. 23.

. . . .

ceffary charges of raising, managing and accounting for the same excepted) should be brought into the receipt of the exchequer, and should be appropriated and disposed for the building of fifty new churches of stone, and other proper materials, with towers or steeples to each of them, and for purchasing scites of churches and church-yards, and burying-places, in or near the cities of London and Westminster, or the suburbs thereof; and for making such chapels churches as were already built, and capable thereof, parish churches; and for purchasing houses for the habitations of the ministers of the said churches; and for applying the sum of four thousand pounds per annum out of the said duties and impositions towards the repairing and finishing the collegiate church of Saint Peter, Westminster, and the chapels of the same; and also for applying the sum of fix thousand pounds per annum out of the said duties and impositions arising by that ast, towards the sinishing Greenwich impositions arising by that act, towards the finishing Greenwich Hospital, and the chapel thereunto belonging; and to and for none other use, intent or purpose whatsoever: and it was thereby declared

other use, intent or purpose what soever: and it was thereby declared and enacted, That there should be crected and built of stone, and other materials, sifty churches, with towers or steeples to each of them, whereof one should be erected in the parish of East-Greenwich in 20 Ann. c. 11. the county of Kent. And whereas in the tenth year of her said late Majesty's reign, another act was made and passed in parliament for enlarging the time given to the commissioners appointed by her Majesty, pursuant to the said former act for granting the said duties for building the said new churches, and other purposes therein mentioned, and for giving to the said commissioners surther powers for better effecting for giving to the said commissioners further powers for better effecting the same, and for appointing monies for rebuilding the parish church of St. Mary Woolnoth in the said city of London. And whereas by an act of parliament made and passed in the sirst year of your Maz-Geo. z. ftat.

jesty's reign, intituled, An act for making provision for the ministers of the fifty new churches which are to be built in and about the cities of London and Westminster, and suburbs thereof, and for rebuilding and finishing the parish church of St. Mary Woolnoth in the said city of London, it was enacted, That for all forts

of coals and culm, which from and after the twenty seventh day of September one thousand seven hundred and twenty four, and before the twenty eighth day of September one thousand seven hundred and twenty five, shall be imported and brought into the port of the city of London, or the river of Thames, within the liberty of the said city upon the same river, there should be paid to his Majesty, his heirs and successors, by way of imposition thereupon (over and besides all other impositions and duties, according to the rates therein after mentioned, that is to say for all such sorts of coals and culm as are

mentioned, that is to say) for all such sorts of coals and culm as are usually sold by the chalder, for every chalder thereof, containing thirty six bushels Winchester measure, the sum of three shillings; and for such sort of coals are sold by the tun, for every tun thereof, containing twenty bundred weight, the sum of three shillings; and that all the monies which should be raised by virtue of that att the recostory characters for the (the necessary charges of raising, managing, and accounting for the same, excepted) should be brought into the receipt of exchange, and should be appropriated for and towards the providing due maintenances

for the ministers to attend the service of God in the faid new churches s

and should for that purpose be issued, applied and disposed, in such manner as should thereafter be directed by parliament: and it was thereby enacted, That the said parish church of St. Mary Woolnoth, and the tower thereof, should be rebuilt and finished out of the duties granted by the said recited act of the ninth year of her said late Ma-9 Ann. c. 22. jesty's reign; and that the monies to be imployed for that purpose, should be replaced and made good out of and by the monies applicable by virtue of the said act of the tenth year of her said late Majesty's to Ann. c. 12. reign, to the rebuilding and finishing the said church, and the tower thereof, as by the said several acts, relation being thereunto respectively had, may more fully appear: and whereas out of the said duties of coals and culm, or out of monies lent upon credit of the same, several considerable sums, amounting in the whole to one hundred sixty one thousand one hundred seventy and sive pounds sixteen shillings and seven pence, have been already raised and issued for the buildings, repairs, and other purposes prescribed in or by the said recited acts, and the building of some of the new churches thereby appointed to be built, hath been begun, and several repairs which were thereby directed, bave been entred upon, and some scites, cemeteries, burying-places, and ministers houses have been purchased or contracted for, and other charges have been borne, and payments made pursuant to the orders of the several commissioners, who from time to time have granted by the faid recited act of the ninth year of her faid late Ma- 9 Ann. c. 22. and other charges have been borne, and payments made pursuant to the orders of the several commissioners, who from time to time have been intrusted in and for the execution of the powers in the said several acts contained; but the charge of the said buildings and repairs already begun or performed, bath been so excessive, that over and above the application of the said monies already issued, a great debt is now owing to workmen and others for the same; and it evidently appears, That in case the expence of the said buildings and repairs should proceed and be carried on at or near the same excessive rates, the whole produce of the said duties, during the said time or times to come therein by the said former acts (though such produce far exceeds the original estimates made for building the said new churches and repairs) will be very deficient for those purposes, and may probably at the end of the said present terms leave a great debt for work and materials unprovided for: and whereas it is computed or estimated, That the said duties laid by the said former acts on coals and culm to be imported, as aforesaid, between Lady-day one thousand seven bundred and nineteen, and the said twenty eighth day of September be imported, as aforesaid, between Lady-day one thousand seven bundred and nineteen, and the said twenty eighth day of September one thousand seven hundred and twenty five, may amount in the whole to the sum of three hundred and sixty thousand pounds; and in case the present terms in the said duties be enlarged, so as to make up thirty two years, from Lady-day one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, the said sum of three hundred and sixty thousand pounds may be raised for the purposes before mentioned, as in this act is afterwards provided, upon a particular yearly fund or security in that behalf; and that the sum of sive hundred twenty eight thousand three hundred and twenty pounds one shilling and nine pence may be raised by establishing another particular yearly sund, and by such other ways and means as are hereafter in this act provided, for making good the supply granted to his after in this aet provided, for making good the supply granted to his Majesty in this selfon of parliament in the manner herein after mentioned; and that the surplusses which shall or may, from time to time, trife by the said duties on coals and culm, over and above so much as shall

be sufficient to discharge the payments by this act intended to be charged thereupon, may be referved for the use of the publick: therefore we your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons of Great Britain in parliament assembled, being desirous to pursue your Majesty's pious and gracious tentions for the honour and benefit of the church of England and advancement of our holy religion, by making provision for raising the said sum of three hundred and fixty thousand pounds in such proportions at a time as shall be needed to be employed (so far as the same will extend) for or towards the building and finishing of churches, purchasing scites, church yards, burying places, and houses for ministers, repairing the said collegiate thurch of St. Peter, West-minster, and the chapels of the same, finishing Greenwich Hospital and the chapel thereunto belonging, and making provisions for ministers, according to the true intention of the said former acts of parliament; and being also desirous to make good the supply granted to your Majesty in this session of parliament, by making provision to raise a sum, not exceeding the said sum of sive hundred twenty eight thousand three hundred and twenty pounds one shilling and nine pence; and being also desirous to have the said surplusses reserved for the use of the publick as aforesaid, do most humbly present to your Majesty the several impositions, rates and duties herein after mentioned, and do most humbly pray, That it may be, and be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same. That

the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present don, after 27 parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That Sept. 1725, and for all sorts of coals and culm which, from and after the twenbefore 25 ty-seventh day of September one thousand seven hundred and

before 25 ty-seventh day of September one thousand seven hundred and March 2751, to pay, viz.
35. per chall der and tul.

thousand seven hundred and fifty one. shall be increased in the seven hundred and fifty one. der and tun.

thousand seven hundred and fifty one, shall be imported and These duties are brought into the port of the city of London, or the river of made perpetual Thames within the liberty of the said city upon the same river, by 6 Geo. 1.

c. 4. sect. 1.

there shall be paid to his Majesty, his heirs and successors, by Sec 13 Geo. 1. way of imposition thereupon (over and above all other impoc. 21. sect. 1. stitions and duties) according to the rate hereafter mentioned, that is to say found for all such sections and appears of a sale appears of a sale and appear (that is to fay) for all fuch forts of coals and culm as are usually fold by the chalder, for every chalder thereof containing thirty fix bushels Winchester measure, the sum of three shillings, and for such fort of coals as are sold by the tun, for every tun therefor, containing twenty hundred weight, the sum of three shillings.

These duties to be under the manage-ment of the

II. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said respective sums of three shillings for every chalder of coals and culm and tun of coals, which from time to time, commissioners from and after the feast of the annunciation of the blessed Virof the customs gin Mary one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, and be-fore the said feast of the annunciation of the blessed Virgin Mary which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fifty one, shall be imported or brought into the faid

port or river within the liberty of the said city, as aforesaid, and payable by virtue of the said recited acts of the ninth year of her 9 Ann. c. 22. late Majesty's reign and the first year of his Majesty's reign, and 1 Geo. 1. stat. by virtue of this present act, every or any of them, shall from 2. c. 23. time to time be under the management of the commissioners and officers of his Majesty's customs for the time being, according to such orders and directions as are or shall from time to time be given by the commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them now being, or by the high treasurer, or any three or more of the commissioners of the treasury for the Duties how to time being; and shall or may from time to time be raised, le-be levied, vied, collected and paid to his Majesty, his heirs and successors, in fuch manner, method and form, and at fuch places and by fuch rules, ways and means, and under fuch penalties and forfeitures, as are mentioned, expressed and referred unto in and by any act, law or statute, acts, laws or statutes now in force, for raising, levying, collecting or answering any other duty or duties now payable to his Majesty for or upon any coals or sulm whatsoever imported or brought coastwise into the said port of London; and that all and every the powers, authorities, penalties, forfeitures, disabilities, articles, rules and clauses in the same acts, laws and statutes, or any of them, mentioned or contained (except such and so much of them, for and concerning which it is otherwise provided in this and the said recited acts, or any of them) shall be of such force and effect, to all intents and purpoles, for the raising, levying, collecting and answering the impositions hereby granted, for and during the said term or time herein before limited, as if the same were particularly and at large fet down and enacted by this act; any former law, custom or usage whatsoever to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

III. Provided, that this act, or any thing therein contained, too chalders fhall not extend, or be construed to extend, to charge or lay of coals per any of the duties or impositions hereby imposed upon such coals ann. for (not exceeding one hundred chalders by the year) as shall be spital, not brought into the port of London, from Newcastle upon Tine or chargeable, any other place, for the only use and service of the royal hopital at Chellea; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid. The monies That all and every such sum and sums of money as shall be to be brought raised, collected or levied by virtue of the said recited act of the into the exchequer. ninth year of her said late Majesty's reign, and by virtue of the 9 Ann. c. 222 said recited act of the first year of his Majesty's reign, and by 1 Geo. 1. Ann. c. 122 said recited act of the sirty of any of them, of or for the 2. C. 23. Said duties on coals and culm to be imported and brought into the said port of the city of Landay, or the river of Transac with the faid port of the city of London, or the river of Toames with-in the liberty of the said city upon the same river, at any time or times, from and after the feast of the annual cition of the bleffed Virgin Mary one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, and before the said feast of the annunciation of the blessed Vir-

And appro-priated for the uses of this act.

gin Mary one thousand seven hundred and fifty one, (the necessary charges of raising, managing and accounting for the same always excepted) shall from time to time be brought and paid into the receipt of Exchequer; and the same monies (other than fuch furplus monies as are to be referved for future difposition by parliament as aforesaid) are and shall be, by force and virtue of this act, appropriated, issued, applied and disposed to and for the several and respective uses and purposes in and by this present act prescribed and directed, of and concerning the same, and to and for none other use, intent or purpose whatfoever; any former act or acts of parliament, or any appropriation, direction, clause or clauses, matter or thing what-soever therein contained to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

After se March 1719, for 32 years, 21,000 l. to be

V. And to the end a good and sufficient fund and security may be settled and established for raising the said sum of three hundred and fixty thousand pounds, in such proportions at a a fund for an. time as shall be needed, for the purposes in this act particularly fwering the principal and the authority aforesaid, That yearly and every year, from and after the said feast of the annunciation of the blessed Virgin Mary one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, for and during the term of thirty and two years from thence next ensuing, the full sum of twenty and one thousand pounds, by or out of the monies of or for the said several duties on coals and culm by this act appropriated as aforesaid, shall be and is by this act declared and enacted to be a particular fund and security for answering and paying, as well the principal as the interest of the faid sum of three hundred and sixty thousand pounds, in such course, manner and form, as are hereafter in this act prescribed in that behalf: and the commissioners of his Majesty's treafury now being, and the treasurer and under-treasurer of the exchequer and commissioners of the treasury of his Majesty, his heirs and successors for the time being, are hereby strictly enjoined and required to cause the said yearly sum of twenty and one thousand pounds to be applied according to this act, out of the duties arising as aforesaid, with preference to any other payments to be made out of the same; any former law or sta-

Money may be railed by way of loan

tute to the contrary notwithstanding.

VI. And be it surther enacted by the authority aforesaid.

That it shall and may be lawful to and for the commissioners of his Majesty's treasury, or any three or more of them now being, and the treasurer and under-treasurer of the exchequer, at 41 per cent. ing, and the treasurer and under-treasurer of the exchequer, for building churches, etc. or any three or more of the commissioners of the treasury for the time being, (without any further or other warrant or authority to be fued for, had or obtained in that behalf) from time to time to direct the officers at the receipt of the exchequer to receive, by way of loan, from any person or persons, natives or foreigners, bodies politick or corporate, willing to make fuch loan or loans upon credit of the faid particular fund of twenty and one thousand pounds per annum by this act established as aforesaid, such sum and sums of money as any five or more of the persons appointed, or to be appointed by commission or letters patents under the great seal of Great Britain, shall from time to time, or at any time or times, think necessary, and shall, by writing under the hands of them or any five or more of them, desire to be raised by way of loan for the buildings, repairs and other purposes by the said recited acts intended; and to allow interest, not exceeding the rate of four pounds per centum per annum, for the forbearance thereof; and that the Tax free. monies so lent shall not be taxed or assessed by any act of parliament whatsoever; and that such lenders shall have tallies of loan and orders for their repayment, with such interest as aforefaid, out of the faid particular fund of twenty and one thousand pounds per annum, the principal to be paid in course according To be paid in to the respective dates of the tallies, and the interest every three Interest every months, until the repayment of the principal, so that at the three months, end of every quarter of a year the said interest then due shall be &c paid, or money sufficient shall be reserved for payment thereof; and the rest of the money of the same particular fund then re-maining in the exchequer shall be issued and applied, from time to time, towards satisfaction of the said principal in course as aforesaid; and so as care be taken, that as the principal be paid off, the interest be proportionably sunk and abated; and that no see, reward or gratuity shall be demanded or taken in or for the payment thereof; and that the money of the faid particular fund of twenty and one thousand pounds per annum shall be liable to satisfy such orders accordingly without being diverted from the same to any other use, intent or purpose, upon pain of forfeiting treble damages, with full costs of suit, to the party grieved by the party offending; and that such orders shall be affignable by endorsements thereupon according to the course in such cases used in the exchequer; any law or statute whatfoever to the contrary notwithstanding.

VII. And it is hereby enacted, That all the monies to arise by The 21,000 l. way of loan upon credit of the said particular fund of twenty and per ann. apone thousand pounds per annum, and all the monies of the same propriated for fund (except so much thereof as is to be applied for repayment building the of the principal and satisfaction of the interest of the loans which shall be made thereupon, as aforesaid) are hereby appropriated, and shall be applied for or towards the building and sinishing of churches, purchasing of scites, church-yards, burying-places, and houses for ministers, repairing the said collegiate church of St. Peter, Westminster, and the chapels of the same, sinishing Greenwich Hospital and the chapel thereunto belonging, making provision for ministers, and other charges relating to the soid aburehes which were authorized and intended by the soid faid churches, which were authorized and intended by the faid former acts or any of them concerning the same, and to or for

none other use, intent or purpose whatsoever.

VIII. Provided always, That the principal of such loans, Not to exceed together with the monies (if any such be) which shall be sup-360,000 L plied out of the same particular fund itself, for the purposes last

mentioned, shall not in the whole exceed the said sum of three hundred and fixty thousand pounds.

IX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid,

Treasury to iffue fuch think fit, to

That it shall and may be lawful to and for the commissioners of money as the his Majesty's treasury, or any three or more of them now befor the ing, and the high-treasurer and under-treasurer of the exche-churches shall quer, or any three or more of the commissioners of the treasury

for the time being, and they are hereby directed and authorized

the treasurer (without any further or other warrant or authority to be sued in that behalf. for, had or obtained in that behalf from time to time to iffue and pay, or cause to be issued and paid, out of the monies to arise by way of loan upon credit of the said particular fund of twenty and one thousand pounds per annum and out of the monies of the said particular fund of twenty and one thousand monies of the said particular sunds of twenty and one thousand

pounds per annum, (except so much of the same particular yearly fund as is to be applied for the payment of principal and satisfaction of the interest of the loans to be made upon the same as aforesaid) such sum and sums of money as shall be thought meet and necessary by the said commissioners appointed or to be appointed to take care of the faid buildings as aforefaid, or any five or more of them, for the buildings, repairs and other the

fervices last before-mentioned; which monies so to be issued as aforesaid shall be paid unto such person or persons, (not being of the number of the same commissioners) for the ends and purposes aforesaid, as his Majesty, his heirs or successors, shall from time to time direct and appoint to be the treasurer or treasurers

of imprest, and be accounted for only by such treasurer or treasfurers; and shall be disbursed, expended and applied by such treasurer and treasurers respectively, according to such orders and warrants as he or they shall receive from time to time from the said commissioners for the said buildings and repairs, or

in this behalf; and shall be received by him or them by way

any five or more of them, for all or any the uses and services before by this or the said former acts prescribed or allowed in that behalf, and not otherwise, or to any other use, intent or purpose whatsoever; which said treasurer and treasurers respectively shall be accountable in the exchequer for the same, and

thall give such sufficient security, as shall be approved by the commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them now being, or by the treasurer and under-treasurer of the exchequer, or any three or more of the commissioners of the treasury for the time being, before he or they enter upon his or their office, for making such accounts.

X. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the produce of the said duties which shall come or be brought into the receipt of exchequer for facts coals or culm, as aforefaid, imported or to be imported before the faid feast of the annunciation of the bleffed Virgin Mary one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, shall be issued and applied in such manner as the same ought to have been issued and plied in such manner as the same ought to man any of them, applied by or in purfuance of the said former acts or any of them, if

Trealurer accountable in the excheduer, and to give fecurity.

The produce of the duties betore 25 March 1719, to be applied in puriuance of the former مداغد

if this present act had not been made; and if it shall appear, after the application thereof, that any money shall remain unsatisfied for principal or interest upon the register of loans kept. at the exchequer, by virtue or in pursuance of the said acts of the ninth and tenth years of her late Majesty's reign or either of 9 Ann. c. 22. them, then such remainder so unsatisfied shall be paid and dis- 10 Ann. c. 11. charged out of the first monies to be raised or paid in part of the

faid sum of three hundred and fixty thousand pounds; any thing

herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XI. And it is hereby enacted, That all such powers, pro- The powers, visoes, directions and clauses contained in the said recited acts &c. in the of the ninth and tenth years of her said late Majesty's reign, former acts and in the faid act of the first year of his Majesty's reign, or in continued. any other act or acts of parliament touching the building and 1 Geo. 1. repairing of the faid churchs, and any other matters and things therein specified, as are now in force and are not taken away or altered by this present act, shall continue and be in force to all

intents and purposes, as if the same powers, directions, provisoes and clauses were repeated and re-enacted in the body of this act.

XII. Provided always, and be it enacted by the authority a- His Majesty foresaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the King's may appoint majesty, his heirs and successors, from time to time, by comfor the churches and successors under the great seal of Great Britains of the churches. mission or letters patents under the great seal of Great Britain, churches. to nominate, constitute and appoint such persons to be commiffioners to execute all and every the powers in the faid recited acts of the ninth and tenth years of her faid late Majesty's reign, and of the first year of his Majesty's reign, which do or

shall remain to be executed, and all the powers in this present act, touching the building and repairing of the said churches, and other matters by such commissioners to be done and performed,

and to observe such directions as shall be most conducible to his Majesty's gracious and pious intentions in the premisses.

XIII. And to the end a good and sufficient fund and security

may be fettled and established for raising the sum of sive hundred and five thousand nine hundred ninety and five pounds, part of the said sum of five hundred twenty eight thousand three hundred and twenty pounds one shilling and nine pence, for making good the supply granted to his Majesty in this session of parliament: be it surther enacted by the authority aforesaid, That After Lady

yearly and every year, from and after the feast of the annuncia- day 1717, for tion of the bleffed Virgin Mary one thousand seven hundred 32 years and nineteen, for and during the term of thirty two years from per ann. to be thence next immediately entining, the full fun of thirty thou- the fund for fine hundred 660 and size hundred 660 and si fand five hundred fifty and nine pounds and fourteen shillings the fortunate per annum, by or out of the monies of or for the said several lots.

duties on coals and culm by this act appropriated or intended to be appropriated as aforesaid, shall be and by this act is declared and enacted to be a particular fund and fecurity for answering and paying, as well the principal as the interest of the fortumate lots or chances herein after mentioned, in such course, manner and form as are hereafter in this act prescribed in that

[1718: behalf: and the commissioners of his Majesty's treasury now being, and the high treasurer and under treasurer of the exchequer, and the commissioners of the treasury of his Majesty, his heirs and successors for the time being, are hereby strictly enjoined and required to cause the said yearly sum of thirty thou-fand five hundred fifty nine pounds and sourteen shillings to be from time to time set apart, issued and applied according to this act, out of the duties arising as aforesaid; any former law or statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

Any persons may be con-tributors.

XIV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That it shall and may be lawful for any person or persons, natives or foreigners, bodies politick or corporate, to contribute or advance, for or towards raising the said sum of sive hundred and five thousand nine hundred and ninety five pounds, by paying, at or before the respective days and times in this act limited in that behalf, to any receiver or receivers to be appointed for that purpose, as is herein after mentioned, the sum of three pounds, or divers intire sums of three pounds upon this act; and that for raising the said sum of sive hundred and sive thoufand nine hundred ninety five pounds, any person who will become contributor or adventurer, shall or may advance the sum of three pounds, for which sums so advanced he, she or they, in case of a fortunate lot, shall be entitled to receive, by virtue of this act, such principal money and interest for the same, to be paid, as herein after is mentioned, by and out of the faid particular fund of thirty thousand five hundred fifty and nine pounds and fourteen shillings per annum, settled by this act; and that every such contributor or adventurer may advance as many intire sums of three pounds, as he, she or they shall think fit; and for every such sum of three pounds so advanced he, she or they, if fortunate, is and are to be interested in one lot or share of and in the same yearly fund by virtue of this act: and the same intire sums of three pounds each are hereby appointed to be paid to fuch receiver or receivers at or before the respective

days and times and in the respective proportions herein after Times of pay-mentioned, that is to say, one third part thereof on or before ment.

the fifteenth day of April one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, and the remaining two third parts thereof on or before the fifteenth day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand

feven hundred and nineteen,

Treasury to appoint managers. Books to be prepared with two columns. Treasury to appoint receivers. Managers to examine the books. Tickets how to be delivered out. Books to be re-delivered to the managers by so May 1719. Tickets not disposed of to be delivered into the Exchequer to be cancelled. EXP.

Recital of XVIII. And whereas in and by one all of this session of parlie-5 Geo. 1. C. 3 ment, intituled, An act for applying certain overplus monies and being the further sums to be raised, as well by way of a lottery as by loans, towards paying off and cancelling exchequer bills, and for lef-fening the prefent great charge in relation to those bills, and for act of this teffion.

circulating and exchanging for ready money the refidue of the same bills for the future, it is enacled, That one hundred fixty eight thousand fix hundred fixty five tickets therein mentioned shall be rolled up and put into a box to be marked with the letter (A) and secured as in the same act is prescribed; and that books shall be prepared, in which every leaf shall be divided or distinguished into two downs; and that upon the innermost of those two columns there shall be printed one hundred sixty eight thousand six hundred sixty five tickets, and that upon the outermost of those two columns there shall be printed one bundred fixty eight thousand fix hundred fixty five tickets; and that twenty eight thousand one hundred and nine, part of those contained in the outermost columns of the books last mentioned, shall be called the fortunate tickets, to which the prizes or benefits shall be long, as is therein mentioned; and the said fortunate tickets shall be long, as is therein mentioned; and the said fortunate tickets shall be written upon, as well in figures as in words at length, in manner following, that is to say, upon one of them, twenty thousand pounds principal money; upon two of them severally, ten thousand pounds principal money; upon every one of them severally, five thousand pounds principal money; upon every one of thirty of them severally, one thousand pounds principal money; upon every one of four bundred pounds principal money; upon every one of four bundred and four of them severally, one hundred pounds principal money; upon every one of fourteen hundred and eight of them severally, five and twenty pounds principal money; and upon every one of twenty five thousand three hundred and ninety of them severally, ten pounds principal money: which principal sums, tothem severally, ten pounds principal money: which principal sums, to-gether with five hundred pounds principal money to be allowed to the ewner of the first-drawn ticket, and five thousand pounds principal owner of the first-drawn ticket, and five thousand pounds principal money to the owner of the last-drawn ticket, (besides the benefits which may bappen to belong to the two tickets last mentioned) do amount in the whole to five bundred thousand pounds; and that all the tickets centained in the outermost columns of the last-mentioned books, shall be carefully rolled up and put into another box to be marked with the letter (B), to be also secured as in the same act is prescribed; and that on or before the twenty fourth day of September one thousand seven hundred and nineteen the said several boxes, with the tickets therein, shall be brought into the Guild-hall of the city of London; and that the tickets therein shall be drawn, and the fortunate tickets ascertained, adjusted and settled in the manner and within such time as are therein mentioned, as by the same act, relation being thereunto had, may more fully appear. Now in regard the tickets prescribed by this present act do consist of the same numbers, and are to be attended with the same chances with those appointed to be preattended with the same chances with those appointed to be prepartended with the lame chances with those appointed to be pre-pared by the act last before recited: it is hereby further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the chance of every ticket for Every chance which any money shall be contributed on this present act (whe-ther the same shall happen to be a prize or a blank) shall be de-termined by the drawing of the tickets upon the said other act; drawing of to that in every case where any numbred ticket upon the draw-the other loting by the faid other act shall be entitled to a prize in principal tery.

money, 5 Geo. z. c. 3

money, the ticket of the like number to be made forth upon this present act shall be entitled to a prize of the like value in principal money; and in every case where any numbred ticket upon the drawing by the said other act shall not be a prize, the ticket of the like number to be made forth upon this present act shall likewise be deemed to be an unfortunate ticket, to which no prize shall belong.

The method of drawing to ascertain the course of payment. An exact table of the course of payment to be printed. Fortunate tickets to be brought to the managers within 30 days after drawing. Fortunate tickets to be printed. Forging or counterfeiting tickets selony. Managers to enter fortunate tickets in a book, and transmit it into the Exchequer. Interest to be paid quarterly. First payment at St. John Baptist's day 2719. Managers to be sworn. Their oath. All receipts and issues at the exchequer to be gratis, &c. Money lent tax-free. Fortunate tickets to be exchanged for standing orders. Orders in the same course of payment to be numbred according to their bringing in. Orders to be paid numerically, &c. and assignable. Several orders in the same thousand may be turned into one order, not exceeding 500l. in one order. The fund of 30,559l. 14s. per annum appropriated for paying interest and principal. No undue preference if subsequent orders be paid before other persons that did not come to take their money. Monies of one year proving descient, to be paid out of the next year. Notice in the London Gazette, and by writing to be hung up in the office, to be given of what courses are in payment. Receivers may take in money before they receive their books. Contributor advancing one third, and not the remaining two thirds by 15 May 1719. the first third forseited, &c. Treasury to appoint officers to pay interest and principal, and to register all assignments of orders, &c. All assignments to be registered without fee. Extraordinary benefits of 1000l. or upwards, may be divided into several standing orders, &c. Guardians may subscribe for infants. The overplus of the duties on coals quarterly, to make good the residual sum of 28,325l. 18. 9d. The managers and incident charges to be paid out of the duties on coals. E X P.

All furplus money difposeable by parliament. XLII. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforefaid, That all the furplus, excess, or overplus monies, which shall or may quarterly, or at the end of any quarter of a year, during the said term of thirty two years, arise by the said duties on coals and culm hereby appropriated, as aforesaid (over and above so much as shall be sufficient to discharge the monies then due and incurred on the said particular fund of twenty one thousand pounds per annum, and on the said particular fund, not exceeding thirty thousand sive hundred fifty nine pounds and sourteen shillings per annum, and over and above the mecessary charges for executing this act, and over and above the monies applicable by this act, to satisfy the said residual sum of twenty two thousand three hundred twenty sive pounds one shilling and nine pence) and that all the surplus, excess, or overplus monies which shall or may arise and remain of or for the said duties on coals and culm hereby appropriated, as aforesaid, after the said sum of three hundred and sixty thousand pounds to be charged on the said particular sum of twenty one thousand pounds per annum, and after all the principal and interest to be charged, as aforesaid, on the said particular sum of thirty thousand five hundred sifty nine pounds and sourteen shillings

Anno quinto GEORGII 1. C.o.

m, and after the said residual sum of twenty two thouse hundred twenty five pounds one shilling and nine and the said necessary charges of executing this act, shall ly paid off, discharged and satisfied, (or sufficient mobe set off for those purposes) shall be kept apart and for the disposition of parliament, and shall not be disapplied to any use or purpose whatsoever, but by auss parliament, and according to such future act or acts ument as shall be made and passed for the disposition

[. And whereas notwithstanding the several good asts of par- Clause for the heretofore made against private lotteries, several persons more effectual en publick notice for taking subscriptions for the sale of the suppressing private lotteries of the chances to arise on the tickets to be issued by teries. 5 Geo. the said ast, intituled, An act for applying certain over-1. C. 3. nies, and further sums to be raised, as well by way of the language revenue. s by loans, towards paying off and cancelling exchequer d for lessening the present great charge in relation to Is; and for circulating and exchanging for ready money ue of the same bills for the suture, not being possessed to son which such chances, or parts of chances are proposed to thereby eresting another lottery, or entring into an undersembling a lottery, for their private benefit, on the foot of y so erested by parliament, to the great and manifest prejube publick credit, and in open contempt of the said acts of nt made against private lotteries: for the preventing and ng such pernicious practices, be it surther enacted by ority aforesaid, That the same and all such kind of ungs, shall be and are hereby declared to be within the mt and meaning of the several acts of parliament made private lotteries; and the several person or persons, buying, subscribing, or taking subscriptions for the purchase chances or lots, or part or parts of fuch chances or lots, any one or more of the tickets made out, or to be it, in pursuance of this or any other act or acts of parfor a publick lottery, or of or on the number or num-any such ticket or tickets, without having such original tickets in his, her or their own custody and right, shall to, and suffer the several pains, penalties and forfeitures by any former act or acts of parliament, upon such be concerned in private lotteries; and further, That if time or times, after the twentieth day of March one d seven hundred and eighteen, any person or persons fume to sell, or take subscriptions for the sale or sales of or chance, lots or chances, or any part or parts of the nance, lots or chances, of or on any one or more ticket ts, or of or on the number or numbers of any ticket or nade or to be made out in pursuance of this or any other Is of parliament for a publick lottery, without having ket or tickets in his, her or their custody or right; such or persons shall, for every lot or chance, or part of lot

or chance so sold or subscribed for, as aforesaid, forseit and pay the sum of one hundred pounds, over and above any former penalties inflicted by any former act or acts of parliament made against private lotteries; the one moiety thereof to his Majesty, his heirs and successors, and the other moiety thereof to such person or persons as, in his, her or the rown right, shall at the commencement of the drawing of such lottery or lotteries be possessed of the ticket or tickets on which such lot or chance, or part of lot or chance, shall be sold or subscribed for, as aforesaid, to be recovered by action of debt, or on the case, bill, suit or information, in any his Majesty's courts of record at West-minster, as aforesaid.

CAP. X.

An all for enlarging the time granted by two alls of parliament, for repairs of the piers of Bridlington alias Burlington, and for making the said alls more effectual.

1 Geo. 1. C. 49. This all is explained by 7 Geo. 1. stat. 1. C. 16. s. 16. &c.

: .

HEREAS by an act passed in the first year of the reign of his present Majesty, intituled, An act to revive and continue an act of the eighth and ninth years of the reign of his late majesty King William, for repair of the piers of Bridlington alias Burlington in the east-riding of the county of York, it was enacted, That the said act of the eighth and ninth years of the reign of his late majesty King William the Third, and all the duties and sums of money thereby granted and made payable, and every clause, matter and thing therein contained, should from and after the twenty fourth day of June one thousand seven hundred and sixteen stand and be revived, continued and paid, for the term of fourteen years, videlicet, from the said twenty fourth day of June one thousand seven hundred and sixteen until the twenty fourth day of June one thousand seven hundred and sixteen until the twenty fourth day of June one thousand seven hundred and thirty: and whereas for the greater security of such ships and vessels as shall, from time to time, come into the harbour of Bridlington, it is absolutely necessary, that both the said piers should be lengthened, and the whole south pier be speedily rebuilt (and most part thereof upon a new foundation) and that new jettics should be also built, and other necessary works made for the security thereof: be it enacted, &c.

The trustees in the recited act, and those herein named, may lengthen the north and south piers, build jetties, &c. The act & & W. 3. c. 29. shall continue in force for 25 years, after June 24. 1730. The trustees in the recited act of 1 Geo. 1. stat. 2. c. 49. and those herein named, shall have power to raise and dispose of the duty granted by & & 9 W. 3. c. 29. Trustees dying, the survivors may elect others. Additional duties granted after June 24, 1719. To be raised, &c. as by the former acts. Persons, lands, &c. heretofore chargeable with building, &c. the said piers, &c. shall continue to be so after the said piers, &c. are lengthned, &cc. Trustees may assign the duties, and grant the tolls, &c. for thirty-six years, as a security for money to be borrowed for the purposes of this act. If any person be sued, the action shall be laid in the county of York, and the defendant may plead the general issue, &c. and shall recover trable costs.

CAP. XI.

An act against clandestine running of uncustomed goods, and for the more effectual preventing of frauds relating to the customs.

WHEREAS the laws already made for preventing the unlawful importing and clandestine running and landing of customable and prohibited goods and merchandizes, have by experience been found to be ineffectual to prevent such illegal practices, whereby bis Majesty is greatly defrauded of and in his duties, and fair traders, who duly pay duties, are very much discouraged and injured in their trades: and whereas for the better carrying on such private and clandestine trade, divers small vessels, under the burthen of sisteen tons, are generally employed in the undue importing, running and landing foreign brandy, strong-waters and spirits, contrary to the laws already made and in sorce: for remedy whereos, be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and comadvice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by authority of the same, That if any foreign brandy, arrack, rum, March 17193 strong waters or spirits of any kind whatsoever, shall from and brandy, &cc. after the five and twentieth day of March one thousand seven imported in hundred and nineteen be imported or brought into Great Bri- any ship under the same are also be appropriate to the same are said to Great Bri- any ship under tain, or into any port, harbour, haven or creek thereof, in any 15 tune, such ship, vessel or boat, under the burthen of sisteen tons (except sec. only for the use of the seamen then belonging to and on board Continued by such thin vessel or boat areading and on board Continued by fuch ship, vessel or boat, not exceeding one gallon for each a Geo. 1. C. 28. such seamen) every such ship, vessel or boat, with all her tackle, from May surniture and apparel, or the value thereof, shall be forseited, 1729, to Sept. and shall and may be seised by any officers or officers of the By 8 Geo. 1. customs, and shall and may be proceeded against and recovered c. 18. sect. 1 in the manner herein after mentioned; and after the seizure and Ships, &c. of condemnation of such ship, vessel or boat, the principal officers 40 tans or un-of his Majesty's customs in the port or place where the same brandy, &c. are shall be at the time of condemnation, are hereby directed to satisfied shall be at the time of condemnation, are hereby directed to forfeited. cause such ship, vessel or boat, to be entirely broke up, and the materials to be publickly fold to the best advantage, together with the tackle, furniture and apparel thereunto belonging, the produce whereof to be divided as herein after mentioned.

II. And whereas rum is now imported in much greater propor-After 19 Sept. tions than formerly: and whereas the importing thereof in small 1719, rum impeases or vessels is many times done with design that the same may ported in casks more easily, privately, and clandestinely be carried off and conveyed lons, forfeited, without paying the duties: for remedy whereof, be it enacted by For the contitue authority aforesaid, That if after the twenty ninth day of mance of this September one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, any rum seed that the imported or brought into Great Britain, or into any seed. 8. & September haven or creek thereof, in any cask or vessel not 2 Geo. 2. C. 28. port, harbour, haven or creek thereof, in any cask or vessel, not 2 Geo. 2. c. 28. containing twenty gallons at the least (excepting only for the sect. 3. as of the seamen then belonging to and on board such ship or 2 Geo. 2. c. 35. Yes, XIV.

the use of the vessel) all such rum, or the value thereof, shall be forseited; master, &c. nevertheless if it shall be made appear, to the satisfaction of the principal officers of the customs at the port of importation, that such rum so imported in small casks, was for the use of the master or seamen belonging to the ship or vessel in the voyage, or

imported by merchants or traders, without fraud or concealment, that then and in every such case the said officers are bereby impowered and directed to admit such rum to an entry, and cause the duties thereof to be accepted, instead of the forseiture thereof before-mentioned; any thing herein contained to the

contrary notwithstanding.

After 25
March 1719, foreign goods, wares or merchandizes, shall after taken in at fea by any and nineteen, by any collier, fisher-boat, or other coasting vessellier, &C. 19 fel or boat by taken in at and nineteen, by any collier, fisher-boat, or other coasting vessellier, &C. 19 fel or boat by taken in at few or out of any thin or vessel when

collier, acc. to fel or boat be taken in at fea, or out of any ship or vessel whatbe landed or
put on board
any other vesse or boat, within the limits of any port, without payment of the
fel without
ensured or the fermion and other duties due and payable for the fame, such

eustoms and other duties due and payable for the same, such goods, wares and merchandizes shall be forfeited, and the master of such collier, sister be continuated, see this clause, see a general seed of such collier of such goods, unless in case of necessity, which such master shall immediately give notice of, and make proof before the chief officers of the customs of the first port of this kingdom where he shall arrive; and the master, purses, seed as the continuation of the same of the same of the same seeds and payable for the same, such as the same payable for the same payable

proof before the chief officers of the cultoms of the first port of officer. s. & this kingdom where he shall arrive; and the master, purser, a Geo. s. c. s. or other person taking charge of the ship or vessel, out of sect. s. which such goods shall be taken in at sea, unless in case of neand the master cessity, as aforesaid, shall forfeit treble the value of such goods to forfeit treble fo unshipt; one moiety of which forfeiture to be for the use of the value, unless in case of his Majesty, his heirs and successors, and the other moiety to him, her or them who will inform or sue for the same, and shall and may be recovered in like manner as is herein after mentioned.

Goods not reported, and found at clearing fuch ships from foreign parts, goods are often found after clearing the ship, torteited, landed without payment of duties, so that 'tis almost impossible for smane, of this canter information: for prevention of which fraudulent practices, be it clause, see and twentieth day of March one thousand seven hundred and

a Geo. 2. c.28. nincteen, all goods not reported, and found after the clearing feet. 3. the thip by the proper officer or officers of the customs, shall be liable to forseiture, and such goods shall and may be seized and prosecuted in the manner herein after mentioned; any law or custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

20 Ann. c. 26. V. And subserves by an all made in the tenth year of the late Queen's reign, for laying additional duties on hides and skins, vellum and parchment, and new duties on starch, coffice, tea, drugs, and other things, certificates for the discharge of bonds given at the custom house upon the exportation of cosses or tea, that the same shall not be relarded in any part of Great Britain, are to be under the common

feal of the chief magistrate in such place or places in parts beyond the seas, or under the bands and seals of two known British merchants then being at such place or places, That such coffee, tea or drugs was there landed; which provision is found insufficient for the security of the revenue of customs against any secret relanding such coffee, tea or drugs, in some part of this kingdom: and in regard a better provision may be made with respect to such goods exported to Ireland, as is made in the case of tobacco, by an air made in the eighth year of her 8 Ann. c. 13. said late Majesty's reign; be it therefore enacted by the authority After 1 May aforesaid, That from and after the first day or Asay one thousand 1719 on bond seven hundred and nineteen, no such bond given for the exportation of coffee, tea, or other certificate goods exported to Ireland, cate goods to tation of coffee, tea, or other certificate goods exported to Ireland, cate goods to shall be delivered up, or any drawback allowed for any goods en- Ireland to be titled thereto, until a certificate shall be produced under the delivered up, hands and seals of the collector, controller and surveyor of the or any draw-back allowed, customs of some port in *Ireland*, or any two of them, where till certificate such goods shall be landed, testifying the landing thereof; and for from the colthe future the condition of all such bonds, required by law to be lector, &c. given for the exportation of any of the said goods to *Ireland*, where the shall be, to produce such certificate in six months from the date landed, &c. thereof (the danger of the seas and enemies excepted;) and in For the conticase no such certificate shall be produced within the said time of nuance of this six months, it shall and may be lawful for the commissioners of clause, see fix months, it shall and may be lawful for the commissioners of clause, fee the customs in England or Scotland respectively to cause such sect. 8. & bonds to be put in suit, unless they shall find sufficient cause to 2 Geo. 2. C. 28. forbear the same; any law, custom or usage to the contrary not- sect. 3. withstanding.

VI. And whereas the remedies already provided by law, to prevent the relanding goods prohibited to be worn in this kingdom, and foreign goods shipped out for parts beyond the seas, have not been sufficient to put a stop to the fraudulent relanding such goods, to the prejudice of the revenue and the sair traders; be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the five and twentieth After as day of March one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, if and March 1719, such goods shall be unshipped, or put on shore (unless in case goods prohibited to be of distress to save the ship from perishing, or in the presence of worn here, and an officer of the customs) the said goods shall be forseited; and foreign goods, if the master, purser, or other person, taking care of any ship relanded, forwherein the said goods shall be laden, shall suffer or permit any sected. Penasty on of the said goods to be landed or unshipped (unless as aforesaid) master or purathe said master, purser, or other person, taking care of such ser. the relanding goods prohibited to be worn in this kingdom, and foreign the faid mafter, purser, or other person, taking care of such ser.

Thip, shall forfeit the value of such goods so unshipped or land. For the continuance of this did goods shall come, after the unshipping or landing thereof, 9 Geo. 1. c 8 he or they knowing the same to be so unshipped, shall forfeit set. 8 & double the value of the said goods, unless he or they shall make 2 Geo. 2. C. 28. discovery thereof to the principal officers of the customs in six sect. 3. days after the faid goods thall so come to his or their hands; provided the faid goods shall not have been seized by, or in-formation given thereof to any officer of the customs before meh discovery.

VII. And D 2

sel, or put into other form or package, during the time the said

Penalty on VII. And whereas the perfons concerned in carrying on the faid master, &c. fraudulent practices do frequently cause the package of such goods to be permitting the opened on board the ship, during the time she continues in port, wheresuch goods to by they have a better opportunity to reland the said goods: for the
beard with Gid. That if the package of any such goods shall with the priboard, withfaid, That if the package of any such goods shall, with the priout leave. vity or consent of the master, purser, or other persons taking care of fuch thip or vessel, be opened on board any thip or ves-

thip or vessel remains in port, without leave of one or more of the principal officers of the port, the said master, purser, or other person, taking care of such ship or vessel, shall forseit one hundred pounds; and if the said master, purser, or other per-fon, taking care of such ship or vessel, shall permit or suffer any of the said goods to be unshipped or landed, or the package of For the contifin, taking care of fuch ship or vessel, shall permit or suffer any of the said goods to be unshipped or landed, or the package of s. 8. & 2 Geo. any such goods to be opened, or put land any other form, without leave, as aforesaid, then such master, purser, or other per-2. C. 28. f. 3. fon shall also suffer six months imprisonment, without bail or

mainprize.

Ships of 50 VIII. And whereas divers ships and vessels of the burthen of sifty tons, or under, tons, or under, laden with coffee, tea, cocoa-nuts, French wrought hovering on silks, East India goods prohibited to be worn in this kingdom, pepters may enter per, and other spices, brandy, spirits, and other customable and preand take an bibited goods, pretending to be bound for foreign parts, do frequently account of the lie hovering on the coasts of this kingdom, with intention to run the lading, and the same privately on shore as opportunity offers, to the great dimithe fame privately on shore as opportunity offers, to the great dimi-nution and loss of the revenue, and ruin of fair traders; and by rea-son of the said vessels so hovering, frequent opportunities are found for carrying on the clandestine trade of exporting wool, and other staple commodities of this kingdom prohibited to be transported: for the betlading, and demand fecurity in treble the value of the goods.

For the contiter preventing whereof, be it declared and enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the five and twentieth day rity aforesaid, That from and after the five and twentieth day of March one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, where any mnance of this clause, jee of March one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, where any Geo. 1. c. 3. This or vessel of the burthen of fifty tons, or under, laden with customable or prohibited goods, shall be found hovering on the coasts of this kingdom, within the limits of any port, and not

proceeding on her voyage for foreign parts, or to some other port of this kingdom, wind and weather permitting, it shall and may be lawful to and for any officer or officers of his Majesty's customs to go on board every such ship or vessel, and to take an account of the lading, and to demand and take security from the master or other person having or taking the charge or command of such ship or vessel in that voyage, by his own bond by him to be entred into unto his Majesty, his heirs and successors, in such sum or sums of money as shall be treble the value of fuch foreign goods then on board, with condition, That fuch thip or vessel (as soon as wind and weather, and the state and condition of such ship or vessel doth permit) shall and will proceed regularly on such voyage, and shall land such foreign goods

in and at some foreign port or ports; and if such master or other Master, &c. refuling toen-person having or taking the charge or command of such ship or ter into-bond.

Anno quinto Georgii J. c. 11.

hall upon such demand refuse to enter into such bond. ig entred into such bond, shall not depart or proceed y on such voyage (as soon as wind, weather, and the d condition of fuch ship or vessel shall permit) unless le suffered to make a longer stay by the collector (or incipal officer in his absence, of such port where such ressel of the faid cases, all the foreign goods so on board such The foreign ressel, shall and may, by any officer or officers of the goods may be, by direction of the collector or other principal officer, taken out of said, be taken out of and from such ship or vessel, and secured, and h brought on shore and secured; and in case the said custom paid. re customable, the customs and other duties shall be paid fame; and as concerning wool or any prohibited goods, And wool or goods liable to forfeiture, which may be found on board prohibited ps or vessels at the time of their unlading, as aforesaid, goods forfeite are hereby declared to be subject to forfeiture, and the ed. of the customs shall and may prosecute the same, as also or vessel, in case she shall be liable to condemnation, as nanner herein after mentioned.

Provided always, That after such goods are so taken out Such goods hip or vessel, and brought on shore and secured by such brought on r officers, such bonds so to be given, as aforesaid, shall shore, bond to be delivered up without any see or reward for taking up.

From up the same; and such bond not being otherwise ed, shall on a proper certificate returned under the complete the complete states and seals of two known British shall be various the place that such goods were there landed, or cated. ats upon the place that fuch goods were there landed, or cated. oof by credible persons, that such goods were taken by or perished in the seas (the examination and proof being left to the judgment of the commissioners of the

) shall be vacated and discharged. Individual to the package of coffee for exportation bath Coffee to be and to be prejudicial to his Majesty's customs: be it therefore exported in by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the five the original ntieth day of March one thousand seven hundred and bale, or in some bale cona, no coffee that of exported but then only as that we taining the ed in the original bale or package, or in some bale or same quantity, containing the same quantity therein, or in some bale or not less age containing not less than four hundred weight, and than 400 lb. e marks and numbers thereon with which it was first en- for the contihis Majesty's custom-house; excepting only such coffee mance of this be exported to his Majesty's plantations or Ireland. clause, see Provided, and be it further enacted, That so much of 9 Geo.1. c. 2. as relates to the importation of foreign brandy, arrack, 2. c. 28. f. 3.

tong-waters or spirits, in any ship, vessel or boat, under Continuation then of sisteen ton; and so much of this act as relates to of the several eign goods, wares and merchandizes, as shall be taken parts of this act.

and out of any ship or vessel, in order to be landed or Farther continually other ship, vessel or boat; and so much of this act need by 20

37

25 Geo. 2. C. 47.

 D_3

as relates to goods not reported, and found after clearing ships; and so much of this act as provides further remedies against relanding goods prohibited to be worn in this kingdom, and foreign goods shipped out for parts beyond the seas; and so much of this act as relates to the opening or altering the package of goods on board thips outward bound; and so much of this act as relates to hovering ships or vessels of the burthen of fifty tons, or under; and so much of this act as concerns the bales or package in which coffee shall be exported; shall continue and be in force for three years, from the five and twentieth day of March one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, and from thence to the end of the then next session of parliament, and no longer: and so much of this act as relates to rum imported in casks or vessels not containing twenty gallons at the least, shall continue and be in force from the nine and twentieth day of September one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, for three years, and from thence to the end of the then next session of parliament, and no longer; and so much of this act as relates to certificate goods entred in order to be exported for Ireland, shall continue and be in force for three years from the first day of May one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, and from thence to the end of the then next session of parliament, and no longer.

XII. And whereas great quantities of wrought filks, bengals, and fluffs mixed with filk and herba, as also mustins, and other callicoss, of the manufacture of Persia, China, or East-India, are, netwith-flanding the laws already made to the contrary, frequently imported from foreign parts, and landed in Ireland, to the prejudice of fair traders: for the better preventing the same for the future, be it declared and enacted by the authority aforesaid, That none of the before mentioned goods shall, from and after the first day of May one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, be imported After 1 May on May one thousand leven humand any place or places whatfo-1719. no East- into the faid kingdom of Ireland, from any place or places whatfo-India goods to be imported ever, contrary to the true intent and meaning of this and the

into Ireland from foreign arts Penalty.

After 1 May

ficer conniving, &c.

former acts (other than from Great Britain) under the penalty and forfeiture of all such of the aforesaid goods so imported, or the value thereof, as also of the ship or vessel importing the fame, with all her guns, furniture, ammunition, tackle and apparel; one moiety to his Majesty, his heirs and successors, and the other moiety to him or them that shall seize, inform or successors are the form in any of his Majesty's courts of processors. for the same, in any of his Majesty's courts of record in Dub Penalty on of- lin, in the faid kingdom of Ireland; and if any officer or officers of the customs in Ireland shall willingly or knowingly connive at the fraudulent importation of any of the goods afore-mentioned, contrary to the true meaning hereof, or if any such officer or officers shall take upon him or them to seize any of the said

goods, and shall by fraud or collusion desist or delay the prose-cution thereof to condemnation, he or they so conniving, desist-ing or delaying, shall forfeit and lose the sum of sive hundred

pounds, to be fued for and divided in the manner aforefaid; and fuch officer or officers shall also be incapable of holding any office or employment under his Majesty, his heirs and suc-

XIII. And whereas an all was made in the twelfth year of the late 12 Ann. stat.2. Queen, intituled, An act for the preserving all such thips and goods c. 18. thereof, which shall happen to be forced on shore or stranded upon the coasts of this kingdom, or any other of her Majesty's dominions; wherein is recited (umong other things). That many thips of trade, after all their dangers at fea escaped, have unfortunately near home run on shore or been stranded on the coasts thereof, and been barbarously plundered by his Majesty's subjects, and their cargoes im-bezilied; and when any part has been saved, it has been savelsowed up by the exorbitant demands for salvage, to the great loss of his Ma-jesty's revenue and damage of his Majesty's trading subjects; and there-fore it is by the said act (among other things) enacted, That such ships, vessels or goods to to be saveled, as therein is mentioned, shall come to the custom of vessels or goods so to be saved, as therein is mentioned, shall remain in the custody of the officer of the customs or his deputy for the purposes of the said act; and if such goods shall not be legally claimed by the right-ful ewner within the claim therein limited, that then publick sails shall be made therein in any personal limited, that then publick sails shall be made therein and personal so two manness and by such sale, with a sair and suffice account of the whole, shall be transmitted to his Majesty's exchequer, there to remain for the benefit of the owner; which act was made perpetual by another act of the south year of his 4 Geo. 1. c. 12. Majesty's reign made in that behalf: and whereas from the want of express words whereby to subject stranded goods so saved to the payment of customs and other duties, a doubt has arisin, whether such goods are liable to pay the same, to the great loss of his Majesty's revenue and contrary to the true intent and meaning of the said acts: be it therefore enacted and declared by the authority aforesaid,

That all goods, wares and merchandizes, which from and af-Goods saved That all goods, wares and merchandizes, which from and af-Goods faved ter the five and twentieth day of March one thousand seven hun- out of any stranded ship, dred and nineteen shall be salved out of any ship or vessel that after salvage shall happen to be forced on shore or stranded upon the coasts and charges of this kingdom (not being wrecked goods, or fetsbam, Flot- paid, liable to sham or Lagari) shall, after charges of salvage and other charges cultoms, &c. paid as aforesaid, be subject and she payments of the like on home and other duties, with such drawbacks when are like customs and other duties, with fuch drawbacks upon exportation, and the like allowances and abatements, as such goods, wares or merchandizes would, by any law or laws now in force, be liable unto and entitled to have, in case the same were regularly imported; any thing in the aforefaid acts or any other act to the contrary notwithirending.

XIV. And whereas in the preamote of the act made in the first 1 W. & M.

- year of King William and Queen Mary, for the better preventing the Self. 1. C. 32, expertation of wool and encouraging the woollen manufactures of this kingdom, wool, wool-fells, martings, shortlings, your made of wool, wool-flocks, fuller's-earth, fulling-right part through a point of the corruin. .rated; but in the enacting part thereof, which relates to the carrying wool coastwife, wool only is mentioned, and the other enumerated goods left out, whereby frequent opportunities are given for the exportation of them, contrary to the true intent and meaning of the faid act; it

fells, mortlings, &c.

is therefore hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from Provisions for and after the five and twentieth day of March one thousand sepreventing the ven hundred and nineteen the like provision made for prevent-exportation of ing the exportation of wool in and by the act before-mentioned, tend to wool. is hereby directed and appointed to extend to wool-fells, mortlings, shortlings, yarn made of wool, wool-flocks, fullers-earth, fulling-clay and tobacco-pipe-clay aforesaid, carried coastwise;

> withstanding. XV. And whereas great quantities of filks, callicoes, linens or fluffs, printed, painted, flained or died, in Great Britain, are exposed to sale without baving a mark or stamp to denote the payment of the duties: and whereas such as bave been so marked or stamped are frequently shipped off in order to be exported into parts beyond the seas, whereby the person or persons exporting the said goods are entitled to a great drawback; and it hath been sound by experience, that great quantities of such goods, after they have been shipped for exportation, have been privately relanded in this realm; and the remedies already provided by law have not been sufficient to obviate a practice so pre-judicial to his Majesty and all sair and honest traders in such goods: be it enacted by the authority asoresaid, That from and after the

> any thing in the faid act or in any other act to the contrary not-

After a May first day of May one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, dur-After 1 May aint day of 1912y one thousand leven indicate and inflicten, dul1719, painted ing the continuance of the faid duties, in case any silks, callisilks, callicoes, coes, linens or stuffs, printed, painted, stained or died, in
sec. unmarked, forteited.

Great Britain, shall be found in any place whatsoever, on land
or water, without being marked or sealed with a stamp or seal,
denoting. That the duties have been duly paid or charged sex-

Penalty on pollellor.

cept on board such ships or vessels on which such goods have been shipped for exportation) the same shall be for feited, and shall and may be seized by any officer of the customs or exoile; and the person or persons in whose custody or possession the goods so feized shall be found, shall for every such offence forseit the sum of fifty pounds; one moiety of which forfeitures and penalties shall be to his Majesty, his heirs and successors, and the other moiety to him or them that shall seize, inform or sue for the fame in his Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, or in the court of exchequer in Scotland, wherein no protection or wager of law shall be allowed: provided always, That the goods so recovered shall not be delivered out of the custom-house warehouse, until the same shall be marked or sealed with a proper mark or stamp, to be provided by the commissioners of the customs for that purpose: and they are hereby directed and authorized to provide the same, and to cause the said goods to be stamped therewith accordingly; any law to the contrary notwithstanding. XVI. And whereas in and by an **a**ll made in the third and foursh

denoting, That the duties have been duly paid or charged (ex-

3 & 4 Ann. C. 10.

years of her late Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for encouraging the importation of naval stores from her Majesty's plantations in America, it was among ft other things declared and enacted, That every person or persons who should import or cause to be imported tar er pitch into this kingdom, directly from any of his Majesty's plantations

in America, within the time therein mentioned, he or they so importing the same should have and enjoy a reward or premium of four pounds for every ton containing eight (a) barrels, and each barrel gauging (a) Eighty in thirty one gallons and one half of good and merchantable tar; and the the record. like reward or premium for every ton of good and merchantable pitch, each ton containing twenty groß hundreds (nett pitch) to be brought in eight barrels; and by another act made in the twelfth year of the reign of ber faid late Majefly, intituled, An act for continuing an 12 Ann. stat. 2. act made in the third and fourth years of the reign of her present c. 9. Majesty, intituled, An act for encouraging the importation of naval stores from her Majesty's plantations in America; and for the encouraging the importation of naval stores from that part of Great Britain called Scotland to that part of Great Britain called England, the first-mentioned act, and every part thereof, is continued from the time of the expiration of the same for and during the term of eleven years, and from thence to the end of the next session of parliament: and it is thereby enacted, That the like rewards or premiums shall be allowed on the importation of good and merchantable tar and pitch from North-Britain into any part of South-Britain, in such manner as is therein mentioned: and whereas complaints have been made by the commissioners or principal officers of his Majesty's navy, that tar brought from the said plantations is frequently mixed with dross or water, and that dirt or dross is often found in the pitch, whereby the same are unsit for the service of his Majesty's navy: be it therefore declared and enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the twenty ninth day of Settember one thousand seven hundred and twenty ninth day of September one thousand seven hundred and After 29 Sept. nineteen no certificate shall be made out in order to allow the 1719, no certificate shall be made out in order to allow the 1719, no certificate to be premium or reward for any such pitch, until the same be freed made out for from dirt or dross, or for any such tar that is not fitting to be pitch or tar used for making cordage, and that shall not be freed from dross till freed from

and water, and unless such pitch and tar be clean, good, mer-dross, tec-

chantable and well-conditioned. XVII. And whereas by the faid last-mentioned acts the person or persons importing such pitch and tar are entitled to the said premium or reward, upon a certificate from the officers of the customs where fuch pitch and tar is imported: and whereas the said officers have not sufficient authority by the said acts to examine the said pitch and tar To strictly as they ought to do, to enable them in judgment to certify substitute the same is good and merchantable: be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for the officers of the cuftoms, before they make any such certifi- Officers of the cate, to examine the faid pitch by opening the heads of the bar- customs, berels wherein it is imported, fawing of the staves in the middle fore they
and breaking the barrel, or so many of them as they find sufficient, to excient to make a proof, or by such other means as they shall amine the think proper, to find out and discover whether the said pitch is pitch and tar.

good and merchantable, not mixed with dirt or dross; and also For the continuous standard may be lawful to and for the said officers to examine make followand fearch the faid tar, to find out and discover whether the ing fection, same is clean, good, merchantable, well-conditioned and clear see 2 Geo. of drofs or water, and fit for making cordage.

z.c 35.kcl 13.

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No fee for examining, &c.

That no fee, gratuity or reward shall be demanded, taken or received by any officers of the customs for the examining, viewing or delivering such pitch, tar or other naval stores, with respect to the premium or reward allowed by the acts afore-mentioned, or for the making or signing a certificate in order to the receiving such premium or reward, under the penalty of the loss of his office; and such officer shall be also incapable of serving his Majesty, his heirs and successors, and shall forseit the

XVIII. And he it further enacted by the authority aforesaid,

Penalty on ofneer.

loss of his otlice; and such officer shall be also incapable of serving his Majesty, his heirs and successors, and shall forfeit the sum of one hundred pounds to such person or persons as will inform and sue for the same, by action of debt or of the case, bill, suit or information in any of his Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, wherein no essoin, protection, wager of law or more than one imparlance shall be granted or allowed.

XIX. And whereas an act made in the twenty-second year of the

Act 22 & 23 Car. 2. c. 26. to have continuance during fuch time as the act of tonnage and poundage. 11 & 12 W. 3.

reign of King Charles the Second, initialed, An act to prevent the planting of tobacco in England, and regulating the plantation-trade, was by several subsequent acts continued, and by an act made in the eleventh year of the reign of King William the Third, was to have continuance for the space of seven years from the twenty ninth day of September one thousand seven hundred, and from thence to the end of the then next session of parliament, which act has been by experience found beneficial to the trade of this kingdom and the dominions and plantations thereto belonging: but some doubt bath arisen, whether the same bath had continuance by the acts for continuing the acts of tonnage and poundage: for obviating which doubt, be it hereby declared and enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said act of the twenty second year of the reign of King Charles the Second, and every clause therein contained, hath and shall have continuance for and during such time as the act of tonnage and poundage, made in the twelfth year of the reign of the said King Charles the Second, is continued and no longer.

32 Car.2. c.4.

XX. And whereas the governor and company of merchants of Great Britain trading to the South-Seas and other parts of America and for encouraging the fishery did provide and ship on board their annual ship, The Royal George, John Davison, commander, for the Spanish West-Indies, a valuable cargo of goods pursuant to the assistance treaty and the late convention between their Britannick and Cathelick Majesties; which ship could not proceed on her intended voyage by reason of the King of Spain's suspending her departure and not granting the necessary dispatches: and whereas the said governor and company (in order to make the said cargo assortable) were obliged to import and buy several goods from foreign parts, the customs and duties payable thereon at importation being paid; which foreign goods were entred and shipped out at the custom-house on board their said ship in time, by which they are entitled to a drawback payable out of his Majesty's customs, on the exportation of the said goods; but the said ship being hindred from proceeding on her intended voyage as aforesaid, and it being absolutely necessary, for the preservation of the said ship and sargo, that all the goods now on board should be relanded: be it enacted. I but the authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be saw-ful

ful to and for the faid governor and company of merchants of Great Britain trading to the South-Seas and other parts of Ameri- South fea ra, and for encouraging the fifthery, to reland or cause to be re- company may landed, in the presence of the proper officer or officers of the cuinto warehoustons, the said foreign goods so shipped as aforesaid; and such ses the foreign goods fo relanded are to be put into a proper warehouse or ware-goods in the houses (to be provided by and at the charge of the said compa- Royal George, ny) and there kept under the King's and the company's locks, the company or their servants or agents having free access to the said warehouse or warehouses at all reasonable times; and the said officers are hereby directed to give their attendance at fuch times, when required; and for fecuring to the faid gover- and on reship-nor and company the benefit of the drawback on the faid toreign ping entitled goods, notwithstanding their relanding the same, the proper of to a drawback. ficers of his Majesty's customs are hereby directed and impowered (on the said governor and company's reshipping and exporting the said foreign goods on the same or any other ship or ships) to make out a debenture or debentures for allowing and paying to the faid governor and company the same drawback they would have been entitled unto, in case their said ship, The Royal George, had proceeded on her faid intended voyage and the faid foreign goods had not been relanded; any law, custom

or ulage to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding. XXI. And whereas by an act of parliament made in the tenth year Recital of the reign of his late majefly King William the Third, intituled, 10 & 11 W. 3. An act to prevent the exportation of wool out of the kingdoms c. 10. of Ireland and England into foreign parts, and for the encouragement of the woolien manufactures in the kingdom of England, it was enacted, That no person or persons what ever, from and after the four and twentieth day of June in the year of our Lord one thou-sand fix hundred ninety nine, should directly or indirectly export, fand fix hundred ninety nine, should directly or indirectly export, transport, ship off, carry or convey, or cause or procure to be exported, transported, shipped off, carried or conveyed that of or from the said kingdom of Ireland into any foreign reason, shirts or assiminions, or into any parts or places what fixer, other than the parts within the kingdom of England or the dominion of Wales, any the wool, wool-fells, shortlings, mortlings, wool-flocks, worsted, hay or wool-len yarn, cloth, serge, hays, kerseys, says, frizes, druggets, cloth-serges, shalloons, or any other drapery stuffs or woollen manufactures what sever, made up or mixt with wool or wool-slocks, or should directly or indirectly load or cause to be loaden upon any horse, cart or wither carriage, or load or lay on board or cause to be laden or laid on other carriage, or load or lay on board or cause to be laden or laid on board in any skip or vessel in any place or part within or belonging to the faid kingdom of Ireland, any fuch wool or other the matters aforesaid, to the intent or purpose to export, transport, ship off, carry or convey the same, or cause the same to be exported, transported, shipped off, carried or conveyed out of the said kingdom of Ireland, or out of any port or place belonging to the same, or with intent or purpose that any person or persons the same out of the said kingdom of port, ship off, carry or convey the same out of the said kingdom of Ireland into any ports or places (except as aforefaid) upon pain of

fer-

forfeiting the faid wool and other matters aforefaid so exported, transported, shipped off or carried, conveyed or loaden contrary to the true intent and meaning of that act, and under other the penal-ties therein mentioned: and whereas it is further enacted by the said all, That it should and might be lawful to and for any person or persons to seize, take, secure and convey to his Majesty's next ware-bouse all such wool and other the matters aforesaid, as he or they should happen to see, find, know or discover to be had in the second in the second or the secon any sbip, vessel or boat, or to be brought, carried or laid on shore at any solp, vessel or boat, or to be brought, carried or laid on spore at or near the sea or any navigable river or water, to the intent or purpose to be exported or conveyed out of the said kingdom of Ireland contrary to the true meaning of that ast; and that such person or persons who should bappen so to seize, take or secure any of the commodities aforesaid, should be indemnisted for so doing to all intents and purposes: but it is not provided by the said ast. That the said wood and other the commodities aforesaid, which should be brought, carried or laid on shore at or near the sea or any navigable river or water, to the intent or purpose to be expected or conveyed out of the said to the intent or purpose to be exported or conveyed out of the said kingdom of Ireland contrary to the meaning of that all, should be fer-feited: for remedy whereof, be it enacted by the authority a-After 24 June foresaid, That from and after the four and twentieth day of

1719, wool laid on shore near the fea to be conveyed out of Ireland into foreign parts, forteited.

June in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and nineteen all such wool and other the commodities aforesaid, which shall be brought, carried or laid on shore at or near the fea or any navigable river or water, to the intent or purpose to be exported or conveyed out of the said kingdom of Ireland contrary to the true meaning of that act, shall be forfeited, and the offender and offenders therein shall be subject and liable to the like forfeitures, pains and penalties, as persons by that act are subject unto for exporting, transporting or shipping of wool or other the commodities aforefaid, contrary to the true intent and meaning of that act; and that such forfeitures, pains and penalties shall be recovered and distributed as other the pains, penalnalties and forfeitures in that act are by any law now in force to be recovered and distributed.

1Geo.1. stat.2. C: 46.

XXII. And whereas an act passed in the first year of the reign of his present Majesty, intituled, An act to prevent the mischiefs by manufacturing leaves or other things to resemble tobacco, and the abuses in making and mixing of souff; and whereas the provisions made by the said act, so far as relates to snuff, have proved ineffectual by reason of some doubts which have arisen, whether the powers granted by the said act to prevent the mischies by manufacturing leaves or other things to resemble tobacco can be extended to
fuch persons which shall commit abuses in making and mixing of snuff:
be it therefore enacted by the authority aforeind. That the did
All theclauses recited act made in the first year of the reign of his present Main the act

in the act jesty, and all the clauses, rules, directions, powers, matters and I Geo. 1. religion for street it ing to shuff, things therein contained, shall extend and be in sull force against to extend to any person or persons who shall, after the sive and twentieth day to extend to o kers, umber of March one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, make, mix o. other co- or colour, or shall cause to be made, mixed or coloured, any fort nuff with any fort of oakers, umber or any other kind of louring, fug (except water tinged with *Venetian* red only) or shall stick, &c. cause to be mixed with any fort of snuff, fustick or yel-mixt with snuff or any other fort of wood, or any dist ny, touchwood or any other fort of wood, or any dirt, simal tobacco sifted from tobacco, commonly called or by the name of tobacco-dust, as if the said recited act, the clauses, rules, directions, matters and things there-ained, had been re-enacted in the body of this present nst the offender or offenders in making, mixing and coof snuff as aforesaid; any law, statute, matter or thing ontrary notwithstanding.

II. And whereas divers evil-disposed persons have at the time, ster the roasting of coffee, made use of water, grease, but-such like materials, whereby the same is rendred unwholsome, ly increased in weight, to the prejudice of his Majesty's relers in that commodity: for the prevention whereof, be it by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the five ntieth day of March one thousand seven hundred and Roassers of 1, if any perion or perions whatfoever shall, at the roast- coffee making rease, butter, or any other material whatsoever, which grease, butter, rease the weight, or damnify and prejudice the said coffee &c. to forseign the said coffee and the contract the said coffee and the coffee and th

podness, he, she or they shall forfeit the sum of twenty for every such offence; and if any trader or dealer in The same pehall knowingly buy or sell any such coffee, he, she or naity on trad-Il foricit the sum of twenty pounds for every such offence, ers in coffee, iety whereof to his Majesty, and the other moiety to him who will fue for the fame.

V. And whereas by reason of the great duties which are pay-everal foreign goods and merchandizes, fraudulent practices binations may be carried on between the importers and ownuch goods, by themselves or their agents, and the officers of nue, in pursuance whereof such goods are seized, and after ation on payment of the King's share of the value at which shall be appraised (which value is very often less than the such goods are returned to the importers and owners, or mis, upon their giving a moderate gratification to the officer,
g to the agreement made, whereby his Majefly may be greatuded of his duties: for prevention whereof, be it enacted
uthority aforesaid, That if any officer of the revenue Penalty on ofectly or indirectly make any collusive leizure of foreign ficer making to the intent that the same may escape payment of the collusive seine shall not only forfeit the sum of five hundred pounds, zure neapable of serving his Majesty in any office or employ-fine relating the revenue; as also the importer and owner of the goods hereto 12 Geo. fively seised, shall forfeit treble the value thereof; one 1. c.28. sect. 1. of which penalties and forfeitures shall be to his Maje-heirs and successors, and the other moiety to him or ho shall inform or sue for the same by action of debt, bill, r'information in any of his Majesty's courts of record at

[1718]

Westminster, or in the court of exchequer in Scotland, wherein no essoin, protection or wager of law, or any more than one imparlance shall be allowed.

Officer or importer disco-vering his ac-complices in two months, acquitted.

XXV. Provided nevertheless, That if the officer or importer and owner of the goods shall discover such his offence to the commissioners of the customs in England or Scotland respectively, within two months after the same shall have been committed, so as his accomplice or accomplices in such collusive seizure be convicted thereof, the offender so discovering shall be clearly acquitted and discharged of such his offence.

Reward for any other difcovering in three months.

XXVI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, any other difcovering in three months.

ing such collusive seizure, or the importer and owner of the goods so seized, shall within three months after such seizure, discover to the commissioners of the customs in England or Scotland respectively, any person or persons who shall have been guilty of such fraud, so as such person or persons be convicted thereof, the person so discovering shall receive to his own use one half part of his Majesty's share of what shall be recovered on the conviction of such offender or offenders.

Distribution

XXVII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, of forfeitures. That in all cases, touching which no special distribution is provided by this act, one moiety of the several penalties and for-feitures in this act mentioned shall be to the use of his Majesty, his heirs and successors, and the other moiety to such person or persons as shall sue for and prosecute the same by bill, plaint or information in any of his Majesty's courts of record at Westminfter or in the court of exchequer in Scotland, (except where it is in this act otherwise directed) wherein no essoin, protection or wager of law thall be allowed.

CAP. XII.

An all for making more effectual the several alls past for repairing and amending the highways of this kingdom.

WHEREAS divers acts of parliament have been made for the better repairing and amending the bighways within this kingdom, and for the preventing carriers and waggoners from carrying excessive burdens, which have hitherto proved wholly ineffectual, and the great roads have from time to time become more ruinous, (notwithflanding the expence travellers are put to at the feveral turnpikes) to the great decay of the trade and commerce of this realm: for remedy whereof, be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That from and after the Aster June 14, sour and twentieth day of June in the year of our Lord one 2719, no wag- thousand seven hundred and nineteen no waggon travelling for gon travelling hire shall go or be drawn with more than six horses, either at for hire shall length and neither states or side ways and that from and after the side be drawn with length, or in pairs or sideways; and that from and after the said sore than fix four and twentieth day of June no cart travelling for hire shall horses, nor go or be drawn with more than three horses, under the pains, cartwith more

penalties and forfeitures herein after-mentioned, (that is to fay) than three, on That if any travelling waggon for hire shall, from and after the penalty of for-faid four and twentieth day of June, go or be drawn with more seizor all the than six horses, that the owner or driver of such waggon for hire horses above shall forseit and lose all the horses above six in a waggon, with that number, all geers, bridles, halters and accourrements, to the sole use and with all geers, benefit of any person or persons who shall seize or distrain the Altered 16 Geo. same; and if any cart travelling or carrying for hire shall, at 2. c. 29. any time from and after the said four and twentieth day of June, 26Geo.2.c.30. go, travel or be drawn with more than three horses, that the owner or driver of such cart so travelling for hire shall forseit and lose all the horses above three, with all geers, bridles, halters and accourrements, to the sole use and benefit of any person or persons who shall seize or distrain the same.

II. Provided also, and it is hereby enacted and declared, That Persons seizwhatever person or persons shall make any seizure or distress for ing shall deli-any of the penalties hereby incurred, such person or persons ver the horses, shall deliver the horse or horses, or other things so seized or next condistrained, into the custody of the constable or some other pa-stable, &c. rish-officer of the same, next or adjacent town or parish where fuch distress or seizure is made, (who are hereby required to receive into their custody and safely to keep the same) till the person or persons who made such distress or seizure, shall make proof upon oath before some justices of the peace of the offence and make committed; and the said justice or justices, before whom such proof of the proof is made, are hereby required to issue their precept to such offence before constable or parish-officer, immediately to deliver the horse or a justice, who horses, or other things so forfeited, to the party or parties who precept to the seized or distrained the same, to and for their sole use and be-constable, &c. nefit, paying such reasonable charge for keeping and securing to deliver the such other things, as the said justice or justices shall allow and horses, &c. to the seizor.

direct. III. And whereas one other great decay of the publick highways or roads of the kingdom is greatly occasioned by the very narrow streaks or tire of late used for binding the wheels of travelling waggons for hire, and fetting on the same with rose-headed nails: for preventing of which, be it enacted, That from and after the nine and twen- After Sept. 29, tieth day of September one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, 1719, no such the fire sept. 19, 1719, no fuch the sept. 19, 1719, no fuch t owner or driver of any such waggon, being so bound with tire two inches or streaks of a less breadth than two inches and a half, when and half, or worn, or if of a greater breadth, such tire or streak shall be fast-fet on with node on with role-headed pails shall farfait and half or with ned on with rose-headed nails, shall forfeit and lose all such rose headed horses above the number of three, with all geers, bridles, hal-nails, shall go with more ters and accourrements, to be seised, distrained and applied, in than three the same manner, and to and for the same uses, as the other bories, on for-forseitures and penalties in this act are applied to and disposed feiture as a-bove.

dering, &c. &c. shall be imprisoned for three

and forfeit zo l.

Persons hin-

if any person or persons shall or do hinder, or with force, or otherwise, attempt or endeavour to hinder or obstruct the seizing, distraining, taking or carrying away of any seizure or di-stress, or matter or thing seized or distrained for any the penalmonths, with ties or forfeitures incurred, or to be incurred or forfeited by virout bail, tue of this act, or shall rescue the same, or shall use any violence to the person or persons concerned in making such seizure or distress, each and every such person or persons shall, upon

due proof made upon oath, by one or more credible witness or

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That

witnesses, before one or more justice or justices of the peace for the county wherein such offence is done, be committed by such

justice or justices to the common gaol for the said county for three months, there to remain without bail or mainprize; and shall also lose and forfeit for every such offence the sum of ten pounds, to be levied and recovered by distress and sale of the offender's goods and chattels, by virtue of a warrant under the hand and seal of such justice and justices (who is and are hereby authorized and required to grant the same;) and in case the said penalty be not paid within three days after such distress made, then it shall and may be lawful to and for the person or persons fo distraining, as aforesaid, to sell the goods and chattels so di-

This act shall not extend to waggons, &c. employed, in

ftrained, rendring the overplus to the owner or owners, the charge of such distraining and selling being first deducted.

V. Provided always, That nothing in this act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend to such waggons, wains, carts or carriages, as are or shall be imployed in or about husbandry, or manuring of land, and in the carrying of cheefe, butter, hay, fraw, corn unthreshed, coals, chalk, or any one tree or piece of c.42. 15 Geo. 2. timber, or any one stone or block of marble, carravans, and the carriages of noblemen and gentlemen for their own private use, or such timber, ammunition or artillery, as shall be for the service of his Majesty, his heirs and successors.

Persons sued

VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That may plead the if any action or actions shall, at any time or times hereafter, be general issue, prosecuted or brought against any person or persons whatsoever, for any matter or thing which he described to the same state of the for any matter or thing which he, she or they shall do, or cause to be done, by virtue or in the execution of this act, that in such case the desendant or desendants in every such action or actions, shall and may plead the general issue, and give this act and the special matter in evidence on any trial or trials to be hereaster had in such action or actions; and that if the plaintiff or plaintiffs in any fuch action or actions shall discontinue such action or actions, or become nonsuit, or that judgment shall be given against him, her or them in such action or actions, that then the and shall reco-defendant or defendants in every such action or actions shall recover his, her or their full costs of suit; any law, custom of usage, or any thing in this act contained to the contrary not-

colts.

withstanding.

CAP XIII.

all for the amendment of writs of error; and for the furber preventing the arresting or reversing of judgments after erdies.

THEREAS great delay of justice bath of late years been occafioned by descrive writs of error, which as the law now stands
of amendable: for remedy thereof, be it enacted by the King's
excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the
is spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present parliate assembled, and by the authority of the same, That all writs Writs of error
ror, wherein there shall be any variance from the original re-varying from,
or other desect, may and shall be amended and made atherecord
able to such record, by the respective courts where such may be amore writs of error shall be made returnable; and that where
verdict hath been or shall be given in any action, suit, bill, And after verit or demand, in any of his Majesty's courts of record at dict no judgminster, or in any other court of record within England or ment shall be
s, the judgment thereupon shall not be staid or reversed for versed for any
original or judicial, or for any variance in such writs from bill, writ, &c.
lectaration or other proceedings.

. Provided nevertheless, That nothing in this act contain- Not to extend iall extend, or be construed to extend, to any appeal of feto appeals of or murder, or to any process upon any indictment, prefelony, ecc. nent or information, of or for any offence or misdemeanor soever.

CAP. XIV.

It to continue the commissioners appointed to examine, state and demine the debts due to the army; and to examine and state the deads of several foreign princes and states for subsidies during the late r. E X P.

CAP. XV.

net for making more effectival an act of the third and fourth vars of the reign of King William and Queen Mary, intuled, An act for the more effectival discovery and pulishment of deer-stealers.

Here to deer-itealers.

JHEREAS divers idle and disorderly persons, who have been duly convicted for unlawfully coursing, hunting, killing or gaway deer, upon the statute made in the third and fourth of the reign of the late King William and Queen Mary, for 3 & 4 W. & M. nore effectual discovery and punishment of deer-stealers, have conducted writs of Certiorari to remove such convictions into superior at Westminster, purely to avoid the penalties of the said statute whereby the party or parties convicted are only obliged to give ity to the person or persons prosecuting, for the payment of their and damages; and their being no provision made for securing infeitures incurred for the offence, or the imprisonment of the offens, although such conviction should be consirmed by the said courts, aid offenders have opportunity to conceal their effects and with-ot. XIV.

draw their perfens from punishment; and the justice intended by the said at hath been evaded, and loose and wicked persons greatly encouraged to follow such evil practices: for the prevention whereof, be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the au-No Certiorari thority of the same, That no Certiorari shall be allowed to re-

> tures due by such conviction, to be distributed as the said statute directs, or to render the person or persons convicted to such

shall be allow- move any conviction made, or other proceedings of, for or concerning any matter or thing in the said statute, unless the party any conviction against or parties convicted shall, before the allowance of such Certifican, the recited act, and at the same time that security is given for the payment of or parties convicted shall, before the allowance of such Gertierari, unless the par- the costs and damages to the prosecutor or prosecutors, become ty convicted also bound to the justice or justices of the peace, before whom give fecurity fuch conviction was made, with fuch sufficient sureties as such to the justice to the function to profecute justice or justices shall approve or, in the penalty of the function to profecute such writ of Certification, &c. orari with effect, and to pay such justice or justices the forse-

justice or justices within one month next after such conviction In default the shall be confirmed, or a procedendo granted; and that in default justice may thereof, it shall be lawful for the said justice or justices, and all proceed to exother persons whatsoever, to proceed to the due execution of
ecute such fuch conviction, in such manner as if no Certierari had been conviction. awarded.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That after the confirmation of any conviction or convictions upon the After confirmation of a conviction, the faid statute by any of the said superior courts, and delivering the justice may rule to the said justice or justices, whereby such conviction or proceed as if a convictions hath or have been so consistmed, it shall and may be procedendo had been lawful for, and full power and authority is hereby given to fuch

persons sued

Mary. it shall and may be lawful to and for the person or person of the said statute made in the third and fourth years of the reign of the late King William and Queen Mary. it shall and may be lawful to and for the person or person Mary, it shall and may be lawful to and for the person or perfons fo fued or profecuted to plead the general iffue, and give the special matter in evidence; and if a verdict shall pass for the defendant, or the plaintiff shall become nonsuit, or suffer a discon-

tinuance, or if upon a demurrer judgment shall be given against the plaintiff, the defendant shall have and recover his treble and shall recosts, and have the like remedy for the same as any other defencover treble coits. dant hath in any other case by law.

victed to become bound

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That Persons conall and every person and persons convicted, or who shall hereafter be convicted by virtue of the said statute shall, before he in 50 l. to be or they shall be discharged out of custody, become bound to such of good behaor good beha-viour, and not person or persons against whom such offence was or shall be

com-

Anno quinto GEORGII I. C. 15. 1718.] committed, in the furn of fifty pounds, with condition for his to offend in or their future good behaviour, and that he or they shall not like manner. dend in like manner; and upon his or their failure or refufal On refufal, to penter into such bond, that he or they shall be committed to be committed the county-gaol where such offence was or shall be done, until till such bond and bond shall be given; and that if such person or persons is convicted at any time after his or their becoming bound, as aforesaid, after, the bond according for any matter or thing in the said statute, that to be forfeited, twith faid bond shall be deemed to be forfeited, and the pe- &c.

By 5 Geo. 1.

By the recovered, with full costs of suit, in any of the courts c. 28 such of
By finisher, which said penalties shall be distributed in the finders are to he manner as the forfeitures are by the said statute to be di- be transported. inted, and the party or parties so convicted shall be likewise that the penalties and forfeitures in the said statute. V. And whereas divers keepers of forests, chases and parks, in ad of the trust reposed in them, have been in consederacy with deerthe strust reposed in whem, out our seed the it therefore then, whereby they have been greatly encouraged: be it therefore

and by the authority aforefaid, That if any keeper or keeper or any forest, chase, purlieu, paddock, other officer tod, park or place where deer are usually kept, shall be con-of any forest, believed, park or place where deer are usually kept, shall be con-of any forest, believed, park or place where deer are usually kept, shall be con-of any forest, believed, or being aiding or taking away any red or of killing any week, or being aiding or affishing therein, without the deer without that of the owner or persons chiefly intrusted with the custo- the owner's of such forest, chase, purlieu, paddock, wood, park or place consent, shall be forest to l. for each deer; er or keepers, or other officer, being so convicted, shall for- to be levied the fum of fifty pounds for each deer fo killed or taken a by diffres; to be levied by way of distress upon his or their goods and es, to be distributed as the forfeitures in the said statute are ediffributed; and for want of fuch diffress, that then he or shall suffer imprisonment for three years without bail or and for want rize, and be set in the pillory for two hours on some mar- thereof to be May in the next adjoining town to the place where the offence imprisoned committed, by the chief officer or officers of such market- and set in the or by his or their under-officer or under-officers. And whereas be the said statute of the third and sourth years 3 & 4 W.&M.

William and Queen Mary such persons are only to be punished three months imprisonment, who do in the night-time pull

are destroy the pales or walls of any park, forest or other ground

where are kept, which hath been found inessection to prevent

instead that nature: be it therefore enacted by the authority

hid, That if any person or persons shall at any time pull

for destroy, or cause to be pulled down or destroyed, the victed of pullator pales or walls of any park, forest, chase, pursieu, pading down the

wood or other ground inclosed, where any red or fallow pales, &c. of

had be then kept, without the consent of the owner or the any park, &c.

chiefly intrusted with the custody thereof, that such perject to the perpersons so offending, and being convicted thereof by connatties of 3 &c.

or by the oath of one or more credible witness or witnesses, 4 W. & M.

The one or more justice or justices of the peace of the same contains of any one deer.

E 2

unto And whereas by the said statute of the third and fourth years 3 & 4 W.&M.

three years

pillory.

Anno quinto GEORGII I. C. 16,17,18.

unto the forfeitures and penalties by the said statute inflicted for the killing of any one deer, in the same manner as if he or they had been thereof convicted according to the said statute.

CAP. XVI.

An act for laying a duty of two pennies Scots, or one fixth part of a penny sterling, upon every pint of ale or beer that shall be vended or sold within the town of Dunbar, for improving and preserving the harbour, and repairing the town house, and building a school, and other publick buildings there; and for supplying the said town with fresh water.

Continued by 10 Geo. 2. C. 4.

CAP. XVII. An act for laying a duty of two pennies Scots, or one fixth part of a penny fterling, upon every pint of ale or beer that shall be vended or fold within the town of Inverness, and privileges thereof, for paying the debts of the said town, and for building a church, and making a harbour there. Continued by 11 Geo. 2. c. 16.

CAP. XVIII.

An act for recovering the credit of the British fishery in fe-reign parts; and better securing the duties on salt.

WHEREAS it is found by experience, that the allowances given by the several acts of parliament relating to the duties on salt upon the exportation of fish do much exceed the duty of salt used in curing the same, which is so far from being an encouragement to a fair trade, that it is rather an inducement to the curers and exporters of fish to commit several frauds, by curing the said fish in fo deficient a manner, that it will but just serve the examination upon shipping it off, and not keep good to foreign markets, to the great disparagement of the British fishery, as well as diminution of bis Majest's said duties: be it therefore enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That the present allowances given by the laws relating to the duties upon falt upon the allowances gi- exportation of fish shall not be paid for any fish that shall be exven on salt shall not be ported from and after the four and twentieth day of fune one thousand seven hundred and nineteen; but that the curers of paid for any fish shall from thenceforth be allowed to import foreign salt, or fish shall from thenceforth be allowed to import foreign salt, or fish shall from the salt works or falt-nits, any such quantity of Bri-

The present fhali not be after 24 June, take from any falt-works or falt-pits, any such quantity of Bri-1719. tish salt, where the same is allowed by law, for the curing of sith Curers of fish for exportation, as they shall think proper for curing fish for fofor exporta reign markets, without paying any duty to his Majesty for the tion may use reign markets, without paying any duty to his Majetty for the foreign salt or same, except the customs payable upon the importation there-British falt of, such foreign salt being landed, or such British salt being taken except the cuitoins. weighed and warehouled. By 6 Geo. 1.

red up may

be turned

without duty, from the faid falt-pits or falt-works and weighed in the prefence of an officer for the duties on falt; and such foreign or Britis Such falt to be faid officer, as well as the proprietor of the faid falt: which soreign or British salt so lodged as aforesaid shall remain in the custody of the said officer jointly with the said proprietor of the said Stock fo cel
Stock for celfons; the proprietor or proprietors, or his or their agent or agents, entring at the next office for the duty on falt the respec-

from time to time, as aforesaid; and the said officer keeping an in hand, &c. account of every respective quantity of the said salt so entred and lodged in his custody as aforesaid; and that at the beginning of every of the several fishing scasons the proprietor or proprietors At every fishof the faid falt, or his or their agent or agents, shall make oath ing seafor in writing before the officer for the duty on falt, at the office proprietor to nearest to the place where the faid falt is lodged, declaring the make oath of quantity of the foreign or British salt respectively lodged as aforeand that it is faid; and that all the sal salt is intended for the curing of fish for curing fish for exportation only, and shall not by his or their order, con- for exportasent or connivance, directly or indirectly, be fold, given away tion only:

Or any ways delivered, but for the purpose aforesaid; after which

tered and exoath fo made as aforesaid, and filed up by the said officer in his plained, and said office for the duty on salt as aforesaid, the officer in whose farther provijoint custody with the proprietor or proprietors, his or their a- fins made,
gent or agents, the salt has continued duty the interval of the said Geo. 1. c. 4.
sishing season, shall deliver into the sole custody of the said pro- & 8 Geo. 1. prietor or proprietors, his or their agent or agents, all the faid c. 16. f. 1. & falt for the curing of fish taken during the faid fishing season; 11 Geo. 1. and that at the end of every fishing season the officer for the faid Then the salt duty on falt shall take a particular account of the quantities of fo- to be deliver reign and British falt respectively remaining in hand; which remain-ed to the proing falt thall be immediately locked up in the joint custody of Prietor. the said officer and proprietor or proprietors, his or their agent or agents as aforesaid; and the said proprietor or proprietors, his or their agent or agents, of the said salt, using the said salt as aforesaid shall, as soon as possible, after the end of every sishing After sishing feason, deliver also an account in writing into the said office for season an actual to the said office so season as actually on salt as aforessaid, containing the quantity of sish are sount to be the duty on falt as aforefaid, containing the quantity of fish ex- count to be ported or entred and shipped to be exported, on which the falt taken of the remaining taken away after its delivery into the sole custody of the said pro- salt, and to be prietor or proprietors, his or their agent or agents, has been warehoused. used or consumed, together with a certificate or certificates by Proprietor to the proper officers of the several ports where the said sish were give an account of the followed for exportation, verifying the said account, which certified the the proper omcers of the leveral polits where the land which cer-fhipped for exportation, verifying the faid account; which cer-faid account, delivered into the faid office as aforefaid, shall be on which the affirmed by the oath of the said proprietor or proprietors using falt was used, the said salt as aforesaid, or his or their agent or agents who have nsed the same, and shall remain in the said office, to the end that the quantity of fith cured for exportation and the quantity of falt used in curing the said fish may, from time to time, appear upon oath, and be compared together; and in case any of the said salt shall be delivered over to any other persons, and Salt delivered used by them in curing of fish, the several quantities of salt so de-livered over shall be expressed in the said account; and each per-secounted for the same of likewife upon oath make another account of the particular quantry of such falt used by each of them in the curing of fish so ex-

tive quantities of foreign or British salt so lodged by him or them, over as flock

parted or shipped for exportation as aforesaid; which said ac-

count, together with proper certificates as aforesaid, shall likewife be transmitted into the office aforesaid, there to remain for the purposes above-mentioned: but if such proprietor or proprietors, his or their agent or agents, or any other person or persons to whom any quantity of salt shall be by them delivered over as asoresaid shall, for the space of six months after the end of every respective fishing season, neglect or refuse to de-liver such account attested upon oath as aforesaid, such proprietor or proprietors, and such other person or persons as afore-

Penalty.

faid, shall for every such offence forfeit forty pounds.

II. And to the end that no part of the falt delivered into the fale custody of the proprietor or proprietors thereof, or of his or their ogent or agents, or by them to any other persons, for the curing of file
for exportation only, during the said several fishing seasons, may be
sold, given away or otherwise delivered or used, directly or indirectly,
but for the purpose as or and to obviate the frauds which the
publick revenue would otherwise be exposed to by the present relation

of the former laws and the indulgence intended hereby to the fair trader: be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That for every bushel of salt so taken out of the cellars or salt-works, which Every bushel of falt taken out of the cel-shall not be accounted for in the manner above-mentioned, by lars, and not accounted for, the oaths of the persons and proper certificates, or by certificate for setting from the justices of the peace at the quarter-sessions, that proof was there made that such falt was put on board any boat or velfel for curing of fish at sea, and was there taken by enemies or otherwise lost or perished at sea, or shall not be returned into or

found remaining at the end of every fishing season in the cellars or warehouses as aforesaid, the proprietor or proprietors there-of, his or their agent or agents who took out the same, or the person or persons to whom the same or any part thereof was de-livered for curing of fish as aforesaid, shall respectively, accord-ing to each of their respective quantities with which they stand

Such falt fold, accountable, forfeit and pay the fum of twenty shillings; and Such falt fold, accountable, forfeit and pay the fum of twenty inlinings; and given away, every such person selling, giving away, using or delivering any usedon bought, such salt, or consenting or being any ways privy to the selling, otherwise than for curing such falt, directly or indiformation giving away, using or delivering such salt, directly or indiformation are rectly, otherwise than for the purposes aforesaid, shall forfeit, pay and undergo the penalties and punishments herein aftermentioned; that is to say, every proprietor of such salt, or his agent, for every bushel of such salt so fold, given away, used or delivered, shall forseit and pay the sum of twenty shillings; one third part thereof to the use of his Majesty, his heirs and such salts.

third part thereof to the use of his Majesty, his heirs and successors, and the remainder thereof to such person that shall inform or sue for the same; and every other person buying, taking or using any such salt, otherwise than for the purposes aforefaid and in the manner aforesaid, shall forfeit and pay the sum of twenty shillings for every bushel of salt so bought, delivered or used, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity; one third part thereof for the use of his Majesty, his heirs and successors, and the remainder thereof to such person or persons

that shall inform or sue for the same: which said sums or pe-

nalties shall be levied in such manner as other penalties herein after-mentioned are to be levied; or in default of payment of In default of luch fums, within fourteen days after conviction of such crime, payment of iender to be and where no sufficient effects can be found to answer the same, sent to the the person or persons so offending shall be sent to the house of house of corcorrection, there to be whipp'd, and kept to hard labour for any rection. ime not exceeding three months.

III. And for preventing the imbezilling of falt lodged under the lock and key of the officer and proprietors during the inervals of the respective fishing seasons; be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That for every bushel of such falt so lodged, Salt wanting which shall either be carried away or shall be found wanting at at re-deliver the re-delivering thereof into the sole custody of the proprietors, ing forfeits

reasonable allowances for the waste of such salt being first made, bushels the said proprietor or proprietors shall forfeit twenty shillings.

IV. And for preventing any frauds, imbezilments or misapplication of any foreign salt after it is imported or landed, and refore it is called and fored up under the init and the said and refore it is called and fored up under the init and and refore it is called and fored up under the init and and refore it is called and fored up under the init and and refore it is called and fored up under the init and and the said a perfore it is cellared and stored up under the joint custody of the proprietor and the officer for the falt-duties for curing of fish for exportation as aforesaid, and of any British salt after its being weighed and taken away from the salt-works or salt-pits of Great Britain, and before it is stored and locked up by the proprietor and the officer for the falt-duties for curing of fish for exportation, as before-mentioned; be it enacted by the authority aforesaid. That any person or persons who, from and after the Foreign salt sour and twentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and imbezilled as nineteen, shall take away, imbezil or misapply any foreign salt ter importation and the importation or landing thereof, and before it is cellared fore cellaring, and stored up for the curing of fish as above-mentioned, shall forfeits and naw the sum of twenty shillings for every bushel of the bushel, at and flored up for the curing of him as above-members, some foreits and foreign falt for taken away, imbezilled or misapplied, reckoning \$4lb. to the bushel, bushel. such foreign salt at eighty and four pounds weight to the bushel, and so in proportion for a greater or less quantity; and any per-Britishsaltim-lon or persons who, from and after the said four and twentieth bezilled for-day of June one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, shall bake away, imbezil or misapply any British salt after it is weigh-ted at and carried from any salt-work or salt-pit in Great British, and before it is brought unto and locked up in any cellar or torehouse by the proprietor and the officer for the salt-duties, for the curing of sish, as directed by this act, every such perion or persons shall forseit and pay the sum of ten shillings for every bushel of British salt so taken away, imbezilled or misapplied, reckoning such British salt at sifty and six pounds weight

the bushel, and so in proportion for a greater or less quantity.

V. And whereas considerable quantities of foreign and British alt, as also some quantities of salt which has already been laid on fish, and returned unconsumed, designed for the curing of sish, the duties whereof are paid or secured to be paid, are in the hands of several persons, dealers in fish, which quantities of salt ought to be returned unless the lock and key of the afficers of the duties on salt in England and the officers of the customs in Scotland, and the duties thereof remed the officers of the customs in Scotland, and the duties thereof re-E. 4 poid.

paid,

1719.

Salt that has paid the duty to be again and key of the proper custody of any person or persons, the duties whereof have proper officers been paid or secured in *England* on or before the first day of

paid, or the fecurity given vacated and discharged: be it therefore enacted by the authority asoresaid, That all such foreign and British salt, as also such quantities of salt which have already been laid on fish and returned unconsumed, remaining in the

before I June March one thousand seven hundred and eighteen, and in Scotland on or before the first day of Oslober one thousand seven hundred and eighteen, shall be again put under the lock and key of the salt-officers in England and of the custom-house officers in Scotland respectively, on or before the first day of June one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, by delivering to them keys of all the cellars wherein such salt is lodged and cellared, and thereupon weighing the fame in the prefence of the faid officers with all convenient diligence and without delay; and henture the eurity to be thy's customs at the port within the precinct whereof such fait vacated or the is lodged or cellared as aforesided, and verified by the proper of-

duties repaid, ficer as to the quantity of falt actually cellared, the fecurity given for the duties of the said salt shall be vacated and discharged, or the duties repaid by the said collector, if in Scotland, or by the officers of the duties on falt, if in England, out of the monies in their hands arising from the said duties, so as it appears by the falt or custom-house books, that the falt was imported or delivered on or before the first day of October one thousand seven hundred and eighteen in Scotland, or on or before the first day of March one thousand seven hundred and (a) eighteen in

(a) Nineteen a the record.

England; and that the duties whereof were paid or secured to be paid; and that the proprietor of the falt, or his agent, make oath, that this is the same salt that was so imported or delivered; and in case there is not money in their hands sufficient to discharge the said debentures, then and in that case, upon a certificate thereof to be given gratis, the said debentures for salt cellared in England shall be paid by the commissioners for the duties on falt; and the faid debentures for falt cellared in Scotland shall be paid by the commissioners of the customs or excise in Scotland, at the option of the merchant, in the same manner as debentures for fish exported are now by law made payable,

fish exported.

VI. And for the better encouragement of the fishing trade of reat Britain be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That for Allowanceson Great Britain, be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, all such fish hereafter mentioned as shall be exported from any port or place in Great Britain into parts beyond the feas, by any person or persons whatsoever, the rates or sums of money hereafter expressed, that is to say, for every cask or vessel of pilchards or scads, containing fifty gallons, seven shillings; for every hundred of codsish, ling or hake, (except dried codsish, ling or hake, commonly called haberdines) which shall contain in length fourteen inches, or upwards, from the bone in the fin to the third joint in the tail of every such fish, five shillings; for every barrel of wet codsish, ling or hake, containing thirty two gallons, two shillings; for every hundred weight of dried

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codfish, ling or hake, commonly called haberdines, three shillings; for every barrel of falmon, containing forty two gallons, four shillings and fix pence; for every barrel of white herrings, containing thirty two gallons, two shillings and eight pence; for every barrel of full red herrings, containing thirty two gallons, one shilling and nine pence; for every barrel of clean that two gallons one shilling and nine pence; for every barrel of clean that two gallons one shilling and nine pence; for every barrel of clean that two gallons one shilling thirty two gallons one shilling. shotten red herrings, containing thirty two gallons, one shilling; for every last of dried red sprats, one shilling; and so in proportion for a greater or lesser quantity of all and every the said kinds of fish, shall be paid by the officer appointed to collect the duties on falt in the fame port from whence any fuch fish shall be exported, within thirty days after demand thereof, on a debenture to be prepared by the collector of the customs in the port where such fish shall be entred out for exportation, and verified by the person executing the office of searcher in such port, as to the quantity of fish actually shipped; and that the oath of the exporter or agent be first taken before the principal officers of the faid port before the debenture be allowed (who are hereby required and impowered to give the faid oath) That the fish in such debenture mentioned were British taken, and really exported to or for parts beyond the seas, and not relanded, or intended to be relanded in *Great Britain*, for which debenture no fee or reward shall be taken; and in case the officer hereby directed to pay fuch debenture shall not have sufficient money in his hands to pay the same, then upon certificate thereof by him made (which certificate he is hereby required to give the party gratis, and without delay) the principal commissioners for managing his Majesty's revenue of excise upon salt for the time being, shall be chargeable with the said payment, to be made in course out of the first money in their hands arising out of the said duties upon salt; and the said debentures for fish exported from Scotland, shall be paid by the commissioners of the customs or excise in Scotland at the option of the merchant, in the same manner as debentures for fish exported are now by law made payable; and any officer neglecting or refusing to pay the said money, or to give such certificate as is here directed, shall forfeit double the sum so to be paid, to the party grieved, to be recovered by action of debt, bill, plaint or information, wherein no essoin, protection, or wager of law shall be allowed; and Officers to cut that it shall and may be lawful for the officers for the said duties off part of the on sait, upon the exportation of any codsish, ling or hake, and tail of codsish, before the before the same shall be laid on board for exportation, to cut off &c. before the part of the tail of every such codsish, ling or hake, to the intent it may be known that such codsish, ling or hake hath been exported, and allowances obtained on exportation thereof, in case the same shall be relanded or re-imported; and also that it and to mark Thall be lawful, upon the exportation of any pilchards, fcads, the barrels white herrings, red herrings, falmon, or dried red sprats, and wherein pilchaefore the same shall be laid on board for exportation, to mark any cask, barrel, or other vessel, wherein any such pilchards, scads, white herrings, red herrings, salmon, or dried red sprats,

Such fish relanded, forfeited.

white herrings, red herrings, salmon, or dried red sprats, shall (after the same shall be exported) be fraudulently relanded in Great Britain, or re-imported all the said fish so relanded or reimported, shall be forfeited and lost, and double the value there-No allowance for unmerof, to be recovered of the importer or proprietor thereof; and that no allowance shall be paid out of the said duties on salt for chantable fish, or on account of the exportation of any fish that shall not be well cured, or shall be unmerchantable.

shall be exported, to the intent it may be known that such pil-chards, scads, white herrings, red herrings, salmon, or dried red sprats, have been exported, and allowance obtained on exportation of the same, in case the same be relanded or re-imported:

and that in case any codsish, ling or hake, or any pilchards, scads,

Officers may er ter into

shall and may be lawful for the officers for the said duties on salt, warehouses to at all times when fish are curing, bulking or packing, and at all view the fish other times, in the day (or in the night in the presence of a conftable, or other lawful officer of the peace) to enter and come into the cellars and warehouses of all curers of fish, to view and inspect them, during the time of their curing fish; and to guage the salt when they shall think it necessary for the discovering of any frauds; and to mark the casks wherein the fish are put up

VII. And be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That it

Refifting offifor exportation, and to see them exported; and if any person
cerforseits sol. or persons shall obstruct or hinder any of the said officers in the
personance of their duties aforesaid, then and in every such
case, the person offending therein shall forseit the sum of twenty pounds.

voyage, to be allowed the bounty.

Fish lost or spoiled before where any fish entitled by law to any premium or allowance the ship proceeds on her duly entred and past by the proper officer at a restriction, and duly entred and past by the proper officer at a restriction. duly entred and past by the proper officer, at any time after the twenty fifth day of March one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, and the faid fish shall be lost or spoiled before the ship's proceeding on her voyage, as aforesaid, then the proper officer of the port or ports where the said sish so lost or spoiled was or shall be entred, shall be obliged, upon due proof thereof made upon oath before any of the chief officers of such port, who have hereby power to administer the same, by the proprietor or proprietors of the said fish, or his or their agents, to make out debentures for the premium or bounty of the said fish, as if the faid fish had been actually exported to parts beyond the seas; provided the said sish was sunk in the sea or port where the said ship was lost, or destroyed in the sight of the proper officer where any of the said sish shall come ashore, and that no use be made of the said fish by the proprietor or proprietors, or his or their agents; and that the said officer is hereby required to cause such fish to be burnt, or otherwise destroyed; any thing in this

or any other act to the contrary notwithstanding.

1X. And whereas the ship Severn Galley of Bristol being in the SevernGalley, river of Bristol in or about the month of February one thousand seven George Galhundred and eighteen, and the ship George Galley of London being in Proviso for the

n Leostaff road in or about the month of October one thousand seven ley, the ship undred and seventeen, and the ship James of Leith being in the port James of Caston in the isles of Orkneys in or about the month of Decem- Leith. reston in the isles of Orkneys in or about the month of Decem-ver one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, the said ships were, by iress of weather, or other accidents, severally cast away and lost in r very near the respective ports where the same were loaden, and at he times of their being respectively lost, the said ships were severally vaden with sish, and other goods, for exportation into parts beyond be seas; which several ladings of sish, or part thereof, were lost and utterly spoiled, and rendred unsit for any market: and whereas some hubt both orisin about the making out the dehenures for the drawloubt bath arisen about the making out the debentures for the draw-nacks or bounties for the fish that was so spoiled, as aforesaid be it macked by the authority aforesaid, That the proper officers, at the several ports where the said several ships were respectively oaden, do upon due proof by the oaths of the respective pro-prietors of the said sish, or their respective agents, That such ish was really lost, or have been destroyed in the presence of one or more of the said officers, after the same had been loaden and entred out for exportation, without intention of being relanded in Great Britain (which oath the principal officer at fuch port is nereby impowered to administer) make out debentures for the irawbacks and bounties for the said fish so lost or destroyed, as aforefaid, in the same manner as is directed to be done by the leveral acts of parliament now in force for fish really exported nto parts beyond the leas; any act or acts to the contrary not-

withstanding.

X. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid,
That if any red herrings or sprats shall, during the time of drying or curing, be burnt or consumed by fire, by which means sumed by fire,
such red herrings or sprats shall be rendred unsit for use, in to be taken as fuch case the number or quantity of red herrings or sprats so if the taken as such as with the salt-officer of the said port or place, according to the best of their skill and judgment; which computation so made, and added to the account to be given in of the quantity of herrings or sprats exported or shipped for exportation, shall be accepted and taken at the salt-office in the same manner as if all

the faid herrings had been really exported.

XI. And whereas by an act made in the third year of the reign of his present majesty King George, intituled, An act for continuing 3 Geo. 1. C. 4. the duties on malt, mum, cyder and perry, for the fervice of the year one thousand seven hundred and seventeen; and to authorize allowances to be made to certain receivers: and to obviate a doubt concerning goods imported from the islands of Jersey, Guernsey, Sark and Alderney; and to ascertain the duties upon sheep-skins and lamb-skins; and to prevent frauds in the duties upon starch; and for making forth duplicates of exchequer-bills, lottery-tickets and orders, lost and burnt, or destroyed; and for enlarging the time for adjusting claims in several lot-turies; and for preventing frauds in the duties on low wines

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and spirits carried coastwise, it is enacted, That the inhabitants of the islands of Jersey, Guernsey, Sark and Alderney, shall and may, with and under such certificates and oaths as are therein mentioned, import into any lawful port of Great Britain, any goods, wares or merchandizes of the growth, produce and manusacture of the said islands, or any of them, without paying any customs, subsidies or duties for or in respect thereof, except such excise or other duties as is now or shall bereaster, for the time being, be due and payable for the like goods of the growth, produce and manusacture of Great Britain: and whereas it is sound by experience, that the indulgence and bounty given by the said act, has been an occasion of tempting many evildisposed persons to bring in great quantities of French salt from Guernsey, under a pretence that the same was of the produce of that island, by certificates, which are since discovered to be forged, to the great prejudice of the revenue, and the diminution of the trade af the makers of salt in Great Britain: be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the first day of May one thousers, which are said island to the same duties upon the im-

aforesaid, I nat from and falt imported from any of said is and seven hundred and nineteen, all salt imported from any of shall be liable the said islands shall be liable to the same duties upon the imported from the same of as any other foreign salt whatsoever.

the said islands shall be liable to the same duties upon the imduties as other portation thereof as any other foreign salt whatsoever.

XII. And whereas the laws and acts of parliament in Scotland, Allowance for reserved in force by the eighth article of union, do, among other things herrings exported from Scotland in barrels of Scots measure, which amounts only to nine and twenty gallons, three guage before: whereof all the herring barrels made in Scotland since the union, as well as before, have been made according to the aforesaid standard, and great numbers of such barrels remain now in hand: and whereas doubts have arisen in Scotland about the payment of the present allowances upon white herrings exported, unless they are put up and packed in barrels, containing precisely thirty-two gallons, English wine-measure; and also about the payment of proportionable allowances for half-barrels, howsover convenients for stowage the said half-barrels are; be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the present allowance of ten shillings five pence per barrel of white herrings shall be paid for all herrings exported from Scotland in barrels of the paid for all herrings exported from Scotland in barrels of the Scots guage before-mentioned, and proportionally for half-barrels; provided the faid herrings have been or shall be exported on or before the first day of May one thousand seven hundred and nineteen.

The propor-tion of the

XIII. And for a smuch as great inconvenience would arise to the owners of the said herring barrels remaining now in hand, should the use Scots barrel to thereof be disallowed, or no premium be granted upon herrings there-the English. in exported: be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the premiums granted by this act upon white herrings shall and may be paid upon herrings exported in the aforesaid barrels, in such proportion as the guage of the said barrels bear to thirty two gallons English wine-measure, provided the said barrels be filled with herrings on or before the first day of December one thousand seven hundred and twenty.

XIV. And whereas divers merchants have exported several quantite

ies of salmon in barrels or boxes that were neither agreeable to the Salmon ex-Scotch or English laws, and the officers of the customs having guaged ported in un-be said barrels or boxes, have given debentures for the allowance or fizeable bar-trawback in proportion to forty two gallons, English wine-measure, rels. wherein no circumstances of fraud do appear: be it therefore enact-ed by the authority aforesaid, That the said debentures shall and may be paid and fatisfied in fuch manner as they ought to have been, if such exportation had been made and carried on according to the rules and directions of the law.

XV. And for preventing the like mistakes and irregularities The contents for the stuture, be it surther enacted by the authority aforesaid, of the herring That from and after the first day of June one thousand seven and salmon hundred and nineteen, the contents of the herring and salmon barrel. barrel shall be the same throughout the whole united kingdom of Great Britain; that is to fay, the herring-barrel shall contain thirty two gallons, and the salmon-barrel forty-two gallons; and that all exportation of salmon or herrings in barrels of a different fize or content, the empty herring-barrels now in hand excepted, shall be adjudged and taken to be an unlawful exportation, and shall not entitle the exporter to any premium in respect

of the same.

XVI. Provided nevertheless, forasmuch as it may be convenient for the merchants, for the better stowage in the ships in which such salmon may be exportation of herring or salmon is made, to pack up some part thereof exported in in half-barrels: be it enacted by the authority storelaid. That half-barrels. it shall and may be lawful to export herring or salmon in halfbarrels, according to the proportion of the barrels above-mentioned respectively, but in no other barrels or casks of any other lize or content whatsoever; and they shall, by virtue of this act, be entitled to a proportionable premium or drawback for every fuch half-barrel, videlicet, half what they would be entitled to in case the exportation had been made in whole barrels.

XVII. And whereas by the faid laws relating to the duties on falt it is provided, That no person whatsoever shall make use of any brine from the pits for the pickling or curing of any siste or flesh, or for preserving of any forcuring slesh provisions, before the same is boiled into salt: for the better prevent- or fish to foring frauds therein, be it further enacted by the authority afore- feit 40s. per sallon. faid, That every person who shall carry or convey or cause any gallon. brine to be carried or conveyed from the pits (other than such person or persons who are known proprietors of pans for boil-Ing the same into white salt) shall forfeit and lose the sum of forty shillings for every gallon of brine so carried and conveyed, and so proportionably for a greater or lesser quantity.

XVIII. And whereas by an ast of parliament made in the second and third years of the reign of her late majesty Queen Anne, instituted, 283 Ann. 14-

An act for the better fecuring and regulating the duties upon falt, it is provided, That in case any ship or vessel should come into any port of England, Wales or Berwick upon Tweed, from Ireland er any other foreign part, having on board any quantity of salt, which was taken in only for the necessary provisions of the ship for such the page, or for curing of sish, it should be lawful for the master of sish.

fuch ship or vessel to land the salt, so as an entry should be made thereof within ten days after his first coming into such port, and the duties paid down or secured for the same before the same or any part thereof should be landed or taken out of any ship or vessel; nevertheless for want of sufficient penalties to inforce obedience thereto, several masters of vessels, who since the making the said act have imported such salt, have resuled or neglected to enter and pay the duties for the salt by them so imported as aforesaid, within the time limited by the said act: be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid. That in case any master of any ship or vessel, who shall, after the cessary provitiventy fourth day of June one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, import or bring into any port or place of Great Britain.

ceffary provi-fion for the nineteen, import or bring into any port or place of Great Britain, voyage, or for from Ireland or any other foreign part, any quantity of falt which curing of fish, was taken in only for the necessary provisions of the ship for such not entred in ten days, for-to enter and go or secure the duty for the same, within ten double and

double the va- days after his first coming into any such port or place, and before the same or any part thereof shall be landed or taken out of any such ship or vessel, all the salt so imported shall be forfeited and loft, and the master or other person, commander of the ship or vessel wherein any such salt shall be imported, or the owner or importer of such salt, shall likewise forseit double the value thereof.

XIX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid,

No owner of That no proprietor or owner of falt-works, or who shall have Olt-works to

act as justice of any interest in, or any rent, profit or benefit reserved upon, issues relating to salt-duties. houses or other places made use of by any maker, refiner, importer or dealer in falt, shall act as a justice of the peace in any

porter or dealer in falt, shall act as a justice of the peace in any matter or thing relating to the duties on falt, or any offence committed against the laws relating to the same.

XX. And be it further enacted, That all and every master carrying salt and commander of any ship or vessel whatsoever, that from and from Scotland after the four and twentieth day of June one thousand seven to England, or hundred and nineteen shall transport or carry any foreign salt coastwise, shall from Scotland or any of the islands thereunto belonging into before landing England, or from any one place or port to any other port or lar of the salt place within the kingdom of Great Britain, shall, before he or to the salt-of-they land or deliver such salt on shore (by him so transported or ficer on oath, carried) deliver to the officers for collecting the duties on salt in the said port or place appointed to receive the same, a true

in the faid port or place appointed to receive the fame, a true particular of the quantity fo transported and carried as afore-faid, figned by the officers for collecting the faid duties on falt, and by the officers of the customs for the port or place from whence the faid ship or vessel came; and then the master or his mate, or the boatswain of such ship or vessel shall make outh before the commissioners for collecting the said duties on salt or their officers, some or one of them (who are hereby impowered to administer the same without see or reward) that to his know-

ledge there hath not been laid on board or taken into the faid

thip or vessel any salt since he or they came from such port as afore-

oresaid; and in case such ship or vessel be to deliver one part of her falt at one port and another part at another port or ports, that then the officers for collecting the faid duties, and officers of the customs where such falt shall be delivered, shall certify on the backfide of the cocquet, Transire or other warrant, or else by certificate only under the hands and seals of the officers, how much and what quantity of the falt mentioned in the cocquet, Transire or other warrant, from the port from whence such ship or vessel came, hath been there landed and delivered, upon the penalty of forfeiting double the value of the falt that shall be

otherwise delivered, and ten shillings per bushel.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be Salt-officers lawful to and for the officer and officers of the faid duties on falt, may demand a at every unlading port or creek of such ship or vessel, to go on sight of the board the same before the delivery thereof, and to demand a weigh the salt. fight of such cocquet so to be given as aforesaid, and to weigh the falt upon unlading the same; and if the salt on the weighing the same shall be found to be more in weight than what is contained in the said cocquet, that then the surplusage that shall exceed the quantity contained in the said cocquet; shall be for-feited; the one moiety thereof to the use of his Majesty, his heirs and successors, and the other moiety thereof to the person that shall inform or sue for the same; and if the master of such Master resussible or vessel shall refuse to shew unto such officer the said cocing, officermay quet, upon due request made, to the end he may see whether select the salt the falt so unlading be the same quantity with that contained in till cocquet the cocquet, That then and in such case it shall be lawful for the said officer to seize the said salt and detain the same, until the said cocquet be produced: provided always, That if the said cocquet, having been duly taken out, be not shewn to such officer in four days after the leizure thereof, That then and in

XXII. And whereas the importers of foreign falt do, after they come into port, and before they enter and land the same, or proceed further on their voyage to some other port, frequently run salt in boats and other small vessels in the night-time; and if the officers discover the same, the persons on board such boats or other vessels not only refuse to suffer the officers to come on board to see if they have any salt in their vessels, but frequently heat and abuse them: be it enacted by the authority aforesaid. That from and after the four and twenthe authority aforesaid, That from and after the four and twen-Officers of the tieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, it customs or sait shall and may be lawful to and for the officers of the customs, may go on or the officers of the duties on salt, and every of them, to go on board any vest-board any boat, lighter or other vessel lying in any port or place self, to see if there be any or riding upon the sea-coasts, and to search the same, and to see salt there, &c. if there be any falt on board, and to seize such salt, in case the same be found in any other vessel than that wherein such salt was imported or brought into the said port or place, unless the same had been duly entred or the duties paid or secured; and all fuch falt shall be forfeited and lost, or the value thereof, to be recovered of the master or owner of such boat or vessel, who

such case the salt so seized shall be forfeited.

fhall likewise be liable to all other penalties and forseitures, as if the same had been landed without entring or payment of the Hindring officult; and every person or persons who shall obstruct or hinder cer forseits 401. any officer or officers in going on board any such boat or vessel and searching the same, shall for every such offence forseit and

lose the sum of forty pounds.

Recital of the reign of her late majesty Queen Anne, intituled, An act for the salt-act, 2 & 3 better securing and regulating the duties on salt, reciting, That great sums of money were paid out of the duties upon salt on account of debentures for salt shipped to be experted to foreign parts, which salt was afterwards very often fraudulently relanded on the coasts of England and Wales: it is enacted, That no salt what seever, being of the produce or manufacture of England, Wales, Berwick upon Tweed, Scotland or Ireland, nor any other salt coming from Ireland. of the produce or manufacture of England, Wales, Berwick upon Tweed, Scotland or Ireland, nor any other salt coming from Ireland, Scotland or the Isle of Man shall, after the first day of June one thousand seven hundred and sour, be imported or brought into any port or place within England, Wales or Berwick upon Tweed, nor taken out of any ship or vessel, nor put on shore within any of the said ports or places, upon pain that all the salt so imported or brought in, taken out of any ship or vessel, or landed or put on shore contrary to the true intent and meaning thereof, shall be forseited and lost; and that the ship or vessel in which any such salt shall be so imported or brought in, or out of which any such salt shall be taken or put on shore, together with all her tackle and apparel, shall also be forseited and lost; and every person that shall take any such salt out of any and lost; and every person that shall take any such salt out of any such ship or vessel, or carry the same on shore, or convey the same from the shore when landed, or be aiding or assisting therein, shall forfeit the sum of twenty pounds for every such offence or suffer six menths imprisonment: and whereas some doubts have arisen, whether English falt, which is not actually exported to part sevent in sale. English falt, which is not actually exported to parts beyond the seas, but only put on board boats, barges, ships or other vessels, in order to be exported, be within the intent and meaning of the said ail, although the revenue in such case is liable to as great frouds: and whereas great frauds are frequently committed in relanding sish after the same are exported or shipped to be exported, for want of a sufficient provision: for preventing thereof, be it enacted by the austream, to herrings, pilchards, scads, codsish, ling, hake, salmon, or be taken out dried red sprats whatsoever shall, after the same be put on board or put onshore, any boat, barge, ship or vessel whatsoever, in any river, port

or put on hore, any boat, barge, ship or vessel whatsoever, in any river, port but in the pretence of a last or place in Great Britain, in order to be exported to parts beyond the seas, from and after the four and twentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, be taken out of such boat, barge, ship or vessel, otherwise than to put such fish into the ships in which the same are to be exported, nor put on shore within any of the faid ports or places, except in the presence of fome officer of the falt-duties, under the same penalties and forseitures as in and by the said last recited act is directed and appointed.

XXIV. And whereas the importers of foreign falt do frequently

run the same on shore without entry or payment of duty; which evil i & Ann. c. practice might in a great measure be prevented, if more suitable penal-14. Foreign ties were provided for discouraging the same: be it therefore enacted shore before by the authority aforesaid, That in case any foreign salt shall entry, forseits be landed or put on shore before due entry be made thereof with 100l. the collector or officer appointed for the said duties on salt in the port or place where the same shall be imported, or before the duty thereon be fully satisfied and paid, or without a war-rant for the landing thereof, every person who shall land or put the same on shore, or convey the same from the shore when landed, or be aiding or affifting therein, shall, over and above

the penalties already given by law for such offence, forfeit and lose the sum of one hundred pounds. Tose the sum of one hundred pounds.

XXV. And whereas in the laws relating to the salt-duties it is On reshipping provided, That salt shipped to be carried coastwise from one port to of salt, master, another shall not be landed till the master hath produced a certificate of &c. 5 & 6 W. the quantity of salt put on board at the port from whence he came, and & M. c. 7. bath made outh, that there hath not been any salt taken in since; but sect. 9. 9 & 10 there is no provision made to regulate boats and barges that take in salt W. 3. c. 44. to be carried down any river, in order to be put on board any ship as sect. 12.1 Anna aforesaid: be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid. That upon the reshipping any salt, British or foreign, or any rock-salt, from any boat, barge, trow, lighter or other vessel into any other ship or vessel, and before any dispatches be granted for the salt so reshipped, the master, mate, chief bargeman ed for the falt fo reshipped, the master, mate, chief bargeman or chief boatman, that comes along with the salt that is to be shipped on board another vessel, shall make oath before the officer of the falt-duties (who is hereby impowered to administer the same) that all the salt or rock-salt that he took in or loaded

at the place of loading (mentioning the quantity) is truly re-hipped on board the vessel that he shall reship it on, and that there was no falt or rock-falt added to it or taken from it at such place of loading, or fince he came from it, to the best of his knowledge and belief, under the penalty of forseiting double Penalty.

the value of the falt that shall be otherwise reshipped, and likewise ten shillings per bushel.

XXVI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Distribution of That all penalties and forfeitures given by this act, or any forfeitures. other law relating to the duties upon falt (except where it is otherwise directed by this act) shall be distributed in manner following (that is to say) one moiety thereof to his Majesty, his heirs and successors, and the other moiety to the officer and officers who shall seize, sue or inform for the same, to be sued for, recovered and levied, in such manner and form, and with such power of mitigation, as any fine, penalty or forseiture may be fued for, recovered, levied and mitigated by any law of excise, or by action of debt, bill, plaint or information, in any of his Majesty's courts of record at Westminster; and all and every officer and officers for the faid duties on falt, are hereby authorized and impowered to feize all falt and other things which by this or any other act or law relating to the duties on falt are declared to be forfeited.

Vol. XIV.

F

XXVII And

XXVII. And

XXVII. And be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That if any person or persons shall at any time be sued or prosecuted for any thing by him or them done or executed, in pursuance of this or any other statute relating to the duties upon salt, or the General issue, powers thereby given, he or they shall or may plead the general issue, and give this act and the special matter in evidence for his desence; and if upon trial a verdict pass for the desendant or desendants, or the plaintiff or plaintiffs become nonsuit, dis-

defence; and if upon trial a verdict pass for the defendant or defendants, or the plaintiff or plaintiffs become nonsuit, discontinue, or forbear prosecuting the said actions, then such defendant or desendants shall have double costs to him or them awarded against such plaintiff or plaintiffs, for which costs he shall have remedy, as in other cases where costs are by law given to desendants.

CAP. XIX.

An alt for redeeming the fund appropriated for payment of the lottery-tickets which were made forth for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and ten, by a voluntary subscription of the proprietors into the capital stock of the South-Sea company; and for raising a sum of money to pay off such debts and incumbrances as are therein mentioned; and for appropriating the supplies granted in this session of parliament; and to limit times for prosecutions upon bonds for exporting cards and dice.

B Ann. c. 4.

MOST gracious Sovereign, Whereas by an act of parliament made and possed in the eighth year of the reign of her late majesty Queen Anne, of blessed memory, intituled, An act for continuing part of the duties upon coals, culm and cynders, and granting new duties upon houses having twenty windows or more, we raise the sum of fifteen hundred thousand pounds, by way of a lottery, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and ten, it was enacted, That for and during the term of thirty two years, which commenced from the twenty ninth day of September in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ten, there sould be raised, levied, collected, and paid to her said late Majesty, her bein and successors, for and upon all coals, culm and cinders therein expressed (except charcoal made of wood) the several and respective additional or new impositions, rates, duties and sums of money, in that act particularly mentioned; and for and upon every dwelling-house inbabited, that then was, or thereafter should be erected or built within the kingdom of Great Britain, having twenty windows or more, the several new duties in that act expressed: and it was thereby enacted, That year-

Farther provifines made concerning the matters in this aA, by 6 Geo. 1. c. 4, & 10 & 11. f. 49.

ed (except charcoal made of wood) the several and respective additional or new impositions, rates, duties and sums of money, in that all particularly mentioned; and for and upon every dwelling-house inbabited, that then was, or thereafter should be erected or built within the hingdom of Great Brivain, having twenty windows or more, the several new duties in that all expressed: and it was thereby enacted. That yearly and every year, during the said term, the full sum of one hundred thirty five thousand pounds, by or out of the monies to arise by the said several and respective duties, and to be brought into the receipt of the exchequer, in case the same should extend thereunto, should be the whole and intire yearly sund; and in case all the monies arising into the exchequer of or for the said duties, should not amount to one hundred and thirty sive thousand pounds per annum, then the monies so arising, so far as the same would extend, should be part of the yearly fund sate

Anno quinto GEORGII I. C. 19. 718.]

nd towards answering or paying the annuities therein after mention-d; and in case the said duties should at any time or times appear to e so descient or low in the produce of the same, as that within any ne year the said monies arising into the exchequer for or upon account f the same duties, should not amount to so much as one hundred thirty we thousand pounds, or to so much as should be sufficient to discharge adsairsfy all the annuities by that as appointed or intended to be paid, within or for the same year respectively. That then and so often, ad in every such case, so much as should be wanting to make up the wid fund for every year or any such year, should be supplied and made red, from time to time, out of the sirst aid to be granted in parliament ext after such desiciencies should appear, and should from time to time, ext after such deficiencies should appear, and should from time to time, transferred thereunto as soon as the same should be granted: and it as thereby enacted, That it should and might be lawful for any pern or perfons, natives or foreigners, bodies politick or corporate, to ntribute for or towards advancing the sum of fifteen hundred thound pounds therein mentioned, by paying at or before the first day of eptember one thousand seven hundred and ten, to the receiver or reivers to be appointed for that purpose, the sum of ten pounds, or diers entire sums of ten pounds upon that act, for which he, she or eg, for thirty two years, should be entitled to receive a share or diviand of the said yearly fund; and that lottery-tickets should be prepared and drawn, and the shares of the adventurers in the said fund should determined and ascertained in the manner thereby prescribed, as by 8 Ann. c. 4. end drawn, and the shares of the adventurers in the said fund should edetermined and ascertained in the manner thereby prescribed, as by ne said ast, relation being thereunto had, may more largely appear: and whereas the sum of sisteen hundred thousand pounds was contributing the said ast, and the annuities payable out of the said sum is virtue thereof, do amount as is herein after mentioned (that is to by) to the sum of thirty two thousand six hundred twenty five pounds er annum, payable half-yearly, to wit, at Lady-day and Michaeltas, by equal portions, or within twenty days after every such seasy, in respect of the fortunate tickets; and to the sum of one hundred nd two thousand three hundred seventy three pounds and twelve hillings per annum, payable at Michaelmas yearly, or within wenty days after the same feast-day, in respect of the tickets which id not prove to be fortunate upon drawing of the said lottery, purvant to the said ast: and whereas other tickets, commonly called ag-tickets, directed by the said ast, have been made forth for payment the said respective annuities at the respective times before-mentioned, and all the said annuities payable out of the said fund are satisfied ntil and for the seast of St. Michael the archangel in the year of we Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventeen, and no surther; at the sum of one hundred sixty eight thousand seven hundred forty ight pounds and sive shillings, is due and in arrear thereupon, by imputing the same annuities for one year and a quarter of a year roun the said feast of St. Michael the archangel one thousand seven undered and seventeen, until and for the seast of the birth of cur Lord the said feast of the south-Seas and other parts of Amelical or joint-stock of the governor and company of merchants of Steat Britain, trading to the South-Seas and other parts of Amelical or joint-stock of the South-Seas and other parts of Amelica, and for encouraging the sispery, doth now amount to the sum of her, and for encouroging the fiftery, doth now amount to the fum of

ten millions, and in respect thereof a yearly fund of sive bundred thousand pounds is payable to the said governor and company, after the rate of sive pounds per centum per annum, besides a yearly sum of eight thousand pounds, for or towards the charges of the said governor and company for management, subject nevertheless to such provises and powers of redemption, as are contained in one act of governor and company for redemption, as are contained in one act of the state of the third year of your Majesty's reign, made (amongs other things) for redeming the yearly fund of the South-Sea company, being then after the rate of six pounds per centum per annum, and settling on the said company a yearly sund after the rate of sive pounds per centum per annum, redeemable by parliament, as by the several acts of parliament, whereupon the said capital or joint-stock, and the said yearly sum of eight thousand pounds, and the said yearly sum of eight thousand pounds, and the said powers of redemption, are grounded, relation being thereunto severally had, may more fully appear: and whereas the corporation of the said governor and thousand pounds is payable to the said governor and company, after fully appear: and whereas the corporation of the faid governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, is willing (upon fuch terms, conditions and encouragements, as are hereafter in and by this aet previded and enacted) to permit all and every or any fuch persons as are, or at any time before the twentieth day of June one thousand seven bundred and nineteen shall be the proprietors of the said lottery-annuities, or any of them, for the residue of the said term of thirty-two years (that is to say) for twenty three years and three quarters of a year, to be reckoned from the feast of the birth of our Lord Christ one thousand seven hundred and eighteen (in case such proprietors, we any of them, do so think sit) to subscribe his, her or their right, property and interest, for and during all such remaining time or their of and in every or any fueb annuity or annuities, and of and in all bis, her or their said pay-tickets for the same, during such residual time or term, into a book or books to be provided, as hereafter in this act is arested, at the rate of eleven years purchase and a half, so that be, the or they so subscribing, for every twenty shillings per annum se fle or they so subscribing, for every twenty shillings per annum so subscribed for the said time or term of twenty three years and three quarters of a year, shall have and be entitled to eleven pounds and to shillings in the capital or joint-stock of the said company, when the said capital or joint-stock shall be increased, according to the purport and true meaning of this act, and proportionally for any greater or lessed annuities which shall be so subscribed; and the said corporation is also willing subsort the said terms, conditions and encouragements berein afwilling (upon the faid terms, conditions and encouragements herein afwilling (upon the faid terms, conditions and encouragements herein after mentioned) to permit all and every, or any fuch perfors as are, or at any time before the faid twentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, shall be proprietors of the faid sum of one hundred sixty eight thousand seven hundred forty eight pounds and five shillings, computed to be in arrear, as aforesaid, or any part thereof, to subscribe the same into the said book or books, so that every such subscriber, for the sum so subscribed in part of the said sum of one hundred sixty eight thousand seven hundred forty eight pounds and five saillings, shall have and be entitled to the like sum in the said increased capital stock of the said company, according to the purport and true

capital flock of the faid company, according to the purport and true meaning of this act: and in order to raife money to be applied to-wards discharging the principal and interest of such national debts

nd incumbrances as were incurred before the twenty fifth day of December one thousand seven hundred and sixteen, declared to be ational debts, and provided for by acts of parliament, the said imporation is also willing to advance and pay the sum of seven hundred seventy eight thousand seven hundred and fifty pounds, or so that thereof as is herein after limited and appointed, at such thereof as its tree and the seventy eight they are the seventy eight they are the seventy as the seventy and the seventy as the s nd by such proportions at a time, as are herein after mentioned, subest nevertheless to such deductions, defalcations and abatements to made out of the same, as are hereaster in and by this act allowed:

ow we your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects the Proprietors of ow we your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects the Proprietors of commons of Great Britain in parliament assembled, being de-lottery-tickets rous that the proprietors of the said lottery-annuities, and they think sit in faid arrearages thereof (if they or any of them so think sit) subscribe the say be permitted voluntarily to subscribe the same into the same into the ock and increased stock of the said company, as aforesaid; South-Sea and that the said sum of seven hundred seventy eight thousand stock. The sum of the payable by the said company in pursuance of this act, applied to discourance applied towards discharging the principal and interest charge national debts and incumbrances as were incurred before the sum of th ad fixteen, declared to be national debts, and provided for by 1716, As of parliament; and being willing to give suitable encouragements to the said corporation in consideration thereof, do most umbly present to your Majesty the several impositions, rates and uties herein after mentioned, and do humbly pray your Maje-y that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's most scellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords iritual and temporal and commons, in this present parliament sembled, and by the authority of the same, That all such Duties on weral and respective impositions, rates and duties, for and up- coals and n all coals, culm and cinders, and for and upon every dwelling-houses 8 Ann. ouse inhabited, that now is or hereaster shall be erected or built perpetual, ithin the kingdom of Great Britain, having twenty windows r more, as were granted, imposed, continued or directed by the id act of the eighth year of her said Majesty's reign for the rm or terms of years therein mentioned (except as therein is rcepted) shall continue, and be paid and payable to his Majey, his heirs and fuccessors for ever, for the purposes in this act rescribed and directed; and shall be raised, levied, collected and the duties aid to his Majesty, his heirs and successors, in the same man-how to be er, and method and form, and at fuch places, and by fuch raifed, ules, ways and means, and under fuch penalties, forfeitures and difabilities as are mentioned, expressed or referred unto, or by the faid recited act of the eighth year of her faid late lajesty's reign; and that all the powers, authorities, rules, di-ctions, penalties, forseitures, disabilities, clauses, matters and ings whatfoever, contained in the faid act of the eighth year 8 Ann. c. 4. her faid late Majesty's reign, or thereby referred unto, now sing in force for raising, collecting, levying, recovering, an-nexing, paying, and accounting for the said several impositions,

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rates, duties and fums of money, as well upon coals, culm and cynders, as upon houses having twenty windows or more, during the term or terms aforesaid (except as is before excepted) shall be revived, and be for ever continued, practifed, and put in execution, for raifing, collecting, levying, recovering, answering, paying and accounting for the said several impositions, rates and duties, by this act intended to be continued and made perpetual, for the purposes in and by this act prescribed and directed, in the same manner, and as fully and effectually, as if the fame powers, authorities, rules, directions, penalties, forfeitures, disabilities, clauses, matters and things, were particularly and at large set down and re-enacted in this act; the said act of the eighth year of her said late Majesty's reign, or any other law or statute to the contrary notwithstanding; nevertheless the said several impositions, rates, duties and sums of money by this ad intended to be continued and made perpetual, as aforefaid, shall be subject to such provisoes and powers of redemption, as are hereafter in and by this act contained and prescribed of and concerning the same.

The money to H. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, be paid into That all the monies arising of or for the said impositions, rates

the exchequer, and duties hereby intended to be continued and made perpetual, subject to such redemption, as aforesaid, (except the necessary charges of raising, collecting, levying, recovering, answering, paying and accounting for the same) shall, from time to time, be brought into the receipt of the exchequer for the uses and purposes in this act prescribed; and shall, from time to time, be fairly and distinctly entred and registred in one or more book or books to be kept in the offices of the auditor of the receipt, and clerk of the pells, severally, for that purpose, to which all persons concerned, at all seasonable times, shall have free access without fee or charge.

III. And it is hereby also enacted, That all the monies, which

3 Ann. c. 4.

All the monies from and after the faid feast of the birth of our Lord Christ one of these duties, from and after the land teat of the brought into the after Christ- thousand seven hundred and eighteen shall be brought into the mas 1718, ap- exchequer, or shall be then remaining there, of or for the said propriated. feveral impositions, rates and duties by this and the field for several impositions, rates and duties, by this and the said former act of the eighth year of her late Majesty's reign, or either of them, granted or continued, as aforefaid, (except the necessary charges of issuing and applying the said monies to the uses and purposes by this act intended and directed, and rendring the accounts thereof, and after paying or referving in the exchequer, monies sufficient to pay all arrears of the said pay-tickets due, at and for or before the feast of Saint Michael the archangel one thousand seven hundred and seventeen) shall be and are hereby appropriated, and shall be issued and applied to and for the satis faction of such several and respective payments as are by this act directed, in their due order, method and form, and with fuch preferences, and subject to such redemptions, as are in and by this act prescribed of and concerning the same respectively, and without any fee or charge whatfoever to be demanded of,

said by the respective persons or corporations who are to receive the faid monies; and that the respective officers of the exchequer, who shall make any delay in issuing or paying of the same, Penaltyon expression shall be guilty of diverting or misapplying any of the said chequer offinonies, contrary to this act, for any such offence shall be fore-plying.

udged from their respective offices or places, and be rendred ncapable to serve his Majesty, his heirs or successors, in any ofice or employment of trust or profit whatsoever, and shall also re liable to pay double the value of any fum or fums of money o delayed, diverted or misapplied, to the party grieved; to be ecovered by action of debt, or upon the case, bill, suit or infornation, in any of his Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, wherein no effoin, protection, wager of law, or more than one mparlance shall be granted or allowed.

Freafury to appoint managers for the subscriptions, &c. Managers to repare books for subscriptions. Subscribers to have free access to those rooks. EXP.

VI. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That such Proprietors of persons or corporations, being proprietors of all or any of the the lottery-laid lottery-annuities, for the said term of twenty three years tickets may and three quarters of a year, who are or shall be willing or described them under a strough to accept (in lieu thereof) a share or shares, to be comproper preputed after the rate of eleven years purchase and an half, of and sace in the in the capital stock of the said company, when it shall be in-books, creased, according to the purport and true meaning of this creased, according to the purport and true meaning of this act; and that such persons or corporations being proprietors of all or any part of the said arrears computed for the year and a quarter, ending at the faid feast of the birth of our Lord Christ one thousand seven hundred and eighteen, amounting to the sum of one hundred fixty eight thousand seven hundred forty eight pounds and five shillings, as aforesaid, be the same more or less, who are or shall be willing and desirous to accept (in lieu thereof) a share or shares (equal to the amount of such his, A sum attended her or their arrear) of and in the said increased stock of the said quith amustics perfor their arrear) of and in the laid increased stock of the laid with annulies company, shall or may by themselves respectively, or by such of \$7.421.43. person or persons as they respectively shall think fit to imploy or schedin surfacientrust in this behalf, subscribe such annuity for the said term of ance of this ass, twenty three years and three quarters, and such arrears incur- and a surface or to be computed until and for the said seast of the birth of sum in pursuour Lord Christ one thousand seven hundred and eighteen, or ance of 6 Ceq. any part thereof, under a proper preface or prefaces, in the book or books to be opened for that purpose, as aforesaid, by subor books to be opened for that purpole, as aforefaid, by subscribing their names and places of abode, with other proper additions, within the time before-mentioned.

Executors, &c. may make subscriptions for testators, &c. Subscribers to indorfe their names on the backside of the pay tickers. Pay-tickets so indorfed, to be delivered up, and receipts to be given for them. Bearers of the pay-tickets, &c. to be deemed the lawful owners. Managers by 3r Dec. 1719. to give duplicates of the subscriptions to the auditor of the receipt, and the books with subscriptions to the directors of the South-Sea

company. Pay-tickets indorsed, with a duplicate of the books, to be delivered to the auditor. Treasury to transmit attested lists of annuities, &c. not subscribed, to the company's cashier, by 25 March 1720. EXP.

Subscribers entitled to shares in the South-Sea ncreased tock.

XI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all and every person and persons, natives or foreigners, bodies politick or corporate, by or for whom such subscriptions shall be made as aforesaid, and for which the pay-tickets shall be delivered up as aforesaid, his, her and their executors, administrators, successors and assigns respectively shall have and enjoy, and be entitled to have and enjoy, of and in the said increased capital or joint flock of the faid company, such respective shares as are herein after-mentioned, that is to say, for the said term of twenty three years and three quarters of a year, so subscribed, of and in every or any such annuity, a share to be computed after the rate of eleven years and an helf amounting to eleven ter the rate of eleven years and an half, amounting to eleven pounds ten shillings for every twenty shillings per annum, and proportionally for such greater or lesser annuities; and for every sum of money so subscribed for every fund of money for subscribed for annuities. to amount to one hundred fixty eight thousand seven hundred forty eight pounds and five shillings, in arrear as aforesaid, a share equal to the amount of the sum so subscribed; and in respect of such shares shall be deemed and taken to be members of the said corporation of the said governor and company of merchants of Great Britain trading to the South-Seas and other parts of America, and for encouraging the fishery; and be in-corporated into the same; and shall, in proportion to the same shares respectively, have and be entitled to the like powers and benefits, privileges and advantages, as other members of the

faid corporation do or ought to enjoy in respect of their shares

Company to pay into the exchequer 778,750 l. for discharging national content of the exchequer thority aforesaid, That the said corporation shall advance and pay into the receipt of the exchequer thority aforesaid, That the said corporation shall advance and pay into the receipt of the exchequer. For the purpose last and incumbations into the receipt of the exchequer.

into the receipt of the exchequer, for the purpose last-mentioned, the full sum of seven hundred seventy eight thousand seven
hundred and fifty pounds, or so much thereof as shall remain
after such deductions, defalcations and abatements as are here-

after in and by this act allowed to be made out of or from the fame; fuch payment to be made by fuch proportions and at such Times of paytimes as are herein after appointed for payment thereof; (that is to say) one full and equal moiety or half-part thereof on or before the thirtieth day of July one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, one full and equal quarter or fourth part of the whole fum on or before the one and thirtieth day of October one thoufand seven hundred and nineteen, and the remaining full and equal quarter or fourth part of the said whole sum so to be paid by the said corporation, and in full payment thereof, on or before the one and thirtieth day of January one thousand seven hundred and nineteen,

XIII. Pro-

XIII. Provided always, and it is hereby declared and enact- If all the and by the authority aforesaid, That if all the said lottery-annui-nuiries, &c. be not subies for the said term of twenty three years and three quarters of scribed by year, and all the faid arrearages, computed to amount to one 20 June 1719, nundred fixty eight thousand seven hundred forty eight pounds Company to nd five shilings as aforesaid, shall not, on or before the said advance prowentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, the annuities e subscribed as aforesaid, to be converted into stock at the re-subscribed. pective rates aforefaid, pursuant to the purport and true meaning of this act, then the said corporation shall be obliged, by virtue of this act, to advance and pay into the faid receipt of exchequer fo much of the faid fum of feven hundred feventy eight housand seven hundred and sifty pounds, for the purpose last-nentioned, as shall bear proportion to the lottery-annuities and arrearages so to be subscribed at the respective rates aforesaid, and no more; (that is to fay) as the fum of one million seven hundred twenty one thousand two hundred and fifty pounds, being the computed value of all the faid lottery-annuities and arrearages, is to the faid fum of seven hundred seventy eight thoufand seven hundred and fifty pounds, so the value of the said lottery-annuities and arrearages which shall be actually subscribed, being computed at the rates aforesaid, shall be to the sum which the said corporation shall advance, for and towards paying off the faid debts and incumbrances; and that such of the faid lottery-annuities and arrearages, as shall not be subscribed Annuities not to be converted into stock as aforesaid on or before the said subscribed to twentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, be paid out of the produce thall be paid and payable out of the produce of the said duties, of the duties. at such times and in such manner and course of payment, as the same ought to have been paid, if this act had not been

be paid out of

XIV. Provided also, and it is hereby declared and enacted out of the by the authority aforesaid. That out of the first monies of the first money to be paid into said sum of seven hundred seventy eight thousand seven hundred the exchequer and fifty pounds, or of or for the said proportional part there-37,500 l. or a of, which shall be payable by the said company into the exche-proportional quer, pursuant to this act, for paying off debts and incum-part, to be debrances as aforesaid, the full sum of thirty seven thousand sive use of the hundred pounds, or so much thereof as shall bear proportion to company. the value of the lottery-annuities and arreatages which shall be the value of the lottery-annuities and arrearages which shall be actually subscribed as aforesaid, at the rates before-mentioned, shall and may be deducted, defalked and recouped to and for the fole use and benefit of the said corporation, and for the sole benefit and advantage of all the members thereof (as well the prefent members as those to be incorporated into the same com-

pany by virtue of this act).

XV. And whereas by the said act of the third year of his Maje- How desicenjets reign for redeeming the then fund of the said corporation, it is cess shall be malled, That if at any time or times the produce of the duties and re- made good. connect therein mentioned should be so low or desicient, as that the mo- 3 Geo. z. c. 9.
To arising thereby at the exchequer should not extend or be sufficient,

rates, duties and fums of money, as well upon coals, culm and cynders, as upon houses having twenty windows or more, during the term or terms aforesaid (except as is before excepted) shall be revived, and be for ever continued, practifed, and put in execution, for raifing, collecting, levying, recovering, answering, paying and accounting for the said several impositions, rates and duties, by this act intended to be continued and made perpetual, for the purposes in and by this act prescribed and directed, in the same manner, and as fully and effectually, as if the same powers, authorities, rules, directions, penaltics, forfeitures, disabilities, clauses, matters and things, were particularly and at large set down and re-enacted in this act; the said act of the eighth year of her said late Majesty's reign, or any other law or statute to the contrary notwithstanding; nevertheless the said feveral impositions, rates, duties and sums of money by this act intended to be continued and made perpetual, as aforefaid, shall be subject to such provisoes and powers of redemption, as are hereafter in and by this act contained and prescribed of and concerning the same.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid,

The money to 11. And De It IUITHEE enacted by the baid into That all the monies arising of or for the said impositions, rates the exchequer, and duties hereby intended to be continued and made perpetual, subject to such redemption, as aforesaid, (except the necessary charges of raising, collecting, levying, recovering, answering, paying and accounting for the same) shall, from time to time, be brought into the receipt of the exchequer for the uses and purpoles in this act prescribed; and shall, from time to time, be fairly and distinctly entred and registred in one or more book or books to be kept in the offices of the auditor of the receipt, and clerk of the pells, severally, for that purpose, to which all persons concerned, at all seasonable times, shall have free access without fee or charge

III. And it is hereby also enacted, That all the monies, which

All the monies of the form and after the said feast of the birth of our Lord Christ one of these duties, thousand seven hundred and eighteen shall be brought into the said feast of the birth of our Lord Christ one of or the said season of or mas 1718, ap- exchequer, or shall be then remaining there, of or for the said propriated. several impositions, rates and duties, by this and the said former act of the eighth year of her late Maiestv's reign. or either act several impositions, rates and duties, by this and the said former act of the eighth year of her late Majesty's reign, or either of them, granted or continued, as aforefaid, (except the necessary charges of issuing and applying the said monies to the uses and purposes by this act intended and directed, and rendring the accounts thereof, and after paying or referving in the exchequer, monies sufficient to pay all arrears of the said pay-tickets due, at and for or before the feast of Saint Michael the archangel one thousand seven hundred and seventeen) shall be and are hereby appropriated, and shall be issued and applied to and for the satisfaction of such several and respective payments as are by this act. directed, in their due order, method and form, and with such preferences, and subject to such redemptions, as are in and by this act prescribed of and concerning the same respectively, and without any fee or charge whatfoever to be demanded of, ex paid

Anno quinto GEORGII I. C. 19.

paid by the respective persons or corporations who are to receive the said monies; and that the respective officers of the exchequer, who shall make any delay in issuing or paying of the same, Penaltyon exor shall be guilty of diverting or misapplying any of the said chequer offi-monies, contrary to this act, for any such offence shall be fore-plying. judged from their respective offices or places, and be rendred incapable to serve his Majesty, his heirs or successors, in any office or employment of trust or profit whatsoever, and shall also be liable to pay double the value of any fum or fums of money so delayed, diverted or misapplied, to the party grieved; to be recovered by action of debt, or upon the case, bill, suit or information, in any of his Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, wherein no essoin, protection, wager of law, or more than one imparlance shall be granted or allowed.

Treasury to appoint managers for the subscriptions, &c. Managers to prepare books for subscriptions. Subscribers to have tree access to those books. EXP.

VI. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That such Proprietors of persons or corporations, being proprietors of all or any of the lottery-said lottery-annuities, for the said term of twenty three years tickets may subscribe and three quarters of a year, who are or shall be willing or defirous to accept (in lieu thereof) a share or shares, to be comproper preputed after the rate of eleven years purchase and an half, of and face in the in the capital stock of the said company, when it shall be in-books. creased, according to the purport and true meaning of this act; and that such persons or corporations being proprietors of all or any part of the said arrears computed for the year and a quarter, ending at the said feast of the birth of our Lord Christ one thousand seven hundred and eighteen, amounting to the sum of one hundred fixty eight thousand seven hundred forty eight pounds and five shillings, as aforesaid, be the same more or less, who are or shall be willing and desirous to accept (in lieu thereof) a share or shares (equal to the amount of such his, A sum attended her or their arrear) of and in the said increased stock of the said with amulties company, shall or may by themselves respectively, or by such of 87, 421, 48, person or persons as they respectively shall think fit to imploy or 5d. was sub-intrust in this behalf, subscribe such annuity for the said term of ance o, this ass, twenty three years and three quarters, and such arrears incur- and a surfer red or to be computed until and for the said seaso of the birth of sum in pursured and other states and subscribe and subscribe such and subscribe such as a subscribe such as a subscribe of the sub our Lord Christ one thousand seven hundred and eighteen, or ance of 6 Ceq. any part thereof, under a proper presace or presaces, in the book or books to be opened for that purpole, as aforefaid, by subscribing their names and places of abode, with other proper additions, within the time before-mentioned,

Executors, &c. may make subscriptions for testators, &c. Subscribers to inderfe their names on the backside of the pay tickers. Pay-tickets so inderfed, to be delivered up, and receipts to be given for them. Bearers of the pay-tickets, &c. to be deemed the lawful owners. Managers by 31 Dec. 1719. to give duplicates of the subscriptions to the auditor of the receipt, and the books with subscriptions to the directors of the South-Sea.

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£1718. company. Pay-tickets indorsed, with a duplicate of the books, to be de-livered to the auditor. Treasury to transmit attested lists of annuities, &c. not subscribed, to the company's cashier, by 25 March 1720. EXP.

Subscribers entitled to fhares in the South-Sea encreased flock.

XI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That all and every person and persons, natives or foreigners, bodies politick or corporate, by or for whom such subscriptions shall be made as aforesaid, and for which the pay-tickets shall be delivered up as aforesaid, his, her and their executors, administrators, successors and assigns respectively shall have and enjoy, and be entitled to have and enjoy, of and in the said increased capital or joint stock of the said company, such respective shares as are herein after-mentioned, that is to say, for the said term of twenty three years and three quarters of a year, so subscribed, of and in every or any such annuity, a share to be computed after the sate of clause years and as helf annuity as learn the sate of clause years and as helf annuity. ter the rate of eleven years and an half, amounting to eleven pounds ten shillings for every twenty shillings per annum, and proportionally for such greater or lesser annuities; and for every sum of money so subscribed, as part of the said sum, computed to amount to one hundred fixty eight thousand seven hundred forty eight pounds and five shillings, in arrear as aforesaid, a share equal to the amount of the sum so subscribed; and in respect of such shares shall be deemed and taken to be members of the faid corporation of the faid governor and company of merchants of Great Britain trading to the South-Seas and other parts of America, and for encouraging the fishery; and be incorporated into the same; and shall, in proportion to the same shares respectively, have and be entitled to the like powers and benefits, privileges and advantages, as other members of the faid corporation do or ought to enjoy in respect of their shares in the faid flock, (except as herein after is excepted).

Company to pay into the exchequer of fuch national debts and incumerational charging the principal and interest of such national debts and incumerational charging the principal and interest of fuch national debts and incumerational charging the principal and interest of such national debts and incumerational charging the principal and interest of such national debts and incumerational charging the principal and interest of such national debts and incumerational charging the principal and interest of such national debts and incumerate the payments of the such national debts and incumerate the payments of the such national debts and incumerate the payments of the national into the receipt of the exchequer, for the purpose last-mention-debts.

6 Geo. r. c. ro. hundred and fifty pounds, or so much thereof as shall remain after such deductions, defalcations and abatements as are hereafter in and by this act allowed to be made out of or from the

fame; such payment to be made by such proportions and at such Times of paytimes as are herein after appointed for payment thereof; (that is to say) one full and equal moiety or half-part thereof on or before the thirtieth day of July one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, one full and equal quarter or fourth part of the whole fum on or before the one and thirtieth day of October one thoufand seven hundred and nineteen, and the remaining full and equal quarter or fourth part of the said whole sum so to be paid by the faid corporation, and in full payment thereof, on or be-fore the one and thirtieth day of January one thousand seven hundred and nineteen,

XIII. Provided always, and it is hereby declared and enact- If all the an1 by the authority aforesaid, That if all the said lottery-annuinuities, &c.
es for the said term of twenty three years and three quarters of be not subscribed by year, and all the faid arrearages, computed to amount to one 20 June 1719, undred fixty eight thousand seven hundred forty eight pounds Company to nd five shilings as aforesaid, shall not, on or before the said advance prometieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, the annuities e subscribed as aforesaid, to be converted into stock at the re-subscribed. xective rates aforesaid, pursuant to the purport and true meanng of this act, then the faid corporation shall be obliged, by irtue of this act, to advance and pay into the faid receipt of xchequer so much of the said sum of seven hundred seventy eight housand seven hundred and fifty pounds, for the purpose last-nentioned, as shall bear proportion to the lottery-annuities and rrearages so to be subscribed at the respective rates aforesaid, nd no more; (that is to fay) as the fum of one million feven undred twenty one thousand two hundred and fifty pounds, eing the computed value of all the faid lottery-annuities and arearages, is to the said sum of seven hundred seventy eight thouand seven hundred and fifty pounds, so the value of the said ottery-annuities and arrearages which shall be actually subscribed, being computed at the rates aforesaid, shall be to the sum which the said corporation shall advance, for and towards paying off the said debts and incumbrances; and that such of the faid lottery-annuities and arrearages, as shall not be subscribed Annuities not to be converted into stock as aforesaid on or before the said subscribed to twentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, the produce shall be paid and payable out of the produce of the said duties, of the duties. at such times and in such manner and course of payment, as the same ought to have been paid, if this act had not been

XIV. Provided also, and it is hereby declared and enacted out of the by the authority aforesaid. That out of the first monies of the first money to be paid into said sum of seven hundred seventy eight thousand seven hundred the exchequer and fifty pounds, or of or for the said proportional part there-37,500 l. or a of, which shall be payable by the said company into the excheproportional quer, pursuant to this act, for paying off debts and incumpart, to be deducted for the brances as aforesaid, the full sum of thirty seven thousand sive use of the hundred pounds, or so much thereof as shall bear proportion to company. the value of the lottery-annuities and arrearages which shall be actually subscribed as aforesaid, at the rates before-mentioned, shall and may be deducted, defalked and recouped to and for the sole use and benefit of the said corporation, and for the sole benefit and advantage of all the members thereof (as well the present members as those to be incorporated into the same company by virtue of this act).

XV. And whereas by the

XV. And whereas by the said act of the third year of his Maje- How deficienjety's reign for redeeming the then fund of the said corporation, it is cies shall be emelted, That if at any time or times the produce of the duties and remade good.

The state of the fact any time or times the produce of the duties and remade good.

The state of the months of the state of the state of the months of the state of the st

according to that act, to pay and discharge or to complete the ment at the end of any quarter of a year, of all the money which fould be then due, as well for or upon the above-mentioned yearly fund of five hundred thousand pounds and the above-mentioned yearly sum of eight thousand-pounds, then and so often and in every such case, the desciency of any such quarter should and might be supplied out of the overplus monies of the said duties and revenues arising in any subsequent accounts. overpus monies of the faid duties and revenues arifing in any subsequent quarter; and in default thereof by the space of half a year, then all and every such desciency and desciencies should be supplied and made good from time to time by or out of the general yearly fund by another 3 Geo. 1. C. 7. ast of that session of parliament established or intended to be established 9Ann. C. 6, 23 for redeeming the duties and revenues then charged or chargeable in 26.

and by several lottery-asts of the ninth and tenth years of her said late.

Majesty's reign, and certain annual hayments out of the herediscent and an annual hayments out of the herediscent and an annual hayments out of the herediscent annual hayments. Majesty's reign, and certain annual payments out of the bereditary excise in the said act of that session mentioned, or out of money to be raised at the exchequer for purchasing an annuity or annuities after a rate ed at the exchequer for purchasing an annuity or annuities after a rate not exceeding sive pounds per centum per annum, sor every such desciency; which annuity or annuities should, by virtue of the said all, be charged on the said general yearly fund, and be payable and transferrable at the bank of England, as other annuities payable out of the said general yearly sund were intended by the said other act of the said session to be payable and transferrable until the redemption thereof by a session to be payable and transferrable until the redemption thereof by a parliament, as by the said act of the third year of his Majesty's reign for redeeming the then sund of the said corporation may more fully appear:

now it is hereby further provided, declared and enacted. That now it is hereby further provided, declared and enacted, That out of the first payment of the said sum of seven hundred seventy eight thousand seven hundred and sifty pounds, or of or for the said proportional part thereof, to be paid by way of advance

into the exchequer as aforesaid, so much as at the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand seven hundred and nineteen shall be deficient to make good the sums then incurred and grown due for or upon the said yearly fund of sive hundred thousand pounds, and for or upon the said yearly sum of eight thousand pounds mentioned in the said former act, and for and upon the additional or increased yearly fund and yearly sum by this act intended to be paid to the faid company, or such part of the same deficiencies as shall bear proportion to the value of the lottery-annuities and arrearages which shall be actually subscribed as aforesaid, at the rates before-mentioned, pursuant to this act, shall and may be deducted, defalked and recouped for or towards satisfying and making good the said deficiencies of the faid yearly funds and yearly sums so growing due at or before the said twenty fourth day of June one thousand seven hundred and nineteen; and that out of each subsequent payment of the faid fum of seven hundred seventy eight thousand seven hundred and fifty pounds, or of or for the faid proportional part thereof, to be paid by way of advance into the exchequer as aforefaid, for much as at and for the quarter-day next preceding the respectively times hereby limited, for making those fublequent payments respectively. (hall be descient to make good the firms ments respectively, shall be deficient to make good the suma then incurred and grown due for or upon the faid yearly funds

7718.] Anno quinto Georgii I. C. 19.

and yearly fums by this and the faid former act payable to the faid corporation, such part of the same deficiencies as shall bear proportion to the value of the lottery-annuities and arrearages which shall be actually subscribed as aforesaid, at the rates be-fore-mentioned, pursuant to this act, shall and may be deduct-ed, defalked and recouped for or towards satisfying and making good the faid deficiencies of the faid yearly funds and yearly fums so growing due at or upon the quarter-day next preceding the respective times by this act prescribed for making each sub-

fequent payment by the said corporation as aforcsaid.

XVI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Company machine the said corporation of the South-Sea company shall king sailure of make failure in payment of the faid fum of feven hundred feven-payment may ty eight thousand seven hundred and fifty pounds, or of the faid be sued. proportional part thereof, at the days and times hereby limited for the payment of the same, having such deductions, desalcations and abatements as by this act are prescribed, then the money whereof such failure in payment shall be made, shall and may be recovered in his Majesty's name for the purpose before-mentioned, by action of debt or upon the case, bill, suit or information in any his Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, wherein no essoin, protection, privilege or wager of law shall be allowed, or more than one imparlance; in which action, bill, fuit or information it shall be lawful to declare, That the governor and company of merchants of Great Britain trading to the South-Seas and other parts of America, and for encouraging the fishery, are indebted to the King's majesty the money of which they shall have made default in payment, according to the form of this statute, and have not paid the same, which shall be sufficient; and in or upon such action, bill, suit or information there shall be further recovered for the purpose aforesaid, against the defendants, damage after the rate of ten pounds per centum per annum, for the monies so unpaid contrary to this act; and the said corporation and their stock and funds shall be and are

hereby made subject and liable thereunto.

XVII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, The annuiThat the said value computed at the said rate of eleven years and ties, &c. suba half's purchase, for the said term of twenty three years and scribed, to be three quarters of a year, of and in the faid lottery-annuities, or united to the formany of them as shall be actually subscribed, pursuant to this capital stock.

act, on or before the said twentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, and the said arrearages for one year and a quarter, computed to amount to one hundred fixty eight thousand seven hundred forty eight pounds and five shillings as aforesaid, or so much thereof as shall be actually subferibed pursuant to this act, at any time or times on or before the said twentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, and also the said sum of seven hundred seventy-eight thousand seven hundred and fifty pounds, or so much thereof as shall be actually advanced within the respective times before himited in that behalf by the faid corporation (including there-

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in the deductions by this act allowed to be made out of the same for the respective causes and purposes aforesaid) shall be and be deemed an additional stock of the said corporation, and shall be united to the present capital stock of ten millions now belonging to the said corporation: and the said present and increased stock so united, shall be and be called the capital stock of the

Treasury to compute the Hock.

faid corporation, and the commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them now being, or the high treasurer, or any three or more of the commissioners of the treasury for the time being shall, and they are hereby impowered and required to cause the sum total of the said additional stock to be computed and adjusted, as soon as it can conveniently be known and adjusted, and to declare and determine the same by an instrument in writing under his or their hands and seals, which shall be entred in the proper book or books of the faid corporation; and

that every member of the faid corporation (as well those to be incorporated into the same, by virtue of this act, as all other Every member to have credit in the books for his share in the increased stock, from 2 c Dec. 1718.

members thereof) shall, from and after the twenty-fifth day of December one thousand seven hundred and eighteen, have credit in the books of the said corporation, for his, her or their proportion or share of and in the whole capital or joint stock of the said corporation so increased, and of and in all the dividends, profits and advantages whatfoever to attend the fame, except as herein after is otherwise provided. XVIII. And be it further enacted by the authority afore-

to have 51. per cent. for the increased dock.

The company faid, That the faid governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, and their successors, shall have, receive and enjoy, and be intitled by virtue of this act to have, receive and enjoy, for the said additional stock, to be computed, adjusted and determined, as aforesaid, an annuity or yearly fund, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, which shall be and is hereby declared and enacted to be united to and consolidated with their faid present annuity or fund of five hundred thousand pounds per annum, and the faid yearly funds so united shall be and be called the increased yearly fund of the said governor and com-

XIX. And it is hereby enacted, That the faid annuity, after

The faid annuity of 51. per cent. to commence from Christ

the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, for the said additional stock, shall commence and be reckoned to commence from the feast of the birth of our Lord Christ one thousand semas 1718, and ven hundred and eighteen, and have relation from that time in be paid quar point of payment, when the same shall be adjusted, as aforesaid, serly.

and that so much thereof as shall be payable to the said source. and that so much thereof as shall be payable to the said gover-nor and company for the said sum of seven hundred seventy eight thousand seven hundred and sifty pounds, or the propor-tional part of the same, which shall be actually advanced by them (including therein the deductions by this act allowed to be made thereout, as aforesaid) shall be payable, and be accounted to grow due to the faid governor and company, and their fuccessors, and be paid to them or their cashier for their sile, at and for the four most usual feasts in the year, that is to

in, The feaths of the annunciation of the bleffed virgin Mary, the minity of St. John Baptist, St. Michael the archangel, and the thirth of our Lord Christ, by even and equal portions, or within the days days after every of the said feast-days until the melamion thereof by parliament, according to the provisoes and powers of redemption herein after contained; the first of the sid quarterly payments to become due and payable at Lady-First payment in one moustand seven hundred and nineteen; and that so much at Lady-day the said additional annuity or yearly fund, after the rate of 1719-in pounds per centum per annum, as shall be payable to the said mpany in respect of the said lottery-annuities and arrearages most which shall be actually subscribed, as aforesaid, shall be amounted due to the faid governor and company, and their fuccon, and shall be paid and payable to them, or to their ca-for the time being, for their use, at such times, and by in proportions at a time, and in such manner and form, as temy-tickets for the lottery-annuities and arrearages so submementioned fund of one hundred thirty five thousand nds per annum, if the payment thereof had continued upon s foot of the faid former act; and that the faid governor and many of merchants of Great Britain, and their successors, 2000 l. per have, receive and enjoy, and be entitled by virtue of this annum, or a to have, receive and enjoy, for or towards the charge of proportional part, for management of the affairs of the faid corporation, an additional part, for management of the affairs of the faid corporation, an additional part, for management. by fum of two thousand pounds, or an additional yearly sum, ing the same proportion to two thousand pounds per annum, he faid additional stock of the said corporation, when it shall injusted and determined pursuant to this act, shall bear to millions and five hundred thousand pounds, without being to render an account of the said charges, or any of them, by yearly sum of two thousand pounds, or such lesser pro-tional sum so to be paid by virtue of this act, shall be and is

by declared and enacted to be united to, and joined with the prefent yearly fum of eight thousand pounds allowed to the corporation for such charges.

Thousand no to be paid by virtue of this act, man be and is because of eight thousand pounds allowed to the corporation for such acts are constant. The same the same of the less proportional for managers. to thousand pounds per annum, or such lesser proportional for manage-for charges of management, shall commence and be reckon-ment to comcommence from the faid feast of the birth of our Lord mence from Christman some thousand seven hundred and eighteen, and shall have 1718. m from that time in point of payment, when the same shall fulled, as aforesaid, and shall be payable and accounted due aid governor and company, and their successors, and be to them or their cashier for the time being, for their use,

four most usual feasts in the year before-mentioned, by and equal portions, or within twenty days after every of feaft-days, until the redemption thereof by parliament. to the provisoes and powers of redemption herein af-

moned.

XXI. And

The addition- XXI. And it is hereby enacted, That as well the faid addi-al annuity, &c. tional annuity or yearly fund, after the rate of five pounds per to be charged on the duties on the duties flock, to be adjusted and determined, as aforesaid, as also the houles.

faid additional yearly fum of two thousand pounds, or such lesser proportional sum, to be allowed to the said corporation for charges of management, as aforesaid, shall be, and the same by force and virtue of this act are charged and chargeable upon, and made payable out of the monies from time to time arising at the receipt of the exchequer of or for the said duties upon coals, culm and cynders, and of and for the said duties on houses, at such times, and in such course, method and form, as are before in this as prescribed in that be below in this act prescribed in that behalf.

XXII. Provided always, That so much of the above-mentioned fund of one hundred thirty five thousand pounds per an-

How the unicribed lottery-annuities shall be paid. 8 Ann. c. 4.

num, as by virtue of the act first above recited, was and is applicable to the payment of such of the said lottery-annuities and arrearages thereof, as shall not be actually subscribed to be converted into the stock of the said company, on or before the said twentieth day of *June* one thousand seven hundred and nineteen (the same unsubscribed lottery-annuities being computed in proportion to the amount of all the annuities now payable out of and charged upon the faid yearly fund of one hundred thirty five thousand pounds) shall continue to be issued and applied to and for the payment and satisfaction of such unsubscribed lottery-annuities for the residue of the said term of thirty two years, and the arrearages thereof, and the pay-tickets for the same, as fully and effectually, and in as ample manner and form, as such part of the said yearly fund of one hundred thirty five thousand pounds ought to have been issued and applied thereunto, if this

present act had not been made; this present act or any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding: and the commissioners of his Majesty's treasury now being, and the high treasurer, and commissioners of the treasury of his Majesty, his heirs and successors, for the time being, are hereby authorized and strictly required to issue their warrants and orders, from time to time, for payment as well of the monies which shall become due and payable to the said corporation, as of the monies which ought to be issued and applied for discharging such unsubscribed

tickets (if any such shall be) accordingly.

XXIII. And it is hereby declared and enacted by the autho-How the deficiency of any rity aforesaid, That if at any time or times after the twenty-fifth day of December one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, the be supplied, produce of all the duties and revenues by the faid act of the third 3 Geo. 1. c. 9. year of his Majesty's reign, for redeeming the then yearly fund 8 Ann. c. 4. of the said corporation, and the proportion of the duties and re-

venues by the faid act of the eighth year of her faid late Maje sty's reign, granted and continued, and by the said acts, and this act, or any of them, appropriated or intended for payment of the whole united yearly fund and yearly sums intended by this and the faid last mentioned act of the third year of his Ma-

Anno quinto Georgii I. C. 19.

fty's reign, to be paid to the faid governor and company, and their facesfors, shall be so low or deficient in the payment therefinto the exchequer, as that the same shall not be sufficient to ay and discharge, or to compleat the payment at the end of any uarter of a year, of all the monies which shall be then due and ayable to the said corporation, as well for and upon the said refent yearly fund of five hundred thousand pounds, and the id yearly fund of eight thousand pounds, as upon the said inrealed yearly fund of the faid corporation, after the rate of five ounds per centum per annum, for their additional stock, as afore-id, and for and upon the increased yearly sum of two thousand ounds, or a proportional part thereof, as aforesaid, to be paid or charges of management, shall not extend or be sufficient for hose purposes, then and so often, and in every such case, the eficiency of any such quarter shall and may be supplied out of he overplus monies of the faid duties and revenues, every or ny of them, arifing in any subsequent quarter; and in default hereof by the space of half a year, then all and every such deciency and desiciencies shall be supplied and made good, from ime to time, by or out of the said general yearly fund by the id other act of the third year of his Majesty's reign, established or intended to be established, as aforesaid, or out of money o be raised at the exchequer for purchasing an annuity or annuties after a rate not exceeding five pounds per centum per annum, or every such deficiency; which annuity or annuities shall, by irtue of this act, be charged on the said general yearly fund, ind be payable and transferrable at the bank of England, as other innuities payable out of the faid general yearly fund are intend-al by the faid other act of the third year of his Majesty's reign 3 Geo. z. c. 7. to be payable and transferrable, until the redemption thereof y parliament; and if at any time or times any fuch deficiency hall be paid to the said corporation by such annuity or annuities charged on the said general yearly fund, the discount of such annuity or annuities which shall be necessary for converting the same into ready money (if any such discount shall hap-pen) shall, by order of the commissioners of the treasury, or three or more of them, or high treasurer for the time being, be satisfied to the said corporation out of the same general yearly fund, or out of money to be raised at the exchequer for purchasing a like annuity or annuities at the same rate, to be charged on the same general yearly fund, and to be payable and transferrable as aforeaid, until the redemption thereof by parliament: and for the better and more regular payment of all monies intended by the aid act of the third year of his Majesty's reign, for redemption at the then yearly fund of the said corporation, to be paid to the same, subject nevertheless to such redemption, as aforesaid, the commissioners of the treasury, or the high treasurer for the time being, are hereby impowered and required to sign and issue out beh order and orders for payment of all such sum and sums of oney as by this or the said last mentioned act are or shall beome due and payable to the faid corporation, and also for raif-

ing out of and upon the faid general yearly fund established by the faid recited act of the third year of his Majesty's reign, so much as shall be requisite and necessary to pay to the said corporation all such deficiency and deficiencies as are in and by this act directed to be paid to them; and after figning fuch order or orders the same shall be firm, good, valid and effectual in the law, according to the purport and true meaning thereof, and of this act, and shall not be determinable by or upon the death and removal of any commissioner or commissioners of the treasury, or high treasurer, or under-treasurer for the time being, or by or upon the determination of the power, office and offices of them, or any of them; nor shall any commissioner of the treasury, or high treasurer for the time being, have any power to revoke, countermand, or make void such order or orders so signed, as aforesaid.

How the deficiency of any year shall be Supplied.

That if at any time or times the produce of the said duties on coals, culm and cynders, and of the said duties on houses, shall be so low and deficient as that at the end of any year (reckoning the same to end at Michaelmas yearly) the proportion of the said yearly fund of one hundred thirty five thousand pounds, applicable by this act for or towards the discharging of the said unfubscribed pay-tickets then payable, shall not be sufficient for that purpose, then every such desiciency shall be supplied and made good, from time to time, out of the first aid to be granted in parliament, next after such desciency shall appear, and shall, from time to time, be transferred thereunto, as soon as the fame shall be granted, according to the purport and true meaning of the said former act in that behalf.

XXV. Provided always, and be it surther enacted, That in

XXIV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid,

case there shall be any surplus or remainder of the monies arising by the said duties on coals; culm and cynders, and the said duties on houses, at the end of any one year (reckoning the same to end at Michaelmas yearly) after all the said yearly and other sums directed or authorized by this act, and then or before that

time incurred and become due or in arrear, shall be fully satisfied, paid and discharged or money sufficient shall be reserved for that purpole, such surplus or remainder shall from time to time be referved for the use of the publick, and shall not be issued or disposed but by authority of parliament.

XXVI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid,

That the share and interest of every member of the said corpo

The shares to be personal estates.

All annual

furplusses to be referved for the use of the publick.

> ration, of and in the present capital stock of the same, and of and in the increase of such capital, to be had and made in purfuance of this act, and of and in the faid annuity and annuities, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, payable or to be paid for the same to the said corporation, and of and in the said eight thousand pounds and two thousand pounds per annume or a proportionable part of the said two thousand pounds per annum, by this act payable for management, shall be and be adjudged

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lged to be a personal and not a real estate, and shall go to the ecutors or administrators of the respective persons dying pos-led thereof or entitled thereunto, and not to the heirs of such rions; any law, custom or usage to the contrary notwith-nding; and that the respective members of the said company, ho shall have a share or interest in the present capital stock of Shares trans-creased stock thereof, as well for and in respect of the said lot-ferrable and ry-annuities and arrears thereof, which shall be subscribed as deviseable. oresaid, as for or in respect of the said sum of seven hundred venty eight thousand seven hundred and fifty pounds, or such oportional part thereof as shall be actually paid by the said corration into his Majesty's exchequer as aforesaid, (including erein fuch deductions, abatements and recoupments as are alwed or permitted to be made by the faid corporation as aforeid) shall and may assign and transfer such share or interest, any part thereof, in the books of the said company, in such the like method, manner and form as are prescribed by the t or acts of parliament and charter now in force, for affignents or transfers of original stock to be made in the books of e faid company; or shall or may dispose or devise the same or y part thereof by will, in such manner and form as any share the original stock of the said company is deviseable.

XXVII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, These annul-hat as well the several annual and other sums payable at the ties to be tax-schequer to the said governor and company and their successions. Geo. 1. c.9. rs, by virtue of this and the faid former act of the third year his Majesty's reign for redeeming the then sund of the said No governor, wernor and company, and either of them, and the shares, &c. disabled arts or interests of the several members of and in the same, and from being a size of the several members of and in the same, and the members of the several sev and in the said present capital stock and increased capital stock member of the faid governor and company, and of and in the benefit of parliament, ade annexed thereunto, and the stock in trade or money to be ised for that purpose, during the continuance of the same, all be and are hereby exempted from all taxes, rates and imofitions whatfoever, by act of parliament or otherwife; any w or statute made or to be made to the contrary notwithstandig: and that no person, in respect of his being governor, sub- or liable to overnor, deputy-governor, director, manager or a member of any penalty or the said company, or for having any stock or share therein, or disability for not qualifying as a manager or director himself, &c. rotherwise, for taking the said subscriptions, or for any other natter or thing to be by him done or performed by or in pur-ance of this act only, shall be now or at any time hereafter is abled from being or continuing, or from being elected or servig as a member of parliament, nor be liable or subject to any malty, forseiture or disability prescribed by any other act or as of parliament for not qualifying himself to execute his trust pon or in pursuance of this act, as persons who shall take or ecute any office or place of profit or trust are subject and lithe unto by any the laws now in force; and that all and every Vos. XIV.

to charge all

or any fuch person or persons may be subscribers to the said increased stock; any law or statute to the contrary notwithstanding: nor shall be or be adjudged liable to be a bankrupt, within the intent or meaning of all or any of the statutes made against or concerning bankrupts; and that no stock in the

faid company shall be subject and liable to any foreign attachment by the custom of the city of London, or otherwise; any statute, usage or custom to the contrary notwithstanding. Transfers not XXVIII. And it is hereby enacted, That all the transfers or

liable to high- affignments of the present capital stock or increased stock, in the er stamps. books of the faid company, shall not hereafter be or be made liable to any higher or greater stamp or other duties, than are now payable for the same.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That all bonds or obliga-Sealed bonds

tions under the common feal of the faid company shall charge the feveral as well the annual fund and additional fund payable to the faid funds and company by virtue of this act, as the present stock and additional ftock. stock and other effects and estates of the said company for the time being; and that all fuch bonds and obligations thall be assignable, and the monies thereupon shall be recoverable as effectually and in as ample manner and form, as any their bonds taken upon the faid former act might be affigned, or the money due thereupon might be recovered.

XXX. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all Such bonds fuch contracts, bills, bonds, obligations or securities under the common seal of the said corporation shall not be chargeable not chargeable with the stamp-duties. with any the duties upon stampt vellom, parchment or paper;

any former law, statute, prohibition, restriction or other matter or thing whatsoever to the contrary notwithstanding. XXXI. And it is hereby declared and enacted by the autho-Company to continue a bo-rity aforesaid, That the said governor and company of merchants dy politick. of Great Britain, and their successors for ever, shall remain, condy politick.

tinue and be one body corporate and politick, by the name of the governor and company of merchants of Great Britain trad-ing to the South-Scas and other parts of America and for encouraging the fishery, and shall have, hold, receive and enjoy the faid yearly fund of five hundred thousand pounds and the said additional yearly fund, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, to be added thereunto (by way of increase) as aforefaid; and the faid yearly fum of eight thousand pounds and the yearly annuity of two thousand pounds, or such proportional part thereof as aforesaid, to be added thereunto (by way of increase for management) pursuant to this act, until the said year-

ly funds and yearly fums thall respectively be redeemed accord-

And to enjoy ing to this act; and shall have, hold and enjoy all their forts, all their prifactories, acquisitions, lands, tenements, hereditaments, sole vileges, &c. benefit of trade in and to the South-Seas and elsewhere, with a perpetual fuccession, and all abilities, capacities, powers, authorities, franchises, exemptions, privileges, profits and advantages whatsoever, whereunto the said governor and company are or before the making of this act were entitled by any act or acts 718.]

f parliament, grant or charter now in force, (all which are by nis act ratified, confirmed and made effectual to them and their secessors) freed and discharged of and from all former provies, powers, acts, matters and things whatfoever for redeemng, determining or making void the same or any of them; sub- Subject to the set nevertheless to the several and respective provisoes and pow- power of rers of redemption of the said yearly sums here-

fter in this act contained. XXXII. Provided also, and it is hereby enacted by the au- On one year's nority atoresaid, That upon one year's notice to be given by notice after athority of parliament at the feast of the nativity of Saint John and on repayaptist which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand se-ment, &c. the en hundred and twenty three, or at any of the said quarterly yearly fund of ast-days after the said feast of the nativity of Saint John Baptist 500,000 l. and ne thousand seven hundred and twenty three, and upon repay-yearly sund, nent by parliament to the said governor and company of mer-&c. to cease. hants of Great Britain of the whole sum whereof the said capial stock of ten millions, with the said stock to be added thereinto, (by way of increase as aforesaid) shall then consist, acording to fuch notice, without deduction, discount or abatenent whatsoever to be made out of the same, or any part thereof, and upon payment of all arrears of the said yearly fund of ive hundred thousand pounds, and of the said additional fund, ifter the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, to be added hereunto by way of increase as aforesaid, and of the said yearly ium of eight thousand pounds and of the said yearly annuity of two thousand pounds, or such proportional part thereof as aforefaid, for management, to be added thereunto pursuant to this act (if any fuch arrear or arrears thall be then due) then the faid yearly fund of five hundred thousand pounds and the said additional yearly fund, after the rate of five pounds per centum per an-aum, and the said yearly sum of eight thousand pounds, and the yearly annuity to be added thereunto by way of increase for ma-

nagement as aforesaid, shall from thencetorth cease and determine.

XXXIII. And in regard it is intended, That after the twenty If notice be furth day of June one thousand seven hundred and twenty three the given by parprincipal or sum total of the said capital or increased stock of the said sament after campany, consisting of ten millions and the addition to be made there-for redempunto as aforefaid, may be fatisfied to the said governor and company tion, and payby any payments (not being less than one million of lawful money of ment be made Great Britain at a time) and that as the same principal monies shall (not less than the paid off, the said yearly sum of five hundred thousand pounds, and then so much the said additional yearly sum of five hundred thousand pounds per of the increascentum per annum, to be added thereunto as aforesaid, shall from ed fund shall time to time proportionally sink and be ubated: be it therefore surther provided and enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if at the provided and enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if at my time or times at or after the faid twenty-fourth day of one thousand seven hundred and twenty three, notice shall be iven by authority of parliament for redemption of the faid yearly and of five hundred thousand pounds and the yearly fund which Ğ 2

shall be added thereunto as aforesaid, and the said yearly sum of

eight thousand pounds and the additional annuity which shall be added thereunto as aforefaid; and if payment, according to fuch notice, be made by parliament to the faid governor and company of merchants of *Great Britain*, or their successors, of any sum or sums of money (not being less than one million at a time) in part of the principal monies whereunto the faid sum of ten millions and the stock to be added thereunto, by virtue of this act, shall jointly amount; and also if payment be made of all the arrearages then due to them of the increased yearly fund and increased yearly sum, or so much of those arrearages as shall bear a proportion to the principal monies from time to time remaining unfatisfied, being computed by the day until the time of every such payment of part of the principal respectively, then, from and after every such payment so made to the said governor and company, and their fuccessors, so much of the said increased yearly fund, (confisting of five hundred thousand pounds, with such addition as aforesaid) as shall bear proportion to the monies so paid in part of the said principal, shall cease and determine and be abated; any thing in this or any former act or acts of parliament contained, or other matter or thing whatoover to the contrary notwithstanding.

After re- XXXIV. Provided also, and it is hereby further enacted demption the by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the redemption several duties, of all the said yearly fund of five hundred thousand pounds and impolitions, of the additional yearly fund which is to be joined to the same as aforesaid, and of the said yearly sum of eight thousand pounds, shall be understood to and the yearly fum which is to be added thereunto for managebe redeemed ment as aforesaid, by payments to be made according to the several and respective provisoes or conditions of redemption in this by parliament: act contained of or concerning the same, then and not till then

parliament, and shall not be issued, paid or applied to any use, intent or purpose whatsoever without authority of parliament; But the corporation shall continue for ever.

nevertheless the said corporation, by the name aforesaid, shall for ever remain, continue and be one body corporate and politick, and shall have, hold and enjoy all their forts, factories, acquifitions, lands, tenements, hereditaments, fole benefit of trade in and to the *South-Seas* and elsewhere, and also all the lands, tenements and hereditaments that are or shall be by them purchased in Great Britain, not exceeding one thousand pounds per annum, with perpetual fuccession, and all abilities, capacities, powers, authorities, franchises, exemptions, privileges, profits and advantages whatsoever whereunto the said governor and company are or before the making this act were entitled by any act or acts of parliament, grants or charters now in force; all which are by this act ratified, confirmed and made effectual to them and their successors; and the said governor and company and the members thereof, without having any share or in-

the feveral duties, impositions, additional impositions and revenues, and all proportional parts of them or any of them, which are chargeable therewith, shall be understood to be redeemed by

Anno quinto Georgii I. C. 19.

ereft in the faid yearly funds, payments or annuities, or any of nem, after the same shall be redeemed, shall have and be entitd to the sole benefit of trade in and to the South-Seas and elsehere, and such power of trade in the fishery, as by any act or Its of parliament now in force is directed, and all other benefits, rivileges and advantages (the faid respective annuities to them fuing or payable after such redemption as aforesaid only except-1) as if no fuch redemption were had or made; any thing in xis act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXXV. And it is hereby declared and enacted by the autho- All the pow-

ty aforesaid, That all and every the abilities, capacities, pow- ers of former s, authorities, exemptions, franchises, privileges, profits and acts or char-ters continu-es, forfeitures and disabilities, and all rules, directions, menods, articles, matters and things whatfoever, which by any rmer act or acts of parliament, or any clause or clauses theres, or any charter or charters under the great seal of Great Bri-tin, are enacted, granted or established to, for, touching or oncerning the said corporation of the governor and company f merchants of Great Britain trading to the South-Seas and other arts of America and for encouraging the fishery, or the mem-ers of the same (being in force at or until the time of making f this act, and not hereby determined or altered) shall for ever ontinue, and be practifed and put in execution for fecuring and raying the yearly funds, annuities and payments by this act diected, subject to the provisoes for redemption thereof in this act ontained, and also (as well after such redemption as before) for ecuring the possessions, trade and business of the said corporation, and for their advantage in all respects, as fully and effectually, to all intents and purposes, as if the said abilities, capacities, powers, authorities, exemptions, franchises, privileges, profits and advantages, and the said pains of death and other penalties, forfeitures and disabilities, and the said benefit of trade, rules, directions, methods, articles, matters and things, were severally repeated and at large re-enacted in the body of this

present act. XXXVI. And it is hereby declared and enacted by the au-A vote of the thority aforesaid, That any vote or resolution of the house of house of commons, fignified by their speaker in writing, to be delivered mons, signified at the publick office of the said governor and company of mer-bytheir speaker, thanks of Great Britain trading to the South-Seas, shall be deem-cient notice ed and adjudged to be sufficient notice that adjudged to be sufficient notice that the said speaker is the said wearly funds are the s meaning of this act, for redeeming the faid yearly funds or tion.

nounties pursuant to the proviso or provisoes of redemption in
this act contained, and at the respective time or times therein mentioned; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwith-

handing.

XXXVII. Provided always, and be it enacted by the autho-Company in a may be lawful for the faid go-general court ity aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for the said go-general court remor and company, and their successors, in a general court of may declare the bow the pro-

(which

disposed of.

portion of the increased flock final be which the said governor and dissolved of which the said governor and company shall be entitled unto, for or in respect of the said sum of seven hundred seventy eight thoufand seven hundred and fifty pounds, or in respect of the proportional part thereof, which shall be actually paid into the receipt of his Majesty's exchequer in pursuance of this act (including therein such deductions, defalcations, recoupments or abatements, as are in and by this act directed to be made) shall or may be disposed of, either for and on the account of the proprietors of the prefent capital flock or of the whole increased capital stock of the said corporation, as their general court shall think fit, in proportion to their respective shares and interests in the faid capital stock; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXXVIII. And whereas several of the proprietors of the sail pay-tickets may have sold, aliened or disposed of their interest in one,

How proprietors of pay-tickets, who have aliened their interest for one or more years, are to lubscribe.

two or three years succeeding payments of such pay-tickets, part of those comprehended in the said term of twenty three years and three questers of a year, or of the said one year and a quarter's arrear: it is hereby provided and further enacted by the authority asoresaid, That such proprietors, having all the other pay-tickets for the residue of the said term of twenty three years, and three quarters of a year, or for the relidue of the faid one year and a quarter, may subscribe that whole term of and in the said annuity or annuities, and all the pay-tickets for the same, paying to the person or persons to be appointed to receive and take in the said pay-tickets the full amount of fuch pay-ticket or tickets fo fold, aliened or disposed; which person or persons shall pay the same into the receipt of his Majesty's exchequer, in trust, to pay and fatisfy fuch person or persons as shall have a right to and be in possession of such pay-tickets, when those tickets respectively shall become due, and oclivering up all the rest of the pay-tickets for the term so subscribed for, as in this act is before prescribed;

8 Ann. c. 4.

Duplicates to be made of pay-tickets loft, burnt or destroyed.

any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXXIX. And whereas several of the said pay-tickets made forth in pursuance of the said act of the eighth year of her late Mojesty's reign have, by casualty or mischance, been lost, burnty or otherwise destroyed: be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesist.

The in all cases where it hall appears the authority as and .That in all cases where it shall appear by affidavit to be made before the lord chief baron, or before any of the barons of the coif of his Majesty's court of exchequer for the time being, (who shall interrogate the deponent thereupon) to the satisfaction of such baron or barons, that any such ticket or tickets as aforesaid, before the tenth day of June one thousand seven hundred and nineteen shall have been or are lost, burnt or otherwife destroyed, it shall and may be lawful for the commissioner of the transfer-office, appointed pursuant to the said act of the eighth year of her late Majesty's reign, and the paymaster of such tickets, or either of them, upon producing a certificate from any the said barons of such affidavit made before him or them

(which affidavit the faid barons or any of them is and are hereby authorized to take, and which certificate he or they are hereby required to make and grant without fee or reward) and on fecurity given to the good liking of the faid commissioner and paymaster to indemnify his Majesty against all other persons whatsoever, for and concerning the monies specified in or due upon such ticket or tickets, to make forth duplicates of the tickets so lost, burnt or destroyed at the request of the respective owners thereof; and that the same duplicates shall be of the like validity and have the same effect as the original tickets would have had, if they had not been loft, burnt or destroyed, and may be subscribed into the said increased stock as aforesaid.

XL. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the au-Treasury to thority aforesaid, That out of the said monies which shall from reward mana time to time arise at the receipt of the exchequer for payment gers out of the of debts and incumbrances incurred before the twenty fifth day debts and inof December one thousand seven hundred and sixteen as afore- cumbrances faid, it shall and may be lawful to and for the commissioners of incurred bethe treasury or any three or more of them, or the high treasurer for the time being, to reward the said managers to be appointed for taking the said subscriptions, and the clerks and the officers to be employed by and under them, and the faid persons to be employed for taking in the faid tickets, and all other officers that shall and may be any way employed in this affair, for their labour, pains and service therein respectively, and to discharge and fatisfy such incident expences as shall necessarily attend the execution of this act, in such manner as the said commissioners of the treasury or any three or more of them, or the high treafurer for the time being, shall from time to time find to be reasonable in that behalf; any thing in this act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XLI. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That if If all the payall the pay-tickets for the said lottery-annuities and the said ar-tickets,&c.are rearages thereof shall be subscribed according to this act, with subscribed, then the moin the time thereby limited, then the monies of the faid duties then the money applicately to the payment thereof from time to time coming in-ble to the pays to the receipt of the exchequer shall and may be issued weekly ment thereof to the faid governor and company and their fuccessors, or to to be issued their cashier for their use, so as the sum total of the money which company's shall be due to them out of the same pursuant to this act, at the cashier. end of any quarter of a year, be not exceeded; any thing in this or any former act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XLII. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That Clause of ap.

all the monies lent and to be lent to his Majesty upon one act propriation of this session of parliament, intituled, An act for granting to his granted this majesty an aid by a land-tax to be raised in Great Britain for the ission. fervice of the year one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, and so 5 Geo. 1. c. 1. much money (if any such be) of the tax thereby granted as shall arise and remain after all the loans made or to be made on that act, and the interest thereof and the charges thereby allowable for raising the said tax, shall be satisfied, or monies sufficient

service.

specifically the fame; and all the monies lent Geo. 1. c. 2. and to be lent to his Majesty upon an act of this session of parliament, intituled, An act for continuing the duties upon malt, mun, syder and perry for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and nineteen; and for enlarging the time for entring at the exchequer such assignments of reversionary annuities as are therein mentioned; and for better securing the duties on hides and skins, vellom and parchment, and so much of the duties on malt, mum, cyder and perry thereby granted or continued, as shall arise and remain (if any such be) after all the loans made or to be made on the same

act, or thereby transferred or directed to be transferred thereunto, and the interest thereof and the charges thereby allowable for raising the same duties shall be satisfied, or monies sufficient shall be reserved to discharge the same; and the sum of five hundred and sive thou and nine hundred ninety sive pounds raised or intended to be raised by way of a lottery, by virtue of an act of this session of parliament, intituled, An act for continuing certain duties upon coals and culm, and for establishing certain funds to raise money, as well to proceed in the building of new churches, as also to complete the supply granted to his Majesty, and to reserve the overplus monies of the said duties for the disposition of parliament; and for more effectual suppressing private lotteries, and the sum of twenty two thousand three hundred twenty sive pounds one

twenty two thousand three hundred twenty five pounds one shilling and nine pence intended to be supplied out of the surplus monies specified in the act last before-mentioned, shall be appropriated and applied and are hereby appropriated for or towards the several uses, intents and purposes herein expressed, subject nevertheless to such restrictions as are herein after prescribed: that is to say, it is hereby enacted and declared, That out of all or any the aids or supplies provided as aforesaid there shall and may be issued and applied any sum not exceeding sive hundred and two thousand seven hundred and nineteen pounds ten shillings and ten pence three farthings, to make good the

deficiencies of the grants in parliament for the year one thouDeficiencies of fand feven hundred and eighteen; and any fum not exceeding
the general
fund for the
year ended at
Michaelmas
a718.

deficiencies of the grants in parliament for the year one thounone hundred and two thousand ninety two pounds thirteen shillings and one fifth part of a penny, to make good the deficiency
of the fund commonly called the general fund, for raising seven
hundred twenty four thousand eight hundred forty nine pounds
fix shillings ten pence and one fifth part of a penny per annum,

for the year ended at Michaelmas one thousand seven hundred

towards victual, wages, wear and tear of the navy and victualling thereof performed and to be performed; and for or towards sea-

Naval fervices. and eighteen: and it is hereby enacted and declared, That out of all or any of the aids or supplies provided as aforesaid there shall or may be issued or applied any further sum or sums of money not exceeding nine hundred and sourteen thousand six hundred thirty eight pounds seventeen shillings and six pence halfpenny, for or towards the naval services sollowing, that is to say, for or towards defraying the charges of the ordinary of his Majesty's navy, and for half-pay to sea-officers; and for or

718.7

rvice in the office of ordnance performed and to be performed, nd other services of the navy performed and to be performed: nd any further sum or sums of money not exceeding eighty Repairs of the ight thousand four hundred ninety sour pounds, for or towards navyepairs of his Majesty's navy performed and to be performed: nd any fum or fums of money not exceeding seventy one thou- Office of ordand five hundred twenty seven pounds twelve shillings and ele-nance. en pence for the charge of the office of ordnance, for or tovards land-fervice performed and to be performed: and any Land-forces. am or sums of money not exceeding in the whole the sum of ight hundred and nine thousand six hundred thirty six pounds eventeen shillings and six pence halfpenny, for or towards main-aining his Majesty's land-forces, and other services herein af-er more particularly expressed; that is to say, any sum not exseeding five hundred twenty fix thousand nine hundred fixty four pounds eleven shillings and eight pence, for defraying the charge of twelve thouland sour hundred thirty five effective men [commissioned and non-commissioned officers included] for guards and garrisons and other his Majesty's land-forces in Great Britain, Fersey and Guernsey, and other services relating to the forces, for the year one thousand seven and any sum or some of money not exceeding one nineteen: and any sum or sums of money not exceeding one Garrisons in hundred forty seven thousand six hundred seventy two pounds Minorca, &c. five shillings and ten pence halfpenny, for maintaining his Majetty's forces and garrisons in the plantations, Minorca and Gib-reltar, and for provisions for the garrisons at Annapolis Royal and Placentia, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and nineteen: and any sum not exceeding twenty five thousand Chelsea hospounds for the extraordinary charge of the royal hospital at pital.

Chelsea and the out-pensioners, for the year one thousand seven Overplus berehundred and nineteen, over and above the poundage and day's of bow to be pay: and any fum or fums not exceeding the fum of one hun- diposed of, 6 Geo. 1. C. 11 dred and ten thousand pounds upon account of half-pay, for the feet. 49. Halfyear one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, to be paid to the pay officers. reduced officers of his Majesty's land-forces and marines; subject nevertheless to such rules to be observed in the application of the said half-pay, as are herein after prescribed in that behalf: and that the said aids or supplies provided as aforesaid shall not be issued or applied to any use, intent or purpose whatsoever, other than towards the uses and purposes before-mentioned.

XLIII. Provided always, That fuch fums as, by or in pur- Proviso for the france of any other act or acts of parliament, are or shall be due commissioners or payable to any commissioners for taking, examining, stating of the army, and determining the debts due to the army, or to any commissioners. soners for stating the debts due and to grow due to Scotland, by way of equivalent, for their salaries, or for their clerks, or other incident charges, shall or may be paid out of the aids or supplies aforesaid, or any of them; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XLIV. And as to the faid fum of one hundred and ten thou-Rules to be and pounds by this act appropriated upon account of half-pay, observed in

as application of half-pay.

the

as aforefaid, it is hereby enacted and declared by the authority aforesaid, That the rules herein after prescribed shall be duly observed in the application thereof; that is to say,

1. That no person shall have or receive any part of the same, who was a minor, under the age of fixteen years, at the time when the regiment, troop or company in which he ferved was

reduced.

2. That no person shall have or receive any part of the same, except such persons who did actual service in some regiment,

troop or company.

3. That no person having any other place or employment of profit, civil or military, under his Majesty, shall have or receive

any part of the faid half-pay.

4. That no chaplain of any garrison or regiment, who has any ecclesiastical benefice, or other preserment in Great Britain or Ireland, shall have or receive any part of the said half-pay.

5. That no person shall have or receive any part of the same, who hath refigned his commission, and has had no commission

fince.

6. That no part of the same shall be allowed to any person by virtue of any warrant or appointment, except to such persons who would have been otherwise entitled to the same as reduced

7. And that no part of the same shall be allowed to any of the officers of the five regiments of dragoons, and eight regiments of foot, lately disbanded in Ireland, except to fuch as were

lately taken off the establishment of half-pay in Great Britain. XLV. Provided always, and it is hereby declared and enact-

ed by the authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the commissioners of his Majesty's treasury, or any three or more of them, or the high treasurer of Great Britain for the

time being, to iffue and apply, or cause to be iffued and applied, fuch part of the monies by this act appropriated for the publick uses and services before mentioned, as shall be necessary to be

issued and applied for or towards the increase of expence arisen or to arise from such augmentation, as his Majesty in his great wisdom hath made, or shall think fit to make, of his forces by sea or land, to disappoint the designs of his enemies both at

home and abroad; any thing in this or any other act or acts of parliament contained to the contrary notwithstanding. Treasury may acted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawnies advanced ful to and for the commissioners of his Majesty's treasury, or

Sea company for publick

wes, &c.

Treasury to

apply out of the appropri-ated fums fo

much as shall be necessary

forces by sea

or land.

for the expence of aug-mentation of

by the South- any three or more of them, or the high treasurer of Great Britain for the time being, to iffue and apply, or cause to be iffued and applied, all or any part of the monies which shall be advanced by the faid corporation into the receipt of the exchequer (for paying such debts and incumbrances, as aferesaid) to or for any the publick uses or services for which provision is made, or intended to be made by this act, or by the foregoing clauses of appropriation therein contained, so as the said commissioners of the treasury, or high treasurer for the time being, do take effectual care, and they are hereby enjoined and required to take effectual care, that such sum or sums (part of the said land-tax, or duties on malt, mum, cyder and perry, or part of the loans authorized to be made severally thereupon) as shall be equal to the fum or sums of the said advance-money so applied to the said publick uses or services, be carefully reserved and kept apart, to be applied for or towards discharging the said debts and incumbrances, according to such act or acts of parliament as shall hereafter be made or passed in that behalf; any thing in this or any other act or acts of parliament contained to the con-

this or any other act or acts of parliament contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XLVII. And whereas by an act of parliament made in the fourth 4 Geo. 1. c. 3. year of his Majesty's reign, for continuing the duties on malt, mum, The overplus syder and perry, for the service of the year one thousand seven bun-of 94,000l. by dred and eighteen, several supplies which had been granted to his 1711. granted Majesty, as is therein mentioned, were appropriated to several uses to reduced otand purposes therein expressed; amongst which any sum or sums, not sicers, shall be exceeding the sum of ninety four thousand pounds, upon account of disposed to that pay for the year one thousand seven hundred and eighteen, were cers, &c. as intended to be paid to the reduced officers of his Majesty's land-forces his Majesty and marines, subject nevertheless to such rules to be observed in the shall appoint, application of the said half-pay, as in and by the same act were prescribed in that behalf, and the desciencies of the said supplies are made good, or enasted to be made good by grants in this session of parliament: now it is hereby provided, enacted and declared by the authority aforesaid, That so much of the said sum of ninety-four thousand pounds as is or shall be more than sufficient to satisfy the faid reduced officers, according to the faid rules by the faid former act prescribed to be observed in the application thereof, or any part of such overplus, shall and may be disposed to such officers who were maimed, or lost their limbs in the late wars, or to such others as, by reason of their long service, or otherwise, his Majesty shall judge to be proper objects of charity, who are not strictly qualified within the rules by the said recited act prescribed to receive the same, or to the widows or children of such officers whom his Majesty shall judge to be proper objects of charity, according to such warrant or warrants under his Maje-Sty's royal fign manual as shall be figned in that behalf; any thing in this or the faid former act to the contrary notwith-Standing.
XLVIII.

And whereas by an act made in the tenth year of 10 Ann. c. 19. the reign of her late majesty Queen Anne, for laying several duties s. 170.

upon all soap and paper made in Great Britain, and for other purposes Clause to limit times for protherein mentioned, it is provided, That cards and dice may be exsecutions upon ported (free of the stamp-duties) bond being entred into to her Majebonds for exfig, her heirs or successors, with sufficient surety or sureties, in a penal porting cards from of double the duties on such cards or dice, with condition for and dice. exporting the same into some part or port beyond the seas, within a time to be limited in such bond; and that the same, or any of them, shell not be relanded in any part of Great Britain; and such bonds

are to be left in the hands of the commissioners for the stamp-duties; which provision was intended for encouraging the exportation of cards and dice into foreign parts, but hath been found to be a great discouragement thereof, in regard such bonds do or may lie out against discouragement thereof, in regard such bonds do or may lie out against the parties bound therein, although the conditions thereof are or shall have been performed; and in regard some of the obligors in subbonds have been prosecuted thereupon several years after the dates thereof, and are or may be liable to the penalties although no fraud or relanding be proved against them, for that the proof is on their part, and the persons usually bound in such bonds as sureties for the mokers or sellers of such cards and dice exported, are those who assually export the same, and upon account of such suretyship cannot be legal witnesses for the principals in such bonds, and it is impracticable to bring living witnesses, or such sufficient proof as the law at present requires, from the East and West Indies, and other foreign parts to which cards and dice are commonly exported, to prove the landings

to which cards and dice are commonly exported, to prove the landings and confumptions thereof in such foreign parts: and whereas great quantities of cards and dice exported are often consumed in long voyages at sea, and there is no provision in the said ast for prosecuting such bonds in any limited time, or for any discharge thereof, and it is reasonable to give relief in the premisses: be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That as to such of the said bonds as have been entred into at any time or times before the sixth day of April one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, and are now remaining in the hands of the commissioners for the stamp-duties, or any of his Majesty's officers, in case there shall be no profecution for some breach or non-performance of the respective conditions thereof, before the fixth day of April one thou-fand seven hundred and twenty one, or if upon such prosecution, proof be not made of some fraud in breach or non-performance of fuch conditions, and judgment thereupon obtained for his Majesty, before the fixth day of April one thousand feven hundred and twenty two, then such of the said bonds so already entred into, shall (for want of such proof or judgment) be void; and that all prosecutions now depending upon any of the faid bonds, which have not been commenced within two years after the date thereof, and where proof hath not been made, or shall not be made, before the fixth day of April one thousand seven hundred and twenty, of some fraud in breach or non performance of the conditions, shall cease and determine; and as to such bonds as shall be entred into after the said fixth day of April one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, in case there shall be no proof of some fraud in breach or non performance of the respective conditions, or if proof thereof be not made within two years after the dates of the bonds, or if upon such prosecution as is last mentioned, judgment be not obtained for his Majesty upon such proof, as aforesaid, within the space of one year after the same prosecution commenced, then every fuch bond which shall be entred into, as aforesaid (in default of such prosecution to be commenced, and judgment to be obtained, as aforesaid, within the times before limited) shall

lso be void; and all bonds made void by this act shall be deliered up by the respective officers, having the same in their eeping, to be cancelled, without see or reward.

CAP. XX.

In all for fettling certain yearly funds payable out of the revenue of Scotland, to satisfy publick debts in Scotland, and other uses mentioned in the treaty of union; and to discharge the equivalents claimed on behalf of Scotland in the terms of the same treaty; and for obviating all future disputes, charges and expences concerning those equivalents.

MAY it please your most excellent Majesty, Whereas in and by the fixth article of the treaty for the union of the two kingtoms of England and Scotland, (which treaty was ratified by acts
of parliament passed in either kingdom, and particularly by an act
made in England in the fifth, year of the reign of her late majesty 5 Ann. c. s.

Queen Anne, of blessed memory) it was provided that the customs and
enties on import and export, settled in England when the union commenced, should from and after the union, take place throughout the
enhals united kingdom, excepting and reserving, as in the said article menced, should from and after the union, take place throughout the whole united kingdom, excepting and reserving, as in the said article is particularly expressed; and in and by the seventh article of the said treaty it was provided, That all parts of the united kingdom should for ever, from and after the union, be liable to the same excises (excepting only that such beer or ale as are therein described, should not after the union be liable, upon account of the then present excise upon exciseable liquors in England, to any higher imposition than two billings sterling upon thirty four gallons English barrel, being twelve gallons of the then present Scots measure;) and it was by the article last mentioned provided, That the excise then settled in England upon all other liquours should, when the union commenced, take place throughout the whole united kingdom: and in and by the fourteenth article of the said treaty of union, it was provided, That Scotland should not be charged with any duties laid on by the parliament of erticle of the said treaty of union, it was provided, That Scotland fould not be charged with any duties laid on by the parliament of fould not be charged with any duties laid on by the parliament of England before the said union (except such as were consented to in the said treaty) in regard it was agreed, That all necessary provision bould be made by the then parliament of Scotland for the publick tharge and service of that kingdom, for the year one thousand seven bundred and seven; providing nevertheless, That if the parliament of England should think sit to lay any surther impositions, by way of ensems, or such excises with which, by virtue of the said treaty, Scotland was to be charged equal with England, in such case Scotland should be liable to the same customs and excises, and have an equipolate to the said to the same customs and excises, and have an equipolate to the said to the sarliament of Great Britain: and wherevalent to be settled by the parliament of Great Britain: and wherees by the terms of the said treaty the subjects of Scotland, for preferving an equality of trade throughout the united kingdom, would be
table to several customs and excises then payable in England, which
would be applicable towards payments of the debts of England, contracted before the union: it was by the sisteenth article of the said
tracty arreed. That Scotland should have an equivalent for what the treaty agreed, That Scotland should have an equivalent for what the subjects

fubjects thereof should be so charged towards payment of the said debts of England in all particulars what soever, in manner therein expressed, (viz.) That before the union of the said kingdoms the sum of three hundred ninety eight thousand and eighty five pounds ten shillings, should be granted to her said Majesty by the parliament of England for the uses after mentioned, being the equivalent to be answered we Scotland for such parts of the said customs and excises upon all exciscable liquors with which that kingdom was to be charged upon the union, as would be applicable to the payment of the said debts of England according to the proportions therein specified and in record the land, according to the proportions therein specified : and in regard the after the union, Scotland becoming liable to the same customs and deties payable on import and export, and to the Jame excises on all exciseable liquors as in England, as well upon that account, as upon the account of increase of trade and people, the said revenues would much improve beyond the annual values thereof set down in the said article, whereof no present estimate could then be made; yet nevertheless for the reasons aforesaid, it was thereby declared, That there ought to be a proportionable equivalent answered to Scotland: and it was agreed, That after the union there should be an account kept of the said dutics arising in Scotland, to the end that it might appear what ought to be answered to Scotland as an equivalent for such proportion of the said increase as should be applicable to the payment of the debts of England: and for the fur her and more effectual answering the several ends after mentioned, it was agreed, That from and after the union, the whole increase of the revenues of customs and duties import and export, and excises upon exciscable liquors in Scotland, over and above the annual produce of the said respective duties as therein stated, should go and be applied for the term of seven years to the uses after mentioned; and that upon the said account there should be answered to Scotland annually, from the end of seven years after the union, an equivalent in proportion to sub part of the said increase as should be applicable to the debts of England, and generally that an equivalent should be answered to Scotland for such parts of the English debts as Scotland might thereaster become liable to pay by reason of the union, other than such for which appropriations had been made by parliament in England, of the customs or other duties on export or import, and excises on all exciseable liquors, in respect of which debts the equivalents were therein before provided; and as to the uses to which the faid sum of three hundred ninety eight thousand and eight five pounds ten shillings, and all other monies which were to be answered or allowed in Scotland, as aforesaid, were to be applied, it was by the said treaty agreed, That in the first place, out of the aforesaid sum, what consideration should be found necessary to be had for any losses which private persons might sustain by reducing the coin of Scotland to the standard and value of the coin of England, but the standard of the coin of England. good; in the next place, that the capital flock or fund of the then African and Indian company of Scotland advanced, together with the interest for the said capital slock, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, from the respective times of the payment thereof, should be paid; upon payment of which capital flock and interest, it was agreed the said company should be dissolved and coases, and as

o the overplus of the said sum of three hundred ninety eight thou-and and eighty five pounds ten shillings (after payment of what consideration should be had for less in repairing the coin, and paying be said capital stock and interest) and also the whole increase of the said revenues of customs, duties and excises, above the then present value, which should arise in Scotland, during the said term of feven years, together with the equivalent which should become due up-in the improvement thereof in Scotland, after the said term, and also as to all other sums which according to the agreements aforesaid might become payable to Scotland, by way of equivalent for what that kingdom should thereafter become liable towards payment of the debts of England, it was by the said article agreed, That the same should be applied in manner following, viz. That all the publick debts of the kingdom of Scotland, as should be adjusted by the then present parliament, should be paid, and that two thousand pounds per annum, for the space of seven years, should be applied towards incouraging and promoting the manusacture of coarse wool within those shires which produced the wool, and afterwards the same should be wholly imployed towards incouraging and promoting the fisheries and such other ma-nufactures and improvements in Scotland, as might most conduce to the general good of the united kingdom; and it was agreed, That her Majesty should be impowered to appoint commissioners, who should be accountable to the parliament of Great Britain, for disposing the said sum of three hundred ninety eight thousand and eighty five pounds ten shillings, and all other monies which should arise to Scotland, upon the agreements aforesaid, to the purposes before-mentioned, who should keep their office within the limits of Scotland, with such powers, and be subject to such directions for keeping accounts and personner other matters and things, as in the said sisteenth article were prescribed. And whereas for preventing all mislakes or abuses were prescribed. And whereas for preventing all mistakes or abuses which might hinder the ready application of the aforesaid money to the proprietors, and others concerned in the slock of the African and Indian company of Scotland, conform to the said article, there was an all made in the last session of the last parliament of Scotland, intituled, Act concerning the payment of the sums out of the equivalent to the African company, wherein it was enacted, That the directors of the said African and Indian company of Scotland should make up accounts of the sums advanced by the proprietors of the said company, and debts due to (a) the said company, on the first day of May then next, (a) Examined as therein was preserbed; and in like manner by another ast of the wilb the record said parliament of Scotland, intituled, Act concerning the publick debts, the payments to be made on account of the publick debts of Scot-land, were adjusted; as in and by the said treaty of union, and seve-ral acts before recited or mentioned (amongst other things therein contained) relation being thereunto severally had, may more fully appear. and whereas the said sum of three bundred ninety eight thousand and aighty five pounds ten shillings, was paid for and on the part of England to the commissioners of the equivalent in Scotland, pursuant to the aforesaid articles, and considerable sums were by them issued out according to the same, and the above recited acts of parliament in Scotland, but by experience it was found that some surther direction was

get necessary for the better application of what remained of the said sum unapplied, and all other sums which were or might become due by virtue of the agreements aforesaid, and for the more effectual attaining the ends mentioned in the said sifteenth article of the treaty and acts above recited; and therefore an act was made and passed in the parliament of Great Britain in the sixth year of her said late Mujesty's reign, intituled, An act for the surther directing the payment of the equivalent money. containing powers and directions, as he of the equivalent money, containing powers and directions, as by
the same, relation being thereunto also had, may more fully appear.

And whereas by an act of parliament of Great Britain, made in the
to Ann. c. 26. tenth year of her said late Majesty's reign, (amongst other things) for
sect. 108. obviating doubts concerning certain payments in Scotland, it was enacted, That the fees, falaries, and other charges allowed, or to be ollowed by her Majesty, her heirs or successors, for keeping up the courts of session and justiciary, and exchequer-court of Scotland, were and might be chargeable upon any part of the revenues of customs and excise of Scotland, preferable to all other payments whatsoever, (the charges of management excepted) but so as not any way to prevent any application of the excrescence out of the said customs and excise oppointed by any former law, as by the same act (relation being thereums of Great Britain was made in the twelfth year of her said late Majesty's reign, intituled, An act to discharge and acquit the commissions.

jesty's reign, intituled, An act to discharge and acquit the commissioners of equivalent for the sum of three hundred eighty one thousand five hundred and nine pounds fifteen shillings and ten pence halfpenny, by them duly issued out of the sum of three hundred ninety eight thousand and eighty five pounds ten shilhundred ninety eight thouland and eighty five pounds ten shillings, which they received, reciting, That the commissioners for disposing the said sum of three hundred ninety eight thousand and eighty five pounds ten shillings, and all other monies which should arise to Scotland upon the agreements in the said treaty of union, or the major part of them, pursuant to several commissions from her Majesty, had well and duly issued and paid the sum of three hundred eighty one thousand five hundred and nine pounds sisteen shillings and ten pence halfpenny, as directed by the laws in that behalf, in manner therein set down, (videlicet) towards the loss which private persons sustained by reducing the English money then in Scotland to the current sustained by reducing the English money then in Scotland to the current rate in England, the sum of three thousand and seventeen pounds eighteen shillings and nine pence; for recoining the Scots and foreign meney, and reducing it to the standard of the coin of England, the sum of forty nine thousand eight hundred eighty eight pounds fourteen shillings and eleven pence one sixth part of a penny; towards payment of the slock, interest, and debts of the standard African company, the fum of two hundred twenty nine thousand six hundred and eleven pounds four shillings and eight pence; towards the charges of the commissioners secretaries and accountants of the two treaties of the sum of thirty thousand four hundred ninety eight pounds twelve shillings and two pence; towards payment of the first class of the civil list, the sum of twenty seven thousand sive hundred and sisty three pounds seventeen shillings and nine pence one third of a penny; to-wards payment of the second class of the civil list, the sum of four

bousand six bundred sistly five pounds and six shillings; towards paynent of the sirst class of the military list, the sum of jourteen thousand ne bundred eighty eight pounds and eight pence; towards payment f the second class of the military list, the sum of fourteen thousand our bundred sistly eight pounds two shillings and eight pence and ve sixths of a penny; for the secs and salaries of the servants of be commission till the sourceenth of March and thirtieth of April ben last past, the sum of sixt thousand sour hundred and thirteen be commission till the fourteenth of March and thirtieth of April ben last past, the sum of sive thousand sour hundred and thirteen ounds eleven shillings and sour pence; for the necessary charges of be commission, and for desending of law suits where the titles of arties were not clear (those charges preceding the six and twentieth lay of March then last past) the sum of two thousand two hundred twenty scur pounds six shillings and ten pence one sixth of a renny: and it was thereby declared. That the said commissioners of the equivalent should be acquitted of the several sums above set down, amounting in the whole to the said sum of three hundred eighty one thousand sive bundred and nine pounds sisteen shillings and ten pence ballpenny; providing nevertheless. That nothing therein contained should free them from applying the sum of sixteen thousand five bundred seventy sive pounds sourteen shillings and one penny halfpenny, being the ballance of the said three hundred ninety eight thousand and eighty five pounds ten shillings then remaining in their fand and eighty five pounds ten shillings then remaining in their bands, together with what other sums were or might become due and, payable to them, to such uses, and for such purposes, as the former acts therein mentioned did appoint and direct: and it appearing, That the wher publick debts of Scotland then unsatisfied, which were adjusted and certified, pursuant to the directions of the several acts therein re-cited, did then amount to the sum of two hundred and thirty thousand three hundred and eight pounds nine shillings and ten pence sive sixths of a penny, including the interest of such parts thereof as bore interest from the four and twentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and eight to the four and twentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and fourteen; it was thereby enacted, That it might and should be lawful for the commissioners of equivalent for the time being, or any three or more of them, and they were thereby directed and required furthwith to call for and receive all the certificates and other warrants, and receive and cancel all the debentures for which the debt aforefaid, amounting to the sum of two hundred and thirty thousand three hundred and eight pounds nine shillings and ten pence five sixths of a penny, was constituted and established, and issue out new debentures devise-whe and transferrable, as the former debentures were, for the said sum, to the several persons proportionally and respectively entitled thereunto, which new debentures are thereby enacted to bear interest from and after the said four and twentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum; and that such interest shall be paid out of the first and readily of the monies which either were or should become due to Scothad by way of equivalent, according to the agreements in the treaty of frames mentioned in the fifteenth article of the faid treaty, and fe-Vol. XIV.

12 Ann. stat. 2. veral laws and acts therein mentioned, as by the said act of the twelsth c. 13. year of her said late Majesty's reign, relation being thereunto had, 1Geo.1. stat. 2. may also more fully appear. And whereas by an act of parliament of Great Britain, made and passed in the first year of your Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for taking and stating the debts due and growing due to Scotland, by way of equivalent in the terms of the union; and for relief of the creditors of the publick in Scotland, and the commissioners of the equivalent, your Majesty was impowered to appoint commissioners for taking, examining and stating the debts due and growing due to Scotland by way of equivalent, and provision was thereby made for payment of a sum not exceeding sistem thousand eight shifted twenty two pounds eight shiftings and seven

pence three farthings, to the commissioners of equivalent in Scotland, pence coree jarchings, to the commissioners of equivalent in Scotland, or any persons appointed by them, or any two of them, out of the mines arisen or to arise by the said revenues of customs and excise of Scotland, or either of them, for the payment of one year's interest, (videlicet) from the twenty third of June one thousand seven bundred and fourteen to the twenty fourth of June one thousand seven bundred and fifteen of the capital sum of two hundred and thirty thousand the bundred and eight pounds nine shillings and ten pence and five fixths

bundred and eight pounds nine shillings and ten pence and strue sixths of a penny, stated due to the creditors of the publick in Scotland, on the twenty fourth of June one thousand seven hundred and fourteen, pursuant to the said act of the twelfth year of her said late Mojest's reign, and for payment of the salaries of their servants, and necessary charges, from the said twenty third of June one thousand seven hundred and fourteen to the twenty fourth of June one thousand seven hundred and fourteen to the twenty fourth of June one thousand seven hundred and fifteen; and by an act of parliament of Great Britain, made in the third year of your Majesty's reign, for continuing the act last before recited, the powers given to your Majesty, for appointing commissioners for taking and stating the debts due and growing due to Scotland, by way of equivalent in the terms of the union, were continued for the term therein mentioned; and by the act last mentioned the commissioners of your Majesty's treasury were impowered (after

ed the commissioners of your Majesty's treasury were impowered (after 20 Ann. c. 26. paying or reserving sufficient to pay the civil establishment in Scotland, authorized by the said act of the tenth year of her said late Majesty's reign) to cause payment of a sum not exceeding thirty one thousand sive hundred sixty sive pounds two shillings and sive pence halfpenny, to the commissioners of the equivalent in Scotland, out of the monies arises or to arise out of any of the customs, duties, excises or resempes, under the

or to arise out of any of the customs, duties, excises or revenues, under the management of the commissioners of the customs and commissioners of exmanagement of the commissioners of the customs and commissioners of excise in Scotland, or either of them, for payment of two years interest of the said capital sum of two hundred and thirty thousand three hundred and eight pounds nine shillings and ten pence and five sixths of a penny, and of eighteen thousand two hundred forty one pounds ten shillings and ten pence and two thirds of a penny, stated due to William Paterson, esq; by an act of the sirst year of your Majest's reign, from the twenty third of sume one thousand seven bundred and sistent to the twenty fourth of sume one thousand seven bundred and seventeen, and for payment of the solutions of the commissioners of expenses.

seventeen, and for payment of the salaries of the commissioners of

quivalent, and of the fees and salaries of their servants, and the necessary charges of the office for the said two years; providing nevertheless, That the commissioners of the equivalent of Scotland for the time being, should secure and retain in their hands the sum of scurteen thousand pounds sterling, appointed by the said fifteenthe wood, in such these subsets the encouragement of the manufacture of coarse wood, in such this expenses the same was a should be produced to be coalled for the union, for the encouragement of the manufacture of coarse wool, in such shires where the same was or should be produced, to be applied for the benefit of the said manufacture, and the wool-masters, and to no other use or purpose what sover, as by the two acts last before re-3 Geo. 1. c. 14. cited may also more fully appear; which several sums for payment of 10 Ann. C. 26. interest, salaries and charges, were issued to the said commissioners of equivalent accordingly. And whereas by reason of many doubts arising in the construction of the said sifteenth article of the said treaty, and other laws relating to the excrescence of the said equivalent, and to the proving equivalent due and becoming due to Scotland, and by reason growing equivalent due and becoming due to Scotland, and by reason of the many difficulties which attend separating and distinguishing between debts incurred before the union, and debts incurred for service of the united kingdom (both which have without distinction been provided for fince the union) the commissioners for taking and stating the debts due and growing due to Scotland, by way of equivalent, have not been able to adjust the accounts thereof for the time past, and are like to meet with insuperable difficulties therein for the future, during so long time as the same is to continue in the terms of the said treaty, although the making or endeavouring to make such accounts is attended with an excessive charge to the publick, and may occasion great vexatims and discontents in the united kingdom: for obviating whereof, we your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the com-mons of Great Britain in parliament assembled, as we think it just and reasonable, so we also judge it to be most conducible to the publick quiet and tranquillity, That in lieu and full discharge of all equivalents what soever, that might hereafter be demanded from England, or the united kingdom, upon the foot of the faid treaty, such certain annuities or yearly funds and other provisions may be settled and established for the satisfaction of those interested or concerned in the monies which were expected to arise from the faid equivalents, as are hereafter in this act expressed; and do therefore humbly pray your Majesty, that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That yearly and every year, reckoning the From June 24, first year to begin from the feast of the nativity of Saint John 2719, 2000ol. Baptist one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, the full form and 2000ol.shall of ten thousand pounds of lawful money of Great Britain shall be yearly stunds for the one yearly fund, and the full sum of two thousand pounds purposes in of like money shall be another yearly fund, for the several purthis et, and poles in this act expressed concerning the same yearly sunds re-payable for e-spectively; and that the said yearly sunds shall continue and be ver, but subject to redemption by parlia-byparliament. according to the respective provisions herein after contained in that behalf; and that the said several annuities or yearly son is made funds, concerning this annuity of

funds, during the continuance thereof respectively, shall be assol. by taking the community and be payable and paid out of payable out of the monies arisen and to arise, from time to time, of or for any the duties un. the customs, duties, excises or revenues, that are or shall be under the management of froms and ex-

cise in Scotland.

der the management of the commissioners of the customs and commissioners of the excise in Scotland, or either of them, or of fioners of cu- any commissioners, farmers or managers of those revenues, or any of them, for the time being, which shall from time to time remain, after paying or reserving sufficient to pay the charges of managing the said revenues, and of keeping up the said three courts, and other charges of the civil government in Scotland, pursuant to such establishment or establishments as are or shall be made in that behalf, and with preference to all payments whatfoever, other than those charges, and other than such drawbacks and allowances, as are or shall be settled by any act or acts of parliament to be made out of the faid revenues, or any of them.

In case of de. ncy the faid fums to out of any o-6cotland, inunion, except therwife ap propriated.

II. And it is hereby enacted, That in case the produce of the said duties, customs, excises or revenues shall at any time or times appear to be so low or deficient, as that there should not be sufbe made good ficient thereof to fatisfy the faid annuities or yearly funds of ten out of any othersevenue in thousand pounds and two thousand pounds, or either of them, when the same shall become due, then and so often and in every fuch case, the deficiencies thereof shall and may be satisfied and virtue of the made good by or out of any other revenues in Scotland, which were introduced by virtue of the faid treaty of union, or to which fuch as are otherwise and the subjects of Scotland are or shall be liable, other than such revenues as are expresly appropriated to any particular use or uses by any act or acts of parliament of Great Britain made since the

The faid funds fliall be paid at the four most usual feasts.

III. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforefaid, That the faid several annuities or funds of ten thousand pounds and two thousand pounds per annum shall be paid and payable at the four most usual feasts in the year, that is to say, the seast of Saint Michael the Archangel, the birth of our Lord Christ, the annunciation of the Blessed Virgin Mary, and the seast of the nativity of Saint John Baptist, by even and equal portions, until the re-demption of the same respectively according to the respective First payment provisoes herein after contained in that behalf; the first payment

faid act for confirming the faid treaty of union.

to begin at Michaelmas from taxes.

to begin at thereof to be due and accounted due and payable at the feast of Michaelmas Saint Michael the Archangel in the year of our Lord one thousand The fundsfree seven hundred and nineteen; and that the said several annuiries or yearly funds and every part thereof shall be free from all taxes or publick charges and impositions whatsoever laid or to be laid thereupon by authority of parliament.

IV. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the commissioners of his Majesty's treasury now being, and the

The treasury to iffue warrants for pay-ment of the faid yearly funds.

high treasurer of Great Britain and the commissioners of the treafury of his Majesty, his heirs and successors for the time being, shall and they respectively are hereby impowered and strictly enjoined and required to iffue their warrants and orders for making the payments of the faid annuities or yearly funds from time to me, according to the true intent and meaning of this act; and To be made at the payments thereof shall be made by the proper commis- without see or aners or officers from time to time without any fees or charges charge.

hatfoever to be demanded or taken for paying the fame; and Penalty of discounting or the fame; and Penalty o any commissioner, receiver general, officer or other person or verting or missions, who shall have in his or their hands any the monies applying the arfons, who shall have in his or their hands any the monies same, hich, in pursuance of this act, shall be ordered or appointed r payment of the faid annuities or yearly funds, or either of em, shall divert or misapply the same or any part thereof, con-ary to the tenor and true meaning of this act, then every such mmissioner, receiver general, officer or person, for such offence all be rendred incapable to serve his Majesty, his heirs or suc-fors, in any office or employment of trust or profit, and be ble to pay double the value of the money so diverted or mis-plied to the use of the corporation which shall be erected in refuance of this act, for the benefit of the creditors of Scotland; d to be recovered by action of debt or of the case, bill, suit or formation in any of his Majesty's courts of record at Westminr, or in the faid court of exchequer of Scotland, wherein no oin, protection, wager of law, or more than one imparlance all be granted or allowed.

V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, The King may hat it shall and may be lawful to and for the King's majesty, by letters paletters patents under the great seal of Great Britain, to incortent incorporate all and every the proprietors of the debts and fums of mo- rate the pro-y stated to amount to the said principal sums of two hundred prietors of the debts stated due to Scotgs and ten pence and five fixths of a penny, and eighteen land:

nufand two hundred forty one pounds ten shillings and ten

nce two thirds of a penny; both sums making two hundred

ty eight thousand five hundred and fifty pounds and nine

nce halfpenny; and all and every person and persons, natives

d foreigners, bodies politick and corporate, which as executors,

ministrates, successor assigns on the new other lawful title ministrators, successors or assigns, or by any other lawful title rived or to be derived from, by or under the faid proprietors, any time or times hereafter, shall have or be entitled to any rt, share or interest of or in the said capital sums amounting to o hundred forty eight thousand five hundred and fifty pounds d nine pence halfpenny, so long as they respectively shall have y part, share or interest therein, to be one body politick and porate, by such name as the King's majesty shall think most oper; and that by such name the said corporation shall have which corporate succession, (subject nevertheless to such redemption as ration shall nerein after appointed in that behalf;) and that they and their have perpetureesfors, by the name aforesaid, shall be able and capable in law all succession, fise and implead, be fued and impleaded, answer and be an-ered in courts of record or any other place whatsoever, in all be sued.

has and causes whatsoever, for, touching or concerning the ziving and recovering of the said annuity or fund of ten thou-id pounds per annum, and the distribution thereof to those who is from time to time be interested in the same, with such

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powers to do and perform such other matters and things appertraining to them to do or perform touching or concerning the faid capital fums and the faid yearly fund payable in respect thereof, as the King's majesty by the same letters patents shall think fit to grant.

VI. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforefaid,
That the faid capital fums amounting to two hundred forty eight

The capital

fums to be a fums to be a fund the faid capital fums amounting to two number 1014, e.g... fund thousand five hundred and fifty pounds and nine pence half-transferrable, penny shall be and be deemed to be the capital or joint stock of the capital the said corporation; and that the shares and interests of the particular members of and in the same from time to time shall be affignable, transferrable and deviseable in such manner as the King's majesty by the said letters patents shall prescribe and appoint, until the redemption thereof.

Members of the corporation entitled to annuities in proportion to their shares, and payable quarterly.

VII. And it is hereby further enacted by the authority afore-faid, That all and every the members of the said corporation shall have and be entitled to an annuity or yearly sum in proportion to his or their share in the said capital sum and stock of two hundred forty eight thousand five hundred and fifty pounds and nine pence halfpenny; which annuities or yearly sums shall be paid and payable at the four most usual seasts in the year before-mentioned, by even and equal portions, until the redemption thereof by parliament according to the proviso herein after contained in that behalf.

VIII. And whereas by virtue of former ac?s of parliament, de bentures were authorized and directed to be made forth for the fail feveral debts amounting to two hundred forty eight thousand five hundred and fifty pounds and nine pence halfpenny, which are affignable area and fifty pounds and nine pence outperny, wonto are apprause and transferable by indorfement, and bear interest at the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, and some of the persons interested in part of the said debts have not yet taken forth the debentures to which the judges of they respectively are entitled pursuant to the said acts: now it is the exchequer hereby enacted and declared by the authority aforesaid, That in Scotland all such cases the judges of the court of exchequer in Scotland.

for which none are already made

transferrable former act.

or any three or more of them (being fatisfied in the titles of such persons entitled to sums for which such debentures are not already made forth, and deliver the same to the persons entitled thereto respectively, or fuch as they respectively shall appoint to receive the same; which shall bear interest and be transferrable and assignable, and be forth; shall bear interest and be transferrable and and under such turesshall bear conditions, as if they had been made forth by the commission-interest, and be ers for disposing the equivalents in Scotland, according to the said

> IX. And to the end it may be known who are the proprietors of the faid capital fums amounting to two hundred forty eight thousand five hundred and fifty pounds and nine pence halfpenny; it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the judges of his Majesty's court of exchequer in Sectland

The faid judges to give shall, by publick publication at the market-cross at Edinburgh, bit debentures or by any other form of publick publication as the faid judges **fhall**

shall think fit, intimate to all parties within or without the king-dom, having interests in the said stated debts of Scotland, to pro-by the King's duce or cause to be produced before the said judges in Edinburgh, remembran-in the ordinary place where the said court of exchequer meets, cer, &c. at or before any day or days to be by them therein prefixed, not thorter than fix months from the date of the publick publication at the market-cross of Edinburgh, and there to exhibit their de-bentures to be registred in the said court of exchequer; which Fees for regishall be accordingly registred there by the King's remembrancer string. for the time being without fee or charge, other than the sum of fix pence for registring every such debenture wherein the principal shall exceed fifty pounds; to which register all persons concerned shall and may have free access at all seasonable times without fee or charge.

X. And it being just and reasonable that interest due on the said debts, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, from the three and twentieth day of June one thousand seven bundred and seventeen, until the said seast of the nativity of Saint John Baptist one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, together with the charges of the commission of commission of the equivalent in Scotland, should be provided for: be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the commissions arising by should be the treasure, or lord high treasurer of Great Britain for the said cutthe time being, shall and may and they are hereby impowered thoms, &c. the and directed, out of the monies arisen and to arise of or for the treasury shall said customs, duties, excises and other revenues charged with the said annuities or yearly funds as aforesaid, which shall from time to time remain next after paying or reserving sufficient to the fuch persons as the king unpay, as well the charges of managing the same revenues and der his sign keeping up the three courts, and the said other charges of the civil government in Scotland, as also the sums which shall be grown due and in arrear from time to time for or upon the said for interest of the same strength of the same said two thousand the capital and directed, out of the monies arisen and to arise of or for the treasury shall annuities or funds of ten thousand pounds and two thousand the capital pounds per annum, or either of them, to cause payment to be sums, accorded unto such persons as his Majesty, by any warrant or warrants under his royal sign manual, counter-signed by the commissioners of the treasure or any three or more of them. missioners of the treasury or any three or more of them, or the high treasurer of Great Britain for the time being, shall intrust to receive the same, of the full sum of thirty thousand eight hun-dred twenty three pounds seven shillings and two pence for payment of the interest, after the rate of five pounds per centum per ment of the interest, after the rate of five pounds per tenum per amum, of the said capital sums amounting to two hundred forty eight thousand sive hundred and sifty nine pounds and nine pence halfpenny, and for payment of the salaries of the said commissioners for disposing the equivalent, and of the fees and salaries of their servants and the necessary charges of their office for two years, ended at the said seast of the nativity of Saint

XI. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, Till such that until such letters patents or charter of incorporation as afore-corporationbe

mission shall cease and determine.

John Baptist one thousand seven hundred and nineteen; from which time all salaries and other charges relating to that com-

said granted, the

prietors in etted in the

debentures.

yearly fund of faid shall be actually granted and passed under seal, the said yearly thad of annuity or fund of ten thousand pounds per annum shall be paid be paid to such and payable unto such persons as his Majesty, by any warrant persons as his or warrants under his royal sign manual, counter-signed by the Majesty shall commissioners of the transferred

Majesty shall commissioners of the treasury or any three or more of them, use of the pro- or the high treasurer of Great Britain for the time being, shall appoint to receive the same, in trust for the use and benefit of the faid proprietors interested or to be interested in the said debentures for the said debts not exceeding two hundred forty eight thousand five hundred and fifty pounds and nine pence halfpenny, according to their respective shares and interests therein, and until the passing of such letters patents or charter of incorporation, the said debentures shall continue to be af-

corporation.

And after the fignable or transferrable by indorsements thereupon; and from granting such and after the granting such letters patents or charter of incorcharter it shall poration, and passing the same under seal as aforesaid, the said be paid to the annuity or fund of ten thousand pounds per annum shall be paid and payable to the same corporation, or to their cashier for the time being, for their use, to be divided and distributed to and amongst the several members thereof according and in proportion to their respective shares of and in the said capital or joint stock of the same, and to or for none other use, intent or purpole whatloever.

Clause of re-

XII. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted. That at Clause of redeemption of any time, upon payment by the parliament of Great Britain of the said yearly the said capital sum of two hundred forty eight thousand five sum of 10,000l. hundred and fifty pounds and nine pence halfpenny, without any deduction or abatement whatsoever to be made out of the fame or any part thereof, and of all arrears of the faid annuity or yearly fund of ten thousand pounds then due, computing the same quarterly, till the end of the then next preceding quarter of a year, and from thenceforth by the day, until the day of fuch payment made (if any fuch arrears be) then and not till

then, and from thenceforth the faid annuity or fund of ten thoufand pounds per annum shall cease and determine; this present ac, or any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding. XIII. And be it further enacted and declared by the authority aforesaid, That the judges of the court of exchequer in Scotland shall forthwith call the said commissioners of the equi-

in Scotland to valent in Scotland to an account for the faid balance of fixteen call the com-missioners of thousand five hundred seventy five pounds fourteen shillings and one penny halfpenny, and for the said sums of fifteen thousand equivalent to balance, &c.

equivalent to eight hundred twenty two pounds eight shillings and seven pence three farthings, and thirty one thousand five hundred fixty five pounds two shillings and sive pence halfpenny, by them receive ed as aforefaid; and after deduction of all their due payments and and eause it to just allowances, to cause the balance of such account to be paid over to such persons as his Maistre. perfors as the to such perfors as his Majesty, by any warrant or warrants under his royal sign manual, counter-signed by the commissioners. Great Britain for the time being, shall from time to time appoint

o receive the same, in trust to and for the uses and purposes whereunto the same is liable pursuant to the said former acts, and thereupon to free and liberate the said commissioners of quivalent in Scotland upon their said accounts

XIV. And as to, for and concerning the said annuity or fund socol. per few two thousand pounds per annum by this act settled until the reannum. to be apsemption thereof by parliament; it is hereby enacted and de-plied towards clared by the authority aforesaid, That the same shall be wholly promoting the applied towards the encouraging and promoting the sisteries, &c. in Scotland. such other manufactures and improvements in Scotland, as may in Scotland. most conduce to the general good of the united kingdom, ac cording to the tenor and true meaning of the faid fifteenth article of the said treaty of union, and to none other use, intent or pur-

pose whatsoever.

XV. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, Thesaid funds That the faid annuities or funds of ten thousand pounds and to be personal two thousand pounds per annum, and the several shares and in-estates, and terests of the creditors, proprietors or members that are or shall any arrestbe entitled thereunto, shall be deemed and taken to be personal ment. or moveable estates, and upon deaths shall go to executors or administrators, and not be descendable to heirs; and such shares or interests in the capital stock of the said corporation, or in the hands of their cashier for the time being, or in the hands of any trustees appointed or to be appointed to receive the same as storesaid, shall not be liable to any arrestment or attachment that shall be laid thereupon; any law, custom or usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

XVI. And it is hereby also enacted and declared by the au- None shall in-thority aforesaid, That no person whatsoever shall incur any in- cur any inca-capacity, disability, penalty or forfeiture whatsoever, only for pacity &c. for putting this putting this act in execution, or for accepting or exercising any act in execution of the putting this act or of any tion, &c. charter, letters natents or warrant to be control by his act. charter, letters patents or warrant to be granted by his Majefly in pursuance thereof; any former law or statute or provision to the contrary notwithstanding.

XVII. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That at Upon payany time, upon payment by the parliament of Great Britain of ment of the full fum of forty thousand pounds sterling, without any de-all arrears, the duction or abatement whatsoever to be made out of the said an-fond of accordance of the said an-fond any part thereof, and all arrears (if any fuch be) of the faid an-faid yearly any part thereof, and all arrears (if any fuch be) of the faid an-fand of accolorative or yearly fum of two thousand pounds then due, comput-fault cease.

Ing the same quarterly, to the end of the then next preceding quarter of a year, and from thenceforth by the day, until the day of such payment made, then and not till then, and from the faid annuity or yearly find of the theuseforth. thenceforth the said annuity or yearly fund of two thousand

pounds shall cease and determine; this present act, or any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XVIII. And it is hereby declared and enacted by the authorative aforesaid, That the said annuities or funds of ten thousand nuities to be pounds per annum and two thousand pounds per annum, and in sulfice that the said annuities of the pounds per annum and two thousand pounds per annum, and in sulfice that the said annuities to be an appointed, shall be in charge of all equivalents.

&c.

lieu and full discharge of all equivalents whatsoever, which shall or may be claimed or demanded by Scotland or on the behalf of Scotland, by reason of the said treaty or otherwise in regard of the said union; and that the united kingdom of Great Britain, or any the revenues thereof, shall not be liable to any further or future demands of or for any fuch equivalents, or to the ex-pence or charge of keeping or rendring any further or future ac-

counts thereof (the said yearly funds and other payments by this act established or appointed always excepted). XIX. And it is hereby declared, That the present commission The commisfion of equiva- for taking and stating the debts due and growing due to Scallent to contilland by way of equivalent, and the salaries and other charges of pue no longer. nue no longer that commission, shall or may be continued to the said feast of the nativity of Saint John Baptist one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, and no longer. mer 1719.

The King's XX. And in regard by the fourteenth article of the said treaty it supports in Scotland not to be answerable for any described of the parliament of Scotland for the publick charge and service of that kingdom for the year one thousand seven hundred described on the service of Scotland, shall not be answerable for any described, that his Majesty's subjects in the service of Scotland, shall not be answerable for any described which hapthat kingdom pened in making that provision; any former law or statute whatfor the year soever to the contrary notwithstanding 3707. XXI. And for a smuch as the intended corporation cannot receive and distribute the annuity of ten thousand pounds per annum, and de-

fray the other necessary charges of management without lessen g their interest, which if wholly born by the members thereof, would preve a great discouragement to them: be it therefore enacted by the avthority aforesaid, That over and above the said annuity or fund The yearly of ten thousand pounds hereby settled to be paid to the said corferm of 600 l. shall be paid to the said poration, there shall be paid and payable to the said corporation to be erected by virtue of this act, and their successors, until the faid annual sum herein before settled shall be redeemed as 2corporation foresaid, or to such person or persons as shall be authorized under the common seal of the said corporation to receive the same, towards the charges of

management, for the use of the said corporation, the further annual sum of six

hundred pounds for and towards the charge of management, and other necessary charges in receiving and distributing of the said annuity of ten thousand pounds payable to the said corporation,

of fix hundred pounds is hereby charged and chargeable upon,
To be payable and made to be paid and payable by and out of the fame funds,
out of the and at fuch time and times and in fuch manual funds, and the feveral members thereof as aforefaid; which annual fum fame funds. fame ways, means and methods, as is and are herein and hereby prescribed, settled or appointed for payment of the said annuity of ten thousand pounds per annum. XXII.. And whereas several of the above-mentioned debentures,

which were issued pursuant to the acts of parliament aforesaid, bove by casualty or mischance been lost, burnt or otherwise destroyed: be it therefore enacted by the authority asoresaid, That in all cases where

there it shall appear to the said barons of the court of exche-The barons of uer in Scotland, to their satisfaction, that any such debentures in Scotland ave been or are lost, burnt or otherwise destroyed, and that may issue new here be good reason to believe the same to have been burnt, lost debentures in r otherwise destroyed; it shall and may be lawful for the said lieu of such as sarons. Or any three or more of them, as issue or more of them. arons, or any three or more of them, to iffue or make forth have been new debentures of the same tenor and contents with the debenures lost, burnt or destroyed as aforesaid, on security given to he good-liking of the faid barons of the court of exchequer in scotland by the person or persons claiming such debentures, against all other persons whatsoever, concerning the monies speified in or due upon such debentures.

CAP. XXI.

An all for the better securing the lawful trade of his Maje-sty's subjects to and from the East-Indies; and for the more effectual preventing all his Majesty's subjects trading thither under foreign commissions.

WHEREAS it is of great importance to the welfare of this kingdom, That the trade and traffick to and from the East-Indies in the countries and parts of Asia and Africa, and to and from such places of Asia, Africa and America, or any of them, beyond the cape of Bona Esperanza to the streights of Magellan, where any trade or traffick of merchandize is or may be used or had, be regulatchaccording to the acts of parliament relating thereto, and the royal charters or grants made in pursuance thereof: and whereas in and in an act of parliament of the ninth year of the reign of his late 9 & 10 W. 3. majesty King William the Third, of glorious memory, it is enacted c. 44. and provided, That the said East-Indies, or the islands, howens, smits, cities, towns or places within the limits aforesaid, should not firts, cities, towns or places within the limits aforefaid, should not be visited, frequented or haunted by any of the subjects of his Majesty, other than such as might lawfully go and trade there; and that if any of the subjects of his said late Majesty, his heirs or successors, of what degree or quality soever, other than such as might or may lawfully go and trade to the East-Indies or other the parts in the same as mentioned, by virtue thereof, should directly or indirectly visit, haunt, frequent, trade, traffick or adventure into or from the said East-Indies or other the parts aforesaid, all and every such offender and offenders should incur such forseitures and losses, as in the said act is and are for that purpose appointed: and it is also provided by the same act and by subsequent laws, That all the goods, wares, merchandizes and commodities to be laden upon any ship or ships bound from dizes and commodities to be laden upon any ship or ships bound from the said East-Indies or parts within the limits aforesaid, should be brought without breaking bulk to some port of Great Britain, and there be unladen and put on a said in some ships ships ships ships and the said of the said responsible provisions and restrictions several of his Majesty's subjects, not entitled under the said East-Indies and other the places aforesaid in foreign and other ships, intending there to load goods, and to bring them into Europe, and land them in foreign parts out of his Majesty's dominions, to the great prejudice of the trade of this known have

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dom, and the diminution of his Majesty's customs and duties: all which practices being tonsidered, his royal he George prince of Wales, then guardian of the realm of Britain, and his Majesty's lieutenant within the same, was on the eighteenth day of October which was in the year of Lord one thousand seven hundred and sixteen, to issue forth a semation (amongst other things) strictly charging and commanding Majesty's subjects not to serve on board any soreign or other strips. Majesty's subjects not to serve on board any foreign or other sips foreign commissions and colours, bound to or from the East Incany the parts aforesaid; or directly or indirectly to visit, baunt quent, trade, traffick or adventure into or from the said East 1 or other the parts before-mentioned, contrary to law: but not flanding the prohibitions contained in the faid acts of parliamer proclamation, and in defiance of the same, several evil-disposed p have gone on to procure and obtain several foreign commission, and under colour thereof or otherwise have fitted our manned several English and other ships or versels, and have sailed or sent out the same to trade and traffick in the East Indies or the parts aforesaid: now to the intent that such collusive, dulent and illegal trade and practices may be prevented, that so considerable and beneficial a branch of trade may be cured to this kingdom; be it enacted and declared by the K most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent o After Feb. 20, lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in parliament 1718, none sembled, and by the authority of the same, That if any of the same, That if any or

the offence.

After records, formally and by the authority of fembled, and by the authority of fembled, and by the authority of the fembled, and after the twentieth day of the fembled, and a eighteen, fail, go or repair to or be in the East Indies or par now in being fore-mentioned, or any of them, contrary to the laws no being or contrary to the tenor of this act, every such person the East India company may seize such persons, and send them to England, there to the East India company or laws now in being may be inflicted for such offer may seize such to justice, it is hereby enacted. That it shall and may be law to and for the united company of merchants of England training to and for the united company of merchants of England training to answer for or cause to be taken, arrested and seized, such persons.

fons, being a subject or subjects of his Majesty, his heirs or ceffors, at any place or places, or where he or they shall found within the limits or places aforesaid; and the person persons so taken, arrested and seized, to send and remit to land, there to answer for the offence aforesaid, according to courfe of law.

After Feb. 5, 1718, persons &c. shall forfeit sool.

1718, persons
III. And it is hereby further enacted by the authority af procuring,&c. faid, That all and every person and persons, who from any on from any ter the fifth day of February one thousand seven hundred foreignprince, eighteen, shall procure, solicit for, obtain or act under any content to trade to mission, authority, or pass from any foreign prince, state or the East Indian, tentate what soever, to sail or go, or trade in or to the East Indian. or any the parts aforesaid, every such person or persons to offing herein, shall incur and forseit for every such offence, the of five hundred pounds.

IV.

IV. And it is hereby enacted, That all the faid penalties and Forfeitures, orfeitures shall or may be sued for and recovered in any of his how to be remainded in any of his how to be remainded in any of his how to be remainded, or otherwise, wherein no essentially half be allowed, nor any more than one imparlance; one half were of which said penalties and forsitures that he are the half were of which said penalties and forsitures that he are the half were of which said penalties and forsitures that he are the half were of which said penalties and forsitures that he are the half were of which said penalties and forsitures that he are the half were of which said penalties and forsitures that he are the half were of the half were the said penalties and forsitures that he are the said penalties and forsitures that he was the said penalties and forsitures. half-part of which faid penalties and forfeitures shall be to the use of such person or persons as will inform or sue for the same; and the other half-part to his Majesty, his heirs and successors.

V. Provided always, That this act, or any thing herein con- Not to prejutained, shall not extend, or be construed, deemed, or taken to dicethe Southextend, to restrain or prejudice such trade or right of trade or Sea company. navigation within any part of the limits aforesaid, as the gover-nor and company of merchants of *Great Britain* trading to the South-Seas, and other parts of America, and for encouraging the fishery, now are entitled unto; any thing herein contained to

the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

VI. Provided nevertheless, and it is hereby enacted, That this Continuance act shall continue in force for five years, and from thence to the of this act. end of the next session of parliament, and no longer. Continued by 9 Geo. 1. c. 26. sect. 10. for seven years from March one thousand seven hundred twenty three, and further continued by 5 Geo. 2. c. 29. for seven years from May one thousand seven hundred thirty two, and by 20 Geo. 2. c. 47. to 25 March one thousand seven hundred and eighty.

CAP. XXII.

An act for enlarging the time to determine claims on the forfeited estates.

WHEREAS by an act made in the fourth year of his Maje-fty's reign, intituled, An act for vesting the forfeited estates in Great Britain and Ireland in trustees, to be sold for the use of the publick; and for giving relief to lawful creditors by determining the claims; and for the more effectual bringing into the respective exchequers the rents and profits of the said estates, till sold, it is (amongst other things) enacted, That the commissioners and trustees therein named, or any four or more of them should, and they ere bereby required and impowered to hear, determine and adjudge, all and every claim or claims which then were or should, within the times therein mentioned, be entred, as foon as conveniently might be, before the twenty fifth day of March one thousand seven hundred and nine-teen: and whereas it is (by the said recited ast) further enacted. That every claimant, who shall not acquiesce and rest satisfied in the judgment, determination, or decree of the said commissioners and trustees may, within the time therein mentioned, appeal from and present exceptions thereto, in such manner as by the said ast is directed; and the she determining such appeals it is thereby also enosted. That it for the determining such appeals, it is thereby also enacted, That it best be lawful for his Majesty, by commission under the great seal of Great Britain and Ireland respectively, to nominate, appoint and authorize, any five of the judges of England, Scotland and Ireland respectively (the major part whereof to be a Quorum) which should

be courts of delegates and of record in England, Scotland and Ireland respectively, to hear and determine such appeals, and to affirm, repeal, alter or reverse the judgments, determinations or decrees of the said commissioners and trustees; all which appeals should be by the respective courts of delegates, finally heard and determined before the twenty fourth day of June one thousand seven hundred and nineten: and whereas by reason of the great number of claims made and entred on the said feetined electer every many of them will on the said town. on the said forfeited estates, very many of them will, on the said twenty fifth day of March one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, be left unheard and undetermined; be it enacted, &c.

left unheard and undetermined; be it enacted, &c.

The time for hearing claims enlarged to June 24, 1720. and from theme to the end of the next lession. The King may appoint sive of the judges to be a court of record. The time given to the courts of delegates enlarged to Sept. 29, 1720. and from thence to three months after the end of the next session. The time for discovery of any concealed debts, &c. enlarged to 24 June 1720, and from thence to the end of next session. And the discoverers entitled to the benefits of the act 1 Geo. 1. stat. 2. c. 50. The courts of delegates to appoint registers, clerks, &c. who shall be swora. And shall have such salaries, as the treasury shall judge reasonable. To be paid as directed by the act 4 Geo. 1. c. 3. The courts of delegates may remit to the commissioners such claims as they shall think proper, who shall proceed as directed by the delegates. But claimants may appeal from such subsequent proceedings. The delegates in England may determine appeals relating to estates in Ireland. And their determination shall be a court of record in Ireland, and their decrees shall be valid. Persons pretending title to estates seized in Scotland, and that the persons attainted were not possessed thereof; or that they have right to such estates superior or vassal, by virtue of 1 Geo. 1. stat. 2. c. 20. may present their exceptions to the court of sessions in Scotland, before August 1, 1719, which court shall determine the same in a summary way before Nov. 1, 1719. If it appear that the attainted persons had such estate, or that the claim of the party excepting should have been entred by virtue of 1 Geo. 2. stat. 2. c. 50. it shall not be determined by the court, but as by 4 Geo. 2. c. 8. is directed, unless the party excepting claim by 1 Geo. 2. stat. 2. c. 50. it shall not be determined by the court, but as by 4 Geo. 2. c. 8. is directed, unless the party excepting claim by 1 Geo. 2. stat. 2. c. 50. it shall be shall be granted, and no summons, &c. issued by the said court, or any other

CAP. XXIII.

An act for appointing a commissioner and trustee to put in execution the powers and authorities of the several acts of parliament relating to the forseited estates, and estates given to superstitious uses, in the room of George Treby esq; who has desired to be discharged from the said trust EXP.

The forfeited estates, &c. which by 4 Geo. 1. c. 8. were vested in George Treby, esq; and not sold before March 25, 1719. and all powers, &c. shall be transferred from him and vested in Charles Long, esq; his heirs, &c. Commissioner absenting from such office for three weeks, without order or

escent of four commissioners shall forfeit 500l. to be stopped by the treay out of his falary.

CAP. XXIV.

An act for the better preventing frauds committed by bankrupts.

See 11 Geo. t.

For feven years and from thence to the end of the next fession of parliament, C. 29. 13 Geo.

X.P.

2. c. 22. 5 Geo. 2. C. 30.

CAP. XXV.

n all for continuing the all made in the eighth year of the reign of the late Queen Anne, to regulate the price and affize of bread; and for continuing the all made in the twelfth year of her said late Majesty's reign, for the better encouragement of the making fail-cloth in Great Britain.

HEREAS divers temporary laws, which by experience have been found beneficial and useful, are expired or near spiring; therefore for continuing the same, be it enacted by in King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and onsent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this resent parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, that an act made in the session of parliament, held in the eighth The act of ear of the reign of her late majesty Queen Anne, initialed, An 8 Ann. c. 18. So to regulate the price and assize of bread, which was to continue 1Geo.1. stat. 2. or three years, and from thence to the end of the next session of c. 26. farther that continue and remain in full force, with such alterations as sion of parlia-were made in and by the said act, passed in the first year of his ment.

present Majesty's reign, for the term of five years, and from Continued by 22Geo.2.C46.

thence to the end of the next session of parliament.

II. And be it surther enacted by the authority aforesaid, The act 12.

That an act made in the session of parliament, held in the twelfth Ann. stat. 1.

year of her said late majesty Queen Anne, intituled, An act for nued for seven the better encouragement of the making of sail-cloth in Great Bri-years, and tain, which was to continue for the term of seven years, and from thence to the thence to the end of the next session of parliament, shall be con-end of the tinued and remain in full force, for the term of seven years, and next session of tinued and remain in full force, for the term of seven years, and parliament. from thence to the end of the next session of parliament. Farther continued for seven years by 10 Geo. 1. c. 17. sect. 3. and by 20 Geo. 2. c. 45.

CAP. XXVI.

An all for preventing the mischiefs which may happen by keeping too great quantities of gunpowder in or near the cities of London and Westminster, or the suburbs thereof.

WHEREAS great quantities of gunpowder are frequently lodged and kept in ware-houses and other places in and about cities of London and Westminster, and the suburbs thereof, to the cities of the apparent danger, if not utter ruin and destruction of several public offices, and of the lives and fortunes of many thousands of his Majest's subjects: for preventing the mischiefs aforesaid, he it en-

acted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the autho-After Aug. 1, rity of the same, That from and after the first day of August one

20010, kept, &c. 22 Geo.2.c.38. Two justices may funninon perions trad-ing in gun-

upon oath.

ing to be exa- mit such person or persons to the county gaol, there to remain mined, to be without bail or mainprize, until he, she or they shall conform committed mined, to be committed without bail till they conform. Persons hav-

Persons refus. thereof, every such person or persons so offending shall, for ing, to forfeit every fuch offence, forfeit the fum of twenty shillings for every 203. for every hundred pound of gunpowder, with full costs of fuit, to any 2001b to the person or persons who shall, within six calendar months next informer. informer. after such notice, inform or sue for the same, by action of debt, bill, plaint or information, in any of his Majesty's courts of re-

rants for

After Aug. 1, rity of the lame, I not mount and a second of gunpowder shall not be kept in for any person or persons to have or keep more than six hundred not be kept in pounds of gunpowder, each hundred containing five score pounds net weight, at any time, in any store-house, &c. in London, Westminster, sec. By 11 Geo.

1. C. 23. not of his Majesty's palace at St. James's, or within three miles of more than 200lb, is to be his Majesty, his heirs or successors; for the use of the publick. 200lb, is to be his Majesty, his heirs or successors; for the use of the publick.
kept, &c.
22 Geo.2.c.38. II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That

from and after the said first day of August one thousand seven hundred and nineteen it shall and may be lawful for any two or more of his Majesty's justices of the peace, living within any of the limits aforelaid, to summon before them any person or perexamine them fons, making, dealing or trading in gunpowder, or who shall be suspected to have in his or their custody or possession, or in the cultody or possession of any other person or persons, in any store-house, ware-house, or other place within the limits afore-faid, and to examine such person or persons upon oath touching

or fubmit to answer, and be examined, as aforesaid; and if it shall appear upon such examination, or by the oaths of any two or more credible witnesses, (which oaths such justices are hereby impowered and required to administer) that such person or perfons have or hath in his, her or their custody or possession, at sooils of gunpowder, withany one place within the limits aforesaid, more than six hunin the said iimits, the juforthwith cause all and every the persons aforesaid carefully to
remove the same out of the limits aforesaid; and if such percause them to caule them to remove the fame.

fon or persons shall refuse or neglect to remove such gunpowder out of the limits aforesaid, by the space of twenty four hours after notice of any order made by any such justices for removal

Persons refus- the premisses; and in case of refusal to be examined, to com-

cord at Westminster, wherein no essoin, privilege, protection, order of restraint, wager of law, or more than one imparlance shall be granted or allowed.

Two justices may issue warinstitute of the peace liming within the limit of the Majesty's justices of the peace, living within the limits aforefaid, after the

first day of August one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, searching any from time to time, to issue their warrant or warrants for search-store house, ing in the day time any store-house, ware-house, or other place, used for keeping gunpowder within the limits aforesaid, and for that purpose to break open any such store-house, ware-house, or other place aforesaid, if there shall be occasion; and that every person who shall oppose or hinder any such search shall, Opposing such for every such offence, forfeit the sum of sive pounds to any perfon or persons who shall inform and sue for the same, within sha calendar months next after the offence committed, in any of his Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, by action of the bill allows on the same statements. debt, bill, plaint or information, wherein no essoin, privilege, protection, order of restraint, wager of law, or more than one If more than imparlance shall be granted or allowed; and in case more than 600 lb. be six hundred pounds of gunpowder, as aforesaid, shall upon found in any store-house, ware-house, or other place the justices aforesaid, such justices shall forthwith cause the same to be care-may cause it fully removed out of the limits aforesaid, at the charge of the to be removed owner or owners of such gunpowder or other person or persons at the expence owner or owners of such gunpowder, or other person or persons at the expence having the custody or keeping thereof, to be levied by distress and sale of the offender's goods and chattels, by warrant under the hands and sale of such indicate and sale of such indicates and the hands and feals of fuch justices, rendring the overplus to the owner.

IV. And for preventing dangerous carriages of gunpowder After the faid in and through the streets of London and Westminster, and the Aug. 1. above 2000lb. of suburbs thereof; be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That gunpowder from and after the said first day of August one thousand seven shall not be hundred and nineteen, it shall not be lawful for any person or carried at a persons to carry or convey, in or through any of the streets or time, in the lanes within the cities of London and Westminster, or either of don, &c. them, or within the suburbs thereof, more than twenty hunthem, or within the fuburbs thereof, more than twenty hundred pounds of gunpowder, each hundred containing five fcore And shall be pounds net weight, at a time; and that all gunpowder which in covered shall be carried or conveyed in any carts or carriages in or the barrels through any of the streets or lanes aforesaid, after the time afore-shall be put to be the streets or lanes aforesaid and the barrels that the streets or lanes aforesaid and the barrels that the streets or lanes aforesaid and the barrels that the streets or lanes aforesaid and the barrels that the streets or lanes aforesaid and the barrels that the streets or lanes aforesaid and the barrels that the streets or lanes aforesaid and the barrels that the streets or lanes aforesaid and the barrels that the streets or lanes aforesaid and the barrels that the streets or lanes aforesaid and the barrels that the streets or lanes aforesaid and the barrels that the streets or lanes aforesaid and the barrels that the streets or lanes aforesaid and the barrels that the streets or lanes aforesaid and the barrels that the streets or lanes aforesaid and the barrels that the streets or lanes aforesaid and the barrels that the streets or lanes aforesaid and the barrels that the streets or lanes aforesaid and the streets or lanes aforesaid aid, shall be carried in covered carts or carriages, and the bar- into bags, &c. rels in which such gunpowder is carried shall be close jointed and hooped, and shall be put into bags or cases of leather or If carried by canvas; and gunpowder carried by man or horse shall be put shall be put not cases of leather or canvas, and entirely covered therewith, into cases of as that no such gunpowder be spilt or scattered in the passage leather, &c. thereof: and if at any time after the said sirst day of August one thereof; and if at any time after the faid first day of August one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, any gunpowder shall be carried or conveyed by any person or persons, in or through any wise shall be of the streets or lanes aforesaid, in any greater quantity, or in sorteited, any other manner, than as aforesaid, all such gunpowder shall and may be forseited, and shall and may be seised by any person or persons to his or their own use and benefit, the person or persons to his or their own use and benefit, the person or person to his own use. of the peace. Vol. XIV.

V. Pro-

Not to extend to the King's ftore houses, &c.

V. Provided always, That this act, or any thing herein contained, shall not extend or be construed to extend in any wife to affect any store-house or magazine belonging to his Majesty, his heirs or fucceffors, wherein gunpowder or other stores shall be kept for the use of the publick, or to hinder the proving or trying gunpowder by his Majesty's officers, as is usual, for the service of his Majesty, his heirs or successors, or to the carrying of gunpowder to or from any of his Majesty's magazines, or with forces in their marches.

VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That

Persons sued may plead the general issue,

if any fuit or action shall be commenced or prosecuted against any person or persons for any thing done in pursuance of this pre-fent act, in every such case such person or persons shall and may plead the general issue, and give this act and the special matter in evidence at any trial to be had thereupon, and that the same was done in pursuance or by the authority of the said act; and if a verdict shall pass for the desendant or desendants, or the plaintiff or plaintiffs shall become nonsuit, or discontinue his, her or their suit or action, after issue joined, or if upon demurrer, or otherwise, judgment shall be given against the plaintiff or plaintiffs, the defendant or defendants shall and may recover treble costs, and shall have the like remedy for the same, as any defendant or defendants hath or have in other cases by

and shall recover treble cofts.

Actions to be brought in the proper county, and within fix months.

VII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That all fuits, actions and profecutions to be brought, commenced or profecuted against any person or persons, for any thing done or to be done in pursuance or by authority of this act, shall be laid and tried in the county where the fact was committed, and shall be commenced and prosecuted, without wilful delay, within fix calendar months next after the fact committed, and not otherwise.



VIII. And whereas it may be necessary that new ware-houses for keeping gunpowder should be excelled in some place or places out of the limits aforesaid, at convenient distance from the city of London and from whence sufficient quantities of gunpowder may with greater safety be supplied, as occasion requires: and whereas there are large tracks of marsh and meadow grounds in the counties of Essex, Kent and Surrey, where new ware-houses may be commodiously crecked, such marsh and meadow grounds being at good distance from dwelling bouses or habitations, and therefore, and by reason of their adjacency to the river Thames, are convenient for such ware-houses, but for assume as any person or persons who may be disturbed to erect any such warehouses there, may be liable to actions or disturbance on that account, or may be unreasonably imposed upon in the purchase thereof: be it enacted by the authority asoresaid. That the justices of the peace for the said counties of Essex, Kent and Surrey respectively, shall at their general quarter fessions of the peace to be holden for the faid counties respectively, appoint some proper and convenient fions appoint plot or plots of ground out of the limits aforesaid, not exceedproper places, ing two acres, in any one place in each county, being fituate in

The justices for Effex, Kent and Surrey may

the faid counties of Essex, Kent or Surrey, and adjacent to or on which any near the river Thames, on which plot or plots of ground so to persons may be appointed, it shall and may be lawful for any person or per-houses, first sons defirous so to do, to erect any ware-house or ware-houses agreeing with for keeping gunpowder, first agreeing with the owners and pro- the owners. prietors of the said ground for the same; and in case any such owner or proprietor shall refuse or neglect to agree, or by reason Owners re of any disability or impediment cannot so agree, the justices of fusing or distability or impediment cannot so agree, the justices of fusing or distable to agree, the peace for the said counties of Essex, Kent and Surrey respectively shall, at their general quarter sessions, issue their warrant may issue warrants to the sheries of the said counties respectively, to rants to the impossion and resume before them. impanel and return before them, at such times and places as sheriff to im shall be appointed in such warrant or warrants, a sufficient jury, panel a jury to who upon their oaths (which oaths the faid justices respectively the true value are hereby impowered to administer) shall inquire into the true of the ground; value of the faid plot or plots of ground so to be appointed for gunpowder ware-houses as aforesaid; and all such verdict and inquisitions shall be kept with the records of the said sessions respectively; and the judgments and decrees of the said justices and the respectively thereupon shall be final and conclusive to all parties; crees thereon and to that end the said justices respectively shall have power shall be final to send for any person or persons interested, and to concern the said justices. to fend for any person or persons interested, and to examine any parties or witnesses upon oath, as they shall think fit (all which oaths the said respective justices are hereby impowered to ad-minister;) and the sum or sums of money to be affested and ad-affested shall minister;) and the sum or sums of money to be assessed and adalested shall judged as aforesaid, not exceeding thirty years purchase, shall be be paid to the paid to the respective proprietors and owners of the said ground, proprietors; according to their respective interests therein, to be adjudged by or on their refusion accept the said justices respectively as aforesaid; and upon such payment, or in case of results to accept the same, then upon leaving with the the same with the said respective justices for the benefit of such justices, and owner or proprietor, the inheritance of the said plot or plots of the inheritance ground shall be vested in the purchasers thereof and their heirs vested in the purchasers foresaid, and all other ware-houses for gunpowder, which shall the ware-be erected on or near the river Thames, shall be built and houses to be be erected on or near the river Thames, shall be built and houses to be secured, from time to time, in such manner as shall be pre-directed by scribed and directed by the principal officers of his Majesty's the officers of

IX. And whereas feveral leafes, covenants, articles and agreements have been made and granted to feveral persons of ware-houses ments have been made and granted to several persons of ware-nouses and store-houses for keeping of gunpowder: be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all such leases, covenants, ar. After Aug. 1. ticles and agreements, made or entred into as aforesaid, of any 1719, all leases, &cc. of such ware-houses or store-houses within the cities of London and ware-houses Westminster, and suburbs thereof, shall, if the tenants or lesses for gunpow-shall desire the same, from and after the first day of August one der, &c. shall, thousand seven hundred and nineteen, be null and void to all desire it, be increase and ourposes whatsoever, as absolutely as if such leases, void. intents and purpoles whatfoever, as absolutely as if such leases, void. covenants, articles and agreements had never been made or

the ordnance,

granted; any law, act, statute, provision, custom, matter or thing to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

This act hall 85, 1719.

X. Provided, That nothing herein contained shall discharge any rent due on or before the twenty-fifth day of March one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, or any demand for breach of any covenant before that time. of any covenant before that time.

CAP. XXVII.

An all to prevent the inconveniencies arising from seducing artificers in the manufactures of Great Britain into foreign parts.

WHEREAS divers ill-disposed persons, as well foreigners, as subjects of this kingdom by confederacy with foreigners, bave of late drawn away and transported, and have also made divers attempts to entice, draw away and transport several artificers and manufacturers of and in wool, iron, steel, brass and other metals, clock-makers, watch-makers and divers other manufacturers of Great Britain, out of his Majesty's dominions into foreign countries, by entring into contracts with them to give them greater wages and advantages than they have or can reasonably expect within this kingdom, tages than they have or can reasonably expect within this kingdom, and by making them large promises and using other arts to inveigle and draw them away: and whereas there is great danger that, by means of these and such like practices, many great and profitable branches of the trades and manufacturies of this kingdom may be transplanted into foreign countries: therefore for the preventing the like practices for the future, be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That if at any time hereafter any person or persons shall contract with, entice, endeavour to perswade or solicit any manufacturer or artificer of or in wool, iron, steel, brass or any other metal, clock-maker, watch-maker or any other artificer or manufacturer of Great Britain, to go out of this kingdom into any foreign country out of his Majesty's dominions, and shall be lawfully convicted thereof upon any indictment or information which shall be preferred or brought against him or them in any of his Majesty's courts at Westminster, or at the assistance or general courts. courts at Westminster, or at the assizes or general gaol delivery, or quarter-sessions of the peace for the county, riding or division where such offence shall be committed, the person and persons prisoned for so convict shall be fined any sum not exceeding one hundred three months. pounds for such first offence, according to the discretion of the And for the court in which such conviction shall be, and shall be imprisoned fecond offence for the space of three months, and until such sine shall be paid; shall be fined discretionarily and imprison and imprison faid, shall offend again, and be so convict a second time of the ed for twelve like offence, then and in such case the person so convict a second time shall be fined at the discretion of the court where such conviction

exceeding zool. for the first offence, and be im-

months.

viction shall be, and be imprisoned for twelve months, and until such fine shall be paid.

II. Provided nevertheless, That no person or persons shall be Prosecution projecuted for any of the offences aforesaid, unless such profe-in twelve cution shall be begun within the space of twelve months next months after the offence. after such offence shall be committed.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, After May 1, That if any of his Majesty's subjects within this kingdom, be-1719, any aring such artisticer or manufacturer as aforesaid, shall, at any time tificer going after the first day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand into a foreign seven hundred and nineteen, go into any country out of his Macountry, there to the perfect of the perfe faid trades or manufacturers to foreigners, or in case any of his not returning Majesty's subjects now being, or who hereafter shall be in any in six months after warning. such foreign country out of his Majesty's dominions as aforesaid, given him by and there using or exercising any of the said trades or manufac- the ambassa-turies herein before-mentioned, shall not return into this realm dor, &c. within fix months next after warning shall be given to him by the ambassador, envoy, resident, minister or consul of the crown of Great Britain in the country in which such artiscer shall be, or by any person authorized by such ambassador, envoy, resident, minister or consul, or by one of his Majesty's secretaries of state for the time being, and from thenceforth continually inhabit and dwell within this realm, then and in such case every such person or persons shall be from thencesorth incapable of taking shall be inany legacy that shall be devised to him within this kingdom, or capable of
of being an executor or administrator to any person or persons legacy, &c.
within this kingdom, and shall be incapable of taking any lands,
tenements or hereditaments within this kingdom by descent, devise or purchase, and also forseit all his lands, tenements, hereditaments, goods and chattels within this kingdom, to his Mabe deemed an
jesty's use, and shall from thencesorth be and be deemed and alien. taken to be an alien, and shall be out of his Majesty's protec-

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Justices of That from and after the said first day of May one thousand seven peace may, hundred and nineteen, upon complaint made upon oath before on complaint any justice or justices of the peace, that any person or persons is of any offence or are endeavouring to seduce or draw away any such manusactact, is such this turer or artificer as aforesaid out of his Majesty's dominions, for warrant for any of the purposes aforesaid, or that any such manusacturer or the appresenting of the purposes aforesaid, hath contracted, promised or is preparing hending of artificer as aforesaid hath contracted, promised or is preparing hending of to go out of his Majesty's dominions for any of the purposes and bind him foresaid, then and in such case it shall and may be lawful to and to appear at for the justice or justices of the peace unto whom such complaint the affizes, the made to send forth his appearant to bring the peace and send forth his appearant to bring the peace and send forth his appearant to bring the peace. shall be made, to send forth his warrant to bring the person and &c. persons so complained of before him or them, or some other of his Majesty's justices of the peace for the same county, riding, division or city; and if when such person or persons shall be so brought before such justice or justices, it shall appear to such justice or justices, by the oath or oaths of one or more credible

ing to give fuch security may be com-

mitted.

Persons con-

Offenders in Scotland to be prosecuted in the court of justiciary or circuits there.

witness or witnesses, or by the confession of the party or parties fo brought before him or them, that the party so complained of was guilty of any of the said offences, then and in such case it shall and may be lawful to and for such justice and justices to bind the perion so charged to appear at the next assizes, general gaol delivery or quarter sessions of the peace for the county, city, riding or division where such offence shall be committed, to anfwer the premisses, with reasonable sureties for such his appear-Persons result ance; and in case such person or persons shall resuse or neglect to give fuch fecurity, then and in fuch case it shall and may be lawful to and for fuch justice and justices to commit the person or persons so refusing to the county gaol, there to be kept until the next assizes or next quarter sessions of the county, city, riding or division where such commitment shall be, at the election

of such justice of the peace, and until he, she or they shall be delivered by due course of law; and in case any such artificer or Persons convicted shall manufacturer shall be convict upon any indictment to be pregive security ferred against him at such assistant as a soresaid, of any such promise or quarter-sessions of the peace as aforesaid, of any such promise or the kingdom, contract, or preparation to go abroad beyond the seas, for any formed till such of the purposes aforesaid, then and in such case the person so security given. convict shall give such security to his Majesty, his heirs and fuccesfors, not to depart out of his Majesty's dominions for any of the purpoles aforesaid, as such court shall think reasonable, and shall be imprisoned until such security shall be given.

V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any of the above-mentioned offences shall be committed in that part of Great Britain called Scotland, the same shall be profecuted in the court of justiciary or the circuits there.

CAP. XXVIII.

An all for the further punishment of such persons as shall unlawfully kill or destroy deer in parks, paddocks, or other inclosed grounds. WHEREAS in defiance of the laws already in being, seve-

9 & 4 W. & M. c. 10.

5 Geo. 1. C. 15. VV ral disorderly and riotous persons have of late, in great num9 Geo. 1. C. 22. bers, with armed force, entred parks and other inclosed grounds where
16. 13. deer are kept, whereby bloodsted and murder both formula. ed, and greater mischiess may ensue: for the preventing and punishment of which offences, be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present par-After May 1, liament affembled, That if any person or persons shall, from convicted of and after the first day of May one thousand seven hundred and entring into any park, &c. and killing or where deer are usually kept, and wilfully wound or kill any red wounding any or fallow deer there, without the consent of the owner or owndeer, without or persons entrusted with the care or custody of such park, paddock or inclosed ground, or of the persons entrusted with the care or custody of such park, paddock or inclosed ground, or of the persons entrusted with the care or custody of such park, paddock or inclosed ground, or of the persons entrusted with the care or custody of such park, paddock or other inclosed ground. owner, &c. or dock or inclosed ground, or shall be aiding or assisting in the aiding, &c.

committing of any such offence, and being indicted for any such offence before any judge or justices of gaol delivery for the county wherein such park, paddock or inclosed ground shall lie, and shall upon such indictment be by verdict or his own consession shall be transconvicted of any such offence, the person or persons so conreven years.

victed as aforesaid shall be sent, as soon as conveniently may be, to some of his Majesty's plantations in America for the space of feven years; and the court before whom such offender or offenders shall be convicted, or any subsequent court held at the same place with like authority as the former, shall have power to convey, transfer and make over such offenders, by order of court, to the use of any person or persons who shall contract for the performance of such transportation.

II. Provided, that nothing herein contained shall be ex- This aft shall pounded, deemed or taken to repeal, alter or make void any sec any forformer law or statute now in being, made or intended for the mer law apunishment of deer-stealers: and provided also, That where any gainst deeroffender shall be punished by force of this act, and according to stealers.

the true intent and meaning thereof he shall not be according to offenders the true intent and meaning thereof, he shall not be prosecuted punished by nor incur any penalty for the same offence by force of any other this act, shall

law or statute whatsoever.

CAP. XXIX.

An act for making more effectual the laws appointing the oaths for security of the government to be taken by ministers and preachers in churches and meeting-houses in Scotland.

WHEREAS fundry persons, expellants of divinity, bave presented themselves to presbyteries in Scotland, in order to obtain licences to preach in churches, or being ordained ministers of the church of Scotland, without taking any oath or declaration, whereby their affection to his Majesty's person and government, and to the fettlement of the crown in the protestant line, might be known: and whereas also divers persons have preached and performed other parts of divine worship in meeting-houses in Scotland, who do not take the oaths and declarations appointed by law to be taken by passors or mi-misters of the episcopal congregations there, nor do pray for his majesty King George, nor for their royal highnesses the prince and princess of Wales and their issue; by all which means men disaffected being licensed or suffered to preach, may and do sow the seeds of disaffection amongst the people: be it therefore enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and the commons, in this present parliament affembled, and by the authority of the fame, That all and Persons have every person who has obtained licence, and been admitted to ing obtained preach by any presbytery in Scotland, and has not taken the licences to oaths to the government, or who, on or after the first day of preach in June one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, shall present have not himself to be tried as to his qualifications to be licensed or adtaken the mitted to preach, or to be ordained a minister of the church of oaths to the Scotland.

not be again profecuted for the fame offence.

government, or who after June 1, 1719, ihall prefent themselves to be licensed to preach, &c. shall first take oath in the court of the lords of

Gestland, shall, before the faid day, or his obtaining such licence to preach, or being admitted or ordained to be minister, take and subscribe, before and in the court of the lords of session, or the court of justiciary, or the court of exchequer in Scotland, or before the justices of the peace at their quarter sessions held for any shire, stewartry, city or borough in Scotland, or before sheriffs or stewarts, or their deputies, in open court held for their shire or stewartry, within which shire, stewartry, city or borough respectively such person has residence, or within which the presbytery to which he shall present himself, in order to enter upon his trials for obtaining a licence or being ordained, shall be held, the following oath:

The oath.

fession, &c.

A. B. do truly and sincerely acknowledge, profess, testify and declare in my conscience, before God and the world, that our sovereign lord King George is lawful and rightful King of Great Britain, and all other his Majesty's dominions thereunto belonging; and I do solemnly and sincerely declare, That I do believe in my conscience, that the person pretended to be prince of Wales during the life of the late King James, and since his decease pretending to be and taking upon himself the stile and title of King of England, by the name of James the Third, or of Scotland, by the name of James the Eighth, or the slile and title of King of Great Britain, hath not any right or title subatsoever to the crown of this realm, or any other the dominions stile and title of King of Great Britain, hath not any right or title whatsoever to the crown of this realm, or any other the dominions thereto belonging; and I do renounce, refuse and abjure any allegiance or obedience to him; and I do swear, that I will bear faithful and true allegiance to his majesty King George, and him will defend to the utmost of my power against all traiterous conspiracies and attempts whatsoever, which shall be made against his person and government; and I will do my utmost endeavour to disclose and make known to his Majesty and his successors all treason and traiterous conspiracies, which I shall know to be against him or any of them; and I do faithfully promise to the utmost of my power to support, maintain and defully promise to the utmost of my power to support, maintain and defend the succession of the crown in the heirs of the body of the late princess Sophia, electress and dutchess of Hanover, being protestants, against him the said James, and all other persons whatsoever: according to these supports and supports and supports and supports and supports to the supports and supports are supports and supports are supports and supports and supports and supports are supports and supports and supports are supports and to these express words by me spoken, and according to the plain and common sense and understanding of the same words, without any equi-vocation, mental evasion or secret reservation what sever. And I do make this recognition, acknowledgment, abjuration, renunciation and promise beartily, willingly and truly. So help me God.

grant certificates, paying s. for each.

Which courts respectively shall from time to time administer the which courts faid oath to fuch persons as shall tender themselves to take the ster the same, and the clerks of such courts respectively where such and the clerks oaths shall be taken, shall grant certificates bearing the day and date of taking fuch oaths, and names of the commissioners of the peace present, and the name and description of every person who shall take such oaths; for which certificate there shall be no more paid than two shillings, II. And

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That The certifiall and every person, who shall present himself in order to trial cate to be refor obtaining licence to preach, or to be ordained a minister book of the of the church of Scotland, shall, before he obtain such licence or theriff, &c. be ordained, cause to be recorded in the book of the sheriff or stewart court, within the jurisdiction of which is the seat of such presbytery where he shall present himself, a certificate of his having taken and subscribed the aforesaid oath in manner as above directed.

Dove directed.

III. And be it also further enacted by the authority aforesaid, No person That no person shall take upon him to preach, read prayers or perform any part of divine service in any episcopal meeting-house or congregation, where the number of nine or more persons gregation in scotland, or to supply the place of any pastor or pastors, minister or ministers, in any such episcopal congregation or meets of meets words for his and who shall pray in express words for his and who shall most excellent majesty King George, their royal highnesses the have taken prince and princess of Wales and their issue, and who shall have taken and subscribed the said oath in one or other of the courts taken and subscribed the said oath in one or other of the courts of session, justiciary or exchequer in Scotland, or before the justices of the peace at their quarter-sessions, or sheriffs or stewarts of any shire or stewartry, in open court as aforesaid; within which any such person or persons is resident, or the meetinghouse where he shall take upon him to preach or perform any part of divine service is situated; which oaths the said judges, justices, sheriffs or stewarts shall administer; and the clerks of the court respectively shall grant certificates in the same manner as above directed in the case of such as offer themselves to trial

in order to obtain licence or be ordained. IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Any expectant of divinity, hereby directed to take and tant of divinity divinity. fubscribe the oath aforesaid, shall presume to present himself, or nity present such or apply to any presbytery or church judicature, in order to be ordained, be ordained or licensed to preach, without having caused to be &c. without be ordained or licensed to preach, without having caused to be &c. without recorded, as aforesaid, a certificate of his having before taken the having repaths as above directed, he shall be liable to fix months imprisonment, and shall be incapable of enjoying any benefice, glebe or manse by virtue of any presentation, call or other settlement, as a minister of any parish, for the space of one year, to be liable to be reckoned from the time that he shall take the oaths after having taken ing obtained licence to preach; and all civil magistrates are herement, inby impowered and required to hinder any such person to preach capable of ening any church within their jurisdictions respectively; or if any joying any best person or persons shall presume to preach or person any part nesses. person or persons shall presume to preach or person any part nesce, &c. of divine service in any episcopal meeting-house in Scotland, without praying in words express for his most excellent majesty King George, their royal highnesses the prince and princess of Wales and their issue, or without having first taken the aforesaid oath in manner above directed, every such person or persons shall be liable to fix months imprisonment; and every meeting-

house where such offence shall be committed, shall be thut up for fix months.

Penalties, how to be difposed and recovered.

V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That one moiety, not exceeding a half-year's stipend of the parishes respectively concerned, of such penalties as shall be incurred by virtue of this act, shall belong and go to such person or persons as shall inform against and prosecute to conviction the persons offending; and the other moiety to the poor of the parish where such offence shall be committed; and the said moieties respectively of the penalties aforesaid shall be recoverable by way of action or fummar complaint, without abiding the ordinary delays of process, in any court of law within Scotland; and no advocation or suspension, or other stop of such prosecution, before any inferior court, shall be of any force or effect in law, unless upon production of a certificate that the person prosecuted has taken the oaths above directed.

VI. And whereas divers ministers of the church of Scotland bave, upon certain mistakes, omitted to take the oaths, and subscribe the af-furance appointed to be taken and subscribed by an act made in the first year of his Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for the further I Geo. 1. fat. security of his Majesty's person and government, and the succes-

2. C. 13.

Ministers of the church of offences of preaching without having taken the faid oaths, and of the forfeitures, &c. incurred by the recited disabilities incurred on that account, by virtue of the aforesaid act.

giance, &c.

sion of the crown in the heirs of the late princes Sophia, being protestants; and for extinguishing the hopes of the pretended prince of Wales, and his open and secret abettors, within the times and terms therein mentioned, whereby the penalties and incapa-Scotland ac- cities in the said act contained have been incurred: and whereas his Majesty is most graciously pleased to pardon and discharge the said penalties and incapacities: be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, that all and every minister of the church of Scotland shall be acquitted, pardoned, released and discharged of the offences of having preached without taking and subscribing the said oaths and affurances, and of all forfeitures, penalties and

or any other act of parliament.

VII. And be it also further enacted, That all and every per-Ministers of fon, who now is or shall hereafter be ordained or admitted a mithe church of nister of the church of Scotland, (excepting such who have taken before June 1, and subscribed the oaths and declarations appointed by the lastbefore June 1, and subscribed the oaths and declarations appointed by the last-1719, take the mentioned statute) shall, on or before the first day of Jane one oath of alle- thousand seven hundred and nineteen, or before their being orthousand seven hundred and nineteen, or before their being or-

dained or admitted minister of any congregation in Scotland, take and subscribe the oath of allegiance and the assurance, as in the faid act is mentioned, and also the oath of abjuration herein before directed to be taken and subscribed in lieu of the oath of abjuration formerly required by law; and that in such manner, before such judges, in such courts, and to be certified as therein or herein is before-mentioned, and under such penalties and disabilities, as in and by the faid act made in the first year of his

¹ Geo. 1. stat. Majesty's reign, and in and by the said acts generally therein mentioned, is directed, with respect to the oaths and declarations contained in the faid act; and all and every minister who shall, shall, in pursuance of this act, take, or who has, in pursuance of And cause a any former act of parliament, taken the faid oaths, shall certificate cause a certificate thereof to be entred in the books of cutred in the the sheriff or stewart-courts, within the bounds or juris-sheriff's books, dictions of which lies of the faid courts are heady and the clarks of the faid courts are heady are instant. and the clerks of the faid courts are hereby required to enter fuch certificate, and grant extracts thereof to fuch as shall require the same, without any fee or reward, other than two shil-

lings for every such certificate or extract.
VIII. And whereas great obstructions have been made to the planting, supplying or filling up of vacant churches in Scotland with miniflers qualified according to law, patrons presenting persons to churches
who are not qualified by taking the oaths appointed by law, or who
being settled in other churches cannot or will not accept of such present
tations: to the end that such inconveniencies may be prevented shall present for the future, be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if to a vacant any patron shall present any person to a vacant church from and church any after the said first day of June one thousand seven hundred and person not qualified, see, nineteen, who shall not be qualified by taking and subscribing the presentathe said oath in manner aforesaid, or shall present a person to any tion shall not vacancy, who is then or shall be pastor or minister of any other be an intersubure or person who shall not accept any delay ruption to the church or parish, or any person who shall not accept or declare ruption to the his willingness to accept of the presentation and charge to which allowed the he is presented, within the said time such presentation of the presentation. he is presented, within the said time, such presentation shall not patron to pre-be accounted any interruption of the course of time allowed to sent. the patron for presenting; but the jus devolutum shall take place, as if no such presentation had been offered; any law or custom

Nothing bere-

to the contrary notwithstanding.

IX. And be it also further declared and enacted, That nothing judice the herein contained shall prejudice or diminish the right of the rights of the church, as the same now stands by law established, as to the church as to trying of the qualities of any person presented to any church or qualities of

benefice.

CAP. XXX.

An all for amending and making more effettual the laws for repairing the highways, bridges and ferries in that part of Great Britain called Scotland.

WHEREAS there are some defects in the laws already made All the laws WHEREAS there are some desects in the laws already made. All the laws for the better repairing of highways in that part of Great made in Scot-Britain called Scotland, so that they are not effectual for the purposes the union, for they were intended: be it therefore enacted by the King's most extended: be it therefore enacted by the King's most extended: be it therefore enacted by the King's most extended: be it therefore enacted by the King's most extended: be it therefore enacted by the King's most extended; by and with the advice and consent of the lords highways spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present parliament bridges and assembled, and by the authority of the same, That all the laws ferries, not and statutes now in force, made in that part of Great Britain ed, shall be called Scotland before the union of the two kingdoms, for or put in execoncerning the repairing highways, bridges and ferries, not cution, except hereby altered or repealed, shall be duly put in execution action, except hereby altered or repealed, shall be duly put in execution action, except hereby altered or repealed, shall be duly put in execution action, except fuch as relate to the powers of the privy any council.

erions preiented.

any of them, or any parts thereof made before the union, as do relate to or concern the powers of the privy council of Scotland.

II. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the

The juffices of peace and justices of peace and commissioners of supply for the time being, of supply shall called Several shires and stewartries in that part of Great Britain e every called Scotland, shall meet and convene at the respective head bo-

3d of May, to roughs of the faid shires or stewartries upon the third Tuesday of chuseclerks. May next to come and thenceforward upon every such third chuse clerks, May next to come, and thenceforward upon every such third surveyors, &c. Tuesday of May from year to year, with power to them, or any five of them, to adjourn themselves from time to time, and to chuse clerks, surveyors and overseers and all other officers necesfary for puting the laws in execution in relation to the highways, bridges and ferries in that part of the united kingdom; and if any clerk, surveyor or overseer, who shall be appointed or chosen by the justices of the peace and commissioners of supply, or any five of them as aforesaid, shall refuse to accept of or take upon them any of the offices aforesaid, every such perfon or persons so refusing shall be subject and liable to the pe-

clerk, &c. fo refuling to accept of the office, shall forfeit 51. Rerling.

And every

The faid justices, &c. tenants, cotwork three days before the last of

are repaired.

Tenant, &c. failing to work, thall pay 18 d. for every days failure, unless he send one to work for

Penalty to be paifed by di-

diffress being deducted,

firefs.

nalty of five pounds sterling respectively.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the faid justices, commissioners, or the officers or over-feers to be appointed by them, shall be and they are hereby authorized and required to call and convene the tenants, cottars and other labouring men within their respective bounds as a-foresaid, to work three days before the last day of June in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, three days harvest; and so yearly and every year, until the said highways, after harvest, bridges and ferries are sufficiently repaired, on such days, and highways, &c. are rensired and sold said shall said sh at such places, as the said commissioners or their officers afore-said shall from time to time appoint.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid.

That every tenant cottar or labouring man, who shall fail, neglect or refuse to come to work at the respective times and places to be appointed as aforesaid, (due notice being given at the respective parish-churches where any such person or persons have their residence, upon the Lord's day immediately preceding) shall be subject and liable to pay eighteen pence respectively for every such days failure, unless such person or persons send a fufficient man or men to work for him, her or them; which penalty or penalties shall be raised and levied by a warrant under the hands of any two or more of the said justices of peace or commissioners of supply, upon a certificate under the hand of the overseer or other proper officer, that such person or persons was or were absent; which justices or commissioners aforesaid are hereby authorized and impowered to cause their officers to distress and poynd the readiest goods of any person or persons fo absent, for the penalty or penalties aforesaid, rendring the o-verplus (if any be) to the owner, the necessary charges of such

V, And

V. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Surveyors, &c. furveyors and overfeers of the highways aforesaid shall, every to survey e fix months after their acceptance of their office, from time to months the of any two or more of the justices of the peace, survey all the and give an highways, bridges and ferries within the parish, town or pre-account of cinct where they are surveyors, and give a particular and true tion, &c. to account in writing of the state and condition of all such high-the justices, ways, bridges and ferries, and more especially of such defects or &c. nusances made, or encroachments committed upon the said highways or any part thereof, as also what repairs or amend-ments the said highways do want, to the justices of the peace

and commissioners of supply at their first meeting thereafter; that the faid justices of the peace and commissioners of supply may have full information of the state and condition of all the Neglecting, said highways, bridges and ferries within their respective shires liable to the

and stewartries, to the end that the several laws made on that as for refusing behalf may be duly executed; and all surveyors and overseers to execute the neglecting to give such account as aforesaid, or to prosecute such office. as offend against this act, shall suffer the same penalties as if

they refused to execute the offices aforesaid.

VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, The justices,
That the justices of the peace, and commissioners of supply, &c. shall draw in their respective shires and stewartries aforesaid, shall and are the state of hereby authorized and required to draw up a report of the state of hereby authorized and required to draw up a report of the state the highways, hereby authorized and required to draw up a report of the flate the highways, and condition of the highways, bridges and ferries, within their &c. and derespective bounds yearly, containing an account of the number liver it to the of men and horses that have been imployed in the repairing and justiciary at amending such highways, bridges and ferries, as aforesaid, withtheir circuits, in the respective bounds, for the year preceding; which report to be recording the said justices and commissioners aforesaid shall, and they are ed in their hereby authorized and required to deliver to the lords of his journals. Majesty's justiciary at their circuits, to be recorded in their journals (beginning with the first circuit, which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and twenty, and so forth yearly) by the hands of the clerks of the commissioners of peace, or by the clerk of the supply of their respective of peace, or by the clerk of the supply of their respective

bounds. VII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Penalties, how That the penalties in this act (other than such as shall be in- to be levied curred by the tenants, cottars, and other labouring men, by and applied. reason of their failing to work on the respective days to be appointed, as aforesaid) shall be raised and levied by sentence of the justices of the peace, and commissioners of supply, or any five of them; and the expences of the prosecution shall be carried on and defrayed by the respective shires and stewartries a-foresaid, at the suit of such of the surveyors or overseers as the faid justices and commissioners shall from time to time appoint; and fuch penalties being so levied, shall be and are hereby appointed to be applied for repairing and amending such high-ways, bridges or ferries, in the respective shires or stewartries

where fuch penalties shall be incurred, as the justices of the peace, or the commissioners of supply shall appoint, and in default of such appointment, for repairing and amending such highways, bridges or ferries, as the lords of jufficiary in their circuits shall direct.

Profecution within one offence.

VIII. Provided always, That no person or persons shall be punished for any offence against this act, unless such offender year after the be profecuted for the same within one year after the said offence shall be committed.

CAP. XXXI.

An act for enlarging the time granted by an act of the ninth and tenth years of King William, for cleaning and making navigable the clianel from the Hythe at Colchester to Wivenhoe; and for making the said att more effettual.

9 & 10 W. 3.

30.

WHEREAS an act passed in the ninth and tenth years of the reign of his late majesty King William the Third installed, Made perpetual An act for cleaning and making navigable the chanel from the An act for cleaning and making navigable the chanel from the Hythe at Colchester to Wivenhoe, which act was made to continue from the first day of May one thousand six hundred ninety and eight, for and during the space of one and twenty years, during which term certain duties are by the said act laid upon such goods, wares and merchandizes for the purposes aforesaid, as in the said act are mentioned, upon the credit of which act the commissioners therein appointed, have pursuant to the authority thereby given, borrowed monies for the more speedy and effectual compleating the said work; but the said duties falling short, there hath not been sufficient raised thereby either to perfect the said work, or to pay the whole money borrowed for that purpose; but the sum of one thousand and two bundred pounds, or thereby the western of William Harrows let. pose; our the sum of one thousand and two hundred pounds, or thereabouts, doth now remain due to the executor of William Hewer, late of Clapham in the county of Surrey, esq; upon security of the premisses; which cannot be repaid, nor the said chanel be effectually repaired and amended, according to the intent of the said act, unless of surther provision be made by parliament, and the said act be made more effectual: may it therefore please your most excellent Majesty, That it may be enacted, &c.

The recited act continued from May 1, 1719. till May 1, 1740. The duties granted by this act shall be one moiety of the duties granted by the former act, and shall be charged on all such goods, &c. and raised in such manner as by the said former act. The duties hereby granted, to be a fecurity for repayment of the money due to the executor of William Herner, esq; in case of death, &c. of the commissioners, the survivors to nominate others. The mayor, &c. of Colebester may engage the profits for any term not exceeding 21 years, for securing the repayment of any sum of money towards carrying on the said work. Where ballast shall be taken and how much shall be paid for it. Ballast may be taken of other perfons, paying 2 d. per tun to the collector of the chanel-duties. Masters, &c. taking ballast otherwise, shall forfeit 10 l. The mayor &c. of Colebester may make and use a track-path from Wrenestoe to the Hybbe on one side of the river, and from Fingrinhoe to the Hybbe on the other side, sirst agreeing with the proprietors of the land; and if the proprietors refuse or are disabled to agree, the commissioners may issue their warrant to the sheriff

of Essex, to impanel a jury to assess and recompence to be given o the owners, &c. And the commissioners shall give judgment for the issues to assessed. Goods landed or loaded at any wharf below Wivenbos, ubject to the duties. No commissioner shall have any place of prost arising by the said duties; nor farm any Key, &c. Thirteen commissioners to be at each meeting. This act shall not extend to corn, &c. All the nonies shall be applied to the uses hereby directed. Commissioners to bear their own charges.

CAP. XXXII.

An act for relief of such sufferers of the islands of Nevis and St. Christophers, as bave settled in estber of those islands, and made due proof of such settlement before the twentyfifth day of December one thousand seven hundred and twelve.

HEREAS by an act made in the ninth year of the reign of 9 Ann. c. 23. her late majesty Queen Anne, for the licensing and regulating backney coaches and chairs, and for other purposes therein mentioned, a sum of one hundred three thousand and three pounds eleven shillings and our pence, is appointed to be descributed to and amongst such proprie-iors and inhabitants of the islands of Nevis and St. Christophers, who sustained losses by the late invasion of the French there; which un was given for making good the encouragement given to the said inferers to resettle their plantations in the said islands, to prevent the reat damage which the crown might otherwise sustain by the total of thereof; which losses of the said sufferers were to be examined into, and debentures made out for the same, by the commissioners for the uffairs of trade and plantations, on or before the twenty-sifth day of December one thousand seven hundred and eleven, in such manner as in the said ast is directed; and some doubts and difficulties arising concernthe faid att is directed, and some doubts and difficulties arising concerning the distribution of the said bounty, another att passed in the tenth war of her said late Majesty's reign, for explaining several clauses in the said former att for the relief of the said sufferers: and whereast farther doubts and difficulties have arisen upon the said atts, to is farther doubts and difficulties have arisen upon the said acts, to the prejudice of several of the said sufferers, in respect of their not being resettled in the very same island or plantation wherein they respectively sustained their losses, and it is but just and reasonable was all such of the said sufferers who did, on or before the said wenty-fifth day of December one thousand seven hundred and weven, by themselves, their agents or representatives, settle or resettle meither of the said islands, should have a proportionable share of the said bounty: be it therefore enacted, &c.

The proprietors of plantations and inhabitants of the faid islands, who have been sufferers, and resettled there before Dec. 25. 1711, shall be infield to a proportionable share of the bounty appointed by the recited EXP.

[1719]

to her Majesty, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and seven, and other uses therein expressed, several annuities, amounting to seventy two thousand one hundred eighty seven pounds ten shillings per annum, were purchased for a term of ninety nine years, reckoned from the sive and twentieth day of March one thousand seven hundred and seven, at the rate of sixteen years purchase; and during the remainder of that term are payable to the several and respective proprietors thereof, out of the monies arising by the several rates and duties upon low wines and spirits of the sirfle extraction, and the duties payable by bawkers, pedlars and petty chapextraction, and the duties payable by bawkers, pedlars and petty chapmen, and the duties upon sweets, and the duties upon stampt vellom, parchment and paper, and an additional fubfidy thereby granted or continued, for such respective terms as are therein mentioned, and out of the respective overplus monies of other annuity sunds, and other monies by the same act chargeable with the payment thereof, in such manner and form as are thereby prescribed in that behalf; and the said several duties on low wines and spirits of the first extraction, and upon hawkers, pedlars and petty chapmen, and the said part of the duties on stampt vellom, parchment and paper, and the said late duties on sweets, have severally been continued and made perpetual by fundry acts of parliament since made and passed and made perpetation fundry acts of parliament since made and passed for several uses and purposes therein expressed. And by an act of the sixth year of the reign of her said late majesty Queen Anne, intituled, An act for

6 Ann c. c.

raising a further supply to her Majesty for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and eight, and other uses, by sale of annuities charged on a fund not exceeding forty thousand pounds per annum, to arise by appropriating several surplusses, and by granting surther terms in the duties on low wines, and on hawkers, pedlars and petty chapmen, the stamp duties, the one third subsidy, the duty on sweets, and one of the branches of the excise, and by making other provision in this act menof the excise, and by making other provision in this act mentioned, several annuities, amounting to forty thousand pounds per annum, were purchased for a term of ninety nine years, reckaned from the twenty fifth day of March one thousand seven hundred and eight, at the like rate of fixteen years purchase, and during the remainder of that term are payable to the several and respective proprietors thereof out of a yearly fund or sum of forty thousand pounds per annum, by that act established and charged upon such surplusses or overplus monies, and further grants of several duties and other provisions as are therein mentioned for answering the same. And by another act of the said sixth year of the reign of her said late majesty Queen Anne, intituled, An act for continuing one half-part of the subsidies of tonnage and poundage, and other duties upon wines, goods and merchandizes imported, which were granted to the crown in the twelfth year of the reign of King Charles the Second, and for settling a fund thereby, and by other ways and means, for payment of annuities not exceeding eighty

ways and means, for payment of annuities not exceeding eighty thousand pounds per amum, to be sold for raising a further supply to her Majesty for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and eight, and other und the country and pounds per annum, were per-switter, amounting to eighty thousand pounds per annum, were per-

chased for a term of ninety nine years, reckoned from the twenty fourth day of June one thousand seven hundred and eight, at the like sate of sixteen years purchase, and during the remainder of that term are payable to the several and respective proprietors thereof; and are by the same as charged upon the monies arising from time to time of or for the half-subsidy of tonnage and poundage, and other duties thereby granted or continued for a term of years therein mentioned, and other monies thereby appointed, for payment of the same unnuities in the manner and form thereby prescribed; and the said half-suband other monies thereby appointed, for payment of the same annuities in the manner and sorm thereby prescribed; and the said half-sub-fidy of tomage and poundage hath since been continued and made perpetual by an act of parliament since made and passed, for several uses and purposes therein expressed; all which annuities herein before-mentioned to be payable during the respective remainders of the said several and respective terms of ninety six years, eighty nine years, and ninety nine years, do by computation, amount in the whole, to six bundred sixty six thousand eight hundred twenty one pounds eight shillings and three pence halfpenny per annum, or thereabouts. And whereas by an act of parliament made and passed in the eighth year of the reign of her said late majesty Queen Anne, intituled, An act & Ann. c. yo for granting to her Majesty new duties of excise, and upon several imported commodities; and for establishing a yearly fund veral imported commodities; and for establishing a yearly fund thereby, and by other ways and means, to raise nine hundred thousand pounds by sale of annuities, and (in default thereof) by another lottery, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and ten, several annuities amounting to eighty one thousand pounds per annum, were purchased for a term of thirty two years, reckoned from the twenty ninth day of September one thousand seven hundred and ten, at the rate of nine pounds per annum for every one hundred pounds, and proportionably for any greater sum advanced or paid; and during the remainder of the said term of thirty two years the same annuities are payable to the several and respective proprietors thereof, out of a yearly fund or sum of eighty one thousand pounds by that act established, and charged upon new rates and duties of excise, and new duties upon pepper, raisins, nutmegs, cinnamon, cloves, mace and snuffs thereby granted, and other megs, cinnamon, cloves, mace and snuffs thereby granted, and other provisions thereby made, for answering the same yearly fund in the manner therein mentioned. And whereas by another act of parliament made in the eighth year of the reign of her said late majesty Queen Ann.c. coals, culm and cynders, and granting new duties upon houses having twenty windows, or more, to raise the sum of fifteen hundred thousand pounds by way of a lottery for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and ten, certain additional or new duties were imposed upon coals, culm and cynders, and upon duelling houses, for the term of thirty two years, reckoned from the twenty ninth day of September one thousand seven hundred and ten; and a yearly fund of one hundred and thirty five thousand pounds was thereby established, during that term, for payment of such lottery-annuities as should be founded upon that ast, and be payable upon such tickets as were thereby prescribed. And pursuant to an ast of the fifth year of your Majesis's reign, intituled, An ast for redeeming 5 Geo. 1. c. 196 K 3

the fund appropriated for payment of the lottery tickets, which were made forth for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and ten, by a voluntary subscription of the proprietors into the capital stock of the South-Sea company; and for raising a fum of money to pay off fuch debts and incumbrances as are therein mentioned; and for appropriating the supplies granted in this session of parliament; and to limit times for prosecutions in this session of parliament; and to limit times for prosecutions upon bonds for exporting cards and dice, the yearly sum of eighty seven thousand three hundred forty two pounds four shillings and sine pence (part of the said yearly fund of one hundred and thirty sine thousand pounds) bath already been purchased by the corporation of the governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, trading to the South-Seas and other parts of America, and for encouraging the sistery; and the same eighty seven thousand three hundred sorty two pounds four shillings and sive pence per annum, together with one thousand three hundred ninety seven pseunds nine shillings and six pence per annum more, for charges of management, is already added to the yearly sund or annuity of the same corporation; and the yearly sum of forty six thousand two hundred sixty pounds six shillings and one penny (being the residue of the said yearly sund of one hundred and thirty sive thousand pounds) is, during the remainder of the last mentioned term of thirty two years, payable in several lottery-annuimentioned term of thirty two years, payable in several lottery-annuities, and upon pay-tickets for the same, which were not subscribed upon the said ast of the fifth year of your Majesty's reign; which yearly sums herein before mentioned to be payable during the respective remainders of the said several terms of thirty two years, do together, by computation, amount to the sum of one hundred twenty seven thousand two hundred south payables in stillings and two hundred. feven thousand two hundred sixty pounds six shillings and one penny per annum, or thereahouts. And whereas several principal sums, amounting in the whole to sixteen millions sive hundred forty six thousand four bundred eighty two pounds seven shillings and one penny thousand four hundred eighty two pounds seven shittings and one penny farthing, or thereabouts, are secured by several acts of parliament, for which interest monies or annuities at several rates are payable at the publick charge, till the satisfying of the said principal sums, or redemption of the funds charged with the payment of such interestmonies or annuities, according to the tenor of the respective acts of parliament in that behalf; that is to say, The sum of sive hundred sixty three thousand three hundred pounds doth, on the nineteenth day of March one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, remain unsatiffed to complete the sum of six hundred thirty three thousand and ten fied to complete the sum of six hundred thirty three thousand and ten
pounds principale money, which by virtue of letters patents of her
late majesty Queen Anne, bearing date the thirteenth day of October
one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, grounded upon an act of
Ann. stat. porliament of the twelfth year of her reign, intituled, An act to
c. 11. raise twelve hundred thousand pounds for publick uses, by cir-

32 A... 3. C. 11.

culating a further fum in exchequer bills; and for enabling her Majesty to raise five hundred thousand pounds on the revenues appointed for uses of her civil government, to be applied for or towards payment of such debts and arrears owing to her servants, tradesmen, and others, as are therein mentioned, was charged with an interest after the rate of four pounds per centum per annum,

num, sepon a yearly fund of thirty five thousand pounds, payable at the exchequer during the term of thirty two years from Michaelmas one thousand seven hundred and thirteen, out of the revenues in the same letters patents mentioned; which yearly fund is redeemable upon paying off all the principal and interest charged thereupon; the sum paying off all the principal and interest charged thereupon; the sum of one million fifty five thousand nine hundred and ninety pounds doth, on the two and twentieth day of March one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, remain unsatisfied to complete the sum of one million one bundred fifty seven thousand three hundred and sixty pounds; which in respect only of the tickets commonly called the blank tickets, drawn in the lottery for raising sourteen hundred thousand pounds for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and sourteen, was charged with an interest after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, upon the yearly sund of one hundred sixteen thousand sive hundred seventy three pounds and twelve shillings, payable at the exchequer out of certain duties on sope, paper, linens, silks, callicoes, stuffs, starch, exported coals, and upon stampt vellum, parchment and paper, granted for thirty two years, from the second day of August one thousand seven hundred and sourteen, by two ass, one of the twelfth year of her said late Majesty's reign, initialed, An act for 12 Aun. stat. 2. laying additional duties on sope and paper, and upon certain c. 9. linens, silks, callicoes and stuffs, and upon starch, exported coals, and upon stampt vellum, parchment and paper, for raicoals, and upon stampt vellum, parchment and paper, for rai-fing one million four hundred thousand pounds by way of a lottery for her Majesty's supply; and for allowances on export-ing made wares of leather, sheep-skins and lamb-skins; and for distribution of four thousand pounds due to the officers and feamen for gun-money; and to adjust the property of tickets in former lotteries; and touching certain shares of stock in the capital of the South-Sea company; and for appropriating the monies granted to her Majesty, and the other of the first year of your Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for rectifying mistakes in I Geo. 1. stat. the names of the commissioners of the land-tax for the year one 1. C. 2. thousand seven hundred and sourteen; and for raising so much as is wanting to make up the sum of sourteen hundred thoufand pounds, intended to be raised by a lottery for the publick service in the said year, or by one of the asts last mentioned; and 1 Geo. 1. C.19. the sum of six hundred fifty two thousand and twenty pounds doth, 21. on the two and twentieth day of March one thousand seven hundred 2 Geo. 2. C. 3. and nineteen, remain unsatisfied, to complete the sum of seven hundred ninetten theusand and forty pounds, which in respect only of the tic-kets, commonly called the prize tickets, drawn in the lottery last mentioned, was charged upon the said yearly fund of one bundred sixteen thousand five hundred seventy three pounds and twelve shillings, with an interest after the rate of four pounds per centum per annum; which yearly fund last mentioned is also redeemable upon paying off all the principal sums and arrears of interest due thereupon. And several sums amounting to one million seventy nine thousand pounds principal several sums amounted for the years the two subsides the sufficient to two cipal monies were advanced for the use of the publick, pursuant to two several acts of parliament of the first year of your Majesty's reign, the one for raising nine hundred and ten thousand pounds upon a fund

of forty five thousand five hundred pounds per annum, and the other for raising one hundred and fixty nine thousand pounds upon a fund of eight thousand four hundred and fifty pounds per annum, charged upon the aggregate sund, and other provisions therein mentioned; so all which sums so amounting to one million seventy nine thousand pounds, the contributors, and those claiming under them, are intitled to sethe contributors, and those claiming under them, are intitled to several annuities at the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, payable by the cashier of the bank of England for the time being; and the same annuities at that rate amount to sifty three thousand nime hundred and sifty pounds per annum (over and above six hundred and sifty pounds per annum allowed for charges of management) but are subject to redemption at any time upon one year's notice, and repayment by parliament of the respective principal sums last mentioned, and of all arrears of the same annuities (if any be then due). And in or in pursuance of an act of parliament made in the third year of 3 Geo. 1. c. 7. your Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for redeeming the duties and revenues which were settled to pay off principal and interest on the orders made forth on four lottery acts passed in the minth and tenth years of her late Majesty's reign, and for re-

minth and tenth years of her late Majesty's reign, and for re-deeming certain annuities payable on orders out of the hereditary excise, according to a former act in that behalf; and for establishing a general yearly fund, not only for the future payment of annuities at several rates, to be payable and transferrable at the bank of England and redeemable by parliament; but also to raise monies for such proprietors of the said orders, shall chuse to be paid their principal and arrears of interest in ready money; and for making good such other desiciencies and payments, as in this act are mentioned; and for taking off the thries on linseed imported and British linen exported, several duties on linseed imported and British linen exported, several annuities or yearly sums, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, amounting in the whole to the sum of four hundred seventy six thousand seven hundred seventeen pounds seventeen shillings and eight pence per annum, or thereabouts, are payable by the coshier of the bank of England for the time being for several principal sums which remained due and unsatisfied on the said four lottery-acts, and for one moiety of the debt which was due to certain bankers and others, and for interest made principal pursuant to the act last mentioned, amounting in the whole to nine millions sive hundred thirty sour thousand three hundred sifty seven peunds thirteen shillings and eleven pence three farthings; that is to say, on the act for the ten pounds lottery

three farthings; that is to say, on the act for the ten pounds lattery for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and eleven, the sum of one million six hundred seventy two thousand eight hundred

Jam of one million fix hundred seventy two thousand eight bundred 9 Ann. c. 10. twenty one pounds and ten shillings; on the act for the class lettery of the same year the sum of two millions five hundred sixty three thousand 20 Ann. c. 19. seven hundred sixty eight pounds and sour shillings; and on the act for the ten pounds lettery for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and twelve the sum of two millions two hundred ninety two thousand three hundred sixty seven pounds and seven shillings; and on 20 Ann. c. 26. the act for the class-lottery of the same year the sum of two millions three hundred forty six thousand seven hundred forty sive pounds nineteen smillings and six pence; and for the said moiety of the debt which was due to the bankers and others the sum of six hundred sixty eight thousand six

ix hundred fifty four pounds thirteen shillings and five pence three farthings. And by or in pursuance of the said act of the third year of your Majesty's reign several annuities or yearly sums, after the 3 Geo. 1. C.7. rate of four pounds per centum per annum, amounting to the sum of one bundred two thousand thirty six pounds thirteen shillings and two pence per annum, or thereabouts, are payable by the cashier of the bank of England for the time being for several principal sums amounting to two millions sive hundred sifty thousand nine hundred and sixteen pounds eight shillings and eight pence halfpenny, or thereabouts; that is to say, two thousand six hundred seventy two pounds and ten shillings per annum, or thereabouts, for monies contributed and ten soilings per annum, or thereabouts, for monies contributed by tallies of sol to satisfy the principal and interest, amounting to sixty fix thousand eight hundred and twelve pounds nine shillings and two pence, which remained unsatisfied upon the register of loans soundupon the act of parliament for the duties on low wines, and other
sings therein mentioned, which expired on or about the twenty fourth day of June one thousand seven hundred and fourteen; thirteen thou- 3&4Ann.c.4. pence per annum, or thereabouts, for monies contributed by tallies of sol to satisfy the principal and interest, amounting to three hundred forty six thousand seven bundred ninety three pounds seven skillings forty fix thousand seven bundred ninety three pounds seven stillings and ten pence, which remained unsatisfied upon the register of loans founded on the act of parliament for the duty on candles, which expired on or about the first day of May one thousand seven hundred and sifteen; twenty thousand three hundred sixty five pounds one shilling and ten pence per annum, or thereabouts, for monies contributed by tallies of sol to satisfy a desiciency, which (when adjusted) appeared to amount to five hundred nine thousand one hundred twenty seven pounds sive shillings and six pence, to make good your Majesty's sup-13 Goo. 1. c. sply for the year one thousand seven hundred and sixteen; nine hundred sixty seven pounds sixteen shillings and nine pence per annum, or thereabouts, for monies contributed by tallies of sol to satisfy several bills of exchange, amounting to twenty four thousand one hundred ninety sive pounds eighteen shillings and one penny, drawn for the service of the expedition to Canada: sixty four thousand one hundred sifty nine pounds nine shillings and eleven pence per annum, or thereabouts, for the principal sums, amounting to one million six hundred fifty nine pounds nine shillings and eleven pence per annum, or thereabouts, for the principal sums, amounting to one million six hundred three thousand nine hundred eighty seven pounds eight shillings and one penny halfpenny, contained in army debentures certified on or before the one and twentieth day of March one thousand seven hundred and nineteen by the proper officer appointed to make forth such debentures pursuant to the several acts of parliament in that behalf: all unhich annuities or yearly sums, computed or to be computed after the said respective rates of five pounds per centum per annum and sour bounds per centum per annum and four pounds per centum per annum, by virtue or in pursuance of the said

act of the third year of your Majesty's reign are payable out of a cer_3 Geo.1. c.7.

tain yearly sund of seven hundred twenty four thousand eight hun
dred forty nine pounds six shillings and ten pence and one sisth part

of a penny per annum, commonly called the general fund, established

by the same act: the payments whereof and making good all describencies spereupon are secured by the several duties and revenues by that act

churches,

granted and made perpetual, and by several appropriations and other provisions therein specified; and the same annuities are redeemable upon such notice or notices and such payment or payments to be made, as in and by the said act of the third year of your Majesty's reign are prescribed. And by or in pursuance of a certain clause contained in the second for the land-tax passed in the sisting year of your Majesty's reign, one or more annuity or annuities amounting to the sum of five thousand five hundred fisteen pounds and twelve shillings per annum, were made payable by the said cashier of the bank of England for the time being out of the said general sund of seven hundred twenty sour time sound and eight hundred forty nine pounds six shillings and ten pence and one sifth part of a penny per annum, to the treasurer of your Majesty's navy for the service of the navy and victualling thereof, to make good a desticiency of one hundred ten thousand three hundred and twelve pounds seventeen shillings and sour pence in the same act expressed; which annuity or annuities last mentioned are also charged on the said general or yearly sund, and be payable at the bank of England as other annuities payable out of the standard annity or described. An act for the relief of Edward Clent, esq; executor of lieutenant colonel Thomas Clent, for an army debenture lost in the pay-office, one or more annuity or annuities amounting to twenty three pounds eight shillings and three pence farthing per annum, or thereabouts, after the rate of sour pounds per centum per annum, for the repayable by the said cashier of the bank of England for the time being out of the said general fund of seven hundred twenty four thansactume for the said general fund of seven hundred twenty four thansactumes and the pence farthing per annum, or thereabouts, after the rate of sour pounds per centum per annum, or thereabouts, after the rate of sour pounds per centum per annum, or thereabouts, after the rate of sour pounds and one penny, stated to be due on a l

lation to those bills; and for circulating and exchanging for ready money the residue of the same bills for the suture, several annuities, amounting in the whole to the yearly sum of twenty thousand 13 Geo. 1. c.3. pounds, after the rate of sour poinds per centum per annum for the principal sums, amounting to five hundred thousand pounds contributed to a lottery sounded upon that ast, are payable by the cashier of the bank of England for the time being out of a yearly sund of twenty thousand pounds thereby charged (amongst other things) upon the duties and revenues thereby denominated the aggregate sund, subject nevertheless to a provise of redemption upon such notice and payments as by the ast last mentioned are prescribed. And by or in pursuance of another ast made in the 5 Geo, 1. c., 9. said fifth year of your Majesty's reign, initialed, An act for continuing certain duties upon coals and culm, and for establishing cer-

tain funds to raise money, as well to proceed in the building of new

churches, as also to complete the supply granted to his Majesty, and to reserve the overplus monies of the said duties for the disposition of parliament; and for more effectually suppressing private lotteries, the sum of five hundred thousand pounds therein men-sioned, towards your Majesty's supply, was raised by a lottery; which a Geo. 2. c. 8. sum, together with interest for the same, after the rate of sour pounds per centum per annum, till repayment of the principal, is thereby secured to be paid at the exchaquer in the course therein mentioned, by and out of a yearly fund of thirty thousand five bundred fifty nine pounds and sourteen shillings, thereby settled for thirty two years, reckoned from the twenty fifth day of March one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, and charged (amongst other things) upon certain duties on toals and culm thereby granted or appropriated; so that all the principal sums for which interest-monies are payable out of the said redeemable study or securities correing interest at the laid rate of sine deemable funds or securities carrying interest at the said rate of five pounds per centum per annum, till satisfaction of the same principal fums, do amount to one million fifty five thousand nine hundred and nine-ty pounds, or thereabouts; and all the principal sums for which interest-monies are payable out of the said redeemable funds or securities carry-ing interest at the said rate of four pounds per centum per annum, till satisfassion of the same principal sums, do amount to open mills, or seven bundred fifteen thousand three hundred and twenty pounds, or thereabouts, and all the principal sums for which the said annuities are payable out of the said redeemable sunds or securities at the said rate of sive pounds per annum for every one hundred pounds, do amount to ten millions seven hundred twenty three thousand six hundred feventy pounds eleven shillings and three pence three farthings, or thereabouts; and the annuities, payable for the same at the rate last-mentioned, do amount to five hundred thirty six thousand one hundred eighty three pounds ten shillings and six pence three farthings per annum, or thereabouts, till the redemption thereof; and all the principal sums for which the said annuities are payable out of the said redeem able funds or securities at the said rate of four pounds per annum for every one hundred pounds, do amount to three millions fifty one thousand five hundred and one pounds fifteen shillings and nine pence thousand five hundred and one pounds fifteen sollings and nine pence halfpenny, or thereabouts; and the annuities payable for the same at the said rate of four pounds per centum per annum, do amount to one hundred twenty two thousand and sixty pounds one shilling and five pence per annum, or thereabouts until the redemption thereof. And South-Sea whereas the governor and company of merchants of Great Britain company wiltrading to the South-Seas and other parts of America, and for enling to take in, couraging the sistery, are willing, at such time or times as they shall chase or substitute one to take in, either hy purchase or substitute one to take in, either hy purchase or substitutions, any of these dred and twenty one, to take in, either by purchase or subscriptions, any of these all or any the above-mentioned annuities, payable during the respectannuities being remainders of the above-mentioned terms of ninety six years, eightight in mine years, (in this act before computed to a-

mount in the whole to six hundred sixty six thousand eight hundred twenty one pounds eight shillings and three pence halfpenny per annum, or thereabouts) from the respective proprietors thereof (and without without company compulsion on any of the said proprietors) at such price and prices pulsion on any of the proprietors.

as shall be agreed between the said company and the respective proprietors of those annuities; and where any of the annuities so payable during the remainder of any of the said long terms of ninety six years, eighty nine years and ninety nine years, do or shall belong to several persons or corporations baving particular estates or interest therein (in possession, reversion or by way of suture interest) who will voluntarily agree together to depart with such their particular estates or interests, when so the said requirement and company may lawfully take in such annuity agree together to depart with juch their particular ejiases or interests, that so the said governor and company may lawfully take in such annuity or annuities during the whole remainder of the said respective terms of ninety six years, eighty nine years or ninety nine years, the said governor and company, in all such cases, are willing, at such time or times as they shall find convenient, before the said sirst of March one thousand seven hundred and twenty one, to take in, either by purchase the said sirse of the said seventy one, to take in, either by purchase the said seventy one, to take in, either by purchase the said seventy one, to take in, either by purchase the said seventy one, to take in, either by purchase the said seventy one, to take in, either by purchase the said seventy one, to take in, either by purchase the said seventy one, to take in, either by purchase the said seventy one, to take in, either by purchase the said seventy one, to take in, either by purchase the said seventy one, to take in, either by purchase the said seventy one, to take in, either by purchase the said seventy one, to take in, either by purchase the said seventy one, to take in, either by purchase the said seventy one, to take in, either by purchase the said seventy one, to take in, either by purchase the said seventy one, to take in, either by purchase the said seventy one, to take the said seventy one, t thousand seven hundred and twenty one, to take in, either by purchase or subscriptions, such particular estates or interests, whereby the said annuities for the whole remainder of the said long terms respectively may effectually be taken in, according to the true meaning of this act, at such price or prices as shall be agreed between the said company and those proprietors: provided the said governor and commonsuponwhich in the whole to six hundred sixty six thousand eight hundred twenty the company one pounds eight shillings and three pence halfpenny per annum, or those several thereabouts) so to be taken in by them, may, in licu thereof home one

those several annuities.

thereabouts) so to be taken in by them, may, in lieu thereof, bave an addition made to their capital slock after the rate of twenty years purchase, and such respective additions (in respect thereof) to their present annuity or yearly fund, secured to be paid for such time, and out of such duties and revenues as are herein after prescribed and appointed, until the redemption thereof according to the tenor and true meaning of this present act. And the said governor and company are willing, at such time or times as they shall see convenient, before the said sirst day of March one thousand seven hundred and twenty one, to take in, either by purchase or subscriptions, all or any of the abovementioned lottery-annuities in this act computed to amount to forty fix thousand two hundred and fixty pounds six shillings and one penny per annum, or thereabouts, for the term of twenty three years, reckoned from Michaelmas one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, and the pay-tickets for the same, from the respective proprietors thereof, at such price or prices as shall be agreed between the said company
and the respective proprietors of those annuities. And where any of the
lottery-annuities so payable during the said term of twenty three
years, or the pay-tickets for the same, do or shall belong to several
persons or corporations, who will voluntarily agree together to depart persons or corporations, who will voluntarily agree together to depare with all the pay-tickets for any such annuity for the said term of twenty three years, the said governor and company, in all and every such case and cases, are willing, at such time or times as they shall seconvenient, before the said first day of March one thousand seven hundred and twenty one, to take in the same, either by purchase or subscriptions, at such price or prices as shall be agreed between the said company and those proprietors: provided the said governor and company, for every such lottery-annuity so to be taken in, may have an addition made to their capital stock after the rate of sources years purchase, and sub respective additions to their present annuity or years. early fund secured to be paid for such time, and out of such duties and evenues as are herein after prescribed and appointed in that behalf, ntil the redemption thereof according to the tenor and true meaning of this present act. And the said governor and company are life willing, at such time or times as they shall see convenient, becore the said first day of March one thousand seven hundred and twentone, to take in, either by purchase or subscriptions, all or any the bove-mentioned annuities (before in this act computed to amount to ights one thousand pounds per annum, or thereabouts) for the said ighty one thousand pounds per annum, or thereabouts) for the said orm of twenty two years and three quarters of a year, reckoned from Phritmas one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, or for the rerainder of that term which shall be to come and unexpired at the quarrainer of that term which pall be to tome and unexpired at the quarer-day next preceding the taking in the same from the respective provietors thereof, without any compulsion on any such proprietors, at such rice or prices as shall be agreed between the said company and the repetitive proprietors of those annuities. And where any of the annuities so payable during the said term of twenty two years and three marters of a year, or such remainder thereof, do or shall belong to everal persons or corporations having particular estates or interests therein such suil subunarily agree together to depart with such their therein who, will voluntarily agree together to depart with such their barticular estates or interests, so that such annuity or annuities may effectually be taken in for the said whole time or term of twenty two years and three quarters of a year, or such remainder thereof, the said governor and company in all and every such case and cases are willing, at such time or times as they shall see convenient, before the said sirft day of March one thousand seven hundred and twenty one, to take in the same, either by purchase or voluntary subscriptions, at such thrice or prices as shall be agreed between the said company and these price or prices as shall be agreed between the said company and those proprietors: provided the said governor and company, for every such annuity so to be taken in, may have an addition made to their capital stock after the like rate of fourteen years purchase, and such respective additions, in respect thereof to their present annuity or yearly fund, secured to be paid for such time and out of such duties and revenues as are berein after prescribed and appointed in that behalf, until the redemption thereof according to the tenor and true meaning of this present act. And the said governor and company are likewise willing, at such time or times as they shall see convenient, before the first day of March one thousand seven bundred and twenty one (but subject to such notices for redemption as are herein after mentioned) to take in all and every the said redeemable debts and annities (the principal sums whereof are in this act before computed to amount to sixteen millions sive hundred forty six thousand four hundred eighty two pounds seven shillings and one penny farthing, or thereaprice or prices as shall be agreed between the said company and those emount to fixteen millions five numbered forty fix thousand four hundred eighty two pounds seven shillings and one penny farthing, or thereabouts) either by purchases, taking subscriptions, or paying them off by the said governor and company: provided the said governor and company may have an addition of one hundred pounds to their present copital stock for every one hundred pounds of the principal monies so taken in by them, and proportionably for greater or lesser sums, and so such additions be made to the present annuity or yearly fund of the said governor and combany as shall be equal to the rates now f the said governor and company as shall be equal to the rates now equile for the principal sums of those redeemable debts and annui-

from

ties which soil be so taken in, until the redemption thereof according to this act. And the said governor and company, for the liberty of increasing their capital flock and treir annuity or yearly fined by such means as aferesail, have defined and construct. That their present annuities or yearly sunds for their present capital stuck, and the anmuities or yearly funds for their capital flucks, (to be increased par-muities or yearly funds for their capital flucks, (to be increased par-fuant to this aid) be continued at the respective rates kerein after mentioned, till the feaft of the nationity of Saint John Baptist solid shall be in the year of our Lord one then and seven tradeed and twentyfeven inclusively; and that from and after the same feasi-day that then annuity or yearly sund for their whole capital and increased apital stocks may be actually reduced to feur praising per centum per annum, and be likewish from theneforth redeemake by perliament; and in consideration thereof, and of such other benefits and advantages are hereafter in and by this act provides and expressed, the said assembles and accompanies and any action of the said and the said and accompanies. verner and company are willing to make juch payments into the recipt of exchequer as are herein after specified, for the use of the publick, to be applied for paying off the publick debts and incumbrances incurred before Christmas one tocasized seven hundred and fixteen.

Now we your Majesty's most dustiful and loyal subjects, the commons of Great Britain in parliament affembled, being defirous to have the faid publick debts and incumbrances lessened as fast as conveniently may be, with regard to justice and the publick faith, and that as well such publick duties, revenues and incomes as are already fettled for answering the present annuity or yearly fund of the faid governor and company, as also such other publick duties, revenues and incomes as are specified in this act, may be fettled in such manner, that the present annuities or yearly funds for the present capital of the faid governor and company, and the annuities or yearly funds which shall become due and payable for their capital to be increased, pursuant to this act, may be continued at the respective rates herein after mentioned, till the said seast of the nativity of Saint John Baptist which shall be in the year of our Lord one thoufrom Baptitt which man be in the year or our and that from and after the same feast day their then annuity or yearly fund for their whole capital and increased capital may be actually reduced to four pounds per centum per annum, and likewise be thenceforth redeemable by parliament according to the purport and true meaning of this act, have, for that end and purpose, given and granted, and do by this present act give and grant to your Majesty, your heirs and successors, such rates, duties, revenues and incomes as are herein after mentioned; and do humbly befeech your Majesty, That it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the auThe duties of thority of the same, That such or the like particular rates and duties of excise upon beer, ale, cyder and other liquors, as by the said act of the eighth year of the reign of Queen Anne were granted for the term of thirty two years, which commenced

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from the feast of the annunciation of the blessed Virgin Mary one thousand seven hundred and ten; and such new rates or duties upon pepper, raisins, nutmegs, cinnamon, cloves, mace and snuff, as by the same act were granted for the term of thirty two years, which commenced from the sixth day of February one thousand seven hundred and nine, shall severally, by virtue of this act, have continuance after the respective determinations of the several terms of thirty two years last mentioned, and be paid and payable to his Majesty, his heirs and fuccessors for ever: and that the above-mentioned yearly fund And the or sum of thirty five thousand pounds per annum, which by the 35,000l. per said letters patents of her said late majesty Queen Anne, ground ann. granted by her late ed upon the faid act of parliament in that behalf, was made Majesty's letpayable at the exchequer during the term of thirty two years, ters patents, which commenced from *Michaelmas* one thousand seven hun-made perdred and thirteen, out of revenues in the same letters patents petual. expressed, shall, after the determination of the term of thirty two years last mentioned, have continuance, and the said revenues shall be charged therewith for ever: and that such or the like additional or new duties and rates for and upon all soap, The duty on and for and upon all paper, paste-boards, mill-boards and scale-soap, paper, boards, and for and upon certain chequered and striped linens, &c. and upon certain linens printed, painted, stained or dyed after 12 Ann. stat. the manufacture, or in the thread or yarn before the manufacture in any foreign parts, and for and upon filks, callicoes, linens and stuffs printed, stained, painted or dyed in Great Britain, and for and upon all starch, and for and upon coals shipped to be exported, and for and upon feveral matters and things which should be engrossed or written on stampt vellom, parchment and paper, which in or by the said two acts, the one of the twelfth year of her said late Majesty's reign, and the other of the first year of his now Majesty's reign, or by one of i. c. a. those acts, were granted and laid for a term or several terms of this type waste which commenced from the second day of thirty two years, which commenced from the second day of August one thousand seven hundred and sourteen (except as in the same acts or either of them is excepted) shall severally, by virtue of this act, have continuance after the determination of the term and terms of thirty two years last mentioned, and be paid and payable to his Majesty, his heirs and successors for ever: and that such and the like particular rates and impo-And the sitions, which in and by one of the said acts of the fifth year of duties on his present Majesty's reign were granted or imposed for and coals, &c. upon all sorts of coals and culm which should be imported and 5 Geo. 1. c. 9. brought into the port of the city of London or the river of Thames petual. within the liberty of the said city upon the same river, from and after the twenty seventh day of September one thousand seven hundred and twenty sive, and before the feast of the annunciation of the blessed Virgin Mary which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and sifty one, shall by virtue of this act be continued and be paid and payable to his virtue of this act, have continuance after the determination of

virtue of this act be continued and be paid and payable to his Majerty, his heirs and successors for ever, for and upon all sorts

of coals and culm which shall be imported and brought at any time or times after the twenty fourth day of March which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fifty.

These duties how to be raifed.

II. And it is hereby enacted, That the several rates, duties, revenues and impositions by this act made perpetual, as aforefaid, as well before, as when and as the same respectively shall take effect by virtue of this act, shall be raised and levied by fuch rules, means and methods, and under fuch penalties and forfeitures, and with fuch distributions of the same penalties and forfeitures, and subject to such power of mitigation, and with such respective drawbacks, allowances and repayments, and with such exceptions, and in such manner and form, as the like rates, duties, revenues or impolitions, granted or continued by the faid former acts now in being respectively, are prescribed, enacted, or appointed to be raised or levied.

III. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the autho-

Alterations in other acts concerning the duties to take place.

rity aforesaid, That in all cases where any further or other provision or alteration is made by any other act or acts of parliament now in force, touching or concerning any the rates, duties, revenues and impositions which were granted for certain terms, as aforesaid, such other provisions and alterations shall be observed and take place, in relation to the like rates, duties, revenues and impolitions by this act intended to be made perpetual.

The monies into the ex-

IV. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all to arise by the monies to arise by the said rates, duties, revenues and imto be brought positions by this act made perpetual, as aforesaid, as well before, as when and as the same respectively (after the expiration of the respective terms formerly granted, as aforesaid) shall take effect by virtue of this present act (the necessary charges of raising the same excepted) shall from time to time be brought into the receipt of exchequer, to the intent and purpose that the said governor and company of merchants of Great Britain trading to the South-Seas and other parts of America, and for encouraging the sistery, and their successors, may out of the fame be secured the payment of such respective annuities or sums as shall or may become due or payable to them in pursuance of this act, until the redemption thereof: nevertheless the

chequer.

Subject to re-demption. faid rates, duties, revenues and impositions hereby made perpe-demption. tual, and such annuities or sums as shall or may become due or payable out of the same to the said governor and company, and their successors, shall be subject to redemption by parliament, according to the proviso or condition of redemption hereafter in this act contained in that behalf; any thing in this act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

V. And to the end it may be known and ascertained what

annuities shall be taken in, and what debts (for which interest is now payable) shall be paid off by or at the charge of the corporation of the said governor and company, at any time or times before the respective times in and by this act limited in

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that behalf; and what additions in respect thereof are to be made, as well to the present capital stock of the same corporation; and how far their own present annuity or yearly fund is to be increased in proportion to such additional stock or stocks, till the redemption thereof, and also how much is to be paid by them into the receipt of his Majesty's exchequer, for the use of the publick, after the rate of four years and a half's purchase, apon such and so many of the said annuities payable during the respective remainders of the said certain terms of ninety six rears, eighty nine years, ninety nine years, and thirty two rears, which shall be taken in, as aforefaid, at any time or imes before the first day of March one thousand seven hundred ind twenty one, and how much is to be paid by them into the ecceipt of the exchequer, for the use of the publick, after the ate of one year's purchase upon such or so many of the said anunities so payable, during the respective remainders of the said tertain terms of ninety six years, eighty nine years, and ninety nine years, as shall not be taken in before the said first day of March one thousand seven hundred and twenty one (over and above the certain sum of four millions one hundred fifty six housand three hundred and six pounds four shillings and e-even pence, to be paid by them for the use of the publick, for he liberty of increasing their capital stock and annual fund, by aking in the redecmable debts and annuities, as is herein after nentioned) and that it may also plainly appear what new allowance is to be made to the said corporation for charges of management, when the same shall be reduced to a certainty, according to the tenor and true meaning of this present act; be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall commission and may be lawful to and for the commissioners of the treasury, sioners of the or any three or more of them, or the lord high treasurer of treasury to Great Britain for the time being, and they respectively are heremanagers and by authorized and required, by one or more writing or writings directors.
under their respective hands, to constitute and appoint such
able and fit persons, or such distinct numbers of able and fit
persons, and such or so many of them respectively, as the said
commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or the faid high treasurer for the time being shall, from time to time, think fit to be managers and directors for doing and performing, and causing to be done and performed such matters and things as are by this act appointed or authorized by such managers and directors, or by their order to be done and performed.

VI. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That such nanagers and directors so to be constituted, or such or so many Managers If them, as aforefaid, shall according to such directions as they and directors to prepare to prepare books with irry, or any three or more of them, or the high treasurer for proper co-he time being, prepare or cause to be prepared one or more lumns, viz. book or books, wherein shall be entred, under proper titles or

(that is to fay) There shall be entred in such book or books

One for tak.

ing in the anthe name or names of fuch person or persons, bodies politick nuities of 96, or corporate, then intitled to the said annuities, payable for the respective remainders of the said long terms of ninety six years, eighty nine years, and ninety nine years, which shall be actually taken in by virtue of this act; and also the names of such person or persons, bodies politick or corporate, then intitled to particular estates or interests in such annuities, who shall be willing to depart with the same, and which shall be actually taken in, as aforefaid, so that the said governor and company may lawfully take in those annuities, or any of them, during the whole remainders of those long terms respectively; and there shall be entred in the same book or books, every annuity so payable for the respective remainder of the said several terms of ninety fix years, eighty nine years, and ninety nine years, which shall be actually taken in, as aforesaid (all which annuities, if the whole should be purchased, are in this act before computed to amount to fix hundred fixty fix thousand eight hundred twenty one pounds eight shillings and three pence halfpenny per annum, or thereabouts;) and the particular duties, revenues, funds, or other provisions whereupon every such annuity was charged, or by or out of which the same was to be paid; and there shall also be entred in the same book or books such price or prices as shall be agreed upon between the corporation of the said governor and company, or such agent or agents as the same corporation, under their common feal, shall intrust and impower on their behalf, of the one part, and the faid respective pro-prietors, or such as shall be lawfully impowered or entrusted on their behalf, on the other part, for every such annuity, so to be payable during the respective remainders then to come and unexpired of the faid long terms of ninety fix years, eighty nine years, and ninety nine years; which price or prices are to be answered by the said corporation of the said governor and company, either in ready money, or otherwise, to the satisfaction of the faid respective proprietors, or those intrusted by or for them, at or upon their subscribing or writing to or against the respective entries relating to them in the said book or books; and there shall likewise be entred in the same book or books, the additions which are to be made to the present capital stock of the said governor and company, after the said rate of twenty years purchase, for taking in the said residuary long terms as a-foresaid: and moreover, in the same book or books there shall be entred and set down the additions which are to be made to the present annuity or yearly fund of the said governor and company in respect of such their new additional capital stock; which new additions to their annuity or yearly fund are to com-mence from the quarterly feast day last preceding such taking in by purchase or subscription, and to be payable after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, until the four and twentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and twenty seven inclusively; and afterwards at the said rate of four pounds per

centum per unnum, until redemption by parliament, according to the purport and true meaning of this act.

VII. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Other books said managers and directors so to be constituted, or such or so with columns for taking in the annuities as they shall receive in writing from the said commissioners of payable out of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or the high treathey said furer for the time being, prepare or cause to be prepared one or more other book or books, wherein shall be entred, under proper titles or prefaces, and in proper columns, the particulars solper titles or prefaces, and in proper columns, the particulars following; (that is to fay) there shall be entred in the book or books last mentioned, the name or names of such person or perfons, bodies politick or corporate, then intitled to any of the faid annuities, payable out of the faid yearly fund of eighty one thousand pounds, for twenty two years and three quarters of a year, reckoned from Christmas one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, or for the remainder of that term which shall be to come and unexpired at the quarter day preceding the taking in the same (being the remainder of one of the terms of thirty two years above mentioned) or to particular estates or interest therein, who shall be willing to depart with, and shall subscribe the same, so that the said governor and company may effectually take in those annuities, or any of them, for the said whole term of twenty two years and three quarters of a year, or the faid remainder thereof; and there shall be entred in the book or books last mentioned, every annuity so payable for the said remaining term of twenty two years and three quarters of a year, or the said remainder thereof, which shall be taken in, as aforesaid, and the particular duties, revenues, funds, or other provisions, whereupon every such annuity was charged, or by or out of which the same was to be paid; and there shall also be entred in the same book or books, such price or prices as shall be a-greed upon between the corporation of the said governor and company, or such agent or agents as the same corporation, under their common seal, shall intrust and impower in this behalf, on the one part, and the same respective proprietors, or such as shall be lawfully impowered or intrusted on their behalf, on the other part, for every such annuity so to be payable during the said remaining term of twenty two years and three quarters of a year, or the said remainder thereof; which price or prices are also to be answered by the said corporation of the said governor and company, either in ready money, or otherwise, to the satisfaction of the respective proprietors, or those intrusted by or for them, at or upon their subscribing to the respective entries relating to them in the book or books last mentioned; and there shall likewise be entred in the same book or books, the additions. which are to be made to the present capital stock of the said governor and company, after the said rate of sourteen years purchase, for taking in the said annuities for the said remaining term of twenty two years and three quarters of a year, or the faid remainder thereof, as aforefaid: and moreover, in the fame

book or books there shall be entred the new additions which are to be made to the present annuity or yearly fund of the said governor and company, in respect of such their new additional capital stock; which new additions to their annuity or yearly fund are to commence from the quarterly feast-day preceding the taking in the same, and to be payable after the said rate of five pounds per centum per annum, until the said twenty sourth day of June one thousand seven hundred and twenty seven inclusively; and afterwards at the said rate of four pounds per centum per annum, until redemption by parliament, according to the purport and true meaning of this act.

VIII. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That

Other books for the annuitics on unfub scribed lottery-tickets Of 1710.

the faid managers and directors fo to be constituted, or such or with columns fo many of them, as aforefaid, shall according to such directions as they shall receive in writing from the said commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or the high treasurer for the time being, prepare or cause to be prepared one or more other book or books, wherein shall be entred, under proper titles or prefaces, and in proper columns, the particulars following; (that is to say) there shall be entred in the book or books last mentioned, the name or names of such person or persons, bodies politick or corporate, then intitled to any of the said annuities, payable upon unsubscribed lottery-tickets of the said year one thousand seven hundred and ten, out of the said remainder of the faid yearly fund of one hundred thirty five thousand pounds, for twenty three years, computed from Michaelmas one thousand seven hundred and nineteen (being the remainder of the above mentioned term of thirty two years, relating to the faid lottery annuities) or to particular estates or interests therein, who shall be willing to depart with, and shall subscribe the same, so that the said governor and company may effectually take in those lottery annuities, or any of them, for the said whole term of twenty three years; and there shall be entred in the book or books last mentioned, every annuity so payable by lottery-tickets for the faid remaining term of twenty three years, which shall be taken in, as aforesaid, and the particular duties, revenues, funds, or other provisions, whereupon every fuch lottery annuity was charged, or by or out of which the same was to be paid; and there shall be also entred in the fame book or books, such price or prices as shall be agreed up-on between the corporation of the said governor and company, or their agent or agents, on their behalf, on the one part, and the same respective proprietors, or such as shall be lawfully impowered or intrusted on their behalf, on the other part, for every fuch annuity so to be payable by lottery tickets during the said remaining term of twenty three years; which price or prices shall also be answered by the said corporation of the said governor and company, either in ready money or otherwise, to the satisfaction of the respective proprietors, or those intrusted by or for them, at or upon their subscribing to the respective entries relating to them in the book or books last mentioned; and

there shall likewise be entred in the same book or books the additions which are to be made to the present capital stock of the faid governor and company, after the faid rate of fourteen years purchase, for taking in the faid lottery annuities for the faid remaining term of twenty three years, as aforesaid: and moreover, in the same book or books there shall be entred the new additions which are to be made to the present annuity or yearly fund of the faid governor and company in respect of such their new additional capital stock; which new additions to their annuity or yearly fund, are to commence from Michaelmas one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, and to be payable after the said rate of five pounds per centum per annum, until the said twenty fourth day of June one thousand seven hundred and twenty seven inclusively, and afterwards at the said rate of sour pounds per centum per annum, until redemption by parliament, according to the purport and true meaning of this act.

IX. And whereas the above-mentioned principal sums, now carrying interest after the said rate of five pounds per centum per annum, do by computation amount to one million sisty five thousand nine hundred and ninety pounds, or thereabouts, as aforesaid; and the above-mentional fums for which annuities are now payable after the like rate of five pounds per centum per annum, do by computation amount to ten millions seven hundred twenty three thoucomputation amount to ten millions seven hundred twenty three thoufand six hundred and seventy pounds eleven shillings and three pence
three farthings, or thereabouts; in all to eleven millions seven hundred seventy nine thousand six hundred and sixty pounds eleven shillings and three pence three farthings, or thereabouts, part of the above-mentioned principal sums, computed to amount to sixteen millions sive hundred forty six thousand sour hundred eighty two pounds
seven shillings and one penny farthing, or thereabouts; which the said
severnor and company have undertaken to pay off at the rate of one
bundred pounds per centum, on or before the said sirst day of March
one thousand seven hundred and twenty one: it is therefore hereby
further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said manaprovide other
books with
cording to such directions as they shall receive in writing from columns, for Cording to such directions as they shall receive in writing from columns, for the faid commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of entring the them, or the high treasurer for the time being, prepare or cause principal sums to be prepared one or more other book or books, wherein shall south-Sea be entred, under proper titles or prefaces, and in proper co-company to Jumns, every principal fum which shall have been actually paid the proprietoff by the said governor and company in ready money, or other-tors of the wise, to the respective proprietors of the said principal sums so principal sums at 51. nine thousand six hundred and sixty pounds eleven shillings and three pence three farthings, or thereabouts, after the faid rate of one hundred pounds per centum, and proportionably for greater or leffer sums; and the respective days and times when every such payment shall have been made, and the names of the respective proprietors who shall have received the same, the particular duties, revenues, funds or provisions for which the

(that is to fay) There shall be entred in such book or books

One for taking in the annuities of 96, 89, and 99

the name or names of such person or persons, bodies politick or corporate, then intitled to the said annuities, payable for the respective remainders of the said long terms of ninety six years, eighty nine years, and ninety nine years, which shall be actually taken in by virtue of this act; and also the names of such person or persons, bodies politick or corporate, then intitled to particular estates or interests in such annuities, who shall be willing to depart with the same, and which shall be actually taken in, as asoresaid, so that the said governor and company may lawfully take in those annuities, or any of them, during the whole remainders of those long terms respectively; and there shall be entred in the same book or books, every annuity so payable for the respective remainder of the said several terms of ninety fix years, eighty nine years, and ninety nine years, which shall be actually taken in, as aforesaid (all which annuities, if the whole should be purchased, are in this act before computed to amount to fix hundred fixty fix thousand eight hundred twenty one pounds eight shillings and three pence halfpenny per annum, or thereabouts;) and the particular duties, revenues, funds, or other provisions whereupon every such annuity was charged, or by or out of which the same was to be paid; and there shall also be entred in the same book or books such price or prices as shall be agreed upon between the corporation of the faid governor and company, or such agent or agents as the same corporation, under their common seal, shall intrust and impower on their behalf, of the one part, and the faid respective proprietors, or such as shall be lawfully impowered or entrusted on their behalf, on the other part, for every such annuity, so to be payable during the respective remainders then to come and unexpired of the faid long terms of ninety fix years, eighty nine years, and ninety nine years; which price or prices are to be answered by the said corporation of the said governor and company, either in ready money, or otherwise, to the satisfaction of the said respective proprietors, or those intrusted by or for them, at or upon their subscribing or writing to or against the respective entries relating to them in the said book or books; and there shall likewise be entred in the same book or books, the additions which are to be made to the present capital stock of the said governor and company, after the said rate of twenty years purchase, for taking in the said residuary long terms as aforesaid: and moreover, in the same book or books there shall be entred and fet down the additions which are to be made to the present annuity or yearly fund of the said governor and company in respect of such their new additional capital stock; which new additions to their annuity or yearly fund are to commence from the quarterly feast day last preceding such taking in by purchase or subscription, and to be payable after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, until the four and twentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and twenty seven inclusively; and afterwards at the said rate of sour pounds per centum per annum, until redemption by parliament, according

to the purport and true meaning of this act.

to the purport and true meaning of this act.

VII. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Other books said managers and directors so to be constituted, or such or so for taking in the annuities as they shall receive in writing from the said commissioners of payable out of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or the high treathey say furer for the time being, prepare or cause to be prepared one or sund of more other book or books, wherein shall be entred, under proper titles or presaces, and in proper columns, the particulars solowing; (that is to say) there shall be entred in the book or lowing; (that is to fay) there shall be entred in the book or books last mentioned, the name or names of such person or per-sons, bodies politick or corporate, then intitled to any of the said annuities, payable out of the said yearly fund of eighty one thousand pounds, for twenty two years and three quarters of a year, reckoned from Christmas one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, or for the remainder of that term which shall be to come and unexpired at the quarter day preceding the taking in the same (being the remainder of one of the terms of thirty two years above mentioned) or to particular estates or interest there-in, who shall be willing to depart with, and shall subscribe the same, so that the said governor and company may effectually take in those annuities, or any of them, for the said whole term of twenty two years and three quarters of a year, or the said re-mainder thereof; and there shall be entred in the book or books last mentioned, every annuity so payable for the said remaining term of twenty two years and three quarters of a year, or the said remainder thereof, which shall be taken in, as aforesaid, and the particular duties, revenues, funds, or other provisions, whereupon every such annuity was charged, or by or out of which the same was to be paid; and there shall also be entred in the same book or books, such price or prices as shall be agreed upon between the corporation of the faid governor and company, or such agent or agents as the same corporation, under their common seal, shall intrust and impower in this behalf, on the one part, and the same respective proprietors, or such as shall be lawfully impowered or intrusted on their behalf, on the other part, for every such annuity so to be payable during the said remaining term of twenty two years and three quarters of a year, or the said remainder thereof; which price or prices are also to be answered by the said corporation of the said governor and company, either in ready money, or otherwise, to the satisfaction of the respective proprietors, or those intrusted by or for them, at or upon their subscribing to the respective entries rebating to them in the book or books last mentioned; and there shall likewise be entred in the same book or books, the additions which are to be made to the present capital stock of the said go-vernor and company, after the said rate of fourteen years purchase, for taking in the said annuities for the said remaining term of twenty two years and three quarters of a year, or the said remainder thereof, as aforesaid: and moreover, in the same L 2

book or books there shall be entred the new additions which are to be made to the present annuity or yearly fund of the said governor and company, in respect of such their new additional capital stock; which new additions to their annuity or yearly fund are to commence from the quarterly feast-day preceding the taking in the same, and to be payable after the said rate of sive pounds per centum per annum, until the said twenty fourth day of June one thousand seven hundred and twenty seven inclusively; and afterwards at the said rate of four pounds per centum per annum, until redemption by parliament, according to the purport and true meaning of this act.

Other books with columns for the annuities on unfubfcribed lottery-tickets of 1710.

VIII. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the faid managers and directors so to be constituted, or such or fo many of them, as aforesaid, shall according to such directions as they shall receive in writing from the said commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or the high treasurer for the time being, prepare or cause to be prepared one or more other book or books, wherein shall be entred, under proper titles or prefaces, and in proper columns, the particulars following; (that is to say) there shall be entred in the book or books last mentioned, the name or names of such person or persons, bodies politick or corporate, then intitled to any of the said annuities, payable upon unsubscribed lotterwickets of the faid annuities, payable upon unsubscribed lottery-tickets of the said year one thousand seven hundred and ten, out of the said remainder of the said yearly fund of one hundred thirty sive thousand pounds, for twenty three years, computed from Mi-chaelmas one thousand seven hundred and nineteen (being the remainder of the above mentioned term of thirty two years, relating to the said lottery annuities) or to particular estates or interests therein, who shall be willing to depart with, and shall subscribe the same, so that the said governor and company may effectually take in those lottery annuities, or any of them, for the said whole term of twenty three years; and there shall be entred in the book or books last mentioned, every annuity so payable by lottery-tickets for the faid remaining term of twenty three years, which shall be taken in, as aforesaid, and the particular duties, revenues, funds, or other provisions, whereupon every fuch lottery annuity was charged, or by or out of which the same was to be paid; and there shall be also entred in the fame book or books, such price or prices as shall be agreed upon between the corporation of the faid governor and company, or their agent or agents, on their behalf, on the one part, and the same respective proprietors, or such as shall be lawfully impowered or intrusted on their behalf, on the other part, for every such annuity so to be payable by lottery tickets during the faid remaining term of twenty three years; which price or prices shall also be answered by the said corporation of the said governor and company, either in ready money or otherwife, to the satisfaction of the respective proprietors, or those intrusted by or for them, at or upon their subscribing to the respective entries relating to them in the book or books last mentioned; and

1710.] there shall likewise be entred in the same book or books the additions which are to be made to the present capital stock of the faid governor and company, after the faid rate of fourteen years purchase, for taking in the faid lottery annuities for the faid remaining term of twenty three years, as aforesaid: and moreover, in the same book or books there shall be entred the new additions which are to be made to the present annuity or yearly fund of the said governor and company in respect of such their new additional capital stock; which new additions to their annuity or yearly fund, are to commence from Michaelmas one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, and to be payable after the faid rate of five pounds per centum per annum, until the faid twenty fourth day of June one thousand seven hundred and twenty seven inclusively, and afterwards at the said rate of four pounds per centum per annum, until redemption by parliament,

according to the purport and true meaning of this act.

IX. And whereas the above-mentioned principal sums, now carrying interest after the said rate of sive pounds per centum per antime bundred and ninety pounds, or thereabouts, as aforesaid; and the above-mentioned principal sums for which annuities are now paywhile after the like rate of five pounds per centum per annum, do by fond fix bundred and seventy pounds eleven shillings and three pence three farthings, or thereabouts; in all to eleven millions seven hundred seventy nine thousand fix hundred and fixty pounds eleven shiltings and three pence three farthings, or thereabouts, part of the above-mentioned principal sums, computed to amount to sixteen miltims five hundred forty six thousand four hundred eighty two pounds from shillings and one penny farthing, or thereabouts; which the said governor and company have undertaken to pay off at the rate of one bundred pounds per centum, on or before the said first day of March.

The thousand seven hundred and twenty one: it is therefore hereby further enacted by the authority aforesaid. That the said manaprovide other gers and directors fo to be constituted, as aforesaid, shall ac-books with cording to such directions as they shall receive in writing from columns, for the faid commissioners of the treasure of any three states. the faid commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of entring the them, or the high treasurer for the time being, prepare or cause principal sums to be prepared one or more other book or books, wherein shall south-Sea be entred, under proper titles or prefaces, and in proper co-company to lamms, every principal fum which shall have been actually paid the proprietion by the said governor and company in ready money, or other-tors of the principal to the faid governor and company in ready money, or other-principal fums fo fums at 51. mouted to amount to eleven millions seven hundred seventy per cent tine thousand six hundred and sixty pounds eleven shillings three pence three farthings, or thereabouts, after the faid take of one hundred pounds per centum, and proportionably for stater or lesser sums; and the respective days and times when every fuch payment shall have been made, and the names of e respective proprietors who shall have received the same, the

nticular duties, revenues, funds or provisions for which the

faid interest monies or annuities after the said rate of five pounds per centum per annum were charged, or by or out of which the same were respectively payable; and there shall be also entred in the same book or books the new additions which are to be made to the present capital stock of the said governor and company, after the rate of one hundred pounds for every one hundred pounds so paid off by them, and the new additions which are to be made to the present annuity or yearly fund of the said governor and company, in respect of the same new additional stock or stocks; which additions to their present annuity or yearly fund are to commence from the quarterly seast-day, or half-yearly seast-day on which those annuities or interest-monies are now payable, and last preceding the time of taking in such annuities and debts respectively; and are to be also payable after the said rate of sive pounds per centum per annum, until the said twenty south day of June one thousand seven hundred and twenty seven inclusively, and afterwards at the rate of sour pounds per centum per annum, until redemption by parliament, according to the purport and true meaning of this act.

And other books for entring the fums paid off to the proprietors of the principal fums of 41. per centum.

X. And whereas the above-mentioned principal sums, now carry ing interest after the said rate of sour pounds per centum per annum, do by computation amount to one million seven hundred sisteen thousand three hundred and twenty pounds, or thereabouts, as aforefrid; and the principal sums for which annuities are now payable after the like rate of four pounds per centum per annum, do by computation amount to three millions sifty one thousand sive hundred and one pounds sisteen shillings and nine pence halfpenny, or thereaphouts; in all, to four millions seven hundred sixty fix thousand eight bundred twenty one pounds fifteen shillings and nine pence halfpenny, or thereabouts, being other part of the abovementioned principal sums computed to amount to fixteen millions five hundred forty six thousand four bundred eighty two pounds seven shillings and one penny farthing, or thereabouts; which the said governor and company have undertaken to pay off at the like rate of one hundred pounds per centum, on or before the said first day of March one thousand seven bundred and twenty one: it is therefore hereby further enacted by the authority aforesaid, that the said managers and directors so to be constituted, as aforesaid, shall according to such directions as they shall receive in writing from the said commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or the high treasurer for the time being, prepare or cause to be prepared one or more other book or books, wherein shall be entred, under proper titles or prefaces, and in proper columns, every principal sum which shall have been actually paid off by the said governor and company in ready money, or otherwise, to the respective proprietors of the said principal sums so computed to amount to four millions seven hundred sixty six thousand eight hundred twenty one pounds fifteen shillings and nine pence halfpenny, or thereabouts, after the said rate of one hundred pounds for every hundred pounds so paid off by them, and proportionally for greater or lesser sums; and the respective days and times

when every fuch payment shall have been made, and the names of the respective proprietors who shall have received the same, with the particular duties, revenues, funds or provisions, for which the faid interest monies or annuities after the said rate of four pounds per centum per annum were charged or by or out of which the same were respectively payable; and there shall also be entred in the same book or books, the new additions which are to be made to the present capital stock of the said governor and company, after the faid rate of one hundred pounds for every one hundred pounds so paid off by them, and the new additions which are to be made to the present annuity or yearly fund of the said governor and company, in respect of the same new additional stock or stocks; which additions to their present annuity or yearly fund are to commence from the quarterly feast-day, or half-yearly feast-day on which those annuities or interest-monies are now payable, and last preceding the time of taking in fuch annuities and debts respectively; and to be also payable at the like rate of four pounds per centum per annum, until the said twenty fourth day of June one thousand seven hundred and twenty seven inclusively; and afterwards at the like rate of four pounds per centum per annum, until redemption by parliament, according to the purport and true meaning of this act.

XI. And whereas the said governor and company may come to an And other agreement with some ar all of the proprietors of the above-mentioned books for principal sums now carrying interest at the said respective rates of entring the principal sums now carrying interest at the said respective rates of entring the five pounds and four pounds per centum per annum, before satisfium which satisfies of those principal sums respectively, or with those who are or by subscripsall be intrusted by or for them, or some of them, and with some or all tion (in af the proprietors of the above-mentioned principal sums for which remoney or its deemable annuities are now payable after the said respective rates of shall be paid five pounds and sour pounds per centum per annum, or with those off in part of who are or shall be intrusted by or for them, or some of them (all the redeemwhich principal sums are in this act computed to amount in the whole able sunds, to sixteen millions sive hundred forty six thousand four hundred eights to sixteen millions five hundred forty six thousand four hundred eighty two pounds seven shillings and one penny farthing, or thereabouts, as aforesaid) in pursuance of which agreements, such proprietors, or some of them, or those intrusted by them, may be willing and desirous, at some time or times before the said first day of March one thousand seven bundred and twenty one, to accept their payment and satisfaction of and for fuch their principal sums in money, at the said rate of one hundred pounds per centum, or by flock at fuch price or prices as shall be agreed upon between them and the faid governor and company, and acterdingly to subscribe the same in the book or books before-mentioned, or in several books to be prepared for that purpose, although such notice or notices as are required by any law or laws now in force, be or be not given for the payment of the said principal sums, or any of them, and without infifting upon any time or times allowed by law, after the giving fuch notice or notices: it is therefore provided and further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said managers and directors to be constituted and appointed in pursuance

of this act, or such or so many of them, as aforesaid, according to fuch directions as they shall, from time to time, receive in writing from the said commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or the high treasurer for the time being, if thereto requested by the court of directors of the said governor and company for the time being, and such request be fignified in writing under the hands of any feventeen, or more of them, or under the common seal of the said company, and not otherwise, shall prepare or cause to be prepared one or more other book or books, or several other books, wherein shall be entred, under proper titles or prefaces, and in proper columns, all and every the principal sums which shall be so paid off by the said governor and company in ready money, at the said rate of one hundred pounds per centum, or by such stock as shall be accepted in lieu thereof, by or in pursuance of such subscriptions, and the names of the respective proprietors who shall be so paid or satisfied, and the particular duties, revenues, funds or other provisions on which the principal monies last mentioned, or the faid redeemable interest or annuities payable in respect of the same were charged, or by or out of which the same were respectively payable, and the new additions which are to be made to the present capital stock of the said governor and company in respect thereof, at the said rate of one hundred pounds for every one hundred pounds principal money so taken in by such sub-scriptions, and the new additions which are to be made to the present annuity or yearly fund of the said governor and company, in respect of such their new additional stock or stocks; which additions to their present annuity or yearly fund, shall be



after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, for so much of such their new capital stock as they are to have for paying off such of the said principal sums which carry interest or annuities after the said rate of five pounds per centum per annum, and shall be after the rate of four pounds per centum per annum, for formuch of such their new capital stock as they are to have for paying off such of the said principal sums as carry interest or annuities after the said rate of four pounds per centum per annum and the same respective additions to their present annuity on yearly fund of the faid governor and company, at the respective rates last mentioned, shall commence from the quarterly feast—day or half-yearly feast-day, on which those annuities or in—terest-monies are now payable, and last preceded the time of taking in such annuities and debts respectively, and shall continue until the said twenty fourth day of June one thousand seven hundred and twenty seven inclusively; and afterwards at the faid rate of four pounds per centum per annum, until redemption by parliament, according to the purport and true meaning of this act. XII. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the

Thefe books by the matimes as tho

to be opened faid managers and directors to be constituted in pursuance of this act, shall from time to time, and at such times as the course nagers at fuch of directors of the faid governor and company for the time being

being shall appoint, open all and every or any of the books so South-Sea to be prepared, as aforesaid, at the publick office of the said go-company shall appoint by vernor and company, or at some other convenient publick place publick noto be appointed by the said court of directors, whereof notice tice. shall, from time to time, be given in writing to be affixed upon the Royal Exchange in London, and shall also be inserted in the London Gazette, and that such books shall lie open for such time and times respectively as the said court of directors shall, from

time to time, judge necessary.

cerning the property of any the principal fums by this act afcertain who intended to be purchased or paid off, or any the annuities or ed the prointerest-monies payable for the same: be it further enacted and prietors of interest by the prietors of interest by the prietors of interest by the payable for the same is the fame; be it further enacted and prietors of interest by the payable for the same is the prietors of interest. declared by the authority aforesaid, that every person and corthe annuities poration, by or for whom there shall be produced to the said on the unsubmanagers and directors, or such of them as aforesaid, during scribed paythetickets shall lie open, so many of the said unsubscribed paytickets shall lie open, so many of the said unsubscribed paytickets belonging to the said lottery of the year one thousand seven hundred and ten, as would (in case they be not taken in by this act) warrant the payment of any the said annuities payable thereupon, for the said whole term of twenty-three years. able thereupon, for the faid whole term of twenty-three years, out of the yearly sum of forty six thousand two hundred and sixty pounds six shillings and one penny above-mentioned, shall be deemed the true and lawful owner of every such lottery-annuity respectively; and that every person and corporation, by or for whom there shall be produced to the said managers and directors, or such of them, as aforesaid, (during the time or times the said book or books relating to the fortunate tickets drawn in the lottery prescribed by the said act of the fifth year of his Majesty's reign shall lie open) any of those tickets by which the fortunate adventurers (in case such tickets be not taken in by this act) would be intitled to annuities, after the rate of four pounds per centum per annum, out of the yearly fund of twenty thousand pounds therein mentioned, and be payable by the cashier of the bank of England, for the time being, redeemable nevertheless by parliament, shall be deemed and adjudged to be the true and lawful proprietors of the same annuities respectively: provided such fortunate tickets so produced shall have been first chequed, proved and attested by the managers appointed or to be appointed by the commissioners of his Majesty's treasury for that purpole, or some or one of them; and that every per- Or on the lot-• fon and corporation, by or for whom there shall be produced to teries of 5 the said managers and directors, or such of them, as aforesaid Geo. 1. C. 9. (during the time or times the said book or books relating to the

fortunate tickets drawn in another lottery, and by another act of the fifth year of his Majesty's reign, shall lie open) any of those tickets as would (in case they be not taken in by this act) intitle the fortunate adventurers to several principal sums, amounting in the whole to five hundred thousand pounds, with interest for the same, till the principal shall be satisfied out of a

XIII. And for avoiding all disputes and controversies con- Clause to

fund of thirty thousand five hundred and fifty nine pounds fourteen shillings per annum, mentioned in that act, shall be deemed and adjudged the true and lawful proprietors of the faid principal sums, and the interest attending the same respectively; provided such fortunate tickets so produced shall have been sufficiently. chequed, proved and attested by the managers already appointed

Who shall be deemed the

or to be appointed for that purpose, or some or one of them.

XIV. And whereas the above mentioned annuities payable during the several remainders yet to come and unexpired of the above menor go, 39, and whole remainders of the faid annuities of whole remainders of the faid annuities of go, 39, and whole remainders of the faid annuities of the above means. Sec.

ties payable after the said rate of nine pounds per centum during the remainder of the said term of thirty two years therein granted, and the principal money remaining unsatisfied upon her late Majesty's letters patents above mentioned, and the interest thereof and the principal money remaining unsatisfied, as well in respect of the blank tickets

22 Ann.stat. 2. as of the fortunate tickets, by virtue of the said act of the twelfth year of Geo.1.stat. 1. of her said late Majesty's reign, and the said act of the first year of the soil Majesty's reign, are all payable by standing orders which were made forth and signed by the several lord treductor or complete the several lord treductor or and of the several lord treductor or and of the several lord treductor or and of the several lord treductor or deal o figures of the treasury for the time being; which orders, and all af-figurents thereof, or any part thereof, and of the annuities or debts therein specified, or any of them, or any part thereof, and all devises by will concerning the same, are or ought to be registred, entred or notified in books for that purpose kept in the receipt of his Majesty's exchequer, or in particular offices where the same annuities or debts respectively have been or are payable: it is hereby further enacted by the authority asoresaid, That such persons or corporations respectively, as by the said books, registers or entries shall appear to be the persons or corporations entitled to any such annuities or debts as are last mentioned, at the time or respective times when the same shall be taken in by such purchase, subscription or paying off as aforesaid, pursuant to this act, shall be deemed and adjudged to be the true and lawful proprietors thereof respectively; and that the auditor of the receipt of the exchequer, and each comptroller in those particular offices respectively, shall on or before the thirtieth day of May one thoufand seven hundred and twenty transmit, or cause to be transmitted in writing under their respective hands, to the managers and directors to be constituted in pursuance of this act, or such of them as aforesaid, fair schedules or lists, expressing therein every fuch annuity and debt, and the present proprietors thereof, and the particular duties, provisions or funds charged therewith, as they shall appear by the said books, registers or entries at the time of transmitting such schedules; and shall afterwards, from time to time, daily certify to the faid managers and directors so to be constituted, or such of them as aforesaid, all alterations or additions which ought to be made in or to the faid schedules by any subsequent assignments, wills or titles which shall be brought to the said receipt, or other offices respectively

to be entred, after the transmitting of the said schedules, until the faid first day of March one thousand seven hundred and twenty one.

XV. And whereas the said annuities, after the rate of five pounds Who shall be per centum per annum, amounting to sifty three thousand nine hundered the proprietors of the sanuities said two acts of the first year of his Majesty's reign; and the said and of 51 per cent. nuities, after the rate of sive pounds per centum per annum, a and 41 per mounting to four hundred seventy six thousand seven hundred and secont. &c. or yenteen pounds seventeen shillings and eight pence per annum, or taken in thereabouts, sounded upon the said act of the third year of his Maje-1 Geo.1.stat. shy's reign; and the said annuities, after the rate of sour pounds per c. 2. centum per annum, amounting to one hundred and two thousand 3 Geo. 1. C. 70 centum per annum, amounting to one hundred and two thousand 3 Geo. 1. C. 7. centum per annum, amounting to one hundred and two thousand 3 Geo. 1. C. 7.
thirty six pounds thirteen shillings and two pence per annum, or
thereabouts, sounded upon the same att; and the said annuity or anmuities, after the rate of sive pounds per centum per annum, amounting to sive thousand sive hundred and sisteen pounds twelve shillings per annum, or thereabouts, payable for the service of the navy
and victualling thereof, by a clause in the act for the land tax of the
sistemant of bis Majesty's reign; and the said annuity of twenty 5 Geo. 1. C. 13
three pounds eight shillings and three pence farthing per annum, sounded on the said act for the relief of Edward Clent, are all payable by
the cashier of the bank of England for the time being, out of money ed on the said act for the relief of Edward Clent, are all payable by the cashier of the bank of England for the time being, out of money impressed to him at the receipt of the exchequer for that purpose; and all the annuities so payable by the said cashier, or shares in joint stocks for the same, are assignable or transferrable, in books kept at the publick office of the governor and company of the bank of England, in the manner and form prescribed by several acts of parliament in that behalf, and are deviseable by wills entred or notified in the books there kept for that purpose: now it is hereby further enacted by the authority asoresaid, That such persons or corporations respectively, as by the said books, registers or entries kept in the said publick office of the bank of England shall appear to be the persons or corporations entitled to any such annuities last the persons or corportions entitled to any such annuities last mentioned, at the time or respective times when the same shall be taken in by such purchase, subscriptions or paying off as a-foresaid, pursuant to this act, shall be deemed and adjudged the true and lawful proprietors of the same annuities respectively, and of the proportional shares of stock created for the same; and that the accountant general in the faid publick office of the bank of England now being, or that hereafter shall be, shall on or before the thirtieth day of May one thousand seven hundred and twenty transmit, or cause to be transmitted in writing under his hand, to the managers and directors to be constituted in pursuance of this act, or such of them as aforesaid, fair schedules or lists, expressing therein every such annuity or share in stock for the same, and the names and additions of all the respective proprietors thereof, and the particular duties and provisions or funds charged therewith, as they shall appear by the said books, registers or entries, at the time of transmitting such schedules; and shall afterwards, from time to time, certify to the said ma-

nagers and directors so to be constituted, or such of them as aforesaid, all alterations or additions which ought to be made in or to the schedule last mentioned, by any subsequent transfers, wills or titles which shall be brought to the said office of the bank to be entred after transmitting the schedule last mentioned, until the said first day of March one thousand seven hundred and twenty one.

No fee for

XVI. And it is hereby enacted, That no fee, gratuity or reward shall be demanded or taken of the said South-Sea company, transmitting ward shall be demanded or taken of the said South-Sea company, any schedules, or of the said managers and directors to be constituted as aforelifts or certififaid, or of the respective proprietors, or any of them, or of any
agents or instruments to be appointed by them, or any of them as aforesaid, for making or transmitting any the said schedules, lists or certificates; and that such persons or corporations respectively, as by such schedules, lists or certificates shall appear to be the persons or corporations entitled to any such annuities last mentioned in such schedules, lists or certificates, shall be deemed and adjudged to be the true and lawful proprietors of the same annuities respectively, and of the proportionable shares of stock created for the same at the time of transmitting the said schedules, lists and certificates respectively.

XVII. And for the more easy and safe execution of the seve-Managers, before the books ral powers and trusts by this act reposed in the managers and be opened, to give notice to the accountant vention of frauds, and that the publick may not be liable to a ant general of double payment for or in respect of any of the aid annuities the bank of which are transferrable at the bank of England; be it further the time. the time. enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said managers and directors to be appointed in pursuance of this act, or any three

fore any of the faid books relating to the same annuities shall be opened by them, give notice in writing under their hands to the said accountant general in the office of the bank of England, of the respective day and days on which such respective and after closing of the

fy the names of the persons by or for whom subhave been made, to the faid accountant general, &c.

subscription-books will be opened; and shall likewise from time closing of the books to certify the names of the persons lists or schedules, under the hands of the fame managers or directors, or any three or more of them, to be transmitted to the whom sub-feriptions shall the accountant general for the time being, certify the names of the respective proprietors of and in the same annuities, and every or any of them, by or for whom such subscriptions as aforesaid shall have been made in the book or books to be so opened by the said managers or directors, and of the particular shares and interests of and in the same annuities respectively and the stock attending the same, which shall have been so subscribed by or for every such person or persons, bodies politick or corporate; upon receipt of which lifts or schedules from the same managers and directors the said accountant general shall forthwith and from time to time write off from and debit the accounts of each and every person or persons, bodies politick or corporate, con-

or more of them, shall from time to time and at all times, be-

tained in the same lists or schedules, of or for the respective parts or shares of and in the same annuities respectively, and of and in the stock attending the same, contained in the same lists or schedules; and shall take care that the respective person and perfons, bodies politick or corporate, do not transfer or assign any such part or share of and in the same annuities and the stock at- After such notending the same, which shall be contained in such lists or sche-tice no transdules to be transmitted to him by the same managers or directors; fers, &c., and the said accountant general shall likewise take care, that from and after such notice shall be given to him as aforesaid by the said managers and directors to be appointed in pursuance of this act, or any three or more of them, and until he shall have received from the same managers or directors, or any three or more of them, such lists or schedules as are directed to be transmitted to him by them, no transfers or affignments shall be made in the book or books by him kept relating to those annuities respectively for or concerning which such subscription book or books shall be so opened.

XVIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Accountant That if the said accountant general in the publick office of the general of the bank of England for the time being shall at any time or times bank neglecthereafter neglect or delay to transmit such lists or schedules, or ing to tr to make such certificate or certificates to the managers or direction to the bank tors to be constituted in pursuance of this act, or to shut or stop to cause the the transfers of the said redeemable annuities which are transfer to be ferrable at the publick office of the said bank of England, ac-done. cording to the purport and true meaning of this act, or to do any other matters or things by this act required to be done or performed by such accountant general, that then and in every such case and so often, the governor and company of the bank of England, and their successors (who have the nomination or appointment of such accountant general) shall be and are hereby required and obliged to cause and procure to be done and performed the same matters and things (so delayed or neglected to be done and performed) in such manner as such accountant general ought to have done the same by virtue or in pursuance

of this act.

XIX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, South-Sea

That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said governor and company, becompany of merchants of Great Britain trading to the South-Seas fore 1 March and other parts of America, and for encouraging the fishery, at 1721, may rearny time or times before the said first day of March one thousand deem the redeem hundred twenty one, to redeem all and every or any the redeemable debts and incumbrances above in this act recited or men-16,546,4821. tioned, amounting in the whole to the faid fum of fixteen millions 78. 2d. 2q. five hundred forty fix thousand four hundred eighty two pounds seven shillings and one penny farthing, or thereabouts, and the respective securities for the same, by paying off the same debts and incumbrances, and every or any of them, at the rate of at the rate of one hundred pounds for every one hundred pounds principal sool for every money, and proportionably for greater or leffer sums, at the sool principal publick money.

publick office of the faid South-Sea company in the city of Lon-

bundred

don, at some time or times before the said first day of March one thousand seven hundred twenty one, and to use and cause, or procure to be used and to be put in execution, all lawful ways and means for redemption thereof.

XX. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That in should be

the company are to give fuch notice.

all and every case and cases, where in or by any act or acts of given by au-thority of par-parliament now in force, any notice or notices for redemption liament, &c. of the faid debts and incumbrances, or any of them, might of should be given or left in behalf of the publick, by authority of parliament or by the speaker of the house of commons, pursuant to any vote or resolution of that house, such and the like notice or notices shall and may be given or left by the faid governor and company of merchants of Great Britain trading to the South-Seas and other parts of America, and for encouraging the fishery, or by such person or persons as they or their court of directors shall appoint to give or leave such notice or notices, for redemption of the same debts and incumbrances, or so many or fuch part or parts of them respectively as are redeemable at a time, as the fame governor and company, or their court of directors, in regard to the abilities and other circumstances of the same company, shall think sit; and that from and after the expiration of the time and times to be mentioned in fuch notice and notices for paying off and redeeming the same debts and incumbrances, or any parts of them, every or any of them, fuch debts and incumbrances, or such part and parts thereof, as shall be mentioned in such notice or notices to be redeemed,

On payment or tender the faid debts to be redeemed,

shall, upon payment of the respective sum or sums of money payable to the proprietors for such redemption, or tender there-of at the publick office of the same governor and company, be and be adjudged to be redeemed; and the interest and annuity payable in respect thereof to the respective proprietors of such debts and incumbrances, or their respective parts or proportions thereof, so far as the sum or sums so to be paid off or redeemed shall extend, shall thenceforth cease and determine to be payable to them; and in lieu thereof, an annuity after such and the like rate as the interest money and annuity as is now pay able for or in respect of such debts or incumbrances, shall be from thenceforth paid and payable to the faid governor and company of merchants of *Great Britain* trading to the *South-Seas* and other parts of *America*, and for encouraging the fishery, and their fuccessors, or to their cashier for the time being for their use, until and for the said feast-day of the nativity of Saint fohn Baptist which shall be in the year of our Lord one thou-fand seven hundred twenty seven, and from thencesorth after and a proporthe rate of four pounds per centum per annum, until redemption tional addition by parliament, and a proportional addition or additions in re-to be made to spect thereof shall be made to their capital stock, according to the capital

the purport and true meaning of this act: so as such debts and incumbrances as shall be redeemed upon such notice or notices, be paid off at the laid rate of one hundred pounds for every one

the capital

hundred pounds principal money, and in that proportion for greater or leffer fums, at fuch day or days, time or times, to be mentioned in such notice or notices for payment thereof, on this fide and before the said first day of March one thousand seven hundred twenty one, at the publick office of the same governor and company. And as to such of the said debts and incum- As to such brances for redemption whereof no notice is by law required, debts whereof it shall and may be lawful to and for the said governor and comnonotice is by pany of merchants of Great Britain trading to the South-Seas company to and other parts of America, and for encouraging the fishery, or give notice by their court of directors for the time being, to give notice by writing on the writing or writings to be affixed upon the Royal Exchange in Exchange or writing or writings to be affixed upon the London Corrette. London, or by publication or publications in the London Gazette, of the times and thereby to appoint and accertain a time or times for pay- for payment. ment of and redceming all or any fuch debts and incumbrances, or so many or such part or parts of them respectively at a time, as the same governor and company, or their court of directors, in regard to the abilities or circumstances of the same company shall think fit; and that from and after the expiration of the time and times to be mentioned in such notice or notices for paying off and redeeming the same debts and incumbrances, or any parts of them, every or any of them, such debts and incum-brances (upon payment of the respective sum or sums of money payable to the proprietors for such redemption, or tender thereof at the publick office of the same governor and company) shall be and be adjudged to be redeemed, and the interest and the annuity payable in respect thereof, to the respective proprietors of fuch debts and incumbrances, shall thenceforth cease and determine to be payable to them, and in lieu thereof, an annuity after such and the like rate, as the interest-money and annuity as is now payable for or in respect of such debts or incumbrances, shall be from thenceforth paid and payable to the said governor and company of merchants of Great Britain trading to the South Seas and other parts of America, and for encouraging the fishery, and their successors, or to their cashier for the time being for their use, until and for the said feast-day of the nativity of Saint John Baptist which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred twenty seven; and from thencesorth one thousand seven hundred twenty seven; and note the safety seven; and note the safety seven; and note the safety seven; and note that safety seven; and a proportional addition or additions in After 1 June respect thereof shall be made to their capital stock, according to 1727, interest at 41. per cent.

the purport and true meaning of this act. XXI. And be it also further enacted by the authority afore- Company befaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said go-fore i March
vernor and company of merchants of Great Britain trading to 1721, may take
the South-Seas and other parts of America and for encouraging chase or subthe sishery, at any time or times before the said first day of March scriptions, the one thousand seven hundred and twenty one, to take in, by way annuities of of purchase or subscriptions, all and every or any the above men- 96, 89, and 99 soned annuities payable during the respective remainders then years, ec. to come and unexpired of the above mentioned terms of ninety

fix years, eighty nine years and ninety nine years, in this 20 before computed to amount in the whole to fix hundred fixty fix thousand eight hundred twenty one pounds eight shillings and

proprietors.

tually agreed on with the

three pence halfpenny per annum or thereabouts, and all the present and future estates and interests therein, and the respective fecurities for the same, so as the same annuities respectively by fuch purchases or subscriptions be effectually taken in for the whole residues and remainders then to come and unexpired of the faid respective terms of ninety fix years, eighty nine years and at fuch prices ninety nine years from the respective proprietors thereof, at such as shall be muprice and prices as shall be agreed upon between the same company, or their court of directors on their behalf, and those proprietors respectively, and so as the same price or prices for such annuities be paid or satisfied at the publick office of the said South-Sea company in London, at some time or times at or before the said first day of *March* one thousand seven hundred and twenty one; and to take in, by purchases or subscriptions, all and every or any the above mentioned lottery annuities in this act computed to amount to forty fix thousand two hundred and fixty pounds fix shillings and one penny per annum, or therea-bouts, for the said whole term of twenty three years, reckoned from Michaelmas one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, and the pay tickets for the same, from the respective proprietors thereof, at such price or prices as shall be mutually agreed between the same company, or their court of directors in their behalf, and the respective proprietors of those annuities, so as fuch price or prices for the same be paid or satisfied at the publick office of that company in London, at some time or times at or before the said first day of March one thousand seven hundred and twenty one; and to take in, by purchase or subscriptions, all and every or any the above mentioned annuities before in this act computed to amount to eighty one thousand pounds per annum, or thereabouts, for the said whole term of twenty two years and three quarters of a year, reckoned from Christmas one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, or for the remainder of that term which shall be to come and unexpired at the quarter-day preceding the taking in of the same, and the respective securities for the same, from the respective proprietors thereof, at such price or prices as shall be mutually agreed be-tween that company, or their court of directors on their be-half, and the respective proprietors of those annuities, so as such price or prices for the same be likewise paid or satisfied at their publick office in London, at some time or times at or before the faid first day of March one thousand seven hundred and twenty

to accept a share in the company's flock,

If the proprie- XXII. Provided always, and it is necessy stated and tors are willing thority aforefaid, That if all or any of the proprietors of all or any of the pr any the faid redeemable debts and incumbrances computed in and by this act to amount to fixteen millions five hundred forty fix thousand four hundred eighty two pounds seven shillings and one penny farthing, or thereabouts, shall be willing and defirous at the time or respective times of subscribing or paying off the

same, or any of them, to accept and take (in lieu of the said one hundred pounds per centum in money) a share or shares of and in the capital or joint stock of the said South-Sea company, Increased and to be increased pursuant to this act, at such price at such prices or prices as shall then be mutually agreed by and between the as shall be musame company, or their court of directors in their behalf, and at the time of the said proprietors, or any of them, or if all or any the pro-subscribing, prietors of all or any the said annuities computed in and by this in lieu of moact to amount severally to fix hundred fixty fix thousand eight ney, hundred twenty one pounds eight shillings and three pence halfpenny per annum, forty fix thousand two hundred and fixty pounds six shillings and one penny per annum, and eighty one thousand pounds per annum, or thereabouts, shall be willing and defirous, at the time or respective times of taking in the same, or any of them, by purchase or subscriptions as aforesaid, to accept and take (for and in lieu of their respective annuities or debts) a share or shares of and in the same capital or joint stock increased and to be increased pursuant to this act, at such rate or rates for the said stock as shall then be mutually agreed by and between the same company, or their court of directors in their behalf, and the said proprietors, or any of them, that then such proprietand in all and every such case and cases the said several and re-tors shall be fpective proprietors so desiring to accept (for or in lieu of their admitted into the company tespective annuities or debts) such shares in stocks, shall be enforsuch shares, titled thereunto accordingly, and the same proprietors, whether they be natives or foreigners, bodies politick or corporate, his, her and their heirs, executors, administrators successors and officers and their heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assignatespectively shall have and enjoy and be entitled, by force and virtue of this act, to have and enjoy of and in the said capital or joint stock of the same company increased and to be increased as aforesaid, such respective shares as aforesaid, and in respect of such shares shall be deemed and taken to be members of the same company, and be incorporated into the same, and shall, in proportion to the same shares respectively, have and be entitled to the like benefits, powers, privileges and advantages, as other members of that company shall or ought to enjoy in respect of their shares in the said capital stock; and that all and every such proprietor and proprietors, from the time or respec-tive times of his, her or their agreeing, by contract, subscrip-tion or otherwise, to accept such stock in lieu and satisfaction

pany for his, her or their proportion or share of and in the whole capital or joint stock of the same corporation increased and to be increased as aforesaid, and of and in all dividends, profits and advantages whatsoever to attend the same. XXIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Proprietors That all and every proprietor and proprietors of the above men-may subscribe, tioned annulties and debts, or any of them, his, her and their whist the executors, administrators, successors and assigns respectively shall be kept open, too. XIV.

of his, her or their annuities, debts or other incumbrances before mentioned, shall have credit in the books of the same com-

on the terms have liberty by themselves respectively, or by such person or person the act. fons as they respectively shall think fit to employ in this behalf, during such time or times as the said subscription-books shall be kept open, to subscribe or write his, her or their annuity or annuities, debt or debts, or any of them, in such of the said books as shall be proper for that purpose, at such respective rates and prices, and upon such several and respective terms and con-

Executors, &c. ditions, as are before in this act prescribed concerning the same may subscribe. respectively; and that all executors, administrators, guardians and trustees shall have like liberty and power to make or cause to be made the said subscriptions and acceptance of money or stock, for and on the behalf of their respective testators, intestates, or of infants, minors, femes covert, cestui que trusts or others for whom they are or shall be respectively intrusted and are and shall be, by virtue of this act, indemnified in and

for doing the same; nevertheless the share or interest which such executors, administrators, guardians and trustees respectively shall, by virtue of such subscriptions as aforesaid, have or be entitled to in the capital or joint stock of the same company increased and to be increased as asoresaid, shall be subject and liable to the like uses, trusts and purposes, as the same annuities and debts were or would have been liable, had not the same been taken in as aforesaid.

Persons who have accepted aforesaid, That all and every person and persons or corporations, who shall be paid or satisfied for his, her or their annuities, eapital flock, must deliver up their or their annuities, must deliver up their or the respective and tickets.

The paid or latisfied for his, her or their annuities, must deliver up their orders or shares in the said capital slock, or otherwise, at the respective rates and prices by this act intended concerning the respective rates. shall at the same time deliver or cause to be delivered up to such person or persons, or such or so many of them, as the said commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them,

> point, all the orders and tickets whereby such proprietors respectively were entitled to such annuities, debts or incumbrances, or any of them, whether the same be any of the standing or-ders which were made forth and signed by any lord treasurer or commissioners of the treasury for the time being, for payment of such of the said annuities, or for payment of any principal fums with interest for the same, as were made payable at the receipt of the exchequer, or be any of the standing orders which were made forth and figned as aforefaid for payment of such annuities or principal sums with interest, as were made payable in any of the particular offices, commonly called the lottery-offices, or be any of the pay-tickets which were made forth by the faid lot-

or the high treasurer for the time being, shall in this behalf ap-

tery act of the year one thousand feven hundred and ten, and were not subscribed into the capital stock of the said South-See company, pursuant to a subsequent act in that behalf, or by any of the fortunate tickets drawn on the faid two lottery acts of the Afth year of his Majesty's reign, or either of them, which shall sirst have been chequed, proved and attested as aforesaid. XXV. Pro-

XXV. Provided always, That if any of the proprietors of On affidavit, AXV. Provided always; That it any of the proprietors of On affidavit, any the faid orders or tickets so to be delivered up (not being a sec. that or-Quaker) shall make oath by an affidavit in writing, or (being a been lost, such affidavit or shall make a solemn affirmation in writing, that any the affidavit to be said orders or tickets are lost, burnt or destroyed, and that he, taken instead she or they, for that cause, cannot produce the same, and that of the orders. Such orders or tickets, if they could be produced, would be his, her or their own property at the time of making such oath or affirmation, and if the said persons to be appointed for taking in the said orders and tickets, or any two or more of them (who in the faid orders and tickets, or any two or more of them (who have hereby power to take such oaths and affirmations respectively, and to examine the parties concerning the same) shall be satisfied in the truth thereof, then and in every such case, the said persons to be appointed for taking in the orders and tickets, or any two or more of them, have hereby power to take in the faid affidavits or affirmations instead of the orders or tickets to which they shall have relation; any thing herein contained to

the contrary notwithstanding.

XXVI. And it is hereby further enacted by the authority a- The orders, foresaid, That the person or persons to be appointed for taking &c. to be define the said orders and tickets, as aforesaid, shall from time to livered with lifts signed in

time, as soon as conveniently may be, after any of them, or to the exche-any such affidavits or affirmations instead of any of them, shall be quer. taken in, deliver the faid orders and tickets, affidavits and affirmations fo taken in, with exact lifts thereof (the faid lifts to be figned by the faid persons so to be appointed, or by two or more

of them) into the office of the auditor of the receipt of the exchequer for the time being, there to remain for ever: and that no payments or issues upon any the orders, tickets, affidavits or affirmations so delivered up, shall afterwards be made at the faid receipt of the exchequer, or in any the faid particular offices, unless it be for such arrearages of the faid annuities

or interest-monies, for payment of which special provision is afterwards made in and by this act; and that the particular duties, revenues, funds and provisions, charged with the payment And the funds of the annuities and debts which were payable by the said orders, shall be distickets, oaths and affirmations so delivered up, or any of them, charged there-shall from thenceforth be discharged of and from the same, ex-

cept as to the payment of the faid arrearages touching which fpecial provision is afterwards made in and by this act.

XXVII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Managers to

That the above mentioned managers and directors to be consti- adjust and tuted in pursuance of this act, or any three or more of them, fign distinct shall from time to time, as soon as conveniently may be, after accounts of annuities, &cc. opening the respective books by them to be opened, as afore-taken in or faid, until the said first day of March one thousand seven hun-paid off, withdred and twenty one, make up, adjust and sign distinct accounts in the time of of all the annuities and debts which shall have been taken in or such account. paid off within the time of every such account successively; that is to say, one account of all the annuities which within the time of the same account shall have been taken as part of the said an-

nuities computed to amount to fix hundred fixty fix thousand eight hundred twenty one pounds eight shillings and three pence halfpenny per annum, or thereabouts; one other account of all the annuities which within the time of the same account shall have been taken in as part of the said annuities computed to amount to eighty one thousand pounds per annum or thereabouts; one other account of all the faid heretofore unsubscribed lottery annuities which within the time of the same account shall have been taken in as part of the faid annuities computed to amount to forty fix thousand two hundred and fixty pounds fix shillings and one penny per annum, or thereabouts; one other account of all the principal fums which within the time of every fuch account shall have been taken in by purchase or subscriptions, to be paid off as part of the above mentioned sums computed to amount to five hundred fixty three thousand three hundred pounds, carrying interest at four pounds per centum per annum, by virtue of her Majesty's letters patents before mentioned; one other account of all the principal sums which within the time of every fuch account shall have been taken in by purchase or subscriptions, or paid off as part of the above mentioned sums computed to amount to one million fifty five thousand nine hundred and ninety pounds, or thereabouts, carrying interest at five pounds per centum per annum; and six hundred fifty two thousand and twenty pounds, or thereabouts, carrying interest after the rate of four pounds per centum per annum, by virtue of the said acts of the twelsth year of the reign of Queen Anne, and the first year of his now Majesty's reign; one other account of all the principal sums which within the time of every such account shall have been taken in by purchase or subscriptions, or paid off as part of the above mentioned fum of five hundred thousand pounds payable with interest at four pounds per centum per annum, by one of the said lottery acts of the fifth year of his Majefty's reign; and one other account of all the principal fuma which within the time of every such account shall have been taken in by purchase or subscription, or paid off as part of the above mentioned sum computed to amount to ten millions seven hundred twenty three thousand six hundred seventy pounds eleven shillings and three pence three farthings, or thereabouts, for which annuities are now payable by the cashier of the bank of England, at the rate of five pounds per centum per annum; or as part of the above mentioned fum computed to amount to three millions fifty one thousand five hundred and one pounds fifteen shillings and nine pence halfpenny, or thereabouts, for which annuities are now payable by the same cashier, at the rate of four pounds per centum per annum: and that in every such account so to be made and adjusted, from time to time, there shall be particularly expressed every annuity or debt respectively taken in or paid off, as aforefaid; the names of the respective proprietors, from whom the same shall have been taken in or paid off; the particular duties, revenues, funds and provisions, which were feverally charged therewith; the prices or rates paid to each proprie-

tor for the same, and the additions which the said South-Sta company is to have to their own capital stock and annuity, or yearly fund for taking in, or paying off those annuities and debts respectively, according to the tenor and true meaning of this

XXVIII. And it is hereby enacted, That the faid managers Managers to and directors, to be constituted in pursuance of this act, as a transmit duplicates of foresaid, or any three or more of them, shall from time to time, such accounts upon their making up, adjusting and figning the said several ac- to the treasu-counts, as aforesaid, transmit or cause to be transmitted dupli-ry, and to the cates thereof, attested by them, or any three or more of them, directors of to the commissioners of the treasury, or the high treasurer for company, &cc. the time being, and to the court of directors of the South-Sea company for the time being, and duplicates of fo much thereof as concerned any of the faid annuities or debts, which were payable at the faid receipt of the exchequer, to the auditor of the faid receipt for the time being; and duplicates of so much thereof as concerned any of the faid annuities or debts which were payable at the lottery-offices, to such persons as the commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or the high reasure for the time being shall appoint and duplicates high treasurer for the time being, shall appoint; and duplicates of so much thereof as may relate to the principal sums, for which annuities are payable at the respective rates aforesaid, by the cashier of the bank of *England*, to the accountant general of the governor and company of the bank of *England* for the time being.

XXIX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, After 1 March That the said managers and directors, to be constituted in purfuance of this act, or any three or more of them, shall with all be taken in or convenient speed, after the said first day of March one thousand paid off, mafeven hundred and twenty one, or after all the said annuities nagers to and debts shall be taken in or paid off, as aforesaid (which shall transsmit a complete duplifieste of the cates of all the subscriptions and entries which shall be contain—whole into the end in all the said books to be opened and kept by them. Such exchanges ed in all the said books to be opened and kept by them, such exchequer, complete duplicates being first attested under the hands of three or more of the said managers and directors, to the auditor of the receipt of the exchequer for the time being, to remain in his office for ever: and the faid managers and directors, or any three and the fubor more of them, shall also with all convenient speed, after the scriptionfaid first day of March one thousand seven hundred and twenty South Sea one, or after all the faid annuities and debts shall be taken in company.
or paid off, as aforesaid (which shall first happen) deliver or
cause to be delivered the said books containing all the subscriptions and entries, which then or before that time shall have been made therein (fuch books being first attested under the hands of three or more of the same managers and directors) to the court

company.

XXX. And whereas the present capital or joint stock of the faid

governor and company of merchants of Great Britain trading to the

South M_3

of directors of the South-Sea company, for the use of the same

lions

South-Seas and other parts of America, and for encouraging the fishery, doth amount in the whole to eleven millions seven hundred forty fix thousand eight hundred forty four pounds eight shillings and ten pence, or thereabouts; and their present annuity or yearly sund, payable in respect thereof, at the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, deth amount in the whole, to five hundred eighty seven thousand three hundred forty two pounds four shillings and five pence per The values, to annum, or thereabouts: now it is hereby further enacted by the

Bock, &c.

be computed authority aforesaid. That the values to be computed at the said rate of twenty years purchase for such of the said annuities by this act computed to amount to fix hundred fixty six thousand rent per cent. halfnenny for shareshows as shall be taken in factority and shall be taken in factority as shareshows. rent. per cent. halfpenny per annum, or thereabouts, as shall be taken in, from as the same time to time, by purchases or subscriptions, as aforesaid; and the shall be taken in or paid off, values to be computed after the said rate of fourteen years puring or paid off, values to be computed after the said rate of fourteen years puring the same to be computed after the said rate of fourteen years puring the same taken in th in or paid off, values to be computed after the laid rate of fourteen years pur-fhall be added chase for such of the said annuities, by this act computed to a-to the capital mount to eighty one thousand pounds per annum, or thereabouts,

as shall from time to time be taken in by purchases or subscriptions, as aforesaid; and the values to be computed at the like rate of fourteen years purchase for such of the said lotteryannuities, by this act computed to amount to forty fix thoufand two hundred and fixty pounds fix shillings and one penny per annum, or thereabouts, as shall from time to time be likewise taken in by purchases or subscriptions, as aforesaid; and the values to be computed after the faid rate of one hundred pounds for every one hundred pounds of the faid redeemable debts and incumbrances, by this act computed to amount to fixteen millions five hundred forty fix thousand four hundred eighty two pounds feven shillings and one penny farthing, or thereabouts, which shall from time to time, as the said several annuities, debts and incumbrances respectively shall be taken in or paid off, and as the faid respective values shall be specified in the entries which shall have been made in the said books of the said managers and directors, to be appointed in pursuance of this act, shall be added and united to the present capital or joint stock of the same governor and company; and that every member of that corporation (as well those to be incorporated into the same by virtue of this act, as all other members thereof) shall have credit in the books of the same corporation for his, her or their proportion or share of and in the whole capital or joint stock of the same corporation so increased, from time to time, and of and in all the dividends, profits and advantages whatfo-ever, to attend the fame, from and after their being taken into the said capital stock; and that the same governor and compapany for every ny, and thir successors, for every addition which shall be made addition to their capital shall have an tions which are to be made thereunto in respect of the sums before in this act computed to amount to three millions fifty one

And the com addition to thousand five hundred and one pounds fifteen shillings and nine their annuity of 51. per cent. pence halfpenny, and one million feven hundred and fifteen except the adthousand three hundred and twenty pounds, in all to four milditions at 41. per cent.

lions seven hundred sixty six thousand eight hundred twenty one pounds fifteen shillings and nine pence halfpenny, or thereabouts, for which annuities or interest after the rate of four pounds per centum per annum are now payable, as is above men- Interest to be tioned) shall have, receive and enjoy, and be entitled by virtue at 51. per of this act, to have, receive and enjoy an addition and additions cent. till 24 to their faid annuity or yearly fund, after the rate of five pounds after at 41. per centum per annum, until and for the feast of the nativity of per cent.

St. Jahn Baptist which shall be in the year of our Lord one thoufand seven hundred and twenty seven, and from thenceforth after the rate of four pounds per centum per annum, till redemption by parliament, according to the tenor and true meaning of this prefent act (it being intended that from and after the said seast of the nativity of St. John Baptist one thousand seven hundred and twenty seven, the said rate of sive pounds per centum per annum shall be certainly and actually reduced to the said rate of four pounds per centum per annum, until such redemption;) and for every addition which shall be made to their capital stock, purfuant to this act, for or in respect of the said sums computed to amount in the whole to the said sum of four millions seven hundred fixty fix thousand eight hundred twenty one pounds fifteen shillings and nine pence halfpenny, or thereabouts, the same governor and company, and their successors, shall have, receive and enjoy, and be intitled by virtue of this act to have, receive and enjoy an addition and additions to their faid annuity or yearly fund after the rate of four pounds per centum per annum, until and for the said feast of the nativity of St. John Baptif, which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and twenty seven, and from thenceforth after the same rate of four pounds per centum per annum, until redemption by parliament as afore aid.

XXXI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, When the ad-That the addition and additions to be made to the present an-ditions shall fuance of this act, shall commence from the quarterly feast day, or half-yearly feast-day, on which the annuities or interest-money, for or in respect of such annuities, debts and incumbrances, so taken in or paid off, are payable, and which shall last precede fuch payment or subscription thereof respectively, except the additions to be made for taking in the faid lottery annuities of the year one thousand seven hundred and ten, for which the proportional annuity of the same company is to commence from Michaelmas one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, as aforesaid.

mas one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, as aforesaid. Treasury on XXXII. And it is hereby enacted, That the said commission the sioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or the duplicates, high treasurer for the time being, from time to time, as he or shall determine they shall receive the said accounts or duplicates thereof from said additions the said managers and directors to be constituted by virtue of to the compathis act, or such of them, as aforesaid, shall by an instrument my's capitals or instruments in writing under his or their hands and said said. or instruments in writing under his or their hands and seals, de-

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clare, fettle and determine, not only every such addition so to be made to the capital or joint stock of the said governor and company, according to the respective rates or values which shall have been specified in the said accounts or duplicates thereof so transmitted, but also the several additions which shall, from time to time, be made to their annuity or yearly fund, in respect of such their additional stock, as aforesaid, and likewise the times from which the faid additions to be made to their annuity or yearly fund shall commence or have relation in point of payment, according to the respective times of taking in or paying off the said annuities and debts respectively, by this act directed to be

specified in the same accounts or duplicates, as aforesaid, and

The increased annuity shall grow due quarterly out of the monies with.

according to the purport and true meaning of this act; and that every member of the fame corporation (as well those to be Every member, in proportion to his fhares, shall have credit in capital stock so increased, shall have credit in capital stock so increased, shall have credit in the books of the the company's fame corporation, for his, her, or their share or proportion of books.

and in the whole capital stock so increased from time to time. XXXIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That the said annuity or yearly fund now payable to the same governor and company after the rate of sive pounds per centum per annum, from the time to which it was last paid at the of the monies to arise by the exchequer, until and for the said feast of the nativity of St. Yebn duties charge- Baptist which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand able there- seven hundred and twenty seven, and from thenceforth at the said rate of four pounds per centum per annum, until redemption

by parliament, according to this act, shall grow and be accounted due quarterly, as the fame now is, at the four most usual feasts in the year, by equal portions (nevertheless to be satisfied by weekly or other payments, as is herein after mentioned) to the same governor and company, and their successors, out of the monies arisen and to arise into the said exchequer, of or for the particular duties, revenues, funds, and other provisions now charged or chargeable with the same annuity or yearly fund, now payable after the faid rate of five pounds per centum per annum, or appropriated for payment thereof by any act or acts of parliament now in force; and that the feveral additions to be made to the same annuity or yearly fund of the same governor and company by virtue of this act, as fast as the same additions respectively shall be settled and determined, as aforesaid, shall be computed and paid from the respective commencements thereof according to this act, and shall grow and be accounted due to them and their successors quarterly, at the sour most usual feasts aforesaid, by equal portions, at the several rates by this act prescribed, until and for the said feast of the nativity of St. John Baptist one thousand seven hundred twenty seven; and from and after the same feast-day at the said rate of four pounds per centum per annum, until redemption by parliament, according to this act (nevertheless to be satisfied by weekly or other payments, as is herein after mentioned;) and all and every the same additional

tional annuities or yearly funds shall be charged and chargeable upon, and be paid and payable out of the monies arisen or to arise at the said receipt of exchequer, of or for the particular duties, revenues, funds, and other provisions respectively, which were charged with payment of the respective annuities or debts so taken in or paid off, as aforesaid, or were appropriated for payment thereof; and in case the said particular duties or reve- The temponues, or any of them, are temporary, or were imposed only rary duties for a term or terms of years, which may end or determine becontinued for fore the redemption of the additional annuity or annuities intended to be charged thereupon by virtue of this act, then and in all and every such case and cases every such additional annuity, until the redemption thereof by parliament, according to this act shall be charged upon, and be payable out of the same or the like particular duties and revenues by this act continued and granted to his Majesty, his heirs and successors for ever, which are hereby declared to be a further security for payment of the some of the fame.

AXXIV. And whereas the said governor and company of merebants of Great Britain, are already entitled, by virtue of sormer acts of parkament in that behalf, to several yearly sums, amounting to nine thousand three hundred ninety seven pounds nine shillings and sin pence per annum, for charges of management, and it is intended that they, and their successor, shall have a further allowance for ebarges of management of so much as it now costs the publick for the annual charge of paying, assigning, and accounting for the annuities and debts by this act intended to be taken in or paid off, or so much of them as shall be actually taken in or paid off, pursuant to this act: be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said A proporcommissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, tional addior the high treasurer for the time being, shall with all convenient tion to be speed cause an account or estimate to be taken and made up of company's fpeed cause an account or estimate to be taken and made up of made to the the whole annual cost to the publick, of paying, assigning, and present allow-accounting for all the annuities and debts of what kind soever, ance for computed or specified in this are associated (whether the charge of the computed or specified in this are associated (whether the charge of t computed or specified in this act, as aforesaid, (whether they charges of shall or shall not be all taken in or paid off) and upon his or management. their receiving the above mentioned accounts, or duplicates thereof, from the said managers and directors to be constituted in pursuance of this act, from time to time, shall compute and allow, and cause to be computed and allowed to the same governor and company, a proportion of the faid costs for the annuities and debts then appearing to be actually taken in or paid off; that is to fay, as the fum of eleven millions feven hundred forty fix thousand eight hundred forty four pounds eight shillings and ten pence (being their present capital stock) is to the said yearly sum of nine thousand three hundred ninety seven pounds nine shillings and fix pence, (being their present allowance for ma-ragement) so the stock which they are to have for the annuities and debts by every such account or duplicate thereof, appearing to be taken in or paid off, shall be to the proportional sum which chall be allowed to the same corporation towards their charges,

so as all the proportional sums last mentioned do not exceed the whole of one year's cost for paying, assigning, and accounting for all the annuities and debts before mentioned; and the proportional sums so to be allowed, shall from time to time be specified in the said respective instruments, under the hands and feals of the faid commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or the high treasurer for the time being, and shall respectively commence from the respective time or times at which the to be increased annuity and annuities to the same governor and company, or the proportional parts thereof, shall commence in pursuance of this act.

The 9397 l. 9s. 6d. per annum, and further fums for charges, to be paid to the company as their pre &c. are pay-able till redeemed.

XXXV. And it is hereby enacted, That the faid fums amounting to nine thousand three hundred ninety seven pounds nine shillings and six pence per annum, and such further sums for charges of management (when and as they shall be added thereunto) shall from time to time be paid and payable to the said governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, and fent annuities, their successors, at such times, and in such manner and form as their present annuity or yearly fund, and the said additions to be made thereunto, as aforesaid, are by this act appointed to be paid and payable, till the same annuities and yearly funds shall be redeemed according to this act; and that as well the faid fums amounting to nine thousand three hundred ninety seven pounds nine shillings and fix pence per annum, as the said further sums to be allowed for charges of management, shall be charged upon and payable out of the particular duties, revenues and incomes by this act charged or intended to be charged to and with the payment of the said present annuity or yearly fund of the same governor and company, and of the said several additions to be made thereunto, as aforefaid; any thing in this or any former act or acts of parliament contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

All the duties yearly fund, &c. to be brought into

XXXVI. And for better fecuring to the faid governor and and revenues company of merchants of Great Britain, and their successors, charged with all the payments intended to be made to them, by virtue or in the company's pursuance of this after he is further and the company's pursuance of this after he is further and the company's pursuance of this after he is further and the company's pursuance of this after he is further and the company's pursuance of this after he is further and the company's pursuance of this after he is further and the company of t pursuance of this act: be it further enacted by the authority a-foresaid, That all and every the above mentioned duties and revenues whatsoever by this act charged or intended to be chargthe exchequer, ed to or with the payment of the annuity or yearly fund of the same governor and company, and the additions to be made there-unto, as aforesaid, and to or with the payment of the said yearly fum of nine thousand three hundred ninety seven pounds nine shillings and six pence, and the additions for charges of management to be made thereunto, as aforesaid, (whether the same duties or revenues, or any of them, be such as were granted in perpetuity by any former act or acts of parliament, or be continued in perpetuity by virtue of this act) shall from time to time be raised, levied and collected, and all the monies arising according to the directions and paying the fame into the exchequer in England) shall of the former from time to time be brought and paid into the same exchequer

by and according to the rules, methods and directions, and with such drawbacks, repayments and allowances, and under fuch penalties, forfeitures and disabilities, as are prescribed by the faid former act or acts of parliament respectively, or refer-red unto by this act, for raising, levying, collecting or bringing in the same, as fully and effectually, as if the same rules, methods, directions, drawbacks, repayments, allowances, penal-ties, forfeitures and disabilities, and every of them, were in and by this act particularly repeated and re-enacted; and that all the monies which shall be so brought into the said receipt, from to be entred time to time, of or for the said duties and revenues respectively, in books of

shall be fairly and distinctly entred and registred in one or more the auditor of book or books to be kept in the offices of the auditor of the said the receipt and clerk of receipt, and clerk of the pells severally for that purpose, to which the pells. all persons concerned at all seasonable times shall have free access

without fee or charge.

XXXVII. And it is hereby also enacted, That the said audi- One other tor of the receipt and clerk of the pells for the time being shall book to enter severally keep one other book, in which shall be entred distinctly so much of the ly and separately so much or such proportions of the said mornies as monies as monies as a such as the said receipt of each property of the said receipt of each property. nies so coming from time to time into the said receipt of exche-ought to be quer, as by the tenor and true meaning of this act shall be ap- applied to the plicable or ought to be applied for or towards the payment of company's the said present annuity or yearly fund of the same governor and and the addition to be at the respective rates before-mentioned, and for or towards the made thereto, payment of their said yearly sum of nine thousand three hundred and for ninety seven pounds nine thillings and six pence for charges of management, and the additions to be made thereunto as aforefaid, until such redemption as aforesaid; which monies for that purpose shall be kept apart from all other monies whatsoever payable into the said receipt.

XXXVIII. And it is hereby also enacted and declared by the The monies authority aforesaid, That all the monies which shall or ought to to be kept abe so separated and kept apart for the said purposes in this act ex- part and appearance of the said purposes in this act ex- part and so the said purposes in the said purposes in the said purposes pressed, shall be and are hereby appropriated, and shall from propriated for time to time be issued and applied to and for the payment and statisfaction of such sum and sums of money as, according to the tenor and true meaning of this act, shall from time to time be due or payable to the said governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, or their successors (subject nevertheless to such reduction and redemption, as are in and by this act prescribed touching the same) and to none other use, intent or purpose whatsoever; and that the respective officers in the exchequer, whattoever; and that the respective offices in the exchequer, who shall make any wilful delay in issuing or paying the same, Penalty on offor shall be guilty of diverting or misapplying any of the said mon-ficers of the nies contrary to this act, for any such offence shall be forejudg—exchequer misapplying ed of their respective offices or places, and be rendred incapable the money. to serve his Majesty, his heirs or successors, in any office or imployment of trust or profit whatsoever, and shall also be liable to pay double the value of any fum or fums of money so wilful-

ly delayed to be paid, or so diverted or misapplied as aforesaid, to the faid governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, and their successors, to be recovered by action of debt or on the case, bill, suit or information in any of his Majesty's courts of record in Westminster, wherein no essoin, protection, wager of law, or more than one imparlance shall be granted or allowed.

Orders to be figned by the treasury for making pay-ments to the company.

Jaw, or more than one impariance man be granted XXXIX. And for the better and more regular payment of all the monies intended by this act to be paid to the faid governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, and their successions. fors, at the different rates and in such manner as aforesaid, (subject nevertheless to such reduction and redemption as are by this act provided concerning the same) an order or orders shall from time to time be made forth and figned by the commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or by the high treasurer for the time being; and after signing thereof the same shall be good, firm, valid and effectual in the law, according to the purport and true meaning thereof and of this act, and shall not be determinable by or upon the death or removal of any commissioner or commissioners of the treasury, or high treasurer for the time being, or by or upon the death or determination of the power, office or offices of them or any of them; nor shall any commissioners of the treasury, high treasurer or under treasurer for the time being have power to revoke, countermand or make void such order or orders so made forth and figned as aforefaid.

the exchequer.

Weekly iffues XL. And for the more speedy payment of the monies which to be made at shall be due and payable to the same governor and company, or their successors thereupon: it is hereby further enacted and de-clared by the authority aforesaid, That weekly or otherwise, as the monies appointed or intended by this act to be applied for or towards the faid payments to grow due to them as aforesaid, shall from time to time be brought into the receipt of the exchequer, and shall or ought to be set apart for that purpose as aforesaid, such monies shall and may, from time to time, be issued upon such order or orders for or towards discharging the faid annuity or yearly fund of the same governor and company, and the faid additions to be made thereunto; and for or towards the payment of the faid yearly fum of nine thousand three hundred ninety seven pounds nine shillings and fix pence; and the faid further allowances for charges of management to grow due at the end of that quarter of a year in which such issues or payments shall be made; so as such weekly or other payments do not exceed the fums which shall grow due for or at the end of fuch quarter respectively.

Deficiency to overplus in any subse-

XLI, And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, be made good XLI. And be it further enacted by the authority atorelaid, out of the That if at any time or times the monies which shall be brought into the exchequer, and be let apart as aforefaid, for making the payments by this act appointed and intended to be made to quent quarter. the faid governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, and their fucceffors as aforefaid (which monies are by this act appropriated for or towards that use and purpose) shall not be fufficient

fufficient to pay and discharge or compleat the payment at the end of any quarter of a year of all the monies which shall be then due for or upon their faid present annuity or yearly fund, and the said additions to be made thereunto, and for or upon the faid yearly fum of nine thousand three hundred ninety seven pounds nine shillings and six pence for charges of management, and the additions to be made to the same as aforesaid, then and so often and in every such case, the deficiency of any such quarter shall and may be supplied out of the overplus monies to arife and to be fet apart as aforesaid in any subsequent quarter.

the and to be let apart as adversard in any indicapent quarter.

XLII. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the au- Annuities not thority aforefaid, That such of the said annuities and debts as taken in shall shall not be taken in by purchase or subscription, or be paid off continue to be by or in pursuance of this act, and the interest-monitor payable former offices, for the same debts, shall severally continue to be paid and shall be payable to the respective proprietors thereof, their executors, administrators, successors and affigns, at the same respective of-fices and places, and out of the same duties, revenues and incomes, and at fuch time and times, and fhall be affignable, transferrable and disposeable in the same manner and form as those annuities and debts, or the interest of such debts, are now payable, assignable, transferrable or disposeable by the respective and shall be acts or statutes now in force concerning the same, and as if this transferrable, present act had never been made: and that this act, or any &c. as if this clause, matter or thing therein contained, shall not extend or act had not been made. be construed to interrupt, delay or prejudice, at any time before or after the said first day of March one thousand seven hundred and twenty one, the receiving, assigning, transferring or disposing the said annuities or debts, or the interest of such debts not taken in or paid off by virtue of this act as aforefaid, in any manner of wife; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding (except as is herein before otherwise provided and directed, relating to the stopping or delaying the affigning and transferring the annuities or shares in stock for the same, now

XLIII. And as to such of the above-mentioned annuities and Annuities debts at interest, as at any time or times before the said first day taken in beof March one thousand seven hundred twenty one shall actually fore i March
be taken in by purchase or subscription, or be paid off by or in paid their arpursuance of this act or any of the clauses therein contained; it rears to the
is hereby further provided and enacted by the authority afore-days of taking. said, That the respective proprietors thereof, their executors, administrators, successors and assigns, at the same respective offices and places, and out of the fame duties, revenues and incomes as are now severally charged with the payment of the said annuities and debts respectively, shall be satisfied and paid all the arrearages of the said annuities and interest-monies (the arrearages on the faid lottery-annuities for the year one thousand Exceptions seven hundred and ten only excepted) until and for the quarterly feast-day or half-yearly feast-day on which such annuity or inserest-money respectively were payable, and which shall last pre-

transferrable at the publick office of the bank of England).

to the end the days or times of taking in or paying off as aforefaid the principal monies for which the said annuities or interestmonies were payable, may certainly be known, and for prewenting frauds relating thereunto, the faid managers and directify the tors to be conflituted by virtue of this act as aforefaid, or three times of taking in, to the feveral offices.

The distribution of the faith managers and directions of them, from time to time, as foon as conveniently may be, after any principal fum for which any annuity or integrated in now may be, after any principal fum for which any annuity or integrated in now may be, after any principal fum for which any annuity or integrated in now may be, after any principal fum for which any annuity or integrated in the faith managers and directions of taking in the rest is now payable, shall be actually taken in or paid off as aforesaid, shall certify the time of taking in or paying off the
same, in manner following; that is to say, so much thereof as imported the payment of any annuity or interest at the exche-quer, shall be so certified to the auditor of that receipt for the time being, so much thereof as imported the payment of any annuities by the faid cashier of the bank of England, or attended stock for the same, shall be certified to the accountant general in the office of the faid bank for the time being; and so much thereof as imported the payment of any the faid annuities or interest-monies in any other of the particular offices now in being, shall be certified to the comptrollers belonging to those offices respectively; which said auditor of the receipt, accountant general and comptrollers respectively are hereby strictly enjoined and required to take especial care, that after the payment of fuch arrears no further payments be made of the annuities or in-terest-monies of the said annuities or debts so taken in or paid off, or of any interest-money for the same, or that any assignments or transfers be afterwards made thereof, or of any part thereof, in their said respective offices, whereby the publick may be liable to be injured by a double payment; any thing in this withstanding.

South-Sea XLIV. And whereas the corporation of the said governor and comcompany shall pany of merchants of Great Britain are willing, in consideration of
pay into the the liberty by this ast given them of increasing their cases. or in any other act of parliament whatfoever to the contrary not-

exchequer, towards difcharging na-

the liberty by this act given them of increasing their capital flock and their annuity or yearly fund in respect of the same as aforesaid, by taking in or paying off all and every or any of the said redeemable debts and incumbrances in this act before computed to amount to sixteen milincurred betione 25 Dec.

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4.100 debts and incumbrances as were incurred before the twenty fifth day of December one thousand seven hundred and sixteen, declared to be mational debts, and provided for by acts of parliament: be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the same corporation shall pay into the receipt of the exchequer, for the purposes lastmentioned, the faid fum of four millions one hundred fifty fix thousand three hundred and fix pounds four shillings and eleven; pence,

pence, without any deduction defalcation or abatement whatfoever for any cause, matter or thing whatfoever; the same to be paid by fuch proportions and at fuch times as are herein after appointed for payment thereof; that is to say, one full and equal fourth part Times of paythereof on or before the feast of the annunciation of the blessed ment. Virgin Mary which shall be in the year of our Lord one thou-7Geo.1. stat.2. fand seven hundred and twenty one; one other full and equal 9 Geo. 1. c. 6. fourth part thereof on or before the feast of the nativity of Saint John the Baptist which shall be in the said year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred twenty one; one other sull and equal fourth part thereof on or before the feast of Saint Michael the Archangel which shall be in the said year of our Lord one thoufand seven hundred twenty one; and the remaining fourth part of the said sum of four millions one hundred fifty six thousand three hundred and fix pounds four shillings and eleven pence, and in full payment thereof, on or before the feast of the birth of our Lord Christ which shall be in the said year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred twenty one.

of our Lord Christ which shall be in the said year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred twenty one.

XLV. And whereas the said corporation of the governer and company of merchants of Great Britain, in consideration of the increase south-Sea which, by virtue of this act, will be made as aforesaid of their capipay into the tal stock and annuity or yearly sund before-mentioned, by taking in by exchequer purchase or subscription at prices to be mutually agreed on with the analysis of the said several terms of ninety six years, eighty nine years, the long anninety nine years and thirty two years, or such estates and interests nuities that therein as will compleatly make up the said several remainders of the shall be so active times of taking in the same annuities respectively, are willing to pay such further sum and sums of good and lawful money of Great 7Geo.1. stat. Britain, as the annuities so purchased, or so many of them as shall be actually purchased and taken in within the time aforesaid, shall amount unto at the rate of sour hundred and sifty pounds for every such annuity, amounting to one hundred pounds per annum, and proportionably for any such greater or lesser annuities, which shall be taken in for the said remainders of the said national debts and incumbrances which were incurred before the said national debts and incumbrances which were incurred before the said twenty sifth day of December one thousand seven hundred and fixteen: be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the same corporation shall pay into the said receipt of the exchequer, for the purpose aforesaid, and without any deduction, desication or abatement whatsoever, such such such so four years and an half's purchase that annuity amount any deduction, desication or abatement whatsoever, such such such so four years and an half's purchase that annuity and the said rate of sour years and an half's purchase stores are so four years and an half's purchase that so four years and an half's purchase that such such such such such suc fuch further fums of good and lawful money of Great Britain, as the faid rate of four years and an half's purchase shall amount unto, upon all such of the annuities last mentioned as shall be actually taken in by purchase or subscriptions pursuant to this act, on or before the said first day of Murch one thousand seven hundred and twenty one; the faid furns, after the faid rate of four years and an half's purchase, to be paid into the said ex-ehequer by sour equal quarterly payments, as is herein after

Times of pay-mentioned; that is to fay, one full and equal fourth part therement.

of on or before the feast of the annunciation of the blessed Virgin Mary which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and twenty two; one other full and equal fourth part thereof on or before the feast of the nativity of St. John Baptist which shall be in the said year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and twenty two; one other full and equal fourth part thereof on or before the feast of St. Michael the archangel which shall be in the said year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and twenty two; and the remaining full and equal fourth part thereof on or before the feast of the birth of our Lord Christ which shall be in the said year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and twenty two, in full payment and satisfaction of the said sums, to be computed after the said rate of four years

Company to XLVI. And whereas the said corporation of the said governor and pay one year's company of merchants of Great Britain, to manifest their sincere intucts of the long annuities scriptions, and at prices to be mutually agreed upon, as aforesaid, the as shall not said annuities now payable for and during the said residuary terms of be taken in.

Interpolation of using their best endeavours to take in, by purchase or sub-long annuities scriptions, and at prices to be mutually agreed upon, as aforesaid, the as shall not said annuities now payable for and during the said residuary terms of be taken in.

Interpolation of the said seven of sub-long annuities and ninety size years, and ninety nine years, and ninety-nine sears, and ninety-nine sears, and ninety-nine years, and ninety-nine

the said terms of ninety six years, eighty-nine years, and ninety-nine years, which shall be to come and unexpired at the respective times of taking in the same, are willing to pay such further sum and lawful money of Great Britain, as the rate of one year's purchased when such as the name to say that the name of the same states and mentioned as shall chase to be computed upon such of the annuities last-mentioned, as shall chase to be computed upon such of the annuities last-mentioned, as shall not be actually purchased and be taken in within the time limited, shall amount unto; that is to say, one hundred pounds for every such annuity, amounting to one hundred pounds per annum, and proportionally for every such greater or lesser annuity, which shall not be so taken in, by purchase or subscription, within the time before limited; the monies so arising to be also applied towards the discharging the principal and interest of the said national debts and incumbrances which were incurred before the said twenty-sisted day of December one thousand seven bundred and sixteen: be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the same corporation shall pay into the said receipt of the exchequer for the purpose aforesaid, and without any deduction, defalcation or abatement whatsoever, such further sums of good and lawful money of Great Britain, fuch further sums of good and lawful money of Great Britain, as the faid rate of one year's purchase shall amount unto, upon all such of the annuities last mentioned, as shall not be actually taken in by purchase or subscriptions pursuant to this act, on or before the said first day of March one thousand seven hundred and twenty one; the faid fums after the faid rate of one year's purchase to be paid into the said exchequer, at such times and Times of pay- by such proportions as are herein after mentioned; that is to ment.

fay, one full and equal fourth part thereof, on or before the feast of the annunciation of the blessed Virgin Mary which shall be in

the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and twenty two; one other full and equal fourth part thereof on or before

the feast of the nativity of St. John the Baptist which shall be in the faid year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and twenty two; one other full and equal fourth part thereof on or before the feast of St. Michael the Archangel which shall be in the faid year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and twenty two; and the remaining full and equal fourth part thereof on or before the feast of the birth of our Lord Christ which shall be in the said year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and twenty two, in full payment and satisfaction of the said sums to be computed after the said rate of one year's purchase.

XLVII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, In case of sail-

That in case the said corporation shall make failure in payment ure of payof the said sum of four millions one hundred sifty six thousand ment, an action of debt three hundred and six pounds four shillings and eleven pence, or shall lie a any part thereof, or of the said sums to be paid after the said rate gainst the of four years and an half's purchase, or of the said sums to be company, &c. paid after the faid rate of one year's purchase, or any of them, or any part thereof, at the respective times herein before limited for payment thereof, or any of them, contrary to the true meaning of this act, then and in every or any such case and cases, the money whereof such failure in payment shall be made shall and may be recovered in his Majesty's name for the purpose be-fore-mentioned, by action of debt, or upon the case, bill, suit or information, in any of his Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, wherein no essoin, protection, privilege or wager of law shall be allowed, or more than one imparlance, in which action, bill, suit or information, it shall be lawful to declare that the governor and company of merchants of Great Britain trading to the South Seas and other parts of America, and for encouraging the fishery, are indebted to the King's majesty the money of which they shall have made default in payment, according to the form of this statute, and have not paid the same, which shall be sufficient's and in or upon such action, bill, suit or information, there shall be further recovered for the purpose aforesaid against the defendants, damage after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, for the monies so unpaid contrary to this act, and the said cor-poration and their stock and funds shall be and are hereby made subject and liable thereunto.

XLVIII. And for the better enabling the said governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, and their successors, to raise money to be paid, for or in part of the said sum of sour millions one hundred sifty six thousand three hundred and six pounds four shillings and eleven pence, or for or in part of the said sums to be paid after the said rates of sour years and an half's purchase and one year's purchase respectively, or for purchasing or paying off all or any the annuities and debts to be taken in or paid off in pursuance of this act, or for exchanging for ready money the new exchequer-bills to be made forth, as hereafter in this act is mentioned, or for defraying the interest thereof, or for carrying on their trade and other necessary occasions:

be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall and Company may may make calls of Yor. XIV.

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money from their members,

may be lawful to and for the faid governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, and their successors, from time to time, as they shall see cause, to call in or direct to be paid from and by their respective members for the time being, proportionably according to their respective interests in the capital stock or stocks which do or shall belong to the said governor and com-

pany of merchants of Great Britain, and which shall be increase

or open books ed, as aforesaid, or by opening books of subscriptions, or by of subscrip-

of subscription, or grant granting annuities redeemable by the same governor and comannuities, &c. pany, and their successors, or by any other method, ways and means as they shall think proper, to raise any sum or sums of money, as in a general court of the same governor and company shall from time to time be judged necessary, and ordered to

Executors, &c. be called in or raised; and that all executors, administrators,

Members not paying, their stock to be stopped, &c.

guardians, trustees and mortgagees, shall be indemnified in paying, and are hereby impowered to pay in their respective proportions of the money so called in or raised; and in case any fuch member or members shall refuse or neglect to pay his, her or their share of the said money so called for at the time or times appointed for that purpole, by notice inserted in the London Gozette, and fixed upon the Royal Exchange in London, it shall and may be lawful to and for the faid governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, and their successors, not only to stop the share, dividend, annuity and profits, which shall from time to time become payable to such member or members so neglecting or refufing, of the funds, stocks, annuities or profits of the said governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, and to apply the same, from time to time, for or towards payment of the share of the money so called for, and which ought to have been paid by such member or members so neglecting or refusing, until the same shall be satisfied, but also to stop the transfers or assignments of the share and shares of every such defaulter and defaulters, and to charge such defaulter and defaulters with interest, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, for the money so by him, her or them omitted to be paid, from the time the same was appointed to be paid until the payment there-of; and that the share and stock, shares and stocks of such defaulter and defaulters shall be liable to make good and answer

think fit, to fell, affign and transfer so much of the said stock or stocks of such defaulter or defaulters as will satisfy and pay the fame, rendring the overplus (if any be) to the proprietor: and the faid governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, or their successors, in a general court, from time to time, when they shall judge their affairs will admit thereof, shall or may

cause any sum or sums of money which shall be so called in, or

the faid monies so appointed to be paid, and the interest there-of, as aforesaid; and in case the principal and interest, as aforefaid, shall be unpaid by the space of three months, then the faid governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, or their fuccessors, or their court of directors for the time being, shall have power to authorize such person or persons, as they shall

any part thereof, to be divided and distributed to and amongst the then members of that corporation, according and in proportion to their respective interests in the capital stock or stocks of the same; any former law or statute, restriction, or other matter or thing whatfoever to the contrary notwithstanding.

XLIX. And for better enabling the said governor and com-

pany of merchants of Great Britain, and their successors, to raise money to be advanced for or in part of the faid fum of four millions one hundred fifty fix thousand three hundred and fix pounds four shillings and eleven pence, or for or in part of the said sums to be paid after the said rates of four years and an half's purchase, and one year's purchase respectively, or for purchasing or paying off all or any the annuities and debts to be taken in or paid off, in pursuance of this act, or for exchanging the new exchequer-bills to be made forth by this act, or to defray the interest thereof, or for carrying on their trade, and other neceslary occasions: it is also hereby enacted by the authority afore-laid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said gover-nor and company of merchants of Great Britain, and their suc-Company may ceffors, from time to time (in case they shall think fit) to bor-borrow money row or take up money upon any contracts, bills, bonds or obunder their common seal, or upon credit of their capi- or on credit of tal flock or flocks, to be increased, as aforesaid, or any part their capital thereof, at such rate or rates of interest, for any time not less flock, for any than six months from the borrowing thereof, as they shall think time not less than six and to give security under their common seal, or by assign-months. ing or transferring their stock or stocks, or any part thereof, or otherwise, as shall be to the satisfaction of the lenders respectively.

L. And be it further enacted, That all bonds or obligations All bonds, &c. under the common seal of the said company shall charge as well the additional the annuity or annual fund and additional annuities or annual fund and effunds payable to the said company by virtue of this act, as the fects of the present and additional stocks and other effects and estates of the company, and said company for the time being; and that all such bonds and and recoverablinations shall be affiguable, and the movies thereupon shall the obligations shall be assignable, and the monies thereupon shall able as former be recoverable as effectually, and in as ample manner and form bonds. as any their bonds taken upon any former act might be assigned, or the money due thereupon might be recovered.

LI. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all Securities not such contracts, bills, bonds, obligations or securities under the with stamptcommon seal of the said corporation shall not be chargeable with duties. any the duties upon stampt vellom, parchment or paper; any law or statute made or to be made to the contrary notwithstanding.

LII. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, That The money so much money as shall be called for by the said governor and be an addicompany of merchants of Great Britain from their respective tional stock of members, for or towards any the purposes before-mentioned; the company, shall (if the said governor and company think proper) be and be accedemed an additional stock of the said governor and company, N 2

and shall be written into the books of the faid company, and each member thereof shall have credit in the faid books for his or her proportion or share thereof; and that the members of the faid company, who shall have a share or interest in the stock or additional flock of the same company, shall or may assign and transfer the same in the books of the same company, in such or the like method, manner and form as are prescribed by the act or acts of parliament and charter now in force, for assignments or transfers of original stock to be made in the books of the same company; or may dispose or devise the same, or any part thereof, by will, in such manner and form as any share in the original stock of the same company is deviseable; nevertheless the same governor and company, or their fuccessors, in respect of such stock which shall or may be so added or written in their books, to enable them to make the faid payments into the exchequer, or other the purposes aforesaid, shall not be entitled to any increase of their annuity or yearly fund to be paid out of the publick duties, revenues or incomes above-mentioned, or any of them; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwith-

But shall not increase their yearly fund.

The capital to foreign attachment.

standing.

LIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, and increased That the said present capital stock of eleven millions seven hunyearly fund dred forty fix thousand eight hundred forty four pourses thall be deemed a personal estate, and go to by virtue of this act, and the said annuity or yearly fund of to executors, five hundred eighty seven thousand three hundred forty two made thereunto by virtue of this act, and the faid yearly fum of nine thousand three hundred ninety seven pounds nine shillings and fix pence, for charges of management, and the additions to be made thereunto by virtue of this act, and the share and interest of each and every particular member of and in the same capital stock, and the same additions to be made thereunto, and of and in the faid annuity or yearly fund of five hundred eighty feven thousand three hundred forty two pounds four shillings and five pence, and the same additions to be made thereunto, and of and in the said yearly sum of nine thousand three hundred ninety seven pounds nine shillings and fix pence, for charges of management, and the additions to be made thereunto, and every of them, shall be and be adjudged, taken and accepted in construction of law, and in all courts of law and equity whatsoever, to be a personal and not a real estate, and shall go to the executors or administrators of the person or persons dying and possessed thereof, interested therein or entitled thereunto, and not to the heirs of such person or persons, and shall not be liable to any foreign attachments by the custom of the city of London, or otherwise; any law, custom or usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

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LIV. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, Members may That the respective members of the same corporation, who shall beautiful from their have a share or interest in the present capital stock or the increasock thereof, shall and may assign and transfer such his, her eir share or interest, or any part thereof (except as is other-provided in this act) in the books of the said corporation, ch or the like method, manner and form as are prescribed id by the act or acts of parliament and charter now in sorce flignments or transfers of original stock to be made in the s of the said corporation; or shall or may dispose or devise or devise the ame, or any part thereof, by will, in such manner and same by will, as any share in the original stock of the said corporation is

1. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, : as well the faid present annuity or yearly fund of five huneighty seven thousand three hundred forty two pounds four ngs and five pence, as all the additions which shall be made to by virtue of this act; and the said yearly sum of nine and three hundred ninety seven pounds nine shillings ix pence, for charges of management, and all additions to nade thereto by virtue of this act; and the shares, parts terests of the several members of and in the same, and of n the faid present capital stock and increased capital stock : fame governor and company, and of and in the benefit of annexed thereunto; and the stock in trade in money to be The whole for any the purposes aforesaid, during the continuance of stock, &c. tax. me, shall be and are hereby exempted from all taxes, rates mpositions whatsoever by act of parliament or otherwise; aw or statute made or to be made to the contrary notwithing; and that no person, in respect of his being governor. No person, for acting pursues the same corporation, or for having any stock or share in, or by reason of his being named or acting as a manager, to or otherwise, for taking the said subscriptions, or for liament, nor g in orders and tickets, or for any other matter or thing by him done or personned by or in pursuance of this act only penalty for shall be now or at any time hereafter disabled from being shimself, aringing or from being elected or serving as a member of aw or statute made or to be made to the contrary notwithntinuing, or from being elected or ferving as a member of ment, nor be liable or subject to any penalty, forfeiture or lity prescribed by any other act or acts of parliament, for ualifying himself to execute his trust upon or in pursuance

is act, as persons who shall take or execute any office, or

of profit or trust, are subject and liable unto by any of the now in force; and that every proprietor of any the annui- Every proprietor debts above-mentioned may, notwithstanding his being etor (notwithly of the said offices or trusts, contract for the price of his standing his ty or subscribe such annuity or debt in any of the books to being intrustened and kept as aforesaid, and receive his payment for scribe his annuity or subscribe his annuity or subscribe his annuity or subscribe his annuity or subscribe his annuity. See me, as if he were not in such office or trust, so as such nuity, &c, act with him for the price of his annuity be made by the

persons intrusted on behalf of the said corporation, and so : said subscription (in case he be a manager) be taken by r more of the other managers for taking the same subscripand that no member of the same corporation, in respect Not subject to of the flatute of foreign attachments.

bankrupts, or of his share or shares in the said capital or increased capital stock, shall be or be adjudged liable to be a bankrupt, within the intent and meaning of all or any of the flatutes made against or concerning bankrupts; and that no stock in the said company shall be subject and liable to any foreign attachment by the custom of the city of London or otherwise; any law, statute, usage

The transfers not liable to any higher stamps than

now payable.

Counterfeiting the com-pany's feal or

or custom to the contrary notwithstanding. LVI. And it is hereby enacted, That the transfers or affignments of the present capital stock or increased stock, in the books of the faid company, shall not hereafter be or be made liable to any higher or greater stamp or other duties than are now pay-

able for the same; and that if any person or persons shall forge or counterfeit the common seal of the same company, or shall forge, counterfeit or alter any bond or obligation under the common feal of the same company, or shall offer to dispose of or pay away any such forged, counterfeit or altered bond, knowing the same to be such, or shall demand the money therein contained,

bonds, felony. or pretended to be due thereon, or any part thereof, of the fame company or any of their officers, knowing fuch bond or obligation to be forged, counterfeited or altered, with intent to defraud the same company or their successors, or any other person or persons whatsoever, every such person or persons so offending, and being convicted thereof in due form of law, shall be guilty of felony, and shall suffer death as a felon, without benefit of clergy.

LVII. And it is hereby declared and enacted by the autho-

funds till the

redemption

thereof,

Corporation

Evil. And it is necessy declared and company of merfinal continue rity aforefaid, That the faid governor and company of merfor ever, and chants of Great Britain, and their fucceffors for ever, shall refor ever, and chants of *Great Britain*, and their fuccessors for ever, shall re-shall enjoy main, continue and be one body corporate and politick, by the their increased name of the governor and compeny of merchants of *Great Bri*name of the governor and company of merchants of Great Britain trading to the South-Seas and other parts of America, and for encouraging the fishery, and shall have, hold, receive and enjoy the faid annuity or yearly fund of five hundred eighty feven thousand three hundred forty two pounds four shillings and five pence, and the said annuities or yearly sunds which, pursuant

to this act, shall or ought to be added thereunto by way of increase as aforesaid, and the said yearly sum of nine thousand three hundred ninety seven pounds nine shillings and six pence, and the faid yearly sums to be added thereunto (by way of in-

and their factories, trade and acquisifitions.

crease for management) pursuant to this act, until the said annuities and yearly funds, and the said yearly sums respectively shall be redeemed according to this act, and shall have, hold and enjoy for ever all their forts, sactories, acquisitions, lands, tenements, hereditaments, sole benefit of trade in and to the South-Seas and elsewhere, with a perpetual succession, and all abilities, capacities, powers authorities franchises exemptions abilities, capacities, powers, authorities, franchises, exemptions, privileges, profits and advantages whatfoever, whereunto the fame governor and company are or before the making of this act were entitled by any act or acts of parliament, grant or charter now in force (all which are by this act ratified, confirmed and made effectual to them and their successors) freed and discharged of

and

and from all former provisoes, powers, acts, matters and things whatfoever, for redeeming, determining or making void the fame, or any of them, subject nevertheless to the provisoes and powers herein after contained for redeeming the faid present annuity and yearly fund of the same governor and company, and all additions to be made thereunto, and the said yearly sum of nine thousand three hundred ninety seven pounds nine shillings and fix pence for charges of management, and all additions to be made thereunto, at such time or times and in such manner

and form, as are herein after specified in that behalf.

LVIII. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the autho- After 24 June rity aforesaid, That at any time after the said feast of the nativipayment of the whole caone thousand seven hundred twenty seven, upon repayment by pital stock, &c. parliament to the said governor and company of merchants of yearly fund, Great Britain, or their successors, of the whole sum whereof &c. to cease. their said capital stock, with all the additions which for taking their faid capital stock, with all the additions which (for taking in the said annuities, debts and incumbrances) are to be made thereunto by way of increase as aforesaid, shall then consist, according to this act, without any deduction, defalcation or abatement whatfoever to be made out of the same, or any part there-of, and upon payment of all arrears which shall be then due at the respective rates aforesaid, or either of them, for or upon the then annuity or yearly fund of the same governor and company to be increased as aforesaid, and upon payment of all arrears of the faid yearly sums for charges of management; all which ar-rears (if any such be) shall be computed and paid to the quar-terly feast-day then next preceding, and from thence shall be computed and paid by the day, till the time of such full pay-ment made of the capital stock to be increased as aforesaid, then the faid annuity or yearly fund of the same governor and com-pany, payable as aforesaid, and the annuities or yearly funds which shall be added thereunto pursuant to this act, and the said yearly sums to be allowed for charges of management as afore-said, and every of them, shall from thenceforth cease and determine.

LIX. And in regard it is intended, That at any time or times after the said seast of the nativity of Saint John Baptist which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven bundred twenty seven, the principal or sum total of the said capital and to be increased stock of the same governor and company, consisting of eleven millions seven bundred forty six thousand eight bundred forty four pounds eight shillings and ten pence, and the additions to be made thereunto as afore-said, may be satisfied to the said governor and company by any payments (not being less than one million of lawful money of Great Britain at a time); and that as the same principal money hall be paid ments (not being less than one million of lawful money of Great Biltain at a time); and that as the same principal money shall be paid
off, the said annuity or yearly fund of the same governor and compaan, and the annuities or yearly funds to be added thereunto as aforesaid, shall from time to time proportionably sink and be abated: be it
therefore further provided and enacted by the authority aforesaid, That at any time or times after the said feast of the nativiAfter 24 June
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ty 1727, on pay-

ment of any ty of Saint John Baptist which shall be in the year of our Lord fum not leis one thousand seven hundred twenty seven, upon repayment by parliament to the said governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, or their successors, of any sum or sums of money 1,000,000 l. a proportion-able part of (not being less than one million at a time) in part of the principal monies whereunto the faid capital with all the additions which, for taking in the faid annuities, debts and incumbrances, the annuities

shall cease. Geo. 2. C. 8. are to be made thereunto by way of increase as aforesaid, shall

fect. 19.
3 Geo. 2. c. 16. all arrearages then due to them at the respective rates aforesaid, Geo. 3. c. 5. all arrearages then due to them at the respective rates aforesaid, Geo. 3. c. 17. or either of them, for or upon their said annuity or yearly fund 6 Geo. 2. c. 25. increased or to be increased as aforesaid, or so much of those are Geo. 3. c. 24. received as shell have a proportion to the principal sums from 9 Geo. 2. C. 34 rearages as shall bear a proportion to the principal sums from 100 co. 2. C. 17 time to time remaining unsatisfied, being computed by the day, until the time of every such payment of part of the principal respectively; and upon payment of all arrearages then due for or upon the faid yearly sums for charges of management; then, from and after every such payment so made to the same gover-nor and company, or their successors, so much of their said annuity or yearly fund, increased or to be increased as aforesaid, as shall bear proportion to the monies so paid in part of the said principal, shall cease, determine and be abated; any thing in this or any former act or acts of parliament contained, or other matter or thing whatfoever to the contrary notwithstanding.

Afterredemption of the anauthority aforesaid, That from and after the redemption of the

nuities, the did annuity or yearly fund of the faid governor and company of duties to be understood to be redeemed yearly funds which are to be joined to the same as aforesaid, and

by parliament, of the faid yearly sums to be paid for charges of management as aforesaid, according to the several and respective provisoes or conditions of redemption in this act contained, of or conceming the same, then and not till then, so much of the said several duties, revenues and incomes as were by this act applicable thereunto during the continuance thereof, shall be understood to be redeemed by parliament, and shall not be issued, paid or applied to any use, intent or purpose whatsoever without authority of parliament: nevertheless the same corporation by the name aforesaid shall for ever remain, continue and be one body corporate and politick, and shall have, hold and enjoy all their forts, factories, acquisitions, lands, tenements, hereditaments, sole benefit of trade in and to the South-Seas and elsewhere, and also all the lands, tenements and hereditaments that are or shall be by them purchased in *Great Britain*, not exceeding one thou-fand pounds per annum, with perpetual succession, and all abilities, capacities, powers, authorities, franchises, exemptions, privileges, profits and advantages whatfoever, whereunto the faid governor and company are, or before the making this act were entitled by any act or acts of parliament, grants or charter now in force; all which, and all the clauses, matters and things therein contained, now being in force, are by this act ratifies.

But the cdrpóration to continue for

.] med and made effectual to them and their successors; and ne governor and company and the members thereof, with-iving any share or interest in the said yearly funds, payor annuities, or any of them, after the same shall be red, shall have and be entitled to the sole and exclusive beof trade in and to the South-Seas and elsewhere, and such of trade in the fishery, as by any act or acts of parliament n force is directed, and all other benefits, powers, priviand advantages (the faid respective annuities to them issupayable after such redemption as aforesaid, only excepted) io fuch redemption were had or made; any thing in this ntained to the contrary notwithstanding.

I. And it is hereby declared and enacted by the authority All thin aid, That all and every the abilities, capacities, powers, any forr rities, exemptions, franchifes, privileges, profits and adacts or c ges whatfoever, and all pains of death and other penalties, to conti ures, and disabilities, and all rules, directions, methods, for ever is, matters and things whatsoever, which by any former acts of parliament, or any clause or clauses therein, or narter or charters under the great seal of Great Britain, are ed, granted or established to, for, touching or concerning me corporation of the governor and company of merchants eat Britain trading to the South-Seas and other parts of At, and for encouraging the fishery, or their successors, or embers of the same, or any person or persons employed or employed under them (being in force at or until the time king this act, and not hereby determined or altered) shall er continue and be practifed, and be put in execution, for ng and paying the yearly funds, annuities and payments is act directed, and subject to the provisoes for redemption of in this act contained, and also (as well after such retion as before) for securing the possessions, trade and buof the fame corporation, and for the advantage of them ll persons employed and to be employed under them, in pects, as fully and effectually, to all intents and purpofes, the said abilities, capacities, powers, authorities, exemp-franchises, privileges, profits and advantages, and the said of death and other penalties, forfeitures and disabilities, he faid benefit of trade, rules, directions, methods, ar-, matters and things were severally repeated and at large acted in the body of this present act.

III. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That no- Not to he in this act contained shall obstruct or hinder, or be con- the pay. I to obstruct or hinder the payment of any part of the year- of 700,00 per ann. n of seven hundred thousand pounds, settled during his Majesty. sty's life (which God long preserve) for support of his Ma-houshold, and of the honour and dignity of the crown, y part of the annuities granted by his Majesty to his royal or the a refs the prince of Wales, or his trustees, out of the same, ties to te ant to acts of parliament in that behalf; or to obstruct or prince of the payment of the yearly sum of sour thousand pounds Wales, payable 4000 l.

ann. for the-riffs charges.

payable by any act or acts of parliament out of part of the faid aggregate fund to sheriffs of England and Wales, for defraying the charges of taking forth their letters patents for their respective offices, and passing their several accounts, and obtaining their quietus's; any thing in this act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

the numbers thereof were

So many of the pay-tickets belonging to the said lottery of the year one thousand seven bundred and ten, which were not subscribed pursuant to the said former annuity in the lottery at tickets belonging to the same lottery, as (in case the numbers theref tickets belonging to the same lottery, as (in case the numbers theref the numbers theref the numbers the number mentioned: it is hereby declared and enacted by the authority anot interrupt. foresaid, That in all cases, upon producing such pay-tickets for so much as will make up such annuity or annuities for the said term of three and twenty years, the bearer or bearers thereof shall be admitted to contract for the price or prices of the same annuity or annuities, and fuch annuity or annuities may be taken in by purchase or subscription pursuant to this act, as if all the tickets for every such annuity for the said three and twenty years were of the same number without being interrupted or broken; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwith-

Some proprietors of the pay-tickets having fold their interest term, &c.

stroken; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwin-standing.

LXIV. And whereas several of the proprietors of the said pay-tickets may have sold, aliened or disposed of their interest in one, two or three years succeeding payments of such pay-tickets, part of these comprehended in the said term of three and twenty years: it is here-by provided and surther enacted by the authority aforesaid, That by provided and further enacted by the authority application, a more functions of the faid term of three and twenty years, may contract for or may subscribe subscribe into the books to be provided in pursuance of this the whole act, that whole term of and in the faid annuity or annuities, and all the pay-tickets for the fame, paying to the person or persons to be appointed to receive and take in the said pay-tickets the full amount of such pay-tickets or tickets so sold, aliened or disposed, in trust to pay and satisfy such person or persons as shall have right to and be in possession of such pay-tickets, when the money for those tickets respectively shall be demanded, and

the money for those tickets respectively shall be demanded, and delivering up all the rest of the pay-tickets for the term so sub-ficient for, as in this act is before prescribed; any thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Properties in the contrary notwithstanding.

LXV. And whereas it bath so happened, that the properties of social several tickets entitled to benefits in the respective lotteries settled and several tickets entitled to benefits in the respective lotteries settled and edin the fifth year of his Majesty's reign have not been adjusted in manner as by the said acts such benefit tickets ought to have been adjusted, the persons possessed the managers and directors of the said lotteries within the time limited for that purpose: be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall and may

may

Anno sexto Georgii I. c. 4. 1719.

may be lawful to and for fuch of the fame managers and directors as the commissioners of his Majesty's treasury shall think sit to appoint in this behalf, to settle and adjust the properties of any the tickets in the faid respective lotteries that have not hitherto been settled and adjusted; provided the persons possessed of the faid tickets, their agents or assigns, do appear with the fame before the same managers and directors, on or before the five and twentieth day of *December* one thousand seven hundred and twenty; and the same managers and directors, or some or one of them, are hereby required to certify, not only the properties of and in all fuch tickets as shall be claimed and adjusted before them, within the time aforesaid, but also of and in all such other tickets, the properties whereof have been before claimed and adjusted, but not certified, as the respective acts in that case have directed and appointed; any thing in the said acts

or either of them to the contrary notwithstanding.

LXVI. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted, Company not That if the sub-governor, deputy-governor, the directors, ma- to purchase crown-lands, or other members of the said corporation of or lend money of members of Court Revision trade to the second the governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, trad- to the crown ing to the South-Seas and other parts of America, and for encou- by way of anraging the fishery, shall upon the account of the faid corpora-ticipation. tion, at any time or times, purchase any lands or revenues belonging to the crown, or advance or lend to his Majesty, his heirs or fuccessors, any sum or sums of money by way of loan or anticipation, on any part or parts, branch or branches, fund or funds of the revenues now granted or belonging, or hereafter to be granted or belonging to his Majesty, his heits or successors, other than such fund or funds, part or parts, branch or branches of the faid revenues only on which a credit of loan is or shall be granted by parliament, that then the said sub-governor, deputy-governor, directors, managers or affiftants, or other members of the faid corporation; who shall consent, agree to or approve of the advancing or lending to his Majesty, his heirs or successors, such sum or sums of money as aforesaid, and each and every of them so agreeing, consenting or approving, and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall for every such offence forseit treble the value of every such sum or sums of money so Penalty for so lent; whereof one fifth part shall be to the informer, to be re- doing. covered in any of his Majesty's courts of record at Westminster by action of debt, bill, plaint or information, wherein no protection, wager of law, essoin, privilege of parliament or other privilege shall be allowed, nor any more than one imparlance, and the residue to be disposed of towards publick uses as shall be di-

rected by parliament, and not otherwise.

LXVII. And whereas it is intended, That as well the above-mentioned sum of four millions one bundred sifty six thousand three hundred and six pounds four shillings and eleven pence, and every part thereof, as the said sums to be paid after the rate of sour years and a balf's purchase, and also the said sums to be paid after the rate of me year's purchase, and every of them, and every part thereof, to be

paid into the receipt of the exchequer by the said governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, as sast as the same shall be paid into the said receipt, shall be issued and applied in manner following; that is to say, That out of the sirst monies arising of or for the said several sums so to be paid into the said receipt, every or any of them, so to be paid into the said receipt, every or any of them, such publick debts and incumbrances carrying interest or annuities after the sums to be the rate of sive pounds per centum per annum, or more, incurred paid after the sum and summer and twentieth day of December one thousand seven bundred and sixteen, sounded upon any former asso or fund of the chase and one said governor and company of merchants of Great Britain) as are now years purchase and one said governor and company of merchants of Great Britain) as are now year's purchase, shall be redeemable, or may be redeemed at any time or times on or before the issued and appropriate and twentieth day of December one thousand seven hundred piled.

The five and twentieth day of December one thousand seven hundred twenty and two, shall be redeemed and paid off in the first place; and geo. 1. c. 6. shall be reserved in the exchequer for redeeming and paying off the same according to the true meaning of this act, then all the rest, residue and remainder of the said sum of sour millions one hundred fifty six thousand of thee hundred and six pounds four shillings and eleven pence, and of the said sums to be computed after the said several rates of four years and an half's purchase and one year's purchase, and of every of them, and of every part thereof, as the same residues and remainders, from time to time, shall grow due from the same goverfour years and an half's purchase and one year's purchase, and of every of them, and of every part thereof, as the same residues and remainders, from time to time, shall grow due from the same governor and company, or their successors, and as the same shall or ought to be paid into the said receipt of exchequer, shall be applied for or towards paying off so much of the capital stock and increased capital stock of the same governor and company as shall then carry interest after the rate of sive pounds per centum per annum; and that upon every such payment, or reserving money as aforesaid to make such payment, to the same governor and company, a proportional part of their annuity or yearly sund, or of their annuity or yearly sund to be increased as aforesaid, for which that rate is or shall be payable, shall ccase and determine: now it is hereby provided, enacted and declared by the authority aforesaid, That the said several sums of four millions one hundred sifty six thousand three hundred and four millions one hundred fifty fix thousand three hundred and fix pounds four shillings and eleven pence, and the said several sums to be paid after the said rates of sour years and an half's purchase and one year's purchase, and every of them, and every part thereof, shall be applied in such manner and form as are before-mentioned and intended for the application thereof (over and above the monies of the faid finking fund by this act directed to be applied for leffening publick debts and incumbrances, in such manner and form as are in this act prescribed concerning the same) and the commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, and the high treasurer for the time being, are hereby directed and authorized to cause all the monies arifing of or for the faid fum of four millions one hundred fifty fix thousand three hundred and six pounds four shillings and eleven pence, and the faid sums to be paid after the rate of four years and an half's purchase and one year's purchase, and every of them, and every part thereof, to be applied in the manner

and form by this act prescribed touching or concerning the same; and that upon every such payment, or reserving such money in the exchequer to make such payment to the said go. On every such payment a vernor and company of merchants of *Great Britain*, a proportional part of their faid annuity or yearly fund or increased annuity or yearly fund, for which the said rate of five pounds per increased ancentum per annum shall be payable, for which so much of their nuity to cease. capital stock shall be paid off, or for which money shall be foreferved from time to time, shall cease and determine; any thing

herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

LXVIII. And whereas in and by an act of parliament made in the 3 Geo. 1, c.7.

third year of his Majesty's reign, the monies to arise from time to
time by certain surplusses, excesses and overplus monies therein specified, were appropriated for discharging the principal and interest of
such national debts and incumbrances as were incurred before the five and twentieth day of December one thousand seven hundred and sixteen, and were declared to be national debts, and were provided for by act of parliament, in such manner and form as should be directed or appointed by any suture act or acts of parliament to be discharged therewith or out of the same; which monies so arising by the said surplusses, excesses and overplus monies, are commonly called the sinking fund, and the said fund, commonly so called the sinking fund, is like to be very much increased in consequence of this present act, by taking in several of the above-mentioned annuities and debts, and settling (in the several of the above-mentionea annuities and aeois, and settling (in lieu thereof) upon the said governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, and their successors, additions to their present annuity or yearly fund at the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, until and from the said feast of the nativity of Saint John Baptist one thousand seven hundred and twenty seven; and afterwards at the said rate of four pounds per centum per annum, till redemption of the said rate of some pounds and the said rate of some pounds. tion thereof according to this act: now it is hereby further declared and enacted by the authority aforesaid, That so much of the ney arising monies, as at any time or times before the said feast of the na- before 24 tivity of Saint John Baptist which shall be in the year of our Lord June 1727, by one thousand seven hundred and twenty seven, shall arise by the the overplus monies called said surplusses, excesses and overplus monies, with the said in the sinking crease thereof, as shall or may remain in the exchequer after diffind, with the charging so much as remains unfatisfied of the sum of sive hun-increase theredred and twenty thousand pounds, mentioned in an act of the of, as fall refifth year of his Majesty's reign for cancelling such exchequer
510,000 l. by bills as are therein specified, and after discharging such pay
5 Geo.1. c. 3.

ments as shall be charged or chargeable on the said finking sund, is completed, or the increase thereof, by any other act or acts of this section of and after disments as shall be charged or chargeable on the said sinking stund, is completed, or the increase thereof, by any other act or acts of this session of and after disparliament, and after paying off such publick debts and incumments charging payments carrying interest, or any annuity after the rate of five ed on the pounds per centum per annum, or any higher interest or annuity, sinking sund, founded upon any former act or acts of parliament in that beasile before half (not being part of the capital stock or fund of the said go—Midsummer vernor and company of merchants of Great Britain), as may be seen vernor and company of merchants of Great Britain) as may be 1727, redeemed before the said feast of the nativity of Saint John Baptift one thousand seven hundred twenty and seven, shall and may shall be appli-

fums of be applied at the end of every year, so far as such remainder of the faid surplusses, excesses and overplus monies will from time

wards paying to time extend, by even sums of one hundred thousand pounds off part of the capital, carry. at a time, for or towards paying off part of the capital stock of ing interest at the said governor and company of merchants of Great Britain; 5 l. per cent. which shall carry the said rate of five pounds per centum per annum; and upon every such payment a proportional part of their annuity or yearly fund payable at that rate for so much of the said capital stock as shall be so paid off, from time to time, shall cease and determine; and the said commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or the high treasurer for the time being, are hereby directed and authorized to cause the monies so arising of or for the said sinking fund, other than and except as aforesaid, to be applied for or towards the paying off fuch publick debts and incumbrances, and for or towards paying off fuch part of the capital stock of the said governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, and reducing a proportional part of their annuity or yearly fund accordingly, any for-

mer law or statute to the contrary notwithstanding. LXIX. And whereas a great number of bills, commonly called exchequer-bills, were made forth and issued at the receipt of the exchequer by virtue of former acts of parliament in that behalf, and the far greatest part of the said bills so made forth have since been discharged and cancelled at the said receipt, pursuant to the same or other acts of parliament made for that purpose, and particularly provision was made by an act of the sifth year of his Majesty's reign for applying the sum of sive hundred and twenty thousand pounds therein mentioned towards discharging such hills, out of the said surplusses, excesses and overplus monies, commonly called the sinking fund, part of which sum of sive hundred and twenty thousand pounds bath accordingly been applied, and the residue thereof, as it shall come into the exchequer, will be applicable thereunto; and after the application there-LXIX. And whereas a great number of bills, commonly called exquer, will be applicable thereunto; and after the application there-of the principal monies to remain due upon such of the said bills as will then be in or out of the exchequer uncancelled and undischarged, will, by estimation, amount unto eight hundred ninety fix thoufand fix hundred fixty two pounds ten shillings, or thereabouts, be-fides interest on them, or some of them: now it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said commissioners of the treacalling in the sury, or any three or more of them, or the high treasurer for present exthe time being shall, by publick notice in writing to be affixed

Clause for cancelled, a-

present exthe time being shall, by publick notice in writing to be affixed chequer-bills upon the Royal Exchange in London, and published in the London remaining un. Consette present a certain day by or before which all the faid re-Gazette, prefix a certain day by or before which all the faid re-fiduary bills fo cstimated to amount to eight hundred ninety fix mounting to fiduary bills to citimated to amount to significant and seem specificant to significant to signific fons as the said commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or the high treasurer for the time being shall appoint to receive the same, at or near the said exchequer, to be changed for new bills, as is herein after directed; and that all fuch of the refiduary bills standing out, as shall not be brought in upon such notice to be exchanged for new bills as aforesaid,

within the time or times thereby to be fignified, shall lose their currency, and no interest shall grow due thereupon after the day to be prefixed as aforesaid.

LXX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Clause for That the said commissioners of the treasury, or any three or making forth more of them, or the high treasurer for the time being, shall exceeding the exceeding the cause new bills to be prepared and made at the said receipt of the same sum in exchequer, in such method and form as they shall think most lieu thereof. convenient, for any fum or fums of money whereof the principal shall not exceed the said sum of eight hundred ninety six thousand six hundred sixty two pounds ten shillings, adding thereunto the interest-monies which shall appear to be due thereupon; which new bills shall be made forth to bear an interest not exceeding the rate of two pence per centum per diem; and the said commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or high treasurer for the time being, shall cause the said residuary bills to be cancelled and discharged, and, as fast as the said refiduary bills shall be brought in, cancelled and discharged, shall cause new bills in lieu thereof to be delivered to the respective bearers of the faid refiduary bills, fo that for every principal fum contained in any the faid refiduary bills fo cancelled and discharged, a new bill (of the new bills above-mentioned) containing the like principal sum shall be delivered to the said bearers respectively; and that such new bills which shall be so delivered to any teller or tellers of the exchequer, as the bearers of any the faid refiduary bills, shall (instead of such residuary bills fo brought in and cancelled) be placed in their respective offices

as so much cash. LXXI. Provided always, That in case proof shall be made On oath that upon oath of one or more credible witnesses before the lord chief any of the rebaron, and other the barons of the coif, of his Majesty's court have been lost, of the field residuary bills have been lost, of exchequer, or any of them, that any of the faid refiduary new bills to be bills, amounting to eight hundred ninety fix thousand fix hun-delivered in dred fixty two pounds ten shillings, or thereabouts, were by lieu thereof. casualty or mischance lost, burnt, or otherwise destroyed before the second day of February one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, and shall by such oath ascertain the numbers and fums of such bill or bills; and if thereupon the said chief baron; and other the said barons, or any of them, before whom such proof was made, shall certify that he or they is or are satisfied in such proof; that then and in every such case the said commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or the high treasurer for the time being, are hereby authorized to cause a new bill or bills (of the new bills before-mentioned) to be delivered in lieu of the bill or bills so certified to be lost, burnt or destroyed, as if the original bill or bills were brought in and cancelled; provided the person or persons so receiving the same do give security to his Majesty (to the good liking of the person or persons who shall be appointed to take in the old bills as aforesaid) to pay into the exchequer, for the use of the publick, so much money as is contained in such new bill or bills,

In case the original bill or bills so certified to be lost, burnt of destroyed, be hereaster produced.

LXXII. And whereas the said governor and company of merchants.

South-Sea company during feven years from Midfummer 1720, willing to furnish money for circulating these new bills at their own charge,

LXXII. And whereas the said governor and company of merchants of Great Britain (in consideration of the advantages which may possibly accrue to them by increasing as well their tapital stock, as their annuity or yearly fund, and also their allowance for charges of management, upon such terms and conditions as are in and by this all prescribed in that behalf) are willing from time to time, during the term of seven years, to be reckoned from the feast of the nativity of Saint John Baptist one thousand seven hundred and twenty, to surnish, supply and pay to such trustees as shall be chosen and constituted, as is herein after mentioned, so much ready money in the lawful coins of this realm, as shall be sufficient to enable such trustees to exchange all such of the said bills to be made forth by virtue of this all, is shall be demanded at the publick office of the said trustees, at any time or times within the said term of seven years, by paying in such ready money upon every such demand, all the principal monies contained in every such bill, and the interest which shall then be due thereupon, and so totics quoties, as often as any such bills shall be demanded, and are willing at their own proper cost and charges to bear, desiray and allow, out of the money so to be surnished from time to time, so much as shall be so paid by the said trustees, for interest upon the bills so demanded and exchanged from time to time, to time, supon exchanging of every such new bill as aforesaid, take in the bill so exchanged, and shall stand possesses to stand or power of the said trustees) in trust for the said governor and company of merchants of trustees) in trust for the said governor and company of merchants of pal monies therein contained, and the interest monies to grow due thereupon, during the times they shall be in the hands or power of the sald
trustees) in trust for the said governor and company of merchants of
and a propor- Great Britain, and their successors, and shall be answerable and aition of money countable to them for the same monies, or the value thereof in like bills,
other bills to as is berein after-mentioned; and in case during this or any suture
be made forth. session or sessions of parliament any other act or acts of parliament be or
shall be made, for making forth any surther sum or sums in exchequerbills to be circulated by trustees at or near the exchequer, and to be current at any time or times within or during the said term of seven years, or for any part of the same term, at the said exchequer, and in the publick revenues and taxes, upon credit of such fund or security, or of such monies to be derrowed thereupon, as by authority of parliament shall be established or appointed to support the currency thereof, then and in every such case the said governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, for the consideration aforesaid, are willing (from time to time during the said term of seven years, or for so much of that term as the said exchequer bills to be made forth by such other or future ast or asts of parliament, shall have a joint currency with the faid bills to be made forth by virtue of this ast, or be current together, or at the fame time) to furnify, supply and pay to such trustees as shall be chosen or constituted as in this ast is afterwards mentioned, in the lawful coins of this realm, a proportional part of such ready money as shall be sufficient to enable the same trustees to exchange all or any the bills which shall be so current (whether they be bills made forth by vir-

tue of this act, or by any other act or acts of this or any future session of parliament) as often as any such bill shall be demanded within the of parliament as often as any juch will shall be demanded within the laid term of seven years, by paying all the principal monies contained in such bill, and the interest which shall upon every such demand be due thereupon, and so toties quoties, as often as the same shall be demanded; which proportional parts shall from time to time be ascertained and determined in manner following, (that is to say) as the sum total of the principal monies contained in all the said bills then uncancelled and undischarged shall be to ten hundred thousand pounds, so the whole sum which at any time or times during the said term, shall the whole sum which at any time or times during the said term, shall be necessary and called for to support the currency of all the said bills, shall be to the proportional part to be surnished by the same governor and company towards supporting such currency: be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said commissioners of Treasury to his Majesty's treasury, or any three or more of them, or the name three, high treasurer for the time being shall, on behalf of the pub-pany as many lick, name three such persons as they shall judge to be sit for trustees, for executing the trusts relating to exchequer-bills in and by this circulating act intended, and that the said governor and company of mer-the new bills, chants of Great Britain, or their court of directors on their behalf, shall forthwith nominate three other persons (being memhalf, shall forthwith nominate three other persons (being members of their own company, or any others) as they shall judge to be fit for executing the said trusts in and by this act intended; and that upon such several nominations the said commisfioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or the high treasurer for the time being, shall and may, from time to time, by any writing or writings under their hands and seals (to be registred in the office of the auditor of the receipt of exchequer, and to be enrolled in the office of the clerk of the pells there) constitute and appoint all the persons which shall be so chosen or nominated to be trustees for circulating exchequer-bills, with power to them, or any four or more of them, to receive as well the monies to be furnished by the faid governor and company pursuant to this act, as the monies which by any other or future act or acts of parliament shall be issuable at the exchanger for supporting the currency thereof; and that the trustees so to be constituted shall keep an office at or near the exchanger to keep an in Westminster, to which the respective bearers of the said bills office at or may, at all seasonable times of the day (Sundays and holidays near the excepted) resort to have their bills exchanged for ready money excepted) refort to have their bills exchanged for ready money upon demand.

LXXIII. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That Company to the faid governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, furnish the and their successors, or their court of directors on their behalf trustees with shall, and they are hereby enjoined and required from time to money for time, during the faid term of seven years, to furnish, supply circulation of time, during the faid term of seven years, to furnish, supply, the new bills, and pay to such trustees as shall be chosen or constituted, as an or exceeding foresaid, so much ready money in the lawful coins of this realm, 1,000,000 l. as shall be sufficient to enable such trustees to exchange all such for seven of the faid bills to be made forth by virtue of this act, as shall years. be demanded at the said publick office of the said trustees, at a-

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ny time or times within the faid term of feven years, by paying (in fuch ready money) upon every fuch demand, all the principal monies contained in every such bill, and the interest which shall then be due thereupon, and so toties quoties, as often as any such bill shall be demanded, so as all the principal sums to be contained in all the new bills to be made forth by virtue of this act (in lieu of all the principal and interest due upon the faid old bills) do not in the whole exceed ten hundred thousand pounds; and the same governor and company shall at their own proper cost and charges bear, defray, and allow out of the money so to be furnished from time to time, so much as shall be so paid by the said trustees for interest upon the bills so demanded and exchanged from time to time, within or during the term. last mentioned.

Trustees accountable to the company.

LXXIV. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said trustees shall, and they are hereby enjoined and required, from time to time, upon exchanging every such bill. which shall have been made forth by virtue of this act, take in the bill so exchanged, and shall stand possessed of the same (as to the principal monies therein contained, and the interest-monies to grow due thereupon, during the times they shall be in the hands or power of the faid trustees) in trust for the faid governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, and their successors, and shall be answerable and accountable to them for the same principal monies, and the interest-monies to grow due thereupen during the times they shall be in the hands or power of the faid trustees, or the value thereof in like bills, as is herein after mentioned.

If any further iffued in expany shall fur-nish a propor-tional part of

LXXV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That in case during this or any future session or sessions of parchequer bills, liament, any other act or acts of parliament be or shall be made then the com- for making forth any further fum or fums in exchequer-bills to be circulated by truftees at or near the exchequer, and to be current at any time or times within or during the faid term of ready money seven years, or for any part of the same term, at the said excheto the trustees quer, and the publick revenues and taxes, upon credit of such for feven years, fund or fecurity, or of such monies to be borrowed thereupon, as by authority of parliament shall be established or appointed to support the currency thereof; then and in every such case, the faid governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, and their successors, for the consideration aforesaid shall, and they are hereby enjoined and required, by themselves, or their court of directors for the time being (from time to time, during the said term of seven years, or for so much of that term as the faid exchequer-bills to be made forth by fuch other or future act or acts of parliament, shall have a joint currency with the said bills to be made forth by virtue of this act, or be current together or at the same time) to furnish, supply, and pay to such trustees as shall be chosen or constituted by this act, as afore faid, in the lawful coins of this realm, a proportional part of fuch ready money as shall be sufficient to enable the same tru-

stees to exchange all or any the bills which shall be so current-(whether they be bills made forth by virtue of this act, or by any other act or acts of this or any future session of parliament) as often as any such bills shall be demanded within the said term of seven years, by paying all the principal monies contained in such bills, and the interest which shall upon every such demand be due thereupon, and so toties quoties, as often as the same shall be demanded, which proportional parts shall, from time to time, be ascertained and determined in such manner and form as are be-fore mentioned in that behalf; and that the same governor and company shall, at their own proper costs and charges, bear, de-fray, and allow out of the said proportional money so by them to be furnished from time to time, a like proportion of the monies which shall have been paid by the said trustees for interest upon the bills so demanded and exchanged (whether they be bills made forth by virtue of this act, or by any other act or acts of this or any future session of parliament,) (as aforesaid) within or during the faid term of feven years: nevertheless the said trustees, upon exchanging the said bills (during the time of such joint currency, as aforesaid) or any of them, shall be and are hereby obliged to take in the same bills so exchanged, and to be answerable and accountable to the faid governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, and their successors, for such part of the principal sums contained therein, and the interest-monies to grow due thereupon, during the times they shall be in the hands or power of the laid trustees, as shall bear a just proportion to the coined monies which the same governor and company shall have furnished and advanced for or towards the exchanging of the same, which proportions of the principal sums so paid by way of exchange, from time to time, and of the interest last mentioned, shall and may be made good to the said governor and company out of the same, or other exchequer-bills then current, as is herein after mentioned.

LXXVI. And be it further enacted by the authority afore-Trustees shall faid, That after the choosing and constituting such trustees as a-once in 14 foresaid, during the said term of seven years, they the said tru-days deliver to stees for the time being, shall once in every sourteen days at the the treasury farthest, make up and deliver, as well to the commissioners of and company, the treasury, or high treasurer for the time being, as also to the the monies said governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, or furnished for to their court of directors, or their cashier for the time being, exchanging a just, true and perfect account in writing, signed by the said bills, &c. trustees, or four or more of them, of all the monies or proportions of money, which within the time of every such account shall have been furnished to them the said trustees for or towards irculating or exchanging the faid exchequer-bills, or any of them, or for payment of interest thereupon, distinguishing how much thereof shall have been furnished by or on the behalf of the same governor and company, and how much thereof (if my) shall have been furnished on account of the publick, purmant to any other or future act or acts of parliament in that be-O₂ half

half; and how much of the same money furnished by the same governor and company, shall or ought to be born or allowed by them for interest, or for the proportional part of interest which they shall or ought to bear at their own charge, according to the tenor and true meaning of this act; and shall together with every such account deliver to the same governor and company, or to their court of directors, or their cashier for their use, so many exchequer-bills then current as by the monies then due thereupon shall amount to the total of the principal sums contained in the bills which were so exchanged by or with the money or proportions of money furnished by the same governor

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and company, as aforesaid.

Treasory may the said bills to be made forth by virtue of this or any other or future the company ass or ass, as aforesaid, it is hereby further enacted by the aufor this purthority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the role. faid commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or the high treasurer for the time being, upon receiving any account or accounts, as aforesaid, from the said trustees by any notice in writing to be given or left at the publick office of the fame governor and company, to call for and require such sums, from time to time, to be surnished and paid by them to the faid trustees for the exchanging and circulating the said bills, or for their proportion thereof (not exceeding one hundred thou-fand pounds at a time) as the faid commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or the high treasurer for the time being shall, from time to time, judge to be necessary in that behalf; and that the said sums so called for shall, from time to time, be furnished by the same governor and company, accord-

Truffees to exchange for ready money at their pub-lick office all bills brought to them.

ingly, within four days after every such notice given or left.

LXXVIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That the trustees to be constituted as aforesaid (being from time to time furnished with money of the lawful coins of this realm, for the purpose aforesaid, according to the purpost and true meaning of this act) shall, and they are hereby enjoined and required at their faid publick office to exchange for ready money all such of the said bills to be made forth by virtue of this or any other or future act or acts of parliament, as aforefaid, as from time to time, or at any time or times within or during the faid term of seven years, shall be in the hands of any person or persons, and within the same term shall be demanded of the fame trustees, or at their publick office, to be exchanged for ready money, by paying unto all such person and persons in ready money, the principal sum or sums for which such bill or bills fo required to be exchanged thall have been issued, or which the owner or owners of such bills shall be entitled unto by the same bill or bills respectively, together with interest which shall have grown due thereupon, for any time or times within the said term of seven years, and shall at the time of any such demand be due on such bill or bills respectively, and so toties quoties, as often as fuch bill or bills shall be demanded, as aforesaid, within the faid term of seven years. LXXIX. And

LXXIX. And it is hereby enacted, That any person or per-Ready money sons, bodies politick or corporate, having in his or their custody may be deany of the said exchequer-bills to be made forth by virtue of manded for this or any other future act or acts, as aforesaid, upon which six bills on which months interest, or more, shall be due and unpaid at any time 6 months interest during the said term of seven years, shall and may, from times during the said term of seven years, shall and may, from time to time, demand and receive of and from the said trustees for the time being (they being surnished with money, as aforesaid) all the interest so due and unpaid, which the same trustees are hereby directed and required to pay and discharge accord-

LXXX. And it is hereby further enacted by the authority Persons conaforesaid, That no governor, sub-governor, deputy-governor or cerned in cirdirector of the said South-Sea company, or any of the said trudisabled from structed or any ways concerned in or about the circulation or bers of parliaexchanging of the said exchequer-bills, or any of them, pursuement, or liable ant to this act, shall for that cause only be disabled from being a to be bank-manufactured. member of parliament, or be adjudged liable to be a bankrupt rupts. within the intent or meaning of all or any of the statutes made against or concerning bankrupts; any law, statute or provision

to the contrary notwithstanding.

LXXXI. And be it further enacted by the authority afore- These bills to

faid, That all and every the exchequer-bills to be made forth, be current in as aforefaid, and to be current at any time or times, within the the revenue. faid term of feven years, shall be received and taken by, and shall pass and be current to all and every the receivers and collectors in *Great Britain*, of the customs, excise, or of any revenue. nue, supply, aid or tax whatsoever already granted, due or payable, or which shall or may hereafter be granted, due or payable to his Majesty, his heirs or successors, and also at the receipt of the exchequer, from the faid receivers or collectors, or from any other person or persons, bodies politick or corporate whatsoever, making any payment or loan there to his Majesty, his heirs or fuccesfors, for or upon any account, cause or occasion whatsoever, according to the purport and true meaning of this act: and If received at that such of the same bills as shall be so received at the exche-theexchequer, quer shall and may be locked up, and secured as cash according to be locked to the course of the exchequer settled and established by law, up as cash. for locking up and securing money in specie received there; and out of money that all and appropriate and collectors in Creat Private out of money that all and every the receivers and collectors in Great Britain, in their hands of the customs, excise, or any revenue, aid, tax or supply what to exchange soever, already granted, due or payable, or which shall or may the bills.

shall be brought to them respectively, by any person or per-sons desiring to have money for the same; and in case any such Receivers rereceiver or collector shall refuse or neglect to exchange such bills fusing, may for ready money, by the space of four and twenty hours, then be sued.

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hereafter be granted, due or payable to his Majesty, his heirs or fuccessors, shall and are hereby directed and required, out of any current coined money, as shall then be in his or their hands of fuch revenue, aid, tax or supply, to pay such of the same bills as

the person or persons demanding the same, shall or may bring an action of debt or on the case, for the principal and interestmonies due upon such bill or bills, against such receiver or collector having money in his hands, as aforesaid, in which action the plaintiff shall or may declare, that such receiver or collector is indebted to such plaintiff in the money demanded upon every fuch bill according to the form of the statute, and hath not paid the same, which shall be sufficient; and the plaintiff in every such action shall recover against the receiver or collector not only the monies so refused or neglected to be paid, but also his damages, with full costs of suit, and such receiver or collector shall be subject and liable thereunto; and in such action no essoin, protec-tion, privilege or wager of law shall be allowed, or more than one imparlance, and upon payment of the monies so to be recovered, the plaintiff, his executors or assigns, shall deliver up such bills

Tallies to be

to the defendants, his executors or assigns.

LXXXII. And be it further enacted, That as any of the said fruck for fuch bills to be made forth by virtue of this or any other or future act bills lent into or acts, as aforesaid, shall at any time or times hereafter, with-theexchequer in or during the said term of seven years, or within or during any part of that term, be paid or lent into the exchequer by any his Majesty's receivers, or other person or persons, bodies politick or corporate, making any payment or loans at that receipt, the officers there shall cause tallies to be levied and delivered to the payers or lenders, as amply and effectually, to all intents and purposes, as if they had made such payments or loans

Interest due

in specie.

LXXXIII. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That on the bills to the interest which shall from time to time, be due upon any the be allowed by bills so to be current, as aforesaid, shall be allowed to all persons, receivers, &c. bodies politick and corporate, paying the same to any receiver or collector, receivers or collectors, of any his Majesty's revenues, aids, taxes or supplies, or by way of exchange, as aforesaid, or paying or lending the same into the exchequer, as aforesaid, to the respective days whereupon such bill or bills shall be so paid, exchanged or lent.

the bills in the

No interest on the bills in the be paid upon or for any such bill or bills during the time that the bills in the receivers any fuch bill or bills fo paid, exchanged or lent, shall remain hands, or in the hands of any the said receivers or collectors, or in the exchequer. hands of any teller or tellers of the exchequer, but for such time the interest on every such bill shall cease, and the said governor and company of merchants of Great Britain shall not be obliged to bear or pay any part or proportion of the interest so saved. LXXXV. And to the end it may be known for what time

names, and time when paid in:

Perfons paying bills to receivers, &c. to hands of such receiver or collector, or in the exchequer afore-indorse their said: be it surther enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the person or persons who shall pay any such bill or bills bearing interest to any receiver or collector of any his Majesty's revenues, aids, taxes or supplies, by way of exchange or otherwise, or shall

pay or lend such bill or bills so bearing interest into the exchequer, as aforesaid, shall at the time of making such payment, exchange or loan, on each bill bearing interest, and so paid, exchanged or lent, put his or their name or names, and write there-upon in words at length, the day of the month and year in which he, she or they so paid, lent or exchanged such bill or bills bearing interest, all which the said receivers and collectors respectively, and also the respective tellers in the exchequer, shall take care to see done and performed accordingly, to which respective days the faid receivers and collectors shall be allowed again the interest which he, she or they shall have allowed or paid upon such respective bill or bills, upon his, her or their paying the same into the receipt of exchequer, as aforesaid.

LXXXVI. Provided also, and be it hereby further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said bills, or any of them, of re-issuing to may be re-issued and paid again out of his Majesty's exchequer, be also indorfand when the same shall be re-issued or paid again out of his ed.

Majesty's exchequer, the respective teller there, from whose office such bill or bills bearing interest shall be so re-issued or again paid out, shall indorse on the same bill or bills so re-issued, in words at length, the day of the month and year in which the same were so re-issued or repaid out of the said exchequer, and also on what account the same were last received into the receipt of exchequer, and fign the same, from which time the interest of fuch bill or bills so re-iffued or paid again shall revive, and such bill or bills shall again run and pass at interest, as the same did before they were paid unto or exchanged by the said receivers or collectors, or before the same were paid or lent into the

exchequer, as aforesaid.

LXXXVII. And it is hereby enacted, That the same bills Bills re-issued to be re-iffued from time to time, or at any time at the exche- to bear the quer, as aforesaid, shall be so re-issued for the principal money same interest to be contained therein, and for so much interest as was due in. thereon, and allowed by the teller at the respective time and times

when such bill and bills were last paid into the exchequer.

LXXXVIII. And be it enacted, That every receiver general Receivers geof any the revenues, aids, taxes or supplies, belonging or to beneral to keep long to his Majesty, his heirs or successors, shall keep a fair book books for enor books of accounts in writing, of all the monies by him retring all moceived, in which he or his deputy or deputies shall truly enter on penalty of all the sums which shall have been received by him or them, tool. for every such revenue, aid, tax or supply, together with the names of the several collectors from whom the same or any part thereof was received, the days when, and the sums paid, how much thereof in money, and how much in such exchequerbills, and what exchequer-bills shall have been exchanged by every such receiver general, pursuant to this act, to which accounts every person concerned shall have free access at all reafonable times, without fee or charge, and the said accounts shall constantly lie open at one certain place within the limits of his receipt for that purpose; and if such receiver shall neglect to keep

fuch book or books, or to enter therein any fum or fums of money by him or them received and paid, as aforesaid, by the space of three days after the receipt or payment of the same, or shall refuse any person or persons concerned to inspect such book or books without see or charge, as aforesaid, every such receiver for every such offence shall forseit the sum of one hundred pounds to any person or persons who shall sue for the same, to be recovered by action of debt or on the case, bill, suit or information, in any of his Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, wherein no essoin, protection, privilege or wager of law shall be allowed,

Bills filled up by indorfements, trea-fery to make forth new

or any more than one imparlance.

LXXXIX. Provided always, and it is bereby enacted by the authority aforefaid, That in case any of the exchequer-bills, which shall be made forth by virtue of this act, shall be filled up by writing, or endorsements to be made thereon, as afore-faid, or shall by any accident be defaced, it shall and may be lawful to and for the commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or the high treasurer for the time being, and he and they are hereby authorized and enjoined (by their or his discretions) from time to time, to cause new bills to be made forth at the receipt of the exchequer, in lieu of fuch bills which shall be so filled up or defaced, which bills so filled up or defaced shall be cancelled at the receipt of exchequer, and kept there on a file or files for that purpole, and such bills so to be made forth in lieu thereof, shall have a like currency, and shall in all respects be subject to the same rules, methods and continuance as the bills so filled up or defaced were intended to have by this act, and shall bear the same numbers, dates, and principal sums, and carry the like interest, as were born and carried by the bills so cancelled respectively.

XC. And it is hereby enacted, That for the greater ease and Bills for large dispatch of the publick business at the exchequer, it shall and ceeding 5000l. may be lawful to and for the commissioners of the treasury, or each, may be any three or more of them, or the high treasurer for the time issued, &c. being, and he or they are hereby authorized and enabled (in case he or they shall so think sit) at the request of the said court of directors of the governor and company of merchants of Great Britain for the time being, to cause exchequer-bills for any large sums not exceeding five thousand pounds each, to be made forth at the receipt of exchequer, and to be placed as cash in the same receipt in lieu of the like value of the principal contained in exchequer-bills, made forth by virtue of this act for lesser sums, which at the time of making such large bills shall happen to be in the said receipt, which shall be at the same time cancelled and discharged, and be kept there on a file for that purpose, which new bills for such large sums shall or may be issued at the said receipt, and have the same currency, and in all respects be subject to the same rules, methods, continuance, and carry the like interest, and have the same security, benefit and a lvantages, and the same pains of death, and other pains, penalties and forfeitures, for any crime or offence relating thereunto.

shall be inflicted, incurred and put in execution, as if they had been bills originally issued by virtue of this act; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XCI. And if is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, Forging exchequer-bills, which shall be made forth by virtue of this act, felony. or be renewed or made forth in pursuance of this act, or any endorsement or writing thereupon or therein, or tender in payment any such forged or counterfeited bill, or any exchequerbill made forth by this act with fuch counterfeit endorsement or writing thereupon or therein, or shall demand to have such counterfeit bill, or any exchequer-bill with such counterfeit endorsement or writing thereupon or therein, exchanged for ready money, by any person or persons, body or bodies politick or corporate, who shall be obliged or required to exchange the same, pursuant to this act, knowing the bill so tendred in payment, or demanded to be exchanged, or the endorsement or writing thereupon or therein, to be forged or counterfeit, and with intent to defraud his Majesty, his heirs or successors, or the said governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, or the faid trustees, or any of them, or any other person or persons, body politick or corporate, then every fuch person or persons so of-fending (being thereof lawfully convicted) shall be adjudged a felon, and shall suffer death as in cases of selony, without bene-

fit of clergy.

XCII. And it is hereby further enacted, That the faid trufitees shall from time to time have the use and custody of one Trustees to
part of all the cheques, indents or counterfoils of all the excheques, &c. of part or all the eneques, indents or counterfoils of all the excheques, &c. of quer-bills to be current on this act, and from which the faid the bills, to be bills shall be cut, in order to prevent their being imposed upon delivered back by counterfeited or forged bills; and that such parts of the said at the end of the exchequer, indents or counterfoils shall be delivered back into the receipt of the exchequer by the said trustees for the time being, at the end or sooner determination of the said term of seven

years.

XCIII. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That as No interest to often as any interest upon the exchequer-bills to be made forth, a lesser sum by virtue of this or any other or further act or acts, as aforesaid, than a penny. shall be demanded to be paid by the said trustees for the time being, they shall not be obliged to pay for such interest to any lesser sum than one penny upon such bill, in case a single bill be produced for payment, or for the total of the interest of such bills, where two or more shall be offered at one time by the

fame person; any thing herein contained to the contrary not-withstanding.

XCIV. Provided also, and it is hereby declared and enacted If provision be by the authority aforesaid, That if at any time or times hereas-made by parter provision shall be made by authority of parliament of so much liament of more in the laurest coins of this kingdom, as shall be sufficient new to dismoney, in the lawful coins of this kingdom, as shall be sufficient new to disto pay off and discharge all the principal and interest which bills, or any shall be due upon the said exchequer-bills to be made forth by part thereof, virtue the same to be

XCVI. Pro-

applied thereto. virtue of this act, as aforefaid, or any proportion thereof at a time; and if by like authority the fame coined monies shall be actually brought and paid into the receipt of exchequer for that purpose, then the same shall be applied for or towards the paying off and discharging the same bills, or such proportion thereof, so far as such money will extend, by paying to the respective bearer or bearers of the same bill or bills then standing out, the principal and interest which shall be due thereupon, and by placing the same coined money, or any part thereof, in lieu of any the said exchequer-bills to be made forth by virtue of this act, which shall then be in the office or offices of any teller or tellers of the exchequer to answer such payments, whereunto the fame bills foremaining in fuch office or offices shall then be legally fubject or liable; which payments thall be answered with the faid money in specie, under such penalties, forfeitures and disabilities as are prescribed by any former laws or statutes concerning the money for which such bills did lie in the exchequer, to prevent the diverting or misapplying the same; and from and after such payments to the bearer or bearers, or such placing of money in lieu bills in the faid office or offices of the faid teller or tellers to answer such payments, as aforesaid (and not sooner) the several and respective bills themselves which shall be so paid off, or for which coined money shall be so placed, shall be cancelled; and the faid governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, and their successors shall repay to the respective tellers so much interest as remained due upon the same bills respectively, at the time or times when they were last paid into the exchequer before the cancelling thereof; any thing in this or any former act or acts of parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

XCV. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if

If the bills be ACV. And be it effected by the analysis one thousand seven not discharged before the said twenty sourch day of June one thousand seven coined money shall not be raised and by :4 June

hundred and twenty seven, coined money thall not be rancu and

hundred and twenty seven, coined money thall not be rancu and

hundred and twenty seven, sufficient to pay off and discharge

by the sinking of this act, that then and in such case, from and after the said

twenty seven, the said exchequer-bills to be made forth by virtue

twenty seven, the said exchequer-bills to be made forth by virtue

of this act or so many of them as shall not have been paid off and discharged by such coined money, as aforesaid, shall be and are hereby charged upon and made payable by and out of the first money which shall, after the said twenty fourth day of June one thousand seven hundred and twenty seven, arise into the exchequer for or by the aforefaid furplusses, excesses, and overplus monies herein before denominated the finking fund, or by or out of monies to be raised thereon by way of loan, after the said twenty fourth day of fune one thousand seven hundred and twenty feven, and the same bills, or such of them as shall so remain unsatisfied, shall be cancelled and discharged in such manner as the commissioners of the treasury, or three or more of them, or the high treasurer for the time being shall direct; any former law or statute to the contrary notwithstanding. XCVI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That the court Directors with of directors of the faid governor and company of merchants of content of the Great Britain, for the time being, (with the confent and appro- trealitry may, bation of the commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more after thesession of them, or the high treasurer for the time being, and not o- of parliament therwise) may at any time or times after the end of the session after 24 June of parliament which shall next happen after the twenty sourch 1721, day of June one thousand seven hundred and twenty one, by writing to be signed by the secretary of the same court, and to be affixed upon the exchange of London, and by publication in declare, that the London Gozette, declare and direct, if they shall so see cause, the bills to be and think fit, the said bills to be made forth by virtue of this act, shall or any number or part of them, to carry a higher interest than carry a higher the faid rate of two pence per centum per diem, for such time or rateofinterest. times as shall be mentioned in such writing or writings and publication, as aforefaid, so as the whole interest on such bills do not exceed the rate of three pence per centum per diem: and for Treasury at the greater accommodation and ease of paying the bills to be the request of made forth by virtue of this act, or any of them, to the receipt the company vers and collectors of the publick revenues, and into the receipt may make of exchequer, the said commissioners of the treasury, or any three without bear-or more of them, or the high treasurer for the time being, have ing interest. hereby power, at the request of the said court of directors of the governor and company of merchants of Great Britain for the time being, to make forth, or cause to be made forth, any of the said exchequer-bills to be made forth by virtue of this act, without bearing any interest; yet nevertheless those bills so made forth without bearing any interest, may from time to time, be made to carry such interest not exceeding the said rate of three pence per centum per diem, as the court of directors of the same company shall by writing signed by the said secretary, and to be affixed upon the exchange of London, and published in the London Gazette, fignify and declare in that behalf.

XCVII. Provided always, and be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if at any time or times before the said twenty fourth June 1727, any day of June one thousand seven hundred and twenty seven, any further excheexchequer-bills, or bills in the nature of exchequer-bills, shall quer-bills be be made forth or be current in the publick revenues or exchemate forth by quer of Great Britain, or any part thereof, by authority of par-liament (other than and except such exchequer-bills as shall be made forth by virtue and in pursuance of this act; and other bliged to exthan and except fuch exchequer-bills, or bills in the nature of change them. exchequer-bills, as shall be issued by virtue of any other act of this session of parliament; and other than and except such exchequer-bills, or bills in the nature of exchequer-bilis, as shall be circulated by virtue of any future act or acts of parliament upon the credit of the exchequer, or of the publick money which shall be brought into the exchequer, or of such money which the commissioners of the treasury, or high treasurer for the time being, shall be impowered by parliament to borrow, to support the currency of such exchequer-bills) then from and after such

currency of any exchequer-bills, or bills of the nature of exchequer-bills (other than and except, as aforesaid) the said governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, and their succesfors, shall not be obliged to furnish money for exchanging any exchequer-bills, pursuant to this act, or to bear or pay any interest, or proportion of interest, which from thenceforth shall grow due thereupon; any thing in this act contained to the con-

Treasury, out XCVIII. Provided also, and it is hereby enacted by the auof the sinking thority aforesaid, That the said commissioners of the treasury,
sund, to defray or any three or more of them, or the high treasurer for the time
the charges this ship that have power, and he or they are header to executing this pay and allow, or cause to be paid and allowed, out of the monies to arise of or for the said surplusses, excesses, and overplus monies, commonly called the finking fund, or of or for the increase thereof, to be made in consequence of this act, from time to time, as well to the respective managers and directors to be constituted for taking in the above mentioned annuities and debts, and performing such other matters as are by this act required to be performed by such managers and directors, and to the persons who shall be appointed for taking the said orders and tickets, and for performing such other matters as are by this act required to be performed by them, and to the said trustees, who shall be appointed for exchanging the said exchequer-bills, and for performing such other matters as are by this act required to be performed by those trustees respectively, such salaries and allowances for the charges, pains and service of themselves, and those who shall be employed under them respectively in those respective trusts, as they the said commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or the said high treasurer for the time being shall, from time to time, think just and reasonable in that behalf; and also to pay and allow, or cause to be paid and allowed out of the same monies arising as aforesaid, the necessary charges for taking in and cancelling the residuary exchequerbills, and making forth new bills in lieu thereof, pursuant to this act; and to allow and pay, or cause to be allowed and paid out of the said money to arise as aforesaid, any reasonable charges for books, clerkship, or other matters and things which shall be necessarily incident in or for the execution of this act, or any part thereof, by or by the order or direction of such person or persons as shall be appointed thereunto, or employed therein by them the faid commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or by the said high treasurer for the time being, and not otherwise; any thing in this or any other law or statute whatfoever to the contrary notwithstanding,

CAP. V.

An act for the better securing the dependency of the kingdom of Ireland upon the crown of Great Britain.

HEREAS the house of lords of Ireland have of late, against law, affumed to themselves a power and jurisdiction to examine, cerrell

correct and amend the judgments and decrees of the courts of justice in the kingdom of Ireland: therefore for the better fecuring of the dependency of Ireland upon the crown of Great Britain, may it please your most excellent Majesty that it may be declared, and be it declared by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That the said kingdom of Ireland hath been, is, The kingdom and of right ought to be subordinate unto and dependent upon the of Ireland is mperial crown of Great Britain, as being inseparably united and subordinate to annexed thereunto; and that the King's majesty, by and with The King and the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and parliament of commons of Great Britain in parliament assembled, had, hath, Great Britain and of right ought to have full power and authority to make laws may make and of right ought to have full power and authority to make laws may make and statutes of sufficient force and validity, to bind the kingdom Ireland.

and people of *Ireland*.

II. And be it further declared and enacted by the authority The house of aforesaid, That the house of lords of *Ireland* have not, nor of lordsoff Ireland have not in the house not in the lower not in right ought to have any jurisdiction to judge of, affirm or re-werse any judgment, sentence or decree, given or made in any judge of, as-court within the said kingdom, and that all proceedings before firmor reverse the faid house of lords upon any such judgment, sentence or de-any judgment, cree, are, and are hereby declared to be utterly null and void to &c. given in any court all intents and purposes whatsoever.

CAP. VĮ.

An all for preventing the carriage of excessive loads of meal, are void. malt, bricks and coals, within ten miles of the cities of London and Westminster.

WHEREAS one great decay of the roads within ten miles of the cities of London and Westminster, is occasioned by the very great loads of meal, malt, bricks and coals, of late brought and carried to and from the faid cities: for preventing of which, be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That from and after the twenty fifth day of March After March one thousand seven hundred and twenty, no person or persons 25, 1720. none shall or may carry, at any one load, in the said cities of London shall carry at and Westminster, or within ten miles thereof, in waggons or carts one load in London, &c. in having their wheels shod or bound with tire or streaks of iron, waggons, &c. more than twelve sacks of meal, each sack containing five bushels whole wheels and no more, nor more than twelve quarters of malt, nor more areboundwith than feven hundred and a half of bricks, nor more than one chalder of coals; and if any person or persons shall offend herein, sacks of meal, they, or any of them, shall forfeit and lose any one of the horses, &c. on forfei together with the gears, bridles and halters therewith used, to any ture of one of person or persons that shall seise or distrain the same, in such the horses, &c. toberecovered manner and to such uses, as the penalties and forfeitures are dia as by 5 Geo. 1. rected to be levied and applied by an act passed the last session of c. 12

there; and their proceed-ings thereon

par- 18Geo.s. c. 33.

parliament, intituled, An act for the making more effectual the several acts passed for repairing and mending the highways of this kingdom.

CAP. VII.

An act for laying a duty of two pennies Scots, or one fixth part of a penny Sterling, upon every pint of ale or beer that shall be vended or sold within the town of Montrose and privileges thereof, for supplying the said town with fresh water, and for other purposes therein mentioned.

After June 24, 1720. for the term of 25 years, &c. a duty of two pennies Scots laid on every Scots pint of beer, &c. brewed, &c. in the town of Montrose, The trustees, with the consent of the overseers, may farm out the duty. Continued by 7 Geo. 2. c. 5.

C'A P. VIII.

An act for laying a duty of two pennies Scots, or one fixth part of a penny Sterling, upon every Scots pint of beer or ale vended or fold within the town of British and liberties thereof, for increasing the publick revenue of the faid town, and for other purposes therein mentioned.

After June 24, 1720. for 25 years, &c. a duty of two pennies shall be paid for every Scors pint of ale and beer, brewed, &c. in the town of Bruntisland, payable by the brewers, &c. Trustees may mortgage the duty as a security for money, which shall be applied only to the purposes in this act. Trustees, with the consent of the overseers, may farm out the duty. Revivad by 20 Geo. 2. c. 26.

CAP. IX.

An act for laying a duty of two pennies Scots, or one fixth part of a penny Sterling, upon every Scots pint of beer and ale that shall be vended or fold within the town of Pittenween and liberties thereof, for repairing the harbour there, and for maintaining other publick works of the said

After June 24, 1720, for 25 years, &c. a duty of two pennies Scots shall be laid on every Scots pint of ale and beer brewed, &c. in the town of Pittenween. Trustees may assign the duty as a security for money; which shall be applied only to the same purposes, as the duty by this act is di-

CAP. X.

An act for making forth new exchequer-bills not exceeding one million at a certain interest; and for lending the same to the South-Sea company at an higher interest, upon security of repaying the same and such high interest into the exchequer for uses to which the fund for lessening the publick debts (called the finking fund) is applicable; and for circulating and exchanging upon demand the said bills at or near the exchequer.

I. A Y it please your mast excellent Majesty, Whereas in and a Geo. 1. c. 7. It by an act of parliament of the third year of your Majesty's Geo. 1. c. 19. reign, intituled, An act for redeeming the duties and revenues for further pro- which were settled to pay off principal and interest on the orders wisens relating made forth on four lottery-acts passed in the ninth and tenth 7 Go. 1. fed. 38. 80 years of her late Majesty's reign, and for redeeming certain and 7 Go. 1. fed. 1. nuities payable on orders out of the hereditary excise, according 8 Go. 2. 6. 20. to a former act in that behalf; and for establishing a general yearly fund, not only for the future payment of annuities at feveral rates, to be payable and transferable at the bank of England and

ind redeemable by parliament; but also to raise money for such proprietors of the faid orders, as shall chuse to be paid their principal and arrears of interest in ready money; and for making principal and arrears of interest in ready money; and for making good such other describes and payments, as in this act are nentioned; and for taking off the duties on linseed imported and British linen exported, it was enacted and declared, That the monies which should from time to time arise by certain surplusses, excesses and overplus movies therein specified, should be appropriated, reserved and employed to and for the discharging the principal and interest of such national debts and incumbrances as were incurred before the twenty such day of December one thousand seven hundred and surfaces and fifth day of December one thousand seven hundred and sixteen, and were declared to be national debts, and were provided for by act of parliament, in such manner and form as should be directed or appointed by any future act or acts of parliament to be discharged therewith or out of the same: and whereas by an act of parliament of the fifth year of your seen. I. c. 1.

Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for applying certain overplus seen. I. c. 1. monies and further fums to be raised, as well by way of a lottery as by loans, towards paying off and cancelling exchequer-bills and for lessening the present great charge in relation to those bills; and for circulating and exchanging for ready money the residue of the same bills for the future, it was provided and enacted, That so much of the said excesses, surplusses or overplus monies arising quarterly after the feast of the annunciation of the Blessed Virgin Mary which was in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, as should amount to the full sum of five bundred and twenty thousand pounds (ho loans having been made different to supply the same) should and might be applied towards different to supply the same) should and might be applied towards after the same of the s att to supply the same) should and might be applied towards discharging and cancelling the principal and interest due or to be due on the exchequer-bills therein mentioned, until such time as the sull sum or value of five hundred and twenty thousand pounds in principal and interest on such exchequer-bills should be paid off, discharged and cancelled, as by the said several acts of parliament, relation being thereunto had, may more fully appear; which monies so arising by the said surplusses, excesses and overplusses are commonly called the sinking fund, and are likely to be very much increased; and a considerable part of the said sum of five hundred and twenty thousand pounds, out of the produce thereof, hath been applied towards discharging and cancelling the said exchequer-bills, and the residue of the said five hundred and twenty thousand pounds, as the monies of the said fund shall come into the exchequer, will be applicable to the same use, according to the tenor of the said act of parliament in that behalf: and whereas the sum of three hundred twenty eight thousand six hundred seventy three pounds four sbillings and ten pence halfpenny was advanced by the governor and comfailings and ten pence halfpenny was advanced by the governor and company of merchants of Great Britain trading to the South-Seas and other parts of America, pursuant to an act of the fifth year of your 5 Geo. 1. c. 19.

Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for redeeming the fund appropriated for payment of the lottery-tickets, which were made forth for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and ten, by a voluntary subscription of the proprietors into the capital flock of the South-Sea company; and for raising a sum of money to pay off such debts and incumbrances as are therein mention-

ed; and for appropriating the supplies granted in this session of parliament; and to limit times for prosecutions upon bonds for exporting cards and dice, and the said sum of three bundred twenty eight thousand six hundred seventy three pounds four shillings and tem pence balfpenny doth, on the fourth day of April one thousand seven bundred and twenty, remain in the receipt of your Majesty's exchaquer: and whereas in order to the lessening the debts of this nation, it is thought convenient that a power be given to the commissioners of your Majesty's treasury, or the high treasurer for the time being, at any time or times within one year, and from thence to the end of the then next session of parliament, and by such proportions at a time as he or they shall find to be most for the advantage of the publick, to make forth or cause to be made forth at the exchequer any number of new exchequer-bills, so as all the principal sums to be contained therein de not in the whole exceed one million of pounds (over and above the exchequer-bills to be made forth pursuant to another ast of this session of parliament in that behalf;) and that the said new exchequer-bills bear an interest not exceeding the rate of two pence per centum per diem; and that as well the said sum of money now remaining in the exchequer as aforesaid, as also the monies to arise quarterly by the said surplusses, excesses and overplusses, commonly called the sinking sund (after the said sum of sive bundred and twenty thousand pounds shall be applied for discharging and cancelling exchequer-bills as aforesaid, or reserved

parliament in that behalf;) and that the said new exchequer-bills bear an interest not exceeding the rate of two pence per centum per diem; and that as well the said sum of money now remaining in the exchequer as aforesaid, as also the monies to arise quarterly by the said surplusses, excesses and overplusses, commonly called the sinking fund (after the said sum of five hundred and twenty thousand pounds shall be applied for discharging and cancelling exchequer-bills as aforesaid, or reserved in the exchequer for that purpose) be made a fund or security for answering all demands of principal and interest which shall be so authorized to be made forth; and that the said commissioners of the treasury, or high treasurer for the time being, be also impowered to issue such new exchequer-bills, by way of loan or advance, to the company commonly called the South-Sea company, or to some person or persons in trust for them, the said company giving security upon their present or to be increased annuity or weekly payment out of the exchequer, for the repayment of the principal sum so lent, with an interest not exceeding the rate of sive pounds per centum per annum: now we your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons of Great Britain in parliament assembled, do therefore most humbly beseech your Majesty, that it may be enacted, &c. EXP.

The commissioners of the treasury are authorized at any time within one year, from the tenth of May one thousand seven hundred and twenty, and to the end of the next session of parliament, to make exchequer bills, so as the principal sums do not exceed one million (over and above the exchequer-bills which are to be current, pursuant to the act 6 Geo. 1. c. 4.) and the said bills shall bear interest two pence per centum per diem. Treasury may lend such bills to the South-Sea company at 51. per cent. on security, &c. On non-payment, treasury may stop the weekly payments to the company. The sinking sund appropriated for circulating the new bills. Treasury may borrow money for circulating the new bills, at 51. per cent. Tallies and orders to be struck for the same, &c. What shall not be interpreted undue preference. Orders assignable and transferrable. Trustees to exchange for ready money at their office all bills brought to them. Ready money may be demanded for bills on which six months interest is due. Trustees not incapacitated from being members of parliament. These bills to be current in the revenue. If received at the exchange, to be locked up as cash. Receivers, &c. out of the monies in their hands to exchange the bills. Tallies to be struck for such bills lent into the exchange the bills. Tallies to be struck for such bills lent into the

exchequer. Interest due on bills to be allowed by receivers, &c. No interest on the bills in the receivers hands, or in the exchequer. Persons paying bills to receivers, &c. to indorse their names, and time when paid in, and the time of re-issuing to be indorsed. Bills re-issued to bear the same interest as when paid in. Receivers general to keep books for money received. Penalty on receivers. Bills filled up by indorsement, &c. Exchequer to make forth new ones. Bills for large sums not exceeding 5000l. each, may be issued. Forging these bills, selony. Trustees to have the cheques, &c. of the bills. If provision be made by parliament of money to discharge the bills or any part thereof, the same to be applied thereto, &c. Treasury at the request of the South-Sea company may make forth bills without bearing interest. Treasury out of the sinking fund to defray the charges of executing this act.

CAP. XI.

An all for laying a duty upon wrought plate; and for applying money arifing for the clear produce (by sale of the forfeited estates) towards answering his Majesty's supply; and for taking off the drawbacks upon hops exported for Ireland; and for payment of annuities to be purchased after the rate of sour pounds per centum per annum at the exchequer, redeemable by parliament; and so prevent counterseiting receipts and warrants of the officers of the South Sex company; and sor explaining a late ast concerning foreign salt cellared and locked up before the sour and twentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and nineteen; and to give a further time for paying duties on certain apprentices indentures; and for relief of Thomas Vernon, esq; in relation to a parcel of senna imported in the year one thousand seven hundred and sixteen.

MAY it please your most excellent Majesty, Whereas by several 28 Ed. 2. state Mass and statutes of this realm now in force it is provided and 3. C. 20.

Mass and statutes of this realm now in force it is provided and 3. Hen. 6. C.14.

Mass and statutes of this realm now in force it is provided and 3. Hen. 6. C.14.

Mass are then of cause to be wrought or made, any silver vessel, 18 Eliz. C. 15.

Note or manufacture of silver, less in sineness than that of eleven For the applicationess and ten-penny weight of sine silver in every pound Troy, not sine for the applications and ten-penny weight of silver vessels, plate or manufacture from this active of silver (except as in the said statutes, or some of them, are severally 7 Geo. 1. stat.

Interpretal until such time as such vessel, plate or manufactured silver 1. C.20. sect. 29.

Mall be touched, associated and marked at the respective cities or places in the said statutes mentioned, and by such corporations, officers or persons as are thereby respectively intrusted for touching assigning and parking the same laws and statutes are prescribed, as by the said seventions and statutes (relation being thereunto severally had) may more shainly and fully appear: and whereas it is sound by experience, That the silver vessels, plate and manufactures of silver, which were made attending to the old standard of eleven ounces and two-penny weight silver (which standard was altered by an ast made in the eighth

ed; and for appropriating the supplies granted in this session of parliament; and to limit times for prosecutions upon bonds for exporting cards and dice, and the said sum of three hundred twenty eight thousand six hundred seventy three pounds four shillings and ten pence halfpenny doth, on the fourth day of April one thousand seven bundred and twenty, remain in the receipt of your Majesty's exchequer: and whereas in order to the lessening the debts of this nation, it is thought convenient that a power be given to the commissioners of your Majesty's treasury, or the high treasurer for the time being, at any time or times within one year, and from thence to the end of the then next session of parliament, and by such proportions at a time as he or they shall find to be most for the advantage of the publick, to make forth or cause to be made forth at the exchequer any number of new exchequer-bills, so as all the principal sums to be contained therein do not in the whole exceed one million of pounds (over and above the exchequer-bills to be made forth two support to another ast of this session of

chequer-bills to be made forth pursuant to another act of this session of parliament in that behalf;) and that the said new exchequer-bills bear an interest not exceeding the rate of two pence per centum per diem; and that as well the said sum of money now remaining in the exchequer as aforesaid, as also the monies to arise quarterly by the said surplusses, excesses and overplusses, commonly called the sinking fund (after the said sum of five bundred and twenty thousand pounds shall be applied for discharging and cancelling exchequer-bills as aforesaid, or reserved in the exchequer for that purpose) be made a fund or security for an-fivering all demands of principal and interest which shall be so authorized to be made forth; and that the said commissioners of the treasury, or high treasurer for the time being, be also impowered to issue such new exchequer-bills, by way of loan or advance, to the company commonly called the South-Sea company, or to some person or persons in trust for them, the said company giving security upon their present or to be increased annuity or weekly payment out of the exchequer, for the repayment of the principal sum so lent, with an interest not exceeding the retain force and the principal sum so lent, with an interest not exceeding the retain of supplies the sale of says the rate of five pounds per centum per annum: now we your Ma-jesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons of Great Britain in parliament assembled, do therefore most humbly befeech your Majesty, that it may be enacted, &c. EXP.

The commissioners of the treasury are authorized at any time within one year, from the tenth of May one thousand seven hundred and twenty, and to the end of the next session of parliament, to make exchequer bills, so as the principal sums do not exceed one million (over and above the exchequer-bills which are to be current, pursuant to the act 6 Geo. 1. c. 4.) and the said bills shall bear interest two pence per centum per diem. Treasury may lend such bills to the South-Sea company at 51. per cent. on security, &c. On non-payment, treasury may stop the weekly payments to the company. The sinking sund appropriated for circulating the new bills. Treasury may borrow money for circulating the new bills, at 51. per cent. Tallies and orders to be struck for the same, &c. What shall not be interpreted undue preference. Orders assignable and transferrable. Trustees to exchange for ready money at their office all bills brought to them. Ready money may be demanded for bills on which six months interest is due. Trustees not incapacitated from being members of parliathem. Ready money may be demanded for one on which he months are thereft is due. Trustees not incapacitated from being members of parliament. These bills to be current in the revenue. If received at the exchequer, to be locked up as cash. Receivers, &c. out of the monies in their hands to exchange the bills. Tallies to be struck for such bills lent into the excheexchequer. Interest due on bills to be allowed by receivers, &c. No interest on the bills in the receivers hands, or in the exchequer. Persons paying bills to receivers, &c. to indorse their names, and time when paid in; and the time of re-issuing to be indorsed. Bills re-issued to bear the same interest as when paid in. Receivers general to keep books for money received. Penalty on receivers. Bills filled up by indorsement, &c. Exchequer to make forth new ones. Bills for large sums not exceeding 5000l. each, may be issued. Forging these bills, felony. Trustees to have the cheques, &c. of the bills. If provision be made by parliament of money to discharge the bills or any part thereof, the same to be applied thereto, &c. Treasury at the request of the South-Sea company may make forth bills without bearing interest. Treasury out of the sinking fund to desiray the charges of executing this act. exchequer. Interest due on bills to be allowed by receivers, &c. No inte-

CAP. XI.

An all for laying a duty upon wrought plate; and for applying money arifing for the clear produce (by sale of the forfeited estates) towards answering bis Majesty's supply ; and for taking off the drawbacks upon bops exported for Ireland; and for payment of annuities to be purchased after the rate of four pounds per centum per annum at the exchequer, redeemable by parliament; and for appropriating supplies granted in this session of parliament; and to prevent counterfeiting receipts and warrants of the officers of the South Sex company; and for explaining a late all concerning foreign salt cellared and locked up before the four and twentieth day of June one thousand seven hun-dred and nineteen; and to give a surther time for paying duties on certain apprentices indentures; and for relief of Thomas Vernon, esq; in relation to a parcel of senna imported in the year one thousand seven hundred and sixteen.

AY it please your most excellent Majesty, Whereas by several 28 Ed. 1. state laws and statutes of this realm now in force it is provided and 3. C. 20. enacted, That no goldsmith, silversmith or other person whatsoever 4 Hen. 6. C.14. shall work or make, or cause to be wrought or made, any silver vessel, 18 Eliz. C. 15. plate or manufacture of silver, less in sineness than that of eleven For the applicatures and ten-penny weight of sine silver in every pound Troy, nor tion of the surput to sale, exchange or sell any silver vessels, plate or manufacture from this act, see of silver (except as in the said statutes, or some of them, are severally 7 Geo. 1. stat. excepted) until such time as such vessel, plate or manufactured silver 1. C.20.sect.29. shall be touched, assigned and marked at the respective cities or places in the said statutes mentioned, and by such corporations, officers or the faid statutes mentioned, and by such corporations, officers or persons as are thereby respectively intrusted for touching assaying and marking the same, under such pains, penalties and forseitures as in and by the same laws and statutes are prescribed, as by the said several laws and statutes (relation being thereunto severally had penalties and subject to the said subject to such as the plainly and fully appear: and whereas it is found by experience, That she filver vessels, plate and manufactures of filver, which were made according to the old standard of eleven ounces and two-penny weight of fine silver (which standard was altered by an act made in the Vol. XIV.

Peighth

8 & 9 W. 31

eighth year of the reign of your Majesty's royal predecessor King William the Third, of glorious memory, intituled, An act for encouraging the bringing in wrought plate to be coined, are more ferviceable and durable than the filver vessels, plate and manufactures of filver which have been made according to the faid flandard of eleven ounces and ten-penny weight of fine filver in every pound Troy: be it therefore enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and Theoldstand- by the authority of the same, That the said old standard of eleven

ard of 11 oz. ounces and two-penny weight of fine filver at least, to be contained in every pound weight Troy of filver vessels, plate or other manufactures of silver made or to be made or wrought, after the first day flored. of June one thousand seven hundred and twenty, shall be restored, revived and take place instead of the said new standard of eleven ounces and ten-penny weight of sine silver at least in every such

pound Trey.

After 1 June II. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from area, one gold- and after the said first day of June one thousand seven hundred smith, &c. and twenty, no goldsmith, silversmith or plate worker shall be obliged to work any plate obliged, by force or virtue of the said former laws and statutes, according to or any of them, to work or make, or cause to be wrought or made any filter unstall plate or manufacture of silver according the new standard of eleven ounces and ten-penny weight and of 11 oz. to the said new standard of eleven ounces and ten-penny weight and of 12 oz. to the said new standard of eleven ounces and ten-penny weight and of the said new standard of eleven ounces and ten-penny weight and the said new standard of eleven ounces and ten-penny weight and the said new standard of eleven ounces and ten-penny weight

sod. wt. &c. of fine filver at least in every pound Troy, or be restrained from putting to fale, exchanging or felling any filver vessels, plate or manufactures of filver, fo as the same do contain eleven ounces and two-penny weight of fine filver at least, in every pound Troy, and be touched, affayed and marked in such manner and form, as in and by the said former laws and statutes, and by this present act, are provided and established for touching, assaying

and marking the same. After 1 June III. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the autho1720, no gold-rity aforesaid, That from and after the said first day of June one
thousand saven hundred and are the said first day of June one

fmith, &c. to work or put to thousand seven hundred and twenty, no goldsmith, filversmith sale any plate or other person whatsoever shall work or make, or cause to be less in fineness wrought or made, any silver vessel, plate or manufacture of siltan 1102.

ver, less in fineness than that of eleven one and two-penny ad. wt. 2 d. wt. 82 Geo. 2. C.26. weight of fine filver in every pound Troy, or shall put to sale, exchange or sell any silver vessel, plate or manufacture of silver, made after the said first day of June one thousand seven hundred and twenty (unless it be filver wire, or such things as in respect of their smallness are not capable of receiving a mark) until such

To be marked time as such vessel, plate or manusacture of silver shall be touchas prescribed by the laws ed, assayed and marked in manner and form prescribed by the said tor affaying of laws and statutes, or any of them, for touching, assaying and the standard of marking of the said standard of eleven ounces and ten-penny Which laws are hereby continued.

The fall in every pound Trop, in case the same stand-with the same stand-with the same stand and that all and every the rules, directions, powers, privileges, pains, penalties, forfeitures, clauses, matters and things, enacted or provided in or by any of the former

laws

Anno sexto Georgii I. c. 11.

laws and statutes of this realm, which at or until the time of making this act were or are in force for preferving or fecuring the faid standard of eleven ounces and ten-penny weight of fine filver at least in every pound Troy, or for touching, assaying, marking or allowing for good the silver plate of that standard, shall be continued, applied, practised and put in execution for preserving and securing, the standard of eleven ounces and twopenny weight of fine filver at least in every pound Troy (by this act revived and intended to be established) and for the touching, affaying, marking and allowing the same, as fully and effectually to all intents and purposes, as if the same rules, directions, powers, privileges, pains, penalties, forfeitures, clauses, mat-ters and things, were again particularly repeated and re-enacted in and by this present act; any thing in the said former laws or fitatutes, or any of them, contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

IV. And we your Majesty's most dutiful and loval subjects, the faid commons of Great Britain in parliament assembled, being fully resolved to furnish such supplies as are necessary for defraying the expences and occasions of the publick, have for that end and purpose cheerfully and unanimously given and granted, and do by this act give and grant to your Majesty the several and respective rates and duties herein after mentioned, for and upon all silver plate to be made or wrought in Great Britain, or to be imported or brought into the same, and such further sum and sums of money as are herein specified and appointed, in such manner and form as are herein after more particularly expressed, do most humbly beseech your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That there fhall be raifed, levied, collected, answered and paid unto and for From 1 June the use of his Majesty, his heirs and successors for ever, (subject 1720, silver nevertheless to such redemption as in and by this act is after—plate importantly provided in this behalf) for and upon all silver plate which in Great Bridging to be a provided in the behalf of the kingdom of Great Bridging to be a party of the silver plate which in Great Bridging to be a party of the silver plate which is party to party. thall be imported in this behalf tot and upon an liver plate which in Great Brifhall be imported or brought into the kingdom of Great Britain, tain, to pay
and for and upon all filver plate to be made or wrought within 6d. per oz.
the fame kingdom, the feveral and respective rates or duties fol- Explained by
lowing; (that is to say) For and upon all filver plate made or 7 Geo. 1. stat.
to be made, which at any time or times after the first day of June one thousand seven hundred and twenty shall be imported or brought into the faid kingdom of Great Britain (over and above all other customs, subsidies and duties already imposed thereupon) a duty after the rate of fix pence for every ounce **Troy**, and proportionally for greater or lesser quantities, to be paid down in ready money by the importer thereof, from time to time, before the landing of the same; and for and upon all filver plate which shall be made or wrought in Great Britain, or at any time or times, from and after the faid first day of June one thousand seven hundred and twenty, shall or ought to be touched, assayed or marked in Great Britain as aforesaid, a duty after the rate of fix pence for every ounce Troy, and proportionally for any greater or leffer quantity, to be paid by the makers

ers or workers thereof respectively, and to be secured to be paid in such manner and form as in and by this act are afterwards prescribed in that behalf.

The duty on plate import-ed to be levied as the duty on gilt or filver wire,

V. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the faid duties by this act imposed upon wrought plate to be imported shall be raised, levied, recovered and paid, and be brought into the exchequer (to and for the uses and purposes in this act expressed) by such rules, ways, means and methods, and under 20 Ann. c. 26. fuch penalties and forfeitures, and with fuch allowances, and in fuch manner and form, as the duties upon gilt and filver wire imported, imposed by an act of the tenth year of the reign of her said late majesty Queen Anne, or by any act of parliament relating thereto, are prescribed and appointed to be raised, levied, recovered, answered and paid.

His Majesty or treasury to appoint commillioners for tain, ;

VI. And for the better ascertaining, charging and securing the duty by this act fet and imposed upon filver plate to be made or wrought, or to be touched, assayed or marked in Great Briplate wrought tain, as aforesaid; it is hereby further enacted by the authority in Great Briaforesaid. That such commissions are a second at the such commissions. aforesaid, That such commissioners or persons as his Majesty, his heirs or successors, or the commissioners of the treasury, or any

three or more of them, or the high treasurer of *Great Britain*, for the time being, shall from time to time, by one or more commission or commissions for that purpose, appoint, shall be his Majesty's commissioners for the receipt and management or the faid duties by this act fet and imposed upon the faid filver plate, to be made or wrought in Great Britain, or to be touched, assayed and marked as aforesaid; which said commissioners, or the major part of them respectively, shall, and have hereby power, by commissions under their respective hands and seals, to substitute and appoint under them such officers as shall be re-

who are to sub-quisite in that behalf; and that the same commissioners and offi-fitute inferi-cers for the said duties on wrought plate shall have out of those duties fuch salaries and rewards for their services therein, as the faid commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or the said high treasurer for the time being, shall think reasonable to establish and allow in that behalf; and that the respective commissioners for the said duties on wrought plate to be made, touched, assayed or marked in Great Britain as aforesaid, The money arising by this duty to be paid to arise of or for the faid duties on plate to be made, wrought, duty to be paid to arise of or for the faid duties on plate to be made, wrought, duty to be paid to arise of or for the faid duties on plate to be made, wrought, duty to be paid to arise of or for the faid duties on plate to be made, wrought, and the same of the faid duties of the faid

into the exchequer.

Goldsmiths, .&c. to give notice at the next office of their names and workhouses, on forfeiture of of their respective names and places of abode, and of the houses sol

England, for the uses and purposes in this act expressed.

VII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That every goldsmith, silversmith or other manufacturer, who at any time or times after the said first day of June one thousand seven hundred and twenty shall work or make in Great Britain any silver vessel, plate or manufacture of silver, shall give notice in writing at the part of sor the said duvise of the said sure of the s in writing at the next office for the faid duties on wrought plate

touched, assayed or marked in Great Britain as aforesaid (the

necessary charges of management excepted) to be paid, as the

fame shall arise, into the receipt of his Majesty's exchequer in

or places by them respectively made use of for the working or making of filver plate or manufactures of filver, upon pain to forfeit the sum of twenty pounds for every offence in making or working, or causing to be made or wrought, any such plate or manufacture of filver in any house or place after the said first day of June one thousand seven hundred and twenty, without having first notified the same as aforesaid.

VIII. And it is hereby enacted, That from and after the faid Goldsmiths to first day of June one thousand seven hundred and twenty, durenter at the ing the continuance of the said duty on wrought plate, all and next office monthly, on every the goldsmiths, silversmiths and other manufacturers, who forfeiture of shall make or cause to be made or wrought any plate liable to rool, the duty by this act intended to be charged thereupon, shall once in every month make a true entry in writing at the next office for the said duties of all the filver plate or manufactures of filver by them severally made or wrought within such month respectively; which entry shall contain the weight and kinds of of all the filver plate and manufactures mentioned therein, and how much thereof respectively was made in each week, on pain to forfeit for every neglect of entry the sum of one hundred Entries to be pounds; and every such entry shall be made upon the oath of made on oath the manufacturer or other person for whom the plate was made, or solemn af-or of the chief workman employed therein, or (if he or she be firmation. a Quaker) then upon his or her solemn affirmation to the best of their respective knowledge and belief; which entries, oaths and affirmations shall and may be made with and administred by such officer or officers as shall be appointed to take the same,

without any fee or charge whatsoever.

IX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, They are to That every goldsmith, silversmith and other person, who shall clear off the make and work, or cause to be made or wrought, any plate or duties in fix manufacture of filver liable to the said duty by this act granted, weeks, shall from time to time, within fix weeks after they respectively shall make or ought to have made such entry as aforesaid, pay and clear off all the said duties for plate or manufactures of silver, which shall be due from them respectively, upon pain of for- on forfeiture feiting double the sum of the said duty whereof the payment of double the shall have been so resulted or neelected.

shall have been so resused or neglected.

X. And it is hereby enacted, That all and every the officers Officers may for the said duties on wrought plate or manusactures of silver enter work-shall, at all times in the day-time, be permitted, upon his or the day-time their request, to enter the workhouse or other place which shall to take an ac-or wrought from time to time; and shall thereof make return and make a in writing to the said commissioners of the said duty, or such as commissionthey shall appoint to receive the same from time to time, leav- ers, leaving a ing a true copy thereof (if demanded) with the maker of the faid copy with the falver plate or manufactures, upon whom such return of the maker, on faid forfeiture of faid 405.

faid officer shall be a charge; and if the faid officer shall refuse to give or leave such copy (being demanded as aforesaid) every such officer for every such offence shall forfeit the sum of forty shillings to every such maker or manufacturer.

Officers to be fworn.

XI. Provided always, That every officer who shall be impowered to make such charge as aforelaid, shall in the first place be sworn for the due and faithful execution of his office; which oath shall and may be administred by all or any the commissioners of the said duty on plate, or by any justice of the peace, who

Makers to

shall give to such officer a certificate thereof: and all persons keep just scales chargeable with the faid duty on plate are hereby required to and weights, keep sufficient and just scales and weights at the place or places &c on forfeiture of 101; where he, she or they do make such plate, and permit and affish the officer to make use thereof for the purposes aforesaid, under the penalty of ten pounds, to be forfeited and lost for not keeping such scales and weights, or for not permitting and affishing

the officer to use the same as aforesaid.

XII. And be enacted, That if any maker or worker of plate Obstructing XII. And be enacted, That if any maker or worker or manufactures of filver shall obstruct or hinder any of the said of any the powers given to him or them officers in the execution of any the powers given to him or them by this act, for accertaining and securing the said duties upon plate or manufactures of filver, the person or persons offending therein shall for every such offence forfeit the sum of twenty pounds. XIII. And it is hereby further enacted, That no maker or

Makers not to of 401.

remove plate manufacturer, who shall make or work or cause to be made or without due wrought any plate or manufacture of silver as aforesid, after the without due wrought any plate or manufacture of filver as aforesaid, after the faid first day of June one thousand seven hundred and twenty, during the continuance of the faid duty, shall (under pain of forfeiting forty pounds for every offence) remove, carry or fend away, or suffer to be removed, carried or sent away any such plate or manufacture of filver, by or for him, her or them made or wrought, of which no account shall have been first taken by the proper officer of the faid duty, from the workhouse or place where the same shall have been made or wrought, without giving to the proper officer four and twenty hours notice at least of his, her or their intention to remove, carry or fend away the fame, that so the said officer (without his own wilful default) may have time to weigh and take an account thereof. XIV. And for better ascertaining the said duties upon plate

Plate not furveyed to be

weyed to be and manufactures of filver hereby chargeable as aforesaid, it is kept separate, on pain of 10l. hereby enacted, That all persons, by or for whom any such plate or manufactures shall be made or wrought, shall from time to time keep all the plate or manufactures of filver so made or wrought, and which shall not have been surveyed and taken an account of, separate and apart from all the silver plate or manufactures which shall have been surveyed and taken an account of as aforesaid, for the space of sour and twenty hours after the making or working the same, unless such plate or manufactures of filver shall have been sooner surveyed and taken an account of by the said proper officer, on pain to forfeit for every offence therein the fum of ten pounds.

XV. And it is hereby enacted, That if any of the faid per-Plate concealfons, by or for whom any such plate or manufactures of silver ed forseits 201. shall be made or wrought as aforesaid, shall fraudulently hide or conceal, or cause to be hid or concealed, any silver plate or manufactures chargeable by this act, with intent to defraud his Majesty, his heirs and successors, then and in every such case the offender shall forfeit the sum of twenty pounds for every

XVI. And it is hereby further enacted, That all plate and Plate found in other manufactures of filver, which shall be found in a private private work-workhouse, and all private utensils for making or working such house, &c. plate or manufactures, of which no notice shall have been given forfeited. pursuant to this act, shall be forfeited and lost, and then same, or pursuant to the same of shall and may be said and recovered by any the value thereof, shall and may be seized and recovered by any officer of the faid duty on plate and manufactures of filver, for

the King's use.

XVII. And it is hereby further enacted by the authority afore- Plate and ma-Av II. And it is nereby further effected by the authority affect Plate and ma-faid. That all such plate and manufactures of silver, and all the terials charge-materials and utensils for making the same, in the custody of any able with the maker or makers of such plate or manufactures, or any person duties in ar-or persons, to the use of or in trust for such maker or makers of such plate or manufactures, shall be liable and subject to, and are hereby made chargeable with all the debts and duties for plate or manufactures of filver in arrear and owing by fuch maker or makers, worker or workers respectively, for any plate or manufactures of filver made by him, her or them, or in his, her or their work-houses or places aforesaid, and also be subject to all penalties and forfeitures incurred by fuch person or persons, so using such work-house or other place, for any offence against this act relating to the said duty upon plate or manufactures of silver; and that it shall and may be lawful in all such cases to levy debts and penalties, and use such proceedings, as may lawfully be done in case the debtor or offender were the true and lawful owner of the same.

XVIII. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the au- On oath that mority aforesaid, That in case any person or persons whatsoever the duty has thall, at any time or times after the faid first day of June one been paid, thousand seven hundred and twenty, during the continuance of and on debendent duty by this act imposed upon wrought plate or manusactures customer, &c. of filver, export by way of merchandize for any foreign parts, exporter of any wrought plate or manufactures of filver by this act charged plate may or chargeable with the faid duty of fix pence per ounce, and the duty. fame shall appear to have been made or marked as aforesaid, 12 Geo 2.C. 26, after the said first day of June one thousand seven hundred and twenty, and shall give sufficient security before the shipping thereof for exportation, that the particular quantities of such plate or manufactures of filver, intended to be exported as afore-id, and every part thereof, shall not be relanded or brought grain into Great Britain, and shall make proof upon oath, or

by such affirmation respectively, as aforesaid, that the same silver plate or manufactures were actually made or marked as aforesaid, after the said first day of June one thousand seven hundred and twenty, (which securities shall be taken in the King's name, and to his use, and the said oaths and affirmations shall be administred by the customer or collector of the respective port for such exportation) that then and in every such case the faid customer or collector shall give to the exporter thereof a debenture expressing the true kinds and quantities of such plate and manufactures of silver so exported, or shipped to be exported; and the exportation or shipping thereof being certified by the searcher upon the said debenture, the collector or receiver of the said duty on plate (upon producing the said debenture to certified to him) shall forthwith pay a drawback or allowance, after the rate of fix pence for every ounce of fuch plate or mafactures of filver out of the money of the faid duty on plate or manufactures of filver then in the hands of fuch receiver or collector, without fee or reward; and if such receiver or collector shall not have money in his hands to pay any such debenture, then the respective commissioners of the said duty upon plate or manufactures of silver, are hereby required to pay or cause to be paid, the said debenture out of any the same duties arising by this act; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

All the powers in 12 Car. 2. c. 24. and other excifeacts, to be in force for managing these duties.

That all and every the powers, authorities, directions, rules, methods, penalties, forfeitures, clauses, matters and things, which in and by an act made in the twelfth year of the reign of King Charles the Second, intituled, An act for taking away the court of wards and liveries, and tenures in capite, and by knight's service, and purveyance, and for settling a revenue upon his Majesty in lieu thereof, or by any other law now in force relating to his Majesty's revenues of excise upon beer, ale, or other liquors, are provided, settled or established, for managing, raising levying, collecting, mitigating or recovering, adjudging or ascertaining the duties thereby granted, or any of them, (other than in such cases for which other penalties or provisions are made and prescribed by this act) shall be exercised, practised, applied, used and put in execution, in and for the managing, raising, levying, collecting, mitigating, recovering, and paying the said duty upon plate or manufactures of silver hereby granted, during the continuance of this act, as sully and effectually, to all intents and purposes, as if all and every the said powers, authorities, rules, directions, methods, penalties, forfeitures, clauses, matters and things, were particularly repeated and again enacted in the body of this present act.

XIX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid,

All fines, &c. to be fued for as by the laws of excile.

XX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid. That all fines, penalties and forfeitures in relation to the said duty by this act imposed upon plate or manufactures of filver, shall be sued for, levied and recovered, or mitigated, by such ways, means and methods, as any sine, penalty, or forfeiture is or may be recovered or mitigated by any law or laws of excise.

cise, or by any action of debt, bill, plaint or information in any of his Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, or in the court of session, court of justiciary, or court of exchequer in Scotland respectively, and that one moiety of such fine, penalty or forfeiture, relating to the said duty on plate or manufactures of filver, (not otherwise directed by this act) shall be to his Majesty, his heirs and successors, and the other moiety to him or them that shall discover, inform or sue for the same.

XXI. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the au-Commission-thority aforesaid, That such persons as shall be, in pursuance ers for these of this act, appointed commissioners for the duty on plate or duties to have manufactures of filver, to be made in England, Wales, or Ber- the fame jurifwick upon Tweed, shall and may have and exercise the same or diction as or like jurisdiction, power and authority, and may adjudge, de-of excise. termine, mitigate, or order, in all causes and matters relating to the said duties on plate or manufactures of silver arising with-in the limits aforesaid, as the commissioners of excise upon beer, ale and other liquors, may or lawfully can exercise, adjudge, determine, mitigate, or order in the like cases or matters in rela-tion to the said duty of excise, by any law or statute now in force

XXII. And it is hereby enacted and declared by the autho-Duty on plate rity aforesaid, That all the said duties upon plate and other ma-chargeable nusactures of since, made or wrought in this realm, or import—with the years ed into the same, as aforesaid, shall be liable to and chargeable ly fund for with the yearly fund herein after mentioned, and all the annuities to be payable out of the same in pursuance of this act, subject nevertheless to such redemption as is herein after mentioned; and all the same rates and duties upon plate and manufactures of filver (except the necessary charges before-mentioned) are and shall be appropriated thereunto, in such manner, that all the monies which shall, from time to time, be or remain due or in arrear for and upon the same annuities, or any of them, or for any arrears thereof, if any such be, shall from time to time, in the first place, be paid and satisfied out of the said duties upon plate or manufactures of filver, by this act granted, or so far as the same duties will extend, with preference to any other payments that shall or may hereafter be charged thereupon, and under such penalties, forfeitures and disabilities, as are hereafter in this act contained in that behalf.

in this act contained in that behalf.

XXIII. And to the end all the monies to arise by this act for the said duties upon plate and manusactures of silver may be ers and officiently and certainly raised and brought into the said receipt of except to be approper for the purposes aforesaid, it is hereby further enacted pointed, who by the authority aforesaid, That from time to time, during the areto be liable continuance of this act, there shall be appointed such and so of 9 & 10 W. many commissioners of the customs and excise, and other officiently of 9 to W. cers as shall be proper and necessary for the raising, and levying the respective duties and sums of money by this act granted or chargeable, and for keeping and rendring the accounts of the same; and that all receivers general, collectors, and other officers, who are or shall be concerned in the raising, collecting.

receiving

receiving and paying the faid respective duties hereby granted, or any of them, and keeping and rendring the several accounts thereof, shall perform their several duties therein, as to them respectively shall appertain, under such and the like penalties, forfeitures and disablities, for any offence or neglect therein, or for detaining, diverting, or misapplying any part of the said monies, as are prescribed and to be inflicted by virtue of an act

9 & 10 W. 3.

of parliament made and passed in the ninth year of the reign of his late majesty King William the Third, intituled, An ast for raising a sum, not exceeding two millions upon a fund for payment of annuities after the rate of eight pounds per centum per annum, and for settling the trade to the East Indies, for the like offence or neglect relating to the duties on salt, and upon stampt vellum, parchment and paper thereby granted or referred unto, or

13000 l. the yearly fund. for detaining, diverting or misapplying any part of the monies which were granted or appropriated by the act last mentioned.

XXIV. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That yearly and every year, reckoning the first year to begin the sive and twentieth day of March one thousand seven hundred and twenty, the full sum of thirteen thousand pounds per annum, by or out of the monies to arise of or for the said duties upon plate or manufactures of filver, and to be brought into the receipt of exchequer, as aforefaid, in case the same shall extend thereunto, shall be the whole and entire yearly fund; and in case all the monies arising into the exchequer of or for the said rates and duties upon plate and manufactures of filver, shall not amount to thirteen thousand pounds per annum, then the monies so arising, so far as the same will extend, shall be part of the yearly fund,

Deficiency to Cinking fund,

for or towards answering or paying all the several and respective be made good duties upon plate and manufactures of filver shall at any time out of the annuities herein after mentioned; and in case the said rates and or times appear to be so deficient or low in the produce of the fame, as that within any one year to be reckoned as aforefaid, the faid monies arifing into the exchequer for or upon account of the fame rates and duties shall not amount to so much as thirteen thousand pounds, or to so much as shall be sufficient to discharge and satisfy all the annuities by this act appointed or intended to be paid within or for the same year respectively, that then and so often, and in every such case, so much as shall be deficient or wanting to make up the said fund for every or any fuch year, until the redemption thereof by parliament, according to the proviso herein after contained in that behalf, shall be supplied and made good, from time to time, out of the monies which shall, from time to time, arise by certain surplusses, excesses, and overplus monies, commonly called the finking fund, so as the sums which, from time to time, or at any time shall be supplied out of the said sinking fund, do not exceed the monies which shall be saved by taking off the drawback of the duties on hops exported, or shipped to be exported for Ireland, pursuant to the clauses herein after contained in that behalf; and if the same shall at any time exceed such saving, then the

refidue of fuch deficiency shall be supplied out of the then next or out of the

which denciency man be supplied out of the then next of out of the sids to be granted in parliament; any thing in any former or next sids in other law or statute contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXV. And it is hereby enacted, That all the monies arising The monies by the said duties on plate and manufactures of silver, for payarising by the ment of the several annuities, which shall be payable upon this entred in a server where the state of the server is an annuity of the server in one or more book or books. act, shall be fairly and duly entred in one or more book or books, book, to be kept in the offices of the auditor of the receipt and clerk of the pells for that purpose, to which all persons concerned, at all seasonable times, shall have free access without see or

charge

XXVI. And for the raising any sum or sums of money, not Any persons exceeding in the whole the sum of three hundred and twelve may be conthousand pounds, towards his Majesty's supply; it is hereby the annuitors further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall and may of 312,000 late the annuitors of 312,000 late the 312,000 la be lawful to and for any person or persons, natives or foreigners, 41. per cent. bodies politick or corporate, to contribute, advance and pay into the receipt of his Majesty's exchequer, for his Majesty's use, at or before the respective days and times in this act limited in that behalf, any sum or sums of money, not exceeding in the whole the said sum of three hundred and twelve thousand pounds, for the absolute purchase of any certain annuity or annuities, to commence from the five and twentieth day of March one thousand seven hundred and twenty, and to be paid and payable to such contributor or contributors, or such as he, she or they shall nominate, his, her or their executors, administrators, successors and assigns respectively, until the redemption thereof by parliament, according to the proviso herein after contained in that behalf, which certain annuities shall be computed at the rate of four pounds per annum for every one hundred pounds, and proportionably for any greater fum to to be advanced and paid; and the purchase-money so paid for every such annuity at the rate aforesaid, is hereby appointed to be paid into the faid receipt of exchequer at or before the respective days and times herein after limited; that is to fay, one fourth part Times of paythereof on or before the four and twentieth day of June in the ment. year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and twenty; one other fourth part thereof on or before the first day of August in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and twenty; one other fourth part thereof on or before the first day of October in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and twenty; and the remaining fourth part thereof on or before the first day of December in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and twenty; all which annuities so to be purchased, shall be paid and payable at two of the most usual feasts or days of payment in the year; that is to say, the feast of Saint Misheel the archangel, and the annunciation of the bleffed Virgin Mary, by even and equal portions; the first payment thereof to be due at the feast of Saint Michael the archangel in the year of be due at the feart of Saint 1941-1951.

our Lord one thousand seven hundred and twenty.

XXVII. And

Books to be provided for entring the contributors names, and the fums.

XXVII. And it is hereby enacted, That in the offices of the auditor of the receipt, and the clerk of the pells in the exchequer, severally, there shall be provided and kept a book or books, in which there shall be fairly entred the names of all who shall be contributors for such certain annuities, as aforesaid, and of all persons by whose hands the said contributors shall pay in any of the said sums upon this act, and also the sums so paid for such annuities, to which book it shall be lawful for the said respective contributors, their executors, administrators and assigns, from time to time, and at all seasonable times, to have re-

The annuities ad, &c.

fort, and to inspect the same, without see or reward.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforeto be charged faid, That all and every the annuities so to be purchased upon on the duties this present as shall be and are beautiful. on the duties this present act shall be and are hereby charged upon, and shall arising by this be paid and payable, from time to time, out of the money arising by the faid rates and duties, and other provisions made by virtue of this act for the payment thereof; and that all and every contributor and contributors upon this act, duly paying the confideration or purchase-money at the rate asoresaid, at or before the respective days or times in this act limited in that behalf, for any such annuity or annuities, as aforesaid, or such as he, she or they shall appoint, his, her, or their respective executors, administrators, successors and assigns, shall have, receive and enjoy, and be intitled by virtue of this act to have, receive and enjoy the respective annuity and annuities, so to be purchased out of the monies by this act appropriated, until the redemption thereof by parliament, according to the proviso herein after contained in that behalf, as is above-mentioned; and that all and every fuch purchasers, their executors, administrators, successors and assigns respectively, shall have good, sure, absolute, and undefeazible estates and interests in the several annuities so by them respectively to be purchased, according to the tenor and true meaning of this act; and that all such estates and interests of and in the faid annuities, and every of them, shall be, and be adjudged, taken and accepted in construction of law, and in all courts of law and equity whatfoever, to be a personal and not a real estate, and shall go to the executors or administrators of

Annuities a personal e-state and to go to execu-

Tax-free.

Contributors to have tallies and orders ftruck for their anpuities, &c.

...

the person or persons dying possessed thereof, interested therein, or entitled thereunto, and not to the heirs of fuch person or perfons; any law, custom or usage to the contrary notwithstanding: and that all the said annuities to be purchased on this act, as aforesaid, and every of them, shall be free from all taxes, charges and impositions whatsoever.

XXIX. And be it further enacted by the authority afore-

said, That every contributor upon this act for any such annuity or annuities, as aforesaid, his, her or their executors, admini-firators, successors or assigns, upon payment of the consideration or purchale-money for the same, at the rate aforesaid, or any part or proportion thereof, into the faid receipt of exchequer, within the time or times in this act limited in that behalf, shall immediately have one or more talley or tallies levied, import-

ing the receipt of fo much purchase-money as shall be so paid, and upon payment of all the purchase-money for any annuity or annuities, at the rate aforesaid, every such contributor, his, her or their executors, administrators, successors or assigns respectively, shall have an order for paying the said annuity and annuities until the redemption thereof by parliament, according to the proviso herein after contained in that behalf; which order shall be signed by the treasurer and under treasurer of the exchequer, or any three or more of the commissioners of the treasury for the time being; and after the signing thereof the same shall be firm, good, valid and effectual in the law, according to the purport and true meaning thereof, and of this act, and shall not be determinable by or upon the deaths or removal of any treasurer or under treasurer of the exchequer, or any commissioner or commissioners of the treasury or by or upon the determination of the power, office or offices of them, or any of them, nor shall any lord high treasurer of Great Britain, treasurer of the exchequer, or any commissioners of the treasury now or for the time being, have power to revoke, countermand, or make void such orders so signed, as aforesaid, or any of them

XXX. And for the encouragement of the contributors to ad- 51. per cent. vance and pay readily into the receipt of the exchequer the fums for prompt by them intended to be advanced upon this act: it is provided payment. and enacted by the authority aforefaid, That every fuch contributor, who shall advance and pay into the said receipt of exchequer, within the times limited by this act, the purchasemoney payable for any fuch annuity or annuities, as aforefaid, his, her or their executors, administrators, successors, or assigns, shall be allowed and paid out of the contribution money arising by this act, interest after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, for the prompt payment of the purchase money, or of such proportions of the purchase-money, as shall be so advanced before the first day of December one thousand seven hundred and twenty; the said interest to be computed for the respective sums so advanced and paid into the exchequer, from the time or refpective times of the actual advancing and paying the fame into the exchequer, until the said first day of December one thou-sand seven hundred and twenty.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, that it shall and may be Purchasers lawful to and for any purchaser or purchasers of any such an-may assign or nuity or annuities, as aforesaid, his, her or their executors, addevise their interest in the ministrators, successors or assigns, at any time or times during annuities, &c. the continuance of his, her or their estate or interest of and in By 9 Geo. 1. the same, by any writing under his, her or their hands and c. 12. feals, or under the common feal of a corporation, or by his, her be made by inor their last will in writing, to assign or device his, her or their dorsement on estate or interest of and in any such annuity, or any part thereof, the order. to any person or persons whatsoever, and so teties quoties; and no such assignment to be revocable, so as an entry or memorandum

morandum of fuch affignment or will be made in books to be kept for that purpose in the said office of the auditor of the re-ceipt, within the space of three months after such afsignment or death of the devisor: and that upon producing such affignment or will, or probate thereof, in the said office of receipt, to be entred, as aforesaid, the party so producing the same shall bring therewith an affidavit taken before one or more of his Majesty's justices of the peace, of the due execution of the said affignment or will, which affidavits shall be severally filed in the said office, which faid entry or memorandum the proper officers in in the faid receipt of exchequer are hereby required to make accordingly, and to file the faid affidavits; and in default of fuch affignment, or devise by deed or will, the interest of such person or persons shall go to his or her executors or admini-Arators

No purchase unless one fourth part of chase or obtain any fuch certain annuity or annuities, as aforethe confidera- said, for which exchequer-orders are to be made forth, as aforetion-money be faid, upon this act, unless the whole, or one fourth part at least, paid by

a4 June 1720. of the consideration-money for the same, at such rate, as aforefaid, be advanced and paid into the said receipt of exchequer,
on or before the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand seven

hundred and twenty.

Purchasers not paying in their money at the time appointed, forfeit what paid in,

XXXIII. Provided also, That in case any such contributor, as aforesaid, who shall, on or before the said twenty-fourth day of June one thousand seven hundred and twenty, have advanced into the exchequer, one fourth part of his, her or their purchasemoney, or his, her or their executors, administrators, successors or assigns, do not advance and pay into the said receipt of exchequer, one fourth part of his, her or their consideration-money so to be paid for such respective annuity or annuities, as aforefaid, on or before the faid first day of August one thousand seven hundred and twenty; and one other fourth part thereof, on or before the said first day of October one thousand seven hundred and twenty; and the remaining fourth part thereof on or before the faid first day of December one thousand seven hundred and twenty; then and in every fuch case respectively, no order shall be drawn or signed for such respective annuity for which the consideration-money shall not be fully paid, as aforesaid, but so much of the consideration-money as shall have been actually paid into the receipt of exchequer for such respective annuity, shall be forfeited to his Majesty, his heirs and successors, and shall be applied, together with other the monies to be raised by this act, for fuch publick fervices, as aforefaid; any thing in this act contained to the contrary notwithstanding. XXXIV. And be it further enacted, for the better encourage

All receipts and iffues to be without

ing persons to advance the said sum of three hundred and twelve thousand pounds upon the respective terms and advantages in this act mentioned, That all receipts and issues, and all other things directed by this act to be performed in the exchequer,

shall be done and performed by the officers there, without demanding or receiving, directly or indirectly, any fee, gratuity or reward for the same, otherwise than by this act is appointed; Penalty on ofand in case the officers in the exchequer shall take or demand ficers offendany such see or reward, otherwise than by this act is appointed, ing. or shall divert or misapply any of the monies to be paid into the receipt of the exchequer, for making up the aforefaid fund, or shall pay or issue out of the same otherwise than according to the intent of this act, or shall not keep books and registers, and make entries, and do and perform all other things which by this act they are required to perform, every such officer shall forfeit his office, and be for the future incapable of any office or place of trust whatsoever, and shall answer and pay treble damages and costs of suit to any contributor or person claiming under him, that will sue for the same, to be recovered by action of debt, bill, plaint or information in any of his Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, wherein no essoin, protection, privilege of parliament, or other privilege or wager of law, injunction or order of restraint, or more than one imparlance shall be granted or allowed, and in the said action the plaintiff upon recovery shall have full costs; one third of which sum so to be recovered shall be paid into the receipt of the exchequer, for the benefit of his Majesty, his heirs and successors, and the other two third parts shall be to and for the use of the prosecutor.

XXXV. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the Treasury to authority aforesaid, That out of the monies from time to time reward the artifing at the faid receipt of exchequer, of or for the faid duties officers and on plate or manufactures of filver hereby granted and approcelerks, &c. priated, as aforefaid, it shall and may be lawful to and for the incident faid commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, charges out of or the high treasurer for the time being, to reward the officers the monies to and clerks in the exchequer, and others that shall and may be arise by this any many implement to the exception of this not in relation to act. any way imployed in the execution of this act, in relation to act. the faid annuities to be payable thereupon, for their labour, pains and service therein respectively, and to discharge and fatisfy such incident charges as shall necessarily attend the execution of the same, in such manner as the commissioners of the treafury or any three or more of them, or the high treasurer for the time being shall, from time to time, think fit and reasonable in that behalf; any thing in this act contained to the contrary not-

withstanding.

XXXVI. Provided also, and it is hereby further enacted, Surplus to be That in case there shall be any surplus or remainder of the reserved for monies arising by the rates and duties granted by this act, at publick use. the end of any year, for which the faid annuities are to be payable, after all the annuities, charges and payments directed or authorized by this act, the fully fatisfied, paid and discharge authorized by this act, the fully fatisfied, paid and for the fully fatisfied, paid and for the fully fatisfied. ed, or money sufficient shall be reserved for that purpose, such furplus or remainder shall be reserved for the publick use, and shall be disposed and disposeable by authority of parliament, and not otherwise. XXXVII. And

General issue.

XXXVII. And it is hereby enacted by the authority afore-faid, That if any person or persons shall at any time or times be sued or prosecuted for any thing by him or them done or executed in pursuance of this act, or of any matter or thing in this act contained, fuch person or persons shall and may plead the general issue, and give the special matter in evidence for his or their defence; and if upon the trial a verdict shall pass for the desendant or desendants, or the plaintiff or plaintiffs shall become nonsuited, then such desendant or desendants shall have treble costs to him or them awarded against such plaintiff of plaintiffs.

On publick notice in the gazette, and on the exchange, at any of the quarterly feast days, and on repay ment of the to ceale,

XXXVIII. Provided also, and it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, That at any time upon publick notice to be printed in the London Gazette, and affixed upon the Royal Exchange in London, by authority of parliament, at any of the faid quarterly feast-days for payment of the said annuities to be payable out of the faid particular fund, not exceeding twenty thousand pounds per annum; and upon repayment by parliament of the respective principal sums for which the same annuities principal, fhall be payable to such respective persons and corporations as then they are shall be entitled to the same annuities, and also upon sull payshall be payable to such respective persons and corporations as ment of all arrearages of the same annuities, to be computed by the day after the rate of four pounds per centum per annum, till such actual repayment, then and not till then the same annuities

shall cease and determine; any thing herein contained to con-

trary notwithstanding: and that any vote or resolution of the house of commons signed by the speaker in writing, to be in-

ferted in the said London Gazette, and affixed on the Royal Exchange in London, as aforesaid, shall be deemed and adjudged to be

and any vote of the commons figned by the speaker, shall be sufficient notice.

sufficient notice within the words and meaning of this act. AGeo. 2. C. 8. in the fourth year of your Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for vesting the forfeited estates in Great Britain and Ireland in trustees, to be fold for the use of the publick; and for giving relief to lawful creditors by determining the claims; and for the more effectual bringing into the respective exchequers the rents and profits of the said estates till sold, and by several other acts of parliament relating to the said forfeited estates, several sums of money have already been raised and paid into the receipts of the respective exchequers of England, Scotland and Ireland, or some of them, and several considerable sums of money arising or to arise of or for the said forfeited estates, are expected to be brought and paid into the said exchangers respectively: now we your Majesty's said dutiful and loyal subjects, the said commons of Great Britain in parliament as fembled, for defraying your Majesty's publick expences and oc-casions before-mentioned, have further given and granted, and do by this act give and grant to your Majesty the full sum of two hundred thousand seven hundred thirty seven pounds fourteen shillings and nine pence farthing, to be taken out of the clear produce of the forfeitures for treason, arisen or to arise into the receipts of the said exchequers, every or any of them,

over and above the falaries and other charges payable for the recovery of the faid forfeitures; and do most humbly beseech your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said sum of two hundred thousand authority aforesaid, That the said sum of two hundred thousand seven hundred thirty seven pounds fourteen shillings and nine of 1 q. out of pence farthing, by such proportions at a time as the commissioners of his Majesty's treasury, or any three or more of them, duce arising or the high treasurer for the time being, shall find most contracted of the forseited estates, to be plied out of the clear produce of the forseitures for treason, arisen applied toor to arise into the receipt of his Majesty's exchequer, over and wards his Ma above the faid falaries and other charges payable for the reco- jefty's publick very of the faid forfeitures; and the faid commissioners of the expences. treasury, or any three or more of them, or the high treasurer for the time being, are hereby authorized and impowered to issue and apply, or cause to be issued and applied, the same accordingly; any former law or statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

standing.

XL. And whereas certain duties upon hops were by an act of par-Clause for tak-liament made in the ninth year of the reign of her late majesty Queen ing off all the Anne, of blessed memory, intituled, An act for laving a duty upon hops, imposed for the term of four years, reckoned from the first day ported for Ire-of June one thousand seven hundred and eleven, and were by an act land. of the first year of your Majesty's reign-continued until the first day of 9 Ann. c. 12.

August one thousand seven hundred and fisteen; and by another act of sect. 22.

August one thousand seven hundred and fisteen; and by another act of sect. 22.

for ever, subject nevertheles to redemption by parliament: in and by 1 Geo. 1. stat. the same year were granted to your Majesty, your heirs and successors c. 2.

for ever, subject nevertheles, (amongst other things therein contained) 2.c. 12. sect. 5.

it was provided, That it should and might be lawful to and for any person or persons, who should have actually paid the duty thereby payable for any quantity of hops whatsoever of British growth, and to and for any other person or persons, who should buy or be lawfully entitled to any such quantity of bops of British growth from the said person or persons who actually paid the said duty for the same, to export such hops, being of British growth, for Ireland by way of merchandize; and that upon giving such security, and personning such other requisites as by the said acts, or some of them, are prescribed, the customer or collector of the port where such hops shall be exported, shall give to the exporter a debenture expressing the true quantity of the British hops so actually and that upon such debenture the said shall give to the exporter a debenture expressing the true quantity of the British bops so exported; and that upon such debenture the said duty shall be repaid, or the security for the same be discharged in the manner and form thereby prescribed, as by the said acts of parliament, relation being thereunto severally had, may more fully appear: and whereas the said duty upon hops of British growth is very moderate, and such hops exported for Iriland may reasonably bear the same duty which is charged upon those consumed in Great Britain: now we your Majesty's said dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons of Great Britain in parliament assembled, being minded and de-Great Britain in parliament affembled, being minded and defirous to improve the publick revenues, which are applicable to the discharging of publick debts and incumbrances, do further

humbly pray your Majesty, that it may be enacted; and be it You. XIV. Q enacted

enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said duty upon hops of British growth, or any part thereof, shall not be repaid or drawn back for any such hops which shall be exported or shipped to be exported for *Ireland*, at any time or times after the first day of June one thousand seven hundred and twenty; and that no debenture or certificate shall be granted or made forth for or in order to the repayment or drawing back of the fame duty for or upon any such hops so exported or shipped to be exported for Ireland after the said first day of June one thousand seven hundred and twenty; but such drawback or repayment from thenceforth shall cease and determine; the said recited acts of parliament, or any other law or statute to the contrary not-

withstanding.

XLI. And whereas it may be requisite for encouraging the several manufactures of wrought plate, to continue both the flandard of plate of eleven ounces ten-penny weight Troy, and also the flandard of eleven ounces two-penny weight Troy, for the better accommodating the buyers of plate and the workers and dealers therein: be it thereThe two diffe- fore enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the rent standards sirst day of June one thousand seven hundred and twenty all silver wrought were westels of plate or manufactured of silver shall not be made

eleven ounces two-penny weight of fine filver in every pound

or wrought plate continu- ver vessels of plate or manufactured of filver shall not be made ed. less in finences than that of eleven ounces ten-penny weight of fine filver in every pound Troy, or of filver less in finences than

Troy; which two different standards of wrought plate shall be severally and respectively marked with distinguishing marks, The diffinguithing marks for the

(that is to fay) vessels made of filver plate or manufactured filmarks for the ver not less in fineness than eleven ounces ten-penny weight of two standards. fine filver in every pound Troy, to be marked with the workman's mark, the mark of the wardens of the mystery or craft of the goldsmiths, and with the figure of a lion's head erased, and the figure of a woman called the Britannia; and all yessels of filver plate or manufactured filver not less in finencis than eleven ounces two-penny weight of fine filver in every pound Troy, and under the degree of eleven ounces ten penny weight of fine filver in every pound Troy, shall be marked with the Mo plate to be workman's mark, and the wardens of the mystery or craft of goldsmiths as aforesaid, and with the figure of a lion passant, and the figure of a leopard's head; and that it shall not be lawful to make any vessels of silver plate or manufactures of silver of a coarser allay than what is herein specified, under the pe-

nalties and forfeitures prescribed by any of the laws now in be-

of a coarfer allay,

ing concerning wrought plate; any thing in this act or any Not to invali- other act or acts to the contrary notwithstanding. XLII. Provided always, and be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That nothing in this present act contained shall be date the pro-vision of 20,000 l. for erecting f thools in the construed any way to invalidate or infringe a provision made by an act passed in the fourth year of his Majesty's reign for approhighlands. priating a fum not exceeding twenty thousand pounds, to be 4 Geo. t. c. 8. applied towards erecting and maintaining schools in the high-₩t. 32. lands of Scotland, nor to alter the order and manner appointed by the faid act for raising the faid sum out of the monies which shall

shall arise by sale of the forseited estates in Scotland; any thing

in this present act to the contrary notwithstanding.

XLIII. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That Appropriaall the monies lent and to be lent to his Majesty upon one act tion of the of this session of parliament, intituled, An act for granting to his ed this session.

Majesty an aid by a land-tax to be raised in Great Britain, for the 6 Geo. 1. c. 1. fervice of the year one thousand seven bundred and twenty, and so much money (if any such be) of the tax thereby granted, as shall arise and remain after all the loans made or to be made on that act, and the interest thereof, and the charges thereby allowable for raising the said tax shall be satisfied, or monies sufficient shall be reserved to discharge the same; and all the monies lent or to be lent to his Majesty upon an act of this session of parliament, intituled, An act for continuing the duties on 6 Geo. 1. C. 2. malt, mum, cyder and perry, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and twenty; and for enabling the lords commissioners of his Majesty's treasury to call in such exchequer-bills as are to be cancelled and discharged with money appointed for that purpose, and so much of the duties on much mum cyder and perry thereby much of the duties on malt, mum, cyder and perry thereby granted or continued, as shall arise and remain (if any such be) after all the loans made or to be made on the same act, or thereby transferred or directed to be transferred thereunto, and all the interest thereof, and the charges thereby allowable for raising the same duties shall be satisfied, or monies sufficient shall be reserved to discharge the same; and the said sum not exceeding three hundred and twelve thousand pounds intended to be raised as aforesaid; and the said sum of two hundred thousand seven hundred thirty feven pounds fourteen shillings and nine pence farthing, to be taken out of the said clear produce of forseitures, in pursuance of this present act, shall be appropriated and applied, and are hereby appropriated for or towards the several uses, intents and purposes herein expressed, subject nevertheless to such restrictions are herein after prescribed; that is to say, it is hereby en- 88,049 l. 35. acted and declared, That out of all or any the aids or supplies sid and one provided as aforesaid there shall and may be issued and applied fith part of a nearly to fund, for raising seven hundred and twenty four thousand eight hundred and forty nine pounds fix shillings and ten pence and one fifth part of a penny per annum, for the year ended at Michaelmas one thousand seven hundred and nineteen.

XLIV. And it is hereby enacted and declared, That out of For naval ferall or any the aids or supplies provided as aforesaid there shall vices. or may be issued or applied any sum or sums of money not exceeding one million three hundred ninety seven thousand seven hundred thirty three pounds sixteen shillings and three pence and five tenth parts of a penny, for or towards the naval services following; that is to fay, any sums not exceeding three hundred seventy seven thousand sive hundred sixty one pounds fix shillings and nine pence halfpenny, for making good several

extraordinary expences for the service of his Majesty's navy and the victualling thereof for the year one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, not provided for by parliament; and any further fum and sums of money not exceeding nine hundred and nineteen thousand n teen thousand nine hundred and eighteen pounds ten shillings and eight pence, for or towards defraying the charges of the ordinary of his Majesty's navy and for half-pay to sca-officers, and for or towards victual, wages, wear and tear of the navy and victualling thereof performed and to be performed; and for or towards sea-services in the office of ordnance performed and to be performed, and other services of the navy performed and to be performed; and any further sum and sums of money not exceeding seventy nine thousand seven hundred twenty three pounds, for or towards repairs of his Majesty's navy performed or to be performed; and any further sum and sums of money not exceeding twenty thousand five hundred and thirty pounds eighteen shillings and ten pence, for extraordinary charge of the transport-services for the year one thousand seven hundred and

For the ordnance for land fervice. nineteen, not provided for by parliament.

XLV. And it is hereby also enacted, That out of all or any the aids or supplies provided as aforesaid there shall or may be issued and applied any sum or sums of money not exceeding eighty one thousand seven hundred and twenty pounds two thillings and one halfpenny, for defraying the charge of the office of his Majesty's ordnance for land-services performed and to be performed; and for or towards making good the exceedings in that office in the year one thousand seven hundred and nineteen.

For landforces, guards any the aids or supplies provided as aforesaid there shall or may be issued and applied any sum or sums of money not exceeding in the whole the fum of nine hundred twenty fix thousand six hundred forty three pounds fixteen shillings and eight pence, for or towards maintaining his Majesty's land-forces and other fervices herein after more particularly expressed; that is to say, any sum not exceeding five hundred fixty three thousand sive hundred and eight pounds tifteen shillings, for defraying the charge of fourteen thousand four hundred and fixty nine effective men (including commission and non-commission officers, and two thousand and thirty four invalids) for guards and garrisons, and other his Majesty's land-forces in Great Britain, Jerfey and Guernsey, and other services relating to the forces for the year one thousand seven hundred and twenty; and any sum and fums of money not exceeding one hundred forty eight thousand and thirty five pounds nine shillings and sixpence halfpenny, for maintaining his Majesty's forces and garrisons in the plantations, Minorca and Gibraltar, and for provisions for the garrisons at Annapolis and Placentia, for the year one thousand seven hundred and twenty; and any sum and sums of money not exceeding fixteen thousand three hundred thirty one pounds and ten shillings, upon account for out pensioners of Chelea Hespital for the year one thousand seven hundred and twenty; and any fum and fums of money not exceeding ninety nine thousand feven hundred fixty eight pounds two shillings and one penny halfpenny, for defraying several extraordinary expences for the service of his Majesty's land-forces for the year one thousand feven hundred and nineteen not provided for by parliament; and any sum or sums not exceeding ninety nine thousand pounds, upon account of half-pay for the year one thouland seven hundred and twenty, to be paid to the reduced officers of his Majesty's land-forces and marines: subject nevertheless to such rules to be observed in the application of the said half-pay, as are herein after prescribed in that behalf; and that the said aids or supplies provided as aforesaid shall not be issued or applied to any use, intent or purpose whatsoever, other than the uses and purposes before-mentioned.

XLVII. Provided always, That such sums as by or in pur- For the com-fuance of any other act or acts of parliament are or shall be due missioners of or payable to any commissioners for taking, examining, stating army acand determining the debts due to the army, for their salaries, counts. or for their clerks, or other incident charges, shall or may be paid out of the aids or supplies aforesaid, or any of them; any

paid out of the aids or supplies aforesaid, or any or them; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XLVIII. And as to the said sum of ninety nine thousand Rules to be pounds by this act appropriated on account of half-pay as observed in aforesaid, it is hereby enacted and declared by the authority the application of the half-pay.

observed in the application thereof; that is to say,

That no person shall have or receive any part of the same, who was a minor, under the age of fixteen years, at the time when the regiment, troop or company in which he served was reduced.

That no person shall have or receive any part of the same, except such persons who did actual service in some regiment, troop or company.

That no person having any other place or employment of profit, civil or military, under his Majesty, shall have or receive

any part of the said half-pay.

That no chaplain of any garrison or regiment, who has any ecclesiastical benefice, or other preferment in Great Britain

or Ireland, shall have or receive any part of the said half-pay.

That no person shall have or receive any part of the same, who hath resigned his commission, and has had no commission.

That no part of the same shall be allowed to any persons by virtue of any warrant or appointment, except to such persons who would have been otherwife entitled to the fame as reduced officers.

And that no part of the same shall be allowed to any of the officers of the five regiments of dragoons, and eight regiments of foot, lately disbanded in *Ireland*, except to fuch as were lately taken off the establishment of half-pay in *Great Britain*.

XLIX. And Q3

Geo. 1. C. 19.

XLIX. And whereas by an act of parliament made in the fifth year of his Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for redeeming the fund appropriated for payment of the lottery-tickets which were made forth for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and ten, by a voluntary subscription of the proprietors into the capital stock of the South-Sea company; and for raising a fum of money to pay off such debts and incumbrances as are therein mentioned; and for appropriating the supplies granted therein mentioned; and for appropriating the supplies granted in this session of parliament; and to limit times for prosecutions upon bonds for exporting cards and dice, several supplies which had been granted to his Majesty, as is therein mentioned, were appropriated to several uses and purposes therein expressed; amongst which any sum or sums not exceeding the sum of one hundred and ten thousand pounds, upon account of half-pay sor the year one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, was appropriated to be paid to the reduced officers of his Majesty's land-forces and marines, subject nevertheless to such rules to be observed in the application of the said halfpay, as in and by the aforesaid act were prescribed in that behalf; and the desiciencies of the said supplies are made good, or enacted to be made good by grants in this session of parliament: now it is hereby promade good by grants in this session of parliament: now it is hereby provided, enacted and declared by the authority aforesaid, That so much of the faid fum of one hundred and ten thousand pounds, as is or shall be more than sufficient to satisfy the said reduced

Overplus of last year's half-pay, for the compai-fionate lift.

officers, according to the faid rules by the aforefaid act preferibed to be observed in the application thereof, or any part of fuch overplus, shall or may be disposed to such officers who were maimed or lost their limbs in the late wars, or to such others, as by reason of their long service, or otherwise, his Majesty shall judge to be proper objects of charity, or to the widows or children of such officers, according to such warrant or warrants under his Majesty's royal sign manual, as shall be signed in that behalf any thing in this or the first formation. ed in that behalf; any thing in this or the faid former act to the contrary notwithstanding.

the constrary notwithstanding.

L. An whereas the corporation of the governor and company of vent counterfeiting receipts and warrants of the officers of the south-Sea time to time, upon or for subscriptions to be by the said company taken for increasing their capital stock, pursuant to an act of this present secondary.

The constrary notwithstanding.

L. An whereas the corporation of the governor and company of merchants of Great Britain trading to the South-Seas and other parts of America, and for encouraging the fishery, may issue out receipts of the south-Seas time to time, upon or for subscriptions to be by the said company taken for increasing their capital stock, pursuant to an act of this present secondary.

In the constrary notwithstanding.

L. An whereas the corporation of the governor and company of the receipts on more of their officers, from time to time, upon or for subscriptions to be by the said company taken for increasing their capital stock, pursuant to an act of this present secondary.

In the constrary notwithstanding.

L. An whereas the corporation of the governor and company of the receipts of the south-Seas and other parts of the south-Seas and other par any such receipt or receipts, warrant or warrants, or any in-dorsement or writing, indorsements or writings thereupon or therein, or shall tender any such forged, counterfeited or altered receipt or receipts, warrant or warrants, or any such receipt or receipts, warrant or warrants, with such counterfeit indorse-ment or writing thereon or therein, knowing the same to be so forged, counterfeited or altered, to the faid company, or any of their officers, or shall offer to alienate or dispose of the fame, knowknowing the same to be forged, counterfeited or altered, and with intent to defraud the said company, or any other person or

with intent to defraud the said company, or any other person or persons, bodies politick or corporate, then and in such case every such person or persons, so offending (being thereof lawfully convicted) shall be adjudged a selon, and shall suffer death, as in cases of selony, without benefit of clergy.

LI. And whereas by an ast passed last session of parliament in-Clause for extituled, An act for the recovery of the credit of the British sistery plaining the in foreign parts, and for better securing the duties upon salt, act 5 Geo. 1. liberty is given to his Majesty's subjects to import foreign salt for the cerning fouse of the sistery duty-free after Midsummer-day one thousand seven reign salt celbundred and nineteen; and it being at the same time intended by the lared and said act. That all such foreign salt as was imported, weighed, cellared locked up beand beked up in the presence of an officer for the duties upon salt, and fore 24 June under the joint custody of such officer and the importer thereof, before the said twenty-fourth day of June one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, should have the benefit of being turned over as stock in hand, and be made use of in the sishery duty-free; but for want of sufficient words to express clearly and plainly the intention of the said act, in relation to such foreign salt so imported as aforesaid before the said twenty fourth day of June one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, the proprietors of the said salt have, to their great loss and detriment, not been able to make all of the said salt in the loss of t fourth day of June one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, the proprietors of the said salt have, to their great loss and detriment, not been able to make use of the said salt in the last fishery, nor will, for the time to come, be enabled to make any use at all of it, unless the said ast be better explained: for remedy whereof, and to supply the defect in the said act, be it, and it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid. That all such foreign salt so imported, cellared and locked up as aforesaid before the said twenty fourth of June one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, shall, at the desire of the proprietor or proprietors thereof, or his or their agent or agents, be turned over as stock in hand for the use of the fishery duty-free; subject nevertheless to the same conditions and re-strictions as all other foreign salt intended for the use of the sishery, and have the same benefit and advantage as all other foreign salt intended for the use of the sishery, and imported after the said twenty fourth day of June one thousand seven hundred and nineteen; any thing in this act, or any other, to

hundred and nineteen; any thing in this act, or any other, to
the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

LII. And for the relief of any person or persons, who through ne- Clause for
glett or inadvertency have omitted to pay the several rates and duties giving a surtepon monies given, paid or contracted for with apprentices, and to
paying duties
have the indentures or contracts stampt within the times for those puron apprenposes respectively limited by the acts of parliament in that case made: tices indenbe it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That upon payment of tures.

the several rates and duties so omitted or neglected to be paid
as aforesaid on at before the twenty pinth day of September in as aforesaid, on or before the twenty ninth day of September in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and twenty, to such person or persons to whom the same ought to be paid, and tendring to be stampt such indentures or contracts so omitted to be stampt at the same time, or at any time on or be-fore the twenty-fifth day of December one thousand seven hun-

[1719. , dred and twenty, the same indentures or contracts shall be good and available in law or equity, and may be given in evidence in any court whatfoever; and the apprentices therein named shall be capable of following and exercising the respective intended trades or employments, as fully as if the rates and duties so omitted had been duly paid within the respective times in the said acts of parliament limited; and the persons who have incurred any penalty by the omiffions aforesaid, are hereby acquitted and discharged of and from the said penalties; any thing in the faid acts contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

LIII. And we ereas Thomas Vernon, e/q; did in the month of

lief of Tho-mas Vernon, efq; in relation to Senna imported in May 1716.

Clause for re-lief of Tho-inss Vernon. London, on board the ship Lambert from Alexandria, four bales of fenna, containing three thousand four hundred and eight pounds weight, and did then duly enter the same at the custom-house, and paid and discharged the customs and duties then due and payable by law for the same, and actually sold the said senna on board the said ship before entry made thereof as aforesaid, and the same was accordingly delivered to the buyers: be it therefore enacted by the authority afore-said, That the said senna shall not be chargeable with the duties

s. c. 43.

5 Geo. 1. stat. charged on senna as a medicinal drug by the act made in the first year of his Majesty's reign, intituled, An act to continue duties for encouraging the coinage of money; and to charge the duties on senna as a medicinal drug, and for the appropriating several supplies granted to his Majesty.

CAP. XII.

An act for preventing of frauds and abuses in the allowances on damaged wines, and for lengthening the time for the drawbacks on the exportation of wines.

\$2 Car. 2. C. 4.

WHERE AS by the tenth rule annexed to an act of parliament VV passed in the twelsth year of the reign of his late majesty King Charles the Second, intituled, A subsidy granted to the King of tonnage and poundage, and other sums of money payable upon merchandize exported and imported, which has been continued by feveral subsequent acts, and is now in force, it is provided, That if any wines shall prove corrupt and unmerchantable, and fit for nothing but to distil into hot waters, or to make vinegar, then every owner of such wines shall be abated in the subsidy according to such his damages in those wines, by the discretion of the collectors of the customs and one of the principal officers: and whereas several other subsidies, imposi-tions and duties have been since laid, and are now payable to his Majesty on the importation of wines into this kingdom by several acts of parliament now in force; which several acts have reference to the said act of tonnage and poundage, and to the said rule in making allowances for the damages out of the respective duties on wines imported

(except the duty payable on wines for the encouraging of coinage, by 28 Car. 2. C. 5. an act passed in the eighteenth year of the reign of his said late majesty King Charles the Second:) and whereas frequent disputes de arise between the officers of the customs and the merchants, in the making and adjusting the allowances which damaged wines may deferve, the same depending for the most part on the taste thereof: for the preventing the like disputes for the sturre, be it enacted by the king's most excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That from and after the second day of May in the year 1720, the of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and twenty, the said tenth rule antenth rule appeared to the said act of toppage and poundage he need to the tenth rule annexed to the faid act of tonnage and poundage be, nexed to the and the fame is hereby repealed, made void, and shall no longer and poundage be put in practice; any thing in the said act of tonnage and poundage shall be repealpoundage, or in 'any other act or acts, in any wife to the con-ed. trary notwithstanding.

II. And whereas it may be reasonable to make the merchants importers of wine a compensation for the allowances they would have received out of the several duties of their damaged wines by virtue of the said tenth rule, whereby the revenue may be collected with greater certainty, and not so liable to abuse: be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the said second day of May one thousand seven hundred and twenty, there shall be made to merchants, made, as well to the merchant at importation, as also to the act, out of the prizage-master or proprietor of the duties of prizage, out of all gross duties the several gross duties now laid upon wines in casks (except on wine imported in ported in the coinage-duty before-mentioned) over and above the prefent cases.

abatements and discounts, the several allowances hereafter-mentioned; that is to fay, Out of the feveral gross duties (except By 8 Geo. 1. the coinage) now laid upon Rhenish wine, or wine of the growth this clause is of Germany, or wines which pay duty as such, an allowance restrained, after the rate of two pounds per centum; upon French wines, or wines of the growth of France, or of any of the French King's dominions, an allowance after the rate of fix pounds per centum; be deducted and upon Spanish, Portugal, and all other wines (except Renish on the debenor French) an allowance after the rate of ten pounds per centum: ture if the the faid several allowances after the rate of two per centum, fix wines are per centum, and ten per centum, to be deducted on the debenture, again exportin case the wines be again exported; any law or custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

III. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the autho- Damaged or rity aforesaid, That in case any merchant or other person, shall unmerchant-find his wine or any part thereof so damaged, corrupt or un-merchantable, that he shall refuse to pay or secure the duties for ed, and the the same, he shall have liberty, immediately after the landing duty repaid, the wines, to stave, spill, or otherwise destroy such when so the sec. presence of two or more of the officers of the customs, to be appointed by the collector, and one of the principal officers of the port, who shall take an exact account of the quantity of By 12 Geo. 1. wine which the merchant or other person shall so stave, spill or The commission otherwise destroy, to the end the duty of such wine may be re-ers may sell des paid, without any delay or charge to the merchant, by certifi- maged wines, cate, or that the quantity of wine so staved, spilt or otherwise destroyed, be deducted from the foot of the account of the merchant refusing to pay or secure the duty of such wine, as afore

faid, in the book or books kept by the proper officer or officers

flaved.

appointed to the discharge of the ship importing the wine.

IV. And be it further enacted, That over and above the Compensation to be allowed for the treight of wines fo

duties repaid or allowed, as aforefaid, the merchant or other person shall, for every ton of wine, containing two hundred sifty and two gallons, of the growth of Germany, or wines which pay duties as such, and of the growth of France, so staved, spile are otherwise delivered by allowed the growth or france. or otherwise destroyed, be allowed as a compensation for the freight and other charges, the sum of sour pounds; and wines of the growth of Spain, Portugal, and elsewhere, the sum of eight pounds per ton, and so in proportion for any greater or lesser quantity, which allowances shall without delay be paid by certificate out of the duties arising by the said act of tonnage and poundage, and the officers are hereby required and directed to make, pass, and pay such certificate without see or reward. V. And for the further encouragement of the wine-trade, be

British merit enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the chants shail second day of May one thousand seven hundred and twenty, have every British merchant shall have eighteen months time from 18 months and aliens 15, the importation of all wines to export the same; and every alien to export or stranger shall have fifteen months time from the importation wines imported, to be com. of all wines to export the same, which importation shall be reckoned from the master's report of the ship; and shall have the like benefit and drawback by such exportation, as if the puted from the master's report; Enfame had been exported within twelve months or nine months larged by 7 Geo. 1. c. respectively, as mentioned in the second and fourth rules annex-21. lect. 10. ed to the said act of tonnage and poundge; any law, custom or usage to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding; provided certificates and oaths be made, and all other requisites perform-Provided certificates and oaths be made, ed, according to the laws now in being, relating to the importation and exportation of wine.

The exporter to be allowed two thirds of the duty paid

VI. And as a further encouragement, be it likewise enacted by the authority asoresaid, That over and above the present duties drawn back on the exportation of wine, the merchant exthe duty paid on importation, by the act of a Jac. 2. virtue of an act of parliament passed in the first year of King fames the Second, intituled, An act for granting to his Majesty and particles and all prints and pieces interested between the form and imposition upon all wines and vinegar, imported between the four and twentieth of June one thousand six hundred and eighty five, and the four and twentieth of June one thousand six hundred ninety three, which by several subsequent acts is continued and still in force, any thing in the faid act, or in any other act to the contrary notwithstanding.

This act shall not leffen the duties of prizage, &c.

VII. Provided, and it is hereby declared and enacted, That any thing in this act contained or to be done in execution thereshall not extend or be construed to extend to diminish or lessen the duties of prizage and butlerage of wines due upon the 'importation of the same, but that the said duties shall be col-lected, taken and received in the same manner as if this present act had never been made.

CAP,

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. CAP. XIII.

An act for ascertaining the breadths, and preventing frauds and abuses in manufacturing serges, pladings and singrums, and for regulating the manufactures of stockings in that part of Great Britain called Scotland.

WHEREAS many frauds and abuses are daily committed by This aft is expersons imployed in the working up of serges, pladings and plained and fingrums, and also in the working and knitting of stockings in that amended by part of Great Britain called Scotland, to the great prejudice of trade 10 Geo. 1. c. and commerce: for the better preventing whereof, and the afcertaining the breadths of ferges, pladings and fingrums, and for the regulating the manufactures of knit flockings in that part of Great Britain Breadths, &c. called Scotland, be it enacted by the king's most excellent Maand fingrums jesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual to be made in and temporal and commons, in this present parliament, as-Scotland after sembled, and by the authority of the same. That from and after Sept. 1.1720. sembled, and by the authority of the same, That from and after Sept. 1.1720. the first day of September which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and twenty, every piece of plading, and narrow and broad fingrums, which shall be wrought and made in any part of *Scotland*, shall be of the several breadths and dimensions herein after mentioned; (that is to say) every piece of plading and narrow fingrums that shall be so made, shall be wrought and made of the same sort of wool and yarn, and of equal work and fineness from one end of the piece to the other, and shall be at the least twenty eight inches in breadth; and that every piece of broad fingrum shall be also wrought and made of one intire fort of wool and yarn, and shall be of equal work and fineness from one end of the piece to the other end thereof, and shall at least contain thirty eight inches in breadth.

II. And be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That all stockings, stockings that shall be made in Scotland, shall be wrought and be made in made of three threads, and of one fort of wool and worsted, and of Scotland. equal work and fineness throughout, free of left loops, hanging hairs, and of burnt, cutted or mended holes, and of such shapes and sizes respectively as the patterns which shall be marked by the several deans of gild of the chief boroughs of the respective counties, according to the dimensions following; viz. The stockings for men called long stockings, shall not be above thirty fix, nor under thirty four inches in length from the top to the heel; and not above eight, nor under seven inches in breadth at the top; not above seven, nor under six inches in breadth at the broadest place of the calf; not above five, nor under four and an half inches breadth at the narrowest place of the ankle; and the stockings of thirty six inches in length, to be seventeen inches betwixt the top and the narrowest part of the ham, and twenty one inches in length from the top to the broadest part of the calf; and that those of thirty four inches in length, be fifteen inches in length from the top to the narrowest part of the ham, and nineteen inches in length from the to to the broadeft

broadest place of the calf; that the feet of both the two sizes aforesaid, be full twelve inches in length from the heel to the toe, and from four and half to five inches in breadth: stockings for men, called short stockings, shall not be above twenty eight, nor under twenty seven inches in length from the top to the heel, and not above seven, nor under six and an half inches breadth at the top; not above seven, nor under six inches in breadth at the broadest place of the ham; not above five, nor under four and an half inches at the narrowest place of the ankle; and the stockings of twenty eight inches in length, to be nine inches from the top to the narrowest part of the ham, and thirteen inches from the top to the broadest part of the ham; and those of twenty seven inches in length, to be eight inches from the top to the narrowest part of the ham, and twelve inches from the top to the broadest part of the ham; that the feet of the two last mentioned fizes be fully twelve inches in length, from the heel to the toe, and not above five inches, nor under four inches in breadth: That all stockings for women or boys, shall not be above twenty four, nor under twenty two inches in length, from the top to the heel, and not above fix and an half, nor under fix inches in breadth at the top; nor above five and an half, nor under five inches in breadth at the nartowest place of the ankle; and the stockings of twenty four inches in length, to be nine inches from the top to the narrowest part of the ham, and twelve inches from the top to the broadest part of the ham; and those of twenty two inches in length, to be seven inches from the top to the narrowest part of the ham, and ten inches from the top to the broadest part of the ham; that the feet of fuch womens and boys stockings be fully nine inches long, from the heel to the toe, and not above four, nor under three and an half inches in breadth; which patterns so marked by them, as aforesaid, shall lie open in the custody of the several and respective stamp-masters for all persons to fee.

Magiltrates of head boroughs to pro-vide stamps and appoint erions for

to be sworn and give security.

Justices of peace to ap-point flamps

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the magistrates of the chief or head boroughs royal of every respective shire, county or stewartry in Scotland, shall be and are hereby impowered and appointed, from time to time, to make or cause to be made a stamp or stamps bearing the framping all ferges, frockings, &c.

arms of the respective boroughs, and to appoint a fit person or persons for inspecting or stamping all such serges, pladings, fingrums and stockings, brought to be stamped, of the lengths, breadths, and qualities aforesaid; which person or persons so the stampement of the stampeme stamp-master, be obliged to take an oath de fideli, and likewise find furety for the faithful administration and execution of his office, for such sum of money as the said magistrates shall appoint; and in like manner the justices of the peace in their respective counties and stewartries, and in default of them, the commissioners of supply, shall be and are hereby impowered and to be kept in ordained, from time to time, at the quarterly fessions of the

faid justices, or annual meetings of the faid commissioners in Scotland, to appoint a stamp or stamps to be made and kept at Stampfome proper place or places, where such serges, pladings, fin-matters shall
grums and stockings, are fold within the respective counties, as such serges, their justices of the peace, or commissioners of supply shall think &c. nor stamp proper; and that no stamp-master shall, for himself, or any other any otherwise person or persons, trade, traffick, buy, sell or dispose of any such made than as serges, pladings, singrums and stockings, directly or indirectly, on penalty of or shall stamp any such serges, pladings, fingrums and stockings, 20s. &c. and which are not made of well sorted yarn, equally wrought, and of incapacity for equal fineness from one end of the piece to the other, and of such the future, breadths, lengths, fizes and scantlings, as aforesaid, he or they so neglecting or offending, shall forfeit for every piece of such serges, pladings and fingrums, the sum of twenty shillings, and for every dozen pair of stockings, not so made and amounts. for every dozen pair of stockings, not so made and wrought, as Exporting atoresaid, the sum of twenty shillings, and shall be made incap-such serges, able of serving in any such office for the suture; and if any persect, before so or persons in that part of Great Britain asoresaid, shall buy, so for each piece, export, or transport, or carry to the water-side, in order to be sor each piece, exported or transported, any such serges, pladings, singrums and for every or stockings of Scotland, after the first day of December which dozen pair of shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred stockings, and twenty, before the stamp be fixed, as aforesaid, he or they so offending, and being thereof convicted shall, for each piece of such serge, pladings and singrums, forfeit the sum of twenty ing the stamp shillings sterling, and for every dozen pair of such stockings, the to forse sl. sum of twenty shillings sterling; and if any person shall affix or or six months counterseit any stamp, without the authority aforesaid, such person or persons so offending shall forfeit respectively the sum of six months sounds sterling, or six months imprisonment, if sound insolvent. for every dozen pair of stockings, not so made and wrought, as Exporting pounds sterling, or fix months imprisonment, if found insolvent.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Deans of That the said deans of gilds of the several head boroughs of guilds, herethe respective counties shall, and are hereby declared to be the tors of sairs, and the said dean as the fole judge within the respective borough, and the said dean of of offences a-gild, together with the heretors or proprietors of all and every gainst this act, publick fair or market or any having their areas. publick fair or market, or any having their authority, are here by declared to be jointly judges of the offences committed against this present act; and in default of the said dean of gild, or of the said master of the fair or market, or his deputy, that either of the faid judges shall be the sole judge of such offence committed in such places, villages, fairs and markets, where the aforesaid goods, wares and merchandizes shall be vended or exposed to fale, as aforesaid, to and for all and every the intents hereby specified and contained touching the same accordingly.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That Serges, &c. all fuch ferges, pladings, fingrums and stockings already made already made, and wrought, and which shall be hereafter made and wrought or that shall be in Scotland, which are not of the length, breadth, scantlings and sept. 1, 1720, fizes herein before-mentioned and provided touching the same, not of the and every of them which shall be so made and wrought before sizes beforethe faid first day of September which shall be in the year of our mentioned,

Lord may be vend-

ed or export. Lord one thousand seven hundred and twenty, shall and may be ed before De- fold, vended, exported or transported, as the respective owners cemb. 1. 1720. and proprietors thereof shall judge proper and think fit, before the first day of *December* which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and twenty, so as the same, or any of them may not become forfeited, or liable to the several and respective forseitures and penalties in this act mentioned and

thereof convicted by the oaths of two or more credible witnesses,

shall forfeit the sum of twenty shillings sterling, and the said goods shall also be confiscated to the use of the informer, and such offender or offenders shall also moreover pay the value of such

contained touching the same. Penalty on able to the above regulations. 10 Geo. 1. C.

18.

VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, weavers work- That if any weaver or weavers, or other person or persons whating any lerges, foever, from and after the said first day of September, shall make, than conform- work, or cause to be made and wrought any of the aforesaid serges, pladings, fingrums and stockings, otherwise than conformable and according to the aforesaid regulations and restrictions herein before-mentioned and explained touching the same, and shall be

goods to the respective owner and owners thereof. Owner to pay VII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, the stamp That all and every owner and owners of fuch goods, before the master 1 d. per piece for serges, &c. fame shall be so marked and stampt as aforesaid, shall first pay or cause to be paid unto the said stamp-master for every piece of such serge, pladings and singrums, so to be by them marked and 2 d. per dozen for and stampt as aforesaid, the sum of one penny per piece; and for every dozen of such stockings so to be by them marked and flockings.

Forfeitures not paid with in ten days after conviction may be levied by dittrets.

frampt as aforefaid, the fum of two pence per dozen.

VIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid,
That if any offender shall, by the space of ten days next after
the shall be convicted of any of the offences aforefaid, refuse or neglect to pay any forfeiture by him incurred by reason or means of this present act, then and not before it shall and may be lawful for the judge or judges respectively aforesaid, before whom such conviction shall be made, and such judge or judges are hereby required to issue out one or more warrants under his or their hands and seals to the respective officer or officers, or to the constable of the town or place where such offender doth inhabit or can be found, within the limits of their respective ju-

risdictions, to levy the same by distress of the offender's goods,

returning the overplus (if any be) to the offender, and if no fuch diffress can be found, to commit the offender to the house If no diffres, such diffres can be found, to commit the oneme, to the formal fo months for any one offence.

Penalty to be inflicted in 60 days. Persons ag-grieved may appeal to

IX. Provided always, and be it enacted, That the penalties incurred by reason of this act, be inflicted within fixty days next after the offences be committed or discovered.

X. And be it further enacted, That if any person or persons do or shall find him or themselves aggrieved by any order or

Wat-

warrant made by any of the judge or judges upon any con-quarter fefiction before him or them, in pursuance of this act, such perfions; and the
on or persons may appeal to the next general quarter-sessions allow costs.
If the peace, to be held for the county or place where such
conviction shall be made, giving sufficient notice of such appeal; and if the justices of the peace at such sessions shall think
to confirm or disannul the said order or warrant, they shall
allow such costs and charges to the party aggrieved thereby as
they shall think reasonable, to be levied and paid in such manner as is usual in other cases of appeals from the orders of any
justices of the peace to the quarter-sessions.

CAP. XIV.

An Att for probibiting the importation of raw filk and mobair yarn of the product or manufacture of Asia, from any ports or places in the Streights or Levant seas, except such ports and places as are within the dominions of the Grand Seignior.

WHEREAS by an act of parliament passed in the twelsth year 12Car.2.c.18, of the reign of his late majesty King Charles the Second, instituted, An act for the encouraging and encreasing of shipping and navigation, it is amongst other things enacted, That no goods or commodities which are of soreign growth, production and manufacture, which by the said act are to be brought into England, Ireland, Wales, the islands of Guernsey or Jersey, or town of Berwick upon Tweed, in English or other shipped or brought from any other place or places, country or countries, but only from those of the said growth, production or manufacture, or from those parts where the said goods and commodities could only or were or usually had been sirst shipped for transportation, and from none other places or countries: and whereas in the said act there is a provise in the words following; (viz.) Provided always, That this act, or any thing therein contained, extend not, or be meant to restrain and prohibit the importation of any the commodities of the Streights or Levant seas, loaden in English built shipping, and whereof the master and three souths of the mariners at least are English, from the usual ports or places for lading of them heretofore within the said streights or Levant seas, though the said commodities be not of the very growth of the said places: and whereas at the time of passing the said sected act, the subjects of France exported very little woollen manufasture into Turkey, and were then supplied with great quantities of woollen goods from England for their own use, and likewise with raw silks, and other goods of Turkey, which were the returns of English woolen manusasture in France has since that time been greatly increased, and very large quantities of such goods are now annually imported from thence to Turkey, in return whereas they bring from thence raw silk and other

commodities to Marseilles, and other parts in France, great quanti-ties whereof are carried into Italy, and from thence imported into Great Britain in English spipping, greatly to the discouragement of the woollen manusactures of Great Britain, and the advancement thereof in France; and without some speedy care therein, the British trade to Turkey will be daily session, and is in danger of being Aster Sept. 29. entirely lost: be it therefore enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords cited act, asto spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present parliament the importation of raw silk and mohair yarn of the product of Asia, is repeal-manusacture of Asia, shall be, and is hereby repealed, except-Afia, is repeal- manufacture of Afia, shall be, and is hereby repealed, except-

ed, except to places within the grand fig. vant feas which are within the grand fig. vant feas which are within the dominions of the Grand Seignor's dominions. mons.

CAP. XV.

An act to repeal so much of the act, intituled, An act for preventing frauds, and regulating abuses in his Majesty's customs, passed in the thirteenth and fourteenth years of King Charles the Second, as relates to the probibiting the importation of deal-boards and fir-timber from Germany.

73 & 14 Car. 2. Ç. 11. (cct. 23.

WHEREAS by a clause in an act of parliament passed in the thirteenth and sourteenth years of the reign of King Charles the Second, intituled, An act for preventing frauds, and regulating abuses in his Majesty's customs, deal-boards and fir-timber are (among other things therein mentioned) prohibited to be imported from the Netherlands or Germany, upon any pretence whatfoever, in any fort of ships or vessels whatsoever, upon penalty of the loss of all the said goods, as also the ship and furniture: and whereas firtimber, fir-planks, masts, and deal-boards, are not only found to be useful and necessary in the building and resitting his Majesty's ships of war, and other ships and vessels, but the same have of late years been, and now are very much used in and about all manner of buildings, which hath occasioned so great a demand for, and consumption of the said commodities, that the price thereof, at the places from whence the same may now be lawfully imported, is very much increased, to the prejudice of trade, which may be remedied, if the said probibition be taken off, wherehy the said commodities will become After Aug. 1. more plentiful, and the price thereof much reduced: be it therefore of the recited enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the act as prohi- advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That from and after the first day of August which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and twenty, so much of the said act, intituled, An act for preventing frauds, and regulating abuses in his Majesty's customs, 28 prov

act as prohibits the importation of deal-boards, &c. from Germany only, shall be repealed,

prohibits the importation of deal-boards and fir-timber from 13 & 24 Car. 2. Germany only, shall be, and the same is hereby repealed, an- c. 11. nulled and made void, to all intents and purposes whatso-

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, His Majesty's That from and after the said first day of August one thousand subjects may I hat from and after the laid nrit day of August one thousand subjects may seven hundred and twenty, it shall and may be lawful to and import sirfor any of his Majesty's subjects, to import any quantity or timber, &c. quantities of fir-timber, fir-planks, masts, and deal-boards, from Germany being of the growth of Germany, into this kingdom, from any the like duties port or place in Germany, in British built ships only, so as the as that imowner or owners are his Majesty's British subjects, and where-ported from of the master, and three fourths of the mariners at least are Norway.

Revisib subjects, paying the like rates and duties to his Majesty British subjects, paying the like rates and duties to his Majesty for the same, as are now payable for fir-timber, fir-planks, masts, and deal-boards imported from Norway.

III. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That this Not to repeal act, or any thing therein contained, shall not extend, or be the clause in construed to extend, to discharge or repeal the said clause in the recited act the said act of parliament, so far as the same prohibits important the said act of parliament, for far as the same prohibits important the said act of parliament, so far as the same than the said act of parliament, in said accommodities from the said act of the said accommodities from the said act of the said accommodities from the said accommodities tion of the faid commodities from the Netherlands: but as to pertation of fuch importation thereof from the Netherlands, or any port or the faid complace therein, the before mentioned act, and all the penalties modities from and forfeitures therein contained, shall be in full force and effect, as fully and entirely as if this act had never been made; any thing in this present act to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithtfanding.

CAP. XVL

An all to explain and amend an all passed in the first year of bis Majesty's reign, intituled, An act to encourage the planting of timber-trees, fruit-trees, and other trees, for ornament, shelter or profit, and for the better prefervation of the same, and for the preventing the burning of woods, and for the better preservation of the fences of such woods.

WHEREAS divers lewd, lawless, turbulent and disorder-W ly persons and others, some times in an open, riotous and tumultuous manner, and at other times in a clandestine, malicious, and private manner, do (without the consent of the owners) enter the and private manner, do (without the consent of the owners) enter the woods, wood-grounds, coppices, plantations, parks and chases of divers lords of mancrs, and other owners and proprietors thereof, and make great havock and destruction, by cutting down, breaking, throwing down, barking, plucking up, defacing, spoiling, taking or carrying away, the wood, or springs of wood, poles, woods, tops of trees, fruit-trees, thorns, quicksets and underwoods, there growing or being, and also by breaking open, throwing down, levelling or destroying the hedges, gates, posts, stiles, railing, fences, ditches, banks, walls, or other inclosures of such woods, wood-grounds, parks, chases or coppices, and the offenders therein being not discovered, pals Vol. XIV.

with impunity, to the great discouragement of all owners, planters and preservers of wood, and to the great wrong and injury of such lords of manors, and other owners and proprietors of fuch woods, wood-grounds, parks, chases, coppies, plantations, timber-trees, fruit-trees, or other trees, thorns or quicksets: and whereas some doubts have arisen whether the offences committed in the day-time, mentioned in an ast possed in the first year of his Majesty's reign, interest tituled, An act to encourage the planting of timber-trees, fruit
3. 6. 48.

s. c. 48.

trees, and other trees, for ornament, shelter or profit, and for the better preservation of the same, and for the preservation of the same, and for the preservation of the same, and for the preservation the burning of woods, are punishable by the said ast: and whereas there is no provision made in the said ast for punishing the offeness committed by persons who shall break open, throw down, level or destroy the hedges, gates, posts, stiles, railing, sences, ditches, banks, walls or other inclosures of such woods, wood-grounds, plantations and coppices: therefore for the explaining and amending the said and so remediate the said and so remediates. and coppices: therefore for the explaining and amending the late act, and for remedying the several mischies herein beforementioned, and for the better preserving of all such woodsprings or springs of wood, poles, quick-woods, plantations, under-woods, coppice-woods, gates, posts, stiles, railing, sences, hedges, walls and other inclosures of woods, from being unlawfully cut, taken, spoiled, broken, burnt, destroyed, desaced or carried away; and for the better discovering and more effectual punishment of such offenders therein, their aiders and abbettors; and for the providing satisfaction for the damages the respective proprietors thereof shall sustain thereby: be it enacted by the King's most excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and comadvice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and com-After June 24. rity of the fame, That if any person or persons whatsoever, from and after the twenty fourth day of June which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and twenty, shall, aither the day or by night out take destroy break throw

of trees, hedges, &c. ner as for the night, is provided by 13 Ed. 1.

hedges, &c. either by day or by night, cut, take, destroy, break, throw spoiled, &c. either by day or by night, cut, take, destroy, break, throw fpoiled, &c. either by day or by night, cut, take, destroy, break, throw for the product of the produ spoiled, &c. eiuown, bark, pluck up, burn, derace, spoil of carry away any
ther by day or wood-springs or springs of wood, trees, poles, wood, tops of
by night, shall trees, under-woods or coppice-woods, thorns or quicksets,
have satisfacwithout the consent of the owner or owners of such woods,
inhabitants of
the place, in trees, fruit-trees or other trees, thorns or quicksets, or of the
the same manperson chiefly intrusted with the care and custody thereof, or
the lame manthe la ner as for dikes, &c. overthrown in the night, is or other inclosures of fuch woods, wood-grounds, parks, chafes or coppices, plantations, timber-trees, fruit-trees or other trees, thorns or quickfets, fuch lords of manors, owners and proprietors of the fame, that is, are, shall or may be damaged thereby, shall have such remedy, and have and receive such fatisfaction and recompence of and from the inhabitants of the parishes, towns, hamlets, villages or places joining on such wood-springs or springs of wood, wood-grounds, parks, chases or coppiees, and recover such damages against the parish, town, framlet.

hamlet, vill or place, parishes, towns, hamlets, villages or places aforesaid, and in the same manner and form as for dikes and hedges overthrown by persons in the night, or at another season when they suppose not to be espied, as in and by an act of
parliament made in the thirteenth year of the reign of King

Edward the First, inituled, Lords may approve against their neigh13Ed.1. stat.1.

bours: usurpasions of commons during the estate of particular tenants, c.46. is let forth and provided; unless the party or parties so offend- Unless the ofing shall, by such parish, town, hamlet, vill or place, parishes, sender be contowns, hamlets, villages or places, be convicted of such offence victed in six within the space of six months from the committing such offence months.

or offences; any law or construction to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding. II. And be it further enacted and declared by the authority Two justices

aforesaid, That if any person or persons, at any time or times of peace of from and after the said twenty-fourth day of June, in a riotous, the place, or open, tumultuous, or in a secret and clandestine manner, force-the sessions, to ably or wrongfully and maliciously, and without the consent of plaints and the proprietor, wood-reeve, wood-keeper or person chiefly infinally detertrusted with the care, over-sight and custody of such woods, mine all of-wood-grounds, parks, chases, coppices or plantations, shall fences against cut down, destroy, break, bark, throw down, burn, take, deface, spoil or carry away any wood or springs of wood, underface, spoil or carry away any wood or springs of wood, under-wood or coppice-wood, or shall in such a riotous, forceable, tumultuous, secret or clandestine manner as aforesaid malicioutly break open, throw down, level or destroy any hedges, gates, posts, stiles, rails, fences, ditches, banks or inclosures of such woods, wood-grounds, coppices, plantations, timber-trees, fruit-trees or other trees, thorns or quickfets, that then it shall and may be lawful to and for any two or more justices of the peace of the county, riding, division, city, town, borough or corporation wherein any such offence or offences shall be committed, or for the justices in open sessions, upon complaint to them made by any inhabitant of the aforesaid parish, hamlet, vill or place, or of the owner of such tree or trees, woods, wood-grounds, parks, chases, coppices or plantations, or of any other, to cause such offender or offenders to be apprehended for the trespasses and offences aforesaid, or any of them, and to hear and finally determine and adjudge all and every the offence and offences aforesaid: and if such justices shall And if they convict any person or persons of all or any the trespasses and convict any offences aforefaid, then such justices, immediately after such inflict the conviction, thall and are hereby required to inflict all and eve- tame penal-ry the fame penalties and punishments in the faid act of the first ties, &c. as in year of his Majetty's reign herein before-mentioned, as fully and the act i Geo. largely, and in the same manner, for all and every the crimes in the fact. 2. C. 48. and offences herein before expressed, although not contained in the faid act, as if the same were here again repeated and reenacted.

III. Provided always, and be it enacted by the authority a- Persons sued foresaid, That in case any action or actions, suit or luits, shall may plead the

c. 23.

general issue, and (hall recover treble

at any time hereafter be brought, commenced or profecuted against any person or persons for any cause, matter or thing done in pursuance of this act or the before recited acts, that the defendant or defendants in such suit or suits shall and may plead the general issue, and thereupon give the special matter of his defence in evidence; and in case a verdict passes therein for such desendant or desendants, or the plaintiff becomes nonsuit, or discontinues his action, the desendant or desendants in such case shall have and recover treble costs; any law or custom to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

CAP. XVII.

An act for appointing commissioners to examine, state and determine the debts due to the army; and to examine and state the demands of k-veral foreign princes and states for subsidies during the late war.

CAP. XVIII.

An alt for better securing certain powers and privileges intended to be granted by his Majesty by two charters for assurance of ships and merchandizes at sea, and for lending money upon bottomry; and for restraining several extravagant and unwarrantable practices therein mentioned.

MOST gracious Sovereign, whereas it hath for many ages past been esteemed good policy, by all proper ways and means, to secure and encourage the trade of this realm, whereby the wealth and strength of the same, and particularly the shipping, navigation and public revenues thereof, have been increased; and it hath been increased. time out of mind, a custom or usage amongst merchants, as well of this realm as of foreign nations, when they make any adventures at sca (especially into remote or dangerous parts) to give a premium or consideration to particular persons, to have from such particular perform sassured to particular persons, to have from such particular persons assured of or upon ships, goods or merchandizes adventured, or some of them, at such rates or prices as the parties assured can agree, which kind of contrast or dealing is commonly called a policy of assurance, and several laws and statutes now in force have been made concerning the same assurances; notwithese Eliz. c. 12. Standing which it is found by experience, that many particular persons as the same assurance or consideration-monies for or towards the insuring ships, goods and merchandizes at sea.

fons, after they have received large premiums or confideration-monies for or towards the insuring ships, goods and merchandizes at sea, have become bankrupts or otherwise failed in answering or complying with their policies of assurance, whereby they were particularly engaged to make good or contribute towards the losses which merchants or traders have sustained, to the ruin or impoverishment of many merchants and traders, and to the discouragement of adventurers at sea, and to the great diminution of the trade, wealth, strength and publick revenues of this kingdom: and whereas it is conceived. That if two several and distinct corporations, with a competent joint slock to each of them belonging, and under proper conditions, restrictions and regulations, were erected and established for assurance of ships,

ships, goods or merchandizes at sea, or going to sea (exclusive of all or any other corporations or bodies politick already created, or hereafter to be created, and likewise exclusive of such societies or partnerships as now are or may hereafter be entered into for that purpose) several merchants in such asias, who adventure their estates, or pose) several merchants or traders, who adventure their estates, or part of their estates, in such ships, goods or merchandizes at sea, or going to sea (especially in remote or hazardous voyages) would think it much safer for them to depend on the policies or assurances of either of those two corporations so to be erected and established, than on the policies or assurances of private or particular persons; and that such merchants or adventurers as shall hereafter be minded to agree for assurance of their ships, goods or merchandizes with private or particular persons, may still be at liberty so to do according to their own option or choice: and whereas it has also been a custom or usage in this as well as in other nations, for merchants or traders, who adventure their ships and merchandizes at sea, to borrow money to adventure their ships and merchandizes at sea, to borrow money to be repaid upon the return or arrival of such ships, which kind of borrowing is commonly called, taking up money on bottomry; in which cases the lenders run a risque or hazard, more or less, of losing their principal, and are therefore allowed to contract for such interest or consideration-money for the use or forbearance of the principal, as can be agreed upon between the borrowers and the lenders: and it is considered, That it may be a great advantage and encouragement to trade and navigation, if such merchants and traders might have it in their power, at their own election, either to have recourse to one of the corporations to be crected and established in pursuance of this act, or to private or particular persons, for borrowing money upon bot-tomry as asoresaid, at such rate or rates as shall be agreed upon betomry as a forefaid, at such rate or rates as shall be agreed upon between such borrowers and lenders respectively: and whereas the sole right and prerogative of granting charters of incorporation (not being such as are repugnant to any law or statute of this realm) doth belong to your Majesty; and it is considered, That if your Majesty shall be graciously pleased to grant two such distinct charters as aforesaid, the members of each corporation so to be erected and established (for and in consideration of the advantages which may accrue to them (for and in consideration of the advantages which may accrue to them respectively thereby, and for having reasonable powers and privileges secured to them in pursuance of this act) may be willing to pay to your Majesty's use such sums of money, at such times and by such proportions, as are berein after mentioned: be it therefore enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and may grant consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in charters to this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the two distinct same, That it shall and may be lawful to and for his Majesty, assurance of by one charter or indenture under the great seal of Great Brithips, and for tain, to declare and grant, that such and so many persons (who lending moshall be named therein, and of whose abilities and fitness his ney on bot-Majesty shall thereby declare himself to be well satisfied) and tomry, all and every such other person and persons as hereaster from time to time shall be duly admitted as members into their corporation, shall be one distinct and separate body politick and corporate for the assurance of ships, goods and merchandizes

at fea, or going to fea, and for lending money upon bottomry, by such name as his Majesty shall think most proper: and that it shall and may be lawful to and for his Majesty, by another charter or indenture under the great seal of Great Britain, to declare and grant, that such and so many other persons (who shall be named therein, and of whose abilities and six shall be madely shall thereby declare him felt to be sufficient.) Majesty shall thereby declare himself to be well satisfied) and all and every such other person and persons as hereafter from time to time shall be duly admitted as members into their corporation, shall be one other distinct and separate body politick and corporate for assurance of ships, goods and merchandizes at sea,

redemption.

They may choose their own govern-ors, &c.

tor thre years, &c. To have a

lands to the porations shall be able and capable in law to purchase, take and value of 1000l. enjoy messuages, lands or tenements not exceeding the value per ann.

fued.

or going to sea, and for lending money upon bottomry, by such to have perpen name as his, Majesty also shall think most proper: and that the tual succession, said several and respective corporations, by their respective but subject to names aforesaid, shall have perpetual succession, subject never-redemption. theless to such redemption or power of revocation as hereaster in this act is provided concerning the same; and that the said feveral and respective corporations, during the continuance thereof respectively, shall have power from time to time to choose their respective governors, directors and other officers and servants, for better management of the affairs of the same corporations respectively, in such manner and under such qualifications, as shall be prescribed in and by the said refreshers, see the server of each of the said two corporations to be respectively.

vernors, &c. nrit governor and directors of each of the laid two corporations to be appoint-shall or may be appointed by his Majesty, in and by the same ed by his Ma-charters or indentures respectively; and that the said first gojesty.

To continue vernors and directors, and all subsequent governors and din their places rectors, shall continue in their respective offices for three years, to three and in case of death or removed by simplified as in subsequent. and in case of death or removal be supplied as in such respective years, &c.
To have a common feal.

charters or indentures shall be prescribed; and that each of the faid corporations or bodies politick, by such respective names as aforesaid, shall and may have and use a common feal only for the business of the same corporations respectively, and such May purchase as shall be found most expedient; and that each of the said corlands to the porations shall be able and capable in land. feal from time to time may break, change, make new or alter,

of one thousand pounds per annum, and to grant, alien, demise or dispose the same, or any part thereof, at their free wills and May sue or be pleasures; and shall be able and capable in law to sue and implead, be fued and impleaded, answer and be answered in courts of record, or elsewhere, in all actions and causes whatsoever, for, touching or concerning the assurance of ships, goods or merchandizes at sea, or lending money upon bottomry, or any other matter or thing whatfoever concerning the same corporations respectively.

II. And it is hereby further enacted by the authority afore-faid, That each of the faid two corporations to be erected and Each of the corporations to pay into the established as aforesaid (for and in consideration of the benefits exchequer and advantages which may accrue to them respectively by virgo,000 l. for

tue of the faid respective charters or indentures, and the grants discharging thereby to be made to each of them) shall be obliged by force the debts of the debts of the civil list.

The debts of the civil list. majesty, in order to discharge the debts and expences of his civil government, the full sum of three hundred thousand pounds of lawful money of Great Britain (which for both corporations will amount in the whole to fix hundred thousand pound;) the faid payments for each corporation to be made in manner following; that is to say, one full and equal third part there-Times of payof within one calendary month after the date of the re-ment. spective charter or indenture, for or upon account of which such payment is to be made; one full and equal fixth part thereof within three calendary months after such date; one other full and equal fixth part thereof within five calendary months after such date; one other full and equal fixth part thereof within eight calendary months after such date; and the remaining fixth part thereof within ten calendary months after fuch date, without any deduction, defalcation or abatement whatloever.

III. And it is hereby enacted, That in case the said corpora- On failure of tions, or either of them, shall make failure in payment of the payment at faid several sums of three hundred thousand pounds and three payment, corhundred thousand pounds, to be paid by each of them respectively as aforesaid, or any part thereof, at the respective times be sued.

herein before limited for payment of the same, then and in herein before limited for payment of the same, then and in every or any such case or cases, the money whereof such failure in payment shall be made, shall and may be recovered in his Majesty's name against the particular corporation or corporations making such failure, by action of debt or upon the case, bill, suit or information in any his Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, wherein no essoin, protection, privilege or wager of law shall be allowed, or any more than one imparlance; and in such action, bill, suit or information it shall be lawful to declare, That the faid corporation so making default in payment is indebted to the King's majesty the money whereof such de-fault in payment shall have been made, according to the form of this statute, and have not paid the same, which shall be suf-ficient; and in or upon such action, bill, suit or information Ten per cent. there shall be surther recovered against the defendants damage damages, with after the rate of ten pounds per centum per annum for the monies sull costs of suit, and each corporation for making default in payment, and its stock and effects shall be and are hereby made subject and liable thereunto; and if de- On non-pay fault shall be made in the payment of the said several and re-ment for thirafpective sums of three hundred thousand pounds, or any part ty days, corthereof, by the space of thirty days after any of the days of poration may payment limited as aforesaid for the payment of the same, or ed.

any proportion thereof, that then and from thenceforth it shall and may be lawful to and for the King's majefty, his heirs and

fuccessors, by any instrument or writing under his or their great seal of *Great Britain* or privy seal, to signify his or their pleasure for revoking and making void, and thereby to revoke and make void all the powers, privileges and advantages to be granted as aforesaid to that particular corporation so making default, and to determine the same corporation; and thereupon the said powers, privileges and advantages shall accordingly be revoked, and the same corporation shall be determined,

upon the said powers, privileges and advantages shall accordingly be revoked, and the same corporation shall be determined, without any inquisition, Scire facias, or any matter or thing to make void and determine the same; any thing in this prefent act contained, or in such charters or indentures to be contained to the contraint notwith shading

tained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Each corporation to provide a sufficient stock to answer all demands on their policies.

That each of the two corporations to be erected and established as aforesaid shall be obliged, by force and virtue of this act, and of the respective charters or indentures to be granted or made forth as aforesaid, from time to time, during the continuance of the same corporations respectively, to cause such a stock of ready money to be provided and reserved, as shall be

fufficient to answer, from time to time, all just demands upon their policies of assurance for any losses whatsoever which shall happen; and shall fatisfy, pay and discharge the same demands from time to time, according to the tenors of their respective policies of assurance, and the true meaning of this act; and in case of resulal or neglect, the party or parties assured, his, her or their executors, administrators or assigns may bring his, her or their action of debt or on the case, bill, suit or information

for their action of debt or on the cale, bill, fuit or information for the money demanded, against the corporation refusing or neglecting to pay as aforesaid, in any of his Majesty's said courts of record at Westminster, wherein no esson, protection, wager of law, or more than one imparlance shall be granted or allowed; and in such action, bill, suit or information the plaintiff or plaintiffs may declare. That the same corporation is indebted

ed; and in such action, bill, suit or information the plaintist or plaintists may declare, That the same corporation is indebted to him, her or them the money so demanded, and have not paid the same according to this act; and thereupon the plaintist or plaintists shall recover against the same corporation double damages, besides full costs of suit, and the stock and effects of the particular corporation so resulting or neglecting to pay, shall by 8 Geo. 1.

by 8 Geo. 1.

c. 15. fect. 25.

be also subject and liable thereto.

V. And to the end the said sums of three hundred thousand pounds and three hundred thousand pounds may be raised and duly paid into the exchequer for his Majesty's use within the respective times before-mentioned; and that sufficient provision of money may be made for ready answering and paying just demands upon the polices of the said respective corporations for losses which shall or may happen at sea; and that the said respective corporations may be enabled to lend money upon

demands upon the polices of the faid respective corporations for losses which shall or may happen at sea; and that the said respective corporations may be enabled to lend money upon bottomry as aforesaid, or to lend or advance money upon any parliamentary securities, and may be furnished with money for other their necessary or lawful occasions: it is hereby further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That each of the said corporations

porations intended to be established by this act shall be obliged, Each corporaby force and virtue of this act, and of the respective charters tion to raise a or indentures before-mentioned, to raise such sums of money capital stock as his Majesty shall therein direct, not exceeding one million not exceeding five hundred thousand pounds, within such time or times, and 1,500,000 lby such proportions at a time, and in such manner, as in and by the faid charters or indentures respectively shall be appointed; and the monies so raised shall be and be called the capital stock belonging to each of the same corporations respectively.

VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, How the capi. That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said respective tal stock shall corporations (when constituted) in such general courts thereof as be raised. shall be authorized to be holden pursuant to the said charters or indentures respectively, to raise such capital stocks as aforesaid, either by taking subscriptions from particular persons (being or not being members of the said respective corporations) for advancing money for this purpose, according to the orders of such general courts respectively, or by calls of money from the respective members for the time being of the said seven ral corporations, or by such other ways and means, and in such methods, as to such general courts respectively shall seem meet and expedient for making up the faid capital stocks respectively; and that all and every person and persons, by or for whom All subscribers any subscription shall be accepted, or any payment made purentitled to a subscription shall be accepted, or any payment made purentitled to a subscription shall be accepted, or any payment made purentitled to a subscription shall be capital stock. Wards the raising the said capital stocks, not exceeding one million five hundred thousand pounds, and one million five hundred thousand pounds as aforesaid, his, her and their executors, administrators and affigns respectively shall have and be entitled to a share of and in the said capital stock of that corporation, towards which he, she or they shall have contributed, in proportion to the monies which he, she or they shall have so contributed towards making up the same, and to a proportional share of the profits and advantages attending the capital stock of such corporation respectively, and shall be admitted to be members of the same; but that no person or persons shall be entitled to any greater share in the capital or nominal stock of either of such respective corporations, than the money which he, she or they shall have paid towards the same.

VII. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Corporation faid respective corporations to be erected and established as a- may make foresaid, for better enabling them to answer all just demands calls of money upon their respective policies of assurance for losses which may from their members in proportion to at any time or times during the respective continuances of those their stocks. corporations, according to the true intent and meaning of this act, shall have power in their respective general courts, from time to time, as they shall see cause, to call in or direct to be paid, from and by their respective members for the time being, proportionally according to their respective share or shares in

the capital stock or stocks which do or shall belong to each of the corporations, any further sum and sums of money as by such general courts respectively shall from time to time be judged necessary, and be ordered to be called in or raised; and that all executors, administrators, guardians, trustees and mort-gagees shall be indemnified in paying, and are hereby impowered to pay in their respective proportions of the money so called for: and in case any member or members, who shall be

Penalty for

not answering required to pay in money upon any call or calls to be made calls.

pursuant to this act, shall refuse or neglect to pay his, her or their share of the money so called sor, at the time or times appointed for that purpose, by notice inserted in the London Gazette and upon the Royal Exchange in London, it shall and may be lawful to and for the faid respective corporations, and their fuccessors, not only to stop the share, dividends and profits which shall from time to time become payable by that particular corporation to such member or members so neglecting or refuling, and to apply the same from time to time for or towards payment of the share of money so called for, and which ought to have been paid by such member or members so neglecting or refusing, until the same shall be satisfied; but also to stop the transfers or assignments of the share and shares of every fuch defaulter and defaulters, and to charge fuch defaulter and defaulters with interest after the rate of eight pounds per centum per annum for the money so by him, her or them omitted to be paid, from the time the same was appointed to be paid until the payment thereof; and that the share and stock, shares and Rocks of such defaulter and defaulters shall be liable to make good and answer the said monies so appointed to be paid, and the interest thereof, as aforesaid; and in case the same principal and interest shall be unpaid by the space of three months, then the same respective corporations, or their respective courts of directors for the time being, shall have power to authorize such person or persons as they respectively shall think sit, to sell, assign and transfer so much of the said stock or stocks of such defaulter or defaulters, as will satisfy and pay the same, rendring the overplus (if any be) to the proprietors; and the money so called for and paid in shall be deemed capital stock, and shall be written in the books of the said respective corporations; and the respective members paying the same shall have credit in the said books for their respective proportions or shares thereof; nevertheless the said respective corporations, and their respective successors, in a general court, from time to time, when they judge their affairs will admit thereof, shall or may cause any sum or sums of money which shall be so called in, or any part thereof, to be divided and distributed to and amongst the then members of that corporation, according and in proportion to the respective share or shares which they shall then have of or in the respective capital stock or stocks of the same; and their respective shares in the capital shall proportionably be abated. VIII. And VIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Each corpora-That the said respective corporations to be erected and esta- tion may take blished as aforesaid, for better enabling them to lend or advance der their commoney upon any parliamentary fecurities at any time or times mon feal, to during the respective continuances of those corporations as a advance money and the respective continuances of those corporations as a advance money and the respective continuances of those corporations are advance money and the respective continuances of those corporations are advanced money and the respective continuances of those corporations are advanced money and the respective continuances of those corporations are advanced money and the respective continuances of those corporations are advanced money and the respective continuances of those corporations are advanced money and the respective continuances of those corporations are advanced money and the respective continuances of those corporations are advanced money and the respective continuances of those corporations are advanced money and the respective continuances of those corporations are advanced money and the respective continuances of those corporations are advanced money and the respective continuances of those corporations are advanced money and the respective continuances of those corporations are advanced money and the respective continuances of those corporations are advanced money and the respective continuances of the respective continuances are advanced money and th foresaid, shall have power from time to time (in case they ney on parlia-shall think sit) to borrow or take up money upon bills, bonds mentary secu-car obligations, upder their common seal at such rate or or obligations, under their common feal, at such rate or rates of interest, for any time not less than six months from the borrowing thereof, as they shall think fit, so as all the principal monies which they shall respectively so borrow, shall not at any time exceed the principal monies which shall be then owing to such corporation respectively upon such parliamentary fecurities, exclusive of the monies which shall have been advanced for or upon account of the said several sums of three hundred thousand pounds before mentioned; and that all such not charge bills, bonds or obligations, under the common feal of either of able with the the faid corporations, shall not be chargeable with any duties stamp duty. upon stampt vellum, parchment or paper; any law or statute made or to be made to the contrary notwithstanding.

IX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, shares in the

That the particular share and shares of the respective members corporations of and in the capital or joint stock or stocks of the two respective members corporations of and in the capital or joint stock or stocks of the two respect transferrable tive corporations before mentioned, from time to time, shall and devise-be transferrable, assignable and deviseable, and their bills, bonds and obligations, shall be assignable and recoverable, in such manner and form as his Majesty, by the said respective charters are indeptured. The laresseries and appoint as a said and appoints are all in additional appoints. or indentures, shall prescribe and appoint, as well in relation to such there and shares of stock, as in reference to such bills, bonds or obligations respectively; and that the capital stocks of stock a perform of stock as perform of stock as perform of stock as perform of stocks. the faid respective corporations, intended to be erected and fonal estate, established in pursuance of this act, and the share and interest executors. of each and every particular member thereof and therein, shall be deemed and adjudged in all courts of law and equity, and elsewhere, to be a personal and not a real estate, and shall go to the executors or administrators of the person or persons dying possessed thereof, or entitled thereunto, and not to the heir of

fuch person or persons; any law, statute, usage or custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

X. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Stock not to That the capital stock and stocks of the said respective corpo- be taxed. rations, to be established pursuant to this act, and the shares, parts, and interest of the respective members of the same corporations, of and in the same capital stock and stocks, or the stock of money to be raised for the purposes in this act shall, during the continuance thereof, be exempted, and are hereby exempted from any taxes, rates, affeliments or impositions whatsoever by act of parliament, or otherwise; and that no Governor, person which shall be governor, director, or other officer of &c. may be either of the said corporations to be crected, as aforesaid, shall members of the said corporations to be crected, as aforesaid, shall members of parliament. for that cause only be disabled from being a member of par- are barliament,

liament,

liament, nor shall in respect of such share or shares be or be adjudged liable to be a bankrupt within the intent and meaning of all or any the statutes made against or concerning bankrupts, and that no stock in the said respective corporations shall be subject or liable to any foreign attachment by the custom of London, or otherwise; any law or statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

His Majesty

XI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, may impower That it shall and may be lawful for his triajenty, in them by charfaid respective charters or indentures, to grant to the said retret to make spective corporations thereby to be erected or constituted, power hy-laws. &c. thorities, privileges and advantages, relating to the faid affur-ances of ships, goods, and merchandizes at sea or going to sea, or lending money upon bottomry, as aforesaid, as to his Majesty shall seem meet, and to subject the same corporations respectively, and the powers, authorities, privileges and advantages so to be granted thereunto, as aforesaid, every or any of them, to such restrictions and regulations, as to his Majesty shall seem most expedient, and in the same charters or indentures respectively shall be expressed. XII. And he it further enacted by the authority aforefaid,

During the

two corpora- That from and after the granting or making of the faid respections, no other tive charters or indentures for erecting the two corporations societies may affure flips, or lead an established whether flich corporations or hodies to be erected or established, whether such corporations or bodies politick, or any of them, be sold or aggregate, and all such societies and partnerships as now are, or hereaster shall or may be entred into by any person or persons, for assuring ships or merchandizes at sea, or for lending money upon bottomry, shall by force and virtue of this act be restrained from granting, figning or under-writing any policy or policies of assurance, or making any contracts for assurance of or upon any ship or ships, goods or merchandizes at sea or going to sea, and from lending any monies by way of bottomry, as aforesaid; and if any corporation or body politick, or persons acting in such society or partnership (other than the two corporations intended to be established by this act, or one of them) shall presume to grant, fign or underwrite, after the four and twentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and twenty, any such policy or policies, or make any such contract or contracts for assurance of or upon any ship or ships, goods or merchandizes at sea or going to sea, or take or agree to take any premium or other reward for such policy or policies, every such policy and policies of assurance of or upon any such ship or ships, goods or merchandizes, shall be ipso facto void, and all and every sum and sums so signed or underwritten in such policy or policies shall be factorized and shall and policy or policies shall

be forseited, and shall and may be recovered, to wit, one moiety

Penalty for corporations affuring. thereof to the use of his Majesty, his heirs and successors, and the other moiety thereof to the use of such person or persons as will inform or sue for the same, in any of his Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, in which action, suit or information, no esson, protection, privilege, wager of law, or more than one imparlance shall be granted or allowed: and if any corpo-penalty for ration or body politick, or persons acting in such society or part-lending menership, as aforesaid, other than the two corporations intended ney on botton be established by this ass. Or one of them, shall presume to tomry. nerinip, as aforefaid, other than the two corporations intended ney on to be established by this act, or one of them, shall presume to tomry. lend, or agree to lend, or advance, by themselves, or any others on their behalf, after the said sour and twentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and twenty, any money by way of bottomry, as aforesaid, contrary to this act, the bond or other security for the same shall be ipso falso void, and such agreement shall be adjudged to be an usurious contract, and the offenders therein shall suffer as in cases of usury the pertheless it But an offenders therein shall suffer as in cases of usury the pertheless it But an offenders therein shall suffer as in cases of usury: nevertheless it But any prisis intended and hereby declared, That any private or particular vate persons person or persons shall be at liberty to write or underwrite any may assure, policies, or engage himself or herself in any afturances of, for, or upon any ship or ships, goods or merchandizes at sea or going to fea, or may lend money by way of bottomry, as aforesaid, as fully and beneficially as if this act had never been made, so as the same be not upon the account or risque of a corporation or body politick, or upon the account or risque of persons acting in a society or partnership for that purpose, as aforesaid; any

thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XIII. And it is hereby enacted, That if any person or per- Forging the sons shall forge or counterfeit the common seal of either of the common seal. faid corporations to be erected and established pursuant to this of the corpoact, or shall forge, counterfeit or alter any policy, bill, bond rations, or any
or obligation, under the common seal of either of the same corFelony. porations, or shall offer to dispose of or pay away any such forged, counterfeit or altered policy, bill, bond or obligation, knowing the same to be such, or shall demand the money therein contained or pretended to be due thereon, or any part thereof, of or from such of the same corporations as shall be mentioned or referred to therein, or any of their officers, knowing such policy, bill, bond or obligation, to be forged, counterseited or altered, with intent to defraud the same corporation, or their fuccessors, or any other person or persons what-soever, every such person or persons so offending, and being convicted thereof in due form of law, shall be guilty of felony,

and fuffer as in cases of selony, without benefit of clergy. XIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the au-None may be thority aforesaid, That no person shall be capable of being elect-governor, &c. ed a governor, sub-governor, deputy-governor, or director of of both the either of the corporations intended to be erected and establish-at the same ed in pursuance of this act, during the time that he shall be a time, governor, sub-governor, deputy-governor, or director of the other corporation intended to be erected and established in purfuance of this act; and that every person who shall be elected

a governor, sub-governor, deputy-governor, or director of either of the corporations intended to be erected and established in pursuance of this act shall, during the time he shall be fuch governor, sub-governor, deputy-governor, or director, be incapable of being chosen a governor, sub-governor, deputygovernor, or director of the other corporation intended to be erected and established in pursuance of this act; and if any governor, sub-governor, deputy-governor, or director, or mem-

or purchase stock in both corporations.

ber of either of the corporations intended to be erected and established in pursuance of this act, having any share in the capital stock of that corporation, shall in his or her own name, or in the name or names of any other person or persons in trust for such governor, sub-governor, deputy-governor, director or member, purchase any share in the capital stock of the other corporation intended to be erected and established in pursuance of this act, that then and in every such case, the share so purchased shall be forseited; the one moiety thereof to the use of

his Majesty, his heirs and successors, and the other moiety to

Penalty.

On three years any time within 31 years, on payment of the 300,000 l. the corporations may be determined,

the use of such person or persons as will inform or sue for the same, and to be recovered in the manner before-mentioned. XV. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That upon three years publick notice to be printed in the London Gazette, and affixed upon the Royal Exchange in London, by authority of parliament, at any time within or during the term of thirty one years, to be reckoned from the date or respective dates of the two charters or indentures intended to pass under the great seal of Great Britain, as by parliament to the faid respec-tive corporations of the said respective sums of three hundred thousand pounds, and three hundred thousand pounds, which shall have been advanced to his Majesty's use, as aforesaid, without any interest or consideration for the forbearance thereof, then and not till then the faid respective corporations, and all the powers, privileges, benefits and advantages to be granted to them respectively, in pursuance of this act, shall cease, determine and become void; any thing contained in this act, or to be contained in the said charters or indentures, or either of them, to the contrary notwithstanding; and that any vote or resolution of the house of commons signified by the speaker in writing, to be inserted in the said London Gazette, and affixed on the Royal Exchange in London, as aforesaid, shall be deemed and adjudged to be sufficient notice within the words and

venient, his Majesty may determine them.

meaning of this act.

After 31 years, XVI. Provided allo, and it is nereby enacted, a line if the corporation after the expiration of the said term of thirty one years, tions are his Majesty, his heirs or successors, shall judge the farther judged inconcontinuance of the said two corporations to be hurtful or invenient. his XVI. Provided also, and it is hereby enacted, That if at any convenient to the publick, then and from thenceforth it shall and may be lawful to and for his Majesty, his heirs or successions. fors, by any letters patents under the great seal of Great Britain, to revoke and make void the same corporations, and all

the powers, privileges, benefits and advantages to be granted to them respectively, as aforesaid, and thereupon the same shall determine and become void accordingly, without any inquisition, fire facias, or other matter or thing to make void or determine the same; any thing contained in this act, or to be contained in the said charters or indentures, or either of them,

to the contrary notwithstanding.

XVII. Nevertheless it is intended and hereby declared and No other like acted, That in case the said corporations shall be redeemed corporations enacted, upon such notice and payment, within the said term of thirty grantable. one years, or be revoked by such letters patents, as aforesaid, after the faid term of thirty one years, the same corporations, or any corporation or corporations, with like powers, privileges, benefits and advantages, shall not be grantable again to any persons or corporations whatsoever, but shall remain suppressed for ever, as having been found inconvenient and preju-

dicial to the publick.

XVIII. And whereas it is notorious, that feveral undertakings or projects of different kinds have, at some time or times since the four and twentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and eighteen, been publickly contrived and practised, or attempted to be practised, within the city of London and other parts of this kingdom, as also in Ireland, and other his Majesty's dominions, which manifestly tend to the common grievance, prejudice and inconvenience of great numbers of your Majesty's subjects in their trade or commerce, and other their affairs; and the persons who contrive or attempt and other their agrains; and the persons who contrive or attempt fuch dangerous and mischievous undertakings or projects, under salse pretences of publick good, do presume, according to their own devices and schemes, to open books for publick subscriptions, and draw in many unwary persons to subscribe therein towards raising great sums of money, whereup the subscribers or claimants under them do pay small proportions to the whole do anount to very large sums; which dangerous and mischievous undertakings er projects do relate to several fisheries, and other affairs, wherein er projects do relate to several fisheries, and other affairs, wherein the trade, commerce, and welfare of your Majesty's subjects, or great numbers of them, are concerned or interested: and whereas in many cases the said undertakers or subscribers have, since the said four and twentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and eighteen, pre-sumed to act as if they were corporate bodies, and have pretended to make their shares in stocks transferrable or assignable, without any legal authority, either by act of parliament, or by any charter from the crown for so doing; and in some cases the undertakers or subscribers, since the said sour and twentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and eighteen, have acted or pretended to act under seven hundred and eighteen, have afted or pretended to aft under fome charter or charters formerly granted by the crown for some particular or special purposes therein expressed, but have used or endeatoured to use the same charters for raising joint stocks, and for making transfers or assignments, or pretended transfers or assignments for their neuron private lurge subjects associated and defeated. for their own private lucre, which were never intended or defigned by the same charters respectively; and in some cases the undertakers fubscribers, since the faid four and twentieth day of June one thou-

· fand seven hundred and eighteen, have acted under some obsolete charter or charters, although the same became void or voidable by nonujer ter or charters, although the same became void or voidable by nonuser or abuser, or for want of making lawful elections, which were necessary for the continuance thereof; and many other unwarrantable practices (too many to enumerate) have been, and daily are and may bereafter be contrived, set on foot, or proceeded upon, to the ruin and destruction of many of your Majesty's good subjects, if a timely remedy be not provided: and whereas it is become absolutely necessary, that all publick undertakings and attempts, tending to the common arisonness projudice and inconvenience of your Majesty's subjects in grievance, prejudice and inconvenience of your Majesty's subjects in general, or great numbers of them, in their trade, commerce, or other lawful affairs, he effectually suppressed and restrained for the future, by suitable and adequate punishments for that purpose to be ascertained After 24 June and established: now for suppressing such mischievous and dan-

gerous undertakings and attempts, and preventing the like for the future, may it please your most excellent Majesty, at prejudice of the humble suit of the said lords spiritual and temporal and trade, commons, in this present parliament assembled, that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by authority of this present parliament, That from and after the four and twentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and twenty, all and every the un-dertakings and attempts described, as asoresaid, and all other publick undertakings and attempts, tending to the common grievance, prejudice and inconvenience of his Majesty's subjects, or great numbers of them, in their trade, commerce, or other lawful affairs, and all publick subscriptions, receipts, pay-

and all fub-

to act as corporate bodies without legal authority,

feriptions, &c. ments, affiguments, transfers, pretended affiguments and transfers, and all other matters and things whatfoever, for furthering, countenancing or proceeding in any such undertaking or attempt, and more particularly the acting or presuming to act as a corporate body or bodies, the raising or pretending to raise or prefuming transferrable stock or stocks, the transferring or pretending to transfer or assign any share or shares in such stock or stocks, without legal authority, either by act of parliament, or by any charter from the crown, to warrant such acting as a body corporate, or to raise such transferrable stock or stocks, or to transfer shares therein, and all acting or pretending to act under any charter, formerly granted from the crown, for particular or special purposes therein expressed, by persons who do or shall use or endeavour to use the same charters, for raising a capital stock, or for making transfers or assignments, or pretended transfers or assignments of such stock, not intended or

defigned by such charter to be raised or transferred, and all acting or pretending to act under any obsolete charter become and all acting voidable by nonuser or abuser, or for want of making under obsolete lawful elections, which were necessary to continue the corporation thereby intended, shall (as to all or any such acts, matters and things, as shall be acted, done, attempted, endeavoured or proceeded upon, after the said four and twentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and twenty) for ever be deemed

to be illegal and void, and shall not be practifed or in any wife shall be deem at in execution.

All fuch unput in execution.

That from and after the faid four and twentieth day of June dertakings one thousand seven hundred and twenty, all such unlawful undeemed pubdertakings and attempts, so tending to the common grievance, lick nusauces. prejudice and inconvenience of his Majesty's subjects, or a

great number of them, in their trade, commerce, or other law-ful affairs, and the making or taking of any subscriptions for that purpose, the receiving or paying of any money upon such subscriptions, the making or accepting of any assignment or transfer, or pretended assignment or transfer, of any share or shares upon any such subscription, and all and every other matter and thing whatfoever, for furthering, countenancing, or proceeding in any fuch unlawful undertaking or attempt, and more particularly the prefuming or pretending to act as a corporate body, or to raife a transferrable stock or stocks, or to make transfers or affignments of any share or shares therein, without such legal authority, as aforesaid, and all acting or pretending to act under any charter formerly granted from the crown for any particular or special purposes therein expressed, by persons making or endeavouring to make use of such charter for any fuch other purpose not thereby intended, and all acting or pretending to act under any such obsolete charter as is before described, and every of them (as to all or any such acts, matters or things as shall be so acted, done, attempted, endeavoured or proceeded upon, after the said four and twentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and twenty) shall be deemed to be a publick nusance and nusances, and the same, and all causes, matters and things relating thereto, and every of them, shall for ever hereaster be examined, heard, tried and determined as common nusances are to be examined, heard, tried, and determined by or according to the laws of this realm; and all offenders therein, being thereof lawfully convicted upon information or indictment, in any of his Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, or in Edinburgh, or in Dublin, shall be liable to such fines, penalties, and punishments, whereunto persons convicted for common and publick nusances are, by any of the laws and statutes of this realm, subject and liable; and moreover shall incur and sustain any further pains, penalties and forfeitures, as were ordained and provided by the sta- and shall incur tute of provision and præmunire made in the fixteenth year of the 16 R. 2. c. 5.

XX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, How mer-That if any merchant or trader, at any time after the said four chants or traand twentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and ders may have twenty, shall suffer any particular damage in his, her or their against the untrade, commerce, or other lawful affairs, by occasion or means dertakers. of any undertaking or attempt, matter or thing, by this act declared to be unlawful, as aforesaid, and will sue to be relieved therein, then and in every such case, such merchant or trader Vol. XIV.

reign of King Richard the Second.

shall and may have his and their remedy for the same by an action or actions to be grounded upon this statute, against the persons, societies or partnerships, or any of them, who contrary to this act shall be engaged or interested in any such unlawful undertaking or attempt; and every such action and actions shall be heard and determined in any of his Majesty's courts of record aforesaid, wherein no essoin, protection, wager of law, or more than one imparlance shall be granted or allowed; and in every such action the plaintiff shall or may recover treble damages with full costs of suit.

Penalty on brokers buying or felling any shares in fuch undertakings.

XXI. And it is hereby further enacted by the authority afore-XXI. And it is hereby further enacted by the authority afore-faid, That if any broker or person acting as a broker for him-fels, or in behalf of any others, at any time or times after the said four and twentieth day of June one thousand seven hun-dred and twenty, shall bargain, sell, buy or purchase, or con-tract or agree for the bargaining, selling, buying or purchasing of any share or interest in any of the undertakings by this act declared to be unlawful, or in any stock or pretended stock of such undertakers, that then and in every such case, every such broker or person acting as such, shall not only be disabled and broker or person acting as such, shall not only be disabled and rendred incapable to be or act as a broker for the future, but fhall also forfeit and lose the sum of sive hundred pounds, recovered, to wit, one moiety thereof to the use of the King's majesty, his heirs and successors, and the other moiety thereof to the use of any person or persons who will inform or sue for the same in any of his Majesty's said courts of record, as afore-

Not to extend to undertakings fettled

faid, with full costs of suit.

XXII. Provided always, and be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That this act, or any thing therein contained, shall ings settled not extend to any undertakings, or other matters or things before 24 June, settled, established, or practised in point of time before the said four and twentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and eighteen, but that the same, and every of them, shall be of such or the like force, effect or validity, and no other, as they respectively would be of in case this act had never been made;

Nor to prejudice the two corporations hereby erectany thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXIII. Provided also, and it is hereby further intended, declared and enacted by the authority aforesaid, That any of the clauses, matters or things in this act contained, shall not extend, or be construed to hinder his Majesty from erecting or establishing the two corporations intended by this act to be erected and citablished, as is above mentioned, or either of them, or to prejudice those two corporations, or either of them, (when erected) in the exercise or enjoying of the powers, privileges, benefits or advantages intended to be granted to them respectively, by such respective charters or indentures as are above mentioned in that behalf, subject nevertheless to such powers of redemption or revocation as are above in this act prescribed for that purpose;

Or the South-

any thing in this act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXIV. Provided also, That any thing in this act contained Sea company: shall not extend, or be construed to extend to hinder or deprive

the corporation of the governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, trading to the South-Seas and other parts of America, and for encouraging the fishery, or their successors, from having and enjoying of all and every or any such powers, privileges, benefits, profits, properties, matters and things, as do or shall belong to them, or which they could or might enjoy, in any manner of wise whatsoever, if this act had not been made (except as to insurance upon ships and merchandize at sea or going to sea;) any thing herein contained to the contrary in any wise notwith and income.

in any wise notwithstanding.

XXV. Provided always, That nothing in this act shall ex- Nor to restrain tend, or be construed to extend to prohibit or restrain the car- the carrying rying on of any home or foreign trade in partnership in such on of any home or foreign trade in partnership in such on of any home or foreign trade in according to the laws of this realm now in force, excepting on partnership.

ly as to the laws of this realm now in force, excepting on-partnering.

ly as to the infuring of ships and goods or merchandizes at sea,
or going to sea, and lending money upon bottomry; any thing
in this act to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

XXVI. Provided nevertheless, That it shall and may be lawSouth-Sea and
ful to and for the governor and company of merchants of Great companies
Britain, trading to the South-Seas and other parts of America,
and for encouraging the fishery, and for the united company of money on botmerchants of Encland trading to the East-Indies, and they and tomry to their merchants of England trading to the East-Indies, and they and tomry to their either of them have respectively hereby liberty, at any time or captains, &c. times hereafter, to advance or lend on the bottom of any ship or vessel, ships or vessels, and on goods and merchandizes on board any ship or vessel, ships or vessels of the said respective companies, or that is, are or shall be employed in the service of the faid companies respectively, to any captains or commanders, agents, sailors, or servants, or other person or persons, which shall at any time or times be imployed in the service of the said respective companies, any sum or sums of money whatsoever by way of bottomry; any thing in this act contained to the con-

XXVII. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Nor to extend authority aforesaid, That nothing in this act contained shall ex- to corporatend, or be construed to extend to any corporation formerly tions formerly created for the carrying on a trade, which they have publickly created, continued to exercise from the time of their establishment; or or to any sub-scriptions made or to be made for enlarging the capi- be made to tal stock of the governor and company of merchants of Great the capital of Britain, trading to the South-Seas and other parts of America, the South-Sea. and for encouraging the fishery (by or by order of the general court, or court of directors of the same company) or to any receipts made out and given, or to be made out or given, in re-fpect of fuch subscriptions, but that all such subscriptions made and to be made, shall be firm and valid, and all receipts made out and given, or to be made out or given, concerning the same, shall be affignable at law by endorsement made or to be made thereon; any thing in this or in any other act, or any law, usage or custom to the contrary notwithstanding.
S 2 XXVIII. Pro-

Salvo for East-India company's privileges.

XXVIII. Provided also, That any thing in this act contained shall not extend, or be construed to extend to hinder or deprive the corporation of the united company of merchants of England trading to the East-Indies, from having and enjoying all and every such powers, privileges, franchises, benefits, matters and thing, as do or shall belong to them, or which they could or might enjoy in any manner of wife if this act had not been any thing in this act to the contrary notwithstanding.

Companies not to lend money to the crown but on

XXIX. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted, That if any governor, sub-governor, deputy-governor, director, or member of either of the corporations intended to be erected credit of acts and established in pursuance of this act shall, upon the account of parliament. of the said corporations, or either of them, hereby intended to be established, at any time or times advance or lend to his Majesty, his heirs or successors, any sum or sums of money, by way of loan or anticipation, on any part or parts, branch or branches, fund or funds of the revenues now granted or belonging, or hereafter to be granted or belonging to his Majesty, his heirs or fuccessors, other than such fund or funds, part or parts, branch or branches of the said revenue only, on which a credit of loan is or shall be granted by parliament, That then the said governor, sub-governor, deputy-governor, director, or other members of the said corporations, or either of them, who shall consent, agree to, or approve of the advancing or lending to his Majesty, his heirs or successors, such sum or sums of money, as afore-said, and each and every of them, so agreeing, consenting or approving, and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall, for every fuch offence, forfeit treble the value of every fuch fum or sums of money so lent, whereof one fifth part shall be to the informer, to be recovered in any of his Majesty's courts of record at IVestminster, by action of debt, bill, plaint or information, wherein no protection, wager of law, essoin, privilege of parliament, or other privilege, shall be allowed, nor any more than one imparlance, and the relidue to be disposed of towards publick uses as shall be directed by parliament, and not otherwise.

Penalty.

CAP. XIX.

An act for making perpetual so much of an act made in the tenth year of the reign of Queen Anne, for the reviving and continuing several acts therein mentioned, as relates to the building and repairing county gaols; and also an all of the eleventh and twelfth years of the reign of King William the Third, for the more effectual suppression of piracy; and for making more effectual the act of the thirteenth year of the reign of King Charles the Second, intituled, An act for establishing articles and orders for the regulating and better government of his Majesty's ships of war and forces by sea.

THEREAS in an act made in the tenth year of 10 Ann. E. 14. fect. 2. reign of Queen Anne, intituled, An act for the reviving and

1719.7 Anno fexto GEORGII I. C. 20.

and continuing several acts therein mentioned, for the preventing of mischiess which may happen by fire; for building and repairing county gaols; for exempting of apothecaries from serving parish and ward offices, and serving upon juries; and relating to the returning of jurors, there is a clause relating to the building and restricted acts and serving and restricted acts to the building and restricted acts. lating to the returning of jurors, there is a clause relating to the building and repairing county gaols, which by experience has been found very useful and beneficial to the publick, and will expire at the end of this present selsion of parliament: be it therefore enacted by the Somuch of the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and conrecited act as sent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this county gaols, present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, made perpethat so much of the said act made in the tenth year of the tual. reign of Queen Anne, as relates to the building and repairing county gaols, shall be and is hereby made perpetual.

II. And whereas vagrants and other criminals, offenders and persons charged with small offences, are for such offences, or for want of sureties, to be committed to the county gaol, it being adjudged, that by law the justices of the peace cannot commit them to any other

that by law the justices of the peace cannot commit them to any other prison for safe custody, which by experience hath been found to be very prejudicial and expensive: be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, Justices of That it shall and may be lawful to and for the justices of the peace may peace within their respective jurisdictions, to commit such vagrants and other criminals, offenders, person and persons, either the common to the common gaps or house of correction, as they in their gaps or house to the common gaol or house of correction, as they in their gaol or house judgment shall think proper; any law, custom or usage to the of correction. contrary notwithstanding.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, The act of That the act made in the eleventh and twelfth years of the 11 & 12 W. 3. reign of his late majesty King William the Third, intituled, c. 7. made An act for the more effectual suppression of piracy, shall be and is hereby made perpetual.

Persons in the sea service, who shall commit any of the crimes mentioned in 13 Car 2. stat. 1. c. 9. upon the shore in foreign parts, shall be tried and punished, as if they had been committed on the main sea. Rep. 22 Geo. 2. C. 33.

CAP. XX.

An act for continuing the acts formerly made for repairing the highways in the county of Hestford therein mentioned, and for making the faid acts more effectual.

After Nov. 4, 1722, the tolls by the act 15 Car. 2. c. 1. to be taken at Repealed in Wadefmill, shall be continued, in manner as by the recited acts, for 15 part by 6 Geo. years; and the money to be applied to repair the highways in the county 2. c. 24. and of Hertford. But on an adjudication at the affizes or sessions that the ways EXP. are in good repair, the toll shall cease. The officers, &c. impowered by the former acts, shall from Nov. 2, 1722, have the like powers by virtue of this act: and all clauses, &c. shall be continued.

CAP.

CAP. XXI.

An act for preventing frauds and abuses in the publick revenues of excise, customs, stamp-duties, post-office, and bousemoney.

WHEREAS several persons in carrying or managing their re-VV spective trades, manufactures or dealings do frequently contrive and commit great frauds, deceits and abuses, which daily increase, and and commit great frauds, accests and abujes, which daily increase, and apparently tend not only to the diminution of his Majesty's revenues and publick incomes, but also to the discouragement of all fair traders, manufacturers and dealers, and the discredit of goods of the growth, product and manufacture of Great Britain in foreign parts, and particularly many persons in several parts of this kingdom of Great Britain in several parts of this kingdom of Great Britain in several parts of this kingdom of Great Britain in several parts of this kingdom of Great Britain in several parts of this kingdom of Great Britain in several parts of this kingdom of Great Britain in several parts of this kingdom of Great Britain in several parts of this kingdom of Great Britain in several parts of this kingdom of Great Britain in several parts of this kingdom of Great Britain in several parts of this kingdom of Great Britain in several parts of the several parts of this kingdom of Great Britain in several parts of this kingdom of Great Britain in several parts of the several parts of this kingdom of Great Britain in several parts of the several parts of this kingdom of Great Britain in several parts of this kingdom of Great Britain in several parts of this kingdom of Great Britain in several parts of this kingdom of Great Britain in several parts of this kingdom of Great Britain in several parts of this kingdom of Great Britain in several parts of this kingdom of Great Britain in several parts of this kingdom of Great Britain in several parts of this kingdom of Great Britain in several parts of this kingdom of Great Britain in several parts of this kingdom of Great Britain in several parts of this kingdom of Great Britain in several parts of this kingdom of Great Britain in several parts of this kingdom of Great Britain in several parts of this kingdom of Great Britain in several parts of this kingdom of Great Britain in several parts of this kingdom of Great Britain in several parts of this kingdom of Great Britain in several p tain, who make malt in order to export the same to parts beyond the sias (to the intent that they may obtain greater drawbacks and allowances upon the exportation thereof than were intended by law to be granted for the same) do in the making of such malt increase the quantity thereof in bulk and measure much beyond what the same malt was the granted and absenced with the duties thereon he the when guaged and charged with the duties chargeable thereon by the officers for the said duties on malt, when such malt was in the cistern or uting vat, or upon the couch, by watering or wetting the said malt, whilst the same is working upon the floor; and by those and other undue practices causing the said malt not only to run out and grow at that end of the grain from which the root proceeds, but also to sprout, run out and grow at the other end of the grain from which the blade proceeds, which last mentioned sprouting, running out and growing at the

This and the following fection repealed by 3 Geo. 2. c. 7. fect. 13.

s. 6d. per bushel.

This and the following fection repealed by 3 Geo. 2.

C. 7. sect. 13.

After 24 June and lessente of the trade of British malt in parts beyond the seas, After 24 June and lessente of the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the barley on the advice and consent of the lords sorieural and temporal and competence of the lords sorieural and lessente of the lords sorieur barley on the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and comfloor, &c. but mons, in this present parliament assembled, and by authority in his cistern of the same, That from and after the four and twentieth day of duly entred, on June one thousand seven hundred and twenty no massive or massive of the same of massive of the same ley, or other corn or grain by him, her or them making into malt, to be steeped, wetted or watered upon the couch or floor, or in any other place but in his, her and their respective cisterns or uting vats, duly entred for that purpose at the office of excise of the division or place where such malt shall be wetted, on pain of forfeiting for every bushel of malt which shall be found to have been steeped, wetted or watered contrary to the true intent and meaning of this act, the sum of two shillings and fix pence, R E P.

No malster to permit his corn to be acrespired.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the faid four and twentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and twenty no such malster or maker of malt for fale or exportation shall cause or permit any corn or grain, by him, her or them making into malt, to be worked or

made

made in such manner that the same shall acrespire (that is to say) run out, grow or sprout at that end of the corn or grain from which the blade proceeds: and in case any such malster or maker Officers may of malt shall make or work his corn or grain making into malt take an hand-in such manner that the respective supervisors or officers for the floor to see if said duties of the division or place, or any of them, where such it be acrespircorn or grain shall be making or working, shall suspect the same, ed. or some part thereof, to be acrespired, as aforesaid, then and in fuch case it may be lawful for such supervisor or supervisors, officer or officers, or any of them, to take out of any particular part of the floor of such wetting of corn or grain so making into malt, as he or they shall so suspect to be acrespired, so much thereof as he or they can conveniently take up with one hand at one time, and to examine the same to see if it be acrespired, as aforefaid, or not; and in case upon examination thereof it shall Penalty on appear that more than one part in fifteen of such corn or grain, malter. so taken up by the hand, is acrespired, as aforesaid, the intire wetting of malt, whereof such corn or grain so taken up by the hand was part, shall be deemed, taken and charged as acrespired malt, and the malster or maker thereof shall be charged with the full duty of fix pence per bushel for every bushel of malt of that wetting, and shall not have any allowance out of the same, for or in respect of its being charged upon the sloor, or elsewhere; and shall also forfeit and lose for every bushel of the said malt, the further sum of five shillings; any act or acts of parliament to the contrary thereof in any wife notwith sanding.

the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding. R E P.

III. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the respective supervisor or supervisors, offivering, to give cer or officers, who shall discover such acrespired corn or grain notice thereof making into malt, as aforesaid, shall within the space of eight to malsters. and forty hours next after the respective time or times when the same shall be discovered, give or leave notice thereof in writing with or for the respective malsters or makers of such malt, or with some or one of his, her or their respective servants, on pain of forfeiting the sum of forty shillings for every neglect of such

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any unmalted oats or barley shall be found mixt with or Forfeiture for That if any unmalted oats or barley shall be found mixt with or Forfeiture for amongst malt shipping or shipped for exportation, that then and mixing unmalted oats or procure to be shipped such malt so mixed shall, for every malt for expussed thereof, forseit and lose the sum of sive shillings.

V. And for preventing of frauds in the shipping of malt for per bushel.

An officer to be appointed at the ports

the same: be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That at the ports from and after the said sour and twentieth day of June one thou- for measuring sand seven hundred and twenty, it shall and may be lawful to and malt, and to for the commissioners of his Majesty's revenues of excise for the time being, or the major part of them respectively, from time to time, to constitute and appoint one or more officer or officers in such of the ports of this kingdom where any malt may, is or

shall be shipped in order to be exported to parts beyond the seas, with intent to obtain a drawback or bounty, not only to see and attend the measuring of all malt which shall be shipped or laid on board any ship or vessel for exportation to parts beyond the seas, in such port or ports respectively, but also to continue on board such ships or vessels on which such malt shall be laden or shipped, until the same shall be respectively cleared their respective ports, in order to prevent the relanding thereof.

VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid,

Exporter to of 58. per bushel.

Exporter to give 48 hours

That every person and persons who, from and after the four and notice before twentieth day of June aforesaid, shall intend to ship any malt shipping malt, for exportation shall, by the space of eight and forty hours at on forfeiture least, before the beginning to ship or put on board any ship or of ss. per vessel any malt for exportation, give or send to such officer or officers, as aforesaid, of the port or place where such malt shall be intended to be shipped or put on board, notice in writing of the particular day, and of the precise hour of such day when fuch shipping or putting on board of such malt is or shall be intended to be begun, on pain to forfeit and lose the sum of five shillings for every bushel of malt which shall be so shipped or put on board for exportation, without such notice so given or sent, as aforesaid.

Obstructing officer, forteits rol.

VII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if from and after the four and twentieth day of June aforesaid, any person or persons whatsoever shall oppose, molest, hinder or obstruct any officer or officers of excise in the due execution of the powers or authorities given or granted to such officer or officers, by this or any other act or acts relating to the duties of excise, every such person or persons so doing shall for-

Corn forced VIII. And for the more effectual preventing the forcing together together in the of corn, fleeping or fleeped in order to the making thereof into mall, cittern to pre- whereby the rifing and swelling of such corn hoing Armentalian for cistern to pre- whereby the rifing and swelling of such corn being prevented and hinventrising, for- dred, his Majesty is thereby very much defrauded of and in his duty
feits 25. 6d.
per bushel.

upon malt: be it further enacted and declared by the authority
aforesaid, That if from and after the four and twentieth day of June aforesaid, any corn in any cistern or uting vat, steeping or steeped in order to the making thereof into malt, by any malster or maker of malt, (other than compounders for the duty on malt) is or shall be found so hard, close and compact, as it could not be, unless the same had by some means or other been forced sogether to prevent the rifing and swelling thereof, every malfter and maker of malt (other than compounders for the duty on malt) where the same shall be so found shall, in every such case, forseit and lose the sum of two shillings and six pence per bushel for every bushel of such corn, steeping or steeped, which shall be found to hard, close and compact, as aforesaid.

IX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid,

Penalties, how IX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforelaid, to be sued for. That all penalties and forfeitures by this act imposed or enacted, for or on account of the duty upon malt, shall and may be sued for, levied, recovered or mitigated by such ways, means and me-

Anno sexto GEORGII I. C. 21. 1719.7

thods, as any penalty or forfeiture is or may be sued for, levied, recovered or mitigated, by any law or laws of excise, or by action of debt, bill, plaint or information, in any of his Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, or in the court of exchequer in Scotland, and that one moiety of every such penalty and forseiture shall be to his Majesty, his heirs and successors, and the other moi-

thall be to his Majesty, his heirs and successors, and the other moiety to him, her or them that shall inform or sue for the same.

X. And whereas upon appeals to the justices of the peace, assembled On appeals to at their respective quarter-sessions, against original judgments duly the quarter-given by particular justices of the peace, upon information duly exhibit sessions, justiced before them for offences committed contrary to the respective acts can to be relating to the respective duties upon malt, and to the duties upon hides upon the meritand skins, and pieces of skins and hides, tanned, tawed and dressed, and upon vellom and parchment made in Great Britain, several such original judgments have at such quarter-sessions been reversed upon nice and critical exceptions or objections to the form or forms of such proceedings, without proceeding at such quarter-sessions to re-examine and re-hear the truth and merits of the fact or facts in question between the parties to such information and informations, to the great obstruction parties to such information and informations, to the great obstruction of justice in such cases: for remedy whereof, be it enacted and declared by the authority aforesaid, That the intent and meaning of such appeal and appeals was and is, That upon such appeal and appeals in every and each respective case, the justices affembled at such quarter-sessions respectively, shall and do proceed to re-hear, re-examine, and re-consider the truth and merits of the fact and facts in question between the parties to such original judgment and judgments respectively, and to re-examine the witnesses thereto upon oath, and that thereupon the said justices fo affembled shall and do finally determine of and concerning the truth and merits of the fact and facts in question between the parties to such judgment and judgments respectively; and if at such quarter-sessions any desect or desects of form shall be found in such proceedings before the particular justices who gave such original judgment or judgments, That then in and every such case, original judgment or judgments, That then in and every such case, such defects of form shall and may be rectified and a and to rectify mended by the order or orders of such justices so assembled at such surface form in particular justices, any thing herein, or in any other act or acts cular justices. Contained to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

XI. And whereas his Majesty's revenues both of customs and ex-All distillers, eise are much lessened by the clandestine importation of brandy, arrack, &c. to enter rum, spirits, and strong waters into this kingdom of Great Britain, houses, &c. for from parts beyond the seas, without payment of any of the duties by keeping brane.

from parts beyond the seas, without payment of any of the duties by keeping bran-law chargeable on the same, and the fair dealers in the said commodities dy, &c. at the much prejudiced in their trade therein: for remedy whereof, be it next excise-ofenacted by the authority aforesaid, That on or before the first fice, by 1 Aug.
day of August one thousand seven hundred and twenty, all difference for declars in branch arreck run. stillers, makers or sellers of or dealers in brandy, arrack, rum, &c. ftrong waters or spirits, either British or foreign, either by wholefale or retail, shall make true and particular entry in writing of all ware-houses, store-houses, rooms, shops, cellars, vaults, and other places, by him, her or them respectively made use of for

the keeping of brandy, arrack, rum, spirits or strong waters, either British or foreign, for sale, at the office of excise, within the compass or limits whereof such respective ware-houses, storehouses, rooms, shops, cellars, vaults, and other places, shall be situated, and also of all brandy, arrack, rum, spirits and strong waters, British and foreign, which at the time of making of such respective entries, shall be in such ware-houses, store-houses, rooms, shops, cellars, vaults, and other places, and every of them respectively, on pain of forfeiting the sum of twenty pounds for every such ware-house, store-house, room, shop, cellar, vault, or other place, which, from and after the said first day of August one thousand seven hundred and twenty, shall be so made use of by any such distiller, maker, seller or dealer respectively, without making such antire thereof without making fuch entry thereof, as aforesaid, together with the brandy, arrack, rum, spirits and strong waters, which shall be found therein, and also the casks and vessels whatsoever containing the same.

XII.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, After a Aug. That all and every other person or persons, who after the said who shall become distillers, makers or sellers of, or dealers in any such brandy, arrack, rum, spirits or strong waters, shall, before he, she or they take any such brandy, arrack, rum, spirits or strong waters, make the like waters, into his, her or their custody or possession, make the like particular entry in writing of the several and respective warehouses, store-houses, rooms, shops, cellars, vaults, and other places, intended by him, her or them respectively to be made use of for the keeping of brandy, arrack, rum, spirits or strong waters, either British or foreign, on pain of forfaiting the sum waters, either British or foreign, on pain of forfeiting the sum of twenty pounds for every such ware-house, store-house, room, shop, cellar, vault, or other place, so to be made use of by such last mentioned distiller, maker, seller or dealer respectively, without making such answers are forested to contain with the born without making such entry, as aforesaid, together with the brandy, arrack, rum, spirits and strong waters, which shall be found therein, and also the casks and vessels whatsoever containing the

without notice, &c. on

XIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, No brandy to That from and after the said first day of August one thousand be brought in- seven hundred and twenty no brandy, arrack, rum, spirits or to such ware-houses, either British or foreign, shall be brought into houses, &c. fuch ware-house, store-house, room, shop, cellar, vault or other place made use of by any distiller, maker or seller of or dealer in forfeiture, &c. brandy, arrack, rum, strong waters or spirits, without first giving notice thereof to the officer of excise of the division or place in which such ware-house, store-house, room, shop, cellar, vault, or other place in which such brandy, arrack, rum, spirits or strong waters are intended to be lodged, and producing to the faid officer, and leaving with him an authentick certificate, that the duties charged or chargeable upon all the faid brandy, arrack, rum, spirits or strong waters so intended to be brought in as aforesaid, have been actually paid, or that the same hath been

condemned as forfeited, or was part of the flock of some importer, distiller, maker or seller of or dealer in brandy, arrack, rum, spirits or strong waters, of which an account has been taken en pursuant to this act, and expressing the quantity and quality, thereof, and at what port or place the said duties were so paid, or the brandy, arrack, rum, spirits or strong waters condemned. as aforesaid, or of whose stock the same was part, on pain of forfeiting the brandy, arrack, rum, spirits and strong waters so brought in without such notice or certificate as aforesaid, together with the casks and vessels whatsoever containing the same.

ther with the casks and vessels whatsoever containing the same.

XIV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid,

That from and after the said first day of August one thousand. Officers may seven hundred and twenty, it shall and may be lawful for the houses, &c. by officers of his Majesty's revenues of excise, or any of them, day or night, from time to time and at all times, by day and by night (and if to take an acin the night-time, in the presence of a constable or other officer count of the of the peace) to enter into all and every the said ware-houses, store-houses, rooms, shops, cellars, vaults or other places made use of by any distillers, makers or sellers of or dealers in brandy, arrack, rum, shripts or strong waters for keeping the same dy, arrack, rum, spirits or strong waters for keeping the same, and by tasting guaging or otherwise to take an account of the quantity and quality of all such of the said liquors, as shall at any time be in their or any of their custody; and if any such Obstructing distiller, maker or seller of or dealer in brandy, arrack, rum, officers, forspirits or strong waters shall hinder or resuse the said officer or feits 501. officers to enter into his, her or their said ware-houses, store-houses, rooms, shops, cellars, vaults and other places, or any of them, to take such account as aforesaid, or shall let, hinder or obstruct the said officer or officers in the execution of any of the powers and authorities by this act given to him or them, the person or persons offending therein shall for every such offence for-feit and lose the sum of fifty pounds.

XV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, No brandy, &c. That from and after the said first day of August one thousand se- to be sold but ven hundred and twenty no brandy, arrack, rum, spirits or in such ware-ftrong waters, either British or foreign, shall be sold, uttered or houses on forexposed to sale, either by wholesale or retail, but when the same feiture of 40s. a gallon. shall be in some or one of the said ware-houses, store-houses, Farther provincions, shops, cellars, vaults or other places so entred as afore-four relating said, upon pain of forfeiting the sum of forty shillings for every beretoin Geo. 2. gallon of brandy arrack, sum spirite or strong waters as shall c. 20. sect. 2. gallon of brandy, arrack, rum, spirits or strong waters as shall c. 30. sect. 2. be so sold, uttered or exposed to sale in any other place or places than those entred as aforesaid, and in that proportion for any greater or leffer quantity.

XVI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Officertogive That from and after the said first day of August one thousand see the seller cerven hundred and twenty, where any such brandy, arrack, rum, quantity of spirits or strong waters as aforesaid shall afterwards be sold in brandy sold, the faid entred places, or any of them, in great or small quan-&c. and that tities, the officer or officers of excise of the respective divisions or the duty has places where the same shall be so sold, shall be obliged, and are been paid, &c.

hereby required from time to time, upon the request of the seller or fellers thereof (without fee or reward) to give to the re-fpective buyers thereof certificates in writing figned by the faid respective officer or officers, expressing the quantities so sold, and the name and names of the respective buyers and sellers there-of, and that the duty of such brandy, arrack, rum, spirits and strong waters so sold has been paid, or that the same hath been condemned as forfeited, or was part of such stock as aforesaid, to satisfy the officer or officers of the excise of the respective divifions to which the same is intended to be carried, that the duty thereof has been paid, or that the same has been so condemned, or was part of such stock, that the seizing thereof may thereby **be** prevented.

XVII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the said first day of August one thousand se-Nobrandy,&c. exceeding a gallon, to be removed without a permit.

That from and after the laid first day of August one thousand a gallon, to be removed without a permit.

That from and after the laid first day of August one thousand a certiform and twenty no brandy, arrack, rum, spirits or strong waters, exceeding the quantity of one gallon, shall be removed or carried from any part of this kingdom to another, by land or by water, without such permit or certificate from some or one of the officers of his Majesty's customs or excise, signifying and certifying the quality and quantity thereof, and that his Majesty's duties chargeable thereon have been duly paid and satisfied, sty's duties chargeable thereon have been duly paid and satisfied, or that the same had been condemned, or was part of such stock as aforesaid, on pain of forseiting the brandy, arrack, rum, spirits and strong waters which shall be found carrying from one place to another without such permit or certificate, together with the casks and vessels whatsoever containing the same.

Who fhall be

XVIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the said first day of Angust one thousand sedeemed fellers ven hundred and twenty, all and every person or persons whatso-of brandy. ever, who shall have in his, her or their custody any brandy, arrack, rum, spirits or strong waters, exceeding the quantity of fixty three gallons, shall be deemed and taken to be a seller of

and dealer in brandy, arrack, rum, spirits and strong waters, and subject to the survey of his Majesty's officers of excise.

XIX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Penalties how That the penalties and forseitures by this act given for or on acto be sued for, count of any brandy, arrack, rum, spirits, strong waters or sweets herein after-mentioned shall and may be sued for, recovered and levied or mitigated by the same ways, means and methods, as any penalty or forfeiture given by any of the laws of excife can or may be fued for, recovered and levied or mitigated; and that one moiety of every such penalty or forseiture (the rea-fonable charges of suing for, recovering and levying thereof being first deducted) shall be to his Majesty, his heirs and succesfors, and the other moiety to him or them that shall seize, inform or sue for the same.

XX. And whereas the clandestine importation of brandy, arrack, rum, spirits or strong waters from parts beyond the seas into this kingdom of Great Britain, is of late become more frequent than formerly; and his Majesty's officers who ought and do frequently seize fuch liquors so clandestinely imported, are under great discouragements in the performance of their duty therein, in the trouble and expence they are forced to be at in procuring the same to be condemned in his Majesty's court of exchequer, or other of his Majesty's courts: for remedy whereof, it is hereby provided, enacted and declared by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the said first day of After 1 Aug. August one thousand seven hundred and twenty, where any branbrandy seized dy, arrack, rum, spirits or strong waters, British or foreign, shall shall be sued be seized as forfeited by virtue or in pursuance of this present for and conact, or of any other act or acts of parliament relating to his Ma-demned. jefty's revenues of customs and excise, or either of them, by any of his Majesty's officers of the said revenues, or either of them, all fuch seizures (except in every case where the seizure shall be made for unlawful importation, and the whole quantity of the brandy, arrack, rum, spirits or strong waters, at any one time for that cause seized, doth exceed fixty three gallons) shall and may, in a summary way, be proceeded upon, heard, examined into and determined in the manner herein after-mentioned; that is to fay, in case such seizures (except before excepted) shall happen to be made in any place or places within the immediate limits of the chief excise-office in London, the same shall and may, in a fummary way, be proceeded upon, heard, examined into and determined by the commissioners of excise for the time being, or the major part of them; and in case such seizure (except fions relating before excepted) shall happen to be made in any place or places bereto, & Geo. 1. out of the said immediate limits of the said chief office c. 18. sect. 17. in London, then and in such case the same shall and may, in a fum:nary way, be proceeded upon and examined into, heard, adjudged and determined by and before any two or more of his Majesty's justices of the peace residing near to the place where fuch seizure or seizures shall be made; which said commissioners and justices of the peace respectively, within their respective jurisdictions, shall be and are hereby authorized and impowered to cause the respective person or persons, in whose custody such brandy, arrack, rum, spirits or strong waters so to be seized as aforesaid were found at the time of the seizure thereof, to be summoned to appear before them at a certain time and place to be prefixed by the faid commissioners of excise and justices of the peace respectively, who are hereby fully authorized, impowered and required, upon the appearance or default of such perfon or persons, so to be summoned, to examine into the cause of fuch seizure or seizures, and thereupon to proceed to give judg-ment for the condemnation of such brandy, arrack, rum, spirits or strong waters so seized (except before excepted) as upon due examination shall be found to be forfeited by virtue of this act, or any other act or acts of parliament relating to his Majesty's revenues of customs or excise, together with the casks and other vessels whatsoever containing the same, and to issue out their warrants for the sale of such brandy, arrack, rum, spirits or strong waters, as shall be so by them respectively condemned, and of the casks and other vessels whatsoever containing the same;

and fuch their respective judgments shall be and are hereby declared to be taken and adjudged to be good, valid and effectual in the law, and final to all intents and purposes whatsoever, and not liable to any appeal, or to be removed by any writ or writs of Gertiorari; any law, statute or provision to the contrary there-

made thereof in 20 days, and condemnation.

of in any wife notwithstanding.

XXI. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted by when brandy, &c. is feiz-dy, arrack, rum, spirits or strong waters as aforesaid, (except ed, no claim before excepted) shall be seized as forfeited, and no person or made thereof persons, within twenty days next after such seizure, shall appear howto proceed to the officer or officers who made such seizure to claim the to judgment same, then and in such case, if such seizure or seizures shall happen to be made within the immediate limits of the chief exciseoffice in *London*, it shall and may be lawful for the officer or officers who shall make such seizure or seizures, from and after the expiration of the faid twenty days next after fuch respective feizure or seizures, to cause notice in writing, to be signed by his Majesty's solicitor for the revenue of excise for the time being, to be affixed at the Royal Exchange, fignifying the day and the time of the day that the commissioners of the excise for the time being, or the major part of them, will proceed to hear the matter of such seizure or seizures, and to the condemnation of the brandy, arrack, rum, spirits or strong waters so seized as aforesaid, and of the casks and other vessels containing the fame; and if such seizure or seizures of such brandy, arrack, rum, spirits or strong waters as aforesaid (except before except-ed) shall happen to be made, as aforesaid, out of the immediate limits of the faid chief excise-office in London, it shall and may be lawful for the officers who shall make such seizure or seizures, from and after the expiration of twenty days next after fuch respective seizure or seizures, to cause publick notice to be given by proclamation at the next market-town to the place or places where such respective seizure or seizures shall be made as aforefaid, upon the next market-day after the expiration of the faid twenty days, of the day and place when and where the justices of the peace will proceed to hear the matter of such seizure or feizures, and to the condemnation of fuch brandies, arrack, rum, spirits or strong waters so seized as aforesaid; in which said cases it shall and may be lawful for the said commissioners of excise and justices of the peace respectively, within their respective jurisdictions, to proceed to examine into the cause of such seizure or scizures, and to give judgment for the condemnation of such brandy, arrack, rum, spirits and strong waters so seized, as upon due examination shall appear to be forfeited, and of the casks and other vessels containing the same; which judgments shall be good, valid and effectual in the law, and final to all intents and purpoles whatloever, as if the respective owner or owners of the same brandy, arrack, rum, spirits or other strong waters, or the respective person or persons in whose custody the same was at the respective time or times of the seizure or seizures thereof,

had been respectively summoned to attend the said commissioners of excise and justices of the peace respectively, in the manner herein before prescribed, and shall not be liable to any appeal, or to be removed by Certiorari; any thing in this present act contained, or any law, flatute or provision to the contrary there- No Certiorari-

of in any wise notwithstanding.

XXII. And whereas makers of sweets for sale, when they have occasion to send or deliver sweets to vintners and other their customers, do from time to time draw and take the same from their stock-casks sweets, containing greater quantities than the quantities so sent or delivered, and having so done, do immediately make quantities of new sweets equal and answerable to such quantities so sent or delivered, and do then put in or mix such new sweets to and with the remaining part and parts of such their stock and stocks of old sweets; all which being frequently dene and performed without the least privity or knowledge of the officers of excise, who should make charges of the duties for and in respect of such new sweets so made as aforesaid, they the said officers of excise, for want of discovery and due notice thereof, neither do or can make such charges, whereby his Majesty is very much defrauded of and in his duties upon sweets: for remedy whereof, be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if from
and after the first day of August one thousand seven hundred and After 1 Aug. twenty any sweets made in Great Britain for sale, for which the 1720; sweets duties shall or have been duly paid, or have been duly charged that have paid by the proper officer or officers of excise, are or shall be intend- the duties not ed to be sent or removed from one place to another, the officer without certi- of excise of the place from whence such sweets are so to be sent ficate, &c. or removed shall, upon request, and without fee or reward, give certificates under his hand, expressing therein the quantity and qualities of fuch fweets fo to be fent or removed, and the name and names of the person and persons from whom and to whom such sweets are so to be sent; and if from and after the said first day of August one thousand seven hundred and twenty any maker or makers of sweets for sale shall send or remove, or Makers of shall cause to be sent or removed, any such sweets from one sweets sending place to another, or if any vintner or vintners shall receive or out, or vinttake into his, her or their custody or possession any such sweets ners receiving without such certificate or certificates, that then and in every sweets without case, as well every such maker and makers of sweets for sale, forseit to s. as also every such vintner and vintners, shall respectively for seit and per gallon, lose the sum of ten shillings for every gallon of sweets which and the sweets shall be met with or found so sending or removing, or fent or and casks. removed, or which shall be so received or taken in; and also that all such sweets, which from and after the said first day of August one thousand seven hundred and twenty shall be found or met with fending, carrying or removing, or so sent, carried or removed from one place to another, without such certificate or certificates as aforesaid, and the casks and vessels containing the same, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any officer or officers of excise; one moiety thereof to be to the use of

his Majesty, his heirs, and successors, and the other moiety to be Seizures and to the use of him or them that shall seize the same; and that every forseitures, feizure

taining the same, which shall or may be made by virtue or in pur-

fuance of this act, and also every other forfeiture and forfeitures,

how to be proceeded upon.

which from and after the faid first day of August one thousand seven hundred and twenty shall or may be made by virtue or in pursuance of any act or acts whatsoever relating to the duties of excise, or to any other duty or duties under the management of the commissioners of excise, shall and may be proceeded upon, heard, examined into, adjudged and determined by the fame wavs and means, and in the same manner and form, as is and are herein and hereby preferibed, directed or appointed to be done upon feizures of brandy, arrack, rum, spirits or strong waters, not exceeding as aforesaid; and that such proceedings thereon shall not be liable to any appeal or appeals, or to be removed by *Certiorari*; any thing in this present act contained, or No Certiorari. any law, statute or provision to the contrary thereof in any wife

1 Geo. 2 ftat 2. c.16. notwithstanding.

Explained in

relation to abpeals by

ceedings rerolled in the English

tongue.

All informa-tions and pro-rity aforesaid, That all information and informations, complaint and complaints, and other proceedings whatloever, as well before such commissioners of excise as aforesaid, as also before julating to the fore such commissioners of excise as aforesaid, as also before justices of the peace respectively, by virtue or in pursuance of this entred and inor any other act or acts whatfoever relating to the duties of excife, or to any other duty or duties whatfoever under the management of the commissioners of excise, are and were intended to be, and shall and may be entred and inrolled in the English tongue; any law, statute or provision whatsoever to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

XXIV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid,

ing to excile or cuitoms. &c. if queflions arise concerning any office, or any one's be-

In trials relat-

That from and after the said first day of August one thousand seven hundred and twenty, if upon trial or trials of or in any information, action, fuit or profecution whatfoever relating to his Majesty's duties of customs and excise, or to either of them, or to the keeping of any other his duties whatfoever, or to any feizure or feizures, peor nalty or penaltics, forfeiture or forfeitures, relating to the faid duany one's be-ing an officer, cities, or any of them, or if upon any trial or trials of or in any action, what proof is fuit or profecution what sever against any person or persons, for requisite.

any thing done by virtue or in pursuance of any of the persons o parliament relating to the said duties, any or either of them, any question or questions shall be made, or any doubt or doubts, dispute or disputes, shall arise or happen, touching or concerning the keeping of any office or offices of excise in any city or cities, town or towns, or touching or concerning any one or more defendants being an officer or officers of or for the faid duties, any or either of them, that in every such case and cases proof shall and may be made, or evidence given, either of the actual keeping of fuch office or offices of excise in such city or cities, town or towns, or of such one or more defendants actually exercising

Enforced by

of and being employed and intrusted in such office or offices respectively, before and at the respective time and times when the matter or matters in question upon such trial or trials shall hap-sect. 32.

matter or matters in question upon such trial or trials shall hap-pen to have been done or committed, or omitted, or neglected

Anno sexto Georgii I. C. 21. 1719.]

to have been done or performed, without producing any particular person or persons to prove the names of the particular and respective commissioners to any commissions in the respective cases before-mentioned, any or either of them, to be of their own hand-writing; and that in every such case and cases respectively such proof and evidence shall be deemed and taken to be legal and sufficient evidence, unless or until by other evidence

the contrary shall or do appear.

XXV. And for the better securing the duties upon hops, be Planters of it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after hops to give the said first day of August one thousand seven hundred and twen-notice of the ty, the respective planters or owners of hops to grow in Great precise time of Britain, before they respectively shall or do begin to bag or to weighing hops.

Tespectively give or send notice in writing under his hop or their hops. respectively give or send notice in writing under his, her or their hands to the next officer of excise, or to the proper officer for the said duty, of the particular day, and of the precise hour of such day, as well of his, her or their beginning to bag, as also fuch day, as well of his, her or their beginning to bag, as also of his, her or their beginning to weigh such their respective hops, and every part and parts thereof, which notice, as well as to such bagging, as also to such weighing of such hops, as shall be either bagged or weighed in the first week of each respective 24 hours noplanters or owners bagging and weighing, or either of them, shall tice to be gibe given or sent at least twenty four hours before the particular ven of bagging and times, when as well every such bagging, as also every ing or weighfuch weighing, shall respectively begin; and such notice as aforeweighing, of such hops as shall not be bagged and weighed in ry other bagssuch first week, shall likewise be given or left by the space of at sing, on pain of 50 l.

least forty eight hours, as well before every such other bagging, as also before every such other weighing shall respectively begin; and if after such notice given, he, she or they shall not proceed and if after such notice given, he, she or they shall not proceed to bag and weigh, or to bag or weigh according to each respec-tive notice, that then and in every such case he, she or they, before he, the or they shall at any other time or times begin to bag and weigh, or to bag or weigh his, her or their hops, or any part or parts thereof, shall give or fend the like notice, as aforefaid; that is to fay, twenty four hours notice of such bagging and weighing, or either of them, in such first week, and forty eight hours notice, as well of every such other bagging, as also of every fuch other weighing, or either of them respectively, under the pain of forfeiting and losing the sum of firty pounds for every neglect and default of every such notice or notices, as aforefaid, in either of the respective cases before-mentioned.

XXVI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Planters of That from and after the faid first day of August one thousand see hops to keep ven hundred and twenty, the respective planters and owners of just weights hops to grow in Great Britain, shall respectively provide and keep and scales, &c. at his, her and their respective outs, store-houses, and places on penalty of of keeping his, her or their hops, sufficient and just scales and places for the weighing his her or their hops. weights for the weighing his, her or their hops; and shall per-Vol. XIV.

mit the officers to make use thereof for the weighing of such hops, and shall not in the weighing of his, her or their hops, make use of, or cause, procure, or suffer to be used any false weight or weights, under the penalty of forfeiting and losing the fum of twenty pounds, for not having and keeping sufficient and just scales and weights, or for not permitting the officer in such weighing, or for using, causing, procuring or suffering to be used in such weighing his, her or their hops, any false weight or weights.

Hops may be

XXVII. And whereas for the better preservation of hops, it is Put into casks, thought convenient for the owners or planters thereof to be at liberty to put the same into casks instead of bags: be it therefore provided and enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the first day of August one thousand seven hundred and twenty, it shall and may be lawful to and for fuch owners or planters of hops, if they shall think fit, to put the said hops into casks, such owner or owners, planter or planters first giving the like notice of the time that he, she or they intend to weigh, and put the faid hops into casks, as he, she or they are by law required to give of the bagging of hops respectively; and in case any owner or owners, planter or planters, shall put any hops into casks without such notice, then he, she or they shall be liable to the like penalties, as such owner or owners, planter or planters would have been liable unto, in case such hops so put into casks, had been bagged without such notice.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted by the authority afore-

Officers of exeise to attend the putting hops into casks, &c.

faid, That the officers of excise, and others appointed by the commissioners of that revenue, shall in like manner attend and be present at the putting hops into casks or barrels, as he is by law required to be at the bagging of hops; and shall cause every cask or barrel, into which hops shall be put, to be weighed, and the weight of each cask to be plainly and distinctly marked on such cask respectively; and shall likewise cause the weight of the hops contained in such cask to be plainly and distinctly marked on each cask respectively; and shall cause an entry of the weight of such hops to be made in his book (the weight of such cask or barrel being abated) and shall make the like report to the commissioners of that revenue, and leave a like copy with the owner or planter of such hops, and under the like penalties and forfeitures, as in case such hops had been put into bags; and the owner or owners, planter or planters of such hops shall, within fix months after the putting hops into casks or barrels, pay and clear off the duties on hops so casked or barrelled, under the like penalty as if the same had been bagged.

XXIX. And whereas by an act passed in the last session of parlia-

5 Geo. r. c 11.

ment, intituled, An act against claudestine running of uncustomed goods, and for the more effectual preventing of frauds relating to the customs, any ship, vessel or boat of the burthen of fifteen tons or under, wherein any brandy, arrack, rum, strong waters, or spirits of any kind whatsoever, shall be imported or brought into Great Britain, or into any port, harbour, haven or creek thereof (except

only for the use of the scamen then on board, not exceeding one gallon for each such scaman) such ship, vessel or boat, with all her tackle, surniture and apparel, or the value thereof, is forseited and lost, and shall and may be sized, recovered, broke up and sold, as therein mentioned: and whereas to elude the penalty of the said law, many ill-disposed persons do now carry on a clandestine trade, by important these goods in ships and vessels above fifteen ton: for the prevention thereof, be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any foreign After 1 Aug. brandy, arrack, rum, strong waters, or spirits of any kind what no brandy, soever, shall, from and after the first day of August one thousand &c. to be imported in any feven hundred and twenty, be imported or brought into Great finipless than Britain, or into any port, harbour, haven or creek thereof, in 30 tons. any ship, vessel or boat, of the burthen of thirty tons or under Farther pro(except only for the use of the seamen then belonging to and wided for by on board such ship, vessel or boat, not exceeding one gallon for sect. 1. each such seamen) every such ship, vessel or boat, with all her tackle, furniture and apparel, as also all such brandy, arrack, rum, strong waters or spirits, or the value thereof, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any officer or officers of Penalty. the customs, and shall and may be prosecuted by bill, plaint or information, in any of his Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, or in the court of exchequer in Scotland, wherein no essoin, protection or wager of law shall be allowed; one moiety of which forfeiture shall be to the use of his Majesty, his heirs and fuccessors, and the other moiety to the seizor or prosecutor;

and successors, and the other moiety to the seizor or prosecutor; any law or custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That after the seizure and After seizure condemnation of such ship, vessel or boat, the same shall be in- and condemtirely broke up, and publickly sold to the best advantage, togenation, ship to be broke up, and the tackle, surniture and appared thereto belonging, and sold, &c. and the produce thereof divided in like manner as the ships, Such ship, &c. vessels and boats, under sisteen tons, are to be broke up, fold, may be used, and the produce thereof divided by virtue of the said act of the 12 Geo. 1.

C. 21. sect. 14.

last session of parliament.

XXXI. And whereas by the faid act of the last session of parlia- 5 Geo.1. C.11. ment, a remedy was provided amongst other things to prevent the running of brandy from ships or vessels of the burthen of fity tons or under, which lie hovering on the coast within the limits of the ports of this kingdom, and the exportation of wool: and whereas such ships or vessels and the coast of wool in the same ships or vessels. fels, to elude the intent of that law, do lie at anchor, or hover on the coasts as near to the said limits as may be, whereby the masters of such ships or vessels have better opportunities of making their signals to the ships or vessels have better opportunities of making their signals to the exporters of wool, and the runners of uncustomed and prohibited goods, to draw down to the sea-side (as they frequently do in great numbers of armed men) and of running the goods on shore, and carrying off the wool and coin of this kingdom in their boats, which make more frequent trips to and from the shore than they could do, if such ships or vessels were obliged to lie at a greater distance from the shore: be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the said first day of sugust one thousand seven hundred and twen-ships under two where any ship or vessel of the burthen of sifty tons or un-so tons hove ty, where any ship or vessel of the burthen of fifty tons or un- 50 tons hover-T 2 der, ing within

port, &c.

two leagues of der, being in part or fully laden with brandy, shall be found at the shore, anchor or hovering within two leagues from the shore, and not proceeding on her voyage, wind and weather permitting, it shall

Commanders and may be lawful to and for the commander of any of his Maje-of men of war, sty's ships of war, frigots or armed sloops, appointed for the guard &c. or officers of the coasts, or to and for the commander of any yatch, smack, of the customs, may to come into

compel mafter stoms, or to and for any officer of his Majesty's customs, to compel the master or other person having the charge of such ship or vessel, to come into port; and it is hereby declared, That such master or other person, as aforesaid, as likewise such ship or vessel, and the branch where with such ship or vessel is laden, in part or in the whole, shall be subject to the same rules, regulations, penalties and forfeitures, as fuch cargoes, ships and ves-

tions, penalties and forfeitures, as such cargoes, ships and vessels, and the masters or others taking charge thereof, which hover within the limits of any port of this kingdom, are by the said act subject unto; any thing therein, or in any other act to the contrary hereof in any wise notwithstanding.

Master, &c.

Master, &c.

**Example 1: And forasmuch as such illegal importations and exportations cannot be carried on by such ships or vessels, if the masters or commanders thereof do take dus care to prevent the same: be it surther enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the said sput out of his sirst day of August one thousand seven hundred and twenty, if ship, or wool, the master, purser, or other person taking charge of such ship &c. to be tak- or vessel, shall suffer any brandy, or other uncustomed or prohim in from the bited mode. former penal-hoy, lighter, boat or bottom, to be laid on land, or shall suffer ties, shall any wool, wool-fells, mortlings, shortlings, yarn made of wool, suffer fix wool-flocks, fullers-earth, fulling-clay, or tobacco-pipe-clay, to wool-flocks, fullers-earth, fulling-clay, or tobacco-pipe-clay, to be laden or taken in from the shore, to be put on board such ship or vessel, to be carried to parts beyond the seas, he or they prisonment. fo offending, being convicted thereof, shall, besides the penalties and forfeitures to which they will be liable by any law now in being, suffer six months imprisonment without bail or main-

prize.

The rule to measure the concerning the admeasurement of ships laden with brandy and other spirits, as aforesaid, or ships hovering on the coast? be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the following rule shall be observed therein, that is to say, Take the length of the keel within board, (so much as she treads on the ground) and the breadth within board by the midship-beam, from plank to plank, and half the breadth for the death, then multiply the to plank, and half the breadth for the depth, then multiply the length by the breadth, and that product by the depth, and divide the whole by ninety four, the quotient will give the true contents of the tonnage, according to which rule, the tonnage of all such ships and vessels shall be measured and ascertained; any law, cultom or ulage to the contrary in any wife notwith-

flanding.

Eight or more XXXIV. And whereas the punishment already inflicted by law on hindring, - such who shall forcibly hinder officers of the customs in the due performanding, sec. mance

mance of their duty, has proved insufficient : be it therefore enacted Officers in exby the authority aforesaid, That from and after the first day of ecution of August one thousand seven hundred and twenty, if any officer or be transported to the customer be foreibly hindred, wounded on become be transported. officers of the customs be forcibly hindred, wounded, or beaten ed. in the due execution of their office, by any persons armed with club, or any manner of weapon, tumultuously assembled in the day or night, to the number of eight or more persons, all and every person or persons so forcibly hindring, wounding or beating the faid officer or officers, or fuch as shall act in their aid or affistance, being convicted thereof, shall, by order of the court, before whom such offender or offenders shall be convicted, be transported to some of his Majesty's colonies and plantations in America, for such term as the court shall think sit, not exceeding seven years, in the same manner as by an act made in the sourth year of his present Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for 4 Geo.i. c.11. the further preventing robbery, burglary, or other selonies, and for the more effectual transportation of selons and unlawful exporters of wool, and for declaring the law upon some points relating to pirates, the offenders therein mentioned are to be transported to the said colonies and plantations.

XXXV. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That Returning in-if such offender or offenders shall return into Great Britain or Ire- to Great Briland, before the expiration of the faid term, contrary to the in-tain or Ire-tent and meaning hereof, he or they fo returning, shall suffer as land, felony. felons, and have execution awarded against them as persons at-

tainted of felony, without benefit of clergy.

XXXVI. Provided nevertheles, That if any such offender offender, befinal within two months after such his offence, and before his fore convicconviction, discover two or more of his accomplices therein to tion, discover the commissioners of the customs in England or Scotland respectively, so as they, or two of them at least, be convicted of such within two offence, the offender so discovering shall have and receive the months, to suppose the state of the state of the suppose the state of the state fum of forty pounds for every offender so discovered and convict- have 401, for ed, as a reward for such his discovery, and shall be clearly ac-each, and acquitted and discharged of such his offence.

ed, as a reward for such his discovery, and shall be clearly acquitted.

quitted and discharged of such his offence.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted by the authority afore-Other persons said, That from and after the first day of August one thousand se-discovering in ven hundred and twenty, if any other person or persons shall, three months within three months after such offence shall have been committed, discover to the said commissioners respectively any person over and above any or persons who shall have been guilty of such offence, so as other reward, such offender or offenders be convicted thereof, such discoverers shall have and receive the like reward of sorty. or discoverers shall have and receive the like reward of forty pounds for every such offender so discovered and convicted, over and above any other reward and recompence which he or they may be entitled unto on account of the goods fo carried or conveyed away, which shall be recovered by means of such his or their discovery, or on account of the penalty which shall be recovered for the running the faid goods.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted by the authority afore- To be paid by faid, That the commissioners of the customs in *England* and *Scot*- the cashier of land, the customs.

land, shall cause the several rewards of forty pounds for the discovery of the offenders before-mentioned, to he paid by the respective receiver general or cashier of the customs for the time being, out of any publick money in his hands under the management of the said commissioners, upon producing to them a certificate or certificates under the hand of the judge or justice of the court before whom the cause shall be tried, certifying the conviction of the offender or offenders; and the money so paid by any receiver general, as aforefaid, shall be accepted of and allowed in his accounts, as so much paid to his Majesty, and he is and shall be hereby discharged thereof accordingly; any law,

custom or usage to the contrary notwithstanding. XXXIX. And whereas prohibited and customable goods found by officers of his Majesty's customs in the custody of persons in boats on the water, or coming directly from the water-side, to wit, the customable goods on suspicion they were unshipped without payment of duty, and the prohibited goods for being imported contrary to law, and such goods being also found in other places, upon information that they goods being also found in other places, upon information that they were clandestinely run, are in like manner stopt until the persons in whose custody the same are found, or the owners of such goods, shall apply to the commissioners of the customs, or to the collector of the port where such goods are stopt respectively, that the said goods may be discharged in case there be no just cause to detain the same; nevertheless the owners of the goods, instead of making such application, do sue the officers for more than the value thereof, to their great charge and discouragement in the execution of their duty: and whereas there is good reason to believe, that many ill-disposed persons do put themselves purposely in the way of officers with such goods in their custody, and that others, by the directions of the owners, do salsy or deceitfully inform the officers that the goods were run, to the intent such officers should seize the same, in order to sue the officers, and thereby the owners get excessive prices for their goods, and the officers are deterred from making seizures, whereby the clandestine running of goods red from making seizures, whereby the clandestine running of goods is greatly excouraged: be it therefore enacted by the authority a-Prohibited or foresaid, That from and after the first day of August one thousand seven hundred and twenty, if prohibited or customable goods shall be found by any officer or officers of the customs in the custody of any person or persons, being in a bark, hoy, lighter, barge, boat or wherry on the water, or coming directly from the water fide, without the presence of an officer, or if such

goods shall, upon the information of one or more credible per-

cuitomable goods in any hoat, &c. or in any house, &c. Officer may stop and ware house the same till claimed, &c.

fon or persons, be found in any house, shop, cellar, ware-house, room, or other place, on a search there made in such manner as in and by an act made in the fourteenth year of the reign of the 13 & 14 Car. 2. late king Charles the Second, intituled, An act for preventing c.11. frau.ls, and regulating alusies in his Majesty's customs, is mentioned and directed, it shall and may be lawful to and for such officer or officers to stop and put the said goods in his Majesty's warehouse in the port next to the place where such stop shall be made, there to remain until the claimer or claimers thereof shall make proof by oath, or otherwise, to the satisfaction of the commis-

fioners

fioners for managing his Majesty's customs, if such stop shall be made within the ports of London or Edinburgh respectively, that the duties of the customable goods have been paid, or secured to be paid, or that the same had been bought in a lawful way of trade, and that he, she or they so claiming the said goods, do verily believe the duties thereof to have been paid, or secured to be paid, or that the said goods had been compounded for, or condemned in his Majetty's court of exchequer at Westminster or Edinburgh, or been otherwise delivered by writ of that court respectively, and that the prohibited goods had been compounded for, or condemned, or otherwise delivered, as aforesaid, in which case such goods shall and may be delivered without delay or charge: and if fuch goods shall be stopped in any other of the ports within this kingdom, the claimer or claimers thereof shall and may make the like proof to the like purpose, as aforefaid, and deliver the same to the collector, or in his absence, to one of the other principal officers of the customs in the port where such stop shall be made, which proof shall, without loss of time, be transmitted to the said commissioners respectively, for their directions touching the immediate delivery of such goods, without charge to the claimer or claimers, or for the feizing and profecuting of the fame, as the faid commissioners shall see cause.

XL. Provided, such proof be made within ten days after Proof to be in the goods shall have been so stopped, in failure whereof the 10 days after same shall and may be seized, and prosecuted in such manner stopping. as by the several and respective laws now in force against the importation of prohibited or uncustomed goods, is provided, the forfeiture of such goods after condemnation, shall be to and for fuch uses, and according to such proportions or shares, as are

therein and thereby respectively mentioned and distributed.

XLI. And be it surther enacted by the authority aforesaid, Proof to lie on That if upon such prosecution where no application hath been the claimer. made to the commissioners or officers aforesaid, and not other-wise, the property of the goods shall be claimed by any person or persons, and if any question, dispute or doubt shall arise, whether the duties thereof were paid or secured, or that the said goods had been compounded for, or condemned, or otherwise delivered by writ out of the court of exchequer, or bought in a lawful way of trade, the proof shall be incumbent on such claimer or claimers, and not on the seizor or prosecutor; and if If verdict pass thereupon a verdict shall pass for such claimer or claimers, or if for the claimer the officer or officers shall become nonsuit, or forbear prosecu- have reasontion, or discontinue the same, or if upon demurrer or otherwise, able costs of judgment shall be given against the officer or officers, then and suit. in any of the said cases, the claimer or claimers shall, over and Enforced by above the recovery of his, her or their goods, or the value there-rest. s. of, have reasonable costs of suit, for which he, site or they shall have the like remedy as where costs by law are awarded, which said costs of suit shall be reckoned and esteemed as a full satist T.4

faction for the faid claimer or claimers damages occasioned by the detention and seizure of the said goods. XLII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid,

If the claimer make proof of That in all cases where the claimer or claimers of such goods so his goods, or stopt, as aforesaid, shall make proof either by oath before any

he may fue,

that they have justice of the peace, or other person impowered to administer that they have justice or the peace, of other period imperiod and damage, the goods to be for managing his Majesty's customs respectively, or officers of delivered, and the customs, as aforesaid, in manner before directed and appointments of the customs of the customs as aforesaid, in manner before directed and appointments. the same, or otherwise, to the satisfaction of the commissioners for managing his Majesty's customs respectively, or officers of ed, so as to induce the respective commissioners to order the delivery of the goods to stopt; and if the owner or owners, claimer or claimers of fuch goods, shall receive any damage by means of fuch stop; then and in such case the owner or owners, claimer or claimers of the faid goods, shall and may receive such goods by virtue of such order, without any charge or delay; and it shall and may nevertheless be lawful to and for such owner or owners, claimer or claimers, to bring his, her or their action or actions against the officer or officers, who shall stop his, her or their goods, for such reasonable damages, which he, she or they shall or may have sustained by means of the said goods being so

stopped or detained, as aforefaid; any law, custom or usage to

withstanding the directions of the commissioners.

the contrary notwithstanding.

Officers may

ALIII. Provided always, and be it declared to be the true inprofecute not-tent and meaning hereof, That if the officer or officers who shall stop such goods, or any other officer or officers of the customs, shall be desirous to seize and prosecute the same, notwithflanding any directions of the commissioners of the customs for the delivery of the faid goods respectively, it shall and may be lawful to and for such officer or officers to seize and prosecute the same in such manner as by the several and respective laws of the customs now in force such goods may be seized and prosecuted, in every of which cases the officer or officers so prosecuting shall be liable, and he or they are hereby declared liable to be fued by the owner or owners of the faid goods for the recovery of the same, or the value thereof, with full costs of suit; or if

So may the owners.

the faid commissioners shall not order the delivery of the faid goods so stopt, then and in such case, the owner and owners, claimer or claimers of such goods, shall and may nevertheless fue for the recovery of such goods, together with costs and damages, according to the usual course of law, in any of his Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, or in the court of Exchequer in Scotland, as he or they might have done before the passing of this act; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Offences relat. XLIV. And be it further enacted by the authorny around, ing to the cuing to the cuThat the feveral offences in this act mentioned, relating to
thoms, where,
and how to be
tried.

XLIV. And be it further enacted by the authorny around,
to the cuftoms, or other duties upon importation or exportation, or
to uncuftomed or prohibited goods (except as in this act is
otherwise provided) shall and may be heard, tried and determind by bill plaint or information in any of his Majesty's mined by bill, plaint or information in any of his Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, on in the court of exchequer in Scotland

Scotland respectively, wherein no essoin, protection or wager of law shall be allowed.

XLV. And whereas by an act passed in the third year of the reign 3&4Ann.c.4. of her late majesty Queen Anne, intituled, An act for continuing duties upon low wines, and upon coffee, tea, chocolate, spices and pictures, and upon hawkers, pedlars and petty chapmen, and upon muslins; and for granting new duties upon several of the said commodities, and also upon callico, *China* ware and drugs, it is enacted, That any person or persons may import into this kingdom, nutmegs, cinnamon, cloves, mace and tea, subject to the several duties payable for the same, from any parts beyond the seas, in British ships, navigated as therein mentioned, and so as notice be first given to the commissioners of her Majesty's customs of the quantity and quality of the said spices and tea so intended to be imported, and the place to which they intend to import the same, and taking a licence under the hands of the said commissioners for the time being for the landing and importing thereof, as aforesaid: and whereas by an act passed in the eighth year of the reign of her said late Majesty, 8 Ann. c. 7. intituled, An act for granting to her Majesty new duties of excise, sect. 13. and upon several imported commodities, and for other purposes therein mentioned, it is enacted, That nutmegs, cinnamon, cloves and mace, may be imported into Great Britain, subject to the several duties payable for the same, from any parts beyond the seas, in British ships, navigated as therein mentioned, the importer thereof first giving notice to the said commissioners of the quantity and quality of the said spices, and the place into which he intends to import the same, and taking a licence under the bands of the said commissioners for the importing thereof, which importation is to be continued during the continuance of the said respective acts, which are still in force: and subsereas many ill-disposed persons having taken out licences for great quantities of the said spices and tea, do import the same at several times in small parcels, quith intent several to land the same at several times in small parcels, with intent secretly to land the same as opportunity shall offer; but if the said spices or tea are found by the officers of the customs on board the ship, the importers to prevent the seizures thereof, do produce their licences, and pretend that those spices are too are part of the quantities mentioned in the said licence. or tea are part of the quantities mentioned in the said licences, where-by there is good reason to suspect that great frauds are frequently com-mitted, to the lessening of his Majesty's revenue, and prejudice to the fair merchant: be it therefore enacted and declared by the In every liauthority aforesaid, That in every licence to be granted from and cence for imafter the first day of August one thousand seven hundred and porting nut-twenty, in pursuance of the said acts, and during their continu- quantity and ance, for the importing of nutmegs, cinnamon, cloves, mace place of landand tea, shall be expressed the quantity and quality of the said ing to be expressed and tea, and the place or port into which the same are inRepealed as tended to be imported; and that if any greater quantity of the to the licence faid fpices or tea shall be imported, than what is expressed in for tea by the said licence, the same so imported shall be deemed to be im- 7 Geo. 1.

ported without a licence; and such licence shall and may be set. 12.

granted without any see or reward by the commissioners or chief granted without any fee or reward by the commissioners or chief. managers of the cultoms for the time being, or any three or

1719.

more of them, or by the customer or collector and controller of the port into which the faid spices and tea are to be imported. so as that all nutmegs, cloves, mace and cinnamon, to be imported into this kingdom by virtue of fuch licence, from any place or places beyond the seas, other than directly from the East-Indies, be not in any other package than in casks or bales; which casks or bales shall contain the quantity hereafter men-tioned, that is to say, each cask of nutmegs, cloves or mace to weigh neat three hundred pounds weight, or upwards, each bale of cinnamon to weigh neat seventy pounds weight, or upwards.

Licence to be delivered up at entring the ship. fect. 21.

XLVI. And be it further enacted, That the licence so taken out for spice and tea as aforesaid shall be delivered to the merchant demanding the same; which licence shall be produced and Enforced by delivered up by the matter, purier or other perion taking enarge 8 Geo. 1. c. 18. of the ship wherein such spice or tea shall be imported, with the delivered up by the master, purser or other person taking charge name of the ship and master, together with the marks and numbers of each cask, bale or parcel, and the quantity and quality of such spice or tea indorsed on the back thereof, to the collector and comptroller of the port into which the same shall be imported, at the time of his or their entring the thip; any law,

Spices in bags or fmall par-cels, &c. forfested.

custom or usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

XLVII. And whereas such spices are frequently imported in bags and other small parcels packed in hogsbeads, casks, bales ar other package, in order to run the same clandestinely: be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any of the spices above-mentioned shall be found on board any ship or vessel in bags or other small parcels packed in hogsheads, casks or bales, the same shall be forfeited; one moiety whereof to be to the use of his Majefly, his heirs and successors, and the other moiety to him or them who will inform or sue for the same in any of his Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, or in the court of exchequer in Scotland,

8 Ann. c. 13.

wherein no essoin, protection or wager of law shall be allowed.

XLVIII. And whereas by an asl of parliament of the eighth year of the reign of her late majesty Queen Anne made (amongs other things) for better preventing frauds in drawbacks, it was enacted, That no debenture should be paid or allowed for any tobacco exported from any port of Great Britain to the kingdom of Ireland, until a certificate should be produced under the hands and seals of the collector, comptroller and surveyor of the customs of any port in Ireland, or any two of them, where such goods should be landed, testisying the landing thereof (the danger of the seas or enemies excepted): and whereas it frequently happens, that tobacco imported into this kingdom, and afterwards shipped again for Ireland, doth in the carriage thither waste and decrease in weight, but as the law now stands no more drawback can be allowed, than for the quantity of tobacco particularly specified in the faid certificates returned from Ircland: now for the encouragement of all fair traders that thall fend tobacco for Ireland, An allowance it is hereby further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That to be made for from time to time, upon producing such certificates as aforesaid under the hands and seals of the collector, comptroller and sur-

tobacco ex-

eyor of the customs of any port in *Ireland*, or any two of them, ported to Irewhere such tobacco shall be landed, testifying the landing there-land for wastef in that kingdom, at any time or times after the first day of fugust one thousand seven hundred and twenty, in case there hall appear to be any difference in weight between the quantity pecified in such certificate, and the quantity entred and shipped or exportation thither, so that the quantity landed in *Ireland* hall be less than the quantity so entred and shipped for that ingdom, in all and every such case and cases an allowance shall ne made to the merchant exporter on the duties to be drawn pack of all such tobacco so shipped and exported to Ircland, in consideration of the waste which may happen (if any be) in the voyage between Great Britain and Ireland, so as such allowance do not in any case exceed two per centum; any former law or statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

XLIX. And whereas it is found by experience, That great quantities Tobacco exof tobacco are clandestinely run into Ireland after the entring and exported for to-porting the same from Great Britain for other foreign parts, and the landed in Ire-exporters have entitled themselves to dehentures for the described. exporters have entitled themselves to debentures for the drawbacks in land, forseited this kingdom, in prejudice of his Maj. sy's revenues and to the discou- and double ragement of fair traders: be it further enacted by the authority the drawback, aforesaid, That if any tobacco so entred out and exported shall afterwards be landed in *Ireland*, the same and double the draw-back thereof shall be forseited, and every debenture for the drawback thereof shall become void, as if the said tobacco were relanded in any part of Great Britain; which forfeitures shall and may be prosecuted and recovered in any of his Majesty's courts of record at Westminster or Dublin respectively, or in the court of exchequer in Scotland; in which profecution no effoin, protection or wager of law shall be allowed, nor any more than one imparlance; one moiety of which forfeiture or forfeitures to be to the use of his Majesty, his heirs and successors, and the other moiety to him or them that will fue for the same as aforefaid.

L. And whereas the exporters of tobacco for any foreign parts are Ireland to be now only obliged to fivear, that the tobacco shipped and certified is not added to the landed, or intended to be relunded in any part of Great Britain: it oath of exists hereby enacted, That from and after the first day of August porters of to-one thousand seven hundred and twenty Ireland shall be added reign parts. and included in the oath before-mentioned (except for such to-bacco as shall be regularly shipped for Ireland) without which the officers of the customs shall not suffer the debenture to pass;

any law or customs than not tuner the dependence to pais, any law or custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

LI. And subsercas by an ast made in the ninth year of the reign of Bills of exher said late majesty Queen Anne, intituled, An act for establish- change wrote ing a general post-office for all her Majesty's dominions, and for on the same settling a weekly sum out of the revenues thereof, for the ser- with a letter, and other her Majesty's occasions: the nate to be rated as vice of the war, and other her Majesty's occasions; the post-to be rated as master general is authorized to demand, have, receive and take, for so many distingle letters or pieces of paper, to and from the general post-office in stinct letters. London, to and from any parts or places of Great Britain, the kingdom

kingdom of Ireland, or other his Majesty's dominions, certain rates in the same all mentioned for the port of every single letter or piece of paper: and whereas bills of exchange are frequently sent wrote on one and the same piece of paper with a letter, and also several letters in several and distinct persons are sent wrote upon one and the same piece of paper: be it declared by the authority associated. That it was and is the intent and meaning of the same act, that every such bill and every such letter should be rated, taxed and paid for as so many several and distinct letters, according to the rates within the same act mentioned. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the same shall be accordingly rated, taxed and paid for as so many several and distinct letters, according to the rates within the same act mentioned.

reign parts.

Ann. c. 10.

19 Ann. c. 10.

10 LII. And whereas by the same act it is amongst other things proiect. 13.

10 Wided, That all merchants accounts not exceeding one sheet of paper,
counts, bills of exchange, invoices, &c.

11 And whereas by the same act it is amongst other things proiect. 13.

12 Wided, That all merchants accounts not exceeding one sheet of paper,
and all bills of exchange, invoices and bills of lading are and shall be
thereby under flood to be allowed without rate in the price of the letter:
and whereas some doubts have been made touching the said clause and
therefore enacted and declared by the authority
to extend onlast mentioned, and of these presents, that the said provise and
allowance shall extend to such merchants accounts, bills of exly to fuch let- last mentioned, and of these presents, that the said proviso and ters sent to so- allowance shall extend to such merchants accounts, bills of exchange, invoices and bills of lading only, as shall be sent to or from the said general post-office in London to or from any parts or places beyond the leas, not within his Majesty's dominions; and that all other merchants accounts, bills of exchange, invoices and bills of lading shall be rated, taxed and paid for as fo many several letters, according to the rates in the same act

warrants for their custody, shall forfeit

Sheriffs, &c.

mentioned, and the true intent and meaning of these presents.

LIII. And whereas many under-sheriffs, and other persons acting delivering out as fuch, do make and delever out blank warrants and other warrants warrants for arrefting pertons to attornies, bailiffs and others, for the arrefting and taking perfons into cuftody upon mean process, without having any writ or writs or nies, &c. betone they have jefty's duties are greatly lessend and his subjects aggrieved: for retheir custody,

medy whereof, be it enacted, That if any high sheriff, under sheriff, or his or their deputy or deputies, their clerks or agents, shall at any time or times after the first day of August one thousand seven hundred and twenty make or cause to be made or delivered out to any person or persons whomsoever, any warrant or warrants, either blank or filled up in part or in all, before they or some of them shall actually have in their custody the respective writs upon which such warrants should and ought to issue, that then the several persons so offending, and every of shall forfeit the sum of ten pounds for every such offence. them.

9 & 10 W. 3. E. 25. f. 42.

5 & 6 W. & M. c. 21. f. 4.

LIV. And whereas by a flatute made in the fifth year of the reign of King William and Queen Mary, for granting to their Majesties several duties upon wellom, parchment and paper; and by another state made in the ninth year of his faid late mijesty King William the Third, for granting to his Maiesty, his heirs and successfors, further than the many to his Maiesty, his heirs and successfors, for granting to his Maiesty, his heirs and successfors, further than the many to his house to the successfor duties on flampt vellom, parchment and paper, it was (inter alia) enafted,

nacted, That from and after the time and times therein respectively expressed every officer or clerk belonging to the court of King's bench, common pleas or exchequer, who should sign any writ before judgment to arrest any person or persons thereupon, should, at the signing thereof, set down upon such writ or process the day and year of his signing the same, under the forseiture of ten pounds for every such offence or neglect: therefore for the better preventing the frauds aforesaid, be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That every warrant to Every warrant be made out or to issue upon any such writ or writs, shall have to be made the same day and year plainly and distinctly set down thereon, out on a writ, the same day and year plainly and distinctly set down thereon, out on a writ, as shall be so set down on the writ itself, under the forfeiture of shall have the ten pounds for every such neglect or omission, to be paid by the set down person who shall write, fill up or deliver out such warrant; both thereon, on which penalties to be sued for, recovered and divided in such forfeiture of manner as the other penalties in the faid recited act of the ninth 101. of King William are directed to be sued for, recovered and divided.

LV. And whereas a practice hath of late prevailed for persons to Persons teascuit out and tear off the mark or stamp upon the spotted or painted side ing off the of playing eards after such eards have been sold, used or played with, in cards, or and by passing on and affixing the same stamps and marks on other siling, squarcards, do frequently make one mark or stamp serve for two or three ing or new several packs of eards: and whereas the seal and stamp upon the out-stocking any side papers inclosing each pack of eards are frequently made use of a dice which have been sain after they have been sold and disposed of, to inclose other packs of sold, &c. forplaying eards, by which fraudulent and unjust practices his Majesty's seit to l. revenue is daily sessent and diminished: for remedy whereof, be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any person or persons, at any time after the sirst day of August one thousand seven hundred and twenty, shall fraudulently cut, tear or get off any hundred and twenty, shall fraudulently cut, tear or get off any mark or stamp in respect whereof or whereby any duties are payable, or are denoted to be paid or payable to his Majesty on playing cards, or shall file, square or new spot any dice which have been sold or played with, or shall fraudulently inclose any parcel or pack of playing cards in any outside paper so sealed and stamped as aforesaid, the same having been once made use of for the purpose aforesaid, or in case any person or persons shall here. stamped as aforciaid, the same having been once made use of for the purpose aforciaid, or in case any person or persons shall hereafter sell or expose to sale any playing cards, the same not being, at the time of such selling or exposing to sale, actually stamped on the spotted or painted side, and also inclosed in paper and thread, sealed and stamped, as by the act of the tenth year of so Ann. c. 19. her said late majesty Queen Anne, which charges the said duties, sect. 162a is directed; then, so often, and in every such case, every person so offending in any of the particulars before-mentioned shall for every such offence forfeit the sum of ten pounds, to be recovered by action of debt, bill, plaint or information in any of his Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, wherein no essoin, protection or wager of law shall be admitted, nor more than one imparlance; one moiety whereof to the King's most excellent imparlance; one moiety whereof to the King's most excellent majesty, his heirs and successors, the other moiety to the infor-

mer; and the person recovering in such action shall be allowed his rull costs.

9 Ann. c. 23.

LVI. And whereas by an act of parliament made in the ninth year of the reign of her late majesty Queen Anne, for licensing and regulating backney-coaches and chairs, and for charging certain new regulating hackney-coaches and chairs, and for charging certain new duties on flampt vellom, parchment and paper; it was (inter alia) provided, That for every piece of vellom or parchment, or sheet er piece of paper, on which should be engrossed or written any licence for selling of ale or beer, or other exciseable liquors, by retail, a duty of one shilling should be paid to her Majesty, her beirs and successor; during the term of thirty two years: and whereas a practice has obtained to take the usual recognizances from persons for whom ale-licences are intended for selling ale and other exciseable liquors, and to take a list of their names, and the fees for such licences, but to omit to make out or write the same, to avoid the payment of the stamp-duties given thereon, and to omit the writing or other matters charged with stamp-duties since the making of the act of parliament of the first year of

thereon, and to omit the writing or other matters charged with fixed-duties since the making of the act of parliament of the first year of 1 Ann. stat. 2. the reign of her said late majesty Queen Anne, intituled, An act for preventing frauds in her Majesty's duties on stampt vellom, parchment and paper; and at other times by rasures and interlineations of such alc-licences, policies of insurance, and several other matters and things chargeable with the payment of the stamp-duty, to make one stamp serve for several purposes: now for the prevention of the said frauds and omissions and other like frauds and omissions in relation to any of his Majesty's duties under the magnitude. fions, in relation to any of his Majesty's duties under the management of the commissioners for managing his Majesty's stamp-duties, he it further enacted by the auth rity aforesaid,

Mayors, &c. thall mayors, town-clerks and other persons whom it may concern, who shall take any such recognizances, shall be obligated to make or cause to be made out ale-licences duly stamped before new recognizances be taken, on penalty of tolar Ann. stat. 2.

1 Ann. stat. 3.

1 Ann. stat. 3.

1 Ann. stat. 4.

1 Ann. stat. 5.

1 Ann. stat. 6.

1 Ann. stat. 6.

1 Ann. stat. 7.

1 Ann. stat. 8.

1 Ann. stat. 9.

2 Ann. stat. 9.

duties then in being, shall extend and be construed to extend to the like frauds and omissions relating to any of his Majesty's other stamp-duties imposed or laid on at any time since the making of the faid last mentioned act of the first year of her said late Majesty's reign, and to be sued for, recovered and divided in such manner as is directed by the said last mentioned as.

9 Ann. c. 23, 1est, 42.

LVII. And whereas by a flatute made in the ninth year of the reign of her late majesty Queen Anne, for licensing and regulating hackney-coaches and chairs, and for charging certain new duties on slampt vellom, parchment and paper, and on cards and dice, it was (inter alia) enacted, That the makers of eards and dice, during the term therein mentioned, should once in every twenty eight days make true entries upon oath with the commissioners of the stamp-duties, or thir officers, of all the eards and dice by them respectively made; and should once in every six weeks clear all the duties owing for the same,

under the penalties therein mentioned: and whereas the respective cardmaker the penalties therein mentioned: and whereas the respective caramakers do often make up cards, the duties on which amount to fifty bounds and upwards per week, and each tard-maker may make up treble that quantity, if he shall think fit, whereby they have an opportunity of being greatly in arrear to his Majesty, and the said duties are thereby often in danger of being lost, in regard the same att bath made no provision whatever for securing the said duties, until the said six weeks shall expire, be the danger ever so apparent: for remedy whereof, be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That Card-makere from and after the first day of Angust one thousand seven hunfrom and after the first day of August one thousand seven hun-at entring dred and twenty every card-maker shall be obliged, at the re-give bond in spective times of entring every parcel or quantity of playing cards a penal sum of as aforesaid, to enter into bond to his Majesty, his heirs and suc-treble the ducessor, with sufficient surety or sureties, in a penal sum of tre-ties to pay ble the duties on such cards, with condition thereunder-written weeks. for the true payment of his Majesty's duties on such cards within the space of six weeks next after the date of every such bond. in the space of fix weeks next after the date of every such bond; any thing contained in any law to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

LVIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if any Allowance for card-maker shall, upon entry of every quantity of playing cards, prompt paypay down all the duty payable for the same, the commissioners for the stamp-duties por the time being shall, upon payment of That if any Allowance for the faid duty, allow and pay to fuch card-maker fuch and the like allowance as is to be allowed and paid to any person or perfons for present payment of the stamp-duties, by an act of the sirst year of her late Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for pre-1 Ann. stat. 2. venting frauds in her Majesty's duties upon stampt vellom, parch-C. 22.

ment and paper.

LIX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, On affidavit of That in case the commissioners for the time being for managing any private the stamp-duties shall be informed, or have cause to suspect, ing cards or that any person or persons do make or cause to be made any dice, officers playing cards or dice, in any house or place whatsoever in Great by warrant Britain, without sending or giving notice thereof in writing to may break the said commissioners at their head office, and assidavit being sec. made thereof by the person or persons so informing or giving notice, before one or more justice or justices of the peace for the county or place where such cards or dice shall be making or made, declaring the grounds of his or their knowledge or suspicion, that then and in such case it shall and may be lawful for any officer or officers employed by or acting under the faid commissioners in the management of the duties on playing cards and dice, in the day-time, and in the presence of a constable or other lawful officer of the peace (who is hereby required to be aiding and affifting therein) by warrant from such justice or justices of the peace before whom such affidavit shall be made, to be directed to such officer or officers as aforesaid (which warrant the faid justice or justices of the peace are hereby authorized and required to grant) to break open the door, or any part of fuch house or place where any such cards or dice are so, as afore-

9 Ann. c. 23.

his full cofts.

Anno fexto GEORGII I. C. 21.

mer; and the person recovering in such action "

INI. And whereas by an act of parliar vear of the reign of her late majefly Queen regulating hackney-coaches and chairs, an

, 19.

.to fuch

Of mate-

all be then

.1 fuch house appoint; and ter fuch feizure

1 Owners thereof. crials shall be ab-

duties on flampt vellom, parchment and provided, That for every piece of vertiece of paper, on which should be felling of ale or beer, or other ex by the direction of one shilling should be paid to during the term of thirty tu-tained to take the usual recor .ays are expired; one dary charges being first o the use of his Majetiv, are intended for felling, lift of their names, ar out or write the fair er moiety to the party or .ine. ubt which bath ariten, whether a mark or flamp to refemble any mark thereon, and to on for the duties aforefaid, or any of them, duties fince the a Ann. ftat. 2. the reign of ine arged, ought to be adjudged a felon by virtue of it relating to the faid duties, or any of them:

and enacted by the authority aforefaid, That any preventing C. 11. chant and enacted by the authority aforefaid. That any for procuring to be forged or counterfeited any famp or mark provided, made to be provided, made or used, in pursuance of any or parliament relating to the said duties, or any or cauting or procuring any vellom, parchiment, paper, or dice to be marked or stamped with such counterfait. parchme ations ? ters or dice to be marked or framped with fuch counterfeit in or mark, shall and ought to be adjudged to have actually into or mark, than and ought to be adjudged to have actually like and committed the fame himself, and to be a felon, and little death as in cases of selony, without benefit of ciergy.

1.XI. And whereas by an act of parliament mide in the seventh for if the reign of his faid little majely King William the Third, withded, An act for granting to his Majelty several rates or du-Mayor fhall r du Ь ties upon houses, for making good the deficiencies of the clipped monies, leveral duties upon roufes were granted for the term there-in month ned; and by an act made in the eighth year of the reign of her field late majefy Queen Anne, several new duties upon houles having twenty windows, or more, were granted for the term there-in mentioned; which feveral duties by subjequent acts have been feve-rally continued and made perpetual, subject nevertheless to such redeseption as in the same ails, or some of them, is expressed: and whereas by the fail ails relating to the fail duties on houses, or some . S & W. 3. of them, it is enacted, That at the end of every year the collectors for the next preceding year shall cause copies to be mide of the respec-tive eliginents given to them, and at the bottom thereof shall write or class to be written the names of two or more of the migh shall antial inhabitants, whom they is their judgments shall think fit, to be appointed collectors of their duties within the faid cities, boroughs, towns, dividens or places respectively, for the enjoing year; and the surfices of the peace, as commissioners, or any two or more of them, after perusing and examining such affishments, and allowing the same, are to appoint the persons named as aforesaid to be collectors for the

year ensuing; but it is found by experience, That in some places the collectors do name insolvent persons to succeed them, who run away and leave a debt on the parish or place, which being answerable for the collectors, is often vexed with process, without having any power, as the law now stands, to raise the arrears so incurred by a re-assess-ment: for remedy whereof be it further enacted by the authority Justices of aforesaid, That from and after the first day of August one thouse peace may appear and seven hundred and twenty, the said justices of the peace, point collection are commissioners for the said duties, or any three or more duties on of them, shall and may, within their respective limits, appoint houses, two such persons as they shall think able and responsible, to be collectors within the faid parishes and places, or any of them, of the faid duties on houses, from time to time (whether their names be or be not presented by the preceding collectors, as aforesaid;) and in case there be or shall be any arrear of the If any arrear faid duty on houses, by reason of the failure of any such col- by reason of lector or collectors as aforesaid, for which any parish or place collectors failure, justices shall be answerable, it shall and may be lawful to and for any may make a three or more justices of the peace, being commissioners for the re-assessment. Said duties on houses, to cause such arrear to be re-assessment. in the same parish or place respectively, on all such houses as are liable to payment of the faid duties on houses; and to cause the same to be raised, and (for default of payment) to be levied by such ways and means as the duties on houses are to be raised and levied in such parishes or places respectively, and to cause the money so raised or levied, to be paid to the receiver general of the faid duties, or into the exchequer, for the respective uses and purposes whereunto such arrears (if they had been duly paid by the said collectors) are appropriated and appointed by the several acts of parliament in that behalf; any law or statute whatfoever to the contrary notwithstanding.

LXII. And whereas divers ships and vessels of the burthen of LXII. And whereas divers ships and vessels of the burthen of fifty tons or under, laden with tobacco, brandy, spirits and other customable or prohibited goods, pretending to be bound for foreign parts, do frequently lie hovering on the coast of Ireland, with intention to run the same privately on shore, as opportunity offers, to the great diminution of his Majesty's revenue and ruin of sair traders; and ships or vessels of the burthen of sifty tons or under do frequently lie hovering on that coast to take in wool, not lawfully licensed to be brought to England, and other staple commodities of Ireland, prohibited to be experted: for the better preventing whereof, be it declared and enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the first ships of sifty day of sugust one thousand seven hundred and twenty, where tons hovering day of August one thousand seven hundred and twenty, where tons hovering any ship or vessel of the burthen of sifty tons or under, laden on the coasts with customable or prohibited goods, shall be found at anchor within two or hovering on the coast of Ireland within two leagues of the leagues of the shore, and not proceeding on her voyage, wind and weather shore, officers permitting, it shall and may be lawful to and for any officer or may enter such officers of his Majesty's customs of that kingdom, to go on account of board every such ship or vessel, and to take an account of the the lading, lading, and to demand and take security from the master or other and take security of the ma-Yor. XIV.

person rity of the ma-

sters in treble person having or taking the charge or command of such ship or the goods on vessel in that voyage, by his own bond by him to be entred inthe value of the goods on board, for pro- to unto his Majesty, his heirs and successors, in such sum or ceeding regu- sums of money as shall be treble the value of such goods then larly on their on board, with condition that such ship or vessel (as soon as voyage.

(a) Not land, 12 Geo. 2. Masters refu-

fing bonds or not departing in 20 days, of-

ficers may fe-cure all the goods, &c.

wind and weather, and the state and condition of such ship or wind and weather, and the state and condition of such ship or in the record.

Amended by voyage, and shall (a) land such goods (except wool lawfully licented, as aforesaid) in and at some foreign port or ports; and if such master or other person having or taking the charge or command of such ship or vessel, shall upon such demand refuse to enter into fuch bond, or having entred into fuch bond, shall not depart or proceed regularly on such voyage (as soon as wind and weather, and the state and condition of such ship or vessel shall permit) unless otherwise suffered to make a longer stay by the collector (or other principal officer in his absence) of such port where such ship or vessel shall be, not exceeding twenty days, then, and in either of the said cases, all the goods so on board such ship or vessel, shall and may, by any officer or officers of the customs, by direction of the collector, or other principal officer, as aforesaid, be taken out of and from such ship or vessel, and forthwith brought on shore and secured; and in case the said goods are customable, the customs and other duties shall be paid for the same; and as concerning wool, or any prohibited goods, or other goods liable to forseiture, which any prohibited goods, or other goods liable to forfeiture, which may be found on board fuch ships or vessels at the time of their unlading, as aforesaid, the same are hereby declared to be subject to forfeiture, and the officers of the customs shall and may profecute the same, as also the ship or vessel, in case she shall be liable to condemnation.

On landing the goods, bond void.

Bonds not otherwise discharged, to be vacated on certificate.

LXIII. Provided always, That after such goods are so taken out of such ship or vessel, and brought on shore, and secured by such officer or officers, such bonds so to be given as aforefaid, shall be void, and delivered up without any fee or reward for taking or delivering up the same; and such bond not being otherwise discharged, shall, on a proper certificate returned under the common seal of the chief magistrate in any place or places beyond the seas, or under the hands and seals of two known British or Irish merchants upon the place, that such goods were there landed, or upon proof by credible persons, that such goods were taken by enemies, or perished in the seas, (the examination and proof thereof being left to the judgment of the commissioners of the customs in Ireland) shall be vacated and

discharged.

LXIV. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid,
That the commissioners or sub-commissioners of excise respec-Commission ers of excise in Ireland to tively, in their respective limits and districts in Ireland, determine all major part of them, are hereby authorized and required to hear offences relatand determine all offences against any clause or article contained in this or any other act of parliament now in force in Irelands ing to woolmade for preventing the unlawful exportation of wool, woolfells,

fells, shortlings, mortlings, wool-flocks, worsted, bay or woollen yarn, cloth, serge, kerseys, bays, sayes, frizes, druggets, cloth-serges, shalloons or any other drapery stuffs or woollen manufactures, made or mixed with wool or wool-slocks, and manufactured in Ireland; which commissioners or sub-commisfioners shall and may proceed in a summary way, and give judg-ment or sentence, and levy the fines, penalties and forfeitures thereupon, in such or the like manner as they are enabled to proceed, give judgment, and levy the fines, penalties and for-feitures, in cases of excise in *Ireland*, by any act or acts of parliament now in force in that kingdom.

LXV. And be it further enacted, That no person or persons None may shall be admitted to claim property in any seizure that shall be claim propermade upon any clause or clauses in any act of parliament for prety in any seizure in Ireland, till he unlawful exportation of wool from Ireland, till he till they have or they shall first have given sufficient security to the said come given security, the said to apply the properties attending the foresiture. shall be made to answer the penalties attending the forseiture

thereof, if such seizure shall be adjudged to be good in law.

LXVI. And it is hereby further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any person or persons shall be sued, molested or prosecuted for any thing done by virtue or in pursuance of this act, or any of the clauses therein contained, such person and person hell and may plead the general issue and give this and persons shall and may plead the general issue, and give this General issue, act and the special matter in evidence for his, her or their defence; and if afterwards a verdict shall pass for the defendant or defendants, or the plaintiff or plaintiffs shall discontinue his or their action, or be nonsuited, or judgment shall be given against him or them upon demurrer, or otherwise, then such defendant or defendants shall have sull costs to him or them awarded against such plaintiff or plaintiffs.

CAP. XXII.

An act for relief of infolvent debtors, and for the more easy discharge of bankrupts out of execution, after their certificates allowed. EXP.

Every sheriff, gaoler, &c. shall make a list of all prisoners in their custody on 24 June 1719. And deliver the same upon oath to the first quarter-sessions after May 1, 1720. Persons inserted in such lists, who were prisoners on June 24, 1719. and shall continue so to their discharge (other than those committed by judges warrants on an escape) who shall take the oath in the act, shall be discharged in the manner herein provided. Prisoner to deliver a schedule of his estate, and the names of his debtors, &c. Schedule to remain with the clerk of the peace, in whom the estate shall be vested, to be assigned to the creditors. Justices shall orger the sheriff, &c. to discharge such prisoner without other see than 22. Prisoners discharged shall not be imprisoned for any debt, &c. contracted before June 24. 1710. Notwithstanding the discharge of any person, all judgments discharged shall not be imprisoned for any debt, &c. contracted before June 24, 1719. Notwithstanding the discharge of any person, all judgments shall stand good against his lands, &c. None shall have any benefit of this act unless discharged by 25 March 1721. Not to extend to Scotland. Discharge hereaster appearing to be fraudulently obtained, shall be void. None to have any benefit who owes above 501. to one person. Any judge of the court where judgment has been obtained against a bankrupt, may, on his producing a certificate of his discharge, order any therist, &c. to discharge him without see,

CAP. XXIII.

An act for the further preventing robbery, burglary, and other felonies, and for the more effectual transportation of

held for the

HEREAS the laws in being have not yet proved effectual to the suppressing of robbery, burglary, and other felonics, and to the transportation of felons, and some of the said laws wantaiven by given by 4 Geo. 1. c.11. excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the to any court lords spiritual and temporal and commons in this present parliaby any fublefor the further preventing rebbery, burglary, and other felonics, and
by any fublefor the more effectual transportation of felons, and unlawful exporters
quent court,
held for the
given to any court before whom any felones and offenders tried held for the fame county, given to any court before whom any felons and offenders tried &c. though at for and convicted of any offences for which they may be fent or another place. transported to any of his Majesty's colonies or plantations in America, shall and may be observed and executed by any other subsequent court with like authority, held for the same county, riding, division or liberty, where such felons or offenders were or shall be tried and convicted, notwithstanding such other subplace than that wherein such trials or convictions were or shall be.

Such court II. Provided always, and it is further enacted by the authomay appoint rity aforesaid, That the court before whom such selons or oftwo justices of fenders (who may, by virtue of the said recited act, or by this the county. the county, renders (who may, by virtue of the faid recited act, or by this &c. to contract present act, be transported, as aforesaid) were or shall be conwith any pervicted, or any other court held with the like authority for the same county, riding, division, liberty or place, wherein they transportation were or shall be so convicted, as aforesaid, may nominate and of such selections; and may order appoint, if they shall think fit, two or more justices of the the like secure peace of and for the said county, riding, division, liberty or rity, and cause place, where such offenders were or shall be convicted, who the felons to she delivered to shall have power and authority to contract with any person or the felons to be delivered to the persons for the performance of the transportation of luch felons contracting: and offenders, who by order of such courts are to be.

The contracts sent to any of the colonies and plantations aforesaid; and to orto be certified der such and the like sufficient security (as the said recited act to the next court.

directs to be taken by order of court) and also to cause such security. lons, pursuant to such contracts, to be delivered by the respective gaolers in whose custody they are, shall or may be, to the per-son or persons contracting for them, or to his or their assigns; which said contracts and security shall, from time to time, be certified by the justices, who shall make and take the same, to the next court held with the like authority for the faid county, riding, division, liberty or place, where such felons were or

shall be convicted, to be filed and kept amongst the records of fuch court.

III. And it is further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That Charges about all charges in and about making the contracts, taking fecuri-contracts, &c. ties, and conveying of felons, in order to be transported, by to be born by virtue of this or the said recited act, shall be born by each &c. to be paid county, riding, division, liberty or place, for which the court by the treasur-was held that ordered such felon or felons, offender or offenders er. to be transported; and their respective treasurer or treasurers shall, by order of the justices of the peace in their respective general quarter-sessions, pay all such charges and expenses to such person or persons as shall be imployed for the purposes aforesaid.

IV. And it is further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Securities for That all securities for transportation hereafter to be taken, pur-transportation sugar to this or the said former act, shall be by bond in the to be in the name of the name of the respective clerks of the peace of the county, riding, clerks of the division or place, as aforesaid, which said clerks of the peace, peace, who and their successors shall, from time to time, prosecute such shall prosecute in their own bonds in their own names, to which purpose they shall be deem-in their own ed and taken to be a body corporate, and be paid all such costs, charges and expences, as they or any of them shall sustain or expend in any fuch fuit, as the said justices of the peace shall at their general quarter-fessions of the peace direct, for the penalty of such bond, or otherwise howsoever by reason thereof, out of the publick stock, and by the respective treasurer or treasurers, as aforesaid; and that all monies recovered on any such security And monies or bond entred into, as aforesaid, shall be to and for the use of such bonds the respective county, riding, division and place, and be paid to shall be to the fuch respective treasurer or treasurers, as aforesaid, to be part use of the of the publick stock of such county, riding, division, liberty or county, &c.

place, as aforesaid.

V. And it is further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That Persons conthe person or persons so contracting, as aforesaid, and to whom tracting for any such selons or offenders shall be delivered in order to be transportation transported, as aforesaid, or any person or persons directed by such selons as the said justices (impowered to contract as aforesaid) or their these said of the sa assigns, may, in such manner as they shall think fit, carry and think fit. secure the said selons and offenders in and through any county and counties of Great Britain whatsoever, toward the sea-port from whence they are to be transported, as aforesaid; and And rescuing that if any person or persons shall rescue such selons or of-them, shall be some any of them. fenders, or any of them, he, she and they so rescuing, or aid-guilty of seing or affishing such felons or offenders, or any of them, in making their escape from such person or persons as shall have them in their custody, as aforesaid, shall be deemed and adjudg-

ed guilty of felony, and shall suffer death as in cases of felony, without benefit of clergy.

VI. And whereas some felons ordered for transportation according Felons orderto law, have already, and others muy come on shore, and return to ed for trans-Great Britain, before they have been actually transported to America, ing afterwards or may break goal, or escape before such transportation: be it further at large before U3

U3

enacted

hall fuffer death.

the expiration enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any felon or felons, of the term, who have been or shall be ordered for transportation by this or any other act, shall be afterwards at large within any part of this kingdom of Great Britain, without some lawful cause, before the expiration of the term for which such selon or felons was, were, or shall be ordered to be transported, all and every fuch person and persons, being thereof lawfully convicted, shall suffer death as in cases of selony, without benefit of clergy.

Where fuch them.

where fuch offenders may little trouble and expence as possible, be it further enacted by what shall be a the authority aforesaid, That such offender or offenders may be fufficient proof tried either before justices of affize, over and terminer, or gaolto convict delivery for the county, city or liberty, where he, the or they delivery for the county, city or liberty, where he, she or they shall be apprehended and taken, or before justices of assize, over and terminer, or gaol-delivery for that county, city or place, from whence he, she or they were ordered to be transported; and that the clerk of the affize and clerk of the peace where fuch orders of transportation shall be made, and their successors for the time being, shall, at the request of the prosecutor, or any other in his Majesty's behalf, certify a transcript briefly and in few words, containing the effect and tenor of every indict-ment and conviction of such man or woman, and of the order and contract for his or her transportation, to the justices of assize, eyer and terminer, or gaol-delivery, where such man or woman shall be indicted (not taking for the same above the sum of two shillings and six pence) which certificate being produced in court shall be a sufficient proof that such person or persons have be-fore been convicted and ordered to be transported.

The fireets of VIII. And whereas frequent robberies have been lately committed London, West- in the streets of London and Westminster, and other cities, towns minster, &c. and places, and doubts have arisen whether any reward could be allow-shall be deemed highways ed to persons concerned in the apprehending, prosecuting and convicting within the fuch offenders, which may prove a discouragement to persons who other
& SW. & M. wise may be willing to undertake the same: be it hereby enacted by the authority as or estaid. That the streets of London and West
minster, and other cities, towns and places, shall be deemed and taken to be highways to all intents and purposes, within the intent and meaning of an act made in the fourth and fifth years of the reign of their late majesties King William and Queen Mary, intituled. An act for the encouraging the apprehending of high-And all certi. waymen; and all certificates to be hereafter figned upon convic-

VIII. And whereas frequent robberies have been lately committed

out fee; ex-cept 5 s. for feit 40 L

ficates upon tions for robbery, shall be signed and paid without any deduc-conviction for tion, fee or reward to be taken for the same, excepting any sum robbery shall not exceeding sive shillings for the writing and drawing thereof, and that as well where any offender or offenders plead guilty, as where they are convicted on evidence; and if any person or writing, and persons, under the pretence of signing or procuring to be signpersons taking ed any such certificate, or on account of payment of the money
more shall for allowed therein, shall take any fee or reward for the same, other than as aforefaid, every fuch person or persons offending therein, shall forfeit and pay the sum of forty pounds, to be recovered by action

action of debt, bill, plaint, suit or information, in any of his Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, where no essoin, pro-tection or wager of law shall be allowed, or any more than one imparlance; such forseiture to be to the use of the person or persons entitled to the said certificate, on the account of which fuch fee or reward was taken, as aforefaid.

IX. And whereas the practice of taking money to help persons to Prosecuting to their stoln goods, and sharing it with the felons, is still continued in conviction any defiance of the laws, and to the encouragement of sciens: be it en-person for taking a reacted by the authority aforesaid, That whoever shall discover, ward for helpacted by the authority andreads, I hat whoever than discover, ward for help-apprehend and profecute to conviction of felony without bene-ing to ftoln fit of clergy, any person or persons for the said offence of tak-goods, shall be ing money or other reward, directly or indirectly, to help any entitled to 401. person or persons to their stoln goods (such offender not having sect. 4. apprehended the felon who stole the same, and brought him or her to trial for the same, and given evidence against him or her as required by law) shall be entitled to a reward of forty pounds for every such offender so convicted, as aforesaid, and shall have the like certificate, and like payments made without fee or reward, as any person or persons may be entitled unto for the apprehending, prosecuting and convicting of highwaymen by any law or laws for that purpose.

X. And be it further declared by the authority aforesaid, That The reward of the reward of forty pounds for the apprehending and convicting 401 to be paid any person or persons for burglary, shall be paid without any without deduction, as aforesaid, for every offender who shall be apprehended and convicted for the said crime.

All. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, After June 24, That if any person or persons shall at any time or times, from and 1720. assaultafter the twenty sourth day of June in the year of our Lord one ing any perthousand seven hundred and twenty, wilfully and maliciously shreets, &c. to assault any person or persons in the publick streets and highways, tear their with an intent to tear, spoil, cut, burn or deface, and shall cloaths, &c. tear, spoil, cut, burn or deface the garments or cloaths of such shall be guilty person or persons, that then all and every person and persons so of selony, and offending, being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be and be adported for judged to be guilty of selony; and every such selons and selons seven years. judged to be guilty of felony; and every such felon and felons seven years. shall be subject, and liable to the like pains and penalties as in case of felony; and the courts by and before whom he, she or they shall be tried, shall have full power and authority of transporting such felons for the space of seven years, upon the like terms and conditions as are given, directed or enacted by this or the before recited act.

CAP. XXIV.

An act for better explaining the nature of conveyances to be made to the purchases of the forfeited estates by the commissioners and trustees acting in Scotland; and for preventing difficulties in determining claims on the said estates; and to enable the judges in Ireland to examine witnesses relating to claims on forfeited estates there; and for enabling such corporations as shall purchase any of the said estates to grant annuities, not exceeding the yearly value of the said estates; and for relieving the widow and daughters of the late Sir Donald Macdonald. EXP.

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Indentures of bargain and sale executed by the commissioners in Scotland, to contain a procuratory of resignation. And when such estate was holden of the crown, the exchequer shall accept of a surrender on such procuratory. And when holden of a subject, he to accept in like manner. Where the forteiting person enjoyed such estate in virtue of a personal right, commissioners to make over the same. Where such estate was holden of the crown, the buyer shall hold by blanch-holding. Purchasers shall enjoy all privileges, and may sell, &c. as persons having any estate in see-simple. Claimants entring appeals, and also commissioners, may proceed for reversing, &c. the decrees of the delegates, as is competent by the laws of Scotland. After 30 days shall elapse without petition, the delegates decrees shall be final. Examinations of claimants and witnesses i Ireland may be taken before the judges there; and being transinitted to England shall be effectual. Commissioners may examine persons viva vice. Purchasers may grant rent charges to the yearly value of the estates; and bodies politick may be purchasers: and may raise money by calls from their members. Corporations granting rent charges exceeding the annual value of the estate, to forfeit treble the sum advanced besides the annual value of the estate, to forfeit treble the sum advanced besides the annual value of the estate, to forfeit treble the sum advanced besides the annual value of the estate, to forfeit treble the sum advanced besides the annual value of the estate, to forfeit treble the sum advanced besides the annual value of the estate. The King may make the same provisions for the widow and daughters of Sir Donald Macdonald as they would have been entitled to if he had not been attainted. Indeptures of bargain and fale executed by the commissioners in Scotland,

CAP. XXV.

An act for repairing the roads from Stevenidge in the county of Hertford, to Biggleswade in the county of Bedford.

This act is to continue for 21 years from the 24th of June 1720. Continued by 11Geo. 2. c. 10.

CAP. XXVI.

Continued by 11Geo.2. c. 36.

CAP. XXVI.

An act for enlarging the term granted by an act in the fourth year of his Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for repairing the highways leading from the Stones End in Kent-street in the parish of St. George's Southwark in the county of Surrey, to the Lime-Kilns in East Greenwich near Black-Heath, and to Lewisham church, being the Tunbridge road in the county of Kent; and for repairing and amending the highways and roads leading from Westminster-Ferry in the parish of Lambeth in the county of Surrey, to Newcoss in the parish of Deptford in the county of Kent; and for enlarging the term granted by an act passed in the fourth year of his Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for amending the roads from the city of Landon to the town of East Grinstead in the county of Sussex, and to Sutton and Kingston in the county of Surrey, and for explaining and amending the same act.

CAP. XXVII.

An act for making the river Darwent in the county of Derby navigable.

An act for making the river Darwent in the county of Derby navigable. Undertakers impowered, at their own expence, to make the Darwent navigable, from the mouth of the river to Derby. Commissioners appointed. Any nine of them may mediate between the undertakers and the owners and occupiers of lands, &c. And settle what satisfaction every person shall have for his loss. And proportion what share shall be paid any tenant. Persons having notice, and not treating or agreeing in ten days, or through any disability, not being able, the commissioners on the oath of a jury of twelve men of the county, not being burgesses of Derby, shall assess as they shall think sit, to be awarded to the owners of the lands, &c. Damages happening to any owners of lands, or to mills, wears, &c. by any act of the undertakers, they shall pay such sum as the commissioners shall judge reasonable. For which the party shall have an action of debt, and recover costs and damages. The undertakers may demand, not exceeding 1 s. per ton, for wares carried on the said river. In case of death or refusal to act of any commissioner, any nine may appoint another residing in Derbyshire, and having 1001. per annum abbum

annum in lands, so as there be always 20 commissioners at least. On com-plaint of any damage, commissioners shall issue their warrant to the sheplaint of any damage, commissioners shall issue their warrant to the sheriss to return a jury, to inquire thereof, and assess the damage, and the commissioners shall give judgment for the undertakers to pay accordingly. Boatmaster answerable for damages done by his vessel. Commissioners proceedings, &c. to be entered in books, to which all persons may have recourse and take copies, paying 1s. for not above 200 words. Undertakers shall erect a whart near Holms Mills Fleam or in the Morledge, and all persons may lade and unlade there paying 2d. per ton. All the King's people paying the duties shall have free passage on the river. Owners of lands, &c. near the river may keep boats tor pleasure, or for conveying manure, &c. without paying. Commissioners shall not have power to determine any damages, otherwise than by verdict of a jury.

CAP. XXVIII.

An act for making the river Douglas alias Asland navigable, from the river Ribble to Wigan in the county palatine of Lancaster.

Undertakers to make the Douglas navigable at their own costs. May alter bridges or highways, pull down mills, wears, &c. set out towing paths, &c. first giving satisfaction to the proprietors. Commissioners appointed for adjusting differences between the undertakers and proprietors. Persons interested distaissed, &c. Commissioners shall issue warrants to the sherist of Lancaster to return a jury. None to act as a commissioner, who has not rool. per annum in the county. In case of death of any commissioners, or their refusal to act, the other commissioners to nominate others. Undertakers may demand for every ton of coal, &c. up or down the river, any sum not exceeding a s. 6d. Barge-masters answerable for damages done by their vessels, &c. to wears, &c. The Douglas between the Ribble and Miry-Lane End, not under the survey of any commission of sewers. Owners of lands near the river may use pleasure boats, but not carry goods in them. The river shall be esteemed navigable from the Ribble to Miry-Lane End, and free for all persons to pass, paying the rates. Saving all royalties of fishing or fowling. Any person may carry wares on the river, paying a s. 6d. per ton. No meeting of commissioners to be above eight miles from the place in question. Undertakers not sinshing the navigation within eleven years after the end of this session of parliament, commissioners may appoint others. Damages in grounds, mills, &c. occasioned by the undertakers raising the water too high, not keeping up the banks, &c. Commissioners shall ascertain the same by a jury, and give judgment for it. Undertakers cutting through, or altering highways, shall prepare as good: and if they have occasion to purchase land, the price shall be ascertained as above. Undertakers to make the Douglas navigable at their own costs. May alter

CAP. XXIX.

An act for preferving and improving the navigation of the river Oufe in the county of Huntingdon.

the county of Huntingdon.

Henry Ashley, esq; impowered to repair and amend the passage for boats, &c. on the Ouse, to cleanse the river at Hollowell, to repair St. Ives Stanch; to cut banks, &c. The quarter sessions for Huntingdonshire to determine the satisfaction to be given for damages, who may summon witnesses, &c. Sums decreed, to be paid in three days after notice, and on resulal two justices may levy by distress. The toll for every chalder of coals Lynn measure, one penny. For every half hundred of deals, one penny. For every load of timber, forty foot to the load, one penny. For eight packs of wool, ten tods to the pack, one penny. For every-weigh of falt, one penny. For every load of wheat, barley, rye, pease or beans, five quarters to the load, one penny. For every last of oats, one penny. For every thousand of turs, one penny. For every last of malt one penny. For every thousand of tiles, one penny. For every chalder of line, one penny. And for every ton of other goods, one penny. Persons obstructing the undertaker in any thing authorized by this act, or

doing any damage to the stanch or new works, he may bring his actios, and shall recover treble damages and full costs. Or the person opposing, or doing such damage, may be set in the stocks three hours for the affence, and for the second sent to the house of correction. Beat-master to answer for damage done by his boat or crew. Six justices of Hunting-donshire and six commissioners of sewers in the fens, shall be commissioners for government of the new works; sive of whom may meet, and make orders, &cc.

CAP. XXX,

An act for making the river Idle navigable, from East-Retford in the county of Nottingham, to Bawtry-Wharf in the county of York.

The bailiffs and aldermen of East-Retford, impowered to make the Idle navigable from East-Retford to Shire-Dike. The bailiffs, &c. before they begin to make cuts, &c. to agree with the owners of the lands. Commissioners appointed for adjusting all differences between the said bailiffs, &c. and the owners of lands, &c. damnised. If any persons will not agree, or through any disability cannot, the commissioners shall issue their warrant to the sheriff to impanel a jury, who upon their oath, after view, shall affed damages, and the commissioners shall give judgment accordingly. Commissioners death or resusal to act shall be recorded, and the other commissioners may nominate another, having 501. per annum, or 10001. Personal estate. Manure to pay 3d. and all other goods 1s. per ton. The bailists, &c. may lessen the duty. The master of every barge, &c. answerable for damage done by his barge, &c. or crew. Persons throwing roots, &c. into the river, and thereby obstructing the navigation, the bailists, &c. may sue them, and shall recover what removing the obstruction shall cost, &c. Commissioners of sewers shall have no power to do any thing that may hinder the navigation. The Idle shall for ever hereafter be navigable from East-Retford to Shire-Dike; and all persons have free passage thereon. None may cut down or damnify any trees near the river, so as sufficient haling paths be left. Persons aggrieved may appeal to justices of assiste order shall be sinal, and no appeal from their judgment.

Anno Regni GEORGII I. Regis Magnæ Britanniæ, Franciæ & Hiberniæ, septimo.

A T the parliament begun and bolden at Westminster, the seventeenth day of March, Anno Domini one thousand seven hundred and sourteen, in the sirst year of the reign of our sovereign lord GEORGE, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, France and Ireland, King, desender of the saith, &c. And from thence continued by several prorogations to the eighth day of December one thousand seven hundred and twenty; being the sixth session of this present parliament,



CAP. I.

An act for restraining the sub-governor, deputy-governor, directors, treasurer or cashier, deputy-cashier, and accountant of the South-Sea company, from going out of this kingdom for the space of one year, and until the end of the then next session of parliament; and for discovering their estates and essets, and for preventing the transporting or alienating the same.

WHEREAS Sir John Fellows, beronet, the present sub-Farther proving governer, Charles Joye, esquire, deputy-governor, and Wil-sons relating to liam Askell, esquire, Sir Lambert Blackwell, baronet, Sir John the matters in Blunt, baronet, Sir Robert Chaplain, baronet, Sir William this est. Chapman, knight and baranet, Robert Chester, esquire, Stephea 1. C. 28. Child, esquire, Peter Delaport, esquire, Francis Eyles, esquire, James Edmonson, esquire, Edward Gibbon, esquire, John Gore, esquire, Sir William Hammond, knight, Francis Hawes, esquire, Richard Horsey, esquire, Richard Holditch, esquire, Sir Theodore Jansfen, knight and baronet, Sir Jacob Jacobson, knight, Arthur Ingram, esquire, Sir John Lambert, baronet, Sir Harcourt Master, knight, William Morley, esquire, Ambrose Page, esquire, colonel Hugh Raymond, Samuel Read, junior, esquire, Thomas Reynolds, esquire, Jacob Sawbridge, esquire, William Tillard, esquire, and John Turner, esquire, directors of the corporation of the governor and company of merchants of Great Britain trading to the South-Seas, and other parts of America, and for encouraging the shepty; and also Robert Knight, treasurer or cashier, Robert Surman, deputy-cashier, and John Grigsby, accountant to the said corporation, in consederacy with the said sub-governor, deputy-governor and directors, under colour of an act passed in the last session of parliament, intituled, An act for enabling the South-Sea com-of parliament, intituled, An act for enabling the South-Sea com-of one one case their present capital stock and sund, by redeeming such publick debts and incumbrances as are therein menpany to encrease their present capital stock and fund, by redeeming such publick debts and incumbrances as are therein mentioned; and for raising money to be applied for lessening several of the publick debts and incumbrances; and for calling in the present exchequer-bills remaining uncancelled; and for making forth new bills in lieu thereof, to be circulated and exchanged upon demand at or near the exchequer, have contrived and carried on many notorious, fraudulent and indirect practices, contrary to the intention of the faid act, to the great detriment of the publick, in breach of their trust, and to the manifest evrong and oppression of great numbers of his Majesty's subjects: now to the end that their persons and estates may be secured, fo as to answer and be liable to justice in parliament, be it en-acted, &c. EXP. acted, &c.

The sub-governor, directors, &c. of the South-Sea company shall not go out of the kingdom for one year from December 8, 1720. and till the end of next session of parliament. But shall enter into recognizance with sure-ties before the barons of the exchequer not to depart, &c. The sub-governor, &c. to be bound in the penalty of 100,0001, and sureties, in 25,0001.

each. Neglecting to enter into such recognizance before February \$, 1720. to be committed to the Fleet without bail. The sub-governor, &c. departing out of the kingdom, and persons aiding to such departure shall be guilty of selony. The said sub-governor, &c. shall before March 25, 1721. deliver upon oath to one of the barons of the exchequer, two inventories of all their real and personal estate, of which they were possed on June 1, 1720. and also of such estate as they have aliened or disposed of since that day. Barons of the exchequer to deliver a duplicate of such inventories to either house of parliament. If such inventories appear evasive, or upon signification from either house of parliament for a farther examination to be had thereupon or on information of any concealment, &c. the barons may examine persons on oath, and summon the sub-governor, &c. to appear; and in default issue their warrants to bring them before them. Refusing to be examined, shall be committed to the Fleet without bail. Not delivering inventories, or not submitting to be examined in eight days after commitment, or being guilty of any concealment, &c shall suffer death. The barons may issue warrants to apprehend persons resusing to appear upon summons; and may commit to the Fleet such as refusing to appear upon summons; and may commit to the Fleet such as resusined. The sub-governor, &c. disabled for one year after January 5, 1720. to alien, &c. any lands, &c. But they may dispose of their estates by their last will. The sub-governor, &c. shall not for one year after January 5, 1720. to alien, &c. offending shall be guilty of felony. Persons having accepted of any trust, or concealing any estate, &c. to forfeit treble the value, and be imprisoned for one year without bail. Discoverers of any concealed estate, before September 29, 1721. shall be allowed 201. per centum for effects beyond the seas, and 101 for effects in this kingdom. The forseited estates to be paid into the exchequer for the use of the South-Sea company.

CAP. II.

An act to disable the present sub-governor, deputy-governor and directors of the South-Sea company, at, from and after the respective times for electing a sub-governor, deputy-governor and new directors of the said company, to take, hold or enjoy any office, place or employment in the said company, or in the East-India company, or bank of England, and from voting upon elections in the said company.

WHEREAS Sir John Fellows, baronet, sub-governor, and Charles Joye, esquire, deputy-governor, and William Astell, esquire, Sir Lambert Blackwell, baronet, Sir John Blunt, baronet, Sir Robert Chaplain, baronet, Sir William Chapman, knight and baronet, Robert Chester, Stephen Child, Peter Delaport, Francis Eyles, James Edmondson, Edward Gibbon, John Gore, esquires; Sir William Hammond, knight, Francis Hawes, Richard Horsey, Richard Houlditch, esquires; Sir Theodore Janssen, knight and baronet, Sir Jacob Jacobson, knight, Arthur Ingram, esquire, Sir John Lambert, baronet, Sir Harcourt Master, knight, William Morley, Ambrose Page, colonel Hugh Raymond, Samuel Read junior, Thomas Reynolds, Jacob Sawbridge, William Tillard, and John Turner, esquires, directors of the corporation erected by the name of The Governor and Company of Merchants of Great Britain trading to the South-Seas and other

parts of America, and for encouraging the fishery, have been guilty of a notorious breach of trust in the execution of their said offices, to the great detriment of the said company, and of publick credit: be it therefore enacted, &c. EXP.

The sub governor, &c. of the South-Sea company disabled from holding any office in that or the East-India company, or in the bank of England. Disabled also from voting in elections of sub-governor, &c. of the said companies.

CAP. III.

An att for repealing an att made in the ninth year of the reign of her late majesty Queen Anne, intituled, An act to oblige ships coming from places infected more effectually to perform their quarentine; and for the better preventing the plague being brought from foreign parts into Great Britain or Ireland, or the isles of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark or Man; and to hinder the spreading of infestion.

HEREAS in the parliament begun and holden at West-minster in the ninth year of the reign of her late majesty Queen Anne an act passed, intituled, An act to oblige ships com-9 Ann. c. s. ing from places insected more effectually to perform their quarchine: and whereas Marseilles, and other places in the southern parts of France, have for some time past been visited with the plague, which occasioned just apprehensions lest the infection might be brought into this kingdom from the places so infected, or other places trading or corresponding therewith, unless timely care were taken to prevent the same: and whereas it bath been found by experience, That the See 3 Geo. 1. said act is defective and insufficient for the purposes intended, and c. 3. & 10. & the penalties inslitted by the same not adequate to the offences there-c. 28. & 10. & the prohibited; and some further provisions are necessary to be made, 26 Geo. 2. c. 6. in case it should please Almighty God to permit these kingdoms to be assisted with the plague: for remedy thereof, be it enacted, &c.

EXP. See 26 Geo. 2. c. 6.

During the times of infection all vessels, persons, goods, &c. coming into Great Britain, &c. from places infected, &c. shall person quarentine as his Majesty shall direct by proclamation. Master, &c. of any vessel coming from infected places, or having on board persons visited with the plague, and not discovering the same, guilty of felony. Master, &c. not making a true discovery of the particulars, to forfeit 200 l. If the master, &c. of any vessel liable to quarentine shall quit such vessel, or permit any seaman, &c. so to do, or on notice not conveying such vessel to the place appointed for quarentine, such ships, &c. shall be forfeited, and the master, &c. shall forfeit 200 l. Persons quitting such ship may be compelled to return on board; and shall be imprisoned six months, and forfeit 200 l. In case of infection his Majesty in council may make orders concerning quarentine, &c. In times of infection the King may cause ships and lazarets to be provided for the personmance of quarentine, and entertainment of persons infected; likewise proper places for airing of goods, &c. To be approved by two justices; either in wastes, or in the grounds of any person, not being a house, park, &c. paying for the same. Rates to be askessed by quarter-sessions. The proper officers may compel persons infected,

Rep. 8 Geo. 1.

Anno septimo Georgii I. C.4. [1720]
infected, or obliged to quarentine, to repair to the places provided. Perfons refusing to repair, &c. or endeavouring to escape, may be compelled by any kind of violence. Persons actually resusing to repair, &c. or escaping, shall suffer death as selons. Persons not infected, entring any ship, &c. shall continue and personn quarentine; and fuch persons actually escaping, shall suffer death. The King may cause lines to be cast up about places infected; and prohibit persons, goods, &c. to pass such lines. Persons offering to pass without licence, may be compelled back, and actually passing, shall suffer death. Two justices may order inhabitants of neighbouring parishes, &c. to keep watches night and day on places infected, and upon such lines, &c. with such numbers of men as they shall think fit. Inhabitants resusing to watch, shall forset net exceeding 1001, nor less than 101, and shall be imprisoned two months without ball, and till payment. Watchmen neglecting their duty, liable to like punishment. Officer neglecting to execute any orders concerning quarentine, being imported, shall be liable to such orders. The King in council may order ships coming from infected places, or laden with goods from such places, or having on board any infected person, to be burnt. On proof made on oath of the master, &c. that any ship has performed quarentine, and certificate thereof, such ship shall not be liable to any further restraint on the same account. 1s. each for such oath and certificate. After quarentine, goods, &c. shall be opened and aired as his Majesty shall direct; and on proof thereof such goods, &c. shall be dicharged. In times of infection the King may by proclamation prohibit vessels under the burthen of so tons from salting out of any port in Great Britain, &c. till the master has given 3001. security, that such vessel shall not go to any country, &c. mentioned in such proclamation, &c. Persons buying goods clandestinely imported to forset 101. Proclamations concerning quar

commence

veral clauses and provisions therein contained, shall commence from 10 Feb. and take effect from and after the tenth day of February in the inne for three year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and twenty, and tinue for three that continue in force for the space of three years, and from years, &c. 2. thence to the end of the then next session of parliament; and After the faid from and after the said tenth day of February one thousand seven 10 Feb. 1720. hundred and twenty the aforesaid act made in the ninth year of the act 9 Ann.

the act 9 Ann.

c. s. repealed.

c. s. re and after the faid tenth day of February one thousand seven hundred and twenty) shall be and stand absolutely repealed.

XXII. And it is hereby enacted, That this act, and the fe-

The watches to be kept at the charge of the county, and quarter-fessions to raise the monies as for county gaols, &c. To be paid to the chief constable of the division, and to be distributed by him. Officer, &c. permitting any person, goods, &c. to depart or be conveyed out of any place insected, &c. shall suffer death. Persons aggrieved by the judgment of any justice, may appeal to quarter-sessions, who shall simily determine; and if they give judgment against the appellant, may order him to pay costs. No attainder by this act shall work any corruption of blood, &c.

CAP. IV.

An act for granting an aid to his Majesty by a land-tax to be raised in Great Britain, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred twenty one. 3s in the pound. EXP. See cap. 20. sel. 39.

CAP. V.

An act to enable the South-Sea company to ingraft part of their capital stock and fund into the stock and fund of the bank of England, and another part thereof into the stock and fund of the East-India company; and for giving further time for payments to be made by the said South-Sea company to the use of the publick.

MAY it please your most excellent Majesty, Whereas the capital or joint stock of the corporation, called by the name of the governor and company of merchants of Great Britain trading to the South-Seas and other parts of America, and for encouraging the sishery, did, at the time of making the ast of parliament of the sixth year of 6 Geo. 1. c. 4. your Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for enabling the South-Seas company to increase their present capital stock and fund by recompany to increase their present capital stock and fund by redeeming fuch publick debts and incumbrances as are therein mentioned; and for raising money to be applied for lessening several of the publick debts and incumbrances; and for calling in the present exchequer-bills remaining uncancelled; and for making forth new bills in lieu thereof, to be circulated and exchanged upon demand at or near the exchequer, by computation Farther proviamount in the whole to eleven millions seven hundred forty six thou-sions concerning
sand eight hundred forty four pounds eight shillings and ten pence, or the matters in
thereabouts. And whereas it hath been represented unto us, your this ass,
Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects the commons of Great Britain 7 Geo.s. stat. 2.
in parliament assembled, That by virtue and in pursuance of the said
ass several annuities, debts and incumbrances have been subscribed and
redermed, or taken in, which sheing computed at the respective values act several annuities, debts and incumbrances have been subscribed and redeemed, or taken in, which (being computed at the respective values in and by the said act prescribed) will make in the whole twenty six millions sifty sive thousand seven hundred and seventy four pounds five shillings and two pence, or thereabouts, to be added to the said capital or joint stock; and that both the said sums will make the increased capital or joint stock of the said corporation (which is commonly called the South-Sea company) to amount in the whole to thirty seven millions eight hundred and two thousand six hundred and eighteen bounds sourteen spillings, or thereabouts: and that in reeighteen pounds fourteen shillings, or thereabouts: and that in re-spect of several of the said sums comprehended in the said increased eapital or joint stock, the said corporation is and will be entitled to secapital or joint stock, the said corporation is and will be entitled to several annuities or yearly sunds, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, to be paid and payable at the receipt of your Majesty's enchaquer by weekly or other payments, out of several duties, revenues and other provisions settled by the said att for that purpose, until and for the feast of the nativity of Saint John Baptist which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and twenty seven; and afterwards at the rate of four pounds per centum per annum, until the redemption thereof according to the said att: and that in respect of several other of the said sums comprehended in the said increased capital or joint stock, the said corporation is and will be entitled

titled to several annuities or yearly funds, after the rate of four pounds per centum per annum, to be paid and payable at the said pounds per centum per annum, to be paid and payable at the faid receipt by weekly or other payments, out of several duties, revenues and other provisions settled by the said ast for payment thereof, until and for the said feast of the nativity of Saint John Baptist one thousand seven hundred and twenty seven, and afterwards at the same rate, until the redemption thereof by parliament according to the said ast; which said annuities or yearly funds so payable at the said receipt of exchequer are nevertheless liable to such charges and incumbrances, as in and by the said ast are expressed or mentioned concerning the same. And whereas in and by the said ast provision was made the same. And whereas in and by the faid all provision was made, That nine thousand three hundred ninety seven pounds nine shillings and six pence per annum, therein mentioned, and several other sums which were thereby directed to be computed and added thereunto, for charges of management, should from time to time be paid and payable to the said company in the manner thereby prescribed; as in and by the faid act (relation being thereunto had) may more fully appear. And whereas the faid South-Sea company, in and by a proposition agreed to in a general court of the same holden on or about the second day of January one thousand seven hundred and twenty, and since presented to us your Majesty's said dutiful and loyal subjects, have humbly offered, that a sum not exceeding nine millions of the same such as the same with an armore as the same such as a sum of the same su fered, that a sum not exceeding nine millions of the capital stock of the said South-Sea company, together with an annuity of five pounds per centum per annum issuing from the exchequer, and payable weekly, be ingrasted into the capital stock of the governor and company of the bank of England, and be added to their present capital stock of sive millions sive hundred sifty nine thousand nine hundred ninety sive pounds fourteen shillings and eight pence; and that every proprietor of the said sum so to be ingrasted be entitled to a share in the capital of the said governor and company of the bank of England, at the rate of one hundred and twenty pounds per centum, that is to say, for every one hundred and twenty pounds in the said sum not exceeding nine millions to be ingrasted, each proprietor to have one hundred pounds stock in the bank; that the remaining weventy one hundred pounds stock in the bank; that the remaining wenty pounds per centum, part of the said sum not exceeding nine millions, (which, if the whole be ingrafted, would make one million and an half) be reserved for the common benefit and advantage of the proprietors of the whole capital so increased; and that a certain sum be annually allowed to the governor and company of the bank of England towards their charges of management: and the said South-Sea company in the said proposition have also humbly offered, that a sum not exceeding nine millions of the capital stock of the said South-Sea company, together with an annuity of sive pounds per centum per annum issuing from the exchequer, and payable weekly, be ingrasted into the stock of the united company of merchants of England trading to the East Indies, and added to their present capital stock of three millions two hundred thousand pounds; and that every proprieter of the said sums so to be ingrafted into the capital of the united company of merchants of England trading to the East Indies be entitled one hundred pounds stock in the bank; that the remaining swenty pany of merchants of England trading to the East Indies be entitled to a share in the capital stock of the same company, at the rate of one bundred and twenty pounds per centum, that is to fay, for every a

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hundred and twenty pounds in the last mentioned sum not exceeding nine millions so to be ingrasted, each proprietor to have one hundred pounds stock in the said East India company; and that the remaining twenty pounds per centum, part of the last mentioned sum not exceeding nine millions (which, if the whole be ingrafted, will make one million and an half) be disposed and distributed in the manner therein mentioned; and that a certain sum be annually allowed to the said East India company towards their charges of management. And whereas the said governor and company of the bank of England, in and by a proposition agreed to in a general court of that corporation bolden on or about the twenty inthe day of December one thousand the said of the feven hundred and twenty, and fince presented to us your Majesty's said dutiful and loyal subjects, bave declared their willingness to admit, that nine millions of the capital of the South Sea company, tomit, that nine millions of the capital of the South Sea company, together with an annuity of five pounds per centum per annum is in from the exchequer, payable weekly, and free from all incumbrances, be ingrafted into the capital stock of the bank of England, and be added into their present capital stock of five millions sive bundred sifty nine thousand ninety sive pounds fourteen shillings and eight pence; and that every proprietor of the same sums so to be ingrafted be entitled to a share in the capital of the bank of England, at the rate of one hundred and twenty pounds per centum, that is to say, for every one to a share in the capital of the bank of England, at the rate of one bundred and twenty pounds per centum, that is to say, for every one bundred and twenty pounds in the same sum so to be ingrafted, each proprietor to have one bundred pounds stock in the bank; the remaining twenty pounds per centum, part of the same sum not exceeding nine millions (which, if the whole be ingrafted, would make one million and an half) to be reserved for the common benefit and advantage of the proprietors of the whole capital so increased; and that a certain sum be annually allowed to the said governor and company of the bank of England towards their charges of management. And whereas the said united company of merchants of England trading to the East Indies, in and by a proposition agreed to in a general court of that corporation holden on or about the third day of January one thousand seven hundred and twenty, and since presented to us your Majesty's said dutiful and layal subjects, have declared their willing-Majesty's said dutiful and loyal subjects, have declared their willingness to admit, that a sum not exceeding nine millions of the capital
of the said South Sea company, together with an annuity of five
pounds per centum per annum issuing from the exchequer, payable
weekly, and free from all incumbrances, be ingrafted into the stock
of the said East India company, and added to their present capital
stock of three millions two hundred thousand pounds; and that every proprietor of the same sum so to be ingrafted be entitled to a sbare in the capital slock of the said East India company, at the rate of one hundred and twenty pounds per centum, that is to fay, for every me hundred and twenty pounds in the same sums so to be ingrafted, each proprietor to have one hundred pounds stock in the East India company; the remaining twenty pounds per centum, part of the same sum not exceeding nine millions (which, if the whole be ingrafted, would make one million and an half) to be disposed and distributed in manner following, that is to say, six hundred and forty thousand bounds thereof, being after the rate of twenty pounds per centum,

upon the said sum of three millions two hundred thousand pounds, to the then proprietors of the same capital of three millions two hundred thousand pounds: and the remainder of the said twenty pounds per centum to and for the common benefit and advantage of all the preprietors of the whole capital of the said East India company so increased, which remainder (if the whole nine millions be ingrasted) will amount to eight hundred and sixty thousand pounds; and that a certain sum be annually allowed to the said East India company tewards their charges of management. And whereas it is judged, that an ingrastment of part of the capital of the South Sea company into the capitals of the bank of England and the East India company, pursuant to the said several proposals of the said respective companies, will contribute very much to the restoring and establishing publick credit: we your Majesty's said dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons of Great Britain in parliament assembled, do most commons of Great Britain in parliament assembled, do most humbly beseech your Majesty, That it may enacted, &c. EXP.

Between 24 June and 25 Dec. 1721, South Sea company may, under their common seal, and at their own charges, transfer to the bank such sare of their capital stock at 51. per cent. as shall be agreed on between them, together with so much of their annuities, as shall bear proportion to the stock transferred, not exceeding 9,000,000l. The shares so transferred shall be added to the capital stock of the bank. South Sea company may, between the same times, also transfer to the East India company such shares of their capital stock at 51. per cent. as shall be agreed upon between them, together with so much of their annuities, as shall bear proportion to the stock transferred, not exceeding 9,000,000l. The shares so transferred shall be added to the capital stock of the East India company. After such transfers, the two companies shall lawfully enjoy their respective shares in stock. South Sea company may enjoy their whole capital stock, &c. till the transfers be made, and afterwards may hold all their unassigned stock, &c. till redemption by parliament. South Sea company may hold 93971.

92. 6d. per annum for charge of management, till a transfer of part of their capital stock, and afterwards the two companies shall receive a proportional part thereof for charges of management. Annuities payable quarterly at 51. per cent. till the twenty sourth of June 1727, and afterwards at 41. per cent. All persons untitled to any shares in the South Sea company at the time of transferring, shall have a proportional share in the stock transferred to the bank, &c. The same for shares transferred to the East India company, &c. Unsigned shares in the South Sea company may be transferred to the bank, &c. The same for shares transferred to the East India company, &c. Unsigned shares in the South Sea company may be transferred to the bank may transfer or devise their increased stock, as formerly. And also the members of the East India company. All privileges, &c. sounded upon former acts or charters, continued, &c. &c. founded upon former acts or charters, continued, &c.

ceale.

XXIII. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the au-After 24 June thority aforesaid, That at any time after the feast of the nativity payment to of Saint John Baptist which shall be in the year of our Lord the South Sea one thousand seven hundred and twenty seven, upon repayment company of the parliament to the faid corporation, commonly called the stock, &c. their capital stock, &c. their annuities to part of the capital stock which shall then belong to that corporation according to this act, without any deduction, defalcation or abatement whatsoever to be made out of the same sum, or any part thereof; and upon payment of all arrears which shall be then due at the respective rates aforesaid, or either of them, for or upon their then annuities or yearly funds payable in n

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spect thereof; and upon payment of all arrears of the said yearly sums, or of such proportions thereof as shall be payable to them for charges of management; all which arrears (if any such be) shall be computed and paid to the quarterly feast day then next preceding, and from thence shall be computed and paid by the day, till the time of such full payment of their capital sum; then the same annuities or yearly sunds, and the yearly sums to be allowed to them for charges of management as aforesaid, and every of them, shall from thenceforth cease and determine; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

After 24 June 1727, on repayment to the bank of the whole sum transfer-red from the South Sea company, &c. the yearly funds, &c. to cease. The same clause for the East India company.

XXVI. And in regard it is intended, That at any time or times after the said feast of the nativity of Saint John Baptist one thou1727, on resand seven hundred and twenty seven the principal or sum total of payment to the capital stock, or so much thereof as shall then belong to the said the South-Sea South-Sea company, may be satisfied to them by any payments (not being less than five hundred thousand pounds of lawful money of Great less than Britain at a time) and that as the same principal monies shall be paid 500,000l. at a eff, the annuities or yearly funds of the said South-Sea company time, a proportayable in respect thereof, shall from time to time proportionably sink their annuities and be abated: be it therefore further provided and enacted by the shall cease. authority aforesaid, That at any time or times after the said seast of the nativity of Saint John Baptist one thousand seven hundred and twenty seven, upon repayment by parliament to the said South-Sea company of any sum or sums of money (not being less than five hundred thousand pounds at a time) in part of the principal monies of the faid capital stock which shall then belong to the faid South-Sea company; and upon payment of all arrears then due to them at the respective rates aforesaid, for or upon their said annuities or yearly funds, or so much of those arrears as shall bear a proportion to their principal sums, from time to time, remaining unfatisfied, being computed by the day, until the time of every such payment of part of the principal respectively; and upon payment of all arrears then due for or upon the said yearly sums, or their part of the said yearly sums for charges of management; then from and after every such payment so made to the said South-Sea company, so much of their faid annuities or yearly funds, as shall bear proportion to the monies fo paid in part of the faid principal, shall cease, determine, and be abated; any thing in this or any former act or acts of parliament contained, or other matter or thing whatsoeyer to the contrary notwithstanding.

And on repayment to the bank of any fum not less than 250,000l. at a sine, a proportional part of their annuities to cease. The like clause for the East-India company. After such redemption the duties applicable thereto shall be understood to be redeemed by parliament. Bank to continue a corporation till all the shares transferred to them by the South-Sea company be redeemed. After the ingraftments, shares not exceeding rook

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Anno septimo Georgii I. stat.i. c.s. [1720. in the whole, may be transferred without stamp or other charges for such

That it shall and may be lawful to and for the faid united com-

transfers. XXXII. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid,

lick to them.

company may pany of merchants of England trading to the East Indies, and take upmonies their successors, and they are hereby enabled from time to time, on their comon at any time or times to their own good-liking, to borrow or
mon feal, &c.
not exceeding the fum due
the fum due
under their common feal for carrying on their trade, or for lendfrom the publick to them.

The whole fum which they shall owe at any one time this act, the whole sum which they shall owe at any one time do not exceed the sum due at that time from the publick to the said company, or the sum of sive millions of pounds sterling in the whole.

not borrow dit of their nor for a

Eaft-India

East-India XXXIII. And it is hereby provided and enacted by the auunited company, or their fuccessors, to borrow, owe or give semoney on cre- curity for any fum or fums of money, on credit of their capital capital flock, flock or yearly fund, or upon any increase thereof to be made in pursuance of this act, or any part thereof; and that it shall not be lawful to or for the same united company, or their successors, preater sum than shall be lawful to or for the same united company, or their trade, &c. sum of money, than such as shall be really and bona side expended and laid out in and for the buying of goods, bullion or modifies to be exported for the proper account of the same shall be really and bona side expended and laid out in and for the buying of goods, bullion or shall be really and bona side expended and laid out in and for the proper account of the same company, or shall be otherwise employed in their trade, or shall he really and bena fide advanced or lent on the bottom of any thip or vessel, ships or vessels, or on goods or merchandizes on board any ship or vessel, ships or vessels, of the same united company, or that is, are or shall be employed in the service of the same united company, to any captains or commanders, agent, failors, fervants or other perion or persons, which shall at any time or times be employed in the service of the same united company; all which sum or sums of money so to be borrowed for the purposes aforesaid, or any of them, shall be borrowed only on their common seal, and shall not be made payable or bona fide agreed to be paid on demand, or at any time less than bona fide agreed to be paid on demand, or at any time less than fix months from the time of borrowing thereof; and that it shall not be lawful for the said united company of merchants of England trading to the East-Indies, or their successors, to discount any bills of exchange, or other bills or notes whatfoever, or to keep any books or cash of or for any person or persons, bodies politick or corporate whatsoever, other than only the proper monies and cash of the same united company; any thing in this

and may not discount bills, or keep cash for others.

6 Geo. 1. c. 4. of his Majesty's reign it was enacted, That the said corporation of the governor and company of merchants of Great Britain, commonly called the South-Sea company, should pay into the receipt of his Majesty's

act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

exchequer the sum of sour millions one hundred fifty six thousand three hundred and fix pounds four shillings and eleven pence, by such proportions and at such times as are thereby appointed for the payment thereof, and such further sums to be computed after the rate of four years and an half's purchase, and such further sums to be computed after the rate of one year's purchase, as are therein mentioned, by quarterly payments at such seast-days as were thereby limited for the payment thereof; and in case any failure in payment should be made of the said sum of sour millions one hundred sifty six thousand three bundred and six pounds four shillings and eleven pence, or of the said sums to be paid after the rate of sour years and an balf's purchase, or after the rate of one year's purchase, or any of them, or any part thereof, a remedy is by the said ast provided for recovery of the money, whereof such failure in payment should be made, with damages after the rate of sive pounds per centum per appum. and the same corthe rate of five pounds per centum per annum, and the same cor-poration, and their stock and fund, were thereby made subject and liable thereunto: and it was thereby provided, enacted and declared, That the said sum of four millions one hundred fifty six thousand three hundred and six pounds four shillings and eleven pence, and the said hundred and six pounds sour shillings and eleven pence, and the said several sums to be paid after the said rates of sour years and an half's purchase, and one year's purchase, and every of them, and every part thereof, as sast as the same should be paid into the same receipt, should be applied in manner sollowing, (that is to say) That out of the sirst monies arising of or for the said several sums so to be paid into the said receipt, every or any of them, such publick debts and incumbrances, carrying interest or annuities after the rate of sive pounds per centum per annum, or more, incurred before the twenty sists of December one thousand seven hundred and sixteen, sounded upon any former ast or acts of parliament in that behalf (not being part of the capital slock or fund of the said South-Sea company) as were then redeemable, or might be redeemed at any time or times on or were then redcemable, or might be redeemed at any time or times on or before the twenty fifth of December one thousand seven hundred and twenty two, should be redeemed and paid off in the first place; and that after the same should be redeemed and paid off, or money sufficient should be reserved in the exchequer for redeeming and paying off the same, according to the true meaning of that act, then all the off the same, according to the true meaning of that act, then all the rest, residue and remainder of the said sum of four millions one hundred sifty six thousand three kundred and six pounds four shillings and eleven pence, and of the said sums to be computed after the said several rates of sour years and an half's purchase, and on every of them, and of every part thereof, and at the same residues and remainders, from time to time, should grow the same the said South See courtery, and at the same should or due from the said South-Sea company, and as the same should or ought to be paid into the said receipt of exchequer, should be applied for or towards paying off so much of the capital stock and increased capital stock of the same South-Sea company, as should then carry annuities after the rate of sive pounds per centum per annum; and that upon every such payment or reserving money as aforesaid, to make such payment to the said South-Sea company a proportional part of fuch payment to the fuid South-Sea company, a proportional part of their annuities or yearly fund, or of their annuities or yearly fund to be increased by that act, for which that rate is or should be payable, X 3

should cease and determine, as by the same all (relation being thereunto had) may more fully appear: now it is by this present act provided, declared and enacted by the authority aforesaid, That South-Sea company to pay into the exchequer year's pur-chase. Discharged by the rates of four years and an half's purchase, and one year's 7 Geo. 1. stat. 2. purchase; and that the same shall be payable by such propor-

9 Geo. z. c. 6. tions, and at or by such respective days or times of payment, as in and by this present act are limited and appointed for the pay-

Times of pay. ment thereof, and not otherwise; that is to say, one full and equal fourth part of the respective sums so payable shall be paid on or before the feast of the annunciation of the Blessed Virgin Mary which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and twenty two; one other full and equal fourth part thereof on or before the feast of the nativity of Saint John Baptist which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and twenty two; one other full and equal fourth part thereof on or before the feast of Saint Michael the Archangel which shall be in the year of our Lordone thousand seven hundred and twenty two; and the remaining full and equal fourth part of the faid respective sums so payable on or before the feast of the birth of our Lord Christ which shall be in the said year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and twenty two; in full payment and satisfaction as well of the said sum of sour millions one hundred fifty fix thousand three hundred and fix pounds four shillings and eleven pence, as of the said several sures to be paid after the said rates of sour years and an half's purchase, Andtheirstock and one year's purchase respectively; and that the said South-Sea and sunds are company, and their stock and funds (except such part thereof as made liable to shall be assigned to the said governor and company of the bank the payment. of England and East-India company, or either of them, pursuant to this act) are and shall be subject and liable to the payment of the said several sums at or before the said respective days and

pounds four shillings and eleven pence, and the said sums after the rates of four years and an half's purchase, and one year's

the payment.

in the faid former act contained to the contrary notwithstanding, XXXV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, payment the exchequer pany in the payment of all or any part or parcel, parts or partmay flop their cels of the faid feveral fums of four millions one hundred fifty weekly payments, &c. ven pence, and of the faid fums to be paid after the rate of four years and an half's purchase and one year's purchase, or any of them, at the respective days or times by this act limited for the payment thereof; then the commissioners of the treasury, or any

times by this act appointed for the payment thereof, without any deduction, defalcation or abatement whatfoever; any thing

Anno septimo GEORGII L. stat. 1. C. 5. 1720.]

three or more of them, or the high treasurer for the time being, or the officers of the exchequer for the time being, shall, and they respectively are hereby authorized, enjoined and required to cause the money whereof such default in payment shall be made, with interest for the same, after the rate of sive pounds per centum per annum (such interest to be computed upon the monies whereof such failure in payment shall be made, from the respective days and times on which the same ought to have been so paid, until satisfaction of the principal) to be stopt out of the monies which, weekly or otherwise, shall be payable to the said corporation of the South-Sea company at the exchequer for or upon their annuities or yearly funds (except such parts thereof as shall be assigned or transferred to the said other corporations, or either of them, as aforefaid) and to cause the principal and interest so stopt to be applied as is herein after directed in that behalf.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted by the authority afore- How the mosaid, That all the monies to be paid into the exchequer, as a nies to be paid foresaid, by the said South-Sea company, or to be stopt, as afore-into the ex-said, of or for the said sum of four millions one hundred sifty six be applied. thousand three hundred and six pounds, four shillings and eleven pence, and the faid several sums to be computed after the said respective rates of four years and an half's purchase and one year's purchase, or for interest of the same, or any part thereof, and every of them, and every part thereof, as fast as the same shall be paid into the same receipt, pursuant to this act, shall be applied in manner following, (that is to say) That out of the first monies arising of or for the said several sums so to be paid or stopt, every or any of them, such publick debts and incumbrances, carrying interest or annuities after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, or more, incurred before the twenty fifth day of December one thousand seven hundred and sixteen, founded upon any former act or acts of parliament in that behalf (not being part of the capital stock or fund of the said South-Sea company, or by them to be affigned or transferred, as aforesaid) as were redeemable on the said twenty fifth of December one thousand seven hundred and sixteen, or might be redeemed at any time or times, on or before the twenty sist of December one thousand seven hundred twenty two, shall be redeemed and paid off in the first place; and that after the same shall be redeemed and paid off, or money sufficient shall be reserved in the exchequer for redeeming and paying off the same, according to the true meaning of this act, then all the rest, residue and remainder of the said sum of sour millions one hundred fifty six thousand three hundred and six pounds four shillings and eleven pence, and of the said sums to be computed after the said several rates of four years and an half's purchase and one year's purchase, and of the monies payable for interest, as aforesaid, and of every of them, and of every part thereof, as the same residues and remainders, from time to time, shall grow due from the said South-Sea company, and as the same shall or ought to be paid

into the said receipt of exchequer, shall from time to time be applied (so far as the same from time to time will extend) towards paying off and discharging so much and such parts of the capital stock which shall then belong to the said South-Sea company, and to the said governor and company of the bank of England, and to the said East-India company, and every or any of them respectively, as by the tenor and true meaning of this and the said former act were to carry annuities payable at the exchequer after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, till the twenty fourth day of June one thousand seven hundred and twenty seven, and afterwards at the rate of four pounds per centum per annum, till redemption by parliament, and towards paying off and redeeming so much of the same annuities which shall then be payable at the exchequer in respect of the capital stock which shall be so paid off and discharged; which application of the monies last mentioned shall be made in proportion to the respective quantities of capital stock, which in pursuance of this or the faid former acts shall then appear to belong to the said South-Sea company, and to the faid bank of England, and to the said East-India company, and every of them respectively, and not otherwise; and the commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, and the high treasurer for the time being, are hereby directed and authorized to cause all the monies arising of or for the faid sum of four millions one hundred fifty six thou-fand three hundred and six pounds four shillings and eleven pence, and the said sums to be paid after the said rates of four years and an half's purchase, and one year's purchase, and of or for such interest, as aforesaid, and every of them, and every part thereof, to be applied in the manner and form by this present act pre-

payment a proportional ceale.

scribed touching or concerning the same, and not otherwise.

XXXVII. And it is hereby enacted, That upon every such On every such payment, or reserving such money in the exchequer to make fuch payment to the faid South Sea company, and to the faid governor and company of the bank of England, and the faid Eastannuities shall India company, every or any of them respectively, a proportional part of the annuities or yearly funds then belonging to them, and every or any of them respectively, for which the said rate of five pounds per centum per annum is payable, as aforesaid, and for which so much of their capital stock shall be paid off, or for which money shall be so reserved, from time to time, shall cease and determine; any thing in this or any former act or acts of parliament contained, or other matter or thing whatfoever to the contrary notwithstanding.

6 Geo. T. C. A

XXXVIII. And whereas by virtue of the aforesaid at of the Recital of the fixth year of his Majesty's reign, certain bills, commonly called excheacts about exquer-bills, then standing out, which were therein estimated to amount the fixth of the sixth of King George. ten shillings, or therechouts, in principal money, were appointed to be called or brought in, and to be changed for new bills, to be made forth in the method which was thereby prescribed, and in pursuance of the same act several new bills have been made forth for several sums of

money,

money, whereof the principal hath not exceeded the said sum of eight bundred ninety fix thousand fix bundred fixty two pounds and ten-shillings, adding thereunto the interest that was due upon the old bills, fillings, adding thereunto the interest that was are upon the oid oids, as by the said ast was directed; and by the same act the said South-Sea company, and their successors, or their court of directors on their behalf, were enjoined, during the term of seven years, reckoned from the seast of the nativity of Saint John Baptist one thousand seven bundred and twenty, to furnish ready money for exchanging and circulating the new exchequer-bills which should be made forth by virtue of that act; and in case any other act should be made for making forth act surface furnish exchange hills to be current at any time or of that aet; and in case any other aet should be made for making forth any further sum or sums in exchequer-bills to be current at any time or times within or during the said term of seven years, as is therein mentioned, then the said South-Sea company, and their successors, were by the said first mentioned aet (in part before recited) enjoined and required (during so much of the said term of seven years as the bills to be made forth by such other aet should have a joint currency with the bills to be made forth by the said first mentioned aet) to surrents nish a proportional part or parts of such ready money as should be sufficient for exchanging and circulating all the bills so current, which proportional parts were to be aftertained and determined as by the fame act is prescribed. And whereas by virtue of another act of the fixth year of his Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for making 6 Geo. 1. c. 10. forth new exchequer-bills, not exceeding one million, at a certain interest, and for lending the same to the South-Sea company at an higher interest, upon security of repaying the same and such high interest into the exchequer, for uses to which the fund for lessening the publick debts, called the sinking sund, is applicable, and for circulating and exchanging upon demand, the said bills at or near the exchequer, feveral other new exchequer-bills, amounting to one million in principal monies, were made forth for the purpose in that act mentioned; and by the same last mentioned act the commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or the high treasurer for the time being, are enjoined and required (so long as the exchequer-bills, made forth by virtue of that act, should long as the exchequer-bills, made forth by virtue of that act, should bave a joint currency, or be current at the same times with the bills to be made forth by virtue of the said sirst mentioned act) to surnish out of the monies of the fund or security herein after mentioned, or out of loans to be made thereupon, a proportional part of the ready money which should be sufficient for exchanging and circulating all the bills which should be jointly current; which proportional part so to be surnished on behalf of the publick, was thereby prescribed to be so much as, together with a proportional part, which, from time to time, should or ought to be surnished by the said South-Sea company, should be sufficient to support the currency of all the said bills; and by the act last mentioned, the sum of three hundred twenty eight thousand six hundred seventy three pounds sour shillings and ten pence and by the act last mentioned, the sum of three number at wenty eight thousand six hundred seventy three pounds sour shillings and ten pence balfpenny, then remaining in the exchequer, and in the same act particularly specified, and the monies which (from and after the application of a certain sum of sive hundred and twenty thousand pounds therein also particularly specified) should arise of or for the surplusses, excesses and overplusses, commonly called the sinking sund, therein

in also mentioned, are declared and enacted to be a fund or security for furnishing such proportions of ready money as are last before menfor furnifing fuch proportions of ready money as are last before men-tioned for or towards exchanging and circulating all the faid exchequer-bills, during their joint currency. And whereas in and by the act last in part before recited, the commissioners of his Majesty's treasury were impowered to issue or cause to be issued by way of loan or advance the said bills not exceeding one million to the South-Sea company, the same corporation giving security upon their annuity or yearly fund for repayment of the principal sum so lent, with interest, within such time as by that act was limited; and the commissioners of the treasury, and as by that act was limited; and the commissioners of the treasury, and bigh treasurer for the time being, are by that act directed and required to take especial care that upon repayment of the principal monies so to be lent, the same, with the interest or increase accruing thereupon, should be received and applied in the sirst place to the paying off and discharging the said exchequer-bills for one million; and that the surplus thereof, after paying off and discharging the same wills, should be placed at the receipt of exchequer, to and for the same wies to which the monies of the surplusses, excesses and overplusses, commonly called the sinking sund, are applicable; and that the said South-Sea company shall make just account of the principal so borrowed, and the interest and increase thereof, and of the repayment of the same principal, with the said interest or increase thereof, into the exchequer in manner, as aforesaid; and in default of paying the said monies, with the said interest or increase thereof, then the commissioners of the tree-sury, or any three or more of them, or the high treasurer for the time being, were thereby authorized and required to cause the monies so lent being, were thereby authorized and required to cause the monies so lent to be stopt out of the monies which weekly or otherwise should be payable to the South-Sea company at the exchequer, for or upon their annuities or yearly sund, together with so much more as the interest of the said monies so unpaid shall amount unto, and to cause the principal and interest so stopic, to be applied and placed in the exchequer, as eforesaid; as by the said several asts (herein before in part recited) relation being thereunto severally had, doth more sully appear. And whereas the said sum of sive hundred and twenty thousand pounds, since the making of the ast last before in part recited, is compleatly satisfied, or sufficient money is reserved in the exchequer for that purpose, and pursuant to the same ast, the said exchequer-bills amounting to one million, were on the seventh day of June one thousand seven bundred and twenty (as by a certificate signed by the auditor of the being, were thereby authorized and required to cause the monies so lent bundred and twenty (as by a certificate figned by the auditor of the receipt of the exchequer doth appear) issued by way of loan or advance to the said South-Sea company, upon a security under their common feal by an instrument or writing, bearing date the fourth day of June one thousand seven hundred and twenty, for repayment of the same in good and lawful money of Great Britain into the exchequer at Westminster at the end of one year, to be reckoned from the time of issuing the said bills, with interest after the rate of four pounds per centum per annum, as by the same instrument or writing, relation being thereunto had, may also appear: now to the end that all the exchequer-bills for the said sum of one million, and the interest thereor, may effectually be discharged out of the monies to be repaid by the same company, with the interest thereof as aforesaid, at or before

Anno septimo Georgii I. stat. 1. c. 5.

before the time herein after limited in that behalf, whereby the joint currency may cease, and the publick may be eased of the burthen and charge of contributing thereunto; and to the end the faid excesses, surplusses and overplus monies, called the sinking fund, and other the publick monies aforesaid, after their being freed from the incumbrance of the exchequer-bills last mentioned, may be at liberty to be applied towards lessening or reducing the publick debts and incumbrances, according to the true intent and meaning of this present act; it is hereby provided enacted and declared by the authority aforciaid, That the ed, enacted and declared by the authority aforesaid, That the said corporation, called the South-Sea company, or their succession, called the South-Sea company, or their succession of said corporation called the South-Sea company, or their succession of said company shall day of June which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand repay into the exchequer by seven hundred twenty two (although any assignment or assign—7 June 1722. ments before that time shall or shall not have been made to the 1000,000. faid other companies, or either of them, in pursuance of this with interest, act, as aforesaid) shall well and truly repay or cause to be repaid into the said receipt of exchequer the said sum of one million, together with interest then due for the same; and that upon such repayment the monies so remaid with the interest or in on such repayment the monies so repaid, with the interest or increase accruing thereupon, shall be applied in the first place to to be applied the paying off and discharging the said exchequer-bills amount- to paying off and to one million, with such interest as shall be due thereupon; the exchequer and that the surplus thereof, after paying off and discharging the bills, &cc. bills last mentioned, shall be placed and applied to the same uses to which the monies of the said sinking fund are to be applied; and that an account of the monies so borrowed and repaid, and of the interest thereof, shall be made, as by the said former act was prescribed; and in default of repaying the said sum of one million, with the interest or increase thereof, according to this act, then the annuity and annuities which shall be then payable In default at the receipt of the exchequer to the said South-Sea company (extheir annuities may be affigned or transferred to the said other companies, or either of them, as aforesaid) shall and may be stope by the commissioners of the treasury, or any three of them, or by the high treasurer for the time being, or by the officers of the exchequer for the time being; and the said exchequer-bills amounting to one million shall and may be called in and cancelled by and with the monies so stopt, in the manner prescribed by the said former act in that behalf.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted by the authority afore- After diffaid, That after discharging the said exchequer-bills amounting charging to one million, with all the interest which shall be due there, those bills, &c. upon, and after paying off such publick debts and incumbrances carrying interest or annuities after the rate of sive pounds per centum per annum, or any higher interest or annuity sounded upon any former act or acts of parliament in that behalf, as may be redeemed before the faid feast of the nativity of Saint Baptist one thousand seven hundred and twenty seven, or reserving money sufficient in the exchequer for those purposes; then

Then all the capital flock of the three

companies,

all the monies of the faid fum of three hundred twenty eight finking fund, thousand six hundred seventy three pounds four shillings and ten &cc. shall be Sec. shall be applied to-wards paying plus monies, commonly called the sinking fund, which then off part of the shall or ought to remain in the receipt of the exchequer, and all the faid overplus (if any be) of the faid interest-monies, which shall be paid by the said South-Sea company for the said million lent as aforesaid, shall immediately, or as soon as the monies then resting of the said sinking fund can be computed, shall be applied (so far as the same will extend) towards paying off and discharging so much and such parts of the capital stock, which shall then belong to the said South-Sea company, and to the said governor and company of the bank of England, and to the said East-India company, and to every or any of them respectively, as by the tenor and true meaning of this and the faid former act in that behalf are to carry annuities payable at the exchequer, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, till the twenfourth of June one thousand seven hundred and twenty-seven, and afterwards at the rate of four pounds per centum per annum, till redemption by parliament, and towards paying off and redeeming so much of the same annuities which shall then be payable at the exchequer, in respect of the capital stock which shall be so paid off and discharged; which application of the monies last mentioned shall be made in proportion to the respective quantities of capital stock, which in pursuance of this and the said former acts shall then appear to belong to the said South-Sea company, and to the said bank of England, and to the said East-India company, and every of them respectively, and not other-

All the monies fund before 24 June 1720, shall be applied by even fums of 100.000 l. for discharging part of the capital stock of the faid

companies,

and thereupon a propor-tional part of tional part of their annuities company, and every or any of them respectively, of any part of shall cease, their said capital stock, a proportional part of their annuities or yearly funds, payable at the faid rate of five pounds per centum

XL. And it is hereby further enacted by the authority aforeof the finking faid, That all the monies of the faid furplusses, excesses and overplus monies, commonly called the finking fund, which after the application of fo much thereof as is in and by this act before directed to be applied or referved as aforefaid, shall arise and be brought into the exchequer, at any time or times before the faid feast of the nativity of Saint John the Baptist which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and twenty seven, shall and may be applied, at the end of every year, so far as the same will from time to time extend, by even sums of one hundred thousand pounds at a time, for or towards paying off and discharging part of the said capital stocks of the said South-Sea company, and of the bank of England, and of the said East-Incia company respectively, in proportion to the respective quantities of the faid stock which shall then belong to those corporations respectively; and upon every payment to be made in pursuance of this act to the said South-Sea company, and to the governor and company of the bank of England, and to the faid East-India

> per annum, for to much of the said capital stock as shall be so Faid

Anno septimo Georgii I. stat. 1. c. 6.

paid off from time to time, shall cease and determine: and the said commissioners of the treasury, or any three of them, and the high treasurer for the time being, are hereby directed and authorized to cause the monies of the said sum of three hundred twenty eight thousand six hundred seventy three pounds sour shillings and ten pence halfpenny, and of the faid furplusses, excesses and overplusses, called the sinking fund, and the said overplus of the faid interest-monies, to be applied for or towards paying off the said publick debts and incumbrances, and for or towards paying off the said capital stock of the said South-Sea company, and (in case of such affignment or affignments as aforesaid) of the said capital stock of the said other companies, and reducing a proportional part of their annuities or yearly funds, as this act directs; any former law or statute, or any other matter or thing whatfoever, to the contrary notwithstanding.

XLI. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That if at Proviso for any time or times hereafter provision shall be made by authori- paying off and ty of parliament, in the lawful coins of this realm, placed in the discharging exchequer, for paying off and discharging the said exchequer- bills for the said sum of one million, the bills themselves which shall be so paid off, or for which such coined monies shall be referved in the exchequer, as is prescribed in the act (last in part 6 Geo.1. c.10. before recited) shall be discharged therewith and cancelled, as is thereby directed: and if before the first day of March one thoufand seven hundred and twenty one, or before the end of the seffion of parliament then next ensuing, coined monies shall not be raised and brought into the exchequer for discharging the bills last mentioned; then all or any of the monies which shall then remain in the exchequer, of the faid fum of three hundred twenty eight thousand six hundred seventy three pounds four shillings and ten pence halfpenny (if any such be) and all the monies which from and after such session of parliament shall quarterly

be all compleatly paid off and cancelled in the manner and form by the same act prescribed and intended; this present act, or any thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

arise of or for the said surplusses and overplus monies, called the finking fund, or otherwise, as is mentioned in the act last in part before recited, shall be applied for or towards discharging the said exchequer-bills amounting to one million, till they shall

CAP. VI.

An act for punishing mutiny and desertion, and for the better payment of the army and their quarters. EXP.

CAP. VII.

An act to preserve and encourage the woollen and filk manufattures of this kingdom, and for more effettual employing the poor, by probibiting the use and wear of all printed, painted, stained or dyed callicoes in apparel, bousbold stuff, furniture, or otherwise, after the twenty fifth day of December one thousand seven bundred and twenty two (except as therein is excepted).

WHEREAS it is most evident, That the wearing and using of printed, painted, stained and dyed callicoes in apparel, bousbold stuff, surniture, and otherwise, does manifestly tend to the great detriment of the woollen and silk manusatures of this kingdom, and to the excessive increase of the poor, and if not effectually prevented, may be the utter ruin and destruction of the said manusatures, and of many thousands of your Majesty's subjects and their families, whose livelihoods do intirely depend thereupon: for remedy thereof, may it please your most excellent Majesty. That it may be enacted, and it please your most excellent Majesty, That it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the au-After 25 Dec. thority of the same, That from and after the twenty sifth day of fhall wear in Great Britain

December which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and twenty two, it shall not be lawful for any

fence com-

mitted.

any garment person or persons whatsoever to use or wear in Great Britain, in of printed, &c. any garment or apparel whatsoever, any printed, painted, stain-callico, under the penalty of to the informer, on every such offence, being lawful monected thereof by the care of the or care of the penalty convicted thereof by the care of the care of the penalty convicted thereof by the care of the penalty of the pena conviction be- or oaths of one or more credible witness or witnesses before any fore a justice, one or more justice or justices of the peace; which justice or justices of the peace; which justice or justices is and are hereby respectively authorized and strictly enwithin fix days after of joined and required, upon any complaint or information upon oath exhibited or brought of any such offence committed, contrary to this act, within fix days after commitment thereof, to fummon the party accused, and upon his or her appearance or contempt to proceed to examination of the matter of fact, and upon due proof made thereof, either by voluntary confession of the party, or by the oath or oaths of one or more credible witness or witnesses (which oath or oaths the said justice or justices is and are hereby respectively impowered and required to administer) to hear and determine the same, and upon such conviction to cause the said penalty, by warrant under his or their hand and seal, or hands and seals respectively, to be levied by diffress and sale of the offender's goods and chattels, rendring to the party the overplus (the charge of fuch diffress and fale being first deducted;) nevertheless it shall be lawful for any party aggriev-Appeal to sef. ed to appeal to the justices of the peace at the next general quarfions, whose ter-sessions to be holden for the county, city, riding or place judgment shall where the said offence or offences shall have been committed, be final.

giving

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giving fix days notice at the least of such appeal to the prosecutor or profecutors; which justices at such general quarter-fessions are hereby authorized and impowered to hear and determine the same, and their judgment therein shall be final.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That After the said if any mercer, draper, upholder, or any other person or persons 25 Dec. meror corporation whatsoever, shall at any time or times after the cer, &c. sell-said twenty sifth day of December one thousand seven hundred ing any printed, and twenty two, sell, utter or expose to sale any printed, painted, or any bed, stained or dyed callico, or any bed, chair, cushion, window-&c. made curtain or other houshold stuff or furniture whatsoever, made up thereof, unless of or mixed with any printed, painted, ftained or dyed callico, for exportation, thereof, and unless the same shall be cleartion, stall forfeit as l.

The same of the same shall be clearfeit as l.

The same of same shall for exportation, every such person or corporation so offending shall for exportation, every such person or corporation for offending shall for exposed to the same shall be same shal ry offence, being lawfully convicted thereof, forfeit and pay the fum of twenty pounds of lawful money of Great Britain, to be recovered as is herein after directed; and every fteward or other officer of such corporation, or his deputy, offending herein, and and officer of being lawfully convicted of such offence, shall, over and besides a corporation the forfeiture or penalty aforesaid, forfeit and lose his office and offending shall moreover lose moreover lose employment and be incapable to hold the same.

His office.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, No such calliThat from and after the said twenty fifth day of December one co to be used thousand seven hundred and twenty two, it shall not be lawful in any bed, for any person or persons to use or wear in Great Britain, in or chair, &c. on about any bed, chair, cushion, window-curtain or any other sort of houshold stuff or furniture, any printed, painted, stained or dyed callico (except as herein after is excepted) under the penalty of sorseiting, their of lawfully convicted) the sum penalty of forfeiting (being thereof lawfully convicted) the sum of twenty pounds of lawful money of Great Britain, to be reco-

vered as herein after is directed.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, How the for-That one moiety of all pecuniary penalties and forfeitures imfeitures fhall posed by this act, where the same shall exceed five pounds, shall be applied be to the informer or prosecutor, and the other moiety to the ed. poor of the parish or place where the offence shall be committed; and fuch penalties as are not herein directed to be otherwise recovered, shall be recovered by action of debt, bill, plaint or information in any of his Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, for offences committed in England, Wales or Berwick upon Tweed, or in his Majesty's court of session, court of justiciary, or court of exchequer in Scotland, for offences committed in that part of Great Britain, together with full costs of suit, by any person or persons who shall sue for the same within six calendar months next after the offence committed; and that in any such action or fuit no essoin, protection, privilege or wager of law shall be allowed, nor any more than one imparlance.

V. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if it Persons con shall appear, that any person convicted of any offence against this victed may be act shall be sheltered or protected, or doth or shall reside or in- taken out of

habit any pretended

the forfei-

tures.

privilege place habit in any pretended privilege place whatsoever, every such of-by warrant of fender shall and may be taken from thence by warrant under any of the judges in Eng. the hand and seal of any of his Majesty's justices of the court of land, or of the King's bench, common pleas or barons of the exchequer, in lords of session, England, Wales or Berwick upon Tweed, or by warrant under the &c. in Scothand and seal of any of the lords of session, judges of the court land, and land, and committed to of justiciary or barons of the exchequer, in Scotland; and shall common gaol be by any such justice, lord of session, judge or baron commitcommon gaol till payment of ted to the common gaol of the county or place where the offence

Not to extend to callicoes made up in any bed, &c. before Dec.25, 1722.

posed by this act, with full costs.

VI. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That this act, or any thing therein contained, shall not extend or be construed to extend in any wife to any callicoes which have already been, or which before the faid twenty fifth day of December one thousand seven hundred and twenty two shall be made up or used in any bed, chair, cushion, window-curtain or other fort of houshold stuff or furniture: provided the same be continued to be worn and used in such houshold stuff or furniture, and not otherwise.

VII. Provided also, That nothing in this act contained shall VII. Provided also, That nothing in this act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to repeal, make void or alter

was committed, there to remain without bail or mainprize, till payment and fatisfaction of all penalties and forfeitures im-

Nor to repeal, &c. any law for prohibiting callicoes printed in fo-

any law now in force for prohibiting callicoes printed, painted, dyed or stained in foreign parts, or for prohibiting any other goods or manufactures whatsoever. reign parts. VIII. Provided also, and be it enacted and declared by the authority aforesaid, That all persons and bodies corporate who shall, on or before the said twenty sifth day of December one thousand seven hundred and twenty two, export any callicoes, shall be entitled to and have such and the same allowances and advantages upon the exportation thereof, as fully as if the same had been exported within twelve months after the importation thereof; any law, usage or custom to the contrary notwith-

Exporters of callicoes before the faid 25 Dec. en-titled to the fame allowances as if exported in 12 months after importation.

standing.

IX. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any person or persons shall be sued or prosecuted for any thing done or to be done, in pursuance of this act, such person or per-General issue. sons may plead the general issue, and give this act and the special matter in evidence; and if the plaintiff or plaintiffs, profecutor or profecutors, thall become nonfuit, or forbear profecution, or suffer discontinuance; or if a verdict pass against him, her or them, the defendant or defendants shall have treble costs,

and shall have the like remedy for the same, as in any case where

hibit,

Treble costs.

costs are by law given to defendants.

X. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That The like pethe prohibition of callicoes intended by this act, and the penalwearing or using in apparties thereby inflicted for wearing or using printed, painted, stain-rel or houshold ed or dyed callico in apparel, houshold stuff or furniture, after stuff, any stuff the twenty fifth day of December one thousand seven hundred and made of or twenty two, contrary to this act, shall respectively extend to pro-

nalties for wearing or

hibit, and shall be levied and recovered for wearing or using in mixt with cotapparel, houshold stuff or furniture, after the said twenty fifth ton printed, day of December one thousand seven hundred and twenty two, muslins, &c. any stuff made of cotton or mixt therewith, which shall be print- 9 Geo.2. c.4. ed or painted with any colour or colours, or any callico chequer-ed or striped, or any callico stitched or slowered in foreign parts with any colour or colours, or with coloured flowers made there (muslins, neckcloths and fustians excepted) in such manner as the penalties inflicted by this act for wearing or using printed, painted, stained or dyed callico in apparel, houshold stuff or surniture after the said twenty fifth day of *December* one thousand seven hundred and twenty two, contrary to this act, are to be levied or recovered; but under such limitations, and with such liberties, privileges and advantages as are mentioned and expressed in this act, or in any other act or acts of parliament now in force relating thereto or relating to printed, painted, stained or dyed callicoes.

XI. Provided, That nothing in this act contained shall extend Not to extend or be construed to extend to such callicoes as shall be dyed all to callicoes dyed all blue. blue.

CAP. VIII.

An act for enlarging the time for making the river Kennet navigable from Reading to Newbury in the county of Berks.

The time for making the Kennet navigable enlarged from June 1, 1721, 3Geo.2.6.35. to June 1, 1723, with all the powers, &c. in the recited act. If the undertakers shall not have finished their undertaking by June 1, 1723, the commissioners may appoint others, who shall have the same powers, &c. and the powers, &c. of the former undertakers to cease. The undertakers to make the river navigable from the wharf in Reading to the hospital in Newbury.

CAP. IX.

An act for the better preservation of the harbour of Rye in the county of Sussex.

No new walls, banks, &c. shall be set up to hinder the flux and reflux of the sea, between the mouth of Rye harbour and New Shut near Craven Sluce. Such new erected walls, &c. declared publick nusances, and may be prosecuted as such. Action shall be laid in the county where the matter arises, and defendant may plead the general issue, &c.

CAP. X.

An act for making the river Weaver navigable from Frodsham-Bridge to
Winsford-Bridge in the county of Chester.

Undertakers and trustees appointed for making the river Weaver navigable from Frodsham-Bridge to Winsford-Bridge. Powers given to the undertakers. Undertakers to give satisfaction to the owners of lands, mills, &c. Commissioners appointed for determining differences between the undertakers and proprietors or occupiers of lands, wears, mills, &c. Persons distaisshed with the determination of the commissioners, or declining such mediation, or who, on convenient notice, shall refuse to treat with the undertakers, or shall not, or cannot agree, the commissioners shall issue their warrant for the impanelling of a jury, to the sherisff or coroners of Chester, who shall return a jury accordingly, on forfeiture of 501. Commissioners may summon witnesses, and order the jury to view the places in question. Juries to enquire of and assess Commissioners to give judgment for the sums so assessed. None shall act as a commissioner who has not VOL. XIV.

Anno leptimo GEORGII I. stat. I. C. 11, 12. [1720. sool. per annum, or is any ways concerned. Undertakers may demand 13. 3d. per tun for all goods, &c. carried on the river, till the charges of making it navigable be satisfied; and after 16. only per tun. Masters of boats, &c. answerable for any mischief done by their boats or crew. Owners, &c. of lands may use pleasure boats without paying any duty. The river shall be free for all the King's subjects, paying the duty. Saving of all royalties of fishing and fowling. Manure, &c. not to pay duties. Undertakers may make Witton Brook navigable, so as they do not prejudice Witton-Mills. Commissioners to meet yearly to take and examine the undertakers accounts, and their allowance shall be a sufficient discharge. After the work shall be sinished, and all payments satissied, the produce of the duties to be employed in repairing publick bridges, &c. So much of the clear produce as justices in session shall think sit, shall be employed in mending the highways near the river. The surplus to be employed in amending the highways in the county. Number of undertakers, in case of death, &c. to be supplied by the commissioners. Undertakers not having made the river navigable in ten years, from June 24, 1721, the commissioners may appoint others.

C A P. XI.

An act for finishing and adorning the new chapel, called Saint George's chapel, in Great Yarmouth in the county of Norfolk, and for enlightening the streets of the said town, by a duty or imposition on coals, culm and cinders to be landed and consumed there.

Saint George's chapel in Yarmouth shall be compleated. Lights placed in the town, and such provision made for the ministers, as the mayor, &c. shall direct. Ministers to be licensed by the bishop of Norwich, and nominated by the mayor, &c. After 25 March 1721, a duty of 2 s. per chalder for all coals &c. unladed at Yarmouth, shall be paid by the mafter of the wessel to such persons as the mayor, &c. shall direct, for the space of 35 years; and from thence 1 s. per chalder for ever. The mayor, &c. may nominate collectors, and remove them at pleasure. Coals, &c. landed at Yarmouth, and afterwards carried into Norsolk, Sussolk, or the city of Norwich, collector shall repay the duties. Collectors to pay 1 s. 4d. per chalder of cinders made of coals that have paid the duty. The money borrowed to be applied to the uses in the act. After the money borrowed is repaid, the mayor, &c. shall apply the overplus for the publick benefit of the town. The town of Yarmouth shall continue but one parish, and the churchwardens to have the said powers relating to the new chapel as to the parish church. The mayor, &c. may allow a drawback for coals used in making of salt. After 25 March 1721, the act 12 Ann. stat. 2. c. 1. 2 private act, shall cease.

CAP. XII.

An all for implaying the manufalturers and encouraging the consumption of rare silk and mohair yarn, by probibiting the wearing of buttons and button-boles made of cloth, serge or other fluffs.

WHEREAS by an act made in the eighth year of the reign of her late Majesty Queen Anne, intituled, An act for im-8 Ann. c. 6. ploying the manufacturers by encouraging the confumption of raw filk and mohair yarn, suggesting therein, amongst other things, That the maintenance of many thousands of men, women and children within this kingdom of Great Britain depends upon the making of silk, mohair yarn and thread buttons and button-holes with the needle; and that great numbers of throwsters, twisters, spinners, winders, dyers and others are employed in preparing materials of which such buttons and button-holes are made; it was provided, That from and after the

five and twentieth day of March one thousand seven hundred and ten no buttons or button-holes made of cloth, serge, drugget, frize, camblet or any other stuffs, should be made, set or bound on any clothes or wearing garments what soever had any taylor or other person or person or person or the fact that the series was any taylor or the fact of the series when some the fact that the series was the series of the series o fons what sower, on the forfeitures and penalties in the said act contained: and whereas for making the said recited at more effectual, another at was made in the fourth year of his present Majesty, intituled, An act for making more effectual an act made in the eighth year of the reign of the late Queen Anne, intituled, An act for 4 Geo. 1, c. 7 imploying the manufacturers by encouraging the confumption of raw filk and mohair yarn: and whereas the faid several acts have not effectually answered the good ends thereby proposed, and buttons and button-holes made of cloth, serge, drugget, frizes, camblet and other the said stuffs, are still usually made, set and bound on clothes and wearing garments, to the great impoverishment of the said manufacturers of needle-work buttons and button-holes, and other the said persons employed in preparing the materials thereof, and to the excessive interease of the poor, and, if not prevented, may be the utter ruin of the said manusasturers and many thousands of your Majesty's subjects and their families, whose livelihoods do introduced thereupon there were the said the said there whereof may it was a said to the said the said there whereof may it was said to the said for remedy whereof, may it please your most excellent Majesty, that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present parliament affembled, and by the authority of the same, That from and after the nine and twentieth day of September which shall be After 29 Sept. in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and twen-1722, no per-ty two, it shall not be lawful for any person or persons whatso-on sany clothes ever, within the kingdom of Great Britain, to use or wear on buttons made any clothes, garments or apparel whatsoever any buttons or but- of cloth, &c. ton-holes made of or bound with cloth, ferge, drugget, frize, on penalty of camblet, or any stuffs whereof clothes or wearing garments are 40 s. per do-usually made; and that if any person or persons whatsoever, within the kingdom of Great Britain, shall use or wear any buttons or button-holes made of or bound with cloth, serge, drug-get, frize, camblet or other stuffs as aforesaid, such person or persons being thereof lawfully convicted by the oath of one or more credible witness or witnesses, or by confession of the party, in manner as is herein after mentioned, shall forfeit for every dozen of such buttons or button-holes so used or worn the sum of forty shillings, or in proportion for every lesser quantity of such ; buttons and button-holes; to be recovered and distributed as herein after is provided.

II. And for the more easy conviction of offenders against this Conviction act, and for the more easy recovery of the penalties and forfei-before one justures aforesaid, be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, stice of peace. That it shall and may be lawful to and for any one or more of his Majesty's justices of the peace of the county, riding, city, town or place where any offence shall be committed against this act, or where such offender shall inhabit, and such justice or justices are hereby required and enjoined, upon any complaint or

ľ 2.

information upon the oath of one or more credible person or persons (which oath such justice or justices is and are hereby impowered and required to administer) to summon the party or parties accused, and upon his, her or their appearance or contempt to proceed to the examination of the matter of fact, and upon due proof made, either by the confession of the party, or the oath or oaths of one or more credible person or persons, of

any offence committed contrary to this act, to determine the

levied by diftrefs.

fame, and convict the offender or offenders thereof; and upon Penalties to be conviction to cause the said penalties or forseitures, upon the offender or offenders refusing to pay the same on demand, at such time or times as the said justice or justices shall appoint, by warrant or warrants under his or their hands and seals, to be levied by diffress and sale of the goods and chattels of such offender or offenders, rendring to him, her or them the overplus, if any shall be, the charges of such distress and sale being thereout first

deducted; and all and every the penalties and forfeitures under this act shall be distributed and paid in manner following, (that One moiety to is to say) one moiety thereof to him, her or them, on whose the informer, oath or oaths any perion or persons shall be convicted of any of-fence against this act, and the other moiety to the poor of the the other to the poor.

Appeal to quarter-fef-fions, whose udgment shall be final.

parish where such offence or offences shall be committed.

III. Provided nevertheles, That it shall and may be lawful to or for any party or parties aggrieved by the order, determinations. nation or warrant of such justice or justices as aforesaid, to appeal to the justices of the peace at the next general quarter-sef-fions to be holden for the county, riding, city or place where the said offence or offences shall have been committed, giving eight days notice at the least of such appeal to the prosecutor or prosecutors; which justices at the said sessions are hereby authorized and required to hear and determine the same, and their judgment therein shall be final.

IV. Provided also, That all offences against this act shall be Profecution in one month. profecuted within one month after such offence committed, and

not after. Not to extend to clothes of velvet.

V. Provided also, That nothing in this act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to any clothes or wearing apparel made of velvet.

VI. Provided also, That if any action or suit shall hereaster be commenced or profecuted against any person or persons so sued or prosecuted as aforesaid, such person or persons may plead the general issue, and give this act and the special matter in evidence; and if the plaintiff shall become nonsuited, or for-

General issue, &c.

bear further profecution, or suffer discontinuance, or a verdict to pass against him or her, or judgment upon demurrer, the defendant or defendants shall recover his, her or their treble costs, for which he, she or they shall have like remedy as in cases

where costs by law are given to defendants.

VII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid,
That this act shall be taken and allowed to be a publick act in Publick act, all courts within this kingdom of Great Britain; and all judges

Treble costs.

and justices of the peace are hereby required to take notice thereof as such, without special pleading the same.

CAP. XIII.

An all for regulating the journeymen taylors within the weekly bills of mortality.

WHEREAS great numbers of journeymen taylors, in and about the cities of London and Westminster, and others, who bave served apprenticeships, or been brought up in the art or mystery of a taylor, have lately departed from their services without just cause, and have entred into combinations to advance their wages to unreasonable prices, and lessen their usual hours of work, which is of evil example, and manifestly tends to the prejudice of trade, to the encouragement of idleness, and to the great increase of the poor: for remedy thereof, may it please your most excellent Majesty, that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the excellent majefty, by and with the advice and consent of the All contracts lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present parbetween jour-liament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That all neymen tay-contracts, covenants or agreements in writing, or not in writing, in Longon hereoterore made or entred into, or hereoter to be made or minster, for entred into, by or between any persons brought up in, or pro-advancing fessing, using or exercising the art or mystery of a taylor, or their wages, journeyman taylor, in making up mens or womens work, in or lessening their hours of the cities of London and Westminster, or either of them, or with-work, declarin the weekly bills of mortality, for advancing their wages, or ed illegal and for lessening their usual hours of work, shall be, and are here-void. by declared to be illegal, null and void to all intents and purposes; and further, that if any taylor, journeyman taylor, or Taylors enother person brought up in, or professing, using or exercising tring into such the art or mystery of a taylor, or journeyman taylor, within the agreement after the such taylor, or journeyman taylor, within the agreement after the such taylor, or journeyman taylor, within the agreement after the such taylor, or journeyman taylor, within the agreement after the such taylor, or journeyman taylor, within the agreement after the such taylor. limits aforesaid, shall at any time or times after the first day of ter I May May one thousand seven hundred and twenty one, keep up, con-committed to tinue, act in, make, enter into, fign, feal, or be knowingly in- the house of terested or concerned in any contract, covenant or agreement, correction, or by this act declared to be illegal, null and void, every person or gaol, for two months with-persons so offending, being lawfully convicted thereof upon the out bail. dath or oaths of one or more credible witness or witnesses before any two justices of the peace in their jurisdictions within the limits aforesaid, upon any information exhibited, or prosecution, within three months after the offence committed, (which oaths the faid justices are hereby impowered and required to administer) every such offender shall, by order of such justices, at their discretion be committed, either to the house of correction, there to remain and be kept to hard labour for any time not exceeding two months, or to the common gaol, as they shall see cause, there to remain without bail or mainprize for any time not exceeding two months.

II. And for declaring, limiting and appointing the hours of Hours of work work, and wages for journeymen taylors, servants, and appren- and wages ap-tices to taylors, within the limits aforesaid; be it enacted by pointed.

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the authority aforefaid, That from and after the first day of May one thousand seven hundred and twenty one, the hours of work for all journeyman taylors, fervants and apprentices to taylors, and other persons imployed or to be imployed, or retained as taylors, in making up mens or womens work, or fuch fervants or apprentices within the cities of London and Westminster, or either of them, or within the weekly bills of mortality, shall be from fix of the clock in the morning until eight of the clock at night; excepting only that there shall be allowed by the master one penny halfpenny a day for breakfast, and one hour for din-ner, in the time aforefaid; and for the said time or hours of work aforesaid there shall be paid unto every journeyman taylor, or other person imployed, or to be imployed or retained as a journeyman taylor, for his work, during the hours aforesaid, the wages and sums following, (that is to say) from the five and twentieth day of March to the four and twentieth day of June, any fum not exceeding two shillings per diem, and for the rest of

after the faid rate.

the year one shilling and eight pence per diem.

III. And be it surther enacted by the authority aforesaid, Taylors oblig. III. And he it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, ed to pay their That in case any taylor or taylors, or other person or persons journeymen, acting as such, or carrying on, psing or exercising the art or acting as such, or carrying on, using or exercising the art or mystery of a taylor within the limits aforesaid, shall hire, retain or imploy any journeyman or other person, not being an apprentice, he, she or they so hiring, retaining or imploying any such journeyman or other person atoresaid, (apprentices excepted) shall, and they are hereby obliged and required to pay them after the rate aforefaid, for the full time for which he, the or they so hire, retain or imploy them, or agree so to do.

IV. And for more easy recovering the said wages, it shall be

Wages to be recovered by diffress, for iant whereof committed till made.

lawful for any two justices of the peace within the limits afore-faid, and they are hereby authorized and required, upon comthe party to be plaint made for that purpose, to summon before them the party or parties offending, and for nonpayment of such wages, or sufficient satisfaction given for the same to the party or parties aggrieved, to illust their warrant or warrants for levying such wages due, as aforesaid, by distress and sale of the offender's goods, rendring the overplus to the owner; and for want of sufficient distrets to commit the party or parties offending to the common gaol, there to remain without bail or mainprife, until he, she or they shall pay or give fatisfaction to the party for the V. And in regard it may be reasonable upon some occasions to alten

Quarter-feftions may al-ter the faid wages and of plenty or scarcity, &c.

the wages and hours of work aforefaid, be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the juhours of work stices of the peace in their respective jurisdictions within the li-according to mits aforesaid, at their general quarter-sessions, and they are circumstances hereby authorized and required, upon application to be made to them for that purpose, to take into their consideration the plenty or scarcity of the time, and other circumstances necessarily to be considered, and to alter the wages, and hours of work aforefaid, and to order and appoint what wages and allowaped

Anno septimo Georgii I. ftat.1. C. 13.

stiall be paid or made to journeymen taylors, and servants, retained or imployed, or to be retained or imployed, in the art or mystery of a taylor, as aforesaid, within the limits aforesaid, and what hours they shall work, and shall make such alterations therein, from time to time, as fuch justices at any such general fessions shall think sit, upon application to be made to them for that purpose, and such justices shall, within the space of fourteen days next after such general sessions, cause such rates and such alterations, from time to time, to be printed, published and tions to be made known, in such manner as to them shall seem meet, at printed and the reasonable expense of any person or persons desiring the published; fame; and from and after publication thereof, all taylors, and and from their journeymen, and servants, within the limits aforesaid, are observed on hereby strictly required to observe the same, upon pain of impripant of two forment by such justices, for any time not exceeding two months in onths in the strictly required of such offence after the subdance in prison prison pain of two prisons. being lawfully convicted of such offence, after knowledge or in prisonment. formation of any such rates or alterations thereof to be made, as aforesaid, upon any profecution to be commenced within six

days after the offence committed.

VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Journeyman That if any person actually retained or imployed as a journey-taylor department taylor, or servant, in the art or mystery of a taylor, as a ing from his foresaid, within the limits aforesaid, shall at any time or times service before after the first day of May one thousand seven hundred and twenterm, or the two one, depart from his service before the end of the term or work sinished, time for which he is or shall be hired or retained, or until the or refusing to work, for which he is or shall be hired or retained, or until the or refusing to work, for which he was hired or retained, shall be finished, or enter into work, for which he was hired or retained, shall be finished, or enter into not being retained or imployed, shall refuse to enter into work sent to the or imployment (after request made for that purpose by any ma-house of confer taylor, for the wages and hours limited, or to be limited and rection for appointed, as aforesaid) unless it be for some reasonable or sufficient cause as he allowed by two instincts of the recent within ficient cause, to be allowed by two justices of the peace within the limits aforesaid; then in every such case every person so offending, being thereof lawfully convicted, as aforesaid, shall be sent to the house of correction, there to be kept to hard labour

for any time not exceeding two months. VII. And for more effectual preventing the mischiefs and in- Taylorsallow-conveniencies which may happen by non-observance of this act, ing greater or by seducing or inticing any of the journeymen taylors, or fer-journeymen vants aforesaid, from one master to another; be it enacted by shall forseit; the authority aforesaid, That if any taylor or other person professing, using or exercising the art or mystery of a taylor, as aforesaid, within the limits aforesaid, or any other person aforesaid, shall at any time after the first day of May one thoufand seven hundred and twenty one, give, allow or pay any more or greater wages than as aforesaid, for the hours of work aforesaid, to any servant or journeyman, in money, or otherwife, contrary to the intent of this act, every person so offending, being thereof lawfully convicted upon any profecution commenced within three months after the offence committed, shall forfeit and pay the sum of five pounds, one moiety where-

to the poor of the parith or place where the offence shall be committed; and every such servant or journeyman taking more or greater wagers than as aforesaid, for the hours of work afore-Tourneymen taking greater laid, being thereof convicted, as aforesaid, shall be sent to the house of correction, there to be kept to hard labour for any time not exceeding two months; and all retainers, promifes, obligations or fecurities, for any wages, pay or allowances, contrary to this act, shall be null and void.

wages to be fent to the house of correction for two months. Retainers VIII. Provided, That this act or any thing therein containcontrary to this act, void. ed, shall not extend to hinder the paying or receiving any more Not to hinder or other wages or allowances, which shall be agreed upon, for working before or after the hours of work limited or appointed, the payment of greater wages for working before or

IX. Provided also, That it shall and may be lawful for any
after the hours person aggrieved by any order or orders to be made by any two

after the hours perion aggreeved by any order or orders to be made by any two limited.

Appeal to flices of the peace, as aforefaid, to appeal to the justices of the peace affembled at the next general quarter-fessions, who shall to be holden for the city, division, parish or place where such finally deter-order shall be made, giving six days notice of such appeal; and mine, and may such justices in such general quarter-sessions, shall finally hear award costs. fonable costs to either party, as to them shall seem just.

Persons suffering by this act against this act, and who shall suffer for the same accordingly,
shall not be shall not be otherwise punished on suffer for such act.

shall not be otherwise punished, or suffer for such offence by auotherwife puthority of any law now in force. nished.

CAP. XIV.

An act for continuing the duties granted by several acts made in the fixth and tenth years of her late Majesty's reign, for repairing the harbour and key of Watchett in the county of Somerset.

The duties payable by the private acts 6 Ann. c. 8. and 10 Ann. c. 24. continued for 21 years longer. This act shall not make void the duties payable by the said act for repairing the key, after the expiration of the 21 years thereby granted.

CAP. XV.

An act for making the rivers Mercy and Irwell navigable from Liverpoole to Manchester, in the county palatine of Lancaster.

Undertakers appointed for making the rivers Mercy and Irwell navigable from Liverpoole to Manchester. Undertakers may scour, enlarge or streighten the rivers, make new cuts, &c. take away trees, &c. Build bridges, sluces, &c. and alter the same; may alter bridges, turn highways, pull down mills, wears, &c. may make towing paths, &c. First giving satisfaction to the owners. Commissioners appointed for determining differences between the undertakers and proprietors. Undertakers or others distatisfied with their determination, or persons on notice given neglecting to treat, or who through any disability cannot, or by absence, except in attending the parliament, commissioners shall issue their warrant to the sherist of the county, for impanelling a jury. Jury to enquire of and assess and assess. Commissioners to give judgment for the sums so assessed to act if concerned, or have not root, per annum. Undertakers shall not raise the water so as to hinder the working of corn mile, &c. Coals, &c. to pay a duty not exceeding 3s. 4d. per tun. Commissioners dying or refusing to act, any thirteen of the survivors may appoint others.

1720.] Anno septimo Georgii I. stat.1. C. 16, 17.

others. Boat master, &c. answerable for damages done by his boat or crew. The said rivers shall be esteemed navigable from Liverpoole to Manchester, and free for all the King's subjects, paying the duties. Owners of adjoining lands may use pleasure-boats. Locks shall be opened on demand for pleasure-boats, &c.

CAP. XVI.

An act for the better preferving and keeping in repair the piers of the town and port of Whitby in the county of York; and for explaining and making more effectual the several acts passed for lengthening and repairing the piers of Bridlington alias Burlington in the said county.

pairing the piers of Bridlington alias Burlington in the faid county.

After 1 May 1723, the duties mentioned in the private acts 1 Ann. stat. 1.
c. 19. and 7 Ann. c. 1. shall be paid to the trustees, for ever, for preserving Whitby Piers in repairs, viz. For every chalder of coals, six pence.

And for every weigh of salt landed at Whitby, two shillings. And for every quarter of malt, corn and grain, four pence. And for all foreign goods imported in English bottoms, three pence per tun. And all foreign bottoms importing such goods, six pence per tun. And for all butter shipt off from Whitby, one penny per firkin. For dried sish and mud sish shipt off from Whitby, one penny per score. For barrelled sish per barrel three pence. For every English ship which shall enter within the piers, one shilling; and for every top of such ship, sour pence. And all foreign ships, two shillings; and for every top, four pence. Trustees may appoint collectors, and allow them a salary, not exceeding 12 d. in the pound. Money collected to be employed in repairing the piers, &c. On extraordinary occasions, trustees may mortgage the duties, and the money borrowed to be imployed in repairing the piers. Trustees dying or refusing to act, the survivors may elect others. Not above ten trustees at a time, and the lord of the manor to be one. Throwing ballast, &c. into the harbour, trustees may fine the offenders not exceeding 40s. The trustees of 5 Geo. 1. c. 10, for putting in execution the acts for lengthning and repairing the piers of Burlington, may sell the duties, or grant any annuity out of them, for the residue of the term, (subject to the repayment of 55001 already borrowed) and the money arising by such sale or grant, to be applied towards sinishing the piers.

C. A.P. XVII. finishing the piers.

CAP. XVII.

An act for making navigable the river Dane from Northwich, where it joins to the river Weaver, to the falling in of Wheelock-Brook, and Wheelock-Brook up to Wheelock-Bridge in the county of Chefter.

Undertakers and trustees appointed for making the river Daven and Whee-lock-Brook navigable from Northwich to Wheelock-Bridge. Undertakers may clear, enlarge, &c. the river, and make new cuts, &c. in any perfons grounds. First giving satisfaction to the owners. Commissioners appointed for settling differences between the undertakers and proprietors. Undertakers or others distaisfact with such determination, or persons have not the same of the same and respising ten treat with the undertakers or who Undertakers or others distaissied with such determination, or persons having ten days notice, and resusing to treat with the undertakers, or who through any disability cannot, the commissioners shall issue their warrant to the sherisf of Chester for returning a jury. May order the jury to view the place. Jury to enquire of and affest the damages. Commissioners to give judgment for the sums so assessed, and finally determine all controverses. Commissioners to have 1001, per annum in Chestire. Commissioners dying or resusing to act, the survivors, or any seven to appoint new ones. Undertakers may take 1s. 6d. per tun for all goods, carried on the siver till the charges of making it navigable are satisfied, and afterwards not above 9d. per tun. Massers of barges, &c. answerable for any mischief done by their barges or crew. Owners or occupiers of adjoining lands may use pleasure boats without paying any duty. The river to be deemed navigable, and free for all the King's subjects, paying the duties. Owners, &c. of lands within five miles, not to pay duty for dung, &c. After the work shall be finished, undertakers may retain, out of the clear produce of the duties, any sums by them advanced. Undertakers may borrow any sums as the commissioners, or any nine shall think necessary, for carrying on the undertaking, and shall repay the same out of the sirst clear produce produce

produce after the work is finished. After the work finished, and charges and monies borrowed repaid, the duties shall be employed to repair the publick bridges, &c. in Cheshire, as the quarter-sessions shall direct. So much of the duties, as the quarter-sessions shall yearly appoint, shall be employed in repairing the highways leading to the said river, &c. The surplus of the tunnage to be employed in amending other highways in the said county. Undertakers dying or refusing to act, the commissioners or any thirteen, shall at their yearly assembly appoint others. Undertakers not finishing the undertaking in five years, the commissioners, or any thirteen, may appoint others.

CAP. XVIII.

An act for enlarging the term granted by an act passed in the tenth year of the reign of her late Majesty Queen Anne, intituled, An act for repairing the road from Highgate Gatebouse in the county of Middlesen, to Bernet Blockbouse in the county of Hertford; and for repairing the road leading from the Bear-Inn in Hadley, to the sign of the Angel in Enfield Chase in the said county of Middlesen.

The powers, penalties, &c. in the private act to Ann. c. 33. continued for feventeen years from the expiration thereof, as well for the purposes in that act, as for repairing the additional roads. Continued by 9 Geo. 2. E. 39.

Al A. An act for continuing an act made in the fixth year of the reign of her late Majesty Queen Anne, intituled, An act for repairing and enlarging the highways between the top of Kingstown Hill and the city of Bath; and elfe several highways leading to and through the faid city; and for cleaning, paring, and lightning the firests, and regulating the chairmen there; and for explaining and making the said act more effectual.

The private act of 6 Ann. c. r. and all the powers, duties, forfeitures, &c. therein contained, continued for rr years, from r May 1727. After r May 1727. fix of the juffices of Wilts, Somerfet and Glouceffer, and one for Bath, impowered to put the former and this act in executions. Surveyors may make drains, erect arches, &c. on the contiguous grounds. Such fatisfaction to be made to the owner, as three neighbouring juffices shall determine. Owners neglecting to scour their ditches, surveyors may fosse the same, and levy the charge on the owners. After r May 1727, chairmen in Bath shall keep such stands as the mayor, &c. fasti direct, on penalty of ten shillings. Continued by 12 Geo. 2. c. 20.

CAP. XX.

An all for continuing the duties on malt, mum, cyder and perry, to raise money by way of a lottery, for the service of the year one thousand seven bundred twenty one; and for transferring the deficiency of a late malt-act to the landtax for the said year; and far dispasing certain overplus money to proper objects of charity; and for giving further time to clerks and apprentices to pay duties omitted to be paid for their indentures and contracts; and touching small quantities of cyder exported; and for relief of captain John Perry concerning Daggenham Breach; and touching lest bills, tickets or orders; and concerning the duty of small pieces of plate; and to enable the undertakers for raising Thames Water in York-Buildings to sell annuities by way of a lottery; and for satisfying a debt, which was charged on the late duty on hops; and for appropriating the manies granted in this session of parliament. EXP.

XXXII. A ND whereas in and by an all passed in the twelsth Clause for re-year of her late Majesty Queen Anne, intituled, An lief of captain act for the speedy and effectual preserving the navigation of the concerning act for the speedy and effectual preserving the navigation of the river of Thames, by stopping the breach in the levels of Haver-Daggenham ing and Daggenham in the county of Essen; and for ascertaining Breach, the coal-measure, several duties on coals and shipping were granted, 12 Ann. stat.2. and trustees therein appointed to apply and dispose of the same to the city-shipping the said breach, in such manner as they should think most convenient: and whereas on the swenty-fixth day of January one thou-sand seven hundred and fifteen, the said trustees contrasted with captain John Perry for stopping the said breach for the sum of twenty five thou-sand pounds, and to maintain the same for three years after stopt, or in case of accidents, to make good the damage; upon condition that if such sum was, not sufficient, they would recommend him to parliament, and whereas the said John Perry bath effected and performed the said work according to his contract, the charge and expence whereof hath amounted to the sum of forty thousand four hundred seventy two pounds eighteen stillings and eight pence three farthings, of which sum several of the creditors of the said John Perry, to whom he is indebted for premiums, are willing to remit to the said John Perry the sum of five thousand nine hundred sixty seven pounds and five shillings, which being deducted out of the same forty thousand some hundred seventy two pounds eighteen shillings and eight pence three farthings, over and above the tanents some than eignteen joinings and eight pence three jarthings, there will be still wanting nine thousand five hundred and five pounds thirteen shillings and eight pence three farthings, over and above the twenty five thousand pounds agreed to he paid by the said trustees to the said John Perry, to enable him to destray the charge and expence of the said work: and whereas several security bonds have been entred into to the said trustees for the repayment of several sums of money, in case the said John Perry should not have performed his said contrast for showing the said breach, and also for maintaining the work for three stopping the said breach, and also for maintaining the work for three rears

years after the same should be stopped: and some doubts having arises about the commencement of the said three years, be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said trustees be hereby impowered and required, out of the money collected or to be collected by virtue of the said act, to pay and satisfy to the said John Perry, his executors, administrators or assigns, the surface further sum of sisteen thousand pounds: and it is hereby declared, That the three years for which the said John Perry was or is to maintain the said work, did commence from the nineteenth day of July one thousand seven hundred and eighteen, being the day on which the breach was first reported to be stopt according to his contract, the damage that hath fince happened being now sufficiently repaired; any thing in the said act of the twelfth year of her late majesty Queen Anne to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

Clause touching lost bills, tickets or orders.

6 Geo. 1. c. 15. XXXIV. And whereas by an act of parliament made in the last Clause confessions of this present parliament for laying a duty upon wrought duty of small plate, and for other purposes therein mentioned; it was among st other pieces of plate. things enacted, That there should be raised lenied colleged. things enacted, That there should be raised, levied, collected, answered and paid, unto and for the use of his Majesty, his heirs and successors for ever (subject nevertheless to such redemption as is therein mentioned) for and upon all silver plate which should be made or wrought in Great Britain, or which at any time or times from and after the sirft day of June one thousand seven hundred and twenty should or cught to be trucked asserted in Great Britain, as the said ass directs. of June one thousand seven hundred and twenty should or ought to be touched, assayed or marked in Great Britain, as the said ast directs, a duty after the rate of six pence for every ounce Troy weight, and proportionably for any greater or lesser quantity, to be paid by the maker or makers thereof respectively, and to be secured to be paid in such manner and form as in and by the said act is prescribed in that behalf: and whereas some doubts have arisen, whether the said duty ought to be paid for such pieces of silver plate which are so small and minute, as either not to be capable of being touched, assayed or marked, or of so small a value as not to be worth the trouble and expense of being so: therefore for the better explaining of the said act, and ascertaining of the said duty, be it declared and enacted by the authority aforesaid, That manusactures of silver, the silver whereof respectively, when made, wrought, sinished, joined and whereof respectively, when made, wrought, finished, joined and completed, to and for the respective uses and purposes for which fuch manufactures respectively are intended, shall be less than or under the weight of three penny weight (other than and except handles, hasts, spoons, thimbles, buckles, classo or buttons, made of silver only, or whereof the greatest part is or shall be of silver) are not intended to be charged with the said duty; and that the officers for the said duty, from and after the sirst day of Sulv one thousand seven hundred and except the first day of July one thousand seven hundred and twenty one, shall not be obliged to take any account, or to make any return or report of such minute and small manusactures of silver (except before excepted;) any thing in the said act contained to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding. Claufe

Clause to enable the undertakers for raising Thames water in York-buildings, to sell annuities by way of a lottery.

XXXVI. And whereas it bath been thought necessary for the ser- Clause for alvice of the publick, That the lord treasurer or commissioners of the lowances to treasury for the time being shall be impowered to make allowances to receivers of the several receivers general of the land-taxes and duties on houses, nies. for their extraordinary charges in bringing, remitting and paying into the exchequer the money, over and above the poundage allowable by the respective acts of parliament for the said taxes and duties, upon re-ports made to them by the proper officers for that purpose: be it there-fore enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the lords commisfioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them now being, or the lord high treasurer, or any three or more of the com-missioners of the treasury for the time being, be impowered, and they are hereby impowered to cause such sums of money as he or they, upon due confideration of such reports made or to be made by the proper officers for that purpose, shall judge to be just and reasonable to be paid or allowed from time to time to fuch persons as have been, or are, or shall be receivers, their sureties, executors, administrators or assigns respectively, as well for the time past as for the future, out of any overplus monies arisen or to arise by any land-tax granted or to be granted, and which doth or shall remain after discharging all the principal and interest-monies and other payments charged or to be charged thereupon by authority of parliament, and not otherwise; any former law or statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXXVII. And whereas there remains unpaid of the principal mo- Clause for sanies which were lent upon the duties on hops, as part of the sum not tissying a debt
exceeding one hundred and eighty thousand pounds, which was authocharged on the
rized to be borrowed thereupon at an interest after the rate of six late duty on pounds per centum per annum, the sum of eight thousand five hun-hops.

dred and ninety pounds sixteen shillings and eight pence half penny,
and such interest is due for the same for several years past: and whereas there remains in the exchequer the sum of one thousand one hundred
sixty eight pounds eight shillings and sive pence halfpenny, towards satissying the said sum of eight thousand sive hundred and ninety pounds
sixtyeen shillings and eight thousand sive hundred and ninety pounds fixteen shillings and eight pence halfpenny; and the growing duties on bops have been made part of the fund, called the aggregate fund, the everplus whereof is disposable only for publick uses, directed or to be directed by parliament: now to the end that the said sum of eight thousand five hundred and ninety pounds sixteen shillings and eight pence halfpenny, and the interest thereof, may be justly satisfied, and that a stop may be put to the growing interest at the said rate, be it surther enacted by the authority asoresaid, That the said sum of one thousand one hundred sixty eight pounds eight shillings and sive pence halfpenny, with so much of the said overplus monies, as together shall be sufficient to discharge the said sum of eight thousand five hundred and ninety pounds fixteen shillings and eight pence halfpenny, and all the interest incurred or to grow due thereupon, shall be issued and

feven tenth

parts of a pen ny, to make good the ge-neral fund.

applied thereunto upon the proper orders in course, whereby the faid principal and interest are due; any clause, matter or thing in this act, or any other law or statute whatsoever, to the contrary notwithstanding.

Appropriation XXXVIII. Provided always, and be it enacted by the autho-of the money rity aforefaid, That all the monies lent and to be lent to his of the money granted this granted this Majesty upon one act of this session of parliament, intituled, an act for greating an aid to his Majesty by a land-tax to be raised in Great Britain, for the service of the year one thousand seven handred twenty and one, and so much money (if any such be) of the tax thereby granted, as shall arise and remain after all the loans made or to be made on the act last mentioned, and all the loans by this act transferred or directed to be transferred to the register

for the faid land-tax, and the interest of the said several and re-spective loans, and the charges allowable for raising the said land-tax, shall be fatisfied, or money sufficient shall be reserved in the exchequer to discharge the same; and all the monies to be raised by way of a lottery or otherwise, by virtue of this pre-sent act, and so much of the duties upon malt, mum, evder and perry, by this act granted or continued, as shall arise and remain (if any such be) after all the payments hereby directed to be made upon certificates, as well for the fortunate as the unfortunate tickets above mentioned, and the charges by this act allowable for the execution thereof, shall be fatisfied, or monies fufficient shall be reserved to discharge the same, shall be appropriated and applied, and are hereby appropriated for and towards the several uses, intents and purposes herein expressed, subject

nevertheless to such restrictions as are herein after prescribed, that is to fay;

XXXIX. It is hereby enacted and declared, That out of all 82,793 l. 19 8. and 10 d. and or any of the aids or supplies provided as aforesaid there shall and may be iffued and applied any sum not exceeding eighty two thousand seven hundred ninety three pounds nineteen shil-

lings and ten pence and seven tenth parts of a penny, to make good the deficiency of the fund, commonly called the general fund, for raising seven hundred twenty four thousand eight hundred forty nine pounds fix shillings and ten pence and one fifth part of a penny per annum, for the year ended at Michaelmas one thousand seven hundred and twenty. XL. And it is hereby enacted and declared, That out of all

For naval feror any the aids or supplies provided as aforesaid there shall or vices.

may be issued or applied any sum and sums of money not exceeding leven hundred thirty nine thousand forty nine pounds and fourteen shillings, for or towards defraying the charge of the ordinary of his Majesty's navy, and for half-pay to sea-officers, and for or towards victual, wages, wear and tear of the navy, and the victualling thereof performed and to be performed; and for or towards sea-services in the office of the ordnance performed and to be performed, and other services of the navy performed and to be performed; and any further fum and fums of

money not exceeding fifty thousand two hundred pounds, for

or towards extraordinary repairs of his Majesty's navy perform-

ed and to be performed.

XLI. And it is hereby also enacted, That out of all or any For the ordof the aids or supplies provided as aforesaid there shall or may nance for
be issued and applied any sum or sums of money not exceedland-services,
ing ninety three thousand one hundred sixty eight pounds thirteen shillings and eleven pence, for defraying the charge of the office of his Majesty's ordnance for land-lervices performed and to be performed, and for or towards defraying several extraor-dinary expences of the office of ordnance for land-services in the year one thousand seven hundred and twenty, not provided

for by parliament.

XLII. And it is hereby likewise enacted, That out of all or For the landany the aids or supplies provided as aforesaid there shall or may forces. be iffued and applied any fum or fums of money not exceeding in the whole the fum of eight hundred thirty two thousand one hundred seventy four pounds four shillings and eight pence halfpenny, for or towards maintaining his Majesty's land-forces and other services herein after more particularly expressed, that is to fay, any sum not exceeding five hundred fixty seven thou-fand seventy pounds three shillings and four pence, for de-fraying the charge of fourteen thousand two hundred ainety four effective men (including commission and non-commission officers and invalids) for guards, garrisons and other his Majesty's land-forces in Great Britain, Jersey and Guernsey, and other services relating to the forces for the year one thousand feven hundred and twenty one; and any fum and fums of money not exceeding one hundred fifty thousand seven hundred forty three pounds thirteen shillings and four pence halfpenny, for maintaining his Majesty's forces and garrisons in the plantations, Minoria and Gibraltar, and for provisions for the garrisons at Annapolis Royal, Placentia and Gibraltar, for the year one thousand seven hundred and twenty one; and any sum and sums of money not exceeding fifteen thousand two hundred seventy eight pounds eight shillings and nine pence, upon account of out-pensioners of Chelsea Hospital for the year one thousand seven hundred and twenty one; and any sum and sums of money not exceeding four thousand five hundred eighty one pounds nineteen shillings and three pence, for defraying several extraordinary expences for the service of his Majesty's land forces for the year one thousand seven hundred and twenty, not provided for by parliament; and any sum and sums of money not exceeding ninety four thouland five hundred pounds, upon account of half-pay for the year one thouland leven hundred and twenty one, to be paid to the reduced officers of his Majesty's landforces and marines: subject nevertheless to such rules to be observed in the application of the said half-pay, as are herein after

XLIII. And it is hereby enacted, I nat out of the making go fupplies provided as aforelaid any fum or fums of money not making go fupplies provided as aforelaid any fum or fums of money not making go fupplies provided as aforelaid any fum or fums of money not making go fupplies provided the engage exceeding feventy two thousand pounds shall and may be iffued ments with and Sweden. XLIII. And it is hereby enacted, That out of the aids and 72,000 l. for

prescribed in that behalf.

23,935l. for two Turkey fhips to be

fty hath entred into with the crown of Sweden; and any fum thips to be burnt to preor fums not exceeding twenty three thousand the fundamental vent infection. thirty five pounds, to be applied to the fatisfaction of the maflers, owners and freighters of the ships Bristol Merchant and
Turkey Merchant, which are intended to be burnt or destroyed for preservation of his Majesty's subjects against infection.

The said supsplies to be and the said subjects are subjected and subjects are subjected to any use, inor fums not exceeding twenty three thousand nine hundred

and applied for making good the engagements which his Maje-

other ules.

plies to be ap-plied to no vided as aforesaid shall not be issued or applied to any use, intent or purpose whatsoever, other than the uses and purposes before-mentioned.

For the commissioners of army ac-

XLV. Provided always, That such sums as by and in pursuance of any other act or acts of parliament are or shall be due or payable to any commissioners for taking, examining, stating and determining the debts due to the army, for their salaries, or for their clerks, or other incident charges, shall or may be paid out of the aids or supplies aforesaid, or any of them; any

Rules to be observed in the applicahalf-pay.

thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XLVI. And as to the said sum of ninety four thousand sive hundred pounds by this act appropriated on account of half-pay as aforesaid, it is hereby enacted and declared by the authority aforesaid, That the rules herein after prescribed shall be duly observed in the application thereof; that is to say,

That no person shall have or receive any part of the same, who was a minor under the age of fixteen years at the time when the regiment, troop or company in which he ferved was reduced.

That no person shall have or receive any part of the same, except such persons who did actual service in some regiment, troop or company.

That no person having any other place or employment of profit, civil or military, under his Majesty, shall have or receive

any part of the half-pay.

That no chaplain of any garrison or regiment, who has any ecclesiastical benefice, or other preferment in Great Britain, or Ireland, shall have or receive any part of the said half-pay.

That no person shall have or receive any part of the same who hath resigned his commission, and has had no commission since.

That no part of the same shall be allowed to any persons, by virtue of any warrant or appointment, except to such persons who would have been otherwise entitled to the same, as reduced officers.

And that no part of the same shall be allowed to any of the officers of the five regiments of dragoons and eight regiments of foot lately disbanded in Ireland, except to such as were lately taken off the establishment of half-pay in Great Britain.

CAP. XXI.

An act for the further preventing his Majesty's subjects from trading to the East-Indies under foreign commissions; and for encouraging and further securing the lawful trade thereto; and for further regulating the pilots of Dover, Deal, and the ifle of Thanet.

WHEREAS it is of importance to the welfare of this king-Farther providant, That the trade to and from the East-Indies, as the fions concerning fame is now regulated, be carried on in such manner, as that the Briths ad, this ad, and whereas by virtue of several acts of parliament and letters pa-9 & 10 W. 3. tents the whole tride to and from the East-Indies and other places c. 44. beyond the Cape of good Hope, in the said acts and letters patents 6 Ann. c. 17. mentioned, is now solely vested in the united company of merchants of 5 Geo. 1. c. 21. England trading to the East-Indies; notwithstanding which, and notwithstanding the prohibitions, injunctions and penalties contained in such acts and letters patents for securing the said trade ed in such acts and letters patents for securing the said trade to the said company, several evil-minded persons, subjects of his Majesty, preferring their own private gain to the good of their country, bave not only clandestinely, and without any authority from the said company, trafficked and traded to and from the East-Indies, but have also, by colour or upon presence of commissions obtained from foreign governments, openly and publickly, in defiance of the said laws, and in contempt of his Majesty's authority, fitted out, manned and loaded great and defensible ships, and have sent out the same or failed therewith to the East-Indies and parts aforefaid, and have prevailed upon several British seamen, and other subjects of his Maje-fly, to serve on board the said ships and to engage in the same undertaking, to the diminution of his Majesty's revenue and of the naval force and commerce of this kingdom: now to the intent that such wicked, mischievous and destructive practices may be prevented for the future, and that the trade aforesaid may be more effectually guarded and successfully carried on: be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That if at any time from and after the four and twentieth day of June 1s after 24, which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and twenty one, any of his Majesty's subjects shall sail, go jesty's subjects or repair to, or shall trade, trassick or adventure in, to or from shall go or the East-Indies or parts aforesaid, contrary to the laws now in trassick to or being, or contrary to the tenor of this act, in every such case since the sast-in shall and may be lawful, either for his Majesty's attorney ge-trary to law, neral for the time being, or for the said united company, at any the attorney tually guarded and successfully carried on: be it enacted by the neral for the time being, or for the said united company, at any the attorney time within the space of six years, to sile or exhibit, in any one general, see, of his Majesty's courts of record at Westmisser, one or more in- may within formation or informations against such offender or offenders for an informathe offence by him or them committed; and if the party or tion against parties, defendant or desendants, to such information or infor- such offender, Vol. XIV. mations, who, if con-

Anno septimo Georgii I. stat. 1. C. 21.

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victed, shall be fined and imprisoned at the discretion shall be so filed or exhibited, shall forthwith proceed to of the court; give judgment against the defendant and defendants, by such fine and imprisonment, or either of them, as the said court shall ted, shall have think fit; and shall also award the profecutor or profecutors his full costs. and their full costs of suit; but in case the said defendant or defendants shall be, upon any information exhibited by the said company, acquitted or found Not guilty, in such case the said company shall pay such defendant or defendants his or their full costs.

Indies, and for loading ed void.

After 24 June II. And it is hereby ruitine; action thority aforefaid, That all contracts and agreements whatioever, tracts for loans at any time from and after the faid four and twentieth, day of the fail four and twenty one, made or enby way of bottomry on any foreigners tred into by any of his Majesty's subjects, or any person or perships bound for the East-Indies, and by way of bottomry on any ship or ships in the service of formed to trade in the East-Indie; or reigners, and bound or defigned to trade in the Eaft-Indies or fuch thips, and parts aforefaid; and all contracts and agreements whatfoever all copartner-made by any of his Majesty's subjects, or any person or persons ships, and a-greements for in trust for them, for the loading or supplying any such thip or wages, declar-ships with a cargo or lading of any fort of goods, merchandize, treasure or effects, or with any provisions, stores or necessaries, and all copartnerships or agreements in the nature of copartnerships, made or entred into, relating to any such voyage or the profits thereof, and all agreements for the wages of any person or persons serving on board such thip or thips to be employed in fuch voyage, shall be and are hereby declared to be void.

III. And it is hereby further enacted and declared, That every

Any of his fhill be forfeited.

Majetty's fub- person and persons, subject and subjects, of his Majesty, his heirs jects repairing or successors, who shall at any time or times from and after the to the Eastfaid four and twentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred
Indies contrary to the laws, and twenty one fail, go or repair to the faid East-Indies or places fhall be deem aforesaid, contrary to the laws now in being, shall be deemed ed a trader, and accounted to be a trader, and to have traded and trafficked and all goods there; and all the goods and merchandizes that shall be them and all goods there; and all the goods and merchandizes that shall be there bartered or trafficked for, or be purchased by any such offender or offenders, or shall be found in his custody, or in the custody of any other person or persons by his, or their order or procurement, shall be forseited, together with double the value thereof. IV. And it is hereby further enacted by the authority afore-faid, That all and every the goods, merchandize, treasure and

All goods shipped for the East Incompany, or licensed by

dies, or taken effects that shall at any time or times from and after the said out of ships four and twentieth day of Taken one thousand after the said coming from twenty one be shipped or put on poard any timp of the thence (except or vessels, bound to the East-Indies or parts aforesaid (other than merchandize, treasure and effects of the faid company, or fuch as are licenfed by them, or the naval them) forfeit- stores, provisions and necessaries for such thip or thips performing their voyage) and all and every the goods, merchandize, ed, together treasure and effects (except as before is excepted) that shall, from with double and after the time aforesaid, be taken out of any such ship or value. vessel in her voyage homeward from the East-Indies or parts a-foresaid to England, before her arrival there, the same and every of them shall be forfeited, together with double the value thereof; and the master or commander, and other officers of such Masters of ship or ships, vessel or vessels, for the time being, knowingly per-such ships to mitting or suffering any such goods, merchandize, treasure or lose their effects to be shipped or put on board any such ship or ships so wages, &c. bound to the East-Indies, or to be taken out of any such ship or ships bound from the East-Indies or parts aforesaid to England, shall forfeit for every such offence the sum of one thousand pounds, and moreover shall not be entitled to have, demand or receive any wages whatsoever; nor shall the said company be obliged or compelled or compellable to pay any wages to, or to the use or upon the account of any such master, commander or officer, for or in respect of the voyage so made or to be made by such mafter, commander or officer, but shall have an allowance or deduction in respect thereof out of the monies payable by them on account of the ship to which such master or officers belong.

V. But forasmuch as it happens many times, that the above-men- Attorney getioned illegal trade is carried on and managed so artfully and covertly, neral may exthat the said united company cannot come to the knowledge and proof hibit a bill of company cannot come to the knowledge and proof hibit as hill of of the said united company cannot come to the knowledge and proof hibit a bill of the same, and at most cannot ascertain the quantities, qualities and complaint in walues of the goods, merchandize, treasure and effects so traded for, against such as nor therefore obtain any satisfaction or compensation for the damages trade, &c. to by them sustained, to their great loss and detriment, and to the great the East-Indies and apparent lesseming of his Majesty's revenue: therefore it is provided and further enacted by the authority asoresaid. That it to law or a shall and may be lawful to and for his Majesty's attorney generating their vided and further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it to law or affiall and may be lawful to and for his Majesty's attorney gene-gainst their ral for the time being, at the relation of the said company, or agents, &c. by his own authority, to exhibit a bill or bills of complaint in of such trading Majesty's court or exchequer against any person or persons ing, &c. and trading, dealing, trafficking or adventuring, at any time from waiving the and after the said twenty fourth day of June one thousand seven penalties, &c. hundred and twenty one, in, to or from the East-Indies, or places aforesaid, contrary to law, or against any person or persons concerned as agent, sactor or copartner with such illegal traders. for discovery of such their trading, dealing, trafficking traders, for discovery of such their trading, dealing, trafficking and adventuring, and for recovery of such duties and damage as are herein after mentioned, waiving or disclaiming in every fuch bill all the penalties and forfeitures incurred by fuch person or persons for the matters in such bill contained; and that such such person, person or persons shall answer the said bill or bills, and not plead shall answer, or demur to the discovery thereby sought, and pay to his Ma- or demur to jesty the customs and duties of the goods and merchandize arising, the said bills, produced or purchased by the said uplantial and a said and and and and a said answer. produced or purchased by the said unlawful trade, traffick or and pay the adventuring, and shall answer and pay to the said company for customs, &c. the same thirty pounds per centum according to the value thereof in England; and if such offender or offenders pay the said

duties and customs, or the amount of the same, into his Maje-stry's exchequer for the use of his Majesty, and damages to the faid company, he or they shall not be prosecuted upon any other branch or article in this act, or upon any other law or statute whatsoever, for the same offence; and if such bill or bills (if exhibited at the relation of the faid company) be difmissed by the court where the same shall be exhibited, the said united company shall pay every such defendant and defendants his and their costs of suit; and in case there be a decree obtained against the paid by either defendant or defendants, such defendant or defendants shall pay side.

Costs to be

Forfeitures appointed by C. 44. 6 Ann. c. 3. and 5 Geo. 1. c. 21. to be recovered by

the fame.

Officers not to fue without acquainting the court of

directors, who, if they chuse to sue in the

attorney ge-

costs to his Majesty and the relator respectively. VI. And it is hereby further enacted by the authority afore-faid, That all and every the forfeitures and penalties herein bethis act, or by fore appointed and enacted, or which are appointed or enacted 9 & 10 W. 3. in and by one act made in the ninth year of the reign of his in and by one act made in the ninth year of the reign of his late majesty King William, intituled, An act for raising a sum not exceeding two millions upon a sund for payment of annuities after the rate of eight pounds per centum per annum, and for fettling

the trade to the East-Indies; or in and by one other act made in the fixth year of the reign of her late majesty Queen Anne, intituled, An act for better fecuring the duties of East-India goods; or in and by one other act made in the fixth year of the reign of the remaining third to the lawful trade of his Majesty's subjects to and from the East-Indies; officers of the and for the more efficient executing all his Majesty's subjects the size of the and for the more efficient executing all his Majesty's subjects to and from the East-Indies;

officers of the and for the more effectual preventing all his Majesty's subjects trading customs that thither under foreign commissions, shall from and after the said four shall fue for

and twentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and twenty one, be sued for, recovered and recoverable in any of his Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, by bill, plaint or information, at the suit or prosecution of his Majesty's attorney

general for the time being, or of the faid united company, or of any officer or officers of the customs, such officer or officers of the customs first taking such consent and directions as is or are contained in the proviso for that purpose hereafter; and that one third part of all such forfeitures and penalties shall be to the use of his Majesty, his heirs and successors; one other third part thereof to the use of the said united company; and the remaining third part thereof to the use of such officer or officers

of the customs as shall inform, and so as aforesaid sue for the fame; in which fuits or profecutions no effoin, wager of law or protection shall be allowed, or any more than one imparlance. VII. Provided nevertheless, and it is hereby further enacted and declared, That before any suit or prosecution shall be com-

menced for the recovery of all or any the penalties or forfeitures aforesaid, by any such officer or officers of the customs, such officer or officers shall first repair and go to the court of directors of the faid united company for the time being, and make known

to them the offence committed, and his or their intentions to fue or profecute for the same; and if the said court of directors neral's name, shall pay such shall elect to have the suit or prosecution brought or commenquarter part ced by bill or bills of complaint, to be filed or exhibited in the

court

court of exchequer, with fuch waiver and disclaimer of the pe- of the monies nalties and forfeitures, as aforefaid, then and in flich case such recovered, and hill or hills of complaint shall be filed and exhibited, and proses bill or bills of complaint shall be filed and exhibited, and prose-charges, other-cuted accordingly, in the name of the attorney general, as a-wise the offi-foresaid, and then and thereupon there shall be yielded and paid cers shall proby the said company to such officer or officers one quarter part secute, and not of the monies that shall be recovered upon such suit, for the &c. without here said the said to t benefit of the said company; and the said united company shall consent of the moreover bear the charges of the said suit or prosecution; but company. if the faid court of directors shall elect to have the suit or prosecution commenced for the penalties or forfeitures by informa-tions or actions of debt at law, then the faid officer or officers shall accordingly sue and prosecute for the same at law; and the faid information or actions shall be proceeded upon, and shall not be discontinued or determined, but by and with the consent

of the said united company, or their court of directors.

VIII. Provided always, That this act or any thing herein Not to extend contained shall not extend, or be construed, deemed or taken to to the Levant extend, to subject the governor and company of merchants of company.

England trading into the Levant Seas, or any member thereof,
to answer such bill, or subject him or them to any other the personal trading to the personal trading to the season of the

nalties and forfeitures hereby enacted, for or in respect of his or their trading into the Levant Seas; any thing herein contained to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

ed to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

IX. And it is further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That After 24 June from and after the said sour and twentieth day of June one thouding goods carfand seven hundred and twenty one, no commodity of the ried into Iregrowth, product or manusacture of the East-Indies, or other land, Jersey, the places aforesaid, shall be imported or carried into the king-&c. except dom of Ireland, the islands of Jersey, Guernsey, Alderney, Sark loaden in or Man, or into any land, island, plantation, colony, territory Great Britain, or place, to his Majesty, or to the crown of Great Britain be-shall be forlonging, or which shall hereafter belong to his Majesty, his feited, togeheirs and successors, in Africa or America, but such only as shall ship, &c. Amended by tain in ships navigated according to the several and respective 12Geo.2. C.23. tain in ships navigated according to the several and respective 12Geo.2. C.23. laws now in being, as to the feveral places to which the faid goods shall be imported or carried, under the penalty of forfeiting all such goods, or the value thereof, together with the ship or vessel in which they shall be imported, with all her guns, tackle, furniture, ammunition and apparel; and such ship and goods shall and may be seized, and the same, or the value thereof, shall and may be prosecuted in any of his Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, or in Dublin, or in any of his Maje-sty's courts in such land, island, colony, territory or place where the offence shall be committed, or in the royal courts of Jersey and Guernsey respectively, by bill, plaint or information, wherein no essoin, protection or wager of law shall be allowed, nor any more than one imparlance; one moiety of which forfeiture How such forshall be to the use of his Majesty, his heirs and successors, and seiture shall be the other moiety to him or them who shall seize or suc for the disposed of.

part of the said forfeiture shall be to the use of his Majesty, his heirs and successors, one other third part to the governor of such land, island, colony or place where the offence shall be committed, and the other third part to the informer or profe-Officers of the cutor; any law, custom or usage to the contrary notwithstandcustoms coning: and if any officer or officers of the customs in the said kingniving at such
importation, dom of Ireland, or in the lands, islands, colonies, plantations,
importation, territories or places of orestaid. (bell willingly or knowingly con-

or delaying the protecution, to forfeit 500 l and be incapable of any office

crown.

territories or places aforefaid, shall willingly or knowingly con-nive at the fraudulent importation of any such commodities as is before-mentioned, contrary to the true meaning hereof; or if any such officer or officers shall take upon him or them to seize any of the said commodities, and shall by fraud or collufion, delift or delay the profecution thereof to condemnation; he or they to conniving, defifting or delaying, shall forfeit and lose the sum of five hundred pounds, to be sued for and recovered in manner aforesaid; one moiety of which forseiture to be to the use of his Majesty, his heirs and successors, and the other moiety thereot to him or them who will inform and sue for the fame; and such officer or officers shall also for the future be incapable of holding any office or imployment under his Majefty, his heirs and successors.

4 & 5 W. & M. c. 5.

X. And whereas by an act passed in the fourth year of the reign of King William and Queen Mary, for granting to their Majesties certain additional impositions upon several goods and merchandizes, for the prosecuting the war against France, the several duties charged by that all them on the war against France, the several heads and actions the several heads and actions. for the profecuting the war against France, the several duties charged by that act upon amber beads, amber rough, coral beads, and polished coral, and upon couries, are to be repaid to the merchants exporting the same, if exported within three years from the importation thereof, which act is now in force: and whereas by several other acts of parliament now in force, the time for exportation of some foreign goods by British merchants is limited to the space of twelve months, and of other foreign goods to the space of eighteen months, or thereabouts, from the times of the importation thereof: and whereas the time for exportation of some foreign goods, by aliens or merchant strangers, is limited to the space of nine months, and of others to the space of fifteen months, or thereabouts, from the times of importing the same; but forasmuch as it hath been sound by experience, that the said re-10 Ann. c. 26. but for a much as it hath been found by experience, that the faid resect. 41. specifice times of nine months, twelve months, fifteen months, and c. 43. sect. 5. eighteen months afore-mentioned, are to fort, and very inconvenient

tation of toreign goods, after the im-

portation

thereof.

to traders; and for as much also as it will be for the benefit of the trade of this kingdom, if the time given for repaying or drawing back the duties upon the exportation of all goods and merchandizes of his Majesty's plantations, and all other foreign goods and merchandizes whatsever, be enlarged; be it therefore further enacted by the years allowed authority and proceed and merchandizes of his Majesty's plantations of his Majesty's plantations and all order and merchandizes and merchandizes are delivered and merchandizes of his Majesty's plantations and all order and merchandizes of his Majesty's plantations and all order and merchandizes and merchandizes are his Majesty's plantations and all order and merchandizes and merchandizes are his Majesty's plantations and all order and merchandizes and merchandizes are his Majesty's plantations and all other repeating the merchandizes are his Majesty's plantations and all other processes. for the expor- all goods and merchandizes of his Majesty's plantations, and all other foreign goods and merchandizes, as the fame are now limited by any law or laws in being, shall from and after the faid twenty fourth day of June one thousand seven hundred and twenty

Anno sepumo Georgii I. stat. 1. C. 21, 1720.

twenty one, be extended and enlarged, so that in all cases where repayments, allowances or drawbacks are made upon the exportation of any goods and merchandizes of his Majesty's planta-tions, and all other foreign goods and merchandizes imported, and afterwards exported, by virtue of any law now in force, all merchants and traders, bodies politick and corporations, shall from the profession because the allowed three wares time shall from thenceforth have and be allowed three years time, from the importation of such goods, to export the same, accounting such importation from the master's report of the ship; and all and every such merchant and merchants, trader and traders, bodies politick and corporations, shall have the like repayments, allowances and drawbacks by and for such exportation, as if the same had been exported within the respective times before-mentioned, or any other times limited by any law now in being for that purpose; such law, or any other law, rule, and oaths shall be made ac-provided nevertheless, That certificates and oaths be made, and cording to the all other requisites performed according to the laws now in being laws now in being. tation, as if the same had been exported within the respective

relating to the importation and exportation of fuch goods.

relating to the importation and exportation of such goods.

XI. And whereas by the several acts which granted the duties of Clause for enfifteen per centum upon mustins and white callicoes imported (which largingtothree acts are now in force) the importers before the landing thereof, are to years the time give security by bond for payment of the said duties, as soon as the for sale of mustame shall be sold, and for exposing the said goods to sale openly and lines, white calpairly by way of auction or inch of candle, within the city of London, rated East-Inwithin the time of twelve months ofter the importation thereof; and dia goods. in case the said goods shall, within the time limited, be fairly sold, as 11 & 12 W. 3. as foresaid, and in case the importers shall pay down the said duties constituted, and in case the importers shall pay down the said duties constituted, and in case the rate of five pounds for every one hundred 3& 4Ann. c. 4, pounds of duties so paid: and whereas by several acts of parliament of Ann. c. 22. now in sorce for granting, continuing, and better securing the duties constituted.

The payable ad valorem upon unrated East-India goods, and for ascertaining the values according to which such duties shall be paid, the importer or importers thereof are, in like manner, to give security by bond for payment of the said duties according to the respective acts of the said goods, to be ascertained according to the respective acts of all states. faid goods, to be ascertained according to the respective acts of parliament in that behalf made (except coffee) as soon as the said goods shall 2 W. & M. be sold, and also for exposing the said goods to sale openly and sairly self. 2. c. 4. by way of auction, or by inch of candle, within the city of London, 7 & 8 W. 3. within the time of twelve months after the importation thereof; and c. 10. for as much as the restraining the said muslins, white callicoes, and 2 & 3 Ann. c.9, unrated East-India goods to be sold within twelve months from the importation thereof may say the said musling the transport of the reserve. importation thereof, may some times be detrimental to the revenue; and that the inlarging the said time of sale will be for the benefit of the trade of this kingdom: be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, That for such of the said goods as are at present imported and unfold, or shall, from and after the said sour and twentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and twenty one, be imported, the importer or importers thereof may, at any time within the space of three years from the importation

T1721 of fuch respective goods, expose the same to sale, and after such fale there shall be allowed the like discounts on payments of the respective duties on such goods, as if the same had been exposed to sale within the time of twelve months, as before-mentioned, or any other time heretofore limited by law; and from and after the faid four and twentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and twenty one, the condition of the bond or bonds to be given by the importers for payment of the faid duties on the goods before-mentioned, shall be to expose the same to sale within the space of three years from the importation thereof; and the importer or importers of the faid goods shall be intitled to the same discounts, allowances, and payment of the duties upon the said goods, as if the same had been sold within the said time of twelve months; any law, usage or custom to the contrary notwithstanding. XII And whereas by an act passed in the third year of the reign

certificate.

S&4 Ann.c.4. XII And whereas by an all passed in the third year of the reign Clause for re- of her late majesty Queen Anne, for continuing duties upon low wines, pealing so and upon coffee, tea, chocolate, spices and pictures, and upon bawk-much of any former act, as ers, pedlars and petty chapmen, and upon muslins, and for granting relates to, or new duties upon several of the said commodities, and also upon callico, allows the im. China ware and draws: it is enacted. That any person or perallows the im- China ware and drugs; it is enacted, That any person or perporting of tea sons may import into this kingdom tea, subject to the several by licence or duties payable for the same from duties payable for the same, from any parts beyond the seas, in British ships, navigated as therein mentioned, so as notice be first given to the commissioners of her Majesty's customs of the quantity and quality of the faid tea so intended to be imported, and the place in which they intend to import the same, and tak-ing a licence under the hands of the said commissioners for the time being, or any three of them, for the landing and import-ing thereof, as aforesaid, which act hath been since continued, and is now in force: and whereas the method of granting those licences, by an act passed in the last session of parliament, in-

e Geo. 1. c. 21. tituled, An all for preventing frauds and abuses in the publick revenues of excise, customs, stamp-duties, post-office, and house-money, is altered and explained: and whereas under the colour of such licences great frauds are committed, to the prejudice of his Majesty's revenue; and forasmuch as it hath been found by experience, That the allowing the importation of tea, by virtue of fuch licences or certificates from Oftend, and other places, not being the place of its growth, tends to promote the illegal trade carried on by his Majesty's subjects to the East-Indies under so-reign commissioners, and in conjunction with foreigners, and is very prejudicial to the trade and navigation of this kingdom; For the preventing thereof, be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That from and after the faid four and twentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and twenty one, so much of the said act of the third year of her said late Majesty, and of the

feveral acts continuing the same, and so much of the said act of his present Majesty which past the last sessions of parliament, and every other act which relates to or allows of the importing tea by licence or certificate, as aforesaid, shall be, and the same are petepa

hereby repealed, annulled and made void, to all intents and purpoles whatloever.

XIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, East-India That the said united company shall for the future be allowed to company may hip out stores, provisions, utensils of war, and necessaries for ship out stores maintaining their garrisons and settlements, free of all duties, of war duty-free; such duties fut hip out stores and study of the stores o exceeded or do not exceed in any one year the fum of three ceeding 300l.
hundred nounds in one year.

hundred pounds. XIV. And whereas frauds are frequently committed in clandestinehy running of goods out of ships and vessels bomeward bound, as well eving the lord
from the East-Indies as other parts, on pretence of boats plying with warden of the
pilots for such ships and vessels at a great distance from the proper cinque-ports,
stations of such pilots, by means whereof they escape the inspection with the assent
of the officers of the customs, and several mischiefs and inconvenienfioners of loadcies have happined, as well to his Majesty's as to merchant ships, by manage, &c.
the disorders and negligences of pilots residing at Dover, Deal, and to makeorders
the ise of Thanet, which are not sufficiently prevented by an act made for the better
in the third year of his present Majesty's reign, intituled, An act
for the better regulating of pilots and conducting of ships and Deal, &c.
vessels from Dover, Deal, and the isle of Thanet, up the river 3 Geo.1.c. 13of Thames and Medway; be it therefore enacted by the authority 10Geo.1.c.17aforesaid, That is shall and may be lawful to and for the lord
warden of the cinque ports for the time being, or his deputy,
with the affent of the commissioners of load-manage, and of the
masters and warden of the formal and the state of the surfaces and warden of the formal and the state of the surfaces and warden of the formal and the state of the surfaces and warden of the formal and the state of the surfaces and warden of the formal and the state of the surfaces and warden of the surfaces of load-manage, and of the XIV. And whereas frauds are frequently committed in clandestinewith the affent of the commissioners of load-manage, and of the masters and wardens of the society or fellowship of pilots of the Trinity-House of the cinque ports, or the major part of them, at an assembly commonly called a court of load-manage, to be

held by the said lord warden or his deputy, during the continu-ance of the said act of the third year of his Majesty's reign, to make such rules and orders for the better government and regulation of the pilots residing at Dover, Deal, and the isle of Tbanet, as shall be thought fit and convenient, and to order and di-

rect a proportionable and sufficient number of the respective pilots, residing at *Dover*, *Deal*, and the isle of *Thanet*, not less than eighteen, to ply constantly at sea, at all seasonable times, to be ready to conduct such ships and vessels up the said rivers of *Thames* and *Medmay*, as shall have occasion for them; and that it shall and may be lawful to and for the said lord warden of the cinque-ports for the time being, or his deputy, during the continuance of the said act, with the affent of the said commissioners, and the master and wardens of the said society or fellowship, for the time being, or the major part of them, at a court of load-manage to be held, as aforelaid, to suspend or deprive any of the faid pilots for breaking fuch rules or orders, or omitting any thing required by the same, or for acting in any wife contrary to such rules or orders; and if any of the said pilots so suspended or deprived, during the time of such suspension or deprivation, shall take upon him or themselves to conduct any ship or vessel by or from Dover, Deal, or the isle of Thanet, to any place or places in or upon the said river of Thanes or Medway, such pilot Anno septimo Georgii I. stat. r. C. 22,-25.

or pilots shall be liable to all such pains and penalties, to be reco-covered and applied in like manner and form as are provided by the said act of the third year of his present Majesty, against such person or persons as shall conduct ships from and to the places aforesaid, without being sirst examined and approved by the master and wardens of the said society or fellowship at the said court, and admitted into the said society. This clause is continued by 10 Geo. 1. c. 17. sect. 2. and 8 Geo. 2. c, 21. and 23 Geo. 2. c. 26.

CAP. XXII.

An act for enabling Charles earl of Arran to purchase the forseited estate of James Butler, late duke of Ormonde; and for granting relief to William late lord Widdrington; and for enlarging the time for determining claims upon the forseited estates; and for enabling the commissioners for the said sorfeited estates to certify into the exchequer all such estates as they have found to be given to popula or superstitions uses.

Charles earl of Arran declared purchaser of all the forseited estate of James late duke of Ormonde in Ireland, for the sum of 50,000l. Clause for vesting the said late duke's estate in trustees, for the uses expressed in this ast. All debts, &c. due to the late duke in Ireland, not sold by the commissioners, vested in the earl of Arran. Monies received out of the late duke's forseited estate, &c. remaining in the treasury of Ireland or exchequer of Great Britain, made liable to discharge the debts charged thereon. Saving to the crown of all rights before the attainder. Not to extend to revive the regalities of the county of Tipperary. Clause in favour of the late lord Widdrington. The powers enlarged and continued by the ast 5 Geo. 1. c. 22. further continued to 24 June 1722, and to the end of the then next session. The commissioners appointed by 1 Geo. 1. c. 50. shall certify into the exchequer all such messuages, &c. as they shall find to be given so superstitious uses; upon which certificate the court shall proceed as if the same had been sound by inquission.

CAP. XXIII,

An act for repairing the several roads leading from the town of Ledbury in the county of Hereford, to the several places therein mentioned.

The toll granted by this act is to have continuance from 24 June 2722, for 21 years. Continued by 15 Geo, 2. c. 17.

CAP. XXIV.

An act for repairing the road from Wendover to the town of Buckingham in the county of Bucks.

The toll granted by this act is to have continuance from the 25th of March 1722, for 21 years. Continued by 15 Geo. 2. c. 5.

CAP. XXV.

An act for laying a duty of two pennies Scots, or one fixth part of a penny fterling, upon every Scots pint of ale or beer that shall be brewed for fale, vended or tapped within the town of Jedburgh and privileges thereof, for paying the publick debts of the said town, and for supplying the same with fresh water, and for other purposes therein mentioned.

The duty granted from 24 June 1721, for at years, &c,

CAP. XXVI.

An act for repairing the road from St. Giles's pound to Kilbourne-Bridge in the county of Middlefex.

The toll granted by this 20t is to have continuance from June 24, 1721, for 21 years. Continued by 17 Geo. 2. c. 4.

CAP. XXVII.

An all for raising a sum not exceeding sive bundred thousand pounds, by charging annuities at the rate of sive pounds per centum per annum upon the civil list revenues till redeemed by the crown; and for enabling his Majesty, his heirs or successors, (by causing such a deduction to be made as therein is mentioned) to make good to the civil list the payments which shall have been made upon the said annuities; and for horrowing money upon certain lottery-tickets; and for discharging the corporations for assurances of part of the money which they were obliged to pay to hit Majesty; and for making good a desiciency to the East-India company.

MOST gracious Sovereign, Whereas by an act of parlament 1Geo,1. Rat. 12

situled, An act for the better support of his Majesty's reign, in—c. 1.

situled, An act for the better support of his Majesty's houshold and of the honour and dignity of the crown of Great Britain, several rates and duties of excise, and a surther subsidy of tonnage and poundage, and other duties or revenues, were granted or continued during your Majesty's life (which God long preserve) and the same, with several bereditary duties and revenues therein particularly specified (except as therein is excepted) were thereby enalted and declared to be for the support of your Majesty's houshold and the honour and signity of your crown, subject to such insumbrances and savings as in the said act are empressed: and in and by another act of 1Geo.1 Ant. 2.

the said first year of your Majesty's reign (made among other things) c. 12.

for enlarging the sund of the governor and company of the bank of England relating to exchaquer-bills, and for settling an additional revenue of one hundred and twenty thousand pounds per annum upon your Majesty during your life, provision was made for payment of the said yearly sum of one hundred and twenty thousand pounds for the service of your Majesty's bousbold and family, and other your necessary expences and occasions, during your Majesty's natural dife, out of the monies of the sund, commonly called the aggregate fund, therein mentioned and described, in the course and manner thereby prescribed: and in and by the act last mentioned, it is provided and enasted. That if the revenues settled or appointed for the service of your Majesty's housbold, and of the bonour and dignity of your crown, by the act sirst above recited, together with the said additional revenue of one hundred and twenty thousand pounds per annum, should, from the feast of Saint Michael the Archangel

which was in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fifteen, at any time during your Majesty's life produce in clear money more than the yearly sum of seven hundred thousand pounds, then the overplus of such produce should go and be applied to such publick uses as in and by the act last before recited are prescribed, as in and by the said several acts (relation being thereunto respectively had) may more fully appear: and whereas by reason of several extraordinary expences arisen since the making the said recited acts, divers arrears of solvers arises, diet mayies and other allowances, and sundry debte falaries, wages, diet-monies and other allowances, and fundry debts for exemptions, provisions and other causes, have incurred and grown due to your Majesty's servants, tradesmen and others, and do now remain unsatisfied, amounting to a very considerable sum in the whole: now we your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons of Great Britain in parliament assembled, being desirous that your Majesty, in the administration of your civil government, may not remain under any difficulties in respect of the arrears and debts contracted as aforesaid; and that therefore a fum not exceeding five hundred thouland pounds may be railed, to enable your Majesty to discharge debts and arrears, by sale of annuities, to be charged and secured upon a yearly fund to be answered and paid out of the said revenues, but to be redeemable by such ways and means, and in such manner and form, as hereafter by this act are prescribed, do most humbly pray your Majesty, That it may enacted; and be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons in this present

this act, till

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From 24 July parliament affembled, and by the authority of the same, That \$721, a certain yearly and every year, from and after the feast of the nativity of yearly fund to be computed at 51. per cent. hundred and twenty one, a certain yearly fund, to be computed to be settled after the rate of sive pounds per centum per annum, for and upon the same that the same the same that t to be settled after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, for and upon for all the an-all the annuities to be purchased on this act, is and shall, by force nuities to be and virtue of this act, be settled and established, and be payable in the manner and form herein after expressed and declared, for satisfying and discharging the same annuities from time to Farther provitime, until the same shall be redeemed by his Majesty, his heirs
fon relating
bereto, 8Geo. 1.

present all present all presents all c. 20. s. 32. present act; nevertheless the said yearly fund shall be subject to 21Geo.1.C.17. a proportionable reducement or abatement upon redemption of 32 Geo. 1. c. 2. part of the faid annuities, according to the proviso or power of redemption herein after contained in that behalf.

The fund to II. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, be charged on That the said yearly sund, after the rate of five pounds per cenall the reverences and the fact of the population of the fail and the reverence and the fail and ever, settled or appointed for the support of his Majesty's houshold and the honour and dignity of the crown as aforesaid, as well those which are hereditary in the crown, as those which were granted granted during his Majesty's life, and every of them, for and during the whole time and term of his Majesty's natural life (which God long preserve) unless all the said annuities shall soon-unless sooner er be completely redeemed according to the proviso and power redeemed. of redemption herein after contained in that behalf; and that the sum and sums of money, which from time to time, during his Majesty's life, shall be issued or paid for or upon the said yearly fund, after the said rate of sive pounds per centum per annum, shall be and be deemed and reckoned to be part of the year-

ly sum of seven hundred thousand pounds above-mentioned.

III. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, In case of his That in case of his Majesty's demise before the complete redemp. Majesty's demise the sum of the sum tion of all the said annuities, then the said yearly fund after the mile, the fund rate of five pounds per centum per annum (subject nevertheless to on the heredifuch proportional reducement or abatement as aforesaid) is and tary revenues. shall, by virtue of this act, be charged and chargeable upon and be paid and payable out of the hereditary revenues, duties and branches before-mentioned, and every of them, until the complete redemption of all the faid annuities to be purchased upon this act; and that all the payments for or upon the faid yearly fund, shall be made with preference to all other payments whatfoever, which shall or may hereafter be charged upon the faid re-

venues, duties or branches, or any of them.

IV. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the authority aforefaid, I'hat this act, or any thing therein contained, shall Not to prejunct extend or be construed to make void, alter or prejudice any former disposition, appropriation, appointment, matter or thing what tions, &c. foever contained, laved, excepted or allowed in any former act or acts of parliament, of or concerning any the revenues, duties or branches aforesaid, or in any manner to prejudice any pensions or annuities charged and to be paid out of the faid hereditary revenues, or any of them, by or in pursuance of any act or acts of parliament, or by virtue of any grants or letters patents made or granted by any of his Majesty's royal predecessors, Kings or Queens of this realm, but that the same dispositions, appropriations, appointments, matters and things shall continue and be in force, and shall take effect and be observed, as if this act had not been made; and the said last mentioned pensions and annuities shall remain due and shall be paid, but shall not be deemed or reckoned to be part of the said yearly sum of seven hundred thoufand pounds, during his Majesty's life.

V. And for raising any sum or sums of money not exceeding in the whole sive hundred thousand pounds, for the purposes aforefaid; be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That Any perfons it shall and may be lawful to and for any person or persons, na-may contritives or foreigners, bodies politick or corporate to contribute, but to the advance and pay to the first or chief cashier of the governor and the bank of England for the time being, at or be-sum and the bank any company of the bank of England for the time being, at or be- fum not exfore the respective days and times in this act limited in that be- ceeding half, any fum or fums of money not exceeding in the whole the 500,0001. faid sum of five hundred thousand pounds, for the purchase of

[1720] any annuity or annuities, to commence from the faid feast of the nativity of Saint John Baptist one thousand seven hundred and twenty one, and to be paid and payable to such contributor or

contributors, or fuch as he, she or they shall nominate, his, her or their executors, administrators, successors and assigns respectively, until the same shall be redeemed according to the provifoes and power of redemption herein after contained in that be-

Cashier first to Italf, so as such cashier or cashiers do first give security to the good-give security. Iiking of any three or more of the commissioners of his Majesty's treasury now being, or the high treasurer or commissioners of the treasury for the time being, for duly answering and paying into the receipt of the exchequer, for the purpoles before-mentioned,

the monies which shall be fo advanced or contributed, and to Annuities to account duly for the same; which annuities before-mentioned be computed shall be computed after the said rate of sive pounds per annum at 51. per cent. for every one hundred pounds, and proportionably for any greater sum so to be advanced or paid; and the purchase-money for every such annuity, at the rate aforesaid, is hereby appointed to be paid to the said cashier as aforesaid, at or before the respectper ann.

ive days or times herein after limited; that is to tay, one moiety Times of pay- or half-part thereof on or before the eleventh day of September ing the pur- one thousand seven hundred and twenty one; one other moiety

ing the purchase-money. or half-part thereof on or before the tenth day of November one thousand seven hundred and twenty one; all which annuities so to be purchased shall be paid and payable at the four most usual

Annuitiestobe feasts in the year; that is to fay, the feasts of Saint Michael the paidquarterly. Archangel, the birth of our Lord Christ, the annunciation of the blessed Virgin Mary, and the nativity of Saint John Baptist, by even and equal portions, or within fix days after every of the The first pay- faid feast-days; the first payment thereof to be due at the seast ment at Mich of Saint Michael the Archangel in the year of our Lord one thou-

These annuities are recleemed as is afterwards in this act provided in that behalf.

2016, as is ancervance in the account and provided forms and examed before 21 Sept. 1721. A book to be kept in the accountant general's office; and an attefted copy thereof to be transmitted to the auditor of the receipt by 25 March 1722. Contributors to enjoy their annuities free from taxes. So much of the civil lift revenues to be fet apart weekly, as shall be sufficient to discharge the annuities quarterly. Bank to appoint a chief cashier and an accountant general. All the munies contributed to be one capital stock, and transferrable. A transfer-book to be kept in the chief accountant's office. No stampt duties for transfers. Acceptors of stock from contributors, who have paid only part of the contribution money, liable to pay the residue.

XIX. And to the end his Majesty, his heirs and successors, may be enabled to reimburse himself or themselves such sum and fums of money as in pursuance of this act shall have been issued or furnished out of his Majesty's civil list revenues, during his life (which God long preserve) or out of the said hereditary revenues after his Majesty's demise, for or towards the payment of the faid annuities, or for or towards the redemption of the

fame; be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it His Majesty fame; be it further enacted by the authority atoreiaid, 1 nat it His Majesty shall and may be lawful to and for his Majesty, his heirs and may cause a successors, by any warrant under the great seal of Great Britain, deduction of privy seal or royal sign manual, to cause a deduction to be made, 6d. in the not exceeding six pence in the pound, out of all monies which, pound out of from and after the first day of August one thousand seven hundred from 1 Aug. and twenty one, shall be paid for or upon all pensions and an-1721: nuities charged upon any of the said hereditary or temporary du-This deduction. ties, and for and upon all falaries, fees and wages, payable for or bow apprepring respect of offices of profit, granted by or derived from the c. 2. s. 24. whatfoever, or for or upon any arrearages of them, or any of them, incurred or to be incurred; the pay of commission and Except com-non-commission officers and private men, serving in the navy or mission offiarmy, only and always excepted; the same deductions to be cers, &c. made for the use of his Majesty, his heirs and successors, for the benefit of his or their civil government, fo long as the faid annuities shall, by virtue of this act, be payable out of the revenues charged therewith, as aforesaid, and until the same annuities shall be redeemed pursuant to this act; any former law, statute

or provision whatsoever to the contrary notwithstanding.

XX. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That this Not to extend act, or any thing herein contained, shall not extend, or be conties of the firued to extend, to charge or to enable his Majesty to charge prince and the annuities or yearly sums, amounting to one hundred thou-princes of and pounds, granted to his royal highest the prince of Wales, Wales. or his trustees, during the joint lives of his Majesty and the said prince, or the annuities or yearly sums, amounting to fifty thou-fand pounds, granted to her royal highness the princess of Wales, or to any person or persons in trust for her, to commence and take effect immediately after the decease of the said prince, or any of the same annuities or yearly sums, so granted, with the abovementioned deduction or payment of fix pence in the pound, or any part thereof; but that the same annuities or yearly sums, and their royal highnesses respectively, and their respective trustees, treasurers and receivers general for the time being, in respect of the same, shall be free and clear of and from the said deduction or payment of fix pence in the pound; any thing in this act contained to the contrary notwithstanding

XXI. Provided always, That nothing in this act contained Not to preju-fhall extend, or be construed to extend, to prejudice, delay or in-dice the anterrupt the payment of the faid annuity or annuities, amounting nuity of to fifry thousand pounds, granted to her royal highness the prin- 50,000l. to the cels of Wales, or to any person or persons in trust for her, to his royal high-commence and take effect immediately after the decease of his ness's death. royal highness the prince of Wales; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXII. And whereas it is intended that the faid fum, not exceeding five hundred thousand pounds, shall be applied in and for the payment of debts and arrears due and to grow due to his Majesty's servants. and others, payable at the receipt of his Majesty's exchequer, or in affices

offices wherein the expences relating to his Majesty's civil government are payable: and whereas several of the said servants, and others, are, or may be desirous to have and enjoy annuities at the rate aforefaid, to be founded on this act, in lieu and satisfaction of such their debts and arrears respectively; be it therefore provided, &c.

Treasury may make out tallies for annuities at 51. per cent. to such per-fons as shall defire the same for the arrears due to them. On delivery of such tallies to the cashier, the producer to be deemed a contributor. All the powers relating to annuities purchased with money shall be practited for securing the annuities to be purchased by such tallies. Such persons as may have malt lottery tickets in their hands, may borrow money thereon at 61. per cent. either before or after drawing.

have paid to the use of his Majesty, as remains unpaid.

GGeo. I.C. 18. XXVI. And whereas the corporation or body politick, called The Clause for discharging the der the great seal of Great Britain, bearing date the twenty second day London assurance and Roy. of June in the such year of his Majesty's reign, pursuant to an assurance and Roy. of parliament in that behalf, were obliged to pay to his Maiesty's use assurance, of the sum of three hundred thousand pounds, and have assually paid into so much of the the receipt of his Majesty's exchequer several sums, amounting to one hungon, and and advent the said and elegant thousand two hundred and fifty bounds in part of the said which each of dred and eleven thousand two hundred and fifty pounds in part of the said those companies were to body politick, called The London assurance of houses and goods from here were to body politick, called The London assurance of houses and goods from fire, created and established by another charter under the great seal of Great Britain, bearing date the twenty ninth dry of April in the present seventh year of his Majesty's reign, have covenanted with his Majefly, his heirs and fuccessors, to pay or cause to be paid to his Majesty, his heirs or successors, at the receipt of the exchequer at Westminster, the remaining sum of one hundred eighty eight thousand seven hundred and fifty pounds, at or before such days and times, and in such propor-tions, as are hereafter mentioned; that is to say, thirty eight thousand seven hundred and fifty pounds, part thereof, within three calendary months after the date of the said charter, for the said corporation, called The London assumptions of houses and goods from the fifty thousand pounds, other part thereof, within nine calendary months after the date of the same charter; fifty thousand pounds more thereof within fifteen calendary months after the date of the same charter; and fifty thousand pounds, residue thereof, within one and twenty caand fifty thousand pounds, residue thereof, within one and twenty calendary months after the date of the same charter: and whereas the corporation or body politick, called The Royal Exchange affurance, created and established by his Majesty's charter, under the great seal of Great Britain, dated the two and twentieth day of June in the sixth year of his Majesty's reign, pursuant to the act of parliament in that behalf, were obliged to pay to his Majesty's use the sum of three hundred thousand pounds, and have actually paid into the receipt of his Majesty's exchequer the sum of one hundred and eleven thousand two hundred and fifty pounds, in part of the said sum of three hundred thousand pounds: and whereas the corporation or body politick, called The Royal Exchange assurance of houses and goods from fire, created and established by another charter under the great seal of Great Britain, bearing date the nine and twentieth day of April in the pre-Britain, bearing date the nine and twentieth day of April in the pre-fent seventh year of his Majesty's reign, have covenanted with his Maj fly, his beirs and successors, to pay, or cause to be paid, to his

Majesty, his heirs and successors, at the receipt of his Majesty's exchequer at Westminster, the sum of one hundred and eighty eight thou-sand seven hundred and sifty pounds (remainder of the last mentioned sum of three hundred thousand pounds) at or before such days or times, and in such proportions, as are bereaster mentioned; that is to say, thirty eight thousand seven hundred and fifty pounds, part thereof, within three calendary months after the date of the said charter, for the said corporation, called The Royal Exchange assume of house es and goods from fire; fifty thousand pounds, other part thereof within nine calendary months after the date of the same charter; fifty thousand pounds, more thereof, within fifteen calendary months after the date of the same charter; and fifty thousand pounds, residue thereof, within one and twenty calendary months after the date of the same charter: and whereas the said respective corporations, called The London assurance, and The Royal Exchange assurance, have severally secured the payment of the said several sums of thirty eight thousand seven bundred and fifty pounds into the receipt of the exchequer, for his Majesty's use, according to their said respective covenants contained in the said charters for assurance of houses and goods from fire: and whereas his Majesty, in tender consideration of the great difficulties which the said corporations do severally labour under, is graciously pleased that the several sums remaining unpaid by them, as afore-faid, (except the said several sums of thirty eight thousand seven hundred and fifty pounds, which were made payable within three ca-lendary months after the dates of the said respective charters for assurances relating to houses and goods from fire) shall be absolutely remitted and discharged; be it therefore further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said several sums of fifty thousand pounds, which by the tenors of the faid charters relating to the affurances of houses and goods from fire, was intended to be paid by the faid respective corporations within nine months after the dates of the same charters; and the faid feveral fums of fifty thousand pounds, which by the tenors of the same charters were intended to be paid by the said respective corporations within fifteen months after the dates thereof; and the said several sums of fifty thousand pounds, which by the tenors of the same charters were intended to be paid by the said respective corporations within one and twenty months after the dates thereof (all which sums do amount in the whole to three hundred thousand pounds) and all actions, suits, executions and demands whatsoever, for, touching or concerning the same, are and shall, by force and virtue of this act (upon and after payment of the said several sums of thirty eight thousand seven hundred and fifty pounds, and redeeming the said securities for the same) be remised, released and for ever discharged; any thing in the said former act of parliament for erecting the said corporations, or in any charters or letters patent relating thereunto, to the contrary notwithstanding.

pany's fund of one hundred and fixty thousand pounds per annum, ment of several sums computed for several years ended at Michaelmas one 6d. 2q. Defithousand seven hundred and nineteen, amounting in the whole to one ciencies due to bundred the Roll India. And whereas there is deficient in the East-India com- Clause for pay-

bundred the East-India

bundred ninety one thousand twenty eight pounds sixteen shillings and six pence halfpenny; which sum of one hundred and sixty thousand out of overplus monies in turn per annum, so national debt of three millions two hundred the exchequer. thousand pounds, incurred before the twenty sifth day of December one thousand seven hundred and sixteen, provided for by former also of parliament in that behalf, and still remaining unsatisfied: and whereas the particular duties on salt, charged towards making good the said yearly sund, have, in and for the year ended at Michaelmas one thousand seven hundred and twenty, produced an overplus, amounting to two thousand nine hundred and sixteen pounds three spillings and a penny; which sum last mentioned doth now remain in the receipt of his Majesty's exchequer: now to the end all the desicient sums. a of his Majesty's exchequer: now to the end all the deficient sums, amounting to one hundred ninety one thousand twenty eight pounds fixteen shillings and six pence halfpenny, may be justly satisfied, be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said sum of two thousand nine hundred and sixteen pounds three shillings and a penny, now remaining in the exchequer for overplus-monies of the aforesaid particular duties upon salt, and so much of the monies now remaining in the exchequer of the surplusses, excesses, and overplus-monies, commonly called the finking fund, as (together with the faid sum of two thousand nine hundred and sixteen pounds three shillings and a penny) shall completely make up the faid fum of one hundred ninety one thousand twenty eight pounds fixteen shillings and fix pence halfpenny, shall be issued and paid to the said East-India company, or their treasurer or cashier, for their use, in full satisfaction of the desiciencies before-mentioned; and that the commissioners of his Majesty's treasury now being, or any three or more of them, or the high treasurer, or any three or more of the commissioners of the treasury for the time being, shall and may cause the same to be iffued and paid accordingly, without any other or further warrant to be fued for, had or obtained in that behalf; any former law or statute whatsoever to the contrary notwithstanding.

CAP. XXVIII.

An all for raising money upon the estates of the late sub-governor, deputy-governor, directors, cashier, deputy-cashier, and accountant of the South-Sea company, and of John Aislabie, esquire, and likewise of James Craggs, senior, esquire, deceased, towards making good the great loss and damage sustained by the said company, and for disabling such of the said persons as are living, to hold any office of place of trust under the crown, or to sit or vote in parliement for the future, and for other purposes in the said all expressed.

Farther provithe matters in this all,

[] HEREAS many corruptions, breaches of trust, frauds and abuses, have been contrived, committed, and practifed, relating to capital flock, or pretended capital of the governor and company of

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merchants of Great Britain, trading to the South-Seas, and other gents of America, and for encouraging the fishery, (commonly called 13Geo.1.C.22. the South-Sea company) or to subscriptions, or pretended subscriptions s. 2. for the same, or to dividends, or pretended dividends in respect thereof, 2 Geo. 2. C. 8. whereby the said company hath sustained an immense loss and damage, and the publick credit hath been extremely reduced and disordered, and many of his Majesty's subjects have been defrauded and impoverished, eontrary to the purport and true intent and meaning of the act of parliament made and passed in the sixth year of his Majesty's reign, in 6 Geo. 2. C. 4. liament made and passed in the sixth year of his Majesty's reign, in- 6 Geo, 1. c. 4. tituled, An act for enabling the South-Sea company to increase their present capital stock and fund, by redeeming such publick debts and incumbrances as are therein mentioned; and for raising money to be applied for lessening several of the publick debts and incumbrances; and for calling in the present exche-quer-bills remaining uncancelled; and for making forth new bills in lieu thereof, to be circulated and exchanged upon demand at or near the exchequer: and whereas Sir John Fellows, baronet, late fub-governor, Charles Joye, efquire, late deputy-governor, and William Aftell, efquire, Sir Lambert Blackwell, baronet, Sir John Blunt, baronet, Sir Robert Chaplain, baronet, sir William Chapman, knight and baronet, Robert Chefter, efquire, Sir Lambert Chefter, efquire, Stephen Child efquire, Peter Delaport, efquire, Ernneis Friday, efficient forms phen Child, esquire, Peter Delaport, esquire, Francis Eyles, esquire, James Edmonson, esquire, Edward Gibbon, esquire, John Gore, esquire, Sir William Hammond, knight, Francis Hawes, esquire, esquire, Sir William Hammond, knight, Francis Hawes, esquire, Richard Horsey, esquire, Richard Holditch, esquire, Sir Theodore Janssen, knight and baronet, Sir Jacob Jacobson, knight, Arthur Ingram, esquire, Sir John Lambert, baronet, Sir Harcourt Master, knight, William Morley, esquire, Ambrose Page, esquire, colonel Hugh Raymond, Samuel Read, junior, esquire, Thomas Reynolds, esquire, Jacob Sawbridge, esquire, William Tillard, esquire, and John Turner, esquire, late directors of the corporation of the governor and company of merchants of Great Britain trading to the South-Seas, and other parts of America, and for encouraging the fishery; and also Robert Knight, late treasurer or cashier, Robert Surman late deputy-cashier, and John Grigsby, late accountant to the said corporation, (in confederacy with the said late sub-governor, late deputy-governor and late directors) under colour of the act herein before-mentioned, have contrived and carried on many notorious, herein before-mentioned, have contrived and carried on many notorious, fraudulent, and indirect practices, contrary to the intention of the said aet, not only to the immense loss and damage of the said company, a-mounting to seven millions and upwards, but also to the great detriment of the publick, in breach of their trust, and to the manifest wrong and oppression of great numbers of his Majesty's subjects: and whereas John Ailabic, esquire, late chancellor and under-treasurer of the exchequer, and one of the commissioners of his Majesty's treasure, and a member of the bouse of commons, in breach of the great trusts in him reposed, and with a view to his own exorbitant profit, has combined with the said late directors of the South-Sea company in their pernicious practices, and has been guilty of most dangerous and infamous cor-ruption, to the detriment of great numbers of his Majesty's subjects, and manifest prejudice of the publick credit, and of the trade of this

[1720. kingdom: and whereas James Craggs the elder, efquire, was a ne-torious accomplice and confederate with the faid Robert Knight and some of the late directors of the South-Sea company, in carrying on their corrupt and scandalous practices; and did by his wicked influence, and for his own exorbitant gain, promote and encourage the per-

micious execution of the late South-Sea scheme: and whereas in and by one act of this sission of parliament, intituled, An act for re-fraining the sub-governor, deputy-governor, directors, treasurer or cashier, deputy-cashier, and accountant of the South-Sea company, from going out of this kingdom for the space of one year, and until the end of the then next session of parliament; and for discovering their estates and effects, and for the preventing the transporting or alienating the same, several provisions are made for the discovering and securing the estates and effects of the said late sub-governor and deputy-governor, and of the said late directors, and of the said late treasurer or ensured the said late treasurer or deputy-cashier and accountant, so as they will be like to include in April 1990. might be liable to justice in parliament, as by the same all (relation being thereunto bad) may more fully appear: now to the end that the several estates real and personal of the said the sub-governor, deputygovernor, directors, treasurer or cashier, deputy-cashier and accountant; and to the end that so much of the amount or value of the estates of the said John Aislabie, or of any in trust for him, which are bereaster in and by this act vested in trustees herein after named, as do or shall exceed the amount or value of the estates which belonged to the said John Aislabie, or any in trust for him, on the sirst day of October one thousand seven hundred and eighteen; and to the end that so much of the amount or value of the estates which belonged to the tober one thousand seven hundred and eighteen; and to the end that so much of the amount or value of the estates which belonged to the said James Craggs, or any in trust for him, at the time of his death, as exceeded the amount or value of the estates which belonged to him, or any in trust for him, on the sirst day of December one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, may all be made subject and liable, and be disposed (so far as the same will extend) as soon as conveniently may be, for or towards the uses and purposes bereafter in this assessments. this all expressed concerning the same; may it please your most excellent Majetty that it may be enacted, &c.

All the estates of the late sub-governor, deputy-governor, and directors of the South-Sea company, &c. and of John Aislabie, esquire, and of James Craggs deceased, vested in Sir John Eyles, baronet, &c. from 1 June 1720. and from the day of the death of James Craggs, to be sold for the uses in the act. Exceptions. Where the directors, &c. were possessed of an estate tail, the same shall be vested in the tustees in see-simple to be sold. Trustees to use all lawful means for discovering and recovering the estates vested in them, as the late directors, &c. might have done. The directors, &c. before an September 1721. to deliver to the trustees all deeds, &c. on oath, with schedules. Late directors, &c. refusing to bring in their deeds, &c. trustees may commit them. Trustees may make compositions touching debts, &c. with the approbation of the directors of the South-Sea company. Trustees may take possession of all the said estates vested in them, &c. Such of the estates, for which no claim shall be entred, stall be fold as soon as conveniently may be, and such for which claims shall be entred, after the claims are determined. The price to be paid to the cashier of the South-Sea company. Then the trustees to execute a contract of bargain and sale, &c. to be inrolled in chancery. Any persons may be purchasers. Such purchasers adjudged to be in the actual possession thereof, and the

Anno septimo GEORGII I. stat. 1. C.28.

the trustees are to give them possession. If any of the said estates shall, under colour of this act, be sold to the use of any of the trustees, or their subordinate officers, the person accepting shall forseit the estate so purchased, and 500l. All conveyances, &c. of any the said estates, made since 5 January 1720. adjudged fraudulent. Not to avoid any conveyances, &c. for a valuable consideration after 1 June 1720 and before 5 January 1720. All persons having debts contracted before 5 January 1720. or having any particular estate in law or equity out of the said manors, &c. by any settlement, &c. made before 5 January 1720 may enter their claims before the trustees before 25 December 1721 and in default, every such debt, &c. shall be void. Entries to be made at the trustees publick office. Trustees may inquire by witnesses, &c. and shall make their report to the directors of the South-Sea company; and if they shall be satisfied in the justice of the claim, &c. and if the claimants shall, in a book to be kept in the office, declare their acquiescence therein before 1 August 1722. then the trustees are to give warrant for payment of the debt so adjusted, then the trustees are to give warrant for payment of the debt so adjusted, &c. Any three of the justices of the King's bench, common pleas, or exchequer, sitting at the same time and place, shall determine all differences touching debts, estates, &c. Their order shall be final. On complaint to the justices, &c. before 25 December 1722, they are to summon the trustees to appear before them, and make final orders therein. When the justices, &c. appear before them, and make final orders therein. When the justices, &c. find any debt due to the claimant, &c. they are to certify it to the trustees before 25 March 1723. Powers for determining differences relating to claims to continue till 25 March 1723. Trustees not to order any payments for the debts of any one of the late directors, &c. beyond the clear value of his estate. Creditors when satisfied, to assign over their securities to such as the trustees shall nominate. All such money as shall be due to his Majesty for publick revenues, &c. shall be paid out of such monies as shall arise out of the late directors estates. Persons indebted to the late directors, &c. are to give notice thereof at the trustees office before 25 December 1721. or that there is some account depending between them, on forfeiture of the that there is some account depending between them, on forfeiture of the value; and having any chattels personal of the said directors, are to give like notice, on forfeiture of the like value thereof: and all tenants, &c. are like notice, on forfeiture of the like value thereof: and all tenants, &c. are to give like notice, on pain of three years value. John Aislabie not to depart this realm for one whole year from 8 December 1720. and till the end of the then next sefsion; and to enter into recognizance before 20 September 1721. Neglecting to enter into the said recognizance, to be committed to the Fleet. If the late directors, &c. aftery July 1721, for one whole year, from 5 January 1720, or before the end of the then next session transport any of their effects, they shall be guilty of felony, &c. Persons who have accepted any trust, or concealed the estates of the late directors, &c. not discovering before 25 December 1721, forfeit treble the value, and imprisoned for a year. Persons voluntarily discovering any estates, not inventoried, before 25 March 1723, to have 101, per centum. John Aislabie before 25 December 1721, to deliver in a true inventory of the realfand personal estate to him belonging at the time from which they are vessed in the truestate to him belonging at the time from which they are vested in the tru-flees. And one inventory importing what estate belonged to him on a October 2718. Trustees to compute the clear value of the estates which belonged to him on 1 October 1718, and make report to the South-Sea directors by 25 December 1722. If the values cannot be settled before 25 December 1722, then the justices and barons are to determine the same be-December 1722. then the justices and barons are to determine the same before 25 March 1723. If the inventories are settled to the satisfaction of the directors, then a deduction shall be made out of them of the clear estate which he had on 1 October 1718, &c. The remainder shall be paid to the cashier of the company for the uses of this act, within 30 days after the values are settled, or security to be given. After such payment or security, all the said estates revested in Mr. Aislabie. Not to extend to that part of his real estate which belonged to him 1 October 1718. or any houshold goods which he now possesses, till his particulars shall be settled, &c. The heirs, &c. of James Craggs, to deliver to the trustees an inventory of his real and personal estate, at the time of his decease, &c. and another inventory importing what estate did belong to him on 2 December 1719.

Anno septimo Georgii I. stat. 1. c. 29,-31: 358-

Anno septimo Georgii I. stat. 1. C. 29,—31: [1720.]
Trustees to examine the inventory, and examine witnesses on oath, &c. Trustees to compute the clear value of Mr. Cragg's estate, on 1 December 1719, &c. If the value cannot be settled by 25 March 1722. then the barons are to determine the same before 25 March 1723. If the particulars are settled to the satisfaction of the directors, then a deduction shall be made out of them of the clear value which he had on 1 December 1719, &c. And the remainder to the cashier of the South-Sea company, within 10 days after the values are settled, or security given. After such payments or security, all the said estates revested in James Cragg's heirs, &c. Not to extend to that part of the real estate which belonged to him on 1 December 1719. or any houshold goods, till his particulars shall be settled, &c. Late directors, &c. disabled from holding any place, or to sit in parliament. Not to invalidate any afsignments of stock, &c. before 10 July 1721. by any of the late directors, &c. for securing any debt to his Majesty, &c. 36000. in malt tallies, payable to Richard Hampden, esq; and afsigned to Robert Knight, and several promissory notes, may be paid to the cashier of the South-Sea company, and his receipt shall be a discharge. But subject to claims. Trustees to enter all their proceedings in a book for that purpose, and to give a distinct account to the King and both houses of parliament. All the clear monies arising out of the estates, appropriated to the use of the company. This clause is explained by 13 Geo. 1. C. 22. sect. 9. Every director, &c. to have out of his particular estate, such provision as is set down in the schedule annexed. EXP.

CAP. XXIX.

An act for the King's most gracious, general and free pardon.

General pardon of all crimes (not excepted) committed before 24 July 1721. Excepted, all who on 24 July 1721. were in the service of the pretender, &c.

CAP. XXX.

An act for appointing commissioners to examine, state and determine the debts due to the army. EXP.

CAP. XXXI.

An all for explaining and making more effectual the several acts concerning bankrupts.

WHEREAS merchants, and other traders in goods, bave been very often obliged, and more especially of late years, to sell and dispose of their goods and merchandizes to such persons as have occasion for the same, upon trust or credit, and to take bills, bonds, promisory notes, or other persons securities for their monies, payable at the end of three, four or six months, or other suture days of payment, and the buyers of such goods becoming bankrupts, and commissions of bankruptcy being taken out against them before the moncy upon such bonds, notes, or other securities became payable, it hath been a question whether such persons, giving such credit or such securities, should be let in to prove their debts, or be admitted to have any dividend, or other benefit by the commission, before such time as such securities became payable, which hath been a great discouragement to Personstaking trade, and great prejudice to credit within this realm; for remedy bills, bonds, whereof be it enacted and declared by the King's most excellent bills, bonds, whereof be it enacted and declared by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual for goods de-livered to such and by the authority of the same, That all and every person and persons, who have given credit, or at any time or times hereafter shall give credit on such securities, as aforesaid, to any per-

come bankrupt, shall be

1720.] on or persons who is, are, or shall become bankrupts, upon a admitted to good and valuable confideration bona fide, for any furn or furns prove their of money, or other matter or thing whatfoever, which is bills, &c. and or shall not be due or payable at or before the time of fuch per-be intitled to a fon's becoming bankrupt, shall be admitted to prove his, her proportionand their several and respective bills, bonds, notes, or other bankrupt's securities, promise or agreements for the same, in like manner estate, as if they were made payable presently, and not at a future day; and shall be intitled unto, and shall have and receive a proportionally part. there and dividend of such bankrupt's affect in tionable part, share and dividend of such bankrupt's estate in proportion to the other creditors of fuch bankrupts, deducting only thereout a rebate of interest, and discounting such securi-discounting ties payable at future times, after the rate of five pounds per fuch securities centum per annum for what he shall so receive, to be computed after the rate from the actual payment thereof to the time such debt, duty or for what they sum of money should or would have become due and payable receive. in and by such securities, as aforesaid.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Bankrupt's That all and every person or persons, who now are or shall shall be different.

That all and every person or persons, who now are or shall shall shall be discharged of and from all and every fuch bond, note, or other security, as aforesaid, and shall such securities. have the benefit of the several statutes now in force against bankrupts, in like manner, to all intents and purposes, as if such sum of money had been due and payable before the time of his becoming a bankrupt.

III. Provided always, and it is hereby declared, That no fuch No fuch crecreditor shall be deemed or taken to be a sufficient creditor, for ditor shall join or in respect of such debt, to petition or join in any petition for in suing forth the obtaining or suing forth any commission of bankruptcy, un-till such debt til fuch time as fuch debt shall become actually due and payable. become due, This last section is repealed by 5 Geo. 2. c. 30. sect. 22.

CAP. XXXII.

An act to explain and amend the act of the twelfth year of her late Majefly's reign, intituled, An act for repairing the highway or road from the
flones-end in the parife of St. Leonard Shoreditch in the county of Middlefex, to the furthermost part of the northern road in the parife of Enfield in the
fame county, next to the parife of Cheshunt in the county of Hertford.

Waggons, &c. laden with bricks, hay, &c. passing through any turnpike erected by virtue of the private act, 12 Ann. stat. 1. c. 1. shall pay the tolls.

Anno Regni GEORGII I. Regis Magnæ Britanniæ, Franciæ & Hiberniæ, septimo.

There is no diA T the parliament begun and bolden at Westminster,
the seventeenth day of March, Anno Domini one
strongly of a new
selfion.

There is no distrongly on the seventeenth day of March, Anno Domini one
strongly on the sevent bundred and fourteen, in the first year of the
reign of our sovereign lord GEORGE, by the Grace of
God, of Great Britain, France and Ireland, King, defender
of the faith, &c. And from thence continued by several
prorogations to the thirty sirst day of July one thousand
seven hundred and twenty one; being the seventh session of
this present parliament.

STAT. II.

An act for making several provisions to restore the publick credit, which suffers by the frauds and mismanagements of the late directors of the South-Sea company, and others.

geo.z. flat... fat for payments of the fereing for payment of the fame; and in and by an act of parliament of the seventh year of his Majesty's reign, intituled, An act to enable the South-Sea company to ingraft part of their capital stock and sund into the stock and fund of the bank of England, and another part thereof into the stock and sund of the East-India company; and for giving surther time for payments to be made by the said South-Sea company, to the use of the publick, it is provided, declared and enasted, That the said company shall pay, and he obliged, by force and virtue of that act, to pay into the receipt of his Majesty's exchequer the said sum of four millions one hundred fifty six thousand three hundred and six pounds four shillings and eleven pence, and the said several sums after the rate of sour years and an half's purchase, and one year's

purchase; and that the same shall be payable by such proportions, and

purchase; and that the same shall be payable by such proportions, and at or by such respective days or times of payment, as are therein limited and appointed, and herein after mentioned for the payment thereof, and not otherwise; that is to say, one full and equal fourth part of the respective sums so payable, shall be paid on or hefore the feast of the annunciation of the blessed Virgin Mary, which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and twenty two; one other full and equal fourth part thereof, on or before the feast of the nativity of Saint John Baptist, which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and twenty two; one other full and equal fourth part thereof, on or before the feast of Saint Michael the archangel, which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and twenty two; and the remaining full and equal fourth seven hundred and twenty two; and the remaining full and equal fourth part of the said respective sums so payable, on or before the feast of the birth of our Lord Christ, which shall be in the said year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and twenty two; and that the said South-Sea company, and their slock and funds, (except as therein is excepted) are and shall be subject and liable to the payment of the said southcepted) are and shall be subject and liable to the payment of the said several sums at or before the said respective days and times by the last mentioned act appointed for the payment thereof, without any deduction, defalcation or abatement whatsoever: and it is thereby further enacted. That in case default shall be made by the said South-Sea company in the payment of all or any part or parcel, parts or parcels, of the said several sums of four millions one hundred sifty six thousand of the said sums to be paid after the rate of four years and an half's purchase, and one year's purchase, or any of them, at the respective days or times by that act limited for the payment thereof, then the commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or the high treasurer for the time being, or the officers of the exchequer for the time being, shall, and they respectively are thereby authorized, injoined and required, to cause the money, whereof such default rized, injoined and required, to cause the money, whereof such default in payment shall be made, with interest for the same, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, (to be computed as is therein mentioned) to be ftopt out of the monies which, weekly or otherwise, shall be payable to the said company at the exchequer, for or upon their annuities or yearly funds (except as therein is excepted) and to cause the principal and interest so stope, to be applied as is therein after directed in that behalf; as by the said several acts of parliament, relation being thereunto respectively had, may more fully appear: and whereas by the many frauds, abuses, and breaches of trust, which were committed by the late sub-convernor deputy-noncenar and directions. committed by the late sub-governor, deputy-governor, and directors of the said company, and others in confederacy with them, or some of them, the said company has suffered an immense loss and damage, and the publick credit (as well as the credit of the said company) hath been extremely reduced and disordered, contrary to the purport and true 6 G:0.1. c. 4. meaning of the ast of parliament suff above in part recited, where-by the said company is become unable to comply with all the payments required to be made by the act of parliament last in part before recited; and if their capital stock, and the aunuities and yearly funds payable

in respect thereof, should continue subject and liable to all the said

payments, and to such stoppages as are directed by the said at last mentioned, the credit of the said company would be utterly impaired, and the sufferings of the members would be extremely increased: and whereas in regard to the inability of the said company, under the bad circumstances to which the same is reduced, and to the intent that the said company may be obliged and better enabled to give some further relief (as this act directs) to the several proprietors and persons toncerned in interest in or with the said company, in order to the estoncerned in interest in or with the said company, in order to the escertaining and settling their respective properties and interests, and the re-establishing of the publick credit, and thereby quieting the minds of his Majesty's subjects, it is thought meet, that the said sum of four millions one hundred sifty six thousand three hundred and sur pounds four shillings and eleven pence, and the said several and respective sums, which were intended to be computed after the said respective rates of sour years and an half's purchase, and one year's purchase, he remitted and discharged, so as from and after the seast of the nativity of Saint John Baptist, which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and twenty two, the sum of two millions sterling, part of the capital stock which shall then belong to the said company, he reduced and annihilated, and so as a proportionable part of their annuities or yearly sunds, in respect of the said two millions, do from that time cease and determine for the benefit of the From 24 June publick; be it therefore enacted by the King's most excellent mazof 4,156,3061. Jesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual of 4,156,3061. Jesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual she sum and temporal and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That the said sum of an half year's four millions one hundred sifty six thousand three hundred and purchase, and six pounds four shillings and eleven pence, and the said several and respective sums, which were intended to be computed and all actions for paid after the said several and respective rates of sour years and shall several and respective sums, which were intended to be computed and

one year's purchase, and and respective sums, which were intended to be computed and all actions, &c. paid after the said several and respective rates of four years and discharged. an half's purchase, and one year's purchase, and all actions, fuits, executions, demands, stoppages, detentions, and other remedies for recovering or obtaining the same, or any part there-of, are and shall, by force and virtue of this present act, be and be deemed and adjudged to be remised, released, and for ever discharged.

After 24 June 1721. two mil-lions of the South-Sea company's ca-pital stock to be reduced and annihilated, and a proportional part of their

II. Provided always nevertheless, and it is hereby enacted, That from and after the said feast of the nativity of Saint John Baptist, which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand feven hundred and twenty two, the full sum of two millions of pounds sterling, part of the capital stock which shall then belong to the said company, shall by force and virtue of this act, be and be deemed and adjudged to be reduced, sunk and annihilated for ever; and that a proportional part of their annuities or yearly funds, payable at the exchequer in respect of two millions, shall, by force and virtue of this act, from and after the said feast of the nativity of Saint John Baptist, which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and twenty two, be no This clause repealed 9 Geo.
1. c. 6. sect. 1. determine for the benefit of the publick; any thing in the said
recited recited

Anno septimo GEORGII I. stat. 2. 1721.

recited acts, or either of them, or any other law, statute or provision whatsoever, to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

vision whatsoever, to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

III. And whereas several persons or corporations, who were in-for putting an titled to several redeemable debts and annuities, payable at the receipt end to all disof the exchequer, or by the cashier of the bank of England, or other-putes between wise, and who were enabled to subscribe the same into the capital stock and the proprietors of the said South-Sea company, did subscribe, or cause or procure to be prietors of subscribed, many of the said redeemable debts and annuities; and the subscribed reproprietors of such of the said redeemable debts and annuities as were deemable payable at the receipt of the exchequer, or at particular pay-offices at or near the exchequer, did deliver in their respective orders, tallies, proprietors of tickets or other securities, for payments of such debts or annuities to ney subscrippersons for that purpose appointed; and the accounts of the proprietors tions: of such of the said redeemable debts and annuities as were payable by of such of the said redeemable debts and annuities as were payable by the said cashier of the bank of England, were debited in the books of the bank; and an additional capital stock was, upon books or duplicates signed and attested by three or more of the directors or managers in that behalf appointed, created or settled by the commissioners of his Majesty's treasury for the time being, to be allowed to the said company for or in respect of the said redeemable debts and annuities; which said redeemable debts and annuities were subscribed, ar pretended to be subscribed, at several high rates or prices in stock, exceeding the rate or price of sour hundred per centum: and a general ceeding the rate or price of four hundred per centum; and a general court of the said company, on or about the thirtieth day of September one thousand seven hundred and twenty, towards relieving those proprietors, did agree that the same redeemable debts and annuities, should be taken in at par, being one hundred pounds for each one hundred pounds principal money of those redeemable debts and annuities; and that the proprietors of the same should be entitled to the interest due thereon, until the twenty ninth day of September one thousand seven hundred and twenty, and be paid for the principal sums in the slock of the said company, at the rate of four hundred per centum, with an addition of ten per centum in slock for a dividend at Midummer one thousand seven hundred and twenty: and whereas the said company, or their late court of directors, did exhibit, or cause to be exhibited, books for taking subscriptions of money for purchasing slock of the said company, commonly called the four money subscriptions; whereupon several persons or corporations did advance, or cause to be advanced, monies amounting to a large sum; and the general court of the said company, on or about the ninth day of March one thousand seven hundred and twenty, did resolve that no more money than what had been then assually paid on the said four money subscriptions, should be demanded or insisted on, and that stock should be proprietors, did agree that the same redeemable debts and annuities, scriptions, should be demanded or infisted on, and that stock should be given for the money actually paid by the respective proprietors in the said sirst money subscriptions, at three hundred per centum, with the dividend of Midsummer one thousand seven hundred and twenty, of ten per centum in flock; and that flock should be given for the money actually paid by the respective proprietors in the said second money subscription, at four hundred per centum, with the like dividend; and a general court of the said company, on or about the eighteenth day of the said mouth of March one thousand seven hun-

company

dred and twenty, did resolve that stock should be given for the monies paid on the said third and fourth money subscriptions at the rate of four hundred per centum, with the like dividend of ten per centum in stock: now in order to put an end to all disputes between the faid company and the proprietors of the faid redeemable debts and annuities subscribed into the said company, and between the proprietors of the said money subscriptions; and for the further relief, as well of the proprietors of the said redeemable debts and annuities, as also of the proprietors of the said second, third and fourth money subscriptions, who now have or (pur-fuant to the said resolutions of the said general court) may have stock allowed them at the said rate of four hundred per centum, with the dividend of Midsummer one thousand seven hundred and twenty, in stock as aforesaid; be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid. That the said corporation, called the South-

An addition

given by the South-Sea deemable funds.

and fourth money sub-scriptions, with the Midfummer dividend, 1720.

charge.

of 331. 68. 8d. ed to allow and make an addition after the rate of thirty three every 100 l. pounds, fix shillings and eight pence, in stock, upon every one Stock already hundred pounds stock already allowed or allowable, as aforesaid, allowed, to be to the respective proprietors of the said redeemable debts and given by the given by the South-Sea annuities, and to the respective proprietors of the said second, third and fourth money subscriptions; which said addition of the proprietors of the refaid proprietors of redeemable debts and eight pence, in stock to the deemable with the flock already allowed them at the rate of four hundred per centum, with the dividend at Midsummer one thousand seven hundred and twenty, in stock as aforesaid, shall be in full discharge and satisfaction of their respective debts and annuities which were redeemable, and were subscribed or intended to be and to the pro-prietors of the fubscribed, as aforesaid, and for which the securities were de-second, third livered up, or for which the books at the office of the bank were debited, and for which an additional stock was created by the commissioners of the treasury as aforesaid; and the said addition of thirty three pounds fix shillings and eight pence, in stock, to the proprietors of the monies which were actually paid upon the said second, third and sourth money subscriptions respectively, together with the stock already allowed or allowable to them at the rate of four hundred per centum, with the dividend at Midsummer one thousand seven hundred and twenty, in stock as aforesaid, shall be in full discharge and satisfaction of the monies which were actually paid upon the second, third and fourth money subscriptions respectively, notwithstanding any defect or which shall be error, or supposed defect or error, in taking in the said subscription full distinuous of the said redeemable debte and armitish the said subscriptions. tions of the faid redeemable debts and annuities, and the faid money subscriptions, or any of them, or any missioner, misspelling or omission of entry of money paid for the said money subscriptions in any wise, and notwithstanding any doubt or question touching or concerning the validity of the subscriptions of the said redeemable debts and annuities in any wise; and that

no more money shall be demanded or insisted on by the said

Anno septimo Georgii I. stat. 2.

company (other than what was actually paid as aforesaid) on the said four money subscriptions, or any of them.

1721.]

IV. And whereas on or about the twenty third day of June one Clause for re thousand seven hundred and twenty, several irredeemable annuities lief of the ir(part of them payable for several long terms of years, others payable redeemables.

for the remainder of a term of thirty two years, commonly called the nine per cents, and others of them payable for the remainder of another term of thirty two years, commonly called the lottery-annuities of one thousand seven hundred and ten) were subscribed into the capital flock of the said company, for several rates or prices, which the same company did resolve to give the proprietors, to wit, for the said long terms at thirty two years purchase, and the said shorter terms seventeen years purchase; which rates or prices were satisfied partly with money, and partly with flock at the rate of three hundred seventy five pounds per centum: and whereas on or about the fifteenth day of October one thousand seven hundred and twenty, several other irof October one thousand seven hundred and twenty, several other irredeemable annuities, part of them payable for several long terms of years, others payable for the remainder of the said several terms of thirty two years, were subscribed into the capital stock of the said company; which subscriptions so made on or about the said sisteenth day of October one thousand seven hundred and twenty, are commonly called the second subscriptions of the irredeemable annuities; and by a resolution of the said general court, the annuities of the said second subscription were likewise to be paid for at several rates or prices, viz. The long terms at thirty two years purchase, and the said shorter terms at seventeen years purchase, all in stock at sour hundred ver centum. at seventeen years purchase, all in stock at sour hundred per centum, with the addition of the Midsummer dividend of ten per centum in stock thereon (except such odd sums as did not amount to one pound in flock, which were to be paid in money;) now for a further relief to be given to the proprietors of the said irredeemable annuities in the second subscription, by an addition of stock valued at one hundred and fifty per centum, be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said company shall make, or cause to Company to be made, an addition at that rate in stock to the proprietors last make an admentioned, over and above the stock allowed or allowable to dition in stock them by the said resolution of the general court; which additors of the irredeemables, mentioned; that is to say, On every annuity of one hundred viz. On annuipounds per annum, which was subscribed for the remainder of ties of tool. pounds per annum, which was subscribed for the remainder of ties of too L ninety nine years comprehended in the said second subscription, per annum two hundred and three pounds, six shillings and eight pence stock, and so in proportion for every greater or lesser annuity of 99 years, which was subscribed for the remainder of ninety nine years; comprehend-on every annuity of ninety eight pounds per annum, which was subscribed for the remainder of ninety six or eighty nine years, comprehend-commonly called sources per centums, comprehended in the said 3 d. second subscription, one hundred seventy eight pounds, sive On the 14.1. Shillings and sour pence stock, and so in proportion for every per cent. 1781, greater or lesser summer, which was subscribed for the remainder of thirty two per annum, which was subscribed for the remainder of thirty two years, commonly called the nine per centums, comprehended in On the 91. per

the cent.731.99.4d.

Prize lottery tickets, 1710. 651. 168. 8 d.

the faid fecond subscription, seventy three pounds nine shillings and four pence stock, and so in proportion for every greater or lesser sum of such annuities; on every annuity of one hundred pounds per annum, which was subscribed for the remainder of thirty two years, commonly called benefits of the lottery one

thousand seven hundred and ten, comprehended in the said second subscription, fixty five pounds, fixteen shillings and eight pence stock, and so in proportion for every greater or lesser sum Blank pay tickets of the of fuch annuities; and on every ninety eight pounds per annum, subscribed for the remainder of thirty two years, commonly calfaid lottery, 126 l. 148. 8d.

hed blank pay-tickets of the said lottery, one thousand seven hundred and ten, comprehended in the said subscription, one hundred twenty six pounds sourteen shillings and eight pence stock, and so in proportion for any greater or leffer sum of such annuities; and that all dividends due, or to become due, from and after the feast of the nativity of our Lord Christ one thou-fand seven hundred and twenty, shall be payable upon the said

several additions of stock as aforesaid. V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That

The increased V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, I have flock to be diall the increased capital stock which was gained by the said com-

forced by

which to be distributed, which was gamed by the laid comwided among pany, by taking in publick debts and incumbrances which were
all the proprieintended to be taken in by the faid act of the fixth year of his
Majefty's reign, and which, after the diffribution of fuch parts
thereof as are intended, pursuant to any the former clauses in
this act, to be distributed, shall remain undisposed, shall be diwided to and among all the proprietors of the whole special of vided to and among all the proprietors of the whole capital flock of the said company, in proportion to their several and respective interests therein; and that credit be given for the same respec-

tively in the books of the faid company.

VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, South-Sea

flock, on paybrokers for brokeridge, excepted) as at any time or times fince
ment of 101.
per cent. on
the firms for

the firms Borrowers on

borrowed, to from the faid South-Sea company upon any share or shares in be discharged the stock of the said company, actually transferred and pledged from all further demands (at the time of borrowing, or within twenty one days after) to ther demands or for the use of the said company, or the respective heirs, exeof the company (except
cutors or administrators of such persons, who shall pay to the
brokers.)

cashier of the said company for the time being, to and for the

Tois clause enuse of the said company, at their publick office in London, so
perced by
much money as a rate of ten per centum, to be computed upon
the respective sums so borrowed. shall amount unto; to wit, one the respective sums so borrowed, shall amount unto; to wit, one 1. 2. moiety thereof on or before the five and twentieth of December one thousand seven hundred and twenty one, and the other moiety thereof on or before the five and twentieth day of June

Times of pay- one thousand seven hundred and twenty two; shall (upon such payment made, or being lawfully tendred and refused, and not otherwise) by sorce and virtue of this present act, be discharged of, from and against all further demands of the said company, in law or equity, of, for or in respect of the monies so borrowed

upon stock; and that all the stock so transferred and pledged, But the stock for which such payment shall be made, or lawfully tendred and to be vested in resused, together with the dividends and profits belonging or to the company. belong to such stock respectively, shall be, and is, and are, by virtue hereof, absolutely vested in the said company, for the use and benefit thereof.

VII. And furthermore it is hereby enacted by the authority Borrowers on aforesaid, That such persons (except as before excepted) as at subscription any time or times since the five and twentieth day of *March* in receipts on the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and twenty, 101. per cent. have borrowed money from the said *South-Sea* company upon discharged.

receipts which were given for any the payments made upon any of the said money subscriptions, and were actually pledged to the said company (at the time of borrowing, or within twenty one days after) or the respective heirs, executors or administrators of such persons, who shall pay to the cashier of the said company for the time being, to and for the use of the said company at the said company to the s pany, at their publick office in London, so much money as a rate of ten per centum, to be computed upon the respective sums so borrowed, shall amount unto, to wit, one moiety thereof on or before the five and twentieth day of *December* one thousand seven hundred and twenty one, and the other moiety thereof on or before the five and twenty one, and the other moiety thereof on building the five and twentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and twenty two; shall (upon such payment made, or being lawfully tendred and refused, and not otherwise) by force and virtue of this present act, be discharged, of, from and against all further demands of the faid company, in law or equity, of, for or in respect of the monies so borrowed upon the said sub-

fcription-receipts; and that all the subscription-receipts so pledg- But the sub-ed, for which such payments shall be so made, or lawfully ten-ceipts to be dred and refused, together with all the benefits to attend the ceipts to be same, and all the dividends and profits belonging or to belong company. thereunto respectively, shall be, and is, and are, by virtue here-of, absolutely vested in the said company, for the use, benefit

or, abioliticity vetted in the laid company, for the die, benefit and advantage thereof.

VIII. And forasmuch as it is necessary to make some regulations or orders touching contracts for the sale or purchase of subscriptions or stock of the said South-Sea company, or any other company or corporation, or pretended company or corporation, for preventing a multiplicity of vexatious and doubtful suits in law or equiverence must the same of them a it is therefore hereby the there are former of them. fame, or some of them; it is therefore hereby further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That every contract for the sale or pur-All contracts chase of subscriptions or stock of the said South-Sea company, or for sale or purany other company or corporation, or pretended company or chase of subcorporation, which shall be unperformed in whole or in part, or stock unpershall not be compounded by or between the parties thereunto. fhall not be compounded by or between the parties thereunto, formed, or not or interested therein, on or before the twenty ninth day of Sep-compounded tember in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and on 29 Sept. twenty one, or an abstract or memorial thereof figned by the 1721 to be entered in party interested therein, and who shall be minded to take ad-books before vantage of the fame, shall be entred and registred in books, 1 Nov. 1721.

which are hereby required timely to be provided and kept for

that purpose by the respective company or corporation, to whose capital fuch stock or subscriptions do or shall relate, at some time or else be void. before the first day of November one thousand seven hundred and twenty one; and in default of such entry or register every such contract, as to so much as shall remain unperformed, and not compounded, on or before the said twenty ninth day of September one thousand seven hundred and twenty one, shall be void: and it is hereby enacted, That such entries shall express the names of the parties or persons, for whose use or benefit such No stamp du- contracts were made; and that none of the stamp-duties shall

be due or payable for the same; and that no fee, gratuity or re-no fee for re- ward shall be demanded or taken, directly or indirectly, for engiftring, on pain of 2001.

Tring or registring any such contract, or any abstract or memorial thereof, as aforesaid, on pain of forseiting two hundred pounds to the party grieved, by the company or corporation, who ought to have registred the same gratis, to be recovered by action of debt, bill, suit or information, in any of his Majesty's courts of record, wherein no essoin, protection, privilege, wager of law or any more than one imparlance shall be granted or allowed.

29 Sept. 1721. where the feller, &c. was not actually

Contracts un- IX. And it is hereby enacted, That all contracts for the sale performed on or purchase of any subscription or stock of the said South-See company, or any other company or corporation, which shall be unperformed in whole or in part, and not compounded on or before the said twenty ninth day of September in the year of our possessed of such stock declared void.

Lord one thousand seven hundred and twenty one, where the seller, or the person on whose behalf such contract was made, was not, at the time of such contract, or within six days after, actually possessed of, or entitled, in his, her or their own right, to such subscription or stock, shall be and is hereby declared null and void, with respect to so much only of the said stock or subfcription as the feller, or the person upon whose account such fale was made, was not possessed of, or entitled to, as aforesaid.

X. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That no special bail shall be required in any action brought or to be

No special bail for contracts made fince 1 Dec. 1719. and before 1 Dec. 1720.

brought upon any contract made fince the first day of December one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, and before the first day of December one thousand seven hundred and twenty, for the sale or purchase of any subscription or stock of the South-Sea company, or any other company or corporation, or pretended company or corporation what soever; and that no execution shall be awardend of the fef. ed upon any judgment or decree, obtained or to be obtained in fion of parlia. any action or fuit brought or to be brought upon any contract ment next for the fale or purchase of any subscription or stock of the said after 29 Sept. South Sea company, or any other company or corporation, or pretended company or corporation, until the end of the fession of parliament, which shall be next after the said twenty ninth

day of September in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hun-

Not any exe-cution till the 2711.

dred and twenty one.

Anno Regni GEORGII I. Regis Magnæ Britanniæ, Franciæ & Hiberniæ, octavo.

T the parliament begun and bolden at Westminster, the A seventeenth day of March, Anno Domini one thou-sand seven hundred and sourteen, in the first year of the reign of our sovereign Lord George by the grace of God, of Great Britain, France, and Ireland, King, defender of the faith, &c. and from thence continued by several prorogations to the nineteenth day of October one thousand seven bundred and twenty one, being the eighth session of this present parliament.

CAP. I.

An act for granting an aid to his Majesty by a land-tax to be raised in Great-Britain, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and twenty two. EXP. 2s. in the pound.

CAP. II.

An all for continuing the duties on malt, mum, cyder and perry, to raise money by way of a lottery, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and twenty two; and for transferring the desiciencies of a late malt-all to the land tax for the said year; and for giving time for inserting the money given with apprentices in their indentures; and touching lost bills, tickets or orders; and for exchanging the tickets in the exchequer for certificates; and for suppressing lotteries, denominated sales, and other private lotteries; and for enlarging the time for the accountant general of the bank of England to return duplicates of annuities into the exchequer.

XXXVI. And whereas, notwithstanding the provision already clauses for the made by several acts of parliament, for suppressing suppressing and preventing of unlawful lotteries, and offices and places, under unlawful lotter denomination of sales, and taking or making, buying or selling teries, denosubscriptions for the sale of chances, or part of chances, to arise on minated sales; tickets made out in pursuance of any act of parliament for a publick. Amended and lottery, many ill-disposed persons, with a design to evade such laws, enforced have of late presumed and do daily presume to erect and set up offices 12Geo.2.c.28. or places under the denomination of sales of houses, lands, plate, jewels, ships, goods and other things; and also have presumed to make, print and publish, or cause to be made, printed or published, proposals or schemes for advancing small sums of money by several persons, amounting in the whole to large sums, to be divided among them by the chances of the prizes in some publick lottery or lotteries, established or allowed by act of parliament, and to deliver out tickets to the persons

Persons who after 21 Dec. 1721, shall erect offices for sale, &c. by way of lottery, &c. shall forfeit 5001, one third to the crown, another to the informer, and the other to poor where,

persons advancing such sums, to entitle them to a sbare of the money so advanced according to such proposals, and advertisements thereof are daily published in the common printed news-papers and otherwise. which practices are highly prejudicial to the publick and to the trade of this kingdom, and tend to defraud his Majesty's subjects: be it fur-ther enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all and every perfon or persons who, after the twenty first day of December in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and twenty one, shall erect, set up, continue or keep, or shall cause or procure to be erected, set up, continued or kept, any office or place under the denomination of sales of houses, lands, advowsons, prefentations to livings, plate, jewels, ships, goods or other things, for the improvement of small sums of money; or shall sell of expose to sale any houses, lands, advowsons, presentations to livings, plate, jewels, ships, goods or other things by way of lottery, or by lots, tickets, numbers or figures; or shall make, print, advertize or publish, or cause to be made, printed, advertized or published, proposals or schemes for advancing small fums of money by several persons, amounting in the whole to large sums, to be divided among them by the chances of the prizes in some publick lottery or lotteries, established or allowed by act of parliament; or shall deliver out, or cause or procure to be delivered out, tickets to the persons advancing such sums to entitle them to a share of the money so advanced according to such proposals or schemes; or shall make, print or publish, or cause to be made, printed or published, any proposal or scheme of the like kind or nature, under any denomination, name or title whatsoever; and shall be thereof convicted upon the oath or oaths of one or more credible witness or witnesses, by two or more justices of the peace of the county, division or liberty where such offence shall be committed, or the offender shall be found (which oath such justices of the peace are hereby impowered and required to administer) the person so convicted shall for every such offence, over and above any former penalties inflicted by any former act or acts of parliament made against any private or unlawful lotteries, forfeit the sum of size hundred pounds, one third part thereof to his Majesty, his heirs and successors, one other third part thereof to the informer, and the remaining third part thereof to the poor of the parish where such offence shall be committed; the same to be levied by diffress and sale of the offender's goods, by warrant under the hands and seals of such justices before whom such offender shall be convicted as aforesaid; and shall also for every such of fence by fuch justices be committed to the county-gaol, there to remain without bail or mainprize for the space of one whole year, and from thence till the faid fum of five hundred pounds, fo forfeited as aforesaid, shall be fully paid and satisfied: provided nevertheless, that any person who shall think himself or herself aggrieved by the judgment or determination of two or more such justices, in any the cases aforesaid, shall have liberty to appeal to the next quarter-sessions to be held for the county,

Persons aggrieved may appeal to quarter-feltions. city or place where such judgment or determination shall be made or given; and that the judgment to be given by the juRices at the said next quarter-sessions shall be final.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted by the authority afore-faid, That all and every person and persons who, after the time tributing to aforesaid, shall be adventurer or adventurers in, or shall pay any sales, &c. money or other confideration, or any ways contribute unto, or forfeit double upon the account of any such sales, lotteries, proposals or the sum confideration, one forfeit for every such offence double the moiety to the sum and or contributed, to be recovered with costs of suit by sum paid or contributed, to be recovered with costs of suit by crown, the action of debt, bill, plaint or information in any of his Ma-other to the jesty's courts of record at Westminster, wherein no essoin, pro-informer. tection, wager of law, nor any more than one imparlance shall be allowed; one moiety thereof to his Majesty, his heirs and fuccessors, the other moiety thereof to the person or persons who

shall inform or sue for the same. Clause for relief of persons who have omitted to insert the monies given with clerks and apprentices. Clause for giving surther time to the accountant general of the bank to return attested duplicates of annuities into the exchequer.

CAP. III.

An act for punishing mutiny and desertion, and for the better payment of the army and their quarters. EXP.

CAP. IV.

An all for taking off the duty upon all salt used in the curing of red berrings, and laying a proportionable duty upon all red berrings consumed at bome only, and for ascertaining the customs and excise payable for the sugar-bouses in Scotland; and for making an allowance for salt lost in any barbour or river of this realm; and for the better securing the duties on falt delivered in Scotland.

WHEREAS by an act of parliament made in the fifth year of his present Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for recovering the credit of the British fishery in soreign parts; and for better securing the duties on falt, it is enacted, That all curers of 5 Geo. 1. c. 130 fifth shall be allowed to import foreign salt, or take from any salt-works or salt-pits any such quantity of British salt, where the same is allowed by law, for curing of sish for exportation, as they shall think proper, for curing sish for foreign markets, without paying any duty to his Majesty for the same, except the customs payable upon the importation thereof; in consequence whereof all red herrings spent within this realm are or should be cured with salt that has paid the duties; but in regard the same are cured transferance, it is difficult duties; but in regard the same are cured promiscuously, it is difficult to distinguish them from such as are intended to be exported, whereby bis Majesty may be defrauded in his revenue without a proper remedy for preventing the same: be it therefore enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons in this present

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At every fish- parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That ing season for at the beginning of every fishing season for herrings the proprietors, &c. prietor or proprietors of the salt delivered duty-free for the curinitized of the ing of herrings for exportation, pursuant to the said act, or his oath required or their agent or agents, shall, instead of the oath required by by 5 Geo. 1. the said act, make oath in writing before the officer for the duty country of all intended of the quantity of the foreign or British said salt is intended for exportafor exportafor the curing of fish for exportation only, and shall not by his Farther provi. or their order, consent or connivance, directly or indirectly, be four relating to fold, given away, or any way delivered, but for the purpose a-these matters, foresaid, except so much thereof as shall be used for curing such I Geo. I. C. 16. red herrings, as shall be entred with the officer of the place for sect. 41, 42. home consumption, and charged with the duties by this act fect. 41, 42. Except falt chargeable thereupon.

used for curing red herrings for home consumption. II. And be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That every Curer of red herrings, after maker or curer of red herrings, from and after the twenty fifth 25March1721, day of March one thousand seven hundred and twenty two, bebefore he remove them fore he remove any red herrings (except for exportation) from (except for ex- the office or place where the fame shall be cured, shall from time portation) to to time make entry thereof at the next falt-office, and shall pay make entry, make entry, and pay 18.8d. to his Majesty, his heirs and successors, a duty of one shilling and eight pence for every thousand of red herrings so to be removed, and so in proportion for a greater or leffer quantity: thousand. Casks to be and that in case such red herrings shall be packed or put up in &c. permit to ed on the head thereof; and upon entry and payment of the be given graduty, and marking each cask as atoresaid a name of the marked. tis. gratis by the falt-officer, expressing the number of red herrings. Penalty on reforming which the duties shall be paid as aforesaid, and the marks moval before and numbers of fuch casks, and for what place the same are inentry, &c.
These duties tended, and whether to be fent by land or water carriage, on pain of forfeiting all the red herrings that shall be removed or revioud for 3 years, by carried away before entry be made, and the duty paid, and with-Moiety to the out the casks being marked, and permit obtained as aforesaid, King; moiety and of the cask or vessel in which such herrings shall be found, 3 years, by King; moiet to the officer to the officer and also the sum of forty shillings for every thousand of red informing.

Officer to seize quantity to be recovered from the result has been also been as a seize of lesser or lesser

red herrings quantity, to be recovered from the period of period for removed befor removed befor remove or carry away the same; one moiety thereof to the
foreentry, &c. use of his Majesty, his heirs and successors, and the other moiety
to the officer or officers who shall seize, sue or inform for the fame, to be fued for, recovered and levied in fuch manner and and with such power of mitigation, as any fine, penalty or forfeiture may be fued for, recovered, levied and mitigated by any law of excise, or by action of debt, bill, plaint or information in any of his Majesty's courts of record at Westminster: and all and every officer and officers of his Majesty's customs,

quantity, to be recovered from the person or persons who thall

excise or duties upon falt are hereby authorized and impowered to feize all such red herrings so removed or carried before entry and payment of duty, and all other things performed as a-foresaid, and the said cask or vessels wherein they shall be found.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Proprietor of That the proprietor or proprietors of the salt delivered duty-salt, &c. to That the proprietor or proprietors of the last delivered duty-last, act to free for curing red herrings for exportation, his or their agent express the or agents, shall, in the account which after the end of every red herrings fishing season they are to deliver in writing into the salt-office, entred for containing the quantity of fish exported or entred and shipped home conto be exported, on which the salt taken away after its delivery sumption. into the sole custody of the said proprietor or proprietors, his or their agent or agents, has been used or consumed, as by the former law is directed (and under the penalties thereby prescrib-

former law is directed (and under the penalties thereby prescribeed) express also the quantity of red herrings entred for home consumption, on which such salt has been used or consumed.

IV. And whereas by the aforesaid act in the sist hyear of his Ma-5Geo. 1. c. 18.

ifest's reign, the proprietor or proprietors of salt delivered duty-free owner of sish for the curing of sish for exportation are required at the end of every them to be descibling season to deliver an account in writing into the salt-office, con-stroyed in pretaining the quantity of sish exported or entred and shipped to be ex-sence of an ofported, on which the salt taken away after its delivery into the sole scertificates and of the said proprietor or proprietors, his or their agent or beadmittedinagents, has been used or consumed, together with a certificate or cer-stead of certificates by the proper officers of the several ports where the said sish ficate of exwere shipped for exportation, verifying the said account: and whereas portation reit may happen, that such sish may never be exported, for want of an act 5 Geo. 1.

epportunity to ship them while they are good and merchantable, so that c. 18.

the proprietors of the salt can have no such certificate as is by the
said act required: be it therefore enacted, That in such case the
owner of the sish may cause them to be destroyed in the prefence of an officer of the salt duties; and the officer's certificate
that such sish were destroyed in his presence, shall be admitted that such fish were destroyed in his presence, shall be admitted to verify the account of the proprietor of the salt used in curing them, instead of the officer's certificate that they were shipped

for exportation, required by the faid act.

V. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted by the Duty of 15. 8d. authority aforefaid, That in case the duties of excise on salt per thousand (which now amount to three shillings and four pence per bushel upon red heron home-made salt, and six shillings and eight pence per bushel cease, or be on foreign salt) or any of them, shall cease, determine or be lessened, in redeemed by parliament, then the raie or duty of one shilling proportion to and eight pence per thousand hereby imposed upon red herrings, duties on salt. shall cease or be lessened in proportion to the duties on salt that of 5 Geo. 1. shall so cease, determine or be redeemed; any thing herein c. 19. contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

VI. And whereas by an act of parliament made in the first year 1 Geo. 1. stat. 2. of his present Majesty's reign, inti: uled, An act for raising nine c. 19. sect. 19. hundred and ten thousand pounds for publick services by sale of annuities after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum,

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redeemable by parliament; and to authorize a treaty concerning private rights, claimed by the proprietors of the fugar-houses in Scotland, it was (inter alia) enacted, That the commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or the lord high treasure for the time being, should be and they were thereby impowered to treat with the proprietors of the sugar-houses in Scotland for such sun or sums of money as might be a reasonable satisfaction for such private rights of exemption from custom and excise, to which the said proprietors were entitled: and whereas the said proprietors of the sour sugar-houses in Scotland, commonly called the Easter, Wester and South sugar-houses of Glasgow and the sugar-houses of Leith, in pursuance of the said act of parliament, and in consideration of their being released and discharged of and from all claim and demand which the crown might have upon them for custom or excise, pretended to be

due by them, have proposed to surrender and disclaim all right, title and privilege which they either had or pretended to have to any exemption from custom or excise; which proposition appearing to be just and reasonable, and tending to settle the trade upon the same feet in Scotland.

Proprietors of in Scotland, as it is in England: therefore be it enacted by the fugar-houses authority aforesaid, That from and after the twenty fifth day of in Scotland to March one thousand seven hundred and twenty two the said propay the like Marco one thousand leven hundred and twenty two the said producties as other prietors shall be subject and liable to pay for their sugars and other Subjects.

commodities, the same and such like duties of custom and excise, as any other of his Majesty's subjects are liable to pay by the acts of parliament now in force; any right or pretended right in the said proprietors to the contrary in any wife notwith-

standing. VII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Conditional bonds for pay. That all conditional bonds or other securities whatsoever, which

ment of duties on or before the faid five and twentieth day of March one thoubefore 25 fand seven hundred and twenty two, have been entred into by the said proprietors, or either of them, for payment or security March 1722. void. of any duties of custom or excise, pretended to be due or payable by the said proprietors, or either of them, as proprietors

of the faid sugar-houses, for which they claimed exemptions, and for which fuch bonds or fecurities were given as aforefaid, be and the same are hereby declared to be void and of no force or effect; and the proper officer in whose power or custody such bond or security is or shall be, is hereby authorized and required to deliver up the same to be cancelled.

VIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid,

Proprietors discharged.

That the faid proprietors, their executors and administrators, and every of them, shall be and are hereby discharged, released, and indemnified from the payment of any duty of custom and excise due or pretended to be due from them, as proprietors of the said sugar-houses, and for which they claimed such exemption as aforesaid, before the said five and twentieth day of March one thousand seven hundred and twenty two.

Recital of part IX. And whereas by an uti passed in the fifth year of his Mojeof the act sty's reign, intituled, An act for recovering the credit of the Brisec. 1. c. 13. tish fishery in foreign parts; and for the better securing the du-

ties on salt, directions are given, that at the end of every fifting feason, the officers for the duty on salt shall take a particular account of the quantity of foreign and British salt respectively remaining in band, which remaining salt shall be immediately locked up in the joint study of the said of the salt salt and another transfer to the said of eustody of the said officer and proprietor or proprietors, his or their agent or agents; and the proprietor or proprietors, his or their agent or agents; and the proprietor or proprietors, his or their agent or agents, of the faid falt, using the said salt as aforesaid, shall, as soon as possible, after the end of every fishing season, deliver an account in writing into the office for the duty on salt, containing the quantity of fish exported, or entred and shipped to be exported, on which the salt taken away after its delivery into the sole custody of the which the salt taken away after its delivery into the sole custody of the said proprietor or proprietors, his or their agent or agents, has been used and consumed, together with a certificate or certificates by the proper officer of the several ports where the said sish were shipped for exportation, which said account delivered into the said office as aforesaid, shall be affirmed by the oath of the said proprietor or proprietors, using the said salt as aforesaid, or his or their agent or agents, who have used the same; and such proprietor or proprietors, or other persons concerned, who shall for the space of six months after the end of every sishing season, neglect or resule to deliver such account attested upon oath as aforesaid, such proprietor or proprietors, and such other person or persons as aforesaid, shall for every such affence sorfeit forty pounds: and whereas some doubts have arisen touching the periods of the several sishing seasons, and that for the want of ascertaining the time when the accounts aforesaid were to be delivered to periods of the several fishing seasons, and that for the want of ascer-taining the time when the accounts aforesaid were to be delivered to the proper officers, the merchants exporters of fish have in many places neglected to account for the salt received by them duty-free, under pretence that the fishing seasons have no end: for remedy whereof, and for the better securing of his Majesty's revenues, be it en-acted by the authority aforesaid. That all such quantities of fo-Times of desreign or British salt, as have been delivered duty-free, into the vering ac-sole custody of any person whatsoever, for the curing of fish for counts to off-foreign markets, since the sour and twentieth day of June in the cers ascertainyear of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and nineteen, and ed-before the five and twentieth day of March one thousand seven hundred and twentieth day of March one thousand seven hundred and twenty two, and which shall not be accounted for as the said act directs, on or before the five and twentieth day of March in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and twenty two, shall be accounted for as the said act directs, on or before the four and twentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and twenty two, under the penalty of ten shillings per Penalty, bushel, to be recovered of the proprietor or proprietors, person or persons to whom, or for whose use or account the said salt was delivered, for every bushel so delivered, to, or received by

shall be so delivered after the said sive and twentieth day of

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March one thousand seven hundred and twenty two, shall be accounted for yearly, as the aforesaid act directs, within three months after the expiration of each year; and every person or persons, who shall receive into his or their sole custody any quantity of soreign or British salt duty-free, for curing of sish for foreign markets, that shall neglect or refuse to weigh over to the proper officer what of that falt shall remain in his or their hands, or shall neglect or refuse to deliver to the proper officers yearly, within three months after the expiration of each respective year, such accounts of the salt received as aforesaid, and of the fish cured therewith, and exported as the act directs, together with a certificate or certificates by the proper officers of the feveral ports where the faid fish was shipped for exportation, verifying the said account (which certificates the said officers are

Penalty on neglect of delivery of accounts of falt received, &c.

hereby required to give gratis, and without delay) shall, for every such offence, forseit and lose ten shillings per bushel, to be recovered of the proprietor or proprietors, person or persons, to whom, or for whose use or account the said salt was delivered, received, &c. for every bushel so delivered to, or received by them; one moie-and exported. ty of all which penalties aforesaid to be to his Majesty, his heirs and successors, and the other moiety to the officer or officers who shall sue or inform for the same, to be sued for, recovered and levied, in such manner and form, and with such power of mitigation, as any fine, penalty or forfeiture may be sued for, re-covered, levied and mitigated, by any law of excise; or by action of debt, bill, plaint or information, in any of his Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, or in the court of exchequer in Scotland, wherein no effoin, protection or wager of law shall be allowed.

XI. And whereas by storms and violent rages of the tides from sea, into several ports and harbours of this realm of England, divers ships, barges, and lighter-boats, laden with falt, for which the duty and excise charged thereon were duly paid, have been stranded, overand excise charged thereon were duly paid, have been stranded, overset, sunk, and cast away, within the bounds and limits of the same
ports and harbours, before the same salt, or any part thereof hath
been landed or delivered on shore, whereby the said salt hath perished
and been wholly lost, and many of his Majesty's good subjects, owners
of such salt, have sustained great and heavy damages thereby, for
which no relief or redress in respect to the said duty and excise have
hitherto been provided: and whereas by an act of parliament made
in the second year of the reign of her late majesty Queen Anne, intituled, An act for the better securing and regulating the duties
upon salt, it is, among other things, provided and enacted. That in upon falt, it is, among other things, provided and enacted, That in such cases, where any salt, for which the said duty hath been paid, shall by violent or stormy weather be lost at sea, any merchants, er other persons, owners of the said salt, being subjects of this realm, shall upon due proof made thereof before such justices at such times, and in such manner, and with such restrictions as in the same all are set forth, receive a certificate of such proof as is therein directed, upon producing thereof to any the officers appointed to collect the detics on salt, the said officer or officers shall let such persons buy the like quantily

2 & 3 Apn. c. 14.

quantity of falt, as is expressed in such certificate to be lost, without paying any duty or excise for the same, as in and by the said act is ex-pressed: be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, That Relief for salt all and every such merchants, and others as aforesaid, who shall perished, or be owners of any salt, which after due payment of the said dulost by storms, in any harty shall perish or be lost in any of the ports or harbours, or rivers bour or river of this realm by storms or recease of the tides from for or river source of the rivers of of this realm, by storms or rages of the tides from sea, or other- of this realm. wife, as aforesaid, shall, upon such proofs to be made thereof, in all points, and in manner as by the said recited act is directed, be intitled to such certificate, and thereupon to such right and privilege in all respects, as any owners of the like salt lost at sea in the like case, are entitled to by virtue of the said act; any former law or statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

CAP. V.

An act to explain and amend the act passed in the third year of his pre-Continued by sent Majesty's reign, for repairing the highway from several places there- 8 Geo. 2. c. 28. in mentioned, leading towards Highgate Gatehouse and Hampstead in the county of Middlelex.

CAP. VI.

An act for granting the people called Quakers, such forms of affirmation or declaration, as may remove the difficulties which many of them lie under,

HEREAS for giving some ease to scrupulous consciences, an I W. & M. act was made in the first year of the reign of their late ma- left. 1. c. 18. jesties King William and Queen Mary, intituled, An act for exempting their Majesties protestant subjects, diffenting from the church of England, from the penalties of certain laws, whereby (among other things) a declaration of fidelity, in the form therein expressed, is appointed to be made and subscribed by certain persons, dissenters from the church of England, who scruple the taking of any oath: and whereas an act was made in the seventh and eighth years of the reign of his said late majesty King William the Third, in-7 & & W. 3. tituled, An act that the solemn and declaration of c. 34the people called Quakers, shall be accepted instead of an oath in the usual form, under the provisions therein mentioned, which in the usual form, under the provisions therein mentioned, which all being at first temporary, was afterwards farther continued by an all made in the thirteenth and fourteenth years of the reign of his 13 & 14 W. It said late Majesty, and the same all is made perpetual by an all made c. 4. in the sirst year of his present Majesty's reign, by which last mentioned all a form, importing the effect of the abjuration oath, is prescribed to be taken by the said people called Quakers: and whereas the inconveniencies to the said people called Quakers, and their samilies, and to others requiring their testimony, in many cases are not sufficiently avoided, by reason of difficulties among the said Quakers, relating to the forms of the declaration, assumption and abjuration before mentioned, as the same are now prescribed: and whereas it is evident, that the said people called Quakers, have not abused the liberty and indulgence allowed to them by law, and they have given testimony of their sidelity and affection to his Majesty, and the settle. testimony of their sidelity and affection to his Majesty, and the Settle-

following declaration of fidelity. The declaration.

where any them farther ease and relief; may it therefore please your most Quaker is permitted to make the declaration of the lords of piritual and temporal and commons, in enartion of fidelity required in the form prescribed by the authority of the edby: W. &M. same, That in all cases, where by law any Quaker is or shall seff. 1. c. 18. or be required or permitted to make and subscribe the declaration the affirmation of sidelity in the form prescribed by the field first mentioned and prescribed by of sidelity in the form prescribed by the said first mentioned act, or to make the folemn affirmation or declaration in the local prescribed by the said act of the seventh and eighth years of the make the effect of the abituration ena Geo. t. stat. such Quaker shall, instead of such first mentioned declaration of a. c. 6. he a. c. 6. he fidelity, make and subscribe a declaration of fidelity in the fol-shall make the lowing words, viz.

> A. B. do solemnly and sincerely promise and declare, That I will be true and faithful to King George; and do solemnly, sincerely, and truly prosess, testify and declare, That I do from my beart abhor, detest and renounce, as impious and heretical, that wicked doctrine and position, That princes excommunicated or deprived by the pope, or any authority of the see of Rome, may be deposed or murthered by their subjects, or any other whatsoever. And I do declare, That no sories prince, person, prelate, state or potentiate, both or That no foreign prince, person, prelate, state or potentate, hath or ought to have, any power, jurisdiction, superiority, preheminence or outhority, ecclesiostical or spiritual within this realm.

And inflead of

And instead of the solemn affirmation or declaration, in the And initial of And initial of the foliating and initial of declaration, in the sheaffirmation form prescribed by the said act of the seventh and eighth years of in 7 & 8 W 3 the reign of his said late majesty King William the Third, every shall make the such Quaker shall make the solemn declaration or affirmation mation.

The affirma-

A. B. do solemnly, sincerely, and truly declare and affirm,

effect thereof as follows Effect of the abjuration oath.

And instead of the form prescribed by the said act of the first the form of year of his present Majesty's reign, for the effect of the abjurathe abjuration tion oath, every such Quaker shall take the effect thereof in the by 1 Geo. 1. following words, viz. stat. 2. c. 6. shall take the

A. B. do solemnly, sincerely, and truly acknowledge, profess, testify, and declare, That King George is lawful and rightful King of this realm, and of all other his dominions and countries thereunto belonging; and I do solemnly and sincerely declare, That I do believe the person pretended to be the prince of Wales, during the life of the late King James, and since his decease, pretending to be, and taking upon himself the stile and title of King of England, by the name of James the Third, or of Scotland, by the name of James the Eighth, or the stile and title of King of Great Britain, bath not any righter title substi-

subatseever to the crown of this realm, nor any other the dominions thereunto belonging; and I do renounce and resuse any allegiance or obedience to him. And I do solemnly promise, that I will be true and faithful, and hear true allegiance to King George, and to him will be faithful against all traiterous conspiracies and attempts whatsoever, which shall be made against his person, crown or dignity. And I will do my best endeavour to disclose and make known to King George, and bis successors, all treasons and traiterous conspiracies, which I shall know to be made against him, or any of them. And I will be true know to be made against him, or any of them. And I will be true and saithful to the succession of the crown against him the said James, and all other persons whatsoever, as the same is and stands settled by an ast, intituled, An act declaring the rights and liberties of two & M. the subject, and settling the succession of the crown, to the late Sess. 2. c. 2. Queen Anne, and the heirs of her body, being protessants; and as the same, by one other ast, intituled, An act for the surther limi-12 & 13 W. 3. tation of the crown, and better securing the rights and liberties c. 2. of the subject, is and stands settled and intailed, after the decease of the said late Queen, and for default of issue of the said late Queen, to the late princess Sophia, electoress and dutchess downger of Hanover, and the heirs of her body, being protessants. And all these things ver, and the heirs of her body, being protestants. And all these things I do plainly and sincerely acknowledge, promise and declare, according to these express words by me spoken, and according to the plain and common sense and understanding of the same words, without any equivocation, mental evasion, or secret reservation what severe. And I do make this recognition, acknowledgment, renunciation and promise, beartily, willingly and truly.

And all persons authorized or required to administer or tend- The persons er, either the said former declaration of fidelity, or the said for-required to mer solemn affirmation or declaration, or the former effect of the administer the abjuration oath aforefaid, shall be and are hereby authorized and former declarequired to administer and tender the same respectively to the said administer the people called Quakers, in the words by this act respectively ap- same in the pointed.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That pointed by e declaration of fidelity, and solemn affirmation or declaration this act. II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That this act. the declaration of fidelity, and solemn affirmation or declaration, The declaration and the effect of the abjuration oath, appointed by this act for the faid people called Quakers, instead of the respective forms prointed here. prescribed for the same by the said recited acts, shall respective by, to be of ly be adjudged and taken to be of such and the same force and the same force, effect, and no other, to all intents and purposes, in all courts of justice and elsewhere, as if such Quaker had made and sub-scribed the declaration of fidelity, or had made the solemn former acts, affirmation or declaration, or had taken the effect of the abjuration oath, in the respective forms appointed by the said recited tion oath, in the respective forms appointed by the said recited acts: and if any person making such affirmation or declaration, Persons conas is appointed by this act to be made, instead of the affirmation victed of false or declaration in the form prescribed by the before-mentioned affirming, &c. act of the seventh and eighth years of the reign of his said late pains of willul majesty King William the Third, shall be lawfully convicted of persury. wilful, salse and corrupt affirming or declaring any matter or 7 & 8 W. 3.

words at

thing, c. M.

thing, which if sworn in the common or usual form, would have amounted to wilful and corrupt perjury, every such person so of-fending shall incur and suffer such and the same pains, penalties and forfeitures, as are inflicted or enacted by the laws and flatutes of this realm, against persons convicted of wilful and

corrupt perjury.

All clauses, &c. III. Provided always, That all clauses, provisoes and excepin the recited tions, contained in the said recited acts, or any of them, not acts, not here-hereby expressly altered or repealed, shall be of such and the by altered, to same force and effect, as they were before the making of this remain in

CAP. VII.

An act for laying a dutyof two pennies Scots, or one fixth part of a penny sterling, upon every Scots pint of ale or beer that shall be brewed for sale, vended, or tapped within the town of Elgine and privileges thereof, for paying the publick debts of the said town, and for other purposes therein mentioned.

After March 25, 1712, for 19 years, and to the end of the then next seffion of parliament, a duty of two pennies Scots laid on all beer and ale sold, &c. in Elgine. Payable by the brewers, &c. to the magistrates.

CAP. VIII.

An act to enable bis Majesty effectually to probibit commerce (for the space of one year) with any country that is or shall be infected with the plague; and for shortning the continuance of an att passed in the seventh year of his Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for repealing an act made in the ninth year of her late Majesty Queen Anne, intituled, An act to oblige ships coming from places infected, more effectually to perform their quarentine; and for the better preventing the plague being brought from foreign parts into Great Britain or Ireland, or isles of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark, or Man; and to hinder the spreading of infection.

WHEREAS several places in foreign parts, having for some time past been, and still continuing to be visited with the plague, it may be judged necessary by his Majesty, for securing his kingdoms of Great Britain and Ireland, and the dominions thereunto belonging, from so dreadful a calamity, to probibit or restrain the commerce be-tween his Majesty's subjects and those of any other country or place, which is or shall be infected with the plague: and whereas it will be requisite to inforce such prohibition or restraint by severe penalties; EXP,

The King may by proclamation, to be issued before December 12, 1722. forbid all persons to go to any place infected, or to export or carry goods, &c. to any such places before March 25, 1723. under the penalties specified in this act, and under the regulations in such proclamation. His Majery may likewise forbid any person to come or import any commodities from such places before March 25, 1723. Goods, &c. exported contrary hereto, and the vessels, &c. shall be forfeited. Exporters of such goods, &c. shall forfeit double the value. Persons coming from places insected shall incur a Pranuative. Vessels and persons coming from insected places, and

Anno octavo Georgii I. c. 9, 10. 1721.]

and attempting to enter any port of Great Britain or Ireland, may be hindered and opposed by force. Vessels and persons coming and goods brought from insected places, and landing contrary to this act, such persons shall be adjudged selons without benefit of clergy, and such ship and goods shall be burnt. Persons procuring such goods to be imported, shall forseit the treble value thereor. Two thirds of the forseitures to the King, the other third to the informers.

I. And be it further enacted by the authority aforelaid, That v1. And be it further enacted by the authority aforelaid, That an act passed in the seventh year of his present Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for repealing an act made in the ninth year of her c. 3. to contilate Majesty Queen Anne, intituled, An act to oblige ships coming nue in force from places infected more effectually to perform their quarential March 25, tine; and for the better preventing the plague being brought from songer.

Jersey, Alderney, Sark or Man, and to hinder the spreading of inc. 6. Jessey, Alderney, Sark or Man, and to hinder the spreading of inc. 6. festion, or any thing therein contained, shall not continue in force any longer than until the said twenty fifth day of March force any longer than until the faid twenty fifth day of March one thousand seven hundred and twenty three; any thing in the faid act contained to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

CAP. IX.

An act for continuing an act passed in the tenth year of the reign of her late Majesty, intituled, An act for repairing the highway between a certain place, called Kilburn Bridge in the county of Middlesex, and Sparrows-Herne in the county of Hertford; and for making the said act more effectual

Continued for twenty one years after the expiration thereof. Farther continued by 22 Geo. 2. C.14. CAP. X.

An act for repealing such clauses in the act passed in the seventb year of bis Majesty's reign (relating to quarentine and the plague) as give power to remove persons from their babitations, or to make lines about places infested.

WHEREAS by an act passed in the seventh year of the reign 7Geo.1. stat.2. of his present Majesty, intituled, An act for repealing an c. q. act made in the ninth year of the reign of her late Majesty Queen act made in the ninth year of the reign of her late Majesty Queen Anne, intituled, An act to oblige ships coming from places infected, more effectually to perform their quarentine; and for the better preventing the plague being brought from foreign parts into Great Britain or Ireland, or the isles of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark or Man; and to hinder the spreading of infection, it is, amongst other things enacted, That if any person infected with the plague, or obliged to perform quarentine, shall wilfully resuse or neglect to repair within convenient time, after due notice for that purpose given to him, her or them, by the proper officer, to the ship, house, lazaret, or other place, duly appointed for him, her or them, or having been placed in such ship, house, lazaret, or other place, shall escape, or attempt to escape out of the same, whilst he, she or they shall continue insected, or before quarentine sully performed respectively, it shall and may be lawful to and for the watchmen, and other persons appointed to see quarentine performed, by any kind of violence, that the case shall require, to compel every such person so resusting as afore-said.

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faid, and every such person so escaping, or attempting to escape as a-foresaid, to repair or return unto such ship, house, lazaret, or other place so appointed for him or her as aforesaid; and every such person so resulting or neglecting to repair within convenient time after such notice as aforesaid, into such ship, house, lazaret, or other place appointed for him or her as aforesaid, and also every person actually escaping as aforesaid, shall be adjudged guiky of felony, and shall suffer death as a felon without benefit of clergy: and it is by the said recited act also further enacted, That if at any time or times hereafter, any city, town or place within Great Britain or Ireland, shall be infected with the plague, it shall and may be lawful to and for his Majesty, his heirs and successors, to cause one or more line or lines, trench or trenches, to be cast up or made about such infected city, town or place, at a convenient distance from the same, in order to cut off the communication between such insected city, town or place, and the rest of the country; and to probibit all persons, goods and merchandizes what soever, to enand to prohibit all persons, goods and merchandizes whatsoever, to enter, pass, or be carried over such lines or trenches, unless in such eases, and by such proper licence, and subject to such regulations and restrictions for performance of quarentine, as shall be directed or permitted by any order or orders made, or to be made by his Majesty, his beirs or successors, in council, and notified by proclamation; and in case any person or persons, being within such lines or trenches, or any of them, shall, during the time of such insection, presume or attempt to come out of the same, unless in such cases, and by such proper licence, and subject to such regulations and restrictions for terformance of quarentine, as shall be directed or permitted by such order or orders made or to be made, and notified as aforesaid; it shall and may be lawful to and for the watchmen, or persons appointed to guard or secure such and for the watchmen, or persons appointed to guard or secure such lines or trenches, or any of them, by any kind of violence that the case shall require, to compel all and every such person and persons to return back within such lines or trenches, and in case any person shall actualback within fuch lines or trenches, and in case any person shall actually come out of such lines or trenches, or any of them (unless in such cases, and by such proper licence, and subject to such regulations and restrictions as aforesaid) every such person shall be adjudged guilty of the recited as the execution of the powers and authorities mentioned in the said react, giving cited clauses might be very grievous to the subjects of this kingdom; be power to remove persons it therefore enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and insected to a with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons in this present parliament assembled, and by the ny fhip, &c. or and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the to make lines authority of the same, That the said recited clauses, and the powabout any circumstance ers therein mentioned, and all other powers in the said act, to ty, &c. infected, or to compel any person or persons to remove from his, her or their pel persons to habitations, to any ship, lazaret or other place, shall be and remove from are hereby repealed and made void from and after the five and their habitations.

their habita tions, repeal-ed after March 25,

ty two.

II. Provided always, That nothing in this act contained shall or make void any of the powers or penal-This act thall ties in the faid recited act mentioned, relating to persons who not repeal a shall be on board any thip obliged to person quarentine, or shall

twentieth day of March one thousand seven hundred and twen-

2721.

come on shore, or go on board any other ship from any ship ny powers or obliged to perform quarentine, but that such powers and penal-penalties in ties shall be and remain in as full force, as if this act had not act, relating been made.

Deen made.

CAP. XI.

CAP. XI.

obliged to

An all for refloring and rebuilding the baven and piers of perform quarentine, &c. Bridport in the county of Dorset, and for making a sluce tbere.

WHEREAS good barbours and ports for shipping are the W greatest encouragement to trade and navigation, upon which the riches and strength of this kingdom do chiefly depend: and where-as the borough or town of Bridport in the county of Dorset, was heretofore by reason of the baven or port there, a place of great trade and commerce, and as such hath been taken notice of by several charters of his Majesty's royal predecessors, and other antient records; but by rea-fon of a great sickness, which beretosore bappened in the said borough or town, and swept away the greatest part of the wealthy inhabitants thereof, and by other accidents, the said baven became neglected and shereof, and by other accidents, the Jaid haven became neglected and choaked with Jands, and the piers thereof fell to ruin, to the great decay of the trade of the Jaid borough; and as now there is no security for ships that happen to come, or he driven by stress of weather into the deep and dangerous bay, wherein the said haven formerly was, shipwrecks frequently happen, and the lives and estates of many of his Majesty's subjects are lost, which might be prevented, if the said haven and piers were restored and rebuilt with proper and convenient sluce or sluces to scour and cleanse the same, and the antient trade of the said borough thereby might be revived, his Majesty's customs much augmented, and the value of lands adjacent he oreatly improved to augmented, and the value of lands adjacent be greatly improved: to the end therefore that the said baven or barbour, and piers, may be reflored and rebuilt, and such sluce and sluces made, with proper and convenient keys, wharfs and landing-places, for loading and unloading of ships; be it enacted, &c.

of ships; be it enacted, &c.

The bailiffs and capital burgesses of Bridport in Com. Dors. appointed trustees for repairing the haven and piers there, &c. And they or their assigns may, after June 24, 1723. assign a place near Bridport Mouth, where the said harbour, piers, sluices, &c. shall be made, where the materials shall be laid, &c. The major part of the bailiffs, &c. may remove rocks and kones on the sea-shore, within three miles from Bridport Mouth; may have free passage, &c. But they shall agree with the owners, &c. of the ground. If any persons refuse to agree, or through disability cannot, two justices of Dorsetshire may issue precepts to the sherist of that county, for impanelling a jury. The sherist to return twenty four qualified persons, to whom the parties interested may have legal challenges. The first twelve being sworn, shall assess damages to the proprietors. The justices to give judgment for the sums assessed. There shall be paid to the collectors for every weigh of salt, last of wheat, rye, &c. chaldron of coals and tun of other goods, imported and exported, 12 d. Every ship, &c. of ten tun burthen, or above, to pay 2 d. per tun. The bailiffs, &c. may convey the duties as a security for money borrowed. When the bailiffs, &c. are repaid the money laid out, the duties shall cease: and from thenceforth each weigh of salt, last of wheat, &c. chaldron of coals and tun of other goods, &c. imported or exported, shall pay only 6 d. And each ship, &c. 1 d. per tun. Saving to the lords of Symondsbury, Burton and Bothenhampten, all their rights, &c.

CAP. XII.

JHEREAS in the third and fourth years of the reign of ber

An act giving further encouragement for the importation of naval stores, and for other purposes therein mentioned.

3 & 4 Ann. c. 10.

V late Mujesty Queen Anne, a good law was made for encouraging the importation of naval stores from her Majesty's plantations in America, by an ast which commenced the first day of January one

in America, by an act which commenced the first day of January one thousand seven hundred and five, and continued from thence forward 12Ann. stat. 1. for the space of nine years; and by an act made in the twelsth year c. 9.

of her said late Majesty's reign, the aforesaid act is continued from the time of the expiration of the same, for the surther term of eleven years, and from thence to the end of the next session of parliament; and by the act last mentioned, encouragement is given for the importation of naval stores from that part of Great Britain called Scotland, to that part of Great Britain called England, during the remainder of the time limited for granting transium to the important of the time limited for granting transium to the important of

land, to that part of Great Britain called England, during the remainder of the time limited for granting premiums to the importers of naval stores from America, by the said acts: and whereas, in confequence of the said encouragement, it is found by experience that great quantities of good and merchantable pitch and tar (part of the naval stores mentioned in the said acts) have been imported into this kingdom from the said plantations in America, which pitch and tar have been found useful for the service of his Majesty's navy, and it is necessary to give further encouragement therein: and whereas it is probable that the owners of large tracts of land in the said plantations, and in that part of Great Britain called Scotland, Ising near the sea, and upon navigable rivers, would be induced to sow the same with

and upon navigable rivers, would be induced to fow the same with hemp, if farther encouragement were given for that purpose: may it therefore please your most excellent Majesty, that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and tem-

poral and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That the premium or reward of six pounds, given by the said acts for every ton of hemp water-rot-Premium for ton of hemp

&c. continued ted, bright and clean, each ton containing twenty gross hun-from expirading dreds and fix pounds, shall be continued from the expiration of tion of the act the said act of the twelsth year of her said late Majesty's reign, 22 Ann. for and during the term of fixteen years, and from thence to the 16 years, &c. end of the next session of parliament, and shall be paid and pay-Farther contisued by 16 Geo. able in the same manner, and under the same rules, methods s. c. 26. and and restrictions, as are prescribed in and by the said former acts or either of them, touching the same; and all such hemp, be-

ing lawfully imported into this kingdom after the four and twentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and twenty two, Hemp importshall be free and clear of and from all duties, customs and impositions whatsoever, payable to his Majesty, his heirs or successors; any law, custom or other matter or thing to the coned after 24. June, 1722, duty-free.

trary in any wife notwithstanding.

II. And whereas great quantities of wood and timber, and of the goods commonly called lumber, herein after particularly enumerated, (that is to say) deals of several forts, timber balks of several fixes,

Anno octavo Georgii I. C. 12.

barrel boards, clap boards, pipe boards, or pipe holt, white boards for shoemakers, boom and cant spars, bow staves, capravens, clap holt, ebony wood, headings for pipes, and for hogsheads and barrels, boops for coopers, oars, pipe and hogshead staves, barrel staves, firkin boops for coopers, oars, pipe and hogsbead staves, barrel staves, firkin staves, trunnels, speckled wood, sweet wood, small spars, oak, plank and wainstot, or some of them, have usually been imported into this kingdom from foreign countries at excessive rates or prices, especially in time of war, and foreigners have thereby found opportunities to export the coined monies of this realm; and it is well known that the said commodities, being of the growth and product of his Majessy's plantations in America, may be surnished from thence, if due encouragement was given in that behalf: be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all and every person and persons, who, wood, lumwithin the term of one and twenty years, to be reckoned from ber, &c. (extent four and twentieth day of June one thousand seven hundred and twenty two, shall import or cause to be imported into Great from America, Britain, directly from any of his Majesty's British plantations or for 21 years Britain, directly from any of his Majesty's British plantations or for at years colonies in America, in any ship or vessel, ships or vessels, which after 24 June may lawfully trade to or from his Majesty's said plantations or free. colonies, and which shall be navigated according to law, any fort of wood, plank or timber whatfoever, wrought or unwrought, or any of the goods called lumber, before in this act enumerated, such wood, plank, timber and lumber, being of the growth Lignum Vilae and product of the said plantations or colonies, or some of them, may be imported (except masts, yards and bowsprights, touching which duties duty-free by and premiums are ascertained by former acts in that behalf) iGeo.a. stata. Thall and may import the same free from all customs and impofitions whatfoever, granted to his Majesty, his heirs or suc-

III. And to the end his Majesty's royal navy may, from time Pre-emptionos III. And to the end his Majesty's royal navy may, from time Pre-emptionof to time, have the benefit of so much of such hemp, as shall be requisite for the service thereof; be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That upon the importation of any hemp, for missioners, see which any bounty or premium is by this or any former act girof the navy. ven, the pre-emption or refusal of such hemp shall be offered and tendered to the commissioners of his Majesty's navy, or some contrasted for of their agents for the time being, upon landing the same; and if within the space of twenty days after such tender, the said to be otherwise commissioners shall not contract or bargain for the same, it shall disposed of the lawful for the importer or importers, owner or owners of such be lawful for the importer or importers, owner or owners of fuch hemp, otherwise to dispose thereof, as by law they may, for his, her or their best profit and advantage

ceffors.

IV. And whereas in and by the said ast, made in the third and 3 & 4 Ann. fourth years of her said late Majesty Queen Anne, sintituled, An c. 10. act for encouraging the importation of naval stores from her Majesty's plantations in America,] a reward or premium was given for tar, brought into this kingdom directly from her Majesty's plantations in America, after the rate of four pounds for every ton of good and merchantable tar, under such rules, regulations, and provisoes, as are sherein mentioned; which all was continued by one other all made in
she twelfth year of the same reign, [intituled, An all for continuing 22Ann. flates.

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an act made in the third and fourth years of the reign of her prefent Majesty, intituled, An act for encouraging the importation of naval stores from her Majesty's plantations in America; and for encouraging the importation of naval stores from that part of Great Britain called Scotland to that part of Great Britain called England, and is still in force; and by the said last mentioned all the like reward or premium of four pounds per ton, was extended to and given for tar brought from that part of Great Britain called Scotland to that part of Great Britain called England, under the

like rules, regulations, and provisors, as in the case of plantation tar:

5 Geo. 1. c. 11. and whereas by one other act passed in the fifth year of the reign of his

present Majesty, intituled, An act against the clandestine running of

uncustomed goods; and for the more effectual preventing of frauds relating to the customs, the faid reward or premium is to be allowed for fuch tar only as should be clean, good, merchantable, and well conditioned, and fit for making cordage; and nevertheless, the tar imported from the said plantations has hitherto been found to retain an bot and thick quality, whereby it is not so fit for making cordage, as the East country tar: wherefor remedy thereof for the future and to

After 29 Sept. ing cordage; be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the twenty ninth day of September which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand forces burned. the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and twenty made by offi-cer of the cufour, no certificate be made out by any officer of his Majesty's customs, in any port of this kingdom, for any tar which shall ftoms for tar imported, &c. be imported into this kingdom, from any of his Majefty's colonor bill grant-nies or plantations in America, nor any bill made out by the comed by commifmifioners of principal officers of his Majefty's navy, whereby to provide him entitle the importer of fuch tar to any reward or premium. entitle the importer of such tar to any reward or premium, un-less the certificate of the governor, lieutenant-governor, collector porter to a of the customs, and naval officer, or any two of them, (which certificate is by the said act of the third and fourth years of the reign of her said late Majesty Queen Anne, directed to be by them premium, un-les certificate from gover-nor, &c. do express that made out in such terms, manner and form, and for such intents

fuch tar was made from green trees in manner here. and purposes as are therein mentioned) do express, That it has appeared to them (the persons so certifying) by the oath of the manner here. owner or maker of the tar, for which such certificate shall be by prescribed. granted (such oath to be made before any justice of the peace within the colony or plantation where such tar shall be made,

who is hereby authorized to administer the same) that the tar

therein mentioned was made from green trees prepared for that purpose, after the following manner; that is to say, That when such trees were sit to bark, the bark thereof was stript eight foot, or thereabouts, up from the root of each tree, a flip of the bark of about four inches in breadth having been left on one fide of Farther provi-fious relating hereto,2 Geo.2. each tree; and that each tree, after having been so bark'd, had C. 35. L 12. flood during one year at the least, and was not before cut down for the making of tar; any thing herein, or in any former law to the contrary notwithstanding. V, bil

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V. And whereas the laws already made, and still in force, for the preservation of white pine-trees in his Majesty's colonies of New Hampshire, the Massachusets Bay, and province of Main, Rhode-Island, and Providence Plantation, the Narraganset country, of King's Province, and Connecticut in New England, and New York, and New Jersey, in America, for the masting the royal navy, have been sound insufficient for that purpose, so that a surther provision is necessary to be made therein: and forasmuch as there are great numbers of white pine-trees, sit for massing the royal navy, growing in his Majesty province of Nova Scotia in America; be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and afvector that twenty first day of September one thousand seven hundred trees, &c. in and twenty two, no person or persons within the said colonies America to be or plantations of Nova Scotia, New Hampshire, the Massachusets cut or selled Bay, and province of Main, Rhode-Island, and Providence Plantation, the Narraganset country, or King's Province, and Connec-Farther proviticut in New England, and New York, and New Jersey, in Ame-visous relating rica, or within any of them, do or shall presume to cut, sell or bereo, a Geo. 2. destroy any white pine-trees, not growing within any township, c. 35. deftroy any white pine-trees, not growing within any township, c. 35. or the bounds, lines or limits thereof, in any of the faid colonies or plantations, without his Majesty's royal licence for so doing first had and obtained, on pain that every person so cutting, felling and destroying such pine-trees, or who shall be aiding or affisting therein, or in drawing away the said pine-tree, after the fame shall have been so cut, felled or destroyed, shall, for every such offence, forfeit and pay the several and respective sums following; That is to say, for every white pine-tree, of the growth of twelve inches diameter and under, at three foot Penalties on from the earth, the furn of five pounds; for every fuch tree, from offenders. twelve inches to eighteen inches diameter, the fum of ten pounda; for every fuch tree, from eighteen inches to four and twenty inches diameter, the sum of twenty pounds; and for every such tree, from four and twenty inches diameter and upwards, the fum of fifty pounds; which several penalties and forfeitures shall and may be sued for within six months after the offence commit. How to be rered, by plaint or information, upon the oath of one or more covered, credible witness or witnesses, before the judge of the admiralty, or his deputy, within the colony or plantation, where such pine-tree shall be cut, felled or destroyed; one moiety of such penal-ties and forseitures to be to his Majesty, his heirs or successors, the other moiety to the informer who shall sue for the same; and in case any dispute shall arise whether such tree, when cut, felled or destroyed, was growing within any township, or the bounds, lines or limits thereof, as aforesaid, the proof shall lie upon the owner; and on conviction of such offender for such offence, as aforesaid, if he shall refuse or neglect to pay the penalty and forseiture thereby incurred by the space of twenty days after such conviction, that then such judge or his deputy shall and may, by warrant under his hand and seal, cause the same to be levied by distress and sale of the goods of them. dering the overplus, if any be, to the owner; and when no suf-C c 2 ficient

ficient distress can be found, such judge or deputy shall commit the offender to prison, within the colony or plantation where such offence shall be committed, there to remain without bail or mainprize, during such time as such judge or deputy shall ap-

point, not exceeding twelve months, nor less than three months, or until such offender shall pay the penalty or sum of money for recovered; and after such payment made, shall likewise find sufficient security for his good behaviour, during the space of

fufficient fecurity for his good behaviour, during the space of three years, to be accounted from the time of such his conviction: and it is hereby declared, that all white pine-trees, masts or logs made from such trees, which from and after the said one and twentieth day of September one thousand seven hundred and twenty two shall be found cut or felled without such licence as according to the King.

be forfeited and seized for the use of his Majesty, his heirs and successors; any sormer law, usage or custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

VI. And whereas by one other ast made in the ninth year of the

VI. And whereas by one other all made in the ninth year of the reign of her late Majesty Queen Anne, intituled, An act for the prefervation of white and other pine-trees growing in her Majesty's colonies of New Hampshire, the Massachusetts Bay, and province of Main, and Rhode Island, and Providence Plantation, the Narraganset country, or King's Provence, Connecticut in New England, and New York, and New Jersey, in America, for the massing her Majesty's navy, it was amongst other things, enacted, That no person or persons, within the said colonies and plantations, should cut, sell or destroy any white pine-tree, fit for mass (not being the

cut, fell or destroy any white pine-tree, fit for mast (not being the property of any private person) such tree being of the growth of sur and twenty inches diameter and upwards, at twelve inches from the earth, without her Majesty's licence, on the penalty of one hundred pounds sterling, to be recovered, sevied and distributed, as therein is mentioned; be it hereby further enacted, That so much of the

Repeal of part faid act as relates to the cutting, felling or destroying such white of 9Ann. c.17. pine-trees, and the penalties to be incurred thereby, shall, from tion of white and after the one and twentieth day of September one thousand feven hundred and twenty two, be and stand absolutely repealed.

CAP. XIII.

An act for the amending the highways leading from Brampton Bridge near Church Brampton in the county of Northampton, through the parish of Thornby, to a bridge called Welford Bridge in the parish of Welford in the faid county; and also the great post-road from a place called Morter Pit Hill in the parish of Pistord in the said county, through the towns and parishes of Brixworth, Lamport, Maidwell, Kelmarsh and Oxenden Magna, to a bridge called Chain Bridge, leading into Market Harborough in the county of Leicester.

The toll granted by this act is to have continuance from the 25th of March 1721, for 21 years. Continued by 23 Geo. 2. C. 8.

CAP. XIV.

An act for making the river Eden navigable to Bank End in the county of Cumberland.

The undertakers Thomas Pattinson, &c. their heirs and assigns, imposered to improve the passage of the river Eden, and render it more savigable

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gable for barges, &c. from Ellen Foot, to Bank End. To which purpose they may cleanse, deepen, &c. the said river, erect new works, &c. Remove sand, &c. They shall not straiten the river but by making it deeper. The justices of Cumberland in quarter-sessions to determine what satisfaction shall be given to the owners of grounds. To summon the parties concerned, and enquire by witnesses upon oath, of the damage. Tolls to be taken by the undertakers for 31 years, viz. For every tun of coal eight pence, and for every tun of cynders one shilling and four pence, and for every tun of limestone eight pence. Persons throwing dirt into the river may be sued, and shall pay the costs of the removal, and treble costs of suit. Saving to the lords, &c. of royalties, &c. their liberties of sishing, &c. Coals carried from Ellen Foot to Bank End, not liable to the duty. Owners of boats shall enter into bond to land the coals in the bay of the river Eden in Com. Cumberland, and bring a return signed by the proper officer. is to be paid for the bond, and 4d. for the return. Masters of boats, &c. not obliged to take a certificate, &c. for loading or conveying lime from creek to creek between Ellen Foot and Bank End.

CAP. XV.

An all for encouragement of the filk manufallures of this kingdom; and for taking off several duties on merchandizes exported; and for reducing the duties upon beaverskins, pepper, mace, cloves and nutmegs imported; and for the importation of all furs of the product of the British plantations, into this kingdom only; and that the two corporations of assurance, on any suits brought on their policies shall be liable only to single damages and costs of suit.

MAY it please your most excellent Majesty, whereas the wealth and prosperity of this kingdom doth very much depend upon the improvement of its manufactures, and the prositable trade carried on by the exportation of the same, which trade ought, by all proper means, to be encouraged, for the more comfortable support and maintenance of great numbers of your Majesty's subjects employed in the making or working of such goods, and for the enlargement of the commerce of Great Britain: and whereas the manufacture of silk, stuffs, and of stuffs mixed with silk, which is one of the most considerable branches of the manufactures of this kingdom, has of late years, been greatly improved in this kingdom, and there is reason to believe, that the exportation of them into foreign parts would considerably increase, were it not obstructed and hindered by reason of the high duties payable upon the importation of raw and thrown silk, without any allowance upon the importation of raw and thrown filk, without any allowance being made upon the faid filks, when wrought up and exported; and in regard the faid raw and thrown filk, when exported unmanufactured, do draw back great part of the duties paid inwards; and it feems just and reasonable that the said filks, when made up, should also enjoy the same benefit and allowance upon the exportation of them; and for that there is a grade of the raw and therever file, used in the and for that there is a waste of the raw and thrown silk, used in the manufacture: therefore we your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons of Great Britain in parliament assembled, do humbly pray your Majesty, That it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority

Allowances to of the same, That the several and respective allowances or sums exporters of commodities of money hereafter in this act expressed, shall be paid to any commodities manufactured in Great Brithe term of three years, to be reckoned from the twenty fifth day of March one thousand seven hundred and twenty two, or

at any time or times before the end of the then next session of These clauses fariber continued by 11Geo. way of merchandize, any of the goods or commodities of the
11. C. 29. fect. 2. manufacture of Great Britain, herein after particularly specified, for three years, and so in proportion for any greater quantity; that is to say, end of the next session, and farther continued by 2 Geo. 2. C. 28. to Sept. 1734. Explained by 1 Geo. 2. stat. 2. C. 17. seek. 10. Farther continued by 15 Geo. 2. C. 35. and by

20 Geo. 2. C. 45. Ribbons, &c. For all ribbons and stuffs made in Great Britain of silk only, of filk only. and exported as aforefaid, the fum of three shillings for every

pound-weight Averdupois.

For all filks and ribbons made in Great Britain of filk mixed Silk, &c. mixed with gold or with gold or filver, and exported as aforesaid, the sum of sour

filver. fhillings for every pound weight Averdupois.

Silk stockings, For all filk stockings, filk sloves, filk fringes, filk laces, sticking or sewing filk, made in Great Britain, and exported as aforciaid, the sum of one shilling and three pence for every

pound weight Averdupois.

For all stuffs of filk and grogram yarn made in Great Britais, Stuffs of filk and exported as aforefaid, the fum of eight pence for every poundand grogram weight Averdupois. varn.

For all stuffs made in Great Britain of filk mixed with incle or Silk mixed cotton, and exported as aforefaid, the fum of one shilling for with incle or every pound-weight Averdupois. cotton.

For all filks made in Great Britain of filk and worsted, and Stuffs of filk exported as aforefaid, the fum of fixpence for every pound-weight and worsted. Averdupois.

Which feveral and respective allowances, or sums of money for each species before mentioned, shall be paid and answered By whom the allowances shall be paid. by the customer or collector of the customs, with the privity of the controller of the port, from whence the same shall be exported, on a debenture to be made forth by the customer or collector, according to the entry of the goods, and the shipping thereof verified by the fearcher, and oath made by the exporter on the entry or debenture, before the customer or collector, or controller of such port, that the said goods are of British manufacture, and exported or intended to be exported to parts beyond the feas, and not relanded or intended to be relanded in any part of Great Britain, the exporter, with one or more person or persons,

first giving sufficient security to the said customer or collector of Security to be the port, in a penalty of the value of the goods (which fecungiven by ex-porter, that ty they are hereby impowered to take in the name and to the filks, &c. shall use of his Majesty, his heirs and successors) that such filk, stuffs, not be reland or other manufactures before mentioned, fo shipped or intended ed to be shipped, or any part thereof, shall not be relanded or brought on shore again, in any port or part of Great Britain;

and fuch securities shall be discharged in the manner hereafter securities how mentioned, that is to fay, for such of the said goods as shall be discharged entered for, or landed in the kingdom of Ireland, the islands of IGeo.2.stat.2.

Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark or Man, the condition of the c.17. sex.9.

bond shall be to bring in a certificate in discharge thereof, within fix months from the date of the bond, and within eighteen months for such of the said goods as shall be entred for, or landed in any of his Majesty's plantations in America, which respective certificates for such silks, stuffs, or other manufactures a foresaid, as shall be landed in any port or place, where any officer or officers of his Majesty's customs shall be resident, shall be figned by the proper officer or officers of his Majesty's customs there, importing that such goods were there landed, testifying the landing thereof; and for such silk, stuffs, and other manufactures aforesaid, as shall be entred for the islands of Jersey, Guernsey, Alderney or Sark, shall be signed by the proper officer or officers of his Majesty's customs, if any such officer or officers shall be residing in those islands respectively, and for want of such officer residing there, then by the governor of those islands, or the deputy-governor thereof respectively; and for such silk, stuffs, or other manufactures aforesaid, as shall be so entered for any other foreign port or place, to bring a certificate under the common feal of the chief magistrate in such port or place, or under the hands and seals of two known British merchants then being at such port or place, that such silks, or other manufactures, were there landed; or such bond or bonds shall be discharged upon proof in either of the said cases, that such goods were taken by enemies, or perished in the seas, the examination and proof thereof being lest to the judgment of the commissioners of the customs in England or Scotland respectively for the time being.

II. And for the better preventing frauds in the entering any Searcher, &c. of the said goods under a wrong denomination, to the prejudice after entry, to of the revenue, be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, &c. That it shall and may be lawful to and for any searcher, or other proper officer of the customs, after the entry of any of the said goods, and before or after the shipping thereof, to open and strictly examine any bale, trus, chest, or other package, as now by law they may do, to see if the goods are right entered; and if on such examination the same shall be found to be right entered, the officer shall at his own charge cause the same to be repacked, to the satisfaction of the exporter, which charge shall be allowed to the said officer by the commissioners of the customs, if they think it reasonable; but in case the said officer shall find the said goods, or any part thereof, to have been entered under a wrong denomination, whereby his Majesty would have been defrauded in the allowance to be paid on the exportation of such goods, contrary to the true intent and meaning of this act, all such goods so wrong entered shall and may be seif-Goods wrong ed, and the same, as likewise the value thereof, shall be forfeit-entered, for

ed feited with van

ed and loft, and shall and may be prosecuted and divided as herein after mentioned.

for manufactures mixed with gold or filver on the edges, &c. anly. Farther provi-fions relating

No allowances

luc.

Allowances to and allowed on their accounts.

Allowances to be abated in proportion to culloms redeemed.

After 25 March 1722. Duties on goods of British manufactures exported to ceale.

III. Provided always, and be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said respective allowances shall not be demanded or made for such of the said manufactures mixed with gold or filver, when they are only so mixed at the edges and the ends of the pieces, or for such of the said manufactures mixed with filk, when they are only so mixed at the edges or ends of the piece; and if any dispute shall arise concerning any of the said fions relating bereto, 9Geo. 1. Great Britain, or touching the quality of the goods, the Onus Probandi.

Onus Probandi. not on the officer.

Manufactures relanded with faid, That if any of the faid filk, stuffs, or other manufactures out licence, aforesaid, shipped to be exported, for which allowance is hereout licence, aforesaid, shipped to be exported, for which allowance is here-&cc. or unless by made, shall be relanded or unshipped in any port or place in an case of di-Great Britain. contrary to the true intent and meaning of this of di-forfeit-th pe-act, without the licence of one or more of the principal officers fires, forfeited, with penalty of bond, of such port or place, first had and obtained, or unless it be in
and treble vacase of distress to save the said goods from perishing, which shall be forthwith made known to one of the faid officers, the goods (over and above the penalty of the bond to be levied and recovered to his Majesty's use as aforesaid) and treble the value of such goods shall be forseited and lost, and shall and may be profecuted and divided in the manner herein after mentioned.

V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That the faid allowances shall and may be paid by the respective cube paid by the the faid allowances shall and may be paid by the respective cu-collectors, &c. stomer or collector, out of any money in his hands, arising from customs or other duties upon goods imported from parts beyond the seas, and the money so paid shall be accepted of in his or their account, as so much paid to his Majesty, and he and they

is, are, and shall be discharged thereof accordingly.

VI. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That in case any of the customs or other duties now payable on the importation of foreign thrown or raw filk, shall, during the continuance of this act, be redeemed, or otherwise cease to be payable, so much of the allowance or allowances to be made on the exportation of the filk, stuffs, or other manufactures before mentioned, shall be abated, as shall bear a proportion to the customs or duties so redeemed, or that shall cease to be payable on the importation of thrown or raw filk; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstand-

VII. And for the further encouragement of the British manufactures, be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the twenty-fifth day of March one thousand seven hundred and twenty two, the several and respective subsidies and other duties whatsoever, payable to his Majesty, his heirs or fuccessors, by any law now in force, upon the exportation of any goods and merchandizes of the product or manufactures of

Great

Anno octavo Georgii I. C.15. 1721.]

Great Britain, shall cease, determine, and be no longer due or payable for so much of the said goods or merchandizes, as shall from thenceforth be exported, except such goods and merchandizes, touching which a special provision is herein after made.

VIII. And it is hereby provided and enacted by the authori- Duties on alty aforesaid, That this act, or any thing herein contained, shall lom, lead, &c, not extend, or be construed to extend, to determine, alter or continue. lessen the several or respective subsidies of poundage, or other duties, payable upon the exportation of allom, lead, lead ore, tin, leather tanned, copperas, coals, wool cards, white wool-len cloths, *Lapis Calaminaris*, skins of all forts, glew, coney hair or wool, hares wool, hair of all forts, horses, and litharge of lead; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

IX. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it On entry, &c. shall and may be lawful to or for any person or persons, after the all goods of said twenty fifth day of *March* one thousand seven hundred and British protwenty two, to export out of any port of this kingdom, in which duce, lawfully there is a customer or collector, all such goods and merchan-exported, to dizes of the produce or manufacture of Great Britain, as may free. now be lawfully exported, and that without paying any subsidy, or other duty whatfoever (other than for the goods or merchandizes, touching which an exception or special provision is before made in this act) so as a due entry be first made of the said goods or merchandizes in such custom-house respectively, where the same shall be exported, in the same manner and form, expressing the quantities and qualities of the respective goods, as was used and practised before the making of this act, and so as the same be shipped by the proper officer for that purpose, on failure whereof the said goods to be liable to the payment of the duties, as if this act had never been made; any law, statute, provision or usage to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

X. And for the further encouragement of the manufactures On entry dyof this kingdom, by the promoting the importation of drugs, ing drugs, &c. and other goods used for dying; be it enacted by the authority imported, dusforesaid, That from and after the twenty fifth day of March one ty-free. thousand seven hundred and twenty two, it shall and may be lawful to import into this kingdom all sorts of drugs and other goods, herein after particularly enumerated, which are used for dying; that is to say, Agarick, Annotto, Antimonium Crudum, Aqua-fortis, Argoil, Arsenick, Bayberries, Brazil Wood, Braziletto Wood, Cochineal, Cream of Tartar, Fustick, Galls, Gum Arabick, or Gum Seneca, Indico of all forts, Ifinglass, Litmus, Logwood, Madder of all forts, Madder Roots, Nicaragua Wood, Orchal, Orchelia, Pomegranate Peels, Red Wood, Saftower, Sal-Armoniack, Sal-gem, Sappan Wood, Red Saunders, Sboemack, Sticklack, Turnfole, Valonia and Verdegreafe, without paying any subsidy, custom, imposition, or other duty whatfoever for the same (Salt-Petre always excepted) so as a due entry be first made thereof in the custom-house belonging to the port into which fuch drugs, or other dying goods, shall be imported, in the same manner and form, expressing the quantities

and qualities of the respective goods, as was used and practifed before the making of this act, and so as the same be landed in the presence of the proper officer appointed for that purpose, and so as such importation be according to the rules prescribed and enjoined by an act of parliament passed in the twelsth year of the

22Car.2. c.18. reign of King Charles the Second, intituled, An act for the encouragement and increasing of shipping and navigation, and on failure of the said conditions or directions herein last mentioned, fuch drugs or dying goods, shall be liable to the payment of the respective duties, as if this act had never been made; any law, statute, provision or usage to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

XI. And to the end the encouragement given to the manufactures of this kingdom, in allowing the before mentioned foreign drugs, or other goods used in dying, to be imported duty-free, according to the true meaning of this act, may in no wise tend to the benefit of manufactures made in foreign parts, as it may do, should such drugs, or other goods used in dying, be again carried out of this kingdom, without paying any duty for the same, whereby they may be sold in foreign markets so much cheaper: we your Majesty's said dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons of Great Britain in parliament assembled, do give and grant to your Majesty, and do humbly beseech your Majesty. That it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the authority. ty aforeiaid, That for and upon all foreign goods, commodities, or materials used in dying, which shall be imported into used in dying, this kingdom free of duty by virtue of this present act, and which, from and after the twenty fifth day of March one thousanter 25March thereout, there shall be paid and answered to his Majesty, his ed, to pay 6 d. heirs and successors, a subsidy of poundage upon the value of twenty shillings, according to the several rates and values hereafter mentioned, the sum of six pence, and so after that rate for

after mentioned, the fum of fix pence, and so after that rate for

Agarick trim-

Annotto.

crudum.

Arfenick.

Bayberries.

Antimonium

Aqua Fortis.

greater or lesser quantities; that is to say,

Agarick trimmed or pared, the pound-weight, six shillings and eight pence.

Agarick rough.

Agarick rough and untrimmed, the pound-weight, one shilling and eight pence.

Annotto the pound-weight, one shilling.

Antimonium Crudum, the hundred-weight, containing one hundred and twelve pounds, fix shillings and eight pence.

Aqua Fortis the bottle, containing four gallons, two pounds five shillings, and after that rate for a greater or lesser quantity.

Argoil, the hundred-weight, containing one hundred and Argoil.

twelve pounds, one pound three shillings and four pence. Arsenick, the pound weight, one penny and one third part of

a penny. Bayberries, the hundred weight, containing one hundred and

twelve pounds, four shillings five pence and one third part of a penny.

Brazil or Furnamback Wood, the hundred-weight, containing one hundred and twelve pounds, one pound fifteen shillings.

Brazil.

Bra-

Braziletto or Jamaica Wood, the hundred-weight, containing Braziletto. one hundred and twelve pounds, one pound one shilling and

eight pence.

Cochineal, the pound-weight, six shillings and eight pence.

Cochineal, the hundred-weight, containing one hun-Cream of Tartar, dred and twelve pounds, forty shillings.

Fusick, the hundred-weight, containing one hundred and Fusick. twelve pounds, five shillings

Galls, the hundred-weight, containing one hundred and Galls.

twelve pounds, forty shillings.

Gum Arabick or Gum Seneca, the hundred-weight, containing Gum Arabick.

one hundred and twelve pounds, ten shillings. Indico of all forts, the pound-weight, three shillings and four Indico. pence.

Isinglass, the hundred-weight, containing one hundred and Isinglass. twelve pounds, one pound thirteen shillings and four pence.

Litmus, the hundred-weight, containing one hundred and Litmus.

twelve pounds, twenty shillings. Logwood, the hundred-weight, containing one hundred and Logwood.

twelve pounds, forty shillings. Madder of all forts, the hundred-weight, containing one hun-Madder.

dred and twelve pounds, one pound ten shillings.

Madder Roots, the pound-weight, four pence. Madder Nicaragua Wood, the tun-weight, eight pounds. Roots. Nicaragua Wood, the tun-weight, eight pounds.

Orchal, the hundred-weight, containing one hundred and Wood.

twelve pounds, forty shillings. Orchelia, the hundred-weight, containing one hundred and Orchelia.

twelve pounds, twenty shillings.

Pomegranate Peels, the hundred-weight, containing one hun-pomegranate

dred and twelve pounds, thirteen shillings and four pence.

Red Wood or Guinea Wood, the hundred-weight, containing Red Wood. one hundred and twelve pounds, one pound ten shillings.

Saflower, the pound-weight, one shilling. Saflower. Sal Armoniack, the pound-weight, fix pence and two third Sal Armoniparts of a penny.

Sal-gem, the pound-weight, two pence and two third parts of Sal-gem. a penny.

Sapan IVood, the hundred-weight, containing one hundred Sapan Wood. and twelve pounds, ten shillings.

Red Saunders, the hundred-weight, containing one hundred Red Saunders.

and twelve pounds, one pound fix shillings and eight pence. Shoemack, the hundred-weight, containing one hundred and Shoemack.

twelve pounds, thirteen shillings and four pence.

Sticklack, the pound-weight, four pence. Turnsole, the pound-weight, two pence and two third parts Turnsole.

of a penny. Valonia, the ton-weight, seven pounds.

Verdigrease, the pound-weight, six pence and two third parts Verdigrease.

of a penny.

Which subsidy of six pence upon the said goods, commodi-subsidy of sd.

Which subsidy of six pence upon the said goods, commodi-subsidy of sd. ties, or materials used in dying, and exported according to the on goods, &c. feveral used for dying, of poundage on goods exported.

to be recover act, as aforesaid, shall have such or the like reference. ances, and shall and may, from time to time, be raised, received, levied and recovered, by such ways and means, and under such penalties and forfeitures, and with such allowances for goods lost or taken at sea, and in such manner and form, as the subsidy of poundage on goods or merchandizes exported, may be raised, received, levied or recovered, by any law of the customs now in force. XII. And it is hereby enacted, That the produce of the faid

The produce to be appropriated to the and commodities exported (the necessary charges of manage-fame uses as the subsidy of for the same respective uses, and in such proportions, manner roundage on poundage on and form, and subject to such respective powers of redemption, as the subsidy of poundage on other goods and commodities exmer acts to be ported (not herein before exempted from the payment thereof) applied.

The powers. The powers, that all the powers, directions, penalties and forfeitures, clauses, acts, to be put matters and things contained in any act or acts of parliament in execution now in force for appropriating and applying the said subsidy on for applying. goods exported, not herein before exempted, shall be practiced the subfidy and put in execution for appropriating and applying the said subthe fubfidy and put in execution for appropriating and applying the faid sub-fidy hereby granted accordingly, as fully and effectually, as if the same were again repeated and re-enacted in the body of this present act; any law or custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

XIII. And whereas beaver-skins imported are valued in the book of

Daties upon

Duties upon beaver-ikins, at so far fix shillings and eight pence per skin, according to which valiowtobe com- lue the duties now payable upon every beaver-skin imported, do amount puted and pand.

as follows, that is to say, For the old subsidy, four pence, for the surther subsidy, four pence; for the one third subsidy, one penny and one third parts of a penny, and for the additional impost, four pence; amounting in the whole to sixteen pence per skin, as by several acts of parliament now in force doth appear; be it surther enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the twenty fifth day of March one thousand seven hundred and twenty two, the duties March one thousand seven hundred and twenty two, the duties upon beaver-skins from thenceforth to be imported, shall be computed and paid, as if they had been valued in the said book of rates at two faillings and fix pence per skin, according to which value, there shall be paid for every beaver-skin so imported, six pence, and no more, which shall be applied to the said several subsidies and additional impost, in such proportions as sixteen pence bears to fix pence; any former act or acts of parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

XIV. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted, That

Drawbacks allowed after 25 March 1722.

from and after the said twenty fifth day of March one thousand seven hundred and twenty two, upon the exportation of any of the faid beaver-skins within the time allowed by law, for which the duties chargeable by his act shall have been first paid or secured, there shall be allowed a drawback of a moiety of the said respective sum fo paid or fecured, and no more, which drawback shall be made, or allowed,

allowed, according to such rules and methods, as drawbacks

allowed, according to luch rules and methods, as drawoucks are allowed by any law now in force relating to the customs.

XV. And whereas pepper imported directly from the place of its Duty on pepgrowth, in English built shipping, is valued in the book of rates at per for home consumption to be reduced but it now pays, or is liable to pay, several subsidies, after the rate of to 4d. per lb. twelve pence in the pound; and there is also charged thereupon an im—weight. post of three pence, and a new duty of eighteen pence per pound-weight, which subsidies, and other duties, amount in the whole to one shilling which subsidies, and other duties, amount in the whole to one shilling and eleven pence halfpenny per pound-weight, (over and above one halfpenny per pound-weight, (over and above one halfpenny per pound-weight, chargeable for the half-subsidy upon the importation thereof) and the said duties amounting to one shilling and eleven pence halfpenny per pound-weight, are or ought to be applied in manner sollowing; that is to say, For half the said old subsidy, one halfpenny; for the said further subsidy, one penny; for the one third subsidy, one third part of a penny; for the two third subsidies, two third parts of a penny; for the old impost, three pence; and for the new duty, one shilling and six pence, as by several assessment new in force doth appear; be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the twenty fifth day of March one thousand seven hundred and twenty two, the said duties amounting to one shilling and eleven pence halfpenny faid duties amounting to one shilling and eleven pence halfpenny per pound-weight, upon such pepper, as aforesaid, which thence-forth shall be delivered from the proper ware-houses for home consumption (without altering the half-subsidy now payable upon the importation thereof) shall be lessened and reduced to

upon the importation thereof) shall be lessened and reduced to pay four pence per pound-weight, and no more.

XVI. And for better making a distribution thereof to and amongst the said several subsidies and duties respectively, it is hereby Value of pendeclared and enacted, That the value of the said pepper shall be per how to be esteemed at six shillings and eight pence per pound-weight, upon divided, which value twelve pence in the pound doth amount to the said suivided. Sum of sour pence per pound-weight, and the said esteemed value of six shillings and eight pence per pound-weight shall be divided as sollows, in order to compute the several duties here. divided as follows, in order to compute the several duties here-

after to be paid thereupon; to wit,

To the old subsidy, three pence and one third part of a

To the further subsidy, three pence and one third part of a

penny.

To the one third fubfidy, and two third fubfidy, three pence and one third part of a penny.

To the said impost, ten pence. And to the said new duty, five shillings.

And the faid sum of four pence in the pound shall be appor- Four pence in tioned and applied to the said several subsidies, and other duties the pound, accordingly; any former act or acts of parliament to the con- how applied.

trary notwithstanding.

XVII. And whereas mace, cloves and nutmegs imported, are va-

lued in the book of rates at the respective values following, that is to say, mace the pound-weight, twenty spillings, cloves the pound-weight,

Moiety to the than one imparlance shall be allowed; and one moiety of the said penalties and forfeitures shall be to the use of the King's. to profecutor. majesty, and the other moiety to such person or persons as will fue for or profecute the same.

General iffug.

XXIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any action or fuit shall be commenced against any person or persons for any thing done in pursuance of this act, the defendant or desendants in such action or suit may plead the general issue, and give this act, and the special matter in evidence, at any trial to be had thereupon, and that the same was done in

Defendant may recover treble costs. pursuance and by authority of the said act; and if it shall appear so to have been done, the jury shall find for the defendant or defendants, and if the plaintiff shall be nonsuited, or discontinue his action, after the defendant or defendants shall have appeared, or if judgment shall be given upon any verdict or demurrer a-gainst the plaintiff, the defendant or defendants shall and may gainst the plaintiff, the detendant or detendants in recover treble costs, and have the like remedy for the same, as the defendant or defendants hath or have in other cases by law.

Beaver-skins, &c. after 25 March 1722, to

all beaver-skins, and other furs of the product of any of the British plantations in America, Asia or Africa, shall, from and be imported British plantations in America, Asia of Africa, thall, from and directly from after the twenty fifth day of March one thousand seven hundred Britain, and laid on shore there, and not elsewhere, under the twelfth penalties and forseitures contained in an act passed in the twelfth year of the reign of the late King Charles the Second, intituled, An act for the encouraging and encreasing shipping and navigation, in relation to fugars, tobacco and other enumerated goods, of the growth, production or manufacture of any of the English plantations therein mentioned, to be recovered and distributed in fuch manner, as the penalties and forfeitures relating to the faid enumerated goods are, by the faid recited act, to be recovered

and distributed. Recital of part

XXV. And whereas by an act passed in the fixth year of his Maof the act of jeffy's reign, intituled, An act for the better securing certain pow-6Geo.1.c.18. ers and privileges intended to be granted by his Majesty by two charters, for assurance of ships and merchandizes at sea; and for lending money on bottomry; and for reftraining several extravagant and unwarrantable practices therein mentioned, bis Majefly was enabled to erect two distinct corporations for assurance of ships, goods and merchandizes at sea, or going to sea, and for other per-poses therein mentioned; which said corporations are by the said at pefes therein mentioned; which faid corporations are by the faid all obliged, from time to time, during the continuance of the same corporations respectively, to cause such a stock of ready money to be provided and reserved, as shall be sufficient to answer, from time to time, all just demands upon their policies of assurance for any losses whatsover which shall happen, and to satisfy, pay and discharge the same demands, from time to time, according to the tenors of their respective policies of assurance, and the true meaning of the said act; and in case of refusal and neglect to pay the same, the said corporations are by the said act respectively subjected to pay double damages, besides full costs of said.

to be recovered by action, bill, suit or information in any of Majesty's courts of record at Westminster: and whereas his Majesty hath been graciously pleased (pursuant to the said act) to erect two distinct corporations for the purposes aforesaid, one by the name and title of the governor and company of the Royal Exchange assurance, and the ather by the name and title of the governor and company of the London assurance; and the said corporations have accordingly provided stocks of ready money for discouragements and inconveniencies by the said assurance to find themselves under discouragements and inconveniencies being fubjected to pay double damages, besides full costs of suit in actions, which they cannot avoid, there being no provision in the said act to oblige the parties assured, to make discovery to the said corporations of their true losses, before any action brought; and unreasonable suits in doubtful cases are encouraged, for the sake of such double damages, and full costs: for remedy whereof, be it enacted by the Royal Exauthority aforesaid, That so much of the said recited act, as sub-change assujects the faid corporations, or either of them, to pay double da-rance indLon mages, besides full costs of suit, shall be and is hereby repealed; don assurance, and that in all cases where by the said act or charters the said corbidate porations, or either of them, are subjected to pay double da-damages and mages, beside full costs of suit, the plaintiff or plaintiffs shall only. damages, and full costs of suit; any thing in the said recited act. or in the charters of the said corporations, or either of them, to the contrary notwithstanding.

C A P. XVI.

An act for taking off the duty upon all salt used in the curing and making of white herrings, and instead thereof laying a proportionable duty upon all white herrings consumed at home only; and for making an allowance for tohacco exported from Scotland, in the time therein mentioned; and for giving a farther relief to the refiners of rock salt.

WHEREAS by an act of parliament made in the fifth year of 5 Geo. I.C. 186 his present Majesty's reign, intituded, An act for recovering the credit of the British sistery in foreign parts; and for better securing the duties on salt; it is enacted, That all curers of sish shall be allowed to import foreign salt, or take from any salt-works or salt-pits, any such quantity of British salt, where the same is allowed by law, for curing of sish for expertation, as they shall think proper for curing sish for foreign markets, without paying any duty to his Majesty for the same, except the customs payable upon the importation thereof; in consequence whereof, all white herrings spent within this realm, are or should be cured with salt that has paid the duties; but in regard the same are cured promiseuously, it is difficult to dislinguish in regard the same are cured promistionally, it is difficult to distinguish them from such as are intended to be exported, whereby his Majesty may be defrauded in his revenue, without a proper remedy for preventing the same; be it therefore enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, At heginning by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and of fishing leatemporal and commons, in this present parliament assembled, son for here-Vol. XIV.

and rings, proprie-

Eagland, &c. instead of the oath required of the falt delivered duty-free for the curing of herrings for exportation, in that part of Great Britain called England, Walts, 5 Geo. 1. to and Berwick upon Tweed, pursuant to the said act, or his or their the quartier of agents. Shall, instead of the cash required by the desired of the cash required by the d the quantity of agent or agents, shall, instead of the oath required by the said

falt intended act, make oath in writing before the officer for the duty on falt, for curing fifth at the office nearest to the place where the faid falt is lodged (who for exporta- is hereby impowered to administer the same) declaring the quantion, &c. tity of the foreign or British salt respectively lodged for curing of sish, and that all the said salt is intended for the curing of sish for exportation only, and shall not, by his or their order, consent or connivance, directly or indirectly, be sold, given away, or any way delivered, but for the purpose aforesaid; except so much Except falt way delivered, but for the purpose atoretain, except used forcuring thereof as shall be used for curing such white herrings, as shall be used for home consumption,

white herrings be entred with the officer of the place for home confumption, for home confumption, &c. and charged with the duties by this act chargeable thereupon.

II And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid. That every Curer of white II. And be it enacted by the authority atolerate, a time very herrings, after maker or curer of white herrings, in that part of Great Britain as March 1722. call England, Wales and Berwick upon Tweed, from and after the before he refive and twentieth day of March one thousand seven hundred them. II. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That every move them (except for exportation) to for exportation) from the office or place where the same shall be make entry, cured, shall, from time to time, make entry thereof at the next and pay 3s. 4d. salt-office, and shall pay to his Majesty, his heirs and successors, per barrel, &cc. a duty of three shillings and four pence for every barrel, con-taining thirty two gallons, and so in proportion for a greater or 5Geo.2.c.6.s. lesser quantity: and that every cask or vessel in which such white Quantity to be herrings shall be packed or put up, shall have a mark or marks on the head thereof, shewing the contents or quantity of every such cask or vessel; and upon entry and payment of the duty marked on casks. Upon entry, fuch cask or vessel; and upon entry and payment of the duty &c. permit to (each cask or vessel being marked as aforesaid) a permit shall be

entry, &c.

be given gra- given gratis by the falt-officer, expressing the quantity of white tis- herrings, for which the duties shall be paid as aforesaid, and the Penalty on re- marks and numbers of such casks or vessels, and for what place moval before the same are intended, and whether to be sent by land or water carriage, on pain of forfeiting the white herrings that shall be removed or carried away before entry be made, and the duty paid, and without the casks or vessels being marked, and permit obtained as aforelaid, and of the calks or vellels, in which such herrings shall be found, and also the sum of forty shillings for every cask or vessel so removed, to be recovered from the person

Moiety to or persons who shall so remove or carry away the same; one King, moiety thereof to the use of his Majesty, his heirs and successors, to officer seiz- and the other moiety to the officer or officers who shall seize, see or inform for the same, to be sued for, recovered and levied in such manner, and with such power of mitigation, as any fine, ing, &c. penalty or forfeiture, may be sued for, recovered, levied and mitigated by any law of excise, or by action of debt, bill, plaint or information, in any of his Majesty's courts of record at Wift-

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minster, wherein no essoin, protection, privilege or wager of have fhall shall be granted or allowed, nor any more than one imparlance; Officerstofeize and all officers of his Majesty's customs, excise or duties upon white herrings falt, are hereby authorized and impowered to seize all such white removed beherrings so removed or carried away before entry, and payment foreentry, &c. of duty, and all other things performed as aforesaid, and the said casks or vessels wherein such white herrings shall be found.

III. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, proprietor of That the proprietor or proprietors of the salt delivered duty-free, salt duty-free, for curing white herrings for exportation, in that part of Great to express Britain called England, Wales and Berwick upon Tweed, his or quantity of their agent or agents, shall, in the account which after the end of every fishing-season, they are to deliver in writing into the falt-office, containing the quantity of fish exported or entred, and shipt to be exported, on which the falt taken away after its delivery into the sole custody of the said proprietor or proprietors, his or their agent or agents, has been used or consumed, as by the former law is directed (and under the penalties thereby prefcribed) express also the quantity of white herrings entred for home consumption, on which such salt has been used or confumed.

IV. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted by the Duty upon authority aforesaid, That in case the duties of excise on salt white herrings (which now amount to three shillings and four pence per bushel shall cease, or on home-made salt, and six shillings and eight pence per bushel be lessened. on foreign falt) or any of them, shall cease, determine or be proportiona-redeemed by parliament, then the rate or duty by this act im- on falt. posed upon white herrings shall cease, or be lessened in proportion to the duties on falt that shall so cease, determine or be redeemed; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwith-

V. And whereas an all passed in the eighth year of her late Ma- 8 Ann. c. 83. jesty's reign, for continuing several impositions, additional impositions, and duties upon goods imported, to raise money by way of loan, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and ten; and for better preventing frauds on drawbacks upon certificate goods, and for other purposes the complicity which all there were appropriately the complicity of the several proposes the complicity of the several proposes. regulations enacted to be complied with, in order to entitle the exporters of tobaccoes to their debentures; which new regulations being made to commence from the seven and twentieth day of March one thousand seven hundred and ten, by which time the same could not be known in Scotland, several parcels of tobaccoes through ignorance were experted from thence, without regard to the regulation haid down in the faid all, the debentures of which tobaccoes have been refused to be made forth and allowed to the merchants upon that account only; be it therefore enacted by the authority aforefaid, That for all tobac. Debentures coes exported from Stotland after the feven and twentieth day of allowed on March one thousand seven hundred and ten, and before the se-ported from wenth day of May next following, the barrons of the exchequer scotland, since in Statland (hell course the debentures to be made forth and all and services. in Scotland shall cause the debentures to be made forth and al-27 March 1719, lowed to the merchants, according to the law then in force, be-and before 7 fore the seven and twentieth day of March one thousand seven.

hundred and ten; any thing in the aforesaid act to the contrary notwithstanding.

of VI. And whereas by an act of parliament made in the sifth year of his present Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for the recovering the credit of the British sistery in foreign parts; and for better securing the duties on salt; it is enacted, That the curers of sish shall be allowed to import foreign salt, or take from any salt-works or salt-pits any such quantity of British salt, where the same is allowed by law for curing sish for exportation, as they shall think proper for curing

for curing fish for exportation, as they shall think proper for curing fish for foreign markets without paying any duty to his Majesty for the same, except the customs payable upon the importation thereof: and whereas the refines of salt from rock-fall cannot have equal benefit of

whereas the refiners of fall from rock-fall cannot have equal benefit of the faid act with the proprietors of other fall, the faid refiners being obliged to pay, or give security to pay, the duty before the rock-salt be removed from the pits, and cannot draw it back, there being no pro-

Relief given to refiners of rock-falt.

Relief given to refiners of rock-falt.

Relief given to refiners of rock-falt.

Relief given to refiners of medy whereof, be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That from and after the five and twentieth day of March one thousand seven hundred and twenty two, it shall and may be lawful for any re-

falt-duties, to any curer or curers of fish, any such quantity of refined salt, where the same is allowed by law for curing fish for exportation; as they shall think proper for curing fish for foreign markets; and the collector of the salt-duties shall give a certificate under his hand, expressing the true quantity delivered, and to whom, and whither to be carried; and the officer of the place whither the same shall be carried for the curing of fish for foreign markets, shall give a certificate of the true quantity brought thither, and lodged in a warehouse under the lock and key of the said officer, as well as the proprietor of the said salt; and if it shall appear to be the full quantity that was first delivered (making reasonable allowance for waste) such certificate shall be accepted by the collector of the duties on salt at the rock-pits,

finer of rock-falt to deliver in the presence of an officer of the

accepted by the collector of the duties on falt at the rock-pits, towards discharging the security given for the duty on the rock-falt made use of in making the said refined salt; and that upon the warehousing any such refined salt, or any other salt delivered duty-free, for the curing sish for foreign markets, that has been brought by sea in any ship or vessel whatsoever, the master or his mate, or the boatswain of such ship or vessel, shall make oath before the officer of the salt duties (who is hereby impowered to administer the same) that all the salt he took in or loaded at the place of loading (mentioning the quantity) is truly delivered to be lodged in a warehouse under the lock and key of the officer,

and that there was no salt added to it or taken from it at such place of loading, or since he came from it, to the best of his knowledge and belief, under the penalty of forseiting double the value of the salt that shall be otherwise delivered, and ten shillings per bushel; and if it shall happen that the vessel on

Relief for rock-falt perished, or taken by enemies.

fhillings per bushel; and if it shall happen that the vessel on which such refined falt as aforesaid, is shipped, shall either perish at sea, or be taken by enemies, with such salt on board her, that in such case any merchant or person, owner of the said salt.

shall, upon proof made before the justices of the peace at the quarter-sessions held for the county, riding, division or town, wherein he doth inhabit, of the loss of such salt so shipped, receive from the faid festions a certificate that such proof was made before them; and upon producing the faid certificate to the collector of the falt-duties at the rock-pits, such certificate shall be accepted by such collector, towards discharging the security given for the duty on the rock-salt made use of in making such refined falt.

CAP. XVII.

An act for more equal paying and better collecting certain small sums therein mentioned, for relief of shipwrecked mariners, and distressed persons (bis Majesty's subjects) in the kingdom of Portugal; and for other pious and charitable purposes usually contributed to by the merchants trading to Portugal.

HEREAS it is just and reasonable that all British merchants Reasons for trading to Portugal, should proportionably contribute to the making this relief of shipwrecked mariners, and other distressed persons, your Ma-act, jesty's subjects there, and to the other pious and tharitable purposes herein after mentioned: and whereas it hath heen usual for the consult general for the time being, appointed for all persons trading from the kingdoms of Great Britain and Ireland, to the kingdoms of the kingdoms of the kingdoms of the kingdoms of the kingdoms. minions of Portugal, or his deputy confuls, with the majority of the British merchants and factors there, to receive and recover (for the purposes aforesaid) from all British merchants and factors residing in Portugal, and all others your Majesty's subjects trading thither from any of your Majesty's dominions, so much money as should not exceed four Reis per Mill Reis, upon the valuation of their goods in the customhouse of Lisbon; and for all corn, grain, butter, and other goods, which pay no custom to the King of Portugal, so much money as should not exceed four Reis per Mill Reis, and what they should be valued at, to be paid to such treasurer as should be annually chosen be valued at, to be paid to such treasurer as should be annually chosen by such consul, and the majority of the British merchants and factors, in the same manner as two Reis per Mill for relief of shipwrecked mariners, and other distressed persons, your Majesty's subjects, have been usually collected; and that such treasurer should, out of the said money, pay yearly to the minister residing there, three bundred Mill Reis per annum, for his maintenance and subsistence, to pray, preach and exercise his ministerial function; and that the remainder of the said money should be disposed of, from time to time, according to the said money should be disposed of, from time to time, according to the directions of the said consul, with the majority of the said merchants and factors: and whereas several persons have of late consigned goods and merchandizes exported from this kingdom, Ireland, and other your Majesty's dominions, unto strangers and foreigners residing at Lisbon, and elsewhere in the dominions of the King of Portugal, and have thereby not only eluded the pious and charitable purposes aforebe valued at, to be paid to such treasurer as should be annually chosen and have thereby not only eluded the pious and charitable purposes aforefaid, but have occasioned an unequal charge on your Majesty's other trading subjects: and whereas it will be for the ease and advantage

of your Majesty's subjects in general trading to Portugal, to alter the After 29 Sept. trade upon a just and equitable foot: may it therefore please your to be appoint most excellent Majesty, that it may be enacted, and be it enacted the best by the second of the second ed by the Bri- by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice tish merchants and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, residing in Portugal atlembled with the same, That from and after the twenty ninth day of September which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hursels may rethe freight of other goods exported to Portugal.

tum on the freight of all other goods and merchandizes exported from any of your Majesty's dominions to Liston, or any other port or place in any of the dominions of the King of Portugal;

Bills of lading and all bills of lading of such ships and vessels, shall specify to pay the said monies accordingly, under the denomination of contribution, as per act of parliament, or to that effect; and the persons paying the same shall be reimbursed by their respective freighters, or by the persons to whom the said goods and merchandizes exported from any of your Majesty's dominions to Liston, or any other port of partial specific to specify to pay the said monies accordingly, under the denomination of contribution, as per act of parliament, or to that effect; and the freighters, or by the persons to whom the said goods and merchandizes shall be consigned, or who shall receive the same:

If no bill of and in case no bill of lading shall appear, or no freight or ton-lading appear, page is settled between the owner or owners of the proofs or lading appear, nage is fettled between the owner or owners of the goods or or no freight is merchandizes and the master or commander of any British ship settledbetween or vessel trading as aforesaid, then the ferials and the master or commander of the settledbetween or vessel trading as aforesaid, then the ferials and the settledbetween or vessel trading as aforesaid. the owners and or vessel trading as aforesaid, then the freight or tonnage of such mafters, then goods or merchandizes shall be valued by two indifferent British the freight merchants on the place; one to be chosen and appointed by the fhall be valued by two British merchants, or commander of such ship or vessel, within ten days next after who notagree- unlading the faid goods; and in case the two persons so chosen ing shall chuse shall not agree and award the same in five days next after such an umpire.

appointment, such two persons shall the above the same in five days next after such an umpire. appointment, such two persons shall then chuse a third person

ral, may receive from all
masters of ships
or persons as shall be authorized and appointed, from time to
trading from
time, by the majority of the British merchants and factors reGreat Britain, siding in Portugal, being affembled with the conful general for Ireland, &c. to the time being, appointed or to be appointed for your Majesty's Portugal, 200 subjects trading to Portugal, or with his deputy-conful or depundent all tonnage ty-consults, or any of them, in any of the ports or places in goods, except Portugal, or any of the dominions thereof, to receive and rewheat, &c. 100 cover from all masters, or other chief officers or commanders of Reis per ton. Reis per ton all British ships or vessels trading from Great Britain or Ireland, on all wheat, or any other part of your Majesty's dominions, to any of the per centum on kingdoms or dominions of the King of Portugal, the following fums (to be employed for the pious and charitable purpofes herein mentioned) that is to fay, any fum or fums of money not exceeding two hundred Reis per ton, on all tonnage goods, (except wheat, barley, rye, coals, timber, boards and lumber) and any fum or fums of money not exceeding one hundred Reis per ton, on all wheat, barley, rye, coals, timber, boards and lumber; and any sum or sums of money, not exceeding fifteen per centum on the freight of all other goods and merchandizes exported

(being a British merchant on the place) as an umpire who shall

decide and determine the faid valuation of freight or tonnage in

three days, and such sums shall be paid in either case (for the

purposes asoresaid) as shall be agreeable to this act.

II. And be it enacted by the authority asoresaid, That all All masters, masters, commanders, or other chief officers of all British ships &c. within ten and vessels, trading from Great Britain or Ireland, or any other days after of your Majesty's dominions, to any of the dominions of the their arrival in King of Portugal, and unloading or delivering the ship or vessel, deliver on oath or any of the cargo there, shall, within ten days after the arrival to the conful of such ship or vessel, deliver to the consul general, or deputy general, &c. a consul residing there, or to such other person or persons as shall manifest of the cargo, &c. be appointed for that purpole, as aforefaid, a true manifest in writing upon oath, specifying the particulars of the whole cargo of such ship and vessel so unloaded or delivered, or of such part thereof as shall be unloaded or delivered there, and to whom configned, which oath such consul general, deputy consul, or other person or persons to be appointed as aforesaid, is and are hereby respectively impowered and required to administer gratis, upon request.

III. And for better collecting the payment of the faid monies Theconful, &c. herein before directed to be paid for the pious and charitable to detain the purposes aforesaid; be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, clearancesout—That the said consul general or his deputy consul, in any of the ward till paydominions of the King of Portugal, shall, and they are hereby ment. respectively authorized and required to detain the clearances outward of all such British or Irish ships and vessels, and not to give or deliver any dispatch or passport for any such ship or vessel, un-

til payment be made, as aforesaid.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all monies to be raised How the moor received as aforesaid, shall be applied in manner following; ney shall be that is to say, To the minister residing at Lisbon, for the time applied. being, for his support and subsistence to pray, preach and exercise his ministerial function there, three hundred Mill Reis per the country and the remainder of the annum, by equal quarterly payments; and the remainder of the said monies shall be applied for relief of shipwrecked mariners, and other diffressed persons, his Majesty's subjects, and to such other pious, charitable and publick uses, as shall from time to time be appointed by the majority of the British merchants and factors residing at Liston, and other ports and places in Portugal, and dominious thereof reseastingly, being assembled with the and dominions thereof respectively, being assembled with the consul general for the time being, or any of his deputy consuls,

as aforesaid.

V. Provided, and be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, Persons experiments and be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, Persons experiments and persons liable to pay the four Reis per Mill Reis herein empted from before mentioned for the purposes aforesaid, shall, after payment former payment and of the sums required by this act, from time to time, to be payment of paid, as aforesaid, he exempted and discharged from payment the sums required four Reis per Mill Reis for the suture.

VI And he it to act the supposed by the authority aforesaid. That the act.

VI. And be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That the The conful general for the time being, appointed or to be appointed for your Majesty's subjects trading to Portugal, or his deputy call a general consul or deputy consuls residing at Lisbon, or essewhere, in any D d 4

quired by the

misses.

factors, the majority of whom shall order all matters relating to the pre-

of the dominions of the King of Portugal respectively, shall, from time to time, as he or they shall see occasion for effecting the purposes of this act, call and summon a general meeting or assembly of the British merchants and factors residing at Lishon, or elsewhere in the dominions of the King of Portugal respectively, and he and they are hereby obliged and required, from time to time, to call and fummon such general meetings or asfemblies as often as shall be defired by writing under the hands of any five or more of the British merchants or factors aforesaid, and the majority at such meetings or assemblies shall, from time to time, order and determine all matters and things relating to the premisses.

Publick act.

General issue.

VII. And be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That this act shall be esteemed and taken in all courts of justice, and elsewhere, to be a publick act, and shall be taken notice of as such, without special pleading of the same: and if any action shall be brought, or fuit commenced against any person or persons, for any thing done in pursuance of this act, or in relation to the premisses, the defendant or defendants in such action may plead the general issue, and give this act, and the special matter in evidence at any trial to be had thereupon, and that the same was done in pursuance, and by the authority of the said act; and if the same shall appear to have been so done, then the jury shall find for the defendant or defendants, or if the plaintiff or plaintiffs shall become nonsuited, or suffer a discontinuance of his, her or their action or actions, or if a verdict shall pass against the plaintiff or plaintiffs, or if upon demurrer judgment shall be given against the plaintiff or plaintiffs, the defendant or defend-ants shall have full costs, and shall have such remedy for the same,

Full cofts.

cases by law.

CAP. XVIII.

as any defendant or defendants hath or have for costs in other

An ast to prevent the clandesline running of goods and the danger of infection thereby; and to prevent ships breaking their quarentine; and to subject copper-ore of the production of the British plantations to such regulations, as other enumerated commodities of the like production are subject.

For the continuance of this infufficient for that purpose, it being notorious that such infamous and insufficient for that purpose, it being notorious that such infamous and pernicious practices are still continued in open desiance of the laws, to 8 Geo. 2. C. 21. the great diminution of the publick revenues, the discouragement of 15 Geo. 2. C. 21. the great diminution of the publick revenues, the discouragement of 15 Geo. 2. C. 23. honest traders, and during the time of insection abroad, to the endanger of the laws of many thousands of his Majesty's innocent subjects, by bringing into this kingdom, from insected places, goods apt to retain insection; and we creas by an act balled in the sight were of the laws. to retain infection: and w'ereas by an act passed in the fifth year of 5 Geo. 1. c. 11 his present Majesty's reign, intituled, An act against clandestine running of uncustomed goods; and for the more effectual preventing of frauds relating to the outtoms, it was enacted, That are βij,

Bip, veffel or boat of the burthen of fifteen tons, or under, wherein any brandy, arrack, rum, strong waters or spirits of any kind whatsoever should be imported or brought into Great Britain, or into any
port, harbour, haven or creek thereof (except as therein is excepted)
such ship, vessel or boat, with all her tackle, surniture and apparel,
or the value thereof, should be forfeited and lost, and should and might
be seized, recovered, broke up and sold, as therein mentioned, which
forseiture is, by an act passed in the sixth year of the reign of his
present Majesty, intituled, An act for preventing frauds and abuses 6 Geo. 1. C. 21.
in the publick revenues of excise, customs, stamp-duties, post-sect. 29.
office and house-money, extended to vessels of thirty tuns: and
whereas to elude the intent of the said laws many persons do now
earry on a clandestine trade by importing those goods in ships and
vessels above the burthen of thirty tuns: for the prevention thereof, be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and March 1722.
with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal no brandy,
and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the any brandy, arrack, rum, strong waters or spirits of any kind whatand commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the see to be imauthority of the same, That if any foreign brandy, arrack, vessel less than strong waters or spirits of any kind whatsoever shall, from and 40 tuns. after the twenty fifth day of March one thousand seven hundred and twenty two, be imported or brought into Great Britain, or into any port, harbour, haven or creek thereof, in any ship, vessel or boat of the burthen of forty tuns or under, according to the admeasurement prescribed in the last mentioned act (except only for the use of the seamen then belonging to and on board fuch ship, vessel or boat, not exceeding two gallons for each such seaman) every such ship, vessel or boat, with all her penalty, tackle, surniture and apparel, as also all such brandy, arrack, strong waters or spirits, or the value thereof, shall be forseited, and shall and may be seized by any officer or officers of the customs, and shall and may be prosecuted and divided in such manner and form, as is prescribed in the said acts concerning ships, vessels and boats of fifteen or thirty tuns as aforesaid; any law or custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That Aster seizure after the seizure and condemnation of such ship, vessel or boat, and condemthe principal officers of his Majesty's customs in the port or ship to be place where the same shall be at the time of such condemnation. place where the same shall be at the time of such condemnation, burnt, and are hereby directed to cause the hull of such ship, vessel or boat the tackle, &c. to be burnt and wholly destroyed, and the tackle, surniture and sold. apparel thereunto belonging, to be publickly fold to the best advantage, and the produce thereof to be divided as herein aftermentioned, the reasonable charges of prosecuting, selling and burning as aforesaid being first deducted.

III. And whereas many frauds are committed to the prejudice of the revenue in the clandestine running of goods imported, and in relanding certificate goods, as well as in exporting wool and the coin of this kingdom, by watermen and others in boats, wherries, pinnaces, harges and gallies, which are sometimes rowed with six, eight or twelve oars, built on purpose for the smuggling trade; and in case they are pursued by the officers, do make their escape, which may be also a

Boats, &c. rowing with four oars, a-bove or be-London

bridge, &c. forfeited.

means of bringing in the infection: for the preventing whereof, be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the faid twenty fifth day of March one thousand seven hundred and twenty two, if any boat, wherry, pinnace, barge or galley, rowing or made or built to row with more than four oars,

thall be found upon the water or in any bargehouse, workhouse, shed or other place within any of the counties of Middleses, Surrey, Kent, or Essex, or in the river of Thames either above or

below London-Bridge, or within the limits of the ports of London, Sandwich or Ipswich, or the members or creeks to them, or either of them respectively belonging, such boat, wherry, pinnace, barge or galley, with all her tackle and furniture, or the value thereof, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized

Owner, &c. to by any officer or officers of the customs; and the owner or own-

forteit 40 l. ers thereof, or any person using or rowing in such boat, wherry, pinnace, barge or galley, shall also forseit and lose the sum of Boat, &c.aster forty pounds; and such seizure and forseiture shall and may be prosecuted in the manner herein after mentioned; and after the seizure and condemnation of such boat, wherry, pinnace, barge or galley, the principal officers of his Majesty's customs in the condemnation, to be burnt. The vessels port or place where the same shall be at the time of such concondemned may be used, demnation, are hereby directed to cause such boat, wherry, &c. by 12Geo. pinnace, barge or galley to be burnt and wholly destroyed, and 1.c. 28. f. 14. the tackle, furniture and apparel thereunto belonging to be pub-

lickly fold to the best advantage, the produce whereof to be divided as herein after mentioned; the reasonable charges of prosecuting, selling and burning as aforesaid being first deducted.

IV. Provided always, That this act shall not extend or be To what barges, &c. this act shall not construed to extend to any barge or galley belonging to or to belong to his Majesty, or the royal family, or any of them, or to

extend. any long-boat, youl or pinnace belonging to and used in the service of any merchant-ship or vessel, or to such boat, wheny, pinnace, barge or galley, as shall be licensed by the lord high admiral, or commissioners for executing the office of lord high admiral, or the major part of the same commissioners for the

Licences to be time being; which licences shall be in writing, signed by the said figned by the lord high admiral, or commissioners for executing the office of admiralty. lord high admiral, or the major part of such commissioners for the time being, and shall be granted without any fee or charge whatfoever.

goods, &c.

V. Provided always, That no fuch licence shall be granted, Becurity to be given, that boat shall not be used for sunning of uncustomed

V. Provided always, That no such licence shall be granted, but upon sufficient security to be given to his Majesty, his heirs boat shall not and successfors, by the owner or owners of such boat, wherry, pinnace, barge or galley, by bond, in such penalty as the lord high admiral, or commissioners for executing the office of lord both admiral for the time being, shall find to be reasonable, with high admiral for the time being, shall find to be reasonable, with condition that the same shall not be made use of in the clandestine running of uncustomed and prohibited goods; which security the faid lord high admiral, or the commissioners for executing the office of lord high admiral, who shall grant such licence,

licence, are hereby impowered and required to take for the use

of his Majesty, his heirs and successors.

VI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That Persons passfrom and after the said twenty sight day of March one thousand fing with foreign goods. from and after the said twenty fifth day of March one thousand the said twenty two all and every person and persons, landed withwho shall be found passing (knowingly and willingly) with any out entry, and foreign goods or commodities landed from any ship or vessel, being more without the due entry and payment of the duties by law charged than sive, and thereon, in his, her or their custody, from any of the coasts, of cers, &c. to be this binders or within the space of twenty miles of any of transported. this kingdom, or within the space of twenty miles of any of transported. the faid coasts, and shall be more than five persons in company, or shall carry any offensive arms or weapons, or wear any vizard, mask or other disguise, when passing with such goods or com-modities as aforesaid, or shall forcibly hinder or resist any of the officers of the customs or excise in the seizing or securing any forts or kinds of run goods or commodities, shall be deemed and taken to be runners of foreign goods and commodities within the meaning of this present act, and (being convicted of or for any of the said offences, for which he, she or they so convicted are by this present act declared to be deemed and taken to be runners of foreign goods and commodities) shall be adjudged guilty of felony, and shall, for such his, her or their offence, be transported as a felon to some or one of his Majesty's color nies or plantations in America, there to remain for the space of feven years, in the same manner as selons are appointed to be transported by an act made in the south year of his Majesty's 4 Geo. 1. c. 11. reign, intituled, An act for the preventing of robbery, burglary and other selonies; and for the more effectual transportation of selons and unlawful exporters of wool; and for declaring the law in some points against piracies; and by another act made in the fixth year of his 6 Geo. 1. c. 23. against piracies; and by another act made in the fixth year of his 6 Geo. 1. C. 23. Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for the further preventing robbery and burglary and other felenies; and for the more effectual transportation of felons; and if any such offender or offenders shall Returning inreturn into Great Britain or Ireland before the expiration of the to Great Britain or Ireland before, as fectual felons, and have execution awarded against him, her or them, as persons attainted of felony, without benefit of clergy.

VII. Provided nevertheless, and it is hereby enacted and declared by the authority aforesaid, That if any runner of foreign fore convictioned or commodities as aforesaid shall, within two months tion discoverafter such his offence, and before his conviction, discover two ing two according to the succession of the commissioners of the within two customs or excise in England or Scotland respectively, so as they, months, to

customs or excise in England or Scotland respectively, so as they, months, to or two of them at least, be convicted of such offence, the offender have 401. for or offenders so discovering shall have and receive the sum of forty each, and acpounds for every such offender so discovered and convicted, as quitted, &c. a reward for such his discovery; so as the value of the goods recovered for the use of his Majesty on such discovery shall exceed the sum of sifty pounds; and such person so discovering shall be clearly acquitted and discharged of such his or her offence.

VIII. And

ward.

Other persons VIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, discovering in That from and after the said twenty fifth day of March one three months, thousand seven hundred and twenty two, if any other person or to have 401. to have 401. Thousand leven hundred and twenty two, if any other perion of overand above persons shall, within three months after such offence shall have any other re- been committed, discover to the said commissioners respectively any person or persons who shall have been guilty of such offence, so as such offender or offenders be convicted thereof, such discoverer or discoverers shall have and receive the like reward of forty pounds for every fuch offender so discovered and convicted, over and above any other reward or recompence, which he or they may be entitled unto, on account of the goods fo carried or conveyed away, which shall be recovered by means of such his or their discovery, or on account of the penalties which shall be recovered for the running of the said goods, so as the value of the said goods recovered for the use of his Majesty on such discovery shall exceed the sum of sifty pounds.

IX. And be it surther enacted by the authority aforesaid.

Reward to be paid by the receivers ge-neral and cuitoms and excise, by or-der of the

respectively.

That the commissioners of the customs and excise in England neral and scotland respectively shall cause the several rewards of forty cashiers of the pounds for the discovery of the offenders before-mentioned, to be paid by the respective receiver general or cashier of the cusexcise, by or-der of the commissioners in his or their hands under the management of the said comin England missioners, in proportion to the duties payable on the goods so and Scotland clandestinely run, for which such person or persons shall be convicted, upon producing to them a certificate or certificates under the hand of the judge or justice of the court before whom such offender or offenders shall be tried, certifying the conviction of the offender or offenders, and the money paid by any receiver general or cashier as aforesaid shall be accepted of and allowed in his accounts, as so much money paid to his Majesty, and such receiver general or cashier is and shall be hereby discharged thereof accordingly; any law, custom or usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

contrary notwithstanding.

X. And forasmuch as the persons using such clandestine trade are greatly encouraged to continue the same, by reason great numbers of persons, for their private lucre, receive and buy the goods and merchandizes so by them clandestinely imported contrary to law, which may be a means of bringing in the insection: be it therefore enacted by the authority as foresaid. That if any person or persons shall receiving goods, ceive or buy any goods, wares or merchandizes so clandestinely sec. clander run or imported, before the same shall have legally been conformed, knowing the same to be so clandestinely run or imported, and shall be thereof lawfully convicted upon his, her or their appearance or default, upon the oath or oaths of one or

their appearance or default, upon the oath or oaths of one or more credible witness or witnesses, or by the confession of the party, by one or more justice or justices of the peace of the county, division, or liberty where such offence shall be committed, or the offender shall be found (which oath such justice

or justices of the peace are hereby required to administer) the person so convicted shall sorfeit the sum of twenty pounds; one

moiety thereof to the informer, and the other moiety to the poor of the parish where such offence shall be committed, the same to be levied by diffress and sale of the offender's goods, by warrant under the hand and seal or hands and seals of such justice or justices before whom such offender shall be convicted as aforefaid; and for want of such distress every such offender shall by fuch justice or justices be committed to prison, there to remain

without bail or mainprize for the space of three months.

XI. And whereas several considerable dealers in foreign brandy, spirits or strong waters have and keep very large stocks or quantities of foreign brandy, spirits or strong waters for sale, many whereof live upon or near the coasts of this kingdom, and thereby have or may have opportunities for furnishing themselves with the said brandy, spirits or strong waters, either by running the same themselves, or procuring it fram others who have or shall run it: and whereas many of the faid dealers are gotten into a practice of receiving into their custody great quantities of spirits made in this kingdom, which for the most part are brought to them from London, with permit or certificate that the duties of the same have been paid, which spirits are either drawn so low, or by mixing the same with water made of so mean a quality, that of themselves they are of little or no value, and by having those spirits in their custody, the said dealers have opportunities of increasing their stocks of foreign brandy, spirits or strong waters, which they either run themselves, or procure others to do it for them; and when such increase is discovered by the officers of the waters, which they either run themselves, or procure others to do it for them; and when such increase is discovered by the officers of the excise, the same is pretended to have been made by a mixture of the said mean British spirits with their foreign brandy, spirits or strong waters, whereas in truth they really destroy the said British spirits, and do not mix the same with their foreign goods, whereby the practice of running the same is become difficult to be found out and discovered, and the pernicious trade of running the said foreign brandy, spirits or strong waters successfully carried on: for remedy whereof, be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the said All dealers in twenty sith day of March one thousand seven hundred and foreign branenacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the said All dealers in twenty sifth day of *March* one thousand seven hundred and foreign brandy, spirits or strong waters, keep them seven them shall then have, or from thenceforth receive into their cu-parate from stody, any *British* spirits, shall keep the same separate and apart, British spirits, and in separate cellars, vaults or other places, from their foreign on penalty of brandy, spirits or strong waters, upon pain of forseiting the sum gallon British, of ten shillings for every gallon of *British* spirits which shall be and forseiture found in any vault, cellar or other place where any dealer in of casks. foreign brandy, spirits or strong waters shall have or keep any foreign brandy, spirits or strong waters shall have or keep any foreign brandy, spirits or strong waters, together with the casks and other vessels wherein the same British spirits shall be sound.

XII. And it is hereby further enacted by the authority aforeIncrease of fosaid, That in case any officer of the excise shall find any increase reign brandy,
of foreign brandy, spirits or strong waters in the hands of any &c. sound by
such dealer, over and above the quantity which such officer officer after
such dealer, over and above the quantity which such officer officer after
such dealers, over and above the quantity which such as such as the same such a found in such dealer's custody at the time of such officer's last to be deemed preceding survey upon such dealer, such increase shall be deem, as brandy ed and taken to be made by foreign brandy, spirits or strong without per-waters, mit, &c.

waters, for which no duties were paid, and which had been

privately brought by such dealer into the place where such increase shall be found, without any permit or certificate of the wherein the same shall be so contained, be forseited and lost; and shall and may be seized and secured by such officer and officers of excise who shall so find and discover the same, unless the owner thereof shall make it appear, that such increase was made either by mixing some of his stock of British spirits, whereof the officer of excise had taken an account, with his foreign brandy, spirits, or strong waters in the presence of the officer of excise of the division where the said increase shall be found, or by foreign brandy, spirits or strong waters brought into the place where such increase shall be found, with a permit or certificate of the payment of the duties thereof, or that the same had been formerly condemned, or was part of some person's stock in hand on the first day of August one thousand seven hundred and twenty, and that due notice was given to the officer of excise at the said division of the bringing in the same, before the same was so brought in.

KIII. And whereas many retailers of foreign brandy, spirits or strong waters are surnished with the brandy, spirits or strong waters which they retail by persons who run the same, or their accomplices, in small quantities, viz. less than one gallon at a time, and when the officers of the excise stud such small quantities in the hands of sub retailers, they result to produce any permit or certificate for the same, aueuging, that no juco permit or certificate are required by law for any quantity of fuch brandy, spirits or strong waters under the quantity of one gallon, whereby the runners thereof find means to dispose of great quantities of sach run brandy, spirits or strong waters: for remedy whereof, be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, for the first from and after the said twenty sist day of March one then one call thousand seven hundred and twenty was no society handless. alledging, that no fuch permit or certificate are required by law for thousand seven hundred and twenty two no foreign brandy, spirits

than one galcask.

lon, without or firong waters, although the same be under the quantity of permit, &c. one gallon, shall be received or taken into the custody or poforfeited, with session of any such retailer, or any person or persons for the use cast. of any such retailer, without a permit or certificate signed by some officer of the customs or excise, signifying that the duties thereof were paid, or secured to be paid, or that the same had been condemned as forfeited, or was part of some person's stock in hand on the first day of August one thousand seven hundred and twenty, upon pain of forfeiting all such foreign brandy, spirits or strong waters, as shall be so found in the custody of such retailer or any other person or persons for the use of any fuch retailer, without a permit or certificate, together with the cask, bottle or other vessel wherein the same shall be so found; any law, statute or provision to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

XIV. Ad

XIV. And whereas by virtue of an act passed in the session of par-7 Geo. 1. ftat. liament holden in the seventh year of his Majesty's reign, obliging all 1. c. 3. EXP. such ships, persons and goods coming from places that are or shall be mentioned in his Majesty's proclamation, to perform quarentine, it 26 Geo. 2. c.6. is enacted. That in case any commander, master or other person taking charge of any ship liable to perform quarentine shall not, within convenient time, after due notice given for that purpose by the proper officer, cause such ship or vessel and the lading thereof, to perform quarentine respectively, then such ship or vessel is forfeited, and the commander, master or other person as aforesid forfeit. dred pounds: and whereas the commanders, masters or other persons taking charge of such ships or vessels do pretend, after they are put into the place or places to perform quarentine, to be bound to parts beyond seas, or some other port or place of this kingdom, and do freyond feas, or some other port or place of this kingdom, and do frequently depart from such places without the licence of the proper officer appointed to see the quarentine duly performed, contrary to the true intent and meaning of the said ast; for remedy whereof, be it enacted and declared by the authority aforesaid, That if the Ships depart-commander, master or other person taking charge of any ship ing without or vessel liable to perform quarentine, shall depart with or perlicence from mit or suffer such ship or vessel to depart from the place or places appointed for the performance of quarentine, without leave or quarentine licence of the proper officer or officers appointed to see the same forfeited, performed, such this or vessel, with her tackle, survivue and performed, such ship or vessel, with her tackle, furniture and apparel, shall be forseited to his Majesty, his heirs and succes-

apparel, shall be fortested to his Majerty, his heirs and succesfors, and the commander, master or other person as aforesaid
shall also sorfeit the sum of two hundred pounds; one moiety and commanthereof to the use of his Majesty, his heirs and successors, and ders, &c. to
the other moiety thereof to the informer or prosecutor.

XV. And whereas several persons guilty of the clandestine running
of brandy or other customable and prohibited goods, or of receiving
such goods, knowing the same to have been so run, do frequently remove from their usual places of abode into some other county, and are
there called by other than their true names, to avoid their being prosecuted with effect for such their notorious offences; be it therefore cuted with effect for such their notorious effences; be it therefore further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any persons or persons shall, after the said five and twentieth day of March running branone thousand seven hundred and twenty two, be guilty of any dy, &c. reoffence or offences contrary to the true intent and meaning of moving from
this or any other act of parliament made for the preventing clandeftine running of brandy or other customable or prohibited prosecuted. goods, or of receiving such goods into his or their house, shop or warehouse, custody or possession, knowing the same to be so run, such person and persons shall and may be prosecuted for any of the offences or matters aforesaid, by action, bill, plaint or information, and thereupon a Capias in the first process, specifying the sum of the penalty sued for, shall and may issue; and such person or persons shall be obliged to give sufficient bail or security by natural-born subjects or denizens, to the person or persons to whom such Capias shall be directed, to appear in the court out of which such Capias shall issue at the day of re-

turn of fuch writ, to answer such suit and prosecution, and shall likewise, at the time of such appearing, give sufficient bail or security by such persons as aforesaid in the said court, to answer and pay all the forfeitures and penalties incurred for such offence or offences, in case he or they shall be convicted thereof, or to yield his or their body or bodies to prison.

2 Ann. c. 7.

XVI. And whereas by two several acts passed in the eighth year of the reign of her late majesty Queen Anne, the one, intituled, An act for granting to her Majesty new duties of excise upon 8 Anu. c. 13. feveral imported commodities, and for other purposes therein mentioned; the other, intituled, An act for continuing several impofitions, additional impositions and duties upon goods imported, to raise money by way of loan for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and ten; and for taking off the oversea duty on coals exported in British bottoms; and for prevent-

ing frauds in drawbacks upon certificate goods, and other pur-poses therein mentioned, it is thereby respectively enasted, That if any sort of goods whatsoever, liable to the payment of duties, be unship-ped with intention to be laid on land (customs and other duties not being first paid or secured) or if any prohibited goods whatsoever be imported into any part of Great Britain, or in case any tobacco or other foreign goods contained or specified in any certificate, whereupon any drawback is to be made, or whereupon any debenture is to be made forth for such drawback, shall, when shipped for expertation, be landed again in any part of Great Britain (except as therein is excepted) the veffels and boats, and all the borfes and other cattle and

cepted) the vessels and boats, and all the borses and other cattle and carriages whatsoever, used in the landing, relanding, removing, carriage or other conveyance of the aforesaid goods, shall be forseited and lost, and may be sued for, recovered and distributed in such manner as by the said ast is provided and directed; which laws have not had the good effects thereby proposed, in regard that the keeping and maintaining the horses so seized, from the time of seizure to the time of condemnation in his Majesty's court of exchequer, is very chargeable, and for that the charge of condemning such vessels, boats and horses as aforesaid is very great, whereby officers are discouraged from making such seizures, and the smugglers encouraged in their illegal practices: be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all seizures of vessels or boats of the burthen of sifteen tuns, or under, which shall be made after the twenty sifth day

Scizures of

vessels, &c. of tuns, or under, which shall be made after the twenty sight day 15 tons or un- of March one thousand seven hundred and twenty two, by virder, how to be tue of the said acts, or either of them, or of any other act reproceeded up- lating to the revenue of customs, for carrying or conveying uncustomed or prohibited goods from this inward or for relanding certificate or debenture goods from ships outwards, and that all feizures of horses, or other cattle or carriages whatsever, which shall be made after the twenty sisth day of March one thousand seven hundred and twenty two, for being used in the removing, carriage or conveyance of such goods, contrary to the said acts, or any of them, shall and may be examined into, proceeded upon, heard, adjudged and determined by and before two or more of his Majesty's justices of the peace residing near the place

where such seizure shall be made, in such manner, and after fuch summons or publick notice given, as by an act passed in the sixth year of his present Majesty, intituled, An act for 6 Geo. 1. c. 212 preventing frauds and abuses in the publick revenues of excise, customs, sect. 20. flamp-duties, post-office and bouse-money, seizures of except, customs, stamp-duties, post-office and bouse-money, seizures of brandy, arrack, rum, spirits or strong waters (except as therein is except-ed) may be examined into, proceeded upon, heard, adjudged and determined, before two or more of his Majesty's justices of the peace, and such their respective judgments shall be and are hereby declared to be taken and adjudged to be good, valid and effectivel in the laws and final to all intents and numbers. and effectual in the law, and final to all intents and purposes whatsoever, and not liable to any appeal, or any writ or writs of Certiorari; any law, statute or provision to the contrary not- No Certiorari. withstanding.

XVII. Provided always, and be it enacted by the authority Juffices of aforesaid, That any two or more justices of the peace of the ci-London, &cc. ties of London and Westminster, shall have the like power and power as other authority in the summoning, examining, proceeding, hearing, justices. adjudging and determining such seizures, as are or shall be made within the cities of London or Westminster respectively, as any two justices of the peace of any other county or place have; any

law or custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

XVIII. And whereas foreign goods are frequently taken in at sea Goods by masters of coasting vessels, who privately land the same, to the pre-brought from judice of the revenue, and the encouragement of the foul traders: for one port into the prevention whereof, be it further enacted by the authority Great Britain, as foresaid, That if any goods brought or coming into any port &c. unshipped within the kingdom of Great Britain, from any other port with-before cocquet with the first on the seast cocquet transfer lettings or cer, delivered to in the faid kingdom, by coast cocquet, transire, let-pass or cer- delivered to fiscate, in any ship or vessel, shall, from and after the twenty customer, sec. fifth day of March one thousand seven hundred and twenty two. fifth day of March one thousand seven hundred and twenty two, be unshipped to be landed or put on shore, before such cocquet, transire, let-pass or certificate, shall be delivered to the customer or collector and comptroller of the port or place of her arrival, and warrant or sufferance made and given from such customer, collector and comptroller for the landing or discharging thereof, the master, purser, boatswain, or other mariner, taking charge of such ship or vessel, out of which the goods shall be landed or put on shore, knowing and confenting thereunto, shall forfeit the value of the goods so unshipped; and if any goods of foreign growth, production or manu-Foreign goods facture, coming coastwise, as aforesaid, shall be landed without landed without the presence of an officer of the customs, such foreign goods, or officer, forthe value thereof, shall be forfeited and lost; any law, custom feited.

or ulage to the contrary notwithstanding. XIX. And whereas by an act made in the fixth year of the reign of 6 Geo. 1. c. 12. his present Majesty, intituled, An act for preventing of frauds and abuses on damaged wines, and for lengthening the time for the drawbacks on the exportation of wines, it is enacted, That in cafe any merchant or other person importing wines, shall find the same, or any part thereof so damaged, corrupt or unmerchantable, that he shall - Vol. XIV. Ee results

refuse to pay or secure the duties of such wines, and shall thereupen stave, spill or otherwise destroy the same, as by the said ast he is allowed to do, in the manner therein mentioned, such merchant or other person, shall, as a compensation for the freight and other charges, have the sum of sour pounds for every tun of wine, containing two hundred and sifty two gallons, of the growth of Germany, or wines which pay duties as such, and of the growth of France, so slaved, spilt, or otherwise destroyed, and the sum of eight pounds per tun, for every tun of wine of the growth of Spain, Portugal, or essewhere, and so in proportion for a greater or lesser quantity, to be paid in the manner thereby directed; which several and respective allowances were made with regard to the distances of the places from whence the said several sorts of wine are usually imported: and whereas since the making of the said ast, great quantities of mean and corrupt wines have been imported from the isle of Man, the freight wherees wis inconsiderable, and slaved for the benefit of the above-mentioned allowances for freight and charges, contrary to the true intent and meaning of the said ast, which fraudulent practice may not only, from the ing of the said act, which fraudulent practice may not only, from the encouragement before-mentioned, be continued from the said island, but also be carried on by ill-disposed persons from Ireland, and the islands of Jersey and Guernsey, or other places and parts beyond the seas, to the lessening of his Majesty's revenues, and prejudice of sair traders: be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid. That

After 25 March 1722. no allowances for freight of wine unless imported di-rectly from the place of its growth.

Allowances for wine in

no allowance shall be made by virtue of the said act for the freight or charges of any wine which shall be imported after the twenty fifth day of March one thousand seven hundred and twenty two, unless such wine be imported in casks on board fuch merchant ship or vessel, directly from the country or place of the growth of such wine, or the usual port or place of its first shipping; any thing in the said act to the contrary notwithstanding.

XX. Provided always, and be it enacted by the authority a-

foresaid, That in case any ship or vessel having wines on board, thips stranded. shall by stress of weather, or any other accident be stranded, then and in such case, the wines on board the said ship or versel which shall be saved, may be put on board any other ship, vessel or boat, and be carried to any of the lawful ports or place for landing of goods in this kingdom, and be intitled to the same allowances for such of them as shall be staved, spilt or destroyed, as if they came in the ship or vessel in which they were first loaded; any thing in this or any other act to the con-

trary notwithstanding.

XXI. And whereas by an all passed in the sixth year of his Majessy's reign, intituled, An alt for preventing frauds and abuses in 6 Geo. 1. C. 21. Licence for importation of the publick revenues of excise, customs, stamp-duties, postnutmegs, &c. office, and house-money, it is enacted, That every licence taken not ed to the col- for the importation of nutmegs, cloves, mace or cinnamon, in the manlector of the ner therein directed, shall be delivered to the merchant demanding the port, where same, to be produced and delivered up by the master, purser, or other the spices shall person taking charge of the ship, to the collector and competalist of the port at the time of entring the ship, which all is evaded for user 1721.

of penalty to inforce the same, contrary to the true intent and meanthereof; be it thereof enacted by the authority aforesaid, That in case the master, purser, or other person taking charge of any ship, importing any of the said spices from any place or places beyond the seas, other than directly from the East-Indies, shall not deliver up such licence to the collector and comproteller of the port into which the said spices shall be imported at the time of his or their antising the said ship area. ported, at the time of his or their entring the faid ship, regularly indorsed, as in and by the said act is directed, and also annex such licence to the entry or report of the ship; and in Penalty in case annex such licence to the entry or report of the ship; and in Penalty in case case each case of nutmegs, cloves, or mace so imported, shall of deficiency not contain neat three hundred pound weight, and each bale of in quantity cinnamon neat seventy pound weight, as by the said act is diagon cases, secrected; then and in any of the said cases, such nutmegs, cloves, mace or cinnamon shall be forfeited, and deemed to be imported without a licence, granted or to be granted by virtue of the said act, or any former law, and such spice shall and may be prosecuted, as also the ship importing the same, by any act or acts of parliament now in force relating to the customs, as if such spice had been imported without licence; any law custom fuch spice had been imported without licence; any law, custom

or usage to the contrary notwithstanding. XXII. And whereas by the acts made in the twelfth and twenty-12Car. 2.c.18. fifth years of the reign of his late majesty King Charles the Second, sect. 18. the former intituled, An act for the encouraging and increasing of 25 Car. 2. c.7. Thipping and navigation; and the encouraging and increaming of thipping and navigation; and the latter initialed, An act for the encouragement of the Greenland and Eafland trade, and for the better fecuring the plantation-trade; and by one other act made in the third and fourth years of the reign of her late majesty Queen 1 & 4 Ann.c. 3. Anne, intituled, An act for granting to her Majesty a further feet. 12. Suppose respectively on wines and merchandizes imported, certain commodities therein respectively enumerated, of the growth, production or manufacture, of any of the British plantations in America, Asia or Africa, are for the reasons therein mentioned, restrained to be imported into this kingdom, or to some other of the said plantations, under the securities and penalties in the said two sirst recited acts, or either of them, particularly mentioned; since the making of which laws, copper ore, (which is not in any of the said acts particularly mumerated) per ore, (which is not in any of the said alts particularly enumerated) is produced in the said plantations, and carried to foreign markets in Europe, without being first brought into this kingdom, to the presudice of the trade and the lessening the correspondence and relation between this kingdom and the aforesaid plantations; for prevention Copper ore of whereof for the suture, be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, the produce of That from and after the twenty ninth day of September one British plantathousand seven hundred and twenty two, all copper ore shall be, ed to such reunder the like securities and penalties, restrained to be imported gulations as into this kingdom. as by the fore-recited acts, or any of them, other commo-

into this kingdom, as by the fore-recited acts, or any of them, other commosis provided for the goods therein particularly enumerated; any dities, &c. law, custom or usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Penalty, how That the several penalties and forseitures in this act mentioned, to be profecuted and determined by bill, plaint or ted, &c.

E e 2

done

information, in any of his Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, or in the court of exchequer at Edinburgh respectively, (except where it is in this act otherwise directed) wherein no effoin, protection or wager of law shall be allowed; and one moiety of the said several penalties and forfeitures shall be to the use of his Majesty, his heirs and successors, and the other moiety to fuch person or persons as will sue for or prosecute

the faine.

Seizures, how and hy whom and hy whom concerning the seizing of such brandy, arrack, rum, spirits and to be made.

frong waters, as well foreign as British, and also of such foreign exciseable liquor, as by act or acts relating thereto now in force, are in feveral and respective cases enacted and declared to be forfeited; now to clear all doubt and question therein, or relating thereto, be it enacted and declared by the authority aforesaid, That the liquors asoresaid, every or any them, which have been, are, is, or hereafter shall be forseited by any act or acts of parliament of in force, or hereafter to be made, together with the casks, bottles, vessels, or other package containing the same, ought to be, and from time to time shall and may be seized by any officer or officers of the customs or excise respectively, or by fuch person or persons, who are or shall be deputed or authorized thereto, by warrant from the lord treasurer or under treafurer, or by special commission from his Majesty, under the great seal or privy seal, but by none other or others whatsoever.

Relifting offi-cers, &c. forfeits 401.

XXV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That if from and after the twenty fifth day of March one thonfand seven hundred and twenty two, any person or persons whatsoever, shall assault, resist, oppose, molest, obstruct or hinder any officer or officers of the cultoms or excise, in the due feizing or securing any brandy, arrack, rum, spirits or strong waters, either foreign or British, or any foreign exciseable siquors, which by any officer or officers of customs or excise, thall or may be seized by virtue or in pursuance of this or any other act or acts now in force, or hereafter to be made, or shall by force or violence rescue, or shall cause or procure to be rescued, any brandy, arrack, rum, spirits or strong waters, Britis or foreign, or any foreign exciseable liquors, after the same shall have been seized by such officer or officers, as aforesaid, or shall attempt or endeavour so to do, or shall, at or after such seizure, stave, break, or otherwise destroy or damage any cask, westel or bottle containing such brandy, arrack, rum, spirits, or strong waters, British or foreign, or such foreign exciseable liquor, the party or parties so offending shall for every such offence forfeit and lose the sum of forty pounds.

XXVI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid,

That if any action or fuit shall be commenced against any perfon or persons for any thing done in pursuance of this act, that the defendant or defendants in such action or suit, may plead General iffue, the general iffue, and give this act and the special matter in evidence, at any trial to be had thereupon, and that the same was

done in pursuance and by the authority of the said act; and if it shall appear so to have been done, then the jury shall find for the defendant or desendants; and if the plaintiff shall be non-suited, or discontinue his action, after the desendant or desendants shall have appeared, or if judgment shall be given upon any verdict or demurrer against the plaintist, the defendant or defendants shall and may recover treble costs, and have the like Treble costs, remedy for the same, as the desendant or desendants hath or have in other cases by law.

have in other cases by law.

XXVII. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted by continue for the authority aforesaid. That this present act shall continue and two years be in force for the space of two years, commencing from the after 25 March twenty fifth day of March one thousand seven hundred and 1722, &c. twenty two, and from thence to the end of the then next session for parliament, and no longer. of parliament, and no longer.

CAP. XIX.

An act for the better recovery of the penalties inflicted upon c 47. persons who destroy the game.

Perjons who dejit by the game.

R OR rendring more effectual the laws now in being for the wherefoever better preservation of the game, be it enacted by the King's any person most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of shall hereaster the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present be liable to parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That wheresoever any person shall, for any offence to be hereaster penalty for offences committed against any law now in being for the better presermitted against wation of the game, be liable or subject to pay any pecuniary preservation of the game, be liable or fubject to pay any pecuniary preservation of the game, it shall and may be lawful for any other perperson whatsoever, either to proceed to recover the said penalty, son may reby information and conviction before a justice or justices of the cover the said penalty by information and conviction before a justice or justices of the penalty by information before a justice or justices of the penalty by information before a justice or justices of the penalty by information before a justice or justices of the penalty by information before a justice or justices of the penalty by information before a justice or justices of the penalty by information before a justice or justices of the penalty by information before a justice or justices of the penalty by information before a justice or justices of the penalty by information before a justice or justices of the penalty by information before a justice or justices of the penalty by information before a justice or justices of the penalty by information before a justice or justices of the penalty by information before a justice or justices of the penalty by information before a justice or justices of the penalty by information before a justice or justices of the penalty and the penalty peace, in such manner as is in such law contained, orto sue for the penalty by information before a justice, bill, plaint or information before a justice, tion, in any of his Majesty's courts of record, wherein no essoin, or sue for the protection, wager of law, or more than one imparlance shall be same, &c. allowed, and wherein the plaintiff, if he recovers, shall likewise

allowed, and wherein the plaintiff, it he recovers, man likewise have his double costs.

II. Provided, That all suits and actions to be brought by Actions to be force of this act, shall be brought before the end of the next fore the end of the next fore the end of the laws now in being for the better preservation of the game, the offence shall be prosecuted for the same offence, both by the way precommitted. Scribed by this law, and by the way prescribed by any of the said be twice proformer laws; and that in case of any second prosecution, the feeuted for the person so doubly prosecuted, may plead in his defence the for-same offence, mer prosecution pending or the conviction or judgment theremer profecution pending, or the conviction or judgment thereupon had,

2. C. 21. 15Geo.2. C.33. & 20 Geo. 2,

CAP. XX.

An all for paying off and cancelling one million of exchequerbills, and to give ease to the South-Sea company, in respect of its present obligation, to circulate or contribute towards circulating exchequer-bills; and to give further time to that company for repayment of one million which was lent to them; and for issuing a further sum in new exchequer-bills, towards bis Majesty's supply, to be discharged and cancelled, when the said company shall report the million owing by them; and that the exchequer-bills, which are to continue, may be circulated at easy and mode. rate rates; and for appropriating the supplies granted to bis Majesty in this session of parliament; and for relief of the sufferers at Nevis and Saint Christophers, by an invafion of the French in the late war; and for laying a further duty on apples imported; and for ascertaining the duties on pictures imported.

MOST gracious Sovereign, Whereas amongst divers matters and things contained in an act of parliament, made and passed 6 Geo. 1. c. 4. in the sixth year of your Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for enabling the South-Sea company to increase their present capital stock and fund, by redeeming such publick debts and incumbrances as are therein mentioned; and for raising money to be applied for lessening several of the publick debts and incumbrances; and for calling in the present exchequer-bills remaining uncancelled; and for making forth new bills in lieu thereof, to be circulated and exchanged upon demand at or near the exchequer, it was recited or mentioned, That after the application of fuch monies as are therein specified, the principal manies to remain due upon bills, commonly called exchequer-bills, made forth by virtue of former acts of parliamental and would then be in or out of the exchequer uncancelled and undischarged, would by estimation amount unto eight hundred ninety six thousand six bundred fixty two pounds ten shillings or thereabouts, besides interest on them or some of them; and it was thereby enacted, That the said residuary bills should be brought in to be changed for new bills, upon such notice, and in such manner, as was thereby prescribed; and that the commissioners of the treesures of the treesures of the treesures. fury, or any three or more of them, or the high treasurer for the time being, should cause new bills to be prepared and made forth at the receipt of the exchequer, for any sum or sums of money, whereof the principal should not exceed the said eight hundred ninety six thousand six hundred fixty two pounds ten soillings, adding thereunts the interest menies which should appear to be due thereupon; and that such men bills shall hear an interest not exceeding the rate of two peace per continu shall bear an interest not exceeding the rate of two pence per centum per diem; and it was thereby enacted, That the said company, or their court of directors in their behalf, should, from time to time, during the term of seven years, to be reckoned from the feast of the

nativity of Saint John Baptist one thousand seven hundred and twenty, nativity of Saint John Baptist one thousand seven hundred and twenty, furnish, supply and pay to trustees to be chosen or constituted, as is therein mentioned, so much ready money, in the lawful coins of this realm, as should be sufficient to enable such trustees to exchange all such of the said bills to be made forth by virtue of that ass, as should be demanded at the publick office of the said trustees, at any time or times within the said term of seven years, by paying (in such ready money) upon every such demand, all the principal monies contained in every such bill, and the interest which should then be due thereupon, and so toties quoties, as often as any such bill should be demanded; and in case, during that or any future session or sessions. every such bill, and the interest which should then be due thereupon, and so totics quotics, as often as any such bill should be demanded; and in case, during that or any future session or sessions of parliament, any other act or acts of parliament was or should be made for making forth any further sum or sums in exchequer-bills, to be circulated by trustees at or near the exchequer, and to be current at any time or times, within or during the said term of seven years, or for any part of the same term, at the exchequer, and in the publick revenues and taxes, upon credit of such fund or security, or of such monies to be borrowed thereupon, as by authority of parliament should be established or appointed, to support the currency thereof, then the said company were thereby enjoined and required by themselves, or their court of directors for the time being sfrom time to time, during the said term of seven years, or for so much of that term as the exchequer-bills, to be made forth by such other or suture act or acts of parliament, should have a joint currency with the said bills to be made forth by virtue of the act in part before recited, or be current together or at the same time) to surnish, supply and pay to such trustees in 6 Geo. 1. C. 42 lawful coins of this realm, a proportional part of such ready money, as should be sufficient to enable the same trustees to exchange all or any of the bills which should be so current, whether they were bills made forth by virtue of the act in part before recited, or any other act or acts of that or any future session of parliament, as often as any such bills shall be demanded within the said term of seven years, by paying all the principal monies contained in such bill, and the interest which 6 Geo. 1. C. 10. should upon every such demand be due thereupon, and so totics quoties, as often as the lame should be demanded; and that such proportional all the principal monies contained in such bill, and the interest which so should upon every such demand be due thereupon, and so toties quoties, as often as the same should be demanded; and that such proportional parts should, from time to time, be ascertained and determined in the manner thereby prescribed (that is to say) as the sum total of the principal monies contained in all the said bills then uncancelled and undischarged, should be to ten hundred thousand pounds, so the whole sum, which at any time or times during the said term should be necessary and called for to support the currency of all the said bills, should be to the proportional part to be surnished by the said company toward supporting such currency: and it was thereby provided and enasted, That if at any time or times thereafter, provision should be made by authority of parliament, of so much money in the lawful coins of this kingdom, as should be sufficient to pay off and discharge all the principal and interest which should be due on the said exchaquer-hills, to be made forth by virtue of that ast as aforesaid, or any proportion thereof at a time; and if by like authority the same coincd monies should be assually brought and paid into the receipt of the exchaquer for that purpose, then the same should be applied for or towards the paying off Ec4

and discharging the same bills, or such proportion thereof, so such such money would extend, by paying to the respective bearer or biarcers of the same bill or bills then standing cut, the principal and interest which should be due thereupon, and placing such coined money, we any part thereof, in lieu of any the said exchequer-bills which should be made forth by virtue of that all, and should then be in the office or offices of any teller or tellers of the exchequer, to answer such payments where and the same bills so remaining in such office or offices should then be legally subject or liable, and that such payments should then be legally subject or liable, and that such payments should be answered under such penalties, forseitures and disabilities as were prescribed by any former law or statute concerning the mony for which such bills did lie in the exchequer, to prevent the diverting or misapplying the same; and from and after such payments to the bearer or bearers, or such placing of money in lieu of bills in the said office or offices of the said teller or tellers, to answer such payments as aforcsaid, (and not sooner) the several and respective bills in the faid office, which should be so paid off, or for which coined money should be so placed, should be cancelled, and the said company should repay to the respective tellers, so much interest as remained due on the same bills respectively, at the time or times when they were last paid into the exchequer, before the cancelling thereof, as by the said act in part before recited, relation being thereunto had, may more fully appear: and whereas in and by another act of parliament made and passed in the said fixth year of your Majesty's reign, intituded. An act for making forth new exchequer-bills, not exceeding one million, at a certain interest; and for lending the same to the South-Sa company at an higher interest, upon security of repaying the

at a certain interest; and for lending the same to the South-See company at an higher interest, upon security of repaying the fame, and fuch high interest, into the exchequer, for uses to

which the fund for lessening the publick debts (called the finking fund) is applicable; and for circulating and exchanging upon demand the faid bills at or near the exchequer, the commison demand the taid bills at or near the exchequer, toe commi-fioners of your Majesty's treasury, or any three or more of them, or the high treasurer for the time being, were authorized, at any time or times within one year, reckoning from the tenth day of May one thousand seven hundred and twenty, and from thence to the end of the then next session of parliament, to prepare and make, or cause to be prepared or made, at the said receipt of the exchequer, in such method and form as they shall think most convenient, any number of method and form as they shall think most convenient, any number of new exchequer-bills, so as the principal sums to be contained therein, should not in the whole exceed one million of pounds (over and above

6 Geo. 1. c. 4. the exchequer-bills which were to be current, pursuant to the act first before recited) and that the jaid new bills so to be prepared and made, before recited) and that the jaid new bills so to be prepared and made, should bear an interest not exceeding the rate of two pence per centum per diem, and to be payable to the bearers thereof respectively; nevertheless such interest is thereby enacted to be abated and saved upon such of the said tills, as should at any time or times be in the receipt of the exchequer, or in the bands or power of any receiver or collector of any taxes, aids or revenues whatsoever, payable to your Majesty, your heirs or successfors, during such time or times respectively, as such bills should be or remain in the said receipt, or in such hands or power as aforesaid; and the commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or the high treasurer for the time be-

ing, were thereby impowered to issue, or cause to be issued, by way of loan or advance, all such bills as should be prepared by virtue of that ast, not exceeding as aforesaid, to the said South-Sea company, or to some person or persons in trust for them, the same company giving security upon their then present and to be increased annuity or yearly sund, and upon their weekly or other payments to be made at the exchequer, for or upon account of their said annuity or yearly sund, for repayment of the principal sums so lent, with an interest not exceeding the rate of sine bounds per centum per annum, at such don exchaquer, for or upon account of their said annuity or yearly sund, for repayment of the principal sums so lent, with an interest not exceeding the rate of sive pounds per centum per annum, at such day or days, time or times, as should be agreed upon by and between the said commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or the high treasurer for the time being, on behalf of the publick, and the said company, or their court of directors on their behalf, so as na such day or time should be more remote than the sirft day of March one thousand seven hundred and twenty one, or the end of the them next session of parliament; and the said commissioners of the treasury, and the high treasurer for the time being, were thereby directed and, required to take especial care, that upon repayment of the principal money so to be lent, the same, with the interest or increase accruing thereuson, should be received and applied, in the sirst place, to the paying off and discharging the said new exchaquer bills to be made forth in pursuance of that ast; and that the surplus thereof (after paying off and discharging the same new exchaquer bills) should be placed at the said receipt of the exchaquer, to and for the same uses, intents and purposes, to which the monies of the surplusses, excesses and overplus momes, commonly called the sinking sund, were applicable; and in default of paying the said monies so the surplusses, to be limited pursuant to that ast, then the said commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or the said high treasurer for the time being, were thereby authorized and required to cause the money so lent, to be stope out of the monies, which weekly or otherwise so lent, to be stope out of the monies, which weekly or otherwise so lent, to be stope out of the monies, which weekly or otherwise for upon their then present or to be increased annuity or yearly sund, together with so much more as the interest of the money so unpaid should amount unto at the said rate, not exceeding sive po so long time as they were intended to be current, in pursuance of that ast; it was thereby enacted, That as well the sum of three hundred twenty eight thousand six hundred seventy three pounds sour shillings and ten pence half-penny, then remaining in the exchequer, which was advanced by the said company, pursuant to an act of the fifth year of your Mojesty's reign, and the monies which (from and after the ap-5 Geq. 1. 2. 1 plication of the sum of sive hundred and twenty thousand pounds, for discharging and cancelling exchequer-bills made forth by former acts in that behalf, or reserving sufficient thereof in the exchequer for that purpose) should arise of or for the said surplusses, excesses and overplusses, commonly called the sinking sund, should be a fund or security for

furnishing such proportions of ready money, from time to time, as are therein mentioned, for and towards exchanging and circulating the ex
6Geo. 1. c. 4. chequer-bills to be made forth by virtue of that and the said other all

6. 10. of that session of parliament, or either of them, as often as the same

bills or any of them should be demanded, during their joint currency;

and it was thereby further enacted, That the commissioners of the trafury, or any three or more of them, or the high treasurer for the time being, should (so long as the said exchequer-bills to be made forth by virtue of that act, should have a joint currency with the said bills, to be made forth by virtue of the said first recited act, or be current tovirtue of that act, should have a joint currency with the said bills, to be made forth by virtue of the said first recited act, or be current together or at the same time) furnish, supply and pay, to the said trustees for the time being, out of the monies, from time to time, being in the receipt of the exchequer, of the fund or security before in that act settled for that purpose, in the lawful coins of this realm, on behalf of the publick, a proportional part of such ready money, as shall be necessary to enable the said trustees to exchange all or any of the bills which should be so current (whether they be bills made forth by virtue of that or the said other act of the same setsion of parliament) as often as any such bill should be demanded, or within twenty sour hours after, by paying all the principal monies contained in every such bill, and the interest, which shall, upon every such demand, be due thereupon, and so totics quoties, as often as the same shall be demanded; which proportional part so, from time to time, to be furnished on behalf of the publick, shall be so much as, together with the proportional part, which, from time to time, should or ought to be surnished by the said company as aforesaid, should be sufficient to enable the trusties to support the currency of the said bills from time to time; and in the act last mentioned there is inserted a proviso, That if at any time or times hereaster provision should be made by authority of parliament, of so much money in the lawful coin of this kingdom, as should be sufficient to pay off and discharge all the principal and interest, which should be due upon the said exchequer-bills to be made forth by virtue of that act, or any proportion thereof at a time; and if by like authority the same monies should be actually brought and paid into the receipt of the exchequer for that purpose, then the same should be applied for or towards paying off the same bills, or such prepartion there. receipt of the exchequer for that purpose, then the same should be ap-plied for or towards paying off the same bills, or such proportion thereplied for or towards paying off the same bills, or such proportion thereof, so far as such money would extend, by paying to the respective
bearer or bearers of the same bills then standing out, the principal and
interest which sould be due thereupon, and by placing such coined money, or any part thereof, in lieu of any of the same exchequer-bills,
which should then be in the office or offices of any teller or tellers of the
exchequer, to answer such payments whereunto the same bills so remaining in such office or offices, should then be legally subject and
liable; which payments should be answered with the said money in specie, under such penalties, forfeitures and disabilities, as are prescribed by any former laws or statutes concerning the money for which sub
bills did lie in the exchequer, to prevent the diverting or misapplying
the same; and from and after such payments to the bearer or bearers,
or such placing of money in lieu of bills in the said office or offices of the
said teller or tellers, to answer such payments as aforesaid, and not
sooner, the several and respective bills themselves, which shall be so

paid off, or for which coined money shall be so placed, should be cancelled; and it is thereby also provided and enacted, That if before the celled; and it is thereby also provided and enacted. That if before the first day of March one thousand seven hundred and twenty one, or before the end of the session of parliament then next ensuing, coined monies shall not be raised and brought into the receipt of the exchequer, sufficient to pay off and discharge all the exchequer-bills which should be made forth by virtue of that ast, that then and in such case, immediately upon the end of such session of parliament next after the said sirst day of March one thousand seven hundred and twenty one, all or any of the monies then remaining in the receipt of the exchequer, of the said sum of three hundred twenty eight thousand six hundred seventy three towneds four stillings and ten pence half-benom sif the some. The three pounds four stillings and ten pence half-penny (if the same, or any part thereof, shall then remain there not issued to the purposes in the last mentioned as directed) and all the monies which, from and after the end of the faid session of parliament next after the said first day of March one thousand seven hundred and twenty one, should may of water one thousand seven hundred and twenty one, should quarterly orise into the exchequer of or for all the said surplusses, excesses and overplusses, denominated the sinking sund, as aforesaid, or of or fuch increase thereof, as shall be made by repaying the money which should be lent to the said company as aforesaid, with interest, and all or any the monies (if any should be then remaining in the receipt of the exchequer) of the loans which might have been made there by virtue of that ast for answering the said and animals. seipt of the exchequer) of the loans which might have been made there by virtue of that ast, for answering the said proportions for circulating and exchanging the said bills, or so much of the monies aforementioned, as should be sufficient to discharge or compleat the discharging of all the exchequer-bills, which shall have been made forth by virtue of that ast, shall be applied for and towards discharging and cancelling the same, until they should all be paid off, discharged and cancelled, or so much of the said monies should be reserved in the exchequer, as should be sufficient for that purpose, as by the ast last in part recised, relation being thereunto had, also may more fully appear: and whereas, pursuant to the ast last mentioned, the said exchequer-bills, amounting to one million, were on the seventh day of June one thousand seven hundred and twenty, issued by way of loan or advance to the said South-Sea company upon a security under their common seal, by an instrument or writing bearing date the fourth day of June one by an instrument or writing bearing date the fourth day of June one thousand seven hundred and twenty, for repayment of the same in good and lawful money of Great Britain, into the exchequer, at the end of one year, which was to be reckoned from the time of issuing the said bills, with interest after the rate of sour pounds per centum per unnum: and whereas among many matters and things contained in another act of parliament made and passed in the seventh year of your Macieles's reign initialed. An act to enable the South-Sea company to jesly's reign, intituled, An act to enable the South-Sea company to 7Geo.z.flat.z. ingraft part of their capital stock and fund into the stock and c.5. fund of the bank of England, and another part thereof into the stock and fund of the East-India company; and for giving further time for payments to be made by the said South-Sea company for the use of the publick, it was provided, enalled and declared, That the faid South-Sea company, at their own costs and charges, ou or before the seventh day of June which should be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and twenty two, should well and truly re-

ay, or cause to be repaid, into the said receipt of the exchequer, the faid fum of one million, together with the interest then due for the same, and that upon such repayment the monies so repaid, with the interest or increase accruing thereupon, should be applied in the single place, to the paying off and discharging the said exchaquer-bills, immuniting to one million, with such single same should be due therefore, and in default of repaying the said sum of one million, with interest and increase thereof, according to the last mentioned as, then the an-muity and annuities, which should be then payable at the receipt of ex-chequer to the South-Sea company, should and might be stops by the commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or by the bigh treasurer for the time being, or by the officers of the exchequer for the time being, and the said exchequer-bills, amounting to one million, sould and might be called in and cancelled, by and with the monies so stopt in the manner prescribed by the said former act in that behalf and in the all last in part recited there is contained a provise, That if at any time or times thereaster, provision shall be made by authority of parliament, of the lawful coins of this realm placed in the exchange. parliament, of the lawful coins of this realm placed in the exchequer, for paying off and discharging the said exchequer-bills for the said sum of one million, the bills themselves that should be so paid off, or for robich such coined money should be reserved in the exchequer as is prescribed in that act, should be discharged therewith, and cancelled, as is thereby directed; and if before the said sirst day of March one thousand seven hundred and twenty one, or before the end of the session of parliament then next ensuing, coined money shall not be raised and brought into the exchequer for discharging the bills last mentioned, then all or any of the monies which should then remain in the exchequer, of the said sum of three hundred twenty eight thousand six bundred sesu or any of the montes wolld flowing then remain in the exchaquer, of the faid sum of three hundred twenty eight thousand six hundred seventy three pounds sour shillings and ten pence half-penny (if any such he) and all the monies which from and after such session of parliament should quarterly arise of or for the said surplusses and overplus monies, called the sinking sund or otherwise, as is mentioned in the act last in part recited, should be applied for or towards distanging the said exchaquer-hills. Amounting to one million, till the should be ing the faid exchequer-bills, amounting to one million, till they shall be all compleatly paid off and cancelled in the manner and form in the same act prescribed and intended, as by the same act, relation being thereunto likewise bad, may more fully appear: now we your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the commons of Great Britain in parliament affembled, being defirous that the faid exchequerbills, amounting to one million, which were created to be lent to the faid company, and were lent accordingly, may foon be paid off and cancelled, and being willing to give ease to the said company, in respect to their present obligation for circulating or contributing towards the circulation of exchequer-bills, and further time for repayment of the principal fum of one million, which was lent to the faid company as aforefaid, they paying fuch interest for the same as is herein after mentioned; and that a number of new exchequer-bills, not exceeding one million, may be made forth and iffued towards the supply granted to your Majesty in this session of parliament, and that the million to be repaid by the faid company on or before the time herein after li-

mited for the repayment thereof, may be applied to cancel and discharge the said new exchequer-bills to be made forth by virtue of this act, and that all the exchequer-bills made forth or to be made forth, which are to continue, may be circulated at easy and moderate rates, do therefore most humbly pray your Majesty, that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's jesty, that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of Money rethe lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present maining in the parliament assembled, and by authority of the same, That so 25 March much money as at the feast of the annunciation of the blessed 1722, &c. not Virgin Mary one thousand seven hundred and twenty two, shall exceeding the few or remain in the receipt of the exchequer, as well of or for the said sum of three hundred twenty eight thousand six hundred quer-bills seventy three pounds four shillings and ten pence half-penny as lent, &c. apost of for the said surplusses, excesses and overplus monies complied towards monly easted the sinking sund, or so much thereof as will not exceed the sum sufficient to pay off and discharge the said exchequer-bills, amounting to one million, which were created to be lent, and were lent to the South-Sea company as aforesaid, shall be apand were lent to the South-Sea company as aforefaid, shall be applied for or towards discharging and cancelling the same; and if at the said feast of the annunciation of the blessed Virgin Mary one thousand seven hundred and twenty two, the money by this If not suffiact so appointed to discharge the said exchequer-bills which were cient, then so created to be lent as aforefaid, shall not be sufficient for that pur- much as shall pose, then so much of the money afterwards to arise into the ex-rise to be apchequer, of or for the faid furplusses, excesses and overplusses, plied to can-called the finking fund, as together with the said monies which celling them. shall have been applied, pursuant to this act, towards discharging the same bills shall be sufficient to discharge and cancel the same, shall and may be applied to compleat and finish the paying off, discharging and cancelling the same exchequer-bills; any former or other law or statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

II. And it is hereby enacted, That so much of the said mo-Money appliney, which according to this act ought to be applied to discable to discable to discable to discable so the paid off, as shall be in the cable bills of the paid off. office or offices of any teller or tellers of the exchequer as cash, to be paid off, shall, by order of the commissioners of the treasury, or any three teller, &c. to or more of them, or of the high treasurer for the time being, be be placed upplaced in the exchequer instead of such bills, upon the respective account or accounts of such teller or tellers; and that the countries of such teller or tellers. faid commissioners of his Majesty's treasury, or any three or more of them, or the high treasurer for the time being, as soon as conveniently may be, shall, by publick notice in writing to be affixed upon the Royal Exchange in London, and published in the London Gazette, prefix a certain day, by or before which all fuch of the said bills, which were lent to the said company as aforesaid, (not being in the exchequer) shall be brought in and delivered to such person or persons as the said commissioners of the treasury, or any three of them, or the high treasurer for the time being, shall appoint to receive the same at or near the said

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exchequer, to be paid off, discharged and cancelled accordingly; and that all such of the said bills for the said sum of one million, which was lent as aforefaid, as shall not be brought in upon such notice to be paid off, discharged and cancelled as aforesaid, within the time or times therein to be fignified, shall lose their currency, and no interest shall grow due thereupon, after the said feast of the annunciation of the blessed Virgin Mary one thou-

Upon proof, &c. that fuch bills were loft or destroyed, before 5 Feb. to cause the money due, to destroyed, before the fifth day of February one thousand seven be paid, &c. hundred and twenty one, and if by the party's oath the numbers and sums of such bill or bills shall be ascertained, and if

fand seven hundred and twenty two. III. Provided always, That in case proof shall be made upon oath of one or more credible witnesses, before the lord chief baron, and other the barons of the coif of his Majesty's court of or destroyed, exchequer, or any of them, That any of the bills for the said before 5 Peb. sum of one million, which was lent to the said company as a1721, treasury foresaid, were by casualty or mischance, lost, burnt or otherwise

> any of them, before whom such proof was made, shall certify that he or they are satisfied in such proof, that then and in every such case, the said commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or the high treasurer for the time being, are hereby authorized to cause the money due upon such bill or bills so lost, burnt or destroyed, to be satisfied as aforesaid, as if the original bill or bills were brought in to be cancelled, provided the person or persons so receiving the money, do give security to the King, to the good liking of the person or persons who shall be appointed as aforesaid, to take in the said bills, to pay into the exchequer for the use of the publick, so much money

> as shall be paid upon such certificate or certificates, if the bill or bills so certified to be lost, burnt or destroyed, be hereafter pro-

> thereupon the faid chief baron, and other the faid barons, or

Interest at 41, per cent. of one million payable into

thé exche-

quer ;

duced.

Persons re-

ceiving the

money to give fecurity, &c.

and a propor-tional part for circulating exchequer bills, &c.

IV. And it is hereby enacted, That the faid South-Sea company, at their own costs and charges, shall pay off, discharge and satisfy, or furnish money into the exchequer, to pay off, discharge and satisfy all the interest monies, after the rate of four pounds per centum per annum, which at the said seast of the annunciation of the blessed Virgin Mary one thousand seven hundred and twenty two shall be due for the principal sum of one million, which was lent to them as aforesaid, and shall also at their own costs and charges pay into the receipt of the exche-quer so much money as, by or in pursuance of the said acts of the fixth and seventh years of his Majesty's reign, they are or shall be obliged to pay or bear for their proportional part of in-

terest, or for any other payments or charges of or for circulating and exchanging exchequer-bills, during the joint currency thereof, which proportional part to be born by the faid South-See company, shall be deemed and taken to be ten nineteenth parts of the whole, and the same proportional part shall be adjusted and paid as aforesaid, at the said feast of the annunciation of the bleffed Virgin Mary one thousand seven hundred and twenty two,

for so much as shall be due thereupon, and afterwards, from time to time, during the faid joint currency; any former law or statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That After paying after the paying off all the said exchequer-bills which were cre- off and canated to be lent to the faid company as aforefaid, and discharg- celling enchanges and cancelling the same out of the surplus and other monies the company before mentioned, or reserving sufficient thereof to clear so much discharged as shall remain unsatisfied at the time prefixed by such as foot in the company discharged as the surplus of the president by the notation of the surplus of the sur aforesaid, and after the million of exchequer-bills, intended to such bills. be created by this act, shall be created, and a contract or contracts shall be made for circulating and exchanging the same million of exchequer-bills, and the remaining exchequer-bills that shall be then current, then from and after such time or times the faid South-Sea company, and their successors, shall or may, by any instrument or instruments in writing, to be signed by the commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or by the high treasurer for the time being, and registred in the office of the auditor of the receipt of the exchequer for the time being, be for ever acquitted and discharged of, from and against the obligation of circulating or exchanging, or contributing towards the circulating or exchanging of any exchequer-bills, pur-fuant to the faid acts of the fixth and feventh years of his Majesty's reign, or any of them; the same acts, or either of them, or any thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

VI. And as to the principal sum of one million, which was borrow-Further time ed by the said South-Sea company as a foresaid, and for repayment where allowed for of they were allowed time so as the same should be discharged on or be repayment of fore the seventh day of June one thousand seven hundred and twenty see, two as a foresaid; it is hereby provided, declared and enacted by the authority aforesaid, That in case that sum be not repaid into the exchequer, on or before the seventh day of June one thoughout seven hundred and twenty two, the said company shall be sand seven hundred and twenty two, the said company shall be allowed further time for repaying into the exchequer the sum of one million, on or before the seventh day of June which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and twenty three, the year of our Lord one thousand levels inducted and twelly through they paying an interest for the same, after the rate of five pounds paying inteper centum per annum, by equal quarterly payments, from the terest at 51. said feast of the annunciation of the blessed Virgin Mary one per cent. afthousand seven hundred and twenty two, until their paying off ter 25 March 1722.

the principal.

VII. And it is hereby provided, enacted and declared by the The million authority aforesaid, That in case the said sum amounting to one not repaid on million, shall not be actually repaid as aforesaid, into the ex- 7 June 1722. chequer, on or before the said seventh day of June one thousand on 7 June 1723. seven hundred and twenty two, according to the said former act, then the said South-Sea company, and their successors, at their own costs and charges, on or before the said seventh day of June one thousand seven hundred and twenty three, shall well and truly repay, or cause to be repaid, into the exchequer the said

sum of one million, for the purposes in this act expressed concerning the faid principal fum of one million.

Interest, &c. to be paid quarterly till repayment of principal.

VIII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid; That the faid South-Sea company, or their successors, shall well and truly pay, or cause to be paid into the receipt of exchequer, so much as the interest of the said million lent to them shall amount unto, from the faid feast of the annunciation of the bleffed Virgin Mary one thousand seven hundred and twenty two, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, until the actual repayment of the principal, the said interest after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, to be paid quarterly at the four most usual feasts in the year, by equal portions, for such uses and purposes as are herein after appointed touching or con-cerning the same interest; and in default of such repayment of

In default of principal and interest, annuities pay-able at exftopt.

repayment of the principal sum of one million, or in the payment of such interest for the same as aforesaid, according to this act, then the annuity or annuities belonging to the South-Sea company, and payable at the receipt of the exchequer, shall and may be stopchequer, to be ped by the commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more stopt.

of them, or by the high treasurer for the time being, or by the officers of the exchequer for the time being, and the money for stopped shall and may be applied in such manner, as hereaster in and by this act is directed in that behalf.

IX. And to the end a certain fum of money, not exceeding

chequer-bills for one mil-

In one year
after 25 March one million of pounds fterling, may effectually be raifed towards
2722. new ex- answering the supply granted to his Majesty in this session of parliament; be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the commissioners of the lion, &c. may treasury, or any three or more of them, or the high treasurer treasury, or any three or more of them, or the high treasurer and the made out. for the time being, and they respectively are hereby authorized and impowered, at any time or times within one year, to be reckoned from the said feast of the amunciation of the blessed Virgin Mary one thousand seven hundred and twenty two, by fuch proportions at a time, as they respectively shall find to be most for the advantage of the publick, to prepare and make, or cause to be prepared and made, at the said receipt of the exchequer, in such method and form as they shall think most convenient, any number of new exchequer-bills, so as all the principal fums to be contained in the bills so to be made by virtue of this act, do not in the whole exceed one million of pounds (over Interest at 2 d. and above the exchequer-bills made forth by former acts, which per centum shall remain undischarged;) and that the said new bills so to be

per centum per diem.

Upon what

hills interest

in, and to be payable to the bearers thereof respectively; nevertheless the said interest shall be abated and saved upon such of the faid bills to be made forth by this act, as shall at any time of shall be abated, times be in the receipt of the exchequer, or in the hands or power of any receivers or collectors of any taxes, acts or reve-

prepared and made in pursuance of this act, shall bear an inte-

rest not exceeding the rate of two pence per centum per diem, and proportionably for any greater or leffer fum to be contained there-

nucs whatsoever payable to his Majesty, his heirs or successors, during such time and times respectively, as such bills shall be or remain in the faid receipt, or in fuch hands or power as aforefaid; and the faid commissioners of the treasury, or any three Treasury to or more of them, and the said high treasurer for the time being, cause new are hereby respectively authorized and impowered to cause such bills, &c. to new bills as shall be prepared by virtue of this act, to be placed as as so much cash in the respective offices of the tellers of the said office of the receipt of exchequer, each and every of which tellers shall be se-teller, &c. verally charged with the proportions of the faid bills which shall

be so placed in his office respectively. X. And to the end the faid bills, which shall be made forth Sinking fund by virtue of this act, and the bills made forth by the faid former to be a fecuacts, which shall from time to time remain undischarged, may nishing mothe better obtain a currency for such respective time or times, as nies for exthey are intended to be current according to this act; be it fur_changing and ther enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the monies, which circulating shall from time to time arise of or for the said surplusses, excesses and overplusses, commonly called the sinking fund, shall be and are hereby declared and enacted to be a fundor security (over and above the interest monies, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, to be answered by the South-Sea company, as is herein after mentioned) for furnishing such monies as shall be necessary to be furnished at such certain rates, as are herein after expressed, or otherwise, for or towards exchanging and circulating the same, or any of them, according to the purport and true meaning of this act; any former law or statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

XI. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That Bills made as well all and every the said exchequer-bills to be made forth forth, and reby virtue of this act, until the discharging and cancelling the maining un-fame, pursuant to the proviso herein after contained in that be-be taken by half, as also all and every of the exchequer-bills made forth by receivers, &c. virtue of any former act or acts of parliament, and remaining as current, from time to time undischarged, until the discharging or cancel-discharged. ling the fame, shall and may jointly or severally be received and taken by, and shall pass and be current to all and every the receivers and collectors in *Great Britain*, of the customs, excise, or any revenue, supply, aid or tax whatsoever already granted, due or payable, or which shall or may be hereafter granted, due or payable to his Majesty, his heirs or successors, and also at the receipt of the exchequer, from the said receivers or collectors, or from any other person or persons, hodies politick or tors, or from any other person or persons, bodies politick or corporate whatsoever, making any payments or loans there to his Majesty, his heirs or successors, for or upon any account, cause or occasion whatsoever, according to the purport and true meaning of this act; and that such of the same bills, as shall be received at the exchequer, shall and may be locked up and secur- And secured ed as cash, according to the course of the exchequer, settled and as cash in the established by law, for locking up and securing money in specie exchequer. received there; and that all and every the receivers and collections pay monies of the pay monies of t

tors pay monies (if

required) for fuch bills.

tors in Great Britain, of the customs, excise, or any revenue, aid, tax or supply whatsoever already granted, due or payable, or which shall or may hereafter be granted, due or payable to his Majesty, his heirs or successors, shall, and they are hereby directed and required, out of any current coined money as shall then be in his or their hands, of such revenue, aid, tax or supply, to pay such of the same bills as shall be brought to them respectively, by any person or persons desiring to have money for the same; and in case any such receiver or collector shall resuse or neglect to exchange such bill or bills for ready money, by the space of twenty four hours, then the person or persons demanding the same, shall or may bring an action of debt, or on the case, for the principal and interest-monies due upon such bill or bills, against such receiver or collector, having money in his hands as aforesaid, in which action the plaintiff shall or may de-

clare that such receiver or collector is indebted to such plaintiff in the money demanded upon every fuch bill, according to the

form of the statute, and hath not paid the same, which shall be On refusal plaintiff may recover, with full cofts of fuit.

fufficient; and the plaintiff in every such action shall recover against the receiver or collector, not only the monies so refused or neglected to be paid, but also his full costs of fuit, and such receiver or collector shall be subject and liable thereunto, and in fuch action no effoin, protection, privilege or wager of law shall be allowed, or more than one imparlance; and upon payment of the monies to to be recovered, the plaintiff, his executors or assigns, shall deliver up such bills to the defendant, his executors or affigns.

Upon pay-ment or loan shall, at any time or times hereafter, within the respective times of bills into the exche-

during which they shall be jointly or severally current, pursuant to this or any former act, be paid or lent into the exchequer, tallies to quer by any of his Majesty's receivers, or other person or perbe delivered, sons, bodies politick or corporate, making any payments or loans at that receipt, the officers there shall cause tallies to be levied and delivered to the payers or lenders, as amply and effectually to all intents and purpoles, as if they had made fuch posments or loans in specie.

XII. And be it further enacted, That as any of the faid bills

Interest to be allowed, till payment, &c.

XIII. And be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That the interest which shall from time to time be due upon any of the bills fo to be current, as aforefaid, shall be allowed to all persons, bodies politick or corporate, paying the same to any receiver or collector receivers or collectors of any his Majesty's revenues, aids, taxes or supplies, or by way of exchange as aforefaid, or paying or lending the same into the exchequer as afor-faid, to the respective days whereupon such bill or bills shall be

(

When to ceale.

fo paid, exchanged or lent; provided always, That no interest shall run or be paid upon or for any such bill or bills, during the time that any such bill or bills so paid, exchanged or lent, shall remain in the hands of any the said receivers or collectors, or in the hands of any teller or tellers of the exchequer, but for fuch time the interest on every such bill shall cease. XIV. And

XIV. And to the end it may be known for what time fuch bills Lenders, &c. bearing interest, shall from time to time remain in the hands of such to subscribe receivers or collectors, or in the exchequer aforesaid; be it further and write on enacted by the authority aforesaid. That the person or persons the bills the who shall pay any such bill or bills bearing interest, to any retime of loan coiver are all three of any of his Maisland are used. ceiver or collector of any of his Majesty's revenues, aids, taxes or payment. or supplies, by way of exchange, or otherwise, or shall pay or lead such bill or bills so bearing interest, into the exchequer as aforesaid, shall at the time of making such payment, exchange or loan, on each bill bearing interest, and so paid, exchanged or lent, put his or their name or names, and write thereupon in words at length, the day of the month and year, in which he, she or they so paid, lent or exchanged such bill or bills bearing interest, all which the said receivers and collectors respectively, and also the respective tellers in the exchequer, shall take care to fee done and performed accordingly, to which respective days the faid receivers and collectors shall be allowed again the Receivers, &c.

interest which he, she or they shall have allowed or paid upon to be allowed fuch respective bill or bills, upon his or their paying the same interest by

into the receipt of exchequer as aforefaid. XV. Provided also, and be it further enacted by the authori-Bills may be ty aforesaid. That the said bills, or any of them, may be re-re-iffued, &c. iffued and paid again out of his Majesty's exchequer, and when the same shall be re-iffued or paid again out of his Majesty's exemple shall be re-iffued or paid again out of his Majesty's exemple shall be re-iffued or paid again out of his Majesty's exemple shall be re-iffued, or again paid out, &c. when re-iffued on the same hill and hills so re-iffued, in words at iffued and on shall indorse on the same bill and bills so re-issued, in words at issued, and on length, the day of the month and year, in which the same were what account fo re-issued or repaid out of the exchequer, and also on what account the same were last received into the receipt of the excheuer, and sign the same, from which time the interest of such
to revive. bill or bills to re-issued or paid again, shall revive, and such bill or bills shall again run and pass at interest, as the same did before they were paid unto, or received by the faid receivers or collectors, or before the fame were paid or lent into the exchequer

as aforesaid. XVI. And it is hereby enacted, That the same bills to be re-Bills re-issued issued from time to time, or at any time, at the exchequer as a at exchequer, foresaid, shall be so re-issued for the principal money to be con-issued for tained therein, and for so much interest as was due thereon, principal and and allowed by the teller at the respective time and times when interest due, such bill and bills were last paid into the exchequer.

XVII. And be it enacted, That every receiver general of any Receivers to the revenues, aids, taxes or supplies, belonging or to belong to keep a fair his Majesty, his heirs or successors, shall keep a fair book or book of accounts in writing of all the monies by him received, counts, of in which he or his deputy or deputies shall truly enter all the monies received which shall have been received by him or them for every such resembles aid that or supply together with the names. fuch revenue, aid, tax or supply, together with the names of the several collectors from whom the same, or any part thereof was received, the days when, and the sums paid, how much Ff 2 thereof,

them paid, &c

Spects

thereof in money, and how much thereof in such exchequerbills, and what exchequer-bills shall have been exchanged by every fuch receiver general, pursuant to this act, to which accounts every person concerned shall have free access at all sea-Persons confonable times, without fee or charge; and the said accounts shave free access to such accounts with of his receipt for that purpose; and if such receiver shall negout fee, &c. lcct to keep such book or books, or to enter therein any sum or Penalty on re-sum of money by him received and paid as aforesaid, by the ceiver neglect-

ceiver neglect-ing or refuspace of three days after the receipt or payment of the same, or shall refuse any person or persons concerned to inspect such book fing, &c.

or books without fee or reward as aforesaid, every such receiver, for every such offence, shall forfeit the sum of one hundred pounds, to any person or persons who shall sue for the same, to be recovered by action of debt, or upon the case, bill, suit or information, in any of his Majesty's courts of record at Westminster, wherein no essoin, protection, privilege or wager of law shall be allowed, or more than one imparlance. XVIII. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the au-New bills to

be made forth thority aforesaid, That in case any of the exchequer-bills, which in lieu of bills shall be current as aforesaid, shall be filled up by writing or enfilled up or filled up or defaced, and dorsements made thereon as aforesaid, or shall by any accident be defaced, it shall and may be lawful for the commissioners of to have like the treasury, or any three or more of them, or the high treasurer for the time being, and he or they are hereby authorized and impowered, by their or his discretion, from time to time, currency, &c to cause new bills to be made forth at the receipt of exchequer,

in lieu of fuch bills which shall be so filled up or defaced, which bills so filled up or defaced, shall be cancelled at the receipt of exchequer, and kept there on a file or files for that purpose; and such bills so to be made forth in lieu thereof, shall have a like currency, and shall in all respects be subject to the same rules, methods and continuance, as the bilis so filled up were intended to have been by this or any other act, and shall bear the same numbers, dates, and principal fums, and carry the like interest,

as were born and carried by the bills so cancelled respectively.

XIX. And it is hereby enacted, That for the greater ease and dispatch of publick business at the exchequer, it shall and Treasury may cause exche-quer-bills, for may be lawful to and for the commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or the high treasurer for the time exceeding being, and he or they are hereby authorized and enabled in case he or they shall so think fit, to cause exchequer bills, for any large sums not exceeding five thousand pounds each, to be made o be made forth in lieu of principal for hills of less forth at the receipt of exchequer, and to be placed as eash value in the in the said receipt, in lieu of the like value of the principal conexchequer, tained in the said exchequer-bills made forth for lesser such large hills shall haven to be

Such new bills which at the time of making such large bills shall happen to be to have like currency, &c. discharged, and be kept there on a file for that purpose; and as if originally such new bills for such large sums shall or may be issued at the said receipt, and have the same currency, and be in all re-

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1721.]. spects subject to the same rules, methods, continuance, and carry the like interest, and have the same security, benefits and advantages, and the same pains of death, and other pains, penalties and forfeitures, for any crime or offence relating thereunto, shall be inflicted, incurred, and put in execution, as if they had been originally issued by virtue of this or any other act for the faid lesser bills; any thing herein contained to the contrary not-

withfranding.

XX. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, Forging such That if any person or persons shall forge or counterfeit any exchequer-bill, made forth by virtue of this or any other act of parliament, before the same shall be paid off and cancelled, or any exchequer-bill to be renewed, or made forth in pursuance of this act, or any indorfement or writing thereupon or therein, or tender in payment any fuch forged or counterfeit bill, or any exchequer-bill, with fuch counterfeit endorsement or writing thereon, or shall demand to have such counterfeit bill or any such exchequer-bill, with such counterfeit endorsement or writing thereupon or therein, exchanged for ready money by any person or persons, body or bodies politick or corporate, who shall be obliged or required to exchange the same, or by any other person or persons whatsoever, knowing the bill so tendered in payment or demanded to be exchanged, or the endorsement or writing thereupon or therein, to be forged or counterfeit, and with intent to defraud his Majesty, his heirs or successors, or the persons to be appointed to circulate or exchange the same or any of them, or any other person or persons, body or bodies politick or corporate, then every such person or persons so offending, being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be adjudged a felon, and shall suffer as in cases of felony without benefit of clergy.

XXI. And it is hereby further enacted, That the undertakers for Undertakers

circulating the said bills or such of them as shall be current, shall, for circulating from time to time, have the use and sustody of one part of all bills to have the cheques, indents or counterfoils, of all the exchequer-bills custody of to be circulated or exchanged by them, from which the faid cheques, &c. bills are or shall be cut, in order to prevent their being imposed upon by counterfeit or forged bills, and that such parts of the faid cheques, indents or counterfoils shall be delivered back to be deliver-into the exchequer by such undertakers, when the same bills are ed into ex-chequer when

to be cancelled and discharged. hills are to be XXII. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That as cancelled.

often as any interest upon the exchequer-bills, made forth or to

liament, and remaining undischarged, shall be demanded to be ing undischarged, the charged not char paid by any undertakers for circulating or exchanging the same, charged not for the time being, they shall not be obliged to pay for such in- sum than one terest any lesser sum than one penny upon such bill, in case a penny, &c. fingle bill be produced for payment; or for the total of such bills, where the payment is a first standard of such bills, where the payment is a first standard of such bills. terest of such bills, where two or more shall be offered at one time by the same person; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXIII. And

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Principal of

Interest due upon bills to be supplied fund.

After repay-

ment by South-Sea,

bills to he

cancelled.

Publick notice in the Gazette, &c. to be given when bills standing out, shall be deli-

cancelled.

Rills not brought in by bills, not exceeding one million, to be made forth by this act, time prefixt, &c. to lofe their currenas shall not be brought in upon such notice as is last mentioned, to be paid off, discharged and cancelled as aforesaid, within the time or times therein to be prefixed, shall lose their currency, cy, &c, and no interest shall grow due thereupon, after the time prefix-

XXIII. And to the end all the exchequer-bills, not exceeding one rincipal of AXIII. And to the end all the exchaquer-oils, the exceeding one one million, by this act authorized to be made forth, for or towars bit Sea company, Majejiy's supply as aforesaid, may effectually be paid off, discharged to be a fund and cancelled, on or before the said seventh day of June one thousand for discharge feven hundred and twenty three; it is hereby further provided and tained in bills, tained in bills, of one million owing by the faid South-Sea company for fo much lent to them as aforesaid, is and shall be a fund and security for paying off, discharging and cancelling the principal sums, not exceeding one million, which shall be contained in the bills to be made forth by virtue of this act; and that so much as shall then be due or unpaid for interest upon the said bills to be made forth by virtue of this act (if any such interest shall be then doe

out of finking or unpaid) shall be supplied and made good out of the monies fund.

then arisen or to arise, of or for the said fund, called the sinking fund; and that the commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or the high treasurer for the time being, as foon as conveniently may be, after the repayment of the faid fum of one million by the faid South-See company into the exchequer, shall, out of that money, and out of the monies of the said snaking fund as aforesaid, cause all the bills which shall have been made forth by virtue of this act, for the faid sum not exceeding one million, and the interest remaining due thereupon (if any such interest shall be then due and unpaid) to be paid off, discharged and cancelled accordingly; and for that end and purpose shall, by publick notice in writing, to be affixed upon the Royal Enchange in Landon, and published in the Landon Gazette, prefix a certain day, by or before which all the fail bills, not exceeding one million, which shall have been made forth by witten of this assessment of this assessment than shall have been findly and the state of this assessment.

> brought in and delivered to such person or persons as the com-missioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or the high treasurer for the time being, shall appoint to receive the same at or near the exchequer, to be paid off, discharged and cancelled accordingly; and if any of the said bills which shall have been made forth pursuant to this act, for the said sums not exceeding one million, shall then be in the office or offices of any teller or tellers of the exchequer as cash, the faid commisfioners of the treasury, or the high treasurer for the time being, shall cause so much of the money so repaid, to be placed in the exchequer instead of such bills, upon the account or accounts of fuch teller or tellers respectively; and that all such of the said

> forth by virtue of this act, and be then standing out, shall be

ed by fuch notice. XXIV. Provided always, That in case proof shall be a upon oath of one or more credible witnesses, before the lard chief baron, and other the barons of the coif of his Majely's

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1721.] court of exchequer, or any of them, that any of the bills which fhall have been made forth for the said sum, not exceeding one On affidavit, million, by this act, were, by casualty or mischance, lost, burnt or otherwise destroyed, before the time of such notice given for or destroyed, calling in the same, and if by the party's oath the numbers and &c. before nosums of such bill or bills shall be ascertained, and if thereupon tice for calling the said chief baron and other the said barons, or any of them, &c. treasury before whom such oaths were made, shall certify, that he or to satisfy they are satisfied in such proof, then, and in every such safe, them out of the commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, the money rethe commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, the money reor the high treasurer for the time being, are hereby authorized Paid.

To cause the money due upon such bill or bills so lost, burnt or
destroyed, to be satisfied out of the money which shall be repaid
as asoresaid, as if the original bill or bills were brought in to be cancelled: provided the person or persons so receiving the money, do give fecurity to the King, to the good liking of the per- Security to be fon or persons who shall be appointed as asoresaid, to take in the given for faid bills, to pay into the exchequer, for the use of the publick, money paid so much money as shall be paid upon such certificate or certificate, if the bill or bills of certified to be lost, burnt or destroy-

cates, if the bill or bills so certified to be lost, burnt or destroyed, be hereafter produced.

XXV. And to the end a sufficient prevision may be made for circulating and exchanging for ready money from time to time, the said exchequer-bills not exceeding one million, to be made forth by virtue of this act, during the time they are to be current, and for circulating and exchanging in like manner so many of the said exchequer-bills, made forth by virtue of the said two acts of the sixth and seventh years of his Majesty's reign, as will remain after cancelling one million thereof, out of the said surplusses and other monies pursuant to this act, which remaining bills will, by estimation, amount in principal money to the further sum of nine hundred and nineteen thousand nine hundred and twelve pounds ten sbillings or thereabouts, so long as they are to be current; be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That the commissioners of the treasury, or any three or said, That the commissioners of the treasury, or any three or Treasury may more of them, or the high treasurer for the time being, on his contract with Majesty's behalf, shall and may, from time to time, enter into undertakers, any contract or contracts for obliging any person or persons, bolating bills for dy or bodies politick or corporate, who will voluntarily under-ready money. take this service at his or their own costs and charges, to circulate and exchange, or cause to be circulated and exchanged, at some publick office in Landon or Westminster for ready money, from time to time, all such of the said bills for several sums not exceeding one million and nine hundred and nineteen thousand nine hundred and twelve pounds ten shillings, as shall be de-manded at the said publick office, during the time or respective manded at the laid publick omce, during the time of respective times of such contracts or contracts, by paying in ready money, Undertakers at their own costs and charges, upon every such demand, or with- to pay principal twenty four hours after, all the principal monies contained pal and interest such bills of demanded, and the interest which shall then be due thereupon, and so toties quoties as often as any such bill shall be demanded, the said undestrikers, from time to time, up-

on exchanging every fuch bill, taking in the bill fo exchanged for their own use, and being allowed a rate not exceeding three

pounds per centum per annum, as well for paying the faid interest at their own costs, as also in reward for their service, upon all

Allowances for payment and fervices.

the bills fo undertaken to be circulated, fo long as they shall excced one million in principal, and a rate not exceeding twenty shillings per centum per annum for the like, upon all the bills so undertaken to be circulated, from the time they in the whole shall be reduced to any sum, not exceeding one million in principal, which said respective rates shall be paid as is herein after mentioned; and the faid contract or contracts shall be made in writing, and registred in the office of the auditor of the re-ceipt of his Majesty's exchequer, and shall be made to endure for fuch time and times respectively as shall be agreed by the contractors.

Contracts to be registred.

for that cause, any of them, shall not, for that cause only, be disabled from not disabled to be members of parliament, nor liable to be bankrupts.

Contractors,

Interest of 51. per centum and finking fund, to be felowances to

undertakers.

able to be a bankrupt or bankrupts, within the intent or meaning of all or any of the statutes made against or concerning bankrupts; any law, statute or provision to the contrary notwithstanding. XXVII. And to the end the faid respective rates, not exceeding three pounds per centum per annum, and twenty shillings per cennot exceeding

XXVI. And it is hereby enacted, That such contractors or

being a member or members of parliament, or be adjudged li-

per annum, payable by south Sea company, &c.

tum per annum to be paid to the said undertakers as aforesaid, may constantly be raised and paid: it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the abovesaid interest after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, payable by the said South-Sea comrund, to be se-pany, for the said million which was lent to them, shall be, and the same is hereby enacted to be a fund or security, so long as

such interest shall be payable, for or towards answering the said allowance, not exceeding the said rate of three pounds per centum per annum to the said undertaker or undertakers; and that the monies hereafter to come in upon the faid finking fund, shall be a fund or fecurity for answering so much as (together with the said interest payable by the South-Sea company) shall make

up the said allowance after the said rate not exceeding three pounds per centum per annum, so long as the same shall be payable, and for answering the said allowance not exceeding the rate of twenty shillings per centum per annum, from the time the same is to commence, during the continuance thereof, according to the true intent and meaning of this act; and that the

Treasury to cause pay-ments, &c.

the same funds or securities accordingly; any former law or statute to the contrary notwithstanding, If provision be XXVIII. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the made by parllament of wision shall be made by authority of parliament, in the lawful charging the coins of this realm, placed in the exchequer, for paying off and

commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or the high treasurer for the time being, shall cause the said respec-

tive rates to the said undertakers to be paid and applied out of

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1721.]

discharging the said exchequer-bills, which are made forth by bills made the said act of the sixth year of his Majesty's reign (in lieu of forth by old exchequer-bills which were cancelled in pursuance thereof) the bills paid computed to amount to the said sum of nine hundred nineteen off, shall be thousand nine hundred twelve pounds and ten shillings or there-cancelled. abouts, then the said bills themselves so computed to amount to nine hundred nineteen thousand nine hundred twelve pounds and ten shillings or thereabouts, which shall be so paid off, or for which such coined money shall be reserved in the exchequer to discharge the same, shall be discharged and cancelled; and if before the seventh day of June one thousand seven hundred and If monies be twenty three, coined money shall not be raised and brought innot raised beto the receipt of the exchequer for discharging the bills last mentioned, then all the monies which shall then remain or aftermonies comwards come into the exchequer, of or for the said surplusses, exing in of the cesses and overplusses, commonly called the sinking fund, shall sinking fund, to be applied for or towards paying off, discharging and cancelling to cancelling the said exchequer-bills, not exceeding nine hundred nineteen bills. &c. before the seventh day of June one thousand seven hundred and If monies be the faid exchequer-bills, not exceeding nine hundred nineteen bills, &c. thousand nine hundred twelve pounds and ten shillings or thereabouts, till they shall all compleatly be paid off and cancelled, in such or the like manner and form as are by this act prescribed for cancelling and discharging the said bills not exceeding one million, to be made forth by virtue of this act; this present act

or any thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXIX. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all the monies arisen or to arise into the exchequer by the faid furplusses, excesses and overplusses, commonly called the finking fund (except so much as at *Lady-day* one thousand seven hundred and twenty two or asterwards, is to be applied to discharge the said exchequer-bills not exceeding one million, which were originally created to be lent to the faid company as aforefaid, and except so much of the said sinking Monies to afund as will pay off and discharge the said bills, not exceeding rise by sinknine hundred nineteen thousand nine hundred twelve pounds ing fund (example the said ten shillings or thereabouts, in such case as aforesaid, and except as herein except such monies as are by this or any other act of this session be appropriated parliament, or by any other act or acts of any former session ted for discontinuous parliament, specially charged upon the said sinking fund, or charging printo be paid out of the same, or out of any monies composing the rest of nationsaid sinking sund) shall be appropriated, reserved and employ-aldebts incursaid sinking sund. faid finking fund) shall be appropriated, referved and employ-aldebts incured, to and for discharging the principal and interest of such na-red before 25 tional debts and incumbrances, as were incurred before the Dec. 1716. twenty fifth day of December one thousand seven hundred and fixteen, and are declared to be such national debts as may be redeemed and are provided for by act of parliament, in such manner and form as shall be directed and appointed by any future act or acts of parliament, to be discharged therewith or out of the same, and to and for none other use, intent or purpose whatfoever

XXX. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, No fee to be That no fee, reward or gratuity shall be demanded or taken taken for any di-thing done in

pursuance of this act.

directly or indirectly, by any his Majesty's officers in the exchequer, or by any of their clerks or substitutes, from any his Majesty's subjects, for any matter or thing to be done by the fair difference of this officers, or any of them respectively, Penalty on of in pursuance of this act; and that no such officer, clerk or sub-ficer, ec. stitute shall divert or misantly or cause or account misapplying monies, &c.

fitute shall divert or misapply, or cause or procure to be diverted or misapplied, any of the monies by this act intended for the exchanging, circulating or paying off the said bills or any of them, under such penalties, forseitures and disabilities, to be incurred by and inslicted on them respectively, as by one act of this session of parliament for granting an aid to his Majesty by a land-tax to be raised in Great Britain, for the service of the respective land-tax to be raifed in Great Britain, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and twenty two, are prescribed or enacted for diverting and misapplying any the monies thereby granted, or for taking or demanding any fee, reward or gratui-

granted, or for taking or demanding any see, reward or gratuaty concerning the same.

XXXI. Provided always nevertheless, and it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said commissioners of the sund to defray treasury, or any three or more of them, or the high treasurer the charges of for the time being, shall have power, and he or they are hereby executing this enabled to pay and allow, or cause to be paid and allowed, out of the monies to arise of or for the said surplusses, excesses and everplus monies, called the sinking fund, from time to time, the overplus monies, called the finking fund, from time to time, the necessary charges of cancelling such exchequer-bills as are here-

by directed to be cancelled, and of making forth the new exchequer-bills hereby authorized to be made forth, and fuch other charges as shall be necessarily incident in or for the execution of

five pounds per centum per annum, upon the civil list revenues till redeemed by the crown; and for enabling his Majesty, his heirs or successors (by causing such a deduction to be made as therein is mentioned) to make good to the civil list the payments which shall have been made upon the said annuities; and for borrowing money upon certain lottery tickets; and for discharging the corporations for assurances of part of the money which they were obliged to pay to his Majesty; and for making good a deficiency to the East-India company, it was enasted, That yearly and every year, from and after the feast of the nativity of Saint John Baptist in the year of our Lord one thousand seven bundred and twenty one, a certain yearly fund, to be computed after the rate if

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five pounds per centum per annum, for and upon all the annuities to be purchased upon that ast, should be and was, by virtue thereof, settled and established in the manner therein mentioned; and that for raising any sum or sums of money, not exceeding five hundred thousand pounds, for the purposes therein mentioned, it should be lawful for any persons, bodies 'politick or corporate, to contribute, advance and pay to the first or whies cashier of the governor and company of the bank of England for the time being, any sum or sums of money, not exceeding in the whole the said sum of five bundred thousand pounds, for the purchase of such annuity or annuities as were thereby charged or chargeable, subject to such redemption as is therein mentioned; and the commissioners of his Majesty's treasury, or the high treasurer for the time hims were thereby improvement to coule any arrest or arrest the time being, were thereby impowered to cause any arrear or arrears of any fees, salaries, wages, pensions, annuities or other certain or extraordinary allowances, or any debt or debts, sum or sums of money due or to be due or payable at the receipt of exchequer, by virtue of any letters patents or other lawful authorities, whereupon the same respectively were or should be grounded, to be satisfied and paid at the same receipt, by levying tallies of pro or assignment, or other tallies upon the said cashier for the time being, for or in part of the said sum not exceeding sive hundred thousand pounds; and that upon producing such tallies or tallies, and delivering or tendring the same to ducing fuch talley or tallies, and delivering or tendring the same to the said cashier, the same cashier should forthwith give a receipt in writing for such talley or tallies, and the person or persons so pro-ducing and delivering or tendring the same, should in respect thereof ducing and delivering or tendring the same, should in respect thereof be deemed contributors within the meaning of that act; and their names and the sums contained in such tallies respectively, should be sairly entred in the book or books of the controller therein mentioned, and into the duplicates thereof, to be transmitted into the office of the auditor of the receipt of the exchequer; and such contributor and contributors, by delivering up his, her or their tallies, or such as be, she or they should nominate, his, her or their executors, administrators, successors and assigns should have, receive and enjoy the respective anmuity and annuities so purchased out of the yearly fund by that act settled and established, and should have such or the like estate and interest therein, as if his, her or their contribution or contributions had been therein, as if bis, ber or their contribution or contributions had been specifically made in ready money, as by the alt last mentioned, relation being thereunto had, may more fully appear. And whereas the above mentioned sum of one hundred two thousand six hundred eighty-two mentioned Jum of one numbers two torujana jix numeres eignty-two pounds seven shillings and eleven pence three farthings, was part of the said sum not exceeding sive hundred thousand pounds intended to be raised by the act last in part recited, and after the raising thereof, the said sum of one hundred two thousand six hundred eighty two pounds seven shillings and eleven pence three farthings, ought (as part of the excess or surplus of the sund, commonly called the aggregate sund, and internal seven thousand seven ended at Michaelmas one thousand seven risen within the said year, ended at Michaelmas one thousand seven bundred and twenty) to be applied to make good so much of the surplusses, excesses and overplus monies, commonly called the sinking fund, out of which the exchequer-bills, formerly lent to the South-Sea company, are by this att appointed to be paid off and cancelled, as is above mentioned: now for the more effectual raising the said sum of one

Tallies to be ing 102,6821.
7 s. 11 d. 3q.
part of the fum of 500,000l.

Persons pro-ducing such tallies to the receipts, and be deemed assignce or assigns, producing or tendring the same; and that the contributors person or persons, his or their assignee or assigns, so producing within the act and delivering or tendring the same, shall, in respect thereof, be 7 Geo. 1. flat. deemed and adjudged to be contributors within the meaning of z. C. 27. the act in part before recited; and their names, and the fum

act, &c.

Treasury may assignments to be made thereupon.

hundred two thousand six hundred eighty two pounds seven shillings eleven pence three farthings, and applying the same as aforesaid; be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That struck for rail- the commissioners of his Majesty's treasury, or any three or more of them now being, or the high treasurer, or any three or more of the commissioners of the treasury for the time being, shall or may, and they are hereby enabled and impowered to cause such tallies of *Pro* or affignment as aforesaid, or other tallies, to be levied and stricken in the name or names of such person or persons, as they the faid commissioner's of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or the high treasurer, or any three or more of the commissioners of the treasury for the time being, shall think fit to entrust in this behalf, as part of the said sum not exceeding five hundred thousand pounds, which was intended to be raised by the said former act; and that upon the producducing such tallies to the ing or tendring of such tally or tallies to the said cashier of the cashier of the governor and company of the bank of England for the time bebank of Eng- ing, a receipt or receipts in writing shall be given by the faid land, to have cashier to the person or persons so to be entrusted, his or their

contained in such tallies respectively, shall be fairly entred in the book or books of the said controller for the time being, and into the duplicates thereof, to be transmitted into the office of the Such persons auditor of the receipt of the exchequer; and that such person upon delivery or persons so to be entrusted, or the person or persons, body or upon delivery or persons so to be entrusted, or the person or persons, body or of tallies, &c. bodies politick or corporate, who (as assigned or assigns of the entitled to an person or persons so to be entrusted) (bell deliver upon tender nuities in the person or persons so to be entrusted) shall deliver up or tender last mentioned such tally or tallies, his or their executors, administrators, successors and assigns, shall have, receive and enjoy, and be entitled by this act to have, receive and enjoy the respective annuity or annuities to be payable for or in respect of the said sum of one hundred two thousand six hundred eighty two pounds seven shillings and eleven pence three farthings, and every or any part thereof, out of the yearly fund by the last mentioned act settled and established, and shall have such and the like estate and integrate the second the rest therein, from the said seast of Saint John Baptist one thou-sand seven hundred and twenty one, and all other benefits and advantages in respect thereof, as if such contributions had been

specifically made in ready money, according to that act.

XXXIII. And for the more speedy raising of money towards cause monies making good the sinking fund as aforesaid, it is hereby further to be raised upon such tallies, &c. and lawful to and for the said commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them now being, or the high treasurer, or any three or more of the commissioners of the treasury for the time being, to cause any sum or sums of money to be raised upon fuch tallies of Pro or affignment, or other tallies, or upon fuch annuities to be payable in respect thereof, as asoresaid, by mort-

gage, sale, or otherwise, and at or for such price or prices, or at such rate or rates of interest, or for such considerations, as to the faid commissioners of the treasury, or high treasurer for the time being, shall seem most expedient, and thereupon to cause any asfignment or affignments of the faid tallies and annuities, or any them, to be made to the person or persons, body or bodies politick or corporate, who shall purchase the said tallies, or any of them, or the said annuities, or any of them, or shall lend any monies upon the said tallies and annuities, or any of them, as the faid commissioners of the treasury, or high treasurer for the time being, shall judge to be reasonable; all which annui-ties, in respect of the said sum of one hundred and two thousand Annuittees to fix hundred eighty two pounds seven shillings and eleven pence tion by parliation by parliament, as is by the said recited act provided touching the other annuities which have been on shall be received. the other annuities which have been or shall be purchased there

upon. XXXIV. And it is hereby enacted, That all the monies that Monies applithall be raifed as aforefaid, for or towards the faid fum of one hun- ed to make dred two thousand fix hundred eighty two pounds seven shillings good the sink- and eleven pence three farthings, as fast as the same shall be of which exraised, shall be applied towards making good the sinking fund as chequer-bills aforefaid, out of which the said exchequer-bills, which were lent are to be paid to the South-Sea company, as is above-mentioned, are directed off. to be paid off and cancelled as aforesaid; any other law or sta-

XXXV. Provided always, and be it enacted by the authority Dispositions assorbed. That all monies lent and to be lent to his Majesty and applications of this session of parliament, intituled, An act for and other mogranting an aid to bis Majesty by a land-tax to be raised in Great nies. Britain, for the service of the year one thousand seven hundred and 8 Geo. 1. c. 1. twenty two; and to much money (if any such be) of the tax thereby granted, as shall arise and remain after all the loans made or to be made on the act last mentioned, and all the loans by that act or any other act of this session of parliament trans-ferred or to be transferred to the register for the said land-tax, and the interest of the said several and respective loans, and the charges allowable for raising the said land-tax, shall be satisfied, or money sufficient shall be reserved in the exchequer to discharge the fame; and all the monies to be raifed by way of a lottery or otherwise, by virtue of an act of this session of parliament for 8 Geo. 1. c. 2. continuing the duties on malt, mum, cyder and perry, to raife money by way of a lottery for the service of the year one thoufand seven hundred and twenty two, and for other the purposes therein expressed, and so much of the same duties upon malt, mum, cyder and perry by that act granted or continued, as shall arise and remain (if any such be) after all the payments thereby directed to be made upon certificates, as well for the unfortunate as the fortunate tickets therein mentioned, and the charges by that act allowable for the execution thereof, shall be satisfied or monies sufficient shall be reserved to discharge the same; and

tute to the contrary notwithstanding.

all the monies to be raifed by iffuing exchequer-bills not exceeding one million, or otherwife, by virtue or in pursuance of this present act, and the sum of fifty six thousand eight hundred seventy two pounds thirteen shillings and three pence and four fifth parts of a penny, being part of the monies which were granted to his Majesty for the services of the year one thousand seven hundred and twenty one, and exceeded the services voted or enacted for that year, shall be appropriated and applied, and are hereby appropriated for and towards the several ules, intents and purpoles herein expressed; subject nevertheless to such restrictions as are herein after prescribed; that is to say, sal, sys, It is hereby enacted and declared. That out of all or any the and one aids or supplies provided as aforesaid there shall and may be set of a side or supplies provided as aforesaid there shall and may be

od, and one fifth part of a

Mich. 1721.

affith part of a side of supplies provided as aforeissed there man and may be penny applied issued and applied any sum not exceeding one hundred eleven to make good thousand sive hundred thirty two pounds thirteen shillings and the deficiency on the general siciency of the general siciency of the fund, commonly called the general fund for the raising seven hundred twenty four thousand eight hundred and seven hundred at factors since pounds for shilling and ten peace and one fifth part forty nine pounds fix shilling and ten pence and one fifth part

of a penny per annum, for the year ended at Michaelmas one thousand seven hundred and twenty one.

XXXVI. And it is hereby enacted and declared, That out

of all or any the aids or supplies provided as aforesaid there shall and may be issued or applied any sum or sums of money not exceeding one million six hundred seven thousand eight hundred

For naval fer. part of a penny, for or towards the naval fervices herein after more particularly expressed; that is to say, for or towards defraying the charge of the ordinary of his Majesty's navy, and for half-pay to sea-officers; and for or towards victual, wages, wear and tear of the navy, and the victualling thereof performed and to be performed; and for or towards sea-services in the office of the ordnance performed and to be performed; and towards discharging the debt of the navy as it stood at Michaelmas one thousand seven hundred and twenty one; and for or towards discharging the debt for transport-service as it stood at Michaelmas one thousand seven hundred and twenty one; and for or towards other services of the navy performed or to be performed.

For the ord-

nancefor land- any of the aids or supplies provided as aforesaid there shall or service, and may be issued and applied any sum or sums of smoney not exsupplying his ceeding ninety three thousand one hundred sixteen pounds ele-Majesty's ven shillings and eleven pence and three fourth parts of a new-Jupplying his ceeding ninety three thouland one hundred fixteen pounds eleMajelty's ven shillings and eleven pence and three fourth parts of a penflores with falt petre, and repuilding gunpetre, and rebuilding gunpetry's ordnance for land-services performed and to be performed wharfsat Chatham and Plymouth.

and rebuilding the gun-wharfs at Chatham and Phymouth, and other extraordinary services to be performed by the office of ordnance in the year one thousand seven hundred and twenty two;
and for defraying several extraordinary expences of the office of ordordnance. condinance

XXXVII. And it is hereby also enacted, That out of all or

ordnance for land-services in the year one thousand seven hundred and twenty one, not provided for by parliament.

XXXVIII. And it is hereby likewise enacted, That out of all For land-or any the aids or supplies provided as aforesaid there shall or may forces. be iffued and applied any fum or fums of money not exceeding in the whole the fum of eight hundred forty four thousand four hundred seventy one pounds twelve shillings and ten pence halfpenny, for or towards maintaining his Majesty's land-forces and other services herein after more particularly expressed, that is to say, Any sum not exceeding five hundred sixty eight thousand Guards and nine hundred thirty two pounds thirteen shillings and four pence, Great Britain, for defraying the charge of fourteen thousand two hundred nine- &c. ty four effective men (including commission and non-commisfion officers and invalids) for guards, garrifons and other his Majesty's land-forces in Great Britain, Jersey and Guernsey, and other services relating to the forces for the year one thousand feven hundred and twenty two; and any fum and fums of money not exceeding one hundred fifty thouland feven hundred forty three pounds thirteen shillings and four pence halfpenny, for maintaining his Majesty's forces and garrisons in the plantations, Minorca and Gibraltar, and for provisions for the garrifons at Plantations, Annapolis Royal, Placentia and Gibraltar, for the year one thou-Minorca and fand seven hundred and twenty two; and any sum and sums of Gibraltar. money not exceeding fifteen thousand pounds, upon account of out-pensioners of Chelsea Hospital, for the year one thousand Chelsea hose feven hundred and twenty two; and any sum and sums of money pital. not exceeding twenty thousand seven hundred ninety sive pounds fix shillings and two pence. for descripting several extraordinary Extraordinary fix shillings and two pence, for defraying several extraordinary Extraordina-expences for the service of his Majesty's land-forces, and for riea-provisions, and to satisfy several clothiers assignments, not before provided for by parliament; and any fum and fums of money not exceeding eighty nine thousand pounds, upon account of half-pay to the reduced officers of his Majesty's land-forces and Half-pay offimarines; subject nevertheless to such rules to be observed in the cers. application of the faid half-pay, as are herein after prescribed concerning the same.

XXXIX. And be it enacted, That the faid aids or supplies The faid supprovided as aforefaid shall not be issued or applied to any use, plies to be apintent or purpose whatsoever, other than the uses and purposes plied to no other uses. before-mentioned:

XL. Provided always, That such sums as by and in pursuance of any other act or acts of parliament are or shall be due or missioners of payable to any commissioners for taking, examining, stating and army acdetermining the debts due to the army, for their salaries, or for counts. their clerks, or other incident charges, shall or may be paid out of the aids or supplies aforesaid, or any of them; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XLI. And as to the faid sum of eighty nine thousand pounds Rules to be by this act appropriated on account of half-pay as aforesaid, it is observed in the hereby enacted and declared by the authority aforesaid, That the application of rules the half-pay.

rules herein after prescribed shall be duly observed in the ap-

plication thereof; that is to fay,

That no person shall have or receive any part of the same,
who was a minor under the age of fixteen years at the time when the regiment, troop or company in which he served was reduced.

That no person shall have or receive any part of the same, except fuch persons who did actual service in some regiment, troop

or company.

That no person having any other place or employment of profit, civil or military, under his Majesty, shall have or receive

any part of the half-pay.

That no chaplain of any garrison or regiment, who has any ecclesiastical benefice, or other preferment in Great Britain, or

Ireland, shall have or receive any part of the said half-pay.

That no person shall have or receive any part of the same who hath resigned his commission, and has had no commission since.

That no part of the same shall be allowed to any persons, by

virtue of any warrant or appointment, except to fuch persons who would have been otherwise entitled to the same, as reduced officers

And that no part of the same shall be allowed to any of the officers of the five regiments of dragoons and eight regiments of foot lately disbanded in *Ireland*, except to such as were lately

taken off the establishment of half-pay in Great Britain.

taken off the establishment of half-pay in Great Britain.

7Geo. I. stat. I. XLII. And whereas by an ast of parliament made in the seventh year of his Majesty's reign, for continuing the duties upon malt, mun, Clause for discover and perry, to raise money by way of lottery for the service of possing the other year one thousand seven hundred and twenty one, and for other of half-pay purposes therein expressed, several supplies which had been granted to officers to the bis Majesty, as is therein mentioned, were appropriated to several uses compassionate and purposes therein expressed, amongst which any sum or sums not exceeding the sum of ninety four thousand seven hundred pounds, upon account of half-pay for the year one thousand seven hundred and twenty one, was appropriated to be paid to the reduced officers of his Majesty's land-forces and marines, subject nevertheless to such rules to be ty one, was appropriated to be paid to the reduced officers of his Majesty's land-forces and marines, subjett nevertheless to such rules to be observed in the application of the said half-pay, as in and by the aforesaid att were prescribed in that behalf: now it is hereby provided, enacted and declared by the authority aforesaid, That so much of the said sum of ninety four thousand five hundred pounds, as is or shall be more than sufficient to satisfy the said reduced officers, according to the said rules by the aforesaid ad prescribed to be observed in the application thereof, or any part of such overplus, shall or may be disposed to such officers, who were maimed or lost their limbs in the late wars, or to such others as by reason of their long service, or otherwise, his Majesty shall judge to be proper objects of charity, or to the widows or children of such officers, according to such warrant or warrants under his Majesty's royal sign manual, as shall be signed in that behalf; any thing in this or the said former act to the contrary notwithstanding.

XLIII. 🕰

XLIII. And whereas amongst divers matters and things contained 9 Ann. c. 23. in an act of parliament made in the ninth year of the reign of her late i. 88. majesty Queen Anne, of blessed memory, a sum of one hundred three Clause for rethousand and three pounds eleven shillings and four pence was apferers at Nevis pointed to be distributed amongst the proprietors and inhabitants of the and St. Christoffands of Nevis and Saint Christophers, who sustained great losses they are invasion of the passes where a invasion of the successive them. by a late invasion and depredation of the French, to encourage them to invasion of the resettle in the said islands; and by another act made in the tenth late wars. year of her said late Majesty's reign, taking notice that the bounty a- 10 Ann. c. 34. foresaid would exceed or amount at least to one third part of the said losses sustained by the planters and inhabitants of the said islands only, it was enacted, That her Majesty's commissioners for the affairs of trade and plantations, or any three or more of them, on such proof as the threin prescribed, should or might forthwith issue out, in the rewas therein prescribed, should or might forthwith issue out, in the re-spective names of every such sufferer, bis, her or their executors or ad-ministrators, debentures for one full third part of their respective losses specified in the return of a commission therein mentioned (such requifites being first performed by the said sufferers, their agents or as-signs, as by the said acts were to be done and performed) and that see 9 Geo. 14 such debentures should be delivered out to them, or their respective a- c. 12. fuch debentures should be delivered out to them, or their respective agents or attornies, and should carry interest for the principal sums therein mentioned after the rate of six pounds per centum per annum, from the sive and twentieth day of December one thousand seven hundred and eleven: and whereas the commissioners for trade and plantations did make forth debentures pursuant to the said acts, which amount in principal money to the sum of ninety nine thousand three hundred sixty one pounds sixteen shillings, and no more, the interest whereof, at the rate aforesaid, bath been satisfied until the seast of the birth of our Lord Christ one thousand seven hundred and sourteen; and the laid principal sum, together with forty one thousand seven and the said principal sum, together with forty one thousand seven and the faid principal sum, together with forty one thousand seven hundred thirty one pounds nineteen shillings and one penny farthing, for the like Interest thereof, incurred for seven years, ended at the feast of the birth of our Lord Christ one thousand seven hundred and twenty one, making together one bundred forty one thousand ninety three pounds sistem shillings and one penny farthing, do still remain unsatisfied: now to the end the several proprietors of the said debentures may have a just and reasonable satisfaction for the principal and interest due or unnaid to them respectively, it is principal and interest due or unpaid to them respectively, it is hereby provided and enacted by the authority aforesaid, That Unsatisfied dether said respective proprietors, and their respective executors, to be made administrators and assigns, shall by virtue of this act have and be entitled to an annuity after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, for and in lieu of the principal and interest due or unpaid to them respectively, as aforesaid, the same annuities to commence from the faid feast of the birth of our Lord Christ one thouland seven hundred and twenty one, and to be payable half-yearly; to wit, at the feafts of the nativity of Saint John Baptist, and the birth of our Lord Christ, by equal portions, until the redemption thereof by parliament; the first payment thereof to be made at the feast of the nativity of Saint John Rattist one thousand seven hundred and twenty two and the Baptist one thousand seven hundred and twenty two; and the Vol. XIV, Gg

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proprietors, &c. until redemption. Annuities to be deemed personal es-tates, &c. and may be as-

payment of annuities to

figned. of and in any such annuity or any part thereof, and so toties quo-No assignment ties; and no such assignment shall be revocable, so as an entry revocable, &c. or memorandum of such assignment or will be made in books

chequer to make memofandum, &c. Annuities to

of finking fund.

Annuities.

fame annuities shall be and are, by virtue of this act, charged Annuities up- and chargeable upon and payable out of the monies arising or on unfatisfied debentures, to to arise of or for the customs, subfidies, impositions, rates, dube paid out of ties, proportional parts, weekly and other provisions and paythe general ments, commonly called the general fund, established by an act of parliament of the third year of his Majesty's reign, amounting to save hundred amounting to save mounting to feven hundred twenty four thouland eight hundred forty nine pounds six shillings and ten pence and one fifth part Treasury, up- of one penny per annum; and the commissioners of his Majety's

on producing treasury, or any three or more of them, or the high treasurer debentures, to issue or the time being, are hereby authorized and impowered, upon producing to him or them any of the faid debentures, to iffue standing orders for paying at the receipt of the exchequer the said annuities to the said respective proprietors, their executors, administrators, successors or assigns respectively, out of the monies arisen or to arise out of the said general yearly fund, until such redemption as aforesaid; which annuities shall be deemed to be personal estates, and shall be free from all taxes, charges and impositions whatsoever, and the respective proprietors thereof shall have good and sure estates therein, and shall have power to assign or devise his, her or their estate or interest

kept for that purpose in the office of the auditor of the receipt of exchequer, within three months after such assignment or death On producing of the devifor; and that upon producing such assignment or will, such assignment, &c. parment, &c. paraforesaid, the party so producing the same shall bring therewith a fidavit or its an affidavit, taken before one or more of his Majesty's justices an affidavit of the peace of the due assention of the peace. due execution. of the peace, of the due execution of the faid affignment or Officers of ex- will, which affidavit or affidavits shall be severally filed in the said office; and the proper officers in the faid receipt of exchequer are hereby required to make fuch entry or memorandum according-Annuities to ly, and to file the faid affidavits; and in default of fuch affigube paid by of-ment or devise by deed or will, the interest of fuch person or ficers in exchequer without is hereby enacted, That the same annuities shall be paid by the officers in the receipt of exchange without and officers in the receipt of exchange without according. officers in the receipt of exchequer without demanding or re-

Officers to be rewarded out to arise at the exchequer as affort the fame.

XLIV. Provided always, That out of the monies arising or rewarded out to arise at the exchequer as affort and in the fail of the fail o ceffes or overplusses, called the finking fund, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or the high treasurer for the time being, to reward the officers and clerks in the said receipt for their pains and service in paying the same annuities, and to satisfy such incident charges as shall necessarily attend the payment thereof; any former law or statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

XLV. Provided also, and it is hereby enacted by the authorities when to deter-rity aforesaid, That at any time, upon publick notice to be print-

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printed in the London Gazette, and affixed upon the Royal Ex-thange in London, by authority of parliament, at any of the four most usual feasts of the year, and upon repayment by parliament of the respective principal sums for which the same annuities shall be payable, to such respective persons and corporations as shall be entitled to the same annuities, and also upon full payment of all arrearages of the same annuities, to be computed by the day, after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, till such actual repayment, then and not till then the same an-Resolution of

nuities shall cease and determine; any thing herein contained to the house of the contrary notwithstanding; and that any vote or resolution of commons interest by the the house of commons signified by the speaker in writing, to be speaker in the inserted in the said London Gazette, and affixed on the Royal Ex-London Gazette, and sufficient notice within the words and meaning of this act.

XLVI. And moreover, be it enacted by the authority aforenotice.
An additional faid, That there shall be raised, levied, answered and paid unto duty of 25, per and for the use of his Majesty, his heirs and successors, for and business to be supported as a position of the state upon all apples, which at any time or times after the feast-day of paid on apples the annunciation of the blessed Virgin Mary one thousand seven as the manufacture of the selfed Virgin Mary one thousand seven the manufacture of the end of three years from the day is thence next ensuing, or before the end of the session of parlia-continued for ment next following the said term of three years, shall be im-seven years by ported or brought into the kingdom of Great Britain (over and in Geo. 1. C. 7, above all customs, subsidies and duties already imposed thereupon) an additional duty, to be reckoned after the rate of two on) an additional duty, to be reckoned after the rate of two shillings for every bushel, and proportionably for a greater or lesser quantity, to be paid down in ready money by the importers, from time to time, before the landing of the same respect-

ively.

XLVII. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That How, and unthe said additional duty upon apples imported, shall be raised, der what pelevied, recovered and paid, and be brought into his Majesty's nalties to be exchequer, by such rules, ways, means and methods, and unterpretations and forfeitures, and in such manner and form, as the other duties upon apples imported, or any of them, are by any act or acts of parliament now in force, prescribed or appointed to be raised, levied, recovered, answered and paid.

XLVHI. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That To what use

the faid additional duty upon apples imported (except the ne-applied ceffary charges of management thereof) is and shall be applied for or towards making good the services for which his Majesty's supply, granted in this session of parliament, is by this act appropriated or applicable.

propriated or applicable.

XLIX. And whereas by several acts of parliament now in force, Duties payaseveral duties are payable upon the importation of pictures; be it ble on picfurther enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said duties tures importfor all pictures, which shall be imported from and after the feast-ed after 25
day of the annunciation of the blessed Virgin Mary one thouMarch 1722.
Sand imported, fire

G g 2

and imported, fire

fect. 12.

11 Geo. 1. c. 7. and in lieu thereof there shall be paid and payable to his Majesty, fect. 12. his heirs and successors, for all pictures, that from and after the faid feast day of the annunciation of the blessed Virgin Mary one thousand seven hundred and twenty two shall be imported into Great Britain, the certain duties following, according to the refpective dimensions of such pictures, that is to say,

For every picture of four feet fquare or upwards, or of any dimensions, which being reduced, will produce a square of sour For pictures of four teet fquare, 31. feet or upwards, the sum of three pounds, of lawful money of Great Britain.

Two feet fquare, 40 8.

For every picture of two feet square, and under four feet square, or of any dimensions, which being reduced will produce a square of two feet, and under four feet, the sum of forty shillings, of like money.

And for every picture under two feet square, or of any di-mensions, which being reduced will produce a square less than Less than two

menions, which being reduced will produce a square less than two feet, the sum of twenty shillings, of like money.

To be paid in ready money by the respective importers of such pictures, from time to time, before the landing of the same respectively.

L. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the how, and under what penalties to be raised, and be brought into the exchequer, by such rules, ways, means and methods, and under such penalties and

rules, ways, means and methods, and under such penalties and forfeitures, and in such manner and form, as the duties upon paid. pictures hereby taken away, or any of them, might have been raised, levied, recovered and paid, if the same or any of them had

continued. LI. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the duties to arise upon the importation of pictures, pursuant to this act (the necessary charges of manage-How appropriated. ment excepted) shall be appropriated and applied as near as may

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be, to the same uses and purposes, to which the former duties upon pictures by this act taken away, were applicable or ought to have been applied if this act had not been made. LII. Provided also, and it is hereby enacted, That the duties

How redeemable.

by this act charged upon pictures imported, or any part thereof, shall be redeemable by parliament, in the same manner as the said former duties on pictures hereby taken away, or any of them, were redeemable; and in all cases where any of the said former duties on pictures were to cease or determine, a proportional part of the duties on pictures hereby charged, shall likewise cease and determine.

CAP. XXI.

An act to enable the South-Sea company to dispose of the effetts in their hands by way of lottery or subscription, or to fell part of their fund or annuity payable at the exchequer, in order to pay the debts of the said company; and for relief of such who were intended to have the benefit of a late att touching payment of ten per centum therein mentioned.

WHEREAS the governor and company of merchants of Great
Britain trading to the South-Seas, and other parts of America, and for encouraging the fishery, commonly called the South-Sea
company, are possessed of divers shares of the capital slock of the said
South-Sea company, transferred and pledged to the said South-Sea
company, or their agents, for their use, for divers sums of money lent
by the said South-Sea company, and are likewise possessed of or intitled unto other shares of the same capital slock, allowed by the said
company for, or arising from or by means of receipts given for the
payments made on subscriptions for money taken by the said South-Sea
company, commonly called subscription-receipts, pledged to them, or
their agents, for monies lent by the said South-Sea
company, commonly called subscription-receipts, pledged to them, or
their agents, for monies lent by the said South-Sea
company slands indebted for exchequer-bills, and also by their bonds
and dividend-warrants, in a larger sum of money than can be paid
in such reasonable time as may be expected, without the sale or disposal of
some part of their slock: and whereas the said several shares of stock
so pledged and allowed for, or arising from or by means of the said
subscription-receipts pledged as aforesaid, may be deemed, or supposed
to be liable to redemption, though in no ways likely to be redeemed:
and forasmuch as to enable the said South-Sea company speedily ta
pay their said debts, will tend to promote the publick credit; be it
therefore enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and
March 1722.

Which said debts, will tend to promote the publick credit; be it
therefore enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and
for the said South-Sea company, and they are hereby enaviell shares of
their stock of the said south-Sea company, and they are hereby enaveceding
bled, from and after the twenty sifth day of March one thousand aco,oool per
feven hundred and twenty two, to sell, or otherwise dispose of
annum) by
to any perso feven hundred and twenty two, to fell, or otherwise dispose of annum) by to any person or persons, natives or foreigners, bodies politick or corporate, all or any part of the said several shares of the said stock, as well that pledged to the said company as aforesaid, as that which was allowed by the said company for, or arising from or by means of the said subscription-receipts so pledged as aforesaid, or any part of the sind or annuity is said and parable. foresaid, or any part of the sund or annuity issuing and payable at the exchequer, to the said company, not exceeding two hundred thousand pounds a year, by way of lottery, subscription, or otherwise, at such time or times, and in such manner, as by Gg3

the general court of the faid South-Sea company shall from time

to time be thought fit and expedient.

This act not to alter a provision in the act of y Geo. z. flat. 2. c. 1. for paying in ten per cent. upon loans,

II. Provided, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to extend to alter the provision made by an act made in the last session of parliament, intituled, An act for making several provisions to restore the publick credit, which suffers by the frauds and mismanagements of the late directors of the South-Sea company and others, for paying in ten per centum upon such loans, and thereupon discharging the borrowers from all further demands of the said South-Sea company, for or in respect of the monies so borrowed upon stock or subscription-receipts, and for absolutely vesting in the said South-Sea company such stock and subscription-receipts so transferred and pledged, and for which payments shall be made or tendred, according to the true intent and meaning of the same as a sea of share any person or response to the same as ing of the same act, or to discharge any person or persons, who have not intitled themselves to the benefit of the said act, by making payments according to the directions of the same act, of or from any debt or debts due or owing to the faid South-See company, upon such pledged stock and subscription-receipts, over and above the profit and advantage that shall be made by the faid company, by fale, or other disposition of such pledged Rock, and the stock allowed for, or arising from or by means of such subscription-receipts, so pledged to the company as aforelaid.

If South-Sea company raife rity aforesaid. That if the said South-Sea company shall think fit to raise all or any part of the money, by this act authorized to be raised for payment of their debts, by way of lotter, then no contribution or contribution or contribution to be received or taken in after the twenty fourth day of Debutions to be cember which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven taken in after hundred and twenty three.

Purchasers of the company's aforesaid, That in case the said South-Sea company shall think annuities pay.

The able at the exchequer, intitled to the receipt.

The said and twenty three.

IV. Provided also, and it is hereby enacted by the authority shouth-Sea company shall think annuities pay.

That in case the said South-Sea company shall think in pursuance of any resolution or resolutions of their geneable at the exchequer, intitled to the receipt.

The said south-Sea company shall think and in pursuance of any part of the money by this act inchequer, intitled to the receipt.

The said south-Sea company shall think and it is hereby enacted by the authority shall think it is hereby enacted by the authority shall think annuities of the exchequer, appears not disposing any part of the said company's debts, and it is hereby enacted by the authority shall think annuities pay.

The said south-Sea company shall think annuities pay.

The parts not to exceed in the whole two hundred thousand pounds per annum as aforesaid) then the person or persons, body or bo-dies politick or corporate, who shall contract or agree for pur-chasing such part or parts of the said annuities, or yearly funds of the said company, shall be and be deemed to be able and capable in law, to purchase, take, hold and enjoy the same, and shall have, receive and enjoy, and be intitled by force and virtue of this act, to have, receive and enjoy the part or parts fo purchased, from such time or times as shall be agreed upon by or between the said company and the purchaser or purchasers respectively.

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V. And

V. And it is hereby enacted by the authority aforesaid, That Arrears of an all arrears of so much as shall be purchased as aforesaid, of and nuities pur-in the annuities or yearly funds of the said company, as shall chased, how be due and computed by the day to the time or respective times payable, & to be agreed upon as aforesaid, shall be and remain payable to the faid company, by weekly payments, or otherwife, as the money appointed or intended by any act or acts of parliament to be applied for or towards the payment of such part or parts to be purchased as asoresaid, of and in the said annuities, or yearly funds, and the same shall be fully paid and satisfied before any of the payments, by this act directed or intended to be made to fuch purchaser or purchasers, shall be made; and that so much of the said part or parts to be purchased as aforesaid, of and in the annuities or yearly funds of the said company, as shall be computed by the day from the time or respective times to be agreed upon as aforesaid, until the usual quarterly feast-day then next ensuing, shall be reckoned to be due at the said next succeeding feast-day, and that from and after the same feast-day, the faid part or parts of the faid annuities, or yearly funds to be purchased as aforesaid, shall grow and be accounted due quarterly, at the four most usual feasts in the year, by even and equal portions (nevertheless to be satisfied by weekly or other payments, as is herein after mentioned) and that the faid part or parts of the said annuities, or yearly funds so to be purchased, shall be paid and payable to the said person or persons, body or bodies politick or corporate, who shall purchase the same, his, her or their executors, administrators, successors and assigns respectively, out of the monies arisen or to arise into the said exchequer, of or for the particular duties, revenues, proportional parts of revenues, or other provisions now charged or chargeable with the same as annuities, or as part of the annuities of the said company, after the rate of five pounds per centum per annum, until and for the feast of the nativity of Saint John the Baptist which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and twenty seven, and from thenceforth at the rate of four pounds per centum per annum, until redemption by parliament, according to the tenor and true meaning of this act; and that all the precepts, directions, powers, authorities, penalties, forfeitures and disabilities, clauses, matters and things contained in any act or acts of parliament now in force, for or in order to the farisfying, iffuing, paying or fecuring the annuities or yearly funds of the said company, shall be applied, practised, and put in execution for satisfying, issuing, paying or securing the said part or parts, after the purchasen thereof, to the purchaser or purchasers, his, her or their executors, administrators, successors and affigns respectively, as fully and effectually as the same part or parts should or ought to have been issued, paid or se-cured, if the same were not sold as aforesaid, and as sully and effectually as if all and every the faid precepts, directions, powers, authorities, penalties, forfeitures and disabilities, clauses, matters and things, were again repeated in this act.

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VI, Pro-

Annuities afchase, to be capital stock, &c. bodies po-litick purchafing, may add capital flock created, to their then

capital, &c.

VI. Provided always, That no agreement for the fale of any to be made part of the fund or annuity of the South-Sea company, shall for sale of an- be made between the said company and any other body politick be made between the faid company and any other body politick rate, without London Gazette, and upon the Royal Exchange, before the meetten days noing of any general court of the first of the fir ing of any general court of the South-Sea company, to be summoned to approve the sale of the same.

VII. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid,

the meeting of That the values, to be computed after the rate of twenty years a general purchase, for such part or parts of the said annuities as shall be so purchased, shall from the time or times to be specified in such Annuities after the rate of agreement or agreements as aforesaid, become a capital stock as years purchase, to be who shall so purchase the same; and in case such purchase or capital stock. purchases shall be made by any body politick or corporate, such body politick or corporate is hereby enabled (in case they shall think fit) to add or unite the capital stock so created or cause the fame to be added and united, to the then capital stock of the faid body politick or corporate fo purchasing the same; and in fuch case every member of such body politick or corporate shall have credit in the books thereof for his, her or their share or shares of the capital stock so created, added and united, and all the profits, dividends and advantages whatfoever to attend the fame; and from and after any fuch purchase or purchases made as aforesaid, the capital stock of the said South-Sea company shall be leffened fo much as the faid value or values of the faid part or parts fo fold, shall amount unto; and the annuities or yearly funds of the same company shall likewise be lessened so much as the faid part or parts of the faid annuities so sold shall amount unto; any former law or statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

ment.

VIII. And for the better and more regular payment of all the Treasury to monies intended by this act to be paid to such purchaser or purmakeforth the chasers of such part or parts of the said annuities (if any such orders for pay orders for pay- be) his, her or their executors, administrators, successors or assigns respectively, at the different rates, and in such manner as aforesaid, (subject nevertheless to such reduction and redemption, as are by this act provided concerning the same) an order or orders shall, from time to time, be made forth and signed by the commissioners of the treasury, or any three or more of them, or by the high treasurer for the time being; and after figning thereof, the same shall be good, firm, valid and effectual in the law, according to the purport and true meaning thereof, and of this act, and shall not be determinable by or upon the death or removal of any commissioner or commissioners of the treasury, or high treasurer for the time being, or by or upon the death or determination of the power, office or offices, of them or any of them; nor shall any commissioners of the treasury, high treasurer, or under treasurer for the time be-The orders to ing, have power to revoke, countermand or make void, such beirrevocable. order or orders so made forth and signed as aforesaid.

IX. And for the more speedy payment of the monies which

shall be due and payable to any person and persons, body or bodies politick or corporate, who shall become purchaser or purchasers as aforesaid, (if any such be) and to his, her or their executors, administrators, successors and assigns respectively, upon such order or orders as aforesaid; it is hereby further enact- weekly payed and declared by the authority aforesaid, That weekly or o- ments to be therwise, as the monies appointed or intended by this act to be made upon applied for or towards the said payments to grow due to him, orders, &c. her or them as aforesaid, shall from time to time be brought into the receipt of the exchequer, and shall or ought to be set apart for that purpose, such monies shall and may, from time to time, be issued upon such order or orders, for or towards discharging the faid part or parts of the faid annuities or yearly funds, which shall be purchased as aforesaid, and shall grow due at the end of that quarter of a year in which such issues or payments shall be made, so as such weekly or other payments do not exceed the sums, which shall grow due for or at the end of such quarter respectively.

X. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, Purchasers of That it shall and may be lawful to and for any body or bodies annuities may politick or corporate, who shall have purchased or agreed for raise money by any part or parts of the said annuities of the said South-Sea company as aforesaid, for better enabling themselves to pay for the saie of capital same (if they shall see cause) to raise money, by opening books stock, &c. for taking in subscriptions from any person or persons (as well shall see a subscription of the same mambars as others) for the sale of their capital shall seek their own members as others) for the sale of their capital stock, created as aforesaid, or any part thereof, and the proportional part of the purchased annuities to attend the same, or by making any call or calls of money from the respective member or members of fuch body or bodies politick or corporate, pro-portionably to the shares which such members shall then have in the capital stock or stocks of the same, and by stopping and disposing the shares and dividends of such members, as shall make default in answering such call or calls, and applying the money so stopped or raised for the purpose aforesaid, or by borrowing money upon bonds, bills or obligations, under the common seal or seals of such body or bodies politick or corporate, or otherwise, as to them shall seem most meet and convenient; and every such body or bodies politick or corporate, is and are hereby enjoined and required to apply, or cause to be applied the monies so raised, for or towards paying or completing the payment of the purchase-money to the said South-Sea company, for such part or parts of their said annuities which

Sea company, for such part or parts of their said annusties which shall be so purchased as aforesaid.

XI. And it is hereby enacted, That the capital stock, which any person or persons, body or bodies politick or corporate, by annuities and and in pursuance of such agreement or agreements as aforesaid, sannuities and shares, to be and of this act, shall be intitled unto, and the said part or parts of the said annuities or yearly sunds of the said South-Sea company, which shall be purchased as aforesaid, and are intended to attend the same, and the particular share and shares of any member.

ber of such body politick or corporate of and in the same, shall be, and be deemed and adjudged in law and equity, to be a personal and not a real estate, and shall be free from all taxes, charges and impolitions whatloever; and in case any body or bodies politick or corporate shall be entitled to the capital stock, to be afcertained pursuant to such agreement or agreements, and

devised, &c.

this act as aforesaid, then and in all and every such case and thares may be cases, the respective members of such body or bodies politick or transferred or corporate, who shall have any share or shares therein, shall or design as may assign and transfer such his, her or their share or shares, or any part thereof, in the book or books of the same body or bodies politick or corporate respectively, in such or the like method, manner and form, as are prescribed in and by any act or acts of parliament, charter or charters, now in force for asfignments or transfers of original flock, to be made in the book or books of fuch body or bodies politick or corporate respectively, or shall or may dispose or devise the same, or any part thereof, by will, in such manner and form as any share in the original stock of such body or bodies politick or corporate is deviseable; and that the part or parts of the said annuities of the said South-Sea company, which shall be purchased as aforesaid, by any person or persons (not being a body politick or corporate) or any part thereof, shall or may be assignable and assigned by any writing or writings under their hands and feals respectively, and fuch affignments over may be made toties quoties, fo as fuch af-fignments be notified in the books of the auditor of the receipt of the exchequer for the time being, and shall or may be disposed or devised by will, so as every such will, within three months after the decease of every testator, be entred in the same office.

AXII. And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That no person who shall be employed in making any agreement for Persons em-

ment,

Purchalers to ties till redemption by

ployed for making agree—
the fale or purchase of any part or parts of the faid annuities
ments for sale, of the South-Sea company, or in the management of the capital
&c. not disabled to serve in
parliament,
acc.

The disabled for serving as a member of parliament

and a serving as a member of parliament. cause only, be disabled for serving as a member of parliament, or be liable to any penalty or disability for not qualifying himself to execute his trust pursuant to this act, as if it were an office or place of profit; and that no member of any body or bodies flock, &c. not liable to bank. fuch agreement or agreements, and this act as aforeign, shall in ruptcy, nor fo- respect of his share or shares therein, be liable to be a bankrupt, reign attach- within the meaning of any the statutes made concerning bankrupts, and the stock of such body or bodies politick or corporate, ascertained as aforesaid, shall not be liable to any foreign attachment, by the custom of London, or otherwise, XIII. And it is hereby declared and enacted by the authority

Purchasers to aforesaid, That such person and persons, body or bodies poli-receive annuities of the said South-Sea company as assoresaid, his, her

•

or their executors, administrators, successors and assigns re-South-Sea spectively, shall have, hold, receive and enjoy the same at the company. respective rates aforesaid, until the said part or parts so purchased shall be redeemed pursuant to this act; and any body or bodies politick or corporate purchasing such part or parts of the said annuities, or any part thereof, shall continue a corporation un-

annuities, or any part thereor, inall continue a corporation distill such redemption of the part or parts of the same annuities which shall have been purchased by them.

XIV. Provided always, That at any time after the feast of After 24 June the nativity of Saint John Baptist one thousand seven hundred 1727, upon reand twenty seven, upon repayment by parliament, to the perpayment by fon or persons, body or bodies politick or corporate who shall capital stock, the said capital stock, in respect of the said and upon payment. then be intitled to the said capital stock, in respect of the said and upon pay part or parts of the said annuities which shall have been so purment of archased, of the whole sum whereof their capital stock in respect rears, &c. anof the annuities fo purchased shall then consist according to this cease.

act, without any deduction, defalcation or abatement whatsoever to be made out of the same, or any part thereof, and upon payment of all arrears which shall be then due at the respective rates aforesaid, or either of them, upon the said annuities which shall be so purchased, all which arrears (if any such be) shall be computed and paid to the quarterly feast-day then next preceding, and from thence shall be computed and paid by the day, till the time of such full payment made of the capital stock last mentioned, then the said part or parts of the said annuities which shall be purchased as aforesaid, shall from thenceforth cease and determine.

AVV. And in regard it is intended that at any time or times after After 24 June the said feast of the nativity of Saint John Baptist one thousand 1727, on reseven hundred and twenty seven, the principal or total sum of the payment of capital stock, which shall then belong to any person or persons, body or bodies politick or corporate, in respect of any annuity or annuities to be purchased as aforesaid, may be satisfied by any payments, not being less than one eighth part thereof at a time, and that as the same prinproportional cipal shall be paid off, the said annuities which shall have been purchased as aforesaid, shall from time to time proportionably sink and be abated: be it therefore surther provided and enacted by the authority aforesaid, That at any time or times after the said feast of the nativity of Saint John Baptist one thousand seven hundred and twenty seven, upon repayment by parliament to the person or persons, body or bodies politick or corporate, who shall person or persons, body or bodies politick or corporate, who shall then be intitled to the capital stock in respect of the annuity or annuities which shall have been purchased as aforesaid, of any sum or sums of money (not being less than one eighth part thereof at a time) in part of the principal monies whereof the same capital stock shall consist, and upon payment of all arrears then due at the respective rates aforesaid, or either of them, for or upon the annuities so purchased, or so much of those arrears as shall bear a proportion to the principal sums, from time to time, remaining unsatisfied, being computed by the day, until the time of every such payment of part of the principal respectively; then, from

and after every such payment so made, so much of the said annuity or annuities which shall have been so purchased as aforefaid, as shall bear proportion to the monies so paid in part of the said principal, shall cease, determine and be abated; any thing in this or any former act or acts of parliament contained, or other matter or thing whatfoever to the contrary notwithstanding.

XVI. Provided also, and it is hereby further enacted, That After redemption of annuities which shall have ties, the several been purchased as aforesaid, according to the several and reduties hereby spective provisoes or conditions of redemption in this act con-applied, &c., tained, then, and not till then, so much of the several duties, applied, &c. tained, then, and not till then, so much of the several duties, revenues and incomes as are by this act applicable thereunto &c. during the continuance thereof, shall be understood to be redeemed by parliament, and shall not be issued, paid or applied to any use, intent or purpose whatsoever, without authority of parliament.

capital shall

&c.

XVII. Provided also, and it is hereby enacted by the autho-Capital flock rity aforesaid, That so much of the capital stock of the said remain af South-Sea company as shall remain in that company after sale of ter 24 June such part or parts thereof, as shall be said and such as sale of fuch part or parts thereof, as shall be sold pursuant to this act 2727, redeemable by parlia— (if any part thereof shall be so fold) shall, after the said feast of the ment, on pay-nativity of Saint John Baptist one thousand seven hundred and twenty seven, be redeemable by parliament, upon payment of such sa the capital shall and sums of money whereof their capital shall then capital shall appears fold because shall have been sold by the same shall be said to the said to the same shall be said to the said to th then confift of, confift, (exclusive of so much as shall have been sold by them pursuant to this act) and of all arrears of their annuities which shall then remain to them, and upon payment of the arrears of the yearly sums allowed to the said South-Sea company for charges of management; and that the redemption of their capital sum so remaining, shall or may be made upon payment by parliament at one time, or at several times (not being less than one million at a time) according to the powers of redemption contained in one act of parliament made in the fixth year of his Majesty's reign, in that behalf.

XVIII. And whereas the first moiety or half-part of the said South

cent, &c.

XVIII. And whereas the first moiety or half-part of the said on the said South-c. 1. Sea company, was, by the before-mentioned act of the last session of the last the said time of payment, are thereby at present excluded from the touching pay-benefit of the said act: for relief of the said persons, be it enacted ment of ten pounds per cent, &c.

XVIII. And whereas the said south-part of the said session of the said session of the said session of the said session of the said last mentioned act, and who have langed the said time of payment, or the respective who have lapfed the said time of payment, or the respective heirs, executors or administrators of such persons, shall pay to the cathier of the faid company for the time being, to and for the use of the said company, at their publick office in London, so much money as a moiety of the said ten pounds per centum, to be computed on the sums so respectively borrowed, as in the faid 6

act is expressed, shall amount to, on or before the twenty sisth day of April one thousand seven hundred and twenty two, with interest for the said moiety of the said ten pounds per centum, from the said twenty fifth day of December one thousand seven hundred and twenty one, then such person or persons shall, upon such payment made, or lawfully tendred, and being resused, and not otherwise, be entitled to the benefit of the last mentioned act, as fully as if such payment of the first moiety of the said ten pounds per centum had been duly made within the time limited by the said last mentioned act.

CAP. XXII.

An all to prevent the mischiefs by forging powers to transfer such stocks, or to receive such annuities or dividends as are therein mentioned, or by fraudulently personating the true owners thereof; and to rectify mistakes of the late managers for taking subscriptions for increasing the capital stock of the South-Sea company, and in the instruments founded thereupon.

WHEREAS of late divers frauds and abuses have been com-WHEREAS of late divers frauds and abuses have been committed by forging and counterseiting the hands of some of the proprietors of the shares of and in the capital stock and sunds of such body or bodies politick or corporate, as are established by ast or asts of parliament in that behalf, or some of them, or by forging or counterseiting the hands of persons entitled to the dividends attending the said shares, or some of them, or by forging or counterseiting the hands of persons entitled to annuities, in respect whereof the proprietors have transferrable shares in a capital stock or stocks established by ast or asts of parliament, in proportion to their respective annuities; and divers frauds and abuses have been or may be committed by persons salsy and deceitfully personating the true and real proprietors of the said shares in stock, annuities and dividends, or some of them: now for the better preventing such pernicious practices for the suture, be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and poral and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That if any person or persons Aster: March whatsoever, from and after the first day of March one thousand 1721, forging seven hundred and twenty one, shall forge or counterseit, or letters of atprocure to be forged or counterseited, or knowingly and wil-torney, &c. fully act or affift in the forging or counterfeiting any letter of attorney, or other authority or inftrument to transfer, affign, fell or convey any such share or shares, or any part of such share or shares of and in such capital stock or stocks as aforesaid, or any of them, or to receive any fuch annuity or annuities, dividend or dividends as aforesaid, or any of them, or any partthereof, or shall forge or counterfeit, or procure to be forged or counterfeited, or knowingly and wilfully act or assist in the or counterfeited forging or counterfeiting any the name or names of any the proprietors, prie-acc.

prietors of any such share or shares in stock, or of any the per-fons intitled to any such annuity or annuities, dividend or divi-dends as aforesaid, in or to any such pretended letter of attorney, instrument or authority, or shall knowingly and fraudulently demand, or endeavour to have any such share or shares in stock, or any part thereof, transferred, affigued, fold or conveyed, or fuch annuity or amutities, dividend or dividends, or any part thereof, to be received by virtue of any fuch counterfeit or fonating real forged letter of attorney, authority or infirument, or shall fally

proprietors of and deceitfully personate any true and real proprietors of the mares, &c. fe-faid shares in stock, annuities and dividends, or any of them, lonv. 7Geo. 2. c. 22. or any part thereof, and thereby transferring or endeavouring to transfer the stock, or receiving or endeavouring to receive the money of such true and lawful proprietor, as if such offender were the true and lawful owner thereof, then and in every or any fuch case, all and every such person and persons (being there-of lawfully convicted in due form of law) shall be adjudged guilty of felony, and shall suffer as in cases of felony, without benefit of clergy.

II. And whereas by an instrument in writing, bearing date the ninth day of December one thousand seven hundred and twenty, usninth day of December one thousand seven hundred and twenty, under the bands and seals of the then commissioners of his Majesty's treasury, sundry principal sums therein mentioned, amounting together to eleven millions one hundred seventy two thousand sive hundred ninety three pounds sisteen shillings and ten pence, were declared to be added to the capital stock of the South-Sea company; and in respect of such stock several yearly sums, making together sive hundred thirty nime thousand thirty six pounds three shillings and eleven pence, were thereby declared to be added to the annuity or yearly sund of the said company, and to commence or take place from the seast of Saint Michael the archangel then last past: and whereas seven millions sive hundred sifty eight thousand three hundred and sisteen pounds ten shillings and three pence, part of the said additional stock of eleven millions one hundred seventy two thousand sive hundred ninety three pounds sisteen shillings and ten pence, was for principal sums subscribed into the said company the sisteenth day of October one thousand seven hundred and twenty, for which an annuity at the rate of sive pounds per centum

company the fifteenth day of October one thousand seven bundred and twenty, for which an annuity at the rate of sive pounds per centum per annum, was payable at the bank of England, by virtue of an all of the third year of his Majesty's reign, according to one duplicate of a book of subscriptions, signed and attested by three of the late managers for taking such subscriptions, as in the said instrument is more fully and at large set forth: and whereas it is evident, That the said principal sum of seven millions sive hundred sifty eight thousand three hundred sifteen pounds ten shillings and three pence was a mistaken principal sum, for that the said late managers, or those employed under them, in bringing over the totals of sundry pages in the said duplicate-book, to make one total at the end thereof, had omitted to bring over a subscription of two thousand pounds contained in the said best under the letter B, (page thirty three) and several subscriptions ununder the letter B, (page thirty three) and several subscriptions me der the letter M, beginning page thirty three and ending page ferty, and the subscriptions so omitted to be brought over, do amount to

fixty seven thousand eight hundred thirty one pounds fix shillings and ten pences; and by means of the said mistake, the said company have had less additional stock and additional annuity declared by the said instrument than they ought to have bad; that is to say, sixty seven thousand eight hundred thirty one pounds six shillings and ten pence in flock, and three thousand three hundred and ninety one pounds eleven shillings and four pence less in additional annuity for that stock, which annuity was to commence and take effect, in point of payment, from the feast of Saint Michael the Archangel one thousand seven hun-dred and twenty as aforesaid: Now for rectifying the said mistakes, and to the end the faid company may have and enjoy fo much as is their right; be it further enacted by the authority Treasury to aforesaid, That the commissioners of his Majesty's treasury, or takes in Southany three or more of them, or the high treasurer for the time Seabooks, &c. being, shall and may rectify the mistakes or errors committed as aforefaid, by any new instrument or instruments under their hands and seals, thereby declaring, settling and determining, that the principal sums, amounting to the said sum of sixty seven thousand eight hundred thirty one pounds fix shillings and ten pence, are and shall be added to the present capital or joint stock of the said company; and that the yearly sum of three thousand three hundred ninety one pounds eleven shillings and four pence, being computed at the rate of five pounds per centum on the faid principal sum of sixty seven thousand eight hundred thirty one pounds fix shillings and ten pence, is and shall be added in respect of such their additional stock, to the present annuity or yearly fund of the said company, and shall commence and take effect from the said feast of Saint Michael the archangel one thoufand seven hundred and twenty, and continue and be payable for such time and times, and in such manner and form, and out of such particular duties, rates, revenues and other provisions as in and by the act of the fixth year of his Majesty's reign were prescribed or intended, in case such mistakes had not been were prescribed or intended, in case such mistakes had not been were prescribed or intended, in case such mistakes had not been were prescribed or intended, in case such mistakes had not been were prescribed or intended. made, and subject to such reduction, powers of redemption, conditions, restrictions and other matters and things as in and by the same act, or any other act now in force, were provided or intended touching or concerning the same; and the said cominframent in missioners of the treasury, or high treasurer for the time being, writing, to de-by such their instrument or instruments in writing, shall and termineshares, may declare, settle and determine, that every member of the &c. said company in proportion to his, her or their respective shares in the capital stock thereof, increased by such addition, hath and shall have credit in the books of the said company, for his, her or their proportion or share, of and in the whole capital stock so increased, according to the true meaning of the act or acts of parliament in that behalf.

III. And whereas by an instrument in writing, bearing date the twenty eighth day of September one thousand seven hundred and twenty, under the hands and seals of the then commissioners of his Majesty's treasury, amongst other matters and things therein contained, Several fums, amounting to eight millions five hundred fifty one

thousand six hundred and eighteen pounds sifteen shillings, were declared to be added to the capital stock of the said company, and in respect of such stock, several yearly sums, making together sour hundred twenty seven thousand sive hundred and eighty pounds eighteen shillings and ty seven thousand five hundred and eighty pounds eighteen shillings and nine pence, after the rate of five pounds per centum, were thereby declared to be added to the annuity or yearly fund of the said company, to commence and take effect from the feust of the annunciation of the blessed Virgin Mary then last past, according to a duplicate of a book of subscriptions made on the twenty third day of June one thousand seven hundred and twenty, signed and attested by three of the late managers for taking in such subscriptions, as in the said instrument is more fully and at large set forth: and whereas it is evident, that the said principal sum of eight millions five hundred sifty one thousand fix hundred eighteen pounds and sisteen shillings was a mistaken principal sum, for that the said late managers and directors, or those implied fum, for that the faid late managers and directors, or those imployed under them, did in one of their duplicates, containing part of the said eight millions five hundred fifty one thousand six hundred eighteen pounds and fifteen shillings, and the annuity to be paid to the said company thereupon (page eighty) insert a subscribed annuity of Sir Harcourt Master, as if the same had been forty five pounds per annum, and a credit was taken therein of nine hundred pounds flock for the same although in truth the annuity which he assuable subscribed over same, although in truth the annuity which he actually subscribed, was no more than twenty five pounds per annum, and the company's stock for the same should have been no more than five hundred pounds, and the addition which both to have been made to the said company's annuity or yearly fund in respect thereof, ought to have been twenty five pounds per annum, and no more: now for rectifying the mistake last mentioned, which tends to the wrong and prejudice of the publick, and to the end the publick may have right doe in respect thereof, be it surther enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the commissioners of his Majesty's treasury, or any three or more of them now being, or the high treasurer for the time being, shall and may, by any proper memorandum or memo-randums, to be endorsed or made upon the said instrument, dated

Treasury by memorandums endorfed, &c. may cause 400 l. randums, to be endorsed or made upon the income the twenty eighth day of September one thousand seven hundred the cathe subscription-books, wherein the capital of sand twenty, and upon the subscription-books, wherein the ers,551,6181.158. and twenty, and upon the subscription-books, wherein the erand 201. per rors or mistakes last mentioned are inserted or comprehended,
and 201. per rors or mistakes last mentioned are inserted or comprehended, and 201. per 1015 of thinkness last theiridoled at thinkness of comprehenced, annum, part of cause the sum of four hundred pounds, part of the said 427,5801. 185. capital sum of eight millions sive hundred fifty one thousand fix of the said sum of sour hundred twenty pounds be abated from the said sum of sour hundred twenty pounds. be abatedfrom per annum, part of the faid sum of four hundred twenty seven thousand sive hundred eighty pounds eighteen shillings and nine

paid into the

exchequer.

pence per annum, to be abated and funk from the feast of the annunciation of the bleffed Virgin Mary one thousand seven hundred and twenty; and if any payment of the faid fum of twenty pounds per annum has been received by the faid comps-Moneyreceiv- ny at the exchequer, it is hereby enacted, That the money so ed, to be rereceived shall be repaid into his Majesty's exchequer, or be stopt and refunded out of the next payment to be there made to the faid company.

IV. And whereas it dath or may bereafter appear, that several -

other missakes and errors have been or may have been committed in the duplicates of the subscription-books, transmitted to the commissioners of his Majesty's treasury for the time being, by the late or present managers for taking such subscriptions, or in the instruments of the commissioners of his Majesty's treasury founded thereupon, in some cases to the wrong and prejudice of the said company, and in other cases to the prejudice of the publick: be it therefore surther enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and Treasury to for the commissioners of his Majesty's treasury, or any three or examine dumore of them, or the high treasurer for the time being, to in-plicates, &c. of spect and examine any the duplicates which were transmitted by late managers, the present or late managers for taking any subscriptions for increasing the capital stock of the said company, and if they or he shall sind any errors or missakes therein to the prejudice of the said company or of the publick, to rectify the same, by making additions to the stock and annuity of the said company, or by making substractions from the same, as the case may require, in such or the like manner as by this act is prescribed for rectifying and rectify the several errors and mistakes above in this act particularly menimistakes.

CAP. XXIII.

An all for prolonging the times for hearing and determining claims before the trustees, in whom the estates of the late South-Sea directors, and of John Aislahie, esquire, and likewise of James Craggs, esquire, deceased, are vested; and for other purposes therein mentioned.

I. WHEREAS by an act of parliament passed in the seventh 7 Geo. 1. stat. 1. year of his Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for raising C. 28. money upon the estates of the late sub-governor, deputy-gover-foon relating to not, directors, cashier, deputy-cashier, and accountant of the the matters in South-Sea company, and of John Assable, Esquire, and likewise this act, of James Craggs sen. esquire, deceased, towards making good 9 Geo. 1. c. 6. the great loss and damage sustained by the said company; and 13 Geo. 1. c. 22. for disabling such of the said persons as are living to hold any office or place of trust under the crown, or to sit or vote in parliament for the suture; and for other purposes in the said act expressed: it is enacted (amongst other things) That all and every the real estate and estates what sever, and of what nature or kind sever, and all rights of action, uses, trusts, powers and authorities what soever, and all and every the share and shares in the capital stock or stocks of any corporation, company or society, and all money due upon any account or accounts balanced or to be balanced, and all other debts and securities for debts, and all ready monies, goods, merchandizes, personal estate and essents what soever, of what nature or kind soever, which Sir John Fellows, baronet, late sub-governor, Charles Joye, esquire, late deputy-governor, and William Astell, esquire, Sir Lambert Blackwell, baronet, Sir John Blunt, baronet, Sir Robert Chaplain, baronet, Sir William Chapman, knight and baronet, Robert Chester, esquire, Stephen Child, esquire, Peter Vol. XIV.

Delaport, esquire, Francis Eyles, esquire, James Edmondson, esquire, Edward Gibbon, esquire, John Gore, esquire, Sir William Hammond, knight, Francis Hawes, esquire, Richard Horsey, esquire, Richard Houlditch, esquire, Sir Theodore Janssen, knight and baronet, Sir Jacob Jacobion, knight, Arthur Ingram, esquire, Sir John Lambert, baronet, Sir Harcourt Master, knight, William Morley, esquire, Ambrose Page, esquire, colonel Hugh Raymond, Samuel Read iunist, esquire, Thomas Reynolds, esquire, Jacob Sawbridge, esquire, William Tillard, esquire, and John Turner, esquire, late directors of the corporation of the governor and company of marchants of Great Britain trading to the South-Seas, and other parts of America, and for encouraging the sibery, commonly called the South-Sea company, in the said assumed, and also Robert Knight late treasurer or cashier, Robert Surman late deputy-cashier, John Grigiby late accountant to the said corporalate deputy-cashier, John Grigiby late accountant to the said corpora-tion, and John Ailabie, esquire, every or any of them, or any in trust for them, every or any of them, upon the first day of June anno Do-mini one thousand seven bundred and twenty, or at any time or mini one thousand seven bundred and twenty, or at any time er times afterwards, or which James Craggs the elder, esquire, deceased, or any person or persons in trust for him at the time of his death, was or were scised or possessed, or interested in, or entitled unto, in law or equity in their or any of their own rights, or to his or their own use or uses, or in partnership with any others sexcept as in the said ast is afterwards excepted) were, by fine and virtue of the said ast, vested and settled in Sir John Eyles haronet, Sir Thomas Cross baronet, John Rudge, Matthew Lant, Roger Hudson, esquires, now Sir Roger Hudson knight, Edmund Halsey, John Lade, Gabriel Roberts, and Richard Hopkins, esquires, now Sir Richard Hopkins, hight, thereby nominated and appointed trustees for the uses and purposes in the said ast expressed of and concerning the same, and the heirs, executors, administrators and assigns of the same trustees, from the respective times in the said ast named, to the intent the same might be sold and disposed of, or otherwise applied to and for the uses and purposes in disposed of, or otherwise applied to and for the uses and purposes in the said act expressed concerning the same, and that the clear movies the faid act expressed concerning the same, and that the clear monies arising thereby, should be appropriated to and for the use of the South-Sea company, in such manner as is therein mentioned: and it is thereby enacted, That the entries of such claims, as by the said act are directed, by or for any persons or corporations in Great Britain, should or might be made at any time before the twenty-sight day of December one thousand seven hundred and twenty one, and by and before any person or persons residing or being beyond the seas, or met of Great Britain, should and might be made at any time before the twenty fifth day of March one thousand seven hundred and twenty two: and whereas in and by the said act it is surther enacted. That the said trustees, or any three or more of them, should and might inquire and inform themselves, by or upon the testimony of witnesses upon eath, or by the examination of the persons making such claims upon eath (all which oaths they, or any one or more of them, had thereby power to administer) or by the inspection of any mortgages, bonds, bills, to administer) or by the inspection of any mortgages, bonds, bills, notes, or other securities, or any accounts relating to the faid dets, or any of them so claimed, or by inspection of any grants, gifts, satte-

ments, conveyances, transfers, or assurances relating to the said estates, interests, or incumbrances so claimed, or any of them, or by all or any of the said ways and means, or otherwise, according to their discretions, as soon as conveniently might be, touching all or any of the debts, estates, interests, or incumbrances so claimed, and should make a report or reports in writing of their proceedings therein, with their opinions thereon, from time to time, to the court of directors of the faid South-Sea company for the time being; and if the said court of directors for the time being should be satisfied in the justice of such claim or claims, or that any debt or sum of money ought to be paid thereupon, or that the estate, interest, or incumbrance so claimed, or any part thereof, ought to be allowed, and shall declare their satisfaction therein, by any resolution or resolutions of that court; and if the party or parties, by or for whom such claim should be mades, should likewise, in a book or books to be kept in the said trustees, should likewise, for that anything and the land trustees the said trustees and the land trustees are the said trustees. likewise, in a book or books to be kept in the said trustees publick office for that purpose, declare in writing under his, her or their hands, his, her or their acquicscence in such resolution or resolutions of the said court of directors for the time being, touching his, her or their debt, estate, interest, or incumbrance so claimed, at any time or times before the first day of August one thousand seven hundred and twenty two, then in all and every such case and cases the said trustees, or any three or more of them, should give warrant for the payment and discharge of every such debt or sum of money so liquidated or adjusted, out of such monies as should come to the hands of the cashier of the said South-Sea company for the time being, for the purposes in the said act expressed: and it was by the said act surther enacted, That the justices of the courts of King's bench and common pleas, and the barons of them, sitting at the same time and place, and not otherwise, should, and they were thereby authorized, from time to time, to bear and determine all differences, disputes and controversies touching or concerning any debts, estates, interests, or incumversies tauching or concerning any debts, estates, interests, or incumbrances, which should be claimed within the respective times therein brances, which should be claimed within the respective times therein before limited for making such claims, and could not or should not be liquidated or adjusted between the said court of directors for the time being, and the respective claimants within the time before limited in that behalf, and all incidents relating thereunto, in such manner, as by the said act is directed: and by the said act it is enacted, recording the said act it is enacted, recording that the said justices and barons, or any three or more of them, up-c.28.

on a complaint to be made by or for any claimant of any such debt, estate, interest, or incumbrance, whose claims should not be liquidated or adjusted as aforesaid, (so as such complaint be made on or before the five and twentieth day of December one thousand seven hundred and twenty two) should proceed in such manner as by the said act is directtwenty two) should proceed in such manner as by the said act is direct-ed; and the said justices and barons, or any three or more of them, in all cases where they should find that any debt or sum of money ought to be paid to such claimant upon such claims, or that the estate, interest, or incumbrance so claimed, or any part thereof ought to be allowed, should and might, at any time or times before the twenty sifth day of March one thousand seven hundred and twenty three, transmit a certificate or certificates thereof to the said trustees in the Hh 2

faid ast nominated: and by the said ast it is provided and enasted, That the powers given by the said ast to the said justices and barons, for hearing and determining such differences, disputes and controversies relating to such claims as aforesaid, and issuing their certificates concerning the same as aforesaid, should continue and be in sorre until the twenty sifth day of March one thousand seven hundred twenty and three, and no longer: now forasmuch as it is soreseen, that the claims already brought in and entred, and which may be brought in and entred in pursuance of the said resited ast count he heard and and entred, in pursuance of the faid recited att, cannot be heard and determined as aforesaid, and that the powers thereto relating cannot be executed within the respective times limited in that behalf, and that further time ought to be given for hearing and determining such claims in manner as aforesaid, and also for better enabling the trustees to execute the trust in and by the said recited act in them wested; may it please your most excellent Majesty, that it may be enacted, &s.

Time for claimants acquiescence in the resolution of directors, &c. enlarged to 24 March 1722. For determining claims not adjusted, enlarged to 24 June 1723. For barons to transmit certificates, till 29 September 1723. Trustees may compound with partners or joint-dealers of the late directors. Monies payable upon agreement, &c. to be paid to the cashier of the South-Sea company. Estates of the late directors upon which claims shall be made, &c. may be fold. Monies arising by sale, to be paid to Cestus que Trust, &c. Or in case of instancy, &c. of Cestus que Trust, then to such persons as the chancery shall direct. Grants, &c. by trustees effectual in law. Trustees may take bonds, &c. of the company in payment at par, and stock from purchaser, &c. at such price as shall be agreed upon between them, &c. Allowance of interest to the late directors, &c. for their substitence. No special bail required in actions on contracts, &c. made since 1 December 1719, and before 1 December 1720, for sale of stock, &c. till 1 March 1722. E X P.

CAP. XXIV.

An all for the more effectual suppressing of piracy.

WHEREAS the number of persons committing piracies, selonies and robberies upon the seas, is of late very much increased; and notwithstanding the laws already made and now in being, many and instruit of fanding the laws diready made and now in being, many idle and profligate persons have turned pirates, and betaken themselves to that wicked course of life, whereby the trade and navigation into remote parts will greatly suffer, unless some further provision be speedily made for bringing such persons, and all others, who shall be any ways aiding and assisting, or in confederacy with them, to condign punishment; be it therefore declared and enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, After March in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the 25, 1722.com same, That if any commander or master of any ship or vessel, manders of or any other person or persons, shall from and after the twenty thipsor others, fifth day of March which thall be in the year of our Lord one trading with pirates, furnishing them with itores, corresponding with them,&c. any minimum provision or flores of any kind, or shall furnish any pirate, by truck, barter, exchange, or in any other manner, or shall furnish any pirate, felon or robber upon the seas, with any ammunition, provision or stores of any kind, or shall for

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trading with pirates, fur-

court of admiralty.

out any ship or vessel knowingly, and with a design to trade with, or supply, or correspond with any pirate, selon or robber upon the seas, or if any person or persons shall any ways consult, combine, confederate or correspond with any pirate, felon or robber on the seas, knowing him to be guilty of any such piracy, felony or robbery, such offender and offenders and every of them, shall in each and every of the said cases be deemed, shall be adadjudged and taken to be guilty of piracy, felony and robbery, judged guilty and he and they shall and may be inquired of, tried, heard of piracy, &c. and adjudged of and for all or any the matters aforesaid, ac-according to the statute made in the twenty eighth year of King c. 15. and 18.

Henry the Eighth for pirates, and the statute made in the eleventh & 12 W. 3. and twelfth years of the reign of his late majesty King William C. 7. the Third, intituled, An ast for the more efficient suppressing of See 18 Geo. 2, piracy, which by an ast made in the sixth year of his present

Majesty is made perpetual, and he and they being convicted of all or any the matters aforesid. Chall suffer such prime of death all or any the matters aforesaid, shall suffer such pains of death, loss of lands, goods and chattels, as pirates, felons and robbers upon the feas, ought to fuffer; and in case any person or per-Person before belonging to any ship or vessel whatsoever, upon meeting longing to any merchant-ship or vessel on the high seas, or in any port, vessel, torcibly haven or creek whatsoever, shall forcibly board or enter into merchant-ship or vessel, and though they do not seize and carry ship and fuch ship or vessel, and though they do not seize and carry ship, and off such ship or vessel, shall throw over-board, or destroy any throwing any part of the goods or merchandizes belonging to such ship or goods over-vessel, the person or persons who shall be guilty thereof, shall be junished as pirates as aforesid.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That Ships fitted every ship or vessel which shall be sitted out with a design to out to trade trade with, or supply, or correspond with any pirate, and all with pirates, and every goods and merchandizes put on board the same for forfeited, half any intent or purpose to trade with any pirate, felon or robber to the crown, on the seas, shall be sps fasto forfeited; one moiety thereof to half to the distance of the King's majesty, his heirs and successors, the other coverers. moiety to the person or persons who shall first make discovery, and give information of such intent or design; and such person or persons who shall first make such discovery, shall and Tobe sued for may sue for and recover the said ship or vessel, and all and every in the admithe goods and merchandizes on board the same, in the high ralty.

III. And whereas there are some desects in the laws for bringing persons, who are accessaries to piracy and robbery upon the seas, to condign punishment, if the principal who committed such piracy and robbery, is not or cannot be apprehended and brought to justice; be Persons deit therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all and every clared accessaries to and persons whatsoever, who by the said statute made in ries to piracy the eleventh and twelfth years of the reign of King William the 3.c. 7. shall be Third, are declared to be accessary or accessaries to any piracy deemed prinor robbery therein mentioned, are hereby declared, and shall cipals, and be deemed and taken to be principal pirates, sclons and robbers, after March and shall and may, from and after the said twenty sisth day of 25,1722. suffe the 3. III. And whereas there are some desects in the laws for bringing

March one thousand seven hundred and twenty two, be inquired of, heard, determined and adjudged, in the same manner as persons guilty of piracy and robbery may and ought to be inquired of, tried, heard, determined and adjudged by the said statute made in the eleventh and twelfth years of his late majesty King William, and being thereupon attainted and convicted, thall fuffer such pains of death, loss of lands, goods and chattels, and in like manner as pirates and robbers ought by the said act to suffer.

Offenders convicted on this ciergy.

IV. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all and every offender or offenders convicted of any piracy, act, excluded That all and every offender or offenders convicted or any piracy, the benefit of felony or robbery by virtue of this act, shall not be admitted to have the benefit of clergy, but be utterly excluded of and from

Seamen maimed in fight ac. 11. and be admitted into Hospital.

the same,

V. And to the end that a further encouragement may be given to all seamen and mariners to fight and defend their ships gainst pirates, from pirates, be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That in the rewards in case any seaman or mariner on board any merchant-ship or ves-22 & 23 Car.2. fel, or any other ship or vessel, shall be maimed in fight against c.11. and be any pirate, every such seaman and mariner, upon due proof of his being maimed in such sight, shall not only have and receive the rewards already appointed by a statute made in the twenty second and twenty third years of the reign of King Charles the Second, intituled, An act to prevent the delivering up of merchant-ships, and for the increase of good and serviceable same, but shall also be admitted into and provided for in Greenwich Hospital, preferable to any other seaman or mariner who is disabled from service or getting a livelihood merely by his age, VI. And be it surther enacted by the authority aforesaid,

Mafters or feapritonment.

men not de-fending them-felves against feaman or mariner of any merchant-ship or vessel which car-pirates, or who ries guns and arms, shall not when they are attacked by any pirates, or who ries guns and arms, thall not when they are attached by thall utter any pirate, or by any ship or vessel on which any such pirate is on discouraging board, fight and endeavour to defend themselves, and their said words, shall, if ship or vessel from being taken by the said pirate, or shall utter the ship be the hip be hip or vettel from being taken by the laid pirate, or thall utter taken, torfeit any words to discourage the other mariners from defending the their wages to ship, and by reason thereof the said ship or vessel shall sail into the owners, the hands of such pirate, then and in every such case every such and suffer six commander or master, or other officer, and every seaman or commander or master, or other officer, and every seaman or mariner, who shall not fight and endeavour to defend and save the said ship or vessel, or who shall utter any such words as aforesaid, shall lose and forfeit all and every part of the wages due to him and them respectively, to the owner and owners of the said ship or vessel, and shall not be permitted to sue for or recover the same, or any part thereof, in any court either of law or equity, and as a farther punishment shall suffer six months imprisonment.

Masters shall VII. And for prevention of seamen or mariners deserting mernot advance chant-ships or vessels abroad in the plantations, or in any other parts to any seaman beyond the seas, which is the chief occasion of their turning pirates, while and of great detriment to trade and navigation, and is chiefly eccarages, while

fioned by the owner or owners of ships or vessels, paying wages to the beyond sea, feamen or mariners when abroad; be it enacted by the authority on forseiture aforesaid, That no master or owner of any merchant-ship or sum advanced, vessel shall pay or advance, or cause to be paid or advanced to to be recoverany feaman or mariner, during the time he shall be in parts be-ed in the adyond the seas, any money or effects upon account of wages, miralty by the
exceeding one moiety of the wages which shall be due at the
informer.

time of such payment, until such ship or vessel shall return to

Great Britain or Ireland, or the plantations, or to some other of his Majesty's dominions whereto they belong, and from whence they were first sitted out; and if any such master or owner of such merchant-ship or vessel shall pay or advance, or cause to be paid or advanced, any wages to any seaman or mariner above the faid moiety, such master or owner shall forfeit and pay double the money he shall so pay or advance, to be recovered in the high court of admiralty, by any person who shall first discover

and inform of the fame.

VIII. And whereas great interruptions and inconveniencies may at- Commander

Alexander of a man of tend his Majesty's service, by the captains or commanders, or other of a man of officers of his Majesty's ships or vessels of war, their receiving on war, who after board such ships or vessels goods and merchandizes, and trading there-half receive with contrary to instructions, which strictly forbid their doing the any goods on same: to prevent therefore the said interruptions and inconve-board, except niencies for the future, be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, gold, filver, That in case any captain, commander, or other officer of any &c. shall forsof his Majesty's ships or vessels of war, whether such ship or mand, be inwessels shall be employed at home or abroad, shall from and after capacitated, the truenty pinth day of Statember in the years of our Tord one and loss his the twenty ninth day of September in the year of our Lord one and lose his thousand seven hundred and twenty two, receive on board, or wages, permit to be received on board, such ship or vessel of war, any clause, as digoods or merchandizes whatsoever, in order to trade or mer-rest the purishments with the same, either upon his own or any other per-ment to be infon's account, except gold, filver or jewels, and except the goods filed by a court or merchandizes belonging to any merchant-ship or vessel which captain or other may be shipwrecked, or in imminent danger of being shipwrecked, officer, is reed either on the high seas, or in any port, creek or harbour, pealed by within his Majesty's dominions at home or abroad, or elsewhere, 22Geo.2. C.33. in order to the preserving them for their proper owners, and in order to the preserving them for their proper owners; and except such goods or merchandizes as they shall at any time be ordered to take or receive on board, by order of the lord high admiral of *Great Britain*, or the commissioners for executing that office for the time being, or any three or more of them; every such captain, commander or officer of any of his Majesty's ships or vessels of war so offending, shall upon his being convicted thereof by a court martial, lose and forfeit the command and office he then shall have in the said ship or vessel of war, and shall be, and he is hereby for ever afterwards rendred uncapable to ferve any longer in the same, or in any other place or office in the naval service of his Majesty, his heirs and succeffors; and such captain, commander, or other officer offending as aforelaid, shall as a further punishment for his said offence, H h 4

lose and forfeit to his Majesty, his heirs and successors, all the wages due to him for his service in the ship or vessel of war whereunto he shall belong, when or at any time after such of-

fence shall be committed.

IX. And be it further enacted, That the said captain commander and mander, or other officer of the faid ship or vessel of war, and the proprie-tors of the all and every the owners and proprietors of fuch goods or mer-chandizes put on board fuch thip or vessel of war as aforesaid, goods shall chandizes put on board such ship or vessel of war as aforesaid, forseit the va-shall lose, forseit and pay the value of all and every such goods lue thereof, to and merchandizes so put on board as aforesaid; one moiety of and Green-such Hospital. discovery and give information of or concerning the said offence, Toberecover the other moiety of such full value to and for the use of Greened in the ad-wich Hospital, all which forfeitures shall and may be sued for miralty. and recovered in the high court of admiralty.

X. And be it also enacted, That this act shall extend to all his Majesty's dominions in Asia, Africa and America, and shall be taken as a publick act, and shall continue in force for seven as a publick act, and than continue in force for leven act, and be in years, and from the twenty-fifth day of *March* one thousand force for seven seven hundred and twenty two, and from thence to the end of the then next session of parliament. Made perpetual by 2 Geo.

2. c. 28. fect. 7.

CAP. XXV.

An act for supplying some defects in the statute of the twenty third of King Henry the Eighth, intituled, An act for obligations to be taken by two chief justices, the mayor of the staple, and the recorder of London, and for setting down the time of signing judgments in the principality of Wales, and counties palatine.

13 H. S. c. 6.

To extend to Asia, &c. To be taken

years, &c.

WHEREAS recognizances in the nature of a flatute-flapk, which are by the flatute of the twenty third of King Henry the Eighth, appointed to be taken by the two chief justices, the mayor of the flaple, and the recorder of London, are common and beneficial fecurities; but in regard the fame are liable to damage and loss that may happen by fire, and otherwise, and by reason of difficulties arising by deseets in the said statute, great inconveniencies do accrue to his Majesty's subjects: for remedy thereof, and for making the said security more effectual, be it enacted by the King's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the lords spiritual and temporal and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That to be made of from and after the twenty fifth day of March which shall be in in the nature the year of our Lord one thousand sweet hundred. two, the rolls appointed by the faid recited statute to be made of fuch recognizances, shall be varied and made in manner following; (that is to say) The clerk of the said recognizances for the time being, or his deputy, shall yearly from thenceforth prepare and keep three parchment-rolls as usual, and shall at the times of acknowledging of every such recognizance, fairly write

ner the rolls appointed by 23 II. 8. c. 6. to be made of of a statute-

or ingross, instead of the heads or contents thereof, on the said rolls, the full tenor, in hac verba, of every such recognizance; and that one of the said rolls shall contain all the recognizances to be taken before the chief justice of the King's bench for the time being; and one other of them shall contain all the recognizances to be taken before the chief justice of the court of common pleas for the time being; and the other of them shall contain all the recognizances before the mayor of the staple at Westminster and recorder of London for the time being; and that at the time of every such acknowledgment the respective persons, before whom fuch recognizances shall be taken, and also the party and parties acknowledging the same, shall also sign their re-spective names to the roll or incolment of every recognizance so taken under the inrolment thereof, as well as fign and feal the same recognizance; and that all the said three rolls so signed shall at the end of every year be fixed together, and be thereby made one roll, as accustomed, and be and remain in the custody Clerk of the of the clerk of the recognizances, or his deputy, in his publick recognizances office in London or Middlesex, who shall keep a docket to refer to keep a docket to refer to the said roll or rolls, for the benefit of searches by purchasers searches and others (as used to be) to which docket also shall be added the day, month and year of every such acknowledgment.

II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, Any loss hap-That in case any loss or damage shall happen to any such re-pening to such cognizance, the same shall and may, from any of the said rolls, shall be certi-so to be kept in the custody of the said clerk, or his deputy, sied by the in order to have process thereon, be by him, by certi-clerk, or his ficate under his or their seal, certified into chancery in like man-deputy, into ner as recognizances by the faid recited act are directed, and as chancery.

if the faid recognizance had not been loft or damaged; and that A transcript to such certificate, and all other certificates of such recognizances, of the entry shall be annexed a true transcript of the entry of such recogni- to be annexed zance to be taken from the said roll or rolls in his or their to such certicultody; and further, that in case of any such loss or damage, a like certificate, with such temporaries and such as a such such as a such such as a such such as a such as like certificate, with such transcript annexed as aforesaid, shall be made, and be left and remain with the clerk of the petty-bag-office in chancery, and shall be as good and effectual as if the faid recognizance under seal had been left in the same office, as hath been used upon the issuing out of process in the same office; and that in order to prove such statutes and recogni- and in case of zances, in case of any such loss or damage, a true copy or co-loss, a copy pies from the said roll or rolls, in the custody of the said clerk, signed, &c. or his deputy, made and signed by the said clerk or his deputy, shall be good and duly proved, shall be deemed good evidence of such recog- evidence of nizances, and be of the same validity, to all intents and pur-such statute, poses, as if the said original recognizances were produced under

feal.

III. And whereas by the said statute of the twenty third of King 23 H 8. c. 66 Henry the Eighth, there was due to his Majesty a see of one half. The prosecupenny in the pound (according to the value or sum entred into and tor shall decontained in every such recognizance) to be paid on seeling the first office a note process

to be extend-

testifying the process on every such recognizance, as in the said all is appointed, fum intended which is very beauty on every prosecutor on every such recognizance. process on every such recognizance, as in the said act is appointed, which is very beavy on every prosecutor on every such recognizance, by reason such sum so entred into, is sometimes only intended as a penalty for the payment of a lesser sum, or for securing damages so the non-performance of covenants, or otherwise; and whereas the seecution, and Liberate and possession or seisin, executed on every such recognizance, are very expensive, in regard the same are not settled: for remedy in all and every the said cases, be it surther enacted by the authority asoresaid. That the prosecutor of every such recognizance shall, at the time of suing out the first process, or a writ of extent thereon, deliver in to the officer (who cels, or a writ of extent thereon, deliver in to the officer (who shall make out such process or extent) a note in writing under his hand, testifying the sum or value of the damages thereby intended to be extended or levied thereon, which fum or value

the said officer shall insert in the said writ to be only extended One halfpenny or levied thereon, and no more; and that the faid poundage of per pound on one halfpenny payable on all process as aforesaid, shall be taken as poundage. and paid only for every pound, according to the said sum or value so inserted, and intended to be extended or levied as a-

In what cases the chancery may award reextents.

forefaid, and not otherwise.

IV. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That in case it shall, at any time or times, before or after the filing or returning of any Liberate or Liberates sued out on any such extent or extents, be made appear that sufficient has not been extended to the court of chancery, that sufficient has not been extended and levied, or sufficiently extended and levied, to fatisfy such recognizance, or that any omission, error or mistake has happened in making, suing out, executing or returning any of the said writs, or any process thereupon; or should it happen that any lands, tenements or hereditaments, shall hereafter be evicted from any person or persons, who shall have extended the same by virtue of any such writ or process as aforesaid; that then and in every fuch case the said court of chancery shall and may award one or more re-extent or re-extents for the fatisfying the same as aforesaid, and that writs of Liberate or Liberate may be fued out thereupon; any law or statute to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

V. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That

No theriff thall take more fees no sheriff of any county shall take for the extent and Liberate, than are apthan are appointed by the and Habere facials possessionem or Seismam, on the real estate, and pointed by the act 3 Geo. 1. levy on the personal estate, by virtue of such extent, any more act 3 Geo. 1. levy on the perional citate, by virtue of luch extent, any more contents. The than the same sees as are appointed by an act made in the third year of his present Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for the bester regulating the office of sheriffs, and for ascertaining their fees, and the sees for suing out their patents and passing their accounts, for executing a writ of Elegit and Habere facius possessionem or Seisinam, under the like penalties and forseitures, and to be in like manner recovered against every sheriff or person therein offending, as the same are mentioned and appointed in each be act 3 Geo. 1. offending, as the same are mentioned and appointed in and by the same act,

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VI. And whereas the provision which by an act of parliament made in the twenty ninth year of the reign of King Charles the Second, in-29 Car. 2. C. 3. tituled, An act for prevention of frauds and perjuries, was made sect. 14. for setting down the day of the month and year of signing judgments in his Majesty's courts of Westminster hath proved very beneficial to purchassers, but hath not yet been extended to the courts of the principality of Wales, or of the counties palatine: be it therefore en-How judgacted by the authority asforesaid, That from and after the twenty men shall be fourth day of June one thousand seven hundred and twenty two, signed in the any judge or officer of any of the courts of great session in the courts of the principality of Wales, or courts of session in the counties palatine of Chester, Lamester and Durbam, that shall sign any judgin in the courts ments, shall at the signing the same, without see for doing the of session in same, set down the day of the month and year of his so doing, upon the paper-book, docket or record which he shall sign, from what which day of the month and year shall be also entred upon the time they shall margent of the roll of the record where the said judgment shall relate, be entred, and that such judgments, as against purchasers bona side for valuable consideration of lands, tenements or hereditaments to be charged thereby, shall in consideration of law, be judgments only from such times as they shall be so signed, and shall not relate to the sirst day of the session whereof they are entred, or the day of the return of the original or sling the bail; any law, usage or course of any court to the contrary notwith-standing.

CAP. XXVI.

An all for better supplying the city and liberties of Westminster, and parts adjacent, with water.

WHEREAS by reason of the great increase of buildings and inhabitants in about the city of Westminster, the liberty thereof, and divers other places in the county of Middlesex, there are greater occasions for water, for the safety and necessary uses of the said inhabitants, than are supplied by the water-works now in being, and for want thereof, many great and dangerous inconveniencies do happen which would be remedied, and great advantages accrue, if new waterworks were erested in convenient places for providing and supplying the said inhabitants with good and wholesome water from the river Thames, by one or more cut or cuts to be made at any convenient place or places between the grounds belonging to the royal hospital at Chelsea, and the houses or grounds, commonly called the Neat Houses, in the county of Middlesex, into canals and ponds proper for receiving the same; and from thence to convey and raise such water into convenient reservatories, to be erested or made at any place or places between the places called Oliver's Mount and Hyde Park, for the purposes of this ast: may it therefore please your most excellent Majesty, That it may be enacted, &cc.

Commissioners appointed for supplying the city and liberties of Westminster, and parts adjacent with water from the Chelsea Waterworks. Persons interrupting, pulling down, &c. the waterworks, shall forfer to the Anno octavo Georgii I. C. 27. [1721, commissioners treble damages, &c. The crown may by letters patents incorporate the Commissioners, who may purchase lands not exceeding zooo l. per annum. The crown may likewise by letters patents impower them to make by-laws, and instict penalties for the breach thereof. The commissioners may maintain and cleanse their watercourses, make new ponds, &c. Persons casting into the watercourses, &c. any filth, &c. or doing other annoyance thereto, shall forfeit 40 s. with double damages and full costs of suit. Commissioners, before they intermeddle with any lands, &c. shall first agree with the proprietors. They may lay pipes in high ways, but shall repair the same. They may lay pipes through any streets or common grounds about Westminster, making good the same, and carrying away the subbish. At the request of the inhabitants the commissioners shall set up pipes upright in the likeness of pumps, for conveying water into are engines. Locks to be fitted to such pipes, and churchwardens to keep the keys. This act shall not hinder the new river company, &c. from enjoying all lawful rights, &c. No proprietors of waterworks shall hinder, &c. the laying, &c. of the said pipes, &c. No share shall transfer his share till water be brought into the reservatory intended to be made near Oliver's Mount. made near Oliver's Mount.

CAP. XXVII.

An all for the better preventing abuses committed in weighing and packing of butter in the city of York:

ing and packing of butter in the city of York.

TORASMUCH as butter is one of the chief commodities of the product of several parts of the county of York, and county of the same city, and great quantities thereof are brought into the city of York, from thence to be transperted beyond the seas, and otherwise disposed of: and whereas there hath, time out of mind, been within the said city a free market for butter, which for many years last past hath been kept in Micklegate in the said city: and whereas the bringing of butter to the said market, where the same was searched and weighed, bath been found to be the most effectual means of preventing the saise weighing and packing of butter, and did sormering gain a great reputation, both at home and abroad, to butter brought to the said market; but of late years several farmers of dairies, owners, and other traders in butter, the better to canceal the salse weighing and packing of their butter, to be by them disposed of, have neglected to bring the same to the said market to be searched and weighed, by means whereof not only the traders in the said commodity at home, but foreigners also have been greatly deceived in the weight, goodness and soundness thereof, and thereby the said commodity yield not that price, nor is sold in such quantities, as otherwise it would be: for remedy whereof, and for the better encouraging the said butter-trade, and (in order thereunto) for the better preventing the frauds and abuses in the weighing and packing of butter; may it please your most excellent Majesty (at the humble request of the mayor and commonalty of the said city) that it may be enacted, &c.

After March as were Micklegate or any other place in York for the acted, &c.

After March 25, 1722. Micklegate, or any other place in York, (at the election of the mayor, &c.) shall every day in the week, except Sundays, be a free market for butter. All butter brought to York to be fold, exported, &c. shall be weighed, searched and sealed at the market at one half-penny a firkin, &c. Dairy farmer, &c. selling or transporting butter before it be brought to the market to be viewed, &c. shall torfeit for every firkin, &c. 3 s. 4 d. One half to the poor, where, &c. the other to the informer. informer.

1721.] Anno octavo Georgii I. c.28, 29.

informer. If any firkin, &c. of butter, shall be faulty in quantity or quality, the owner shall be liable to the forfeitures in 13 & 14 Car. s. c. s6. Prosecution to be in four months. The mayor to appoint the searcher, who shall be sworn at Easter sessions. Persons aggreed may appeal to quarter-sessions, whose determination shall be final. This act shall not extend to any vessel, containing only four pounds or under.

CAP. XXVIII.

An act for supplying the records of the commissary court of Aberdeen, burnt or lost in the late fire there.

WHEREAS an accidental dreadful fire bappened within the town of Aberdeen, on or about the thirtieth day of October one thousand seven hundred and twenty one, whereby the office, commonly called the commissar clerks office, was suddenly consumed, and at the same time the registers and records therein of all testaments and confirmations, all acts of curacy, judicial renunciations, ratifications, decreats, dispositions, bonds, bills, and other writs and evidences, together with the principal writings themselves, then in the said office as the warrants of extracts and precepts, were intirely burnt and destroyed, whereby many persons are and will be in great danger of losing their rights, by reason the extracts of such writings and precepts as are in their hands, will not be sufficient, as the law now stands, to defend them against actions of improbation: for relieving therefore of such persons, and for preventing any inconveniency or prejudice that may at any time happen to them from such actions of improbation, be it enacted, &c.

This act is made more effectual by 9 Geo. 1. c. 25. Persons who before March 25, 1723: shall be possessed of any extract or precept given out of the commissary court of Aberdeen since October 30, 1621, and before October 30, 1721. may, before March 25, 1723. tender the same to the clerk of the commissariot, which shall be marked by the commissar, who, together with his clerk shall sign a minute, &c. which shall be of the same authority as the old extracts before they were burnt. The extracts delivered in shall remain in the office. Extracts produced in process shall be deemed sufficient to satisfy the production in any action of improbation, &c. The lords of session are to find the production satisfied in any action of improbation, by the deposited extract. The lords of session shall make up the tenor of such writings, as they think sufficient evidence that such writings were recorded. The clerk or his deputy to give notice to persons interested in writings so burnt.

CAP. XXIX.

An act for preventing delays in the execution of the trust reposed in the governors of the hospital of King James, founded in Charter-House, at the charges of Thomas Sutton, esq for the henesit of the said hospital.

WHEREAS the governors of the bospital of King James, founded in Charter-house within the county of Middlesex, at the humble petition and only costs and charges of Thomas Sutton, esquire, are a body corporate and politick, by the name of the governors of the lands, possessions, revenues and goods of the hospital of King James, sounded in Charter-House within the county of Middlesex, at the humble petition and only costs and charges of Thomas Sut-

ton,

ton, esquire. And whereas the number of the said governors is fixton, esquire. And whereas the number of the said governors is fixteen, and consequently, whilst the said number is full, by law there must be nine of the said sixteen present to make any corporate assembly, or do any corporate ass: and whereas by reason of the great quality and stations of several of the governors, and the distance of their respective habitations and places of abode, it is by experience found dissibility to get an assembly of nine, so often as the affairs of the said corporation do require; and inasmuch as by law the consent of sive is sufficient to do a corporate ass, supposing nine to be present: may it therefore please your Majesty, That it may be enacted, &c.

The acts and deeds of any five of the governors of the Charter House, duly assembled there, shall be deemed the acts and deeds of the corporation, as if done at a corporate meeting by all the governors.

CAP. XXX.

20Geo.2. c.36. An act for repairing the highways from the Stone's End at White Chapel church in the county of Middlefex, to Shenfield, and to the furthermost part of the parish of Woodford, leading to the town of Epping in the county of Essex.

CAP. XXXI.

An act to vest the ground, wharf and key, called Wool Key, in the parish of All-Saints Barking in the city of London, with the buildings and warehouses thereupon, in trustees for his Majesty, his beirs and successors for ever, subject to an agreement made on his Majesty's behalf with the wardens and assistants of the free-school in Sevenoake in the county of Kent.

Preamble reciting the last will of William Sevenocks.

HEREAS William Sevenocks, citizen and grocer of London, by his last will and testament, bearing date the fourth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand four bundred and thirty two, did give and bequeath all his lands and tenements, and the buildings thereupon, with all their appartenances, which be then lately had by feoffment from Margery Walton, in Petry Wales Street in the parish of All-Saints Barking, near the tower of London, to the rector, vicar, churchwardens and other parishieners of the town of Sevenocks in the county of Kent for ever, upon trust out of the rents and profits thereof, to find and maintain for ever one master well skilled in grammar, and a batchelor of arts, who should keep a grammar-school in some convenient bouse within the said town of Sevenocks, to be purchased with his goods at the discretion of his executors; and likewise out of the said rents and profits for ever, to give and pay to twenty poor men and women of the said parish quarterly, ten shillings a-piece, who should live within the said town in houses to be purchased for them by his executors, and for other charit-Recital of the jefty Elizabeth Queen of England, by letters patent under the great letters patent of Queen of England, bearing date the first day of July in the second year of ber reign, did grant, That there should be for ever in the town of Sevenocks aforesaid, a free grammar-school, called the grammar-school of Queen Elizabeth, for the education, institution and information of children and youth in grammar and other learning; and that in

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the parish of Sevenocks there should be an incorporation, to confist of two wardens of the said parish of Sevenocks, and of the free school, and of sour assistants, inhabitants of the said town and parish, by the name of the wardens and four assistants of the town and parish of Sevenocks, and of the free school of Queen Elizabeth in Sevenocks; and afterwards by an ast of parliament, passed in the thirty ninth year Recital of the of the said Queen's reign, intituled, An act concerning the school 39 Elizabeth said town and parish of Sevenocks ane hospital or alms-house for relief of the poor, and one free school for the teuching of youth, which had been at first erested by the said William Sevenocks, citizen and grocer of London, who by his last will and testament endowed the same, as therein mentioned, and that such endowment had been afterwards augmented by others; it was enasted, That for the better estabwards augmented by others; it was enacted, That for the better estab-lishment of the said incorporation, every article and clause in the said lishment of the said incorporation, every article and clause in the said letters patents should for ever be and remain of force and validity in law, according to the true meaning and purport thereof; and that the said wardens and assistants, and their successors for ever, should quietly have and enjoy, to the use of the said school and poor people, the messuages, lands, tenements, rents and hereditaments, on them bestowed, with the appurtenances, without any let or evistion what soever, according to the charitable and true meaning of the founders and benefactors: and whereas several warehouses or other buildings have been erested upon part of the lands in the said parish of All-Saints Barking near the tower of London, which were devised by the said William Sevenocks for the charitable purposes aforementioned, and William Sevenocks for the charitable purposes aforementioned, and the remainder thereof hath been converted into and used as a wharf or key for landing goods on, and the same warehouses, wharf or key, have been usually let, from time to time, by leases from the wardens and assistants of the said town and parish of Sevenocks, and of the free school of Queen Elizabeth in Sevenocks, all which are now expired: school of Queen Elizabeth in Sevenocks, all which are now expired: and whereas it would prove of great advantage to the said charity, if the said wardens and assistants were enabled to raise by the disposition of the said warehouses, wharf or key, a competent sum of money to be imployed in rebuilding, repairing, furnishing and fitting up the said free school, and hospital or alms-bouses, all which are much out of repair, and in inlarging the same, and for other charitable uses appointed by the said will; and likewise obtain a settled revenue for the better support and maintenance of the said charities in all times to come; and it would be likewise for the service of his Majesty and the publick, if the said warehouses, wharf and key, might be purchased for the use of or in trust for his Majesty, his heirs and successors, as lying contiguous to his Majesty's present custom-house, whereby the same may be built or sitted up for warehouses, offices or other conveniencies for merchants, or the commissioners of his Majesty's customs, and officers employed in the managing or collecting the revenue arising by the said sustoms; whereupon his Majesty, out of his pious inclination to promote so useful and beneficial a charity, and to advance the publick good, mote so useful and beneficial a charity, and to advance the publick good, bath graciously been pleased to signify his royal pleasure, That the said wardens and affiftants should at present be paid two thousand five hundred pounds, with interest, as herein after mentioned, for the purposes berein

Anno octavo Georgii I. c. 312.

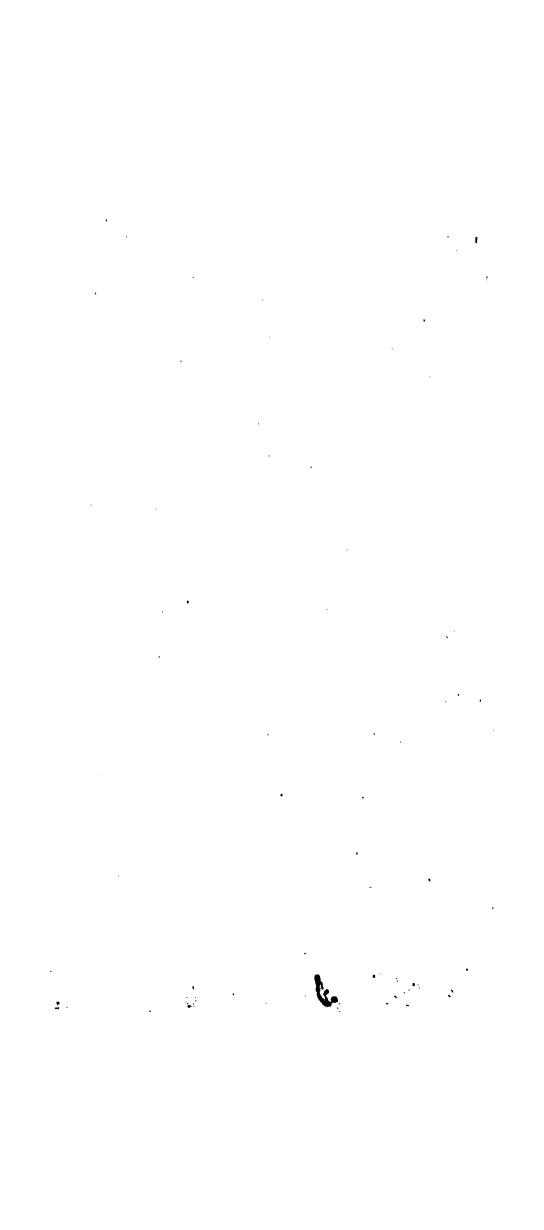
Anno octavo Georgii I. C. 31. [1721.]

berein after mentioned, and should for the future receive the yearly rent of five bundred and sifty pounds, to be paid to them and their successors, for the maintenance of the charitable uses intended by the said founder and benefactors, in all times to come, in case the see-simple and inheritance of and in the said warehouses, wharf and key, herein after more particularly described, he conveyed and assured unto, or to the use of proper trustees and their heirs, in trust for his Majesty, his being and successors, subject to the payment of the said annual rent; wherewent the said wardens and assistance of the premisses should be conveyed accordingly, so as the said annual rent be effectually secured to them and their successors for ever, for the perpetual support and maintenance of the charities aforementioned, but are not able to make such conveyances or assured without the aid of an act of parliament: may it therefore please your most excellent Majesty, That it may be enacted, &c. enacted, &c.

The piece of ground called Harts Horn Key, &c. vested in trustees for the use of the crown. Chargeable with the payment of 25001. with interest, and the annual rent of 5501. for the purposes in the act. Payable to the wardens, &c. of Sevenocks. Interest of the said sum to be computed after the rate of 41. 105. per annum. Payable out of the customs. The said 25001. and interest to be paid to the said wardens, &c. before March 25, 1722, who are to expend the same in rebuilding, &c. the school, &c. Saving cloude to the crown &c. ing clause to the crown, &c.



The END of the Fourteenth Volume.



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